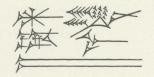
# THE ASSYRIAN DICTIONARY

OF THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

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MIGUEL CIVIL, IGNACE J. GELB, A. LEO OPPENHEIM, ERICA REINER



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## THE ASSYRIAN DICTIONARY VOLUME 10

#### M

#### PART II

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The following compilation brings up to date the list of abbreviations given in volumes A Parts 1 and 2, B, D, E, G, H, I/J, K, L, S, and Z and includes the titles previously cited according to the lists of abbreviations in Archiv für Orientforschung, W. von Soden, Grundriß der akkadischen Grammatik, and Zeitschrift für Assyriologie. Complete bibliographical references will be given in a later volume. The list also includes the titles of the lexical series as prepared for publication by B. Landsberger, or under his supervision, or in collaboration with him.

<b>A</b> A	lexical series & A = nâqu tablets in the collections of the Oriental Institute, University of	AIPHOS	Annuaire de l'Institut de Philo- logie et d'Histoire Orientales et Slaves (Brussels)
AAA	Chicago Annals of Archaeology and Anthro-	Aistleitner Wörterbuch	J. Aistleitner, Wörterbuch der Ugaritischen Sprache
AAAS	pology Annales Archéologiques Arabes Syriennes	AJA AJSL	American Journal of Archaeology American Journal of Semitic Lan- guages and Literatures
AASF	Annales Academiae Scientiarum Fennicae	AKA	E. A. W. Budge and L. W. King, The Annals of the Kings of
AASOR	The Annual of the American Schools of Oriental Research	F.A.Ali Su-	Assyria F.A.Ali, Sumerian Letters: Two
AB	Assyriologische Bibliothek	merian	Collections from the Old Baby-
ABAW	Abhandlungen der Bayerischen	Letters	lonian Schools
AbB	Akademie der Wissenschaften Altbabylonische Briefe in Um- schrift und Übersetzung	Alp Beamten- namen	S. Alp, Untersuchungen zu den Beamtennamen im hethitischen Festzeremoniell
Abel-Winckler	L. Abel and H. Winckler, Keil- schrifttexte zum Gebrauch bei Vorlesungen	Altmann, ed., Biblical and Other Studies	Altmann, ed., Biblical and Other Studies (= Philip W. Lown In-
ABIM	A. al-Zeebari, Altbabylonische Briefe des Iraq-Museums	onici studios	ies, Brandeis University, Studies and Texts: Vol. 1)
ABL	R. F. Harper, Assyrian and Baby- lonian Letters	AMI	Archäologische Mitteilungen aus Iran
ABoT	Ankara Arkeoloji Müzesinde Boğazköy Tabletleri	AMSUH	Abhandlungen aus dem mathematischen Seminar der Universität
$\mathbf{AbS-T}$	field numbers of Pre-Sar, tablets	4.3600	Hamburg
ACh	excavated at Tell Abū Ṣalābīkh C. Virolleaud, L'Astrologie chaldé-	AMT	R. C. Thompson, Assyrian Medical Texts
21011	enne	An	lexical series $An = Anum$
Acta Or.	Acta Orientalia	Anatolian	Anatolian Studies Presented to
Actes du 8e	Actes du 8º Congrès International	Studies	Hans Gustav Güterbock
Congrès International	des Orientalistes, Section Sémi-	Güterbock AnBi	Analecta Biblica
ADD	tique (B) C. H. W. Johns, Assyrian Deeds	Andrae	W. Andrae, Die Festungswerke
	and Documents	Festungs-	von Assur (= WVDOG 23)
AfK	Archiv für Keilschriftforschung	werke	,
AfO	Archiv für Orientforschung	Andrae	W. Andrae, Die Stelenreihen in
AGM AHDO	Archiv für Geschichte der Medizin Archives d'histoire du droit oriental	Stelenreihen ANES	Assur (= WVDOG 24) Journal of the Ancient Near
AHw.	W. von Soden, Akkadisches Hand- wörterbuch	ANES	Eastern Society of Columbia University
Ai.	lexical series ki.KI.KAL.bi.šè = ana ittišu pub. MSL 1	Angim	epic Angim dimma, cited from MS. of A. Falkenstein

AnOr	Analecta Orientalia	Barton	G. A. Barton, Haverford Library
AnSt	Anatolian Studies	Haverford	Collection of Cuneiform Tablets or
Antagal	lexical series antagal = šaqû		Documents from the Temple
AO	tablets in the collections of the		Archives of Telloh
	Musée du Louvre	Barton MBI	G. A. Barton, Miscellaneous Baby-
AOAT	Alter Orient und Altes Testament		lonian Inscriptions
AÖAW	Anzeiger der Österreichischen Aka-	Barton RISA	G. A. Barton, The Royal Inscrip-
AOB	demie der Wissenschaften	BASOR	tions of Sumer and Akkad
AOS	Altorientalische Bibliothek American Oriental Series	DASON	Bulletin of the American Schools of Oriental Research
AOTU	Altorientalische Texte und Unter-	Bauer Asb.	T. Bauer, Das Inschriftenwerk As-
A T3 A 357	suchungen	D T 1	surbanipals
APAW	Abhandlungen der Preußischen Akademie der Wissenschaften	Bauer Lagascn	J. Bauer, Altsumerische Wirtschaftstexte aus Lagasch (= Stu-
Arkeologya	Türk Tarih, Arkeologya ve Ethno-	_	dia Pohl 9)
Dergisi	grafya Dergisi	Baumgartner	Hebräische Wortforschung, Fest-
ARM	Archives royales de Mari (= TCL 22 -)	$\mathbf{AV}$	schrift zum 80. Geburtstag von Walter Baumgartner (= VT
ARMT	Archives royales de Mari (texts in		Supp. 16)
	transliteration and translation)	BBK	Berliner Beiträge zur Keilschrift-
Aro Glossar	J. Aro, Glossar zu den mittel-	DDD	forsehung
Aro Gramm.	babylonischen Briefen (= StOr 22)	BBR	H. Zimmern, Beiträge zur Kenntnis
Aro Grainin.	J. Aro, Studien zur mittelbaby- lonischen Grammatik (= StOr 20)	BBSt.	der babylonischen Religion L. W. King, Babylonian Boundary
Aro Infinitiv	J. Aro, Die akkadischen Infinitiv-	DDGU.	Stones
	konstruktionen (= StOr 26)	$\mathbf{BE}$	Babylonian Expedition of the Uni-
Aro Kleider-	J. Aro, Mittelbabylonische Kleider-		versity of Pennsylvania, Series A:
texte	texte der Hilprecht-Sammlung		Cuneiform Texts
	Jena	Belleten	Türk Tarih Kurumu, Belleten
ArOr	Archiv Orientální	Bergmann	E. Bergmann, Lugale (in MS.)
ARU	J. Kohler and A. Ungnad, Assy-	Lugale	
4.0	rische Rechtsurkunden	Bezold Cat.	C. Bezold, Catalogue of the Cunei-
AS ASAW	Assyriological Studies (Chicago) Abhandlungen der Sächsischen		form Tablets in the Kouyunjik Collection of the British Museum
	Akademie der Wissenschaften	Bezold Cat.	L. W. King, Catalogue of the
ASGW	Abhandlungen der Sächsischen Ge-	Supp.	Cuneiform Tablets of the British
	sellschaft der Wissenschaften		Museum. Supplement
ASKT	P. Haupt, Akkadische und sume-	Bezold Glossar	C. Bezold, Babylonisch-assyrisches
ASSF	rische Keilschrifttexte	מינות	Glossar
Abbr	Acta Societatis Scientiarum Fen- nicae	BHT	S. Smith, Babylonian Historical Texts
Assur	field numbers of tablets excavated	BiAr	The Biblical Archaeologist
	at Assur	Bib.	Biblica
A-tablet	lexical text, see MSL 13 10ff.	Biggs Saziga	R. D. Biggs, ŠA.ZI.GA: Ancient
Augapfel	J. Augapfel, Babylonische Rechts-		Mesopotamian Potency Incan-
	urkunden aus der Regierungszeit	T):1 : A 1	tations (= TCS 2)
Armond Ach	Artaxerxes I. und Darius II.	Bilgiç Appel-	E. Bilgiç, Die einheimischen Appel-
Aynard Asb.	JM. Aynard, Le Prisme du Louvre AO 19.939	lativa der	lativa der kappadokischen Texte
BA	Beiträge zur Assyriologie	kapp. Texte BIN	Babylonian Inscriptions in the Col-
Bab.	Babyloniaca	DIII	lection of J. B. Nies
Bagh. Mitt.	Baghdader Mitteilungen	BiOr	Bibliotheca Orientalis
	K.Balkan, Kassitenstudien (= AOS	Birot Tablet-	M. Birot, Tablettes économiques et
Stud.	37)	tes	administratives d'époque babylo-
Balkan Letter	K. Balkan, Letter of King Anum-		nienne ancienne conservées au Mu-
	Hirbi of Mama to King Warshama	~~~	sée d'Art et d'Histoire de Genève
D !!	of Kanish	BM	tablets in the collections of the
Balkan	K. Balkan, Observations on the	DMAH	British Museum
Observations	Chronological Problems of the Kārum Kaniš	BMAH	Bulletin des Musées Royaux d'Art et d'Histoire

	1 100101011111 2101 0, 21011	og. wp.00000 1200	100100100
BMFA	Bulletin of the Museum of Fine Arts	CAD	The Assyrian Dictionary of the Oriental Institute of the Uni-
BMMA	Bulletin of the Metropolitan Mu- seum of Art	Cagni Erra	versity of Chicago L. Cagni, L'epopea di Erra
BMQ BMS	The British Museum Quarterly L. W. King, Babylonian Magic and	Camb.	J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von Cambyses
_	Sorcery	CBM	tablets in the collections of the
Bo.	field numbers of tablets excavated at Boghazkeui		University Museum of the University of Pennsylvania, Phila-
Böhl Chres- tomathy	F. M. T. Böhl, Akkadian Chrestomathy	CBS	delphia (= CBS) tablets in the collections of the
Böhl Leiden	F. M. T. Böhl, Mededeelingen uit	CDS	University Museum of the Uni-
Coll.	de Leidsche Verzameling van Spijkerschrift-Inscripties		versity of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia
Boissier Choix	A. Boissier, Choix de textes relatifs à la divination assyro-babylo-	CCT	Cuneiform Texts from Cappadocian Tablets
	nienne	$\mathbf{C}\mathbf{H}$	R. F. Harper, The Code of Ham-
Boissier DA	A. Boissier, Documents assyriens relatifs aux présages	Chantre	murabi E. Chantre, Recherches archéolo-
Böllenrücher	J. Böllenrücher, Gebete und Hym-		giques dans l'Asie occidentale.
Nergal BOR	nen an Nergal (= LSS 1/6) Babylonian and Oriental Record	Chiera STA	Mission en Cappadoce 1893-94  E. Chiera, Selected Temple Ac-
Borger	R. Borger, Einleitung in die assyri-	CIACIA DIII	counts from Telloh, Yokha and
Einleitung	schen Königsinschriften		Drehem. Cuneiform Tablets in
Borger Esarh.	R. Borger, Die Inschriften Asar- haddons, Königs von Assyrien		the Library of Princeton Univer- sity
	(= AfO Beiheft 9)	Christian	Festschrift für Prof. Dr. Viktor
Borger HKL	R. Borger, Handbuch der Keil-	Festschrift	Christian
Boson	schriftliteratur G. Boson, Tavolette cuneiformi	Çiğ-Kizilyay NRVN	M. Çiğ and H. Kizilyay, Neusumerische Rechts- und Verwaltungs-
Tavolette	sumere	1111111	urkunden aus Nippur
BoSt	Boghazköi-Studien	Çiğ-Kizilyay-	M. Çiğ, H. Kizilyay (Bozkurt),
BoTU	Die Boghazköi-Texte in Umschrift (= WVDOG 41-42)	Kraus Nippur	F. R. Kraus, Altbabylonische Rechtsurkunden aus Nippur
Boudou Liste	A. Boudou, Liste de noms géo-	Çiğ-Kizilyay-	M. Çiğ, H. Kizilyay, A. Salonen,
Parran Cantri	graphiques (= Or. 36–38)	Salonen	Die Puzriš-Dagan-Texte (= AASF
Boyer Contri- bution	G. Boyer, Contribution à l'histoire juridique de la 1 <sup>re</sup> Dynastie	Puzriš-Dagan Texte	- B 92)
	babylonienne	Clay PN	A. T. Clay, Personal Names from
von Branden- stein Heth.	C. G. von Brandenstein, Hethiti- sche Götter nach Bildbeschrei-		Cuneiform Inscriptions of the Cassite Period (= YOR 1)
Götter	bungen in Keilschrifttexten (=	Cocqerillat	D. Cocquerillat, Palmeraies et cul-
	MVAG 46/2)	Palmeraies	tures de l'Eanna d'Uruk (559–520)
Brinkman MSKH	J. A. Brinkman, Materials and Studies for Kassite History	Coll. de Clercq	H. F. X. de Clercq, Collection de Clercq. Catalogue
Brinkman	J. A. Brinkman, A Political His-	Combe Sin	E.Combe, Histoire du culte de Sin
PKB	tory of Post-Kassite Babylonia, 1158-722 B.C. (= AnOr 43)	Contenau	en Babylonie et en Assyrie
BRM	Babylonian Records in the Library	Contribution	G. Contenau, Contribution à l'his- toire économique d'Umma
T 1 1	of J. Pierpont Morgan	Contenau	G. Contenau, Umma sous la
Brockelmann Lex. Syr. <sup>2</sup>	C. Brockelmann, Lexicon syriacum, 2nd ed.	Umma Copenhagen	Dynastie d'Ur tablets in the collections of the
BSAW	Berichte der Sächsischen Akademie	copomiagon	National Museum, Copenhagen
DOOM	der Wissenschaften	Corpus of	E. Porada, Corpus of Ancient Near
BSGW	Berichte der Sächsischen Gesell- schaft der Wissenschaften	Ancient Near Eastern Seals	Eastern Seals in North American Collections
BSL	Bulletin de la Société de Linguis-	CRAI	Académie des Inscriptions et Belles
BSOAS	tique de Paris Bulletin of the School of Oriental	Craig AAT	Lettres. Comptes rendus J. A. Craig, Astrological-Astro-
משטמת	and African Studies	Orang AMI	J. A. Craig, Astrological-Astro- nomical Texts

		<b>0</b> 1	
Craig ABRT	J. A. Craig, Assyrian and Babylo- nian Religious Texts	EA	J. A. Knudtzon, Die El-Amarna- Tafeln (= VAB 2); EA 359-79:
Cros Tello	G.Cros, Mission française de Chaldée. Nouvelles fouilles de		A.F.Rainey, El Amarna Tablets 359-79 (= AOAT 8)
CRRA	Tello Compte rendu, Rencontre Assyrio- logique Internationale	Eames Coll.	A. L. Oppenheim, Catalogue of the Cuneiform Tablets of the Wilber- force Eames Babylonian Col-
CT	Cuneiform Texts from Babylonian Tablets		lection in the New York Public Library (= AOS 32)
CTN	Cuneiform Texts from Nimrud	Eames Col-	tablets in the Wilberforce Eames
Cyr.	J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von Cyrus	lection	Babylonian Collection in the New York Public Library
Dalman	G. H. Dalman, Aramäisch-neu-	$\mathbf{E}$ beling	E. Ebeling, Glossar zu den neu-
Aram. Wb.	hebräisches Wörterbuch zu Tar-	Glossar	babylonischen Briefen
	gum, Talmud und Midrasch	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Die akkadische Ge-
Dar.	J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von Darius		g betsserie "Handerhebung" (= VIO 20)
David AV	J. A. Ankum, R. Feenstra,	Ebeling KMI	E. Ebeling, Keilschrifttexte medi-
	W. F. Leemans, eds., Symbolae		zinischen Inhalts
	iuridicae et historicae Martino	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Neubabylonische
	David dedicatae. Tomus alter:	Neubab.	Briefe
	Iura Orientis antiqui	Briefe	
Deimel Fara	A.Deimel, Die Inschriften von Fara (= WVDOG 40, 43, 45)	Ebeling Neubab.	E. Ebeling, Neubabylonische Briefe aus Uruk
Delaporte	L. J. Delaporte, Catalogue des	Briefe aus Ur	uk
Catalogue	cylindres orientaux de la	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Parfümrezepte und
Bibliothèque Nationale	Bibliothèque Nationale	Parfümrez.	kultische Texte aus Assur (also pub. in Or. NS 17-19)
Delaporte	L. J. Delaporte, Catalogue des	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Stiftungen und Vor-
Catalogue Louvre	cylindres Musée de Louvre	Stiftungen	schriften für assyrische Tempel (= VIO 23)
Delitzsch AL <sup>3</sup>	F. Delitzsch, Assyrische Lesestücke, 3rd ed.	Ebeling Wagenpferde	E. Ebeling, Bruchstücke einer mittelassyrischen Vorschriften-
Delitzsch HWB	F. Delitzsch, Assyrisches Hand- wörterbuch	<b>.</b>	sammlung für die Akklimati- sierung und Trainierung von
Dietrich	M. Dietrich, Die Aramäer Süd-		Wagenpferden (= VIO 7)
Aramäer	babyloniens in der Sargoniden- zeit (= AOAT 7)	Edzard Tell ed-Dēr	D. O. Edzard, Altbabylonische Rechts- und Wirtschaftsurkunden
van Dijk	J. van Dijk, Sumerische Götter-		aus Tell ed-Dēr
$\mathbf{G\ddot{o}tterlieder}$	liede <b>r</b>	Edzard	D. O. Edzard, Die "Zweite Zwi-
van Dijk	J. van Dijk, La Sagesse Suméro-	Zwischenzeit	schenzeit" Babyloniens
La Sagesse	Accadienne	Eilers	W. Eilers, Iranische Beamten-
Diri	lexical series diri dir siāku =	${f Beamten}$ -	namen in der keilschriftlichen
	(w)atru	namen	Überlieferung (= Abhandlungen
Divination	J. Nougayrol, ed., La divination en mésopotamie ancienne et dans	72'1	für die Kunde des Morgenlandes 25/5)
TO T 17	les régions voisines	Eilers	W. Eilers, Gesellschaftsformen im
DLZ	Deutsche Literaturzeitung	Gesellschafts-	altbabylonischen Recht
DP	M. Allotte de la Fuÿe, Documents	formen	
D 1 1	présargoniques	Emesal Voc.	lexical series dimmer = dingir
Dream-book	A. L. Oppenheim, The Inter-	1	= ilu pub. MSL 4 3-44
	pretation of Dreams in the Ancient	En. el.	Enūma eliš
	Near East (= Transactions of the	Erimhuš	lexical series erimhuš = anantu
	American Philosophical Society,		Boghazkeui version of Erimhuš
<b>.</b>	Vol. 46/3)	Eshnunna	see Goetze LE
	G. van Driel, The Cult of Aššur	Code	TO 70 A 73 - 14 T 1 1 1 2
of Aššur		Evetts App.	B. T. A. Evetts, Inscriptions of
D.T.	tablets in the collections of the	73 11 73 75	Evil-Merodach Appendix
	British Museum	Evetts EvM.	B. T. A. Evetts, Inscriptions of
Ea	lexical series ea $A = n\hat{a}qu$		Evil-Merodach

	1 / O d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d	ograpition 1100	i co vanto no
Evetts Lab.	B. T. A. Evetts, Inscriptions of Laborosoarchod	Gadd Early Dynasties	C. J. Gadd, The Early Dynasties of Sumer and Akkad
Evetts Ner.	B. T. A. Evetts, Inscriptions of Neriglissar	Gadd Ideas	C. J. Gadd, Ideas of Divine Rule in the Ancient East
Explicit Malku	synonym list malku = šarru, explicit version (Tablets I-II pub. A. D. Kilmer, JAOS 83 421ff.)	Gadd Teachers Gandert	C. J. Gadd, Teachers and Students in the Oldest Schools A. von Müller, ed., Gandert Fest-
Fales Censi- menti	F. M. Fales, Censimenti e catasti di epoca neo-assira	Festschrift	schrift (= Berliner Beiträge zur Vor- und Frühgeschichte 2)
Falkenstein ATU Falkenstein Das Sume- rische	<ul> <li>A. Falkenstein, Archaische Texte aus Uruk</li> <li>A. Falkenstein, Das Sumerische (= Handbuch der Orientalistik, Erste Abteilung, Zweiter Band,</li> </ul>	Garelli Gilg.	P. Garelli, Gilgameš et sa légende. Études recueillies par Paul Garelli à l'occasion de la VII <sup>e</sup> Rencontre Assyriologique Inter- nationale (Paris, 1958)
	Erster und Zweiter Abschnitt, Lieferung I)	Garelli Les Assyriens	P. Garelli, Les Assyriens en Cappadoce
Falkenstein Gerichts-	A. Falkenstein, Die neusumerischen Gerichtsurkunden	Gaster AV	Occident and Orient (Studies in Honour of M. Gaster)
urkunden Falkenstein	A. Falkenstein, Sumerische Götter-	Gautier Dilbat	J. E. Gautier, Archives d'une famille de Dilbat
Götterlieder Falkenstein	lieder A. Falkenstein, Grammatik der	GCCI	R. P. Dougherty, Goucher College Cuneiform Inscriptions
Grammatik Falkenstein	Sprache Gudeas von Lagaš (= AnOr 28 and 29)  A. Falkenstein, Die Haupttypen	Gelb OAIC	I. J. Gelb, Old Akkadian Inscrip- tions in Chicago Natural History Museum
Haupttypen	der sumerischen Beschwörung (= LSS NF 1)	Genouillac Kich	H. de Genouillac, Premières re- cherches archéologiques à Kich
Falkenstein Topographie	A. Falkenstein, Topographie von Uruk	Genouillac Trouvaille	H. de Genouillac, La trouvaille de Dréhem
FF Figulla Cat.	Forschungen und Fortschritte H. H. Figulla, Catalogue of the Babylonian Tablets in the British	Gesenius <sup>17</sup>	W. Gesenius, Hebräisches und aramäisches Handwörterbuch, 17th ed.
Finet L'Accadien	Museum A. Finet, L'Accadien des Lettres de Mari	GGA Gilg.	Göttingische Gelehrte Anzeigen Gilgāmešepic, cited from Thompson Gilg. (M. = Meissner Fragment,
Fish Catalogue	T. Fish, Catalogue of Sumerian Tablets in the John Rylands Library		OB Version of Tablet X, P. = Pennsylvania Tablet, OB Version of Tablet II, Y. = Yale Tablet,
Fish Letters	T.Fish, Letters of the First Baby- lonian Dynasty in the John Rylands Library, Manchester	Gilg. O. I.	OB Version of Tablet III) OB Gilg. fragment from Ishchali pub. by T. Bauer, JNES 16 254ff.
FLP	tablets in the collections of the Free Library of Philadelphia	Goetze Ḥattušiliš	A. Goetze, Hattušiliš. Der Bericht über seine Thronbesteigung nebst
Fränkel Fremdw. Frankena	S. Fränkel, Die aramäischen Fremdwörter im Arabischen R. Frankena, Täkultu, De sacrale	Goetze Kizzuwatna	den Paralleltexten (= MVAG 29/3) A. Goetze, Kizzuwatna and the Problem of Hittite Geography
Tākultu Freydank	Maaltijd in het assyrische Ritueel H. Freydank, Spätbabylonische	Goetze LE	(= YOR 22) A. Goetze, The Laws of Eshnunna
Wirtschafts- texte	Wirtschaftstexte aus Uruk	Goetze Neue	(= AASOR 31) A. Goetze, Neue Bruchstücke
Friedrich Festschrift	R. von Kienle, ed., Festschrift Johannes Friedrich	Bruchstücke	zum großen Text des Hattušiliš und den Paralleltexten (=
Friedrich Gesetze	J. Friedrich, Die hethitischen Gesetze (= Documenta et monu-	Golénischeff	MVAG 34/2) V. S. Golénischeff, Vingt-quatre
Friedrich Heth. Wb.	menta orientis antiqui 7) J. Friedrich, Hethitisches Wörterbuch	Gordon Handbook	tablettes cappadociennes C. H. Gordon, Ugaritic Handbook (= AnOr 25)
Friedrich Staatsver- träge	J. Friedrich, Staatsverträge des Hatti-Reiches in hethitischer Sprache (= MVAG 34/1)		C. H. Gordon, Smith College Tablets (= Smith College Studies in History, Vol. 38)

Gordon Sumerian Proverbs	E. I. Gordon, Sumerian Proverbs	Hilprecht Deluge Story	H. V. Hilprecht, The Earliest Version of the Babylonian Deluge Story and the Temple Library of
	F. Gössmann, Das Era-Epos E. Grant, Babylonian Business Documents of the Classical Period	Hinke Kudurr	Nippur  W. J. Hinke, Selected Babylonian  Kudurru Inscriptions, No. 5,
Grant Smith College	E. Grant, Cuneiform Documents in the Smith College Library	Hinz AFF	pp. 21–27 W. Hinz, Altiranische Funde und
Gray Samaš	C. D. Gray, The Samaš Religious Texts	Hirsch	Forschungen H. Hirsch, Untersuchungen zur alt-
Grayson Chronicles	A. K. Grayson, Assyrian and Baby- lonian Chronicles (= TCS 5)	Unter- suchungen	assyrischen Religion (= AfOBei- heft 13/14)
Guest Notes on Plants	E. Guest, Notes on Plants and Plant Products with their Collo-	Hoffner Alimenta	H. A. Hoffner, Alimenta Hethae- orum (= AOS 55)
Guest Notes	quial Names in Iraq E. Guest, Notes on Trees and	Holma Kl. Beitr.	H. Holma, Kleine Beiträge zum assyrischen Lexikon
on Trees Güterbock	Shrubs for Lower Iraq H. G. Güterbock, Siegel aus Bo-	Holma Körperteile	H. Holma, Die Namen der Kör- perteile im Assyrisch-babylo-
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Hewett An-	D. D. Brand and F. E. Harvey,	Ta'annek	Ta'annek, in Sellin Ta'annek
nive <b>rsary</b> Vol.	eds., So Live the Works of Men: Seventieth Anniversary Volume	HS	tablets in the Hilprecht collection, Jena
**	Honoring Edgar Lee Hewett	HSM	Harvard Semitic Museum
Hg.	lexical series $\#AR.gud = imr\hat{u}$ = $ballu$ pub. MSL 5-11	HSS HUCA	Harvard Semitic Series
$\mathbf{HG}$	J. Kohler et al., Hammurabi's	Hunger	Hebrew Union College Annual H. Hunger, Babylonische und As-
	Gesetz	Kolophone	syrische Kolophone (= AOAT 2)
Hh.	lexical series HAR.ra = hubullu (Hh.	Hussey	M. I. Hussey, Sumerian Tablets in
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	Hh. VIII-XII pub. Landsberger,	IB	tablets in the Pontificio Istituto
	MSL 7; Hh. XIII-XIV, XVIII pub. Landsberger, MSL 8; Hh.	IBoT	Biblico, Rome Istanbul Arkeoloji Müzelerinde Bu-
	XV pub. Landsberger, MSL 9;		lunan Boğazköy Tabletleri
	Hh. XVI,XVII,XIX pub. Landsberger-Reiner, MSL 10; Hh.	ICK	Inscriptions cunéiformes du Kul- tépé
	XX-XXIV pub. Landsberger	Idu	lexical series $\lambda = idu$
Wilmack4 A37	Reiner, MSL 11)	IEJ	Israel Exploration Journal
Hilprecht AV	Hilprecht Anniversary Volume. Studies in Assyriology and Ar-	IF Igituh	Indogermanische Forschungen lexical series igituh = tāmartu.
	chaelogy Dedicated to Hermann	-6	Igituh short version pub. Lands-
	V. Hilprecht		berger-Gurney, AfO 18 81ff.

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ILN	Illustrated London News	<b>K</b> .	tablets in the Kouyunjik collection
IM	tablets in the collections of the Iraq		of the British Museum
Imgidda to	Museum, Baghdad see Erimhuš	Kagal	lexical series kagal = abullu pub. Civil, MSL 13 227-61
Erimhuš	Soo all minds	KAH	Keilschrifttexte aus Assur histori-
Istanbul	tablets in the collections of the Ar-	IXXXII	schen Inhalts
ASUMIDUI	chaeological Museum of Istanbul	KAJ	Keilschrifttexte aus Assur juristi-
ITT		ILAU	
	Inventaire des tablettes de Tello	KAR	schen Inhalts
Izbu Comm.	commentary to the series summa	NAN	Keilschrifttexte aus Assur religi-
	izbu, cited from MS. of B. Lands-	TZ 4 37	ösen Inhalts
	berger, pub. Leichty Izbu pp.	KAV	Keilschrifttexte aus Assur ver-
T .	211-33	7777	schiedenen Inhalts
Izi	lexical series izi = išātu pub.	KB	Keilinschriftliche Bibliothek
T 1 TO 1	Civil, MSL 13 154-226	KBo	Keilschrifttexte aus Boghazköi
Izi Bogh.	Boghazkeui version of Izi, pub.	Kent Old	R. G. Kent, Old Persian
	Civil, MSL 13 132–147	Persian	(=AOS 33)
JA	Journal asiatique	Ker Porter	R. Ker Porter, Travels in Georgia,
Jacobsen	T. Jacobsen, Cuneiform Texts in the	Travels	Persia, Armenia, Ancient Babylo-
Copenhagen	National Museum, Copenhagen		nia, etc
Jankowska	N. B. Jankowska, Klinopisnye	Kh.	tablets from Khafadje in the col-
KTK	teksty iz Kjul'-Tepe v sobrani-		lections of the Oriental Institute,
	iakh SSSR		University of Chicago
JAOS	Journal of the American Oriental	Kienast	B. Kienast, Die altassyrischen
	Society	ATHE	Texte des Orientalischen Semi-
Jastrow Dict.	M. Jastrow, A Dictionary of the		nars der Universität Heidelberg
	Targumim		und der Sammlung Erlenmeyer
m JBL	Journal of Biblical Literature	King Chron.	L.W. King, Chronicles Concerning
JCS	Journal of Cuneiform Studies		Early Babylonian Kings
$\mathbf{JEA}$	Journal of Egyptian Archaeology	King Early	L. W. King, A History of Sumer
JEN	Joint Expedition with the Iraq	History	and Akkad: An Account of the
	Museum at Nuzi		Early Races of Babylonia
$\mathbf{JENu}$	Joint Expedition with the Iraq	King History	L. W. King, A History of Babylon
	Museum at Nuzi, unpub.	King Hittite	L. W. King, Hittite Texts in the
$\mathbf{JEOL}$	Jaarbericht van het Vooraziatisch-	Texts	Cuneiform Character in the British
	Egyptisch Genootschap "Ex		$\mathbf{M}$ useum
	Oriente Lux"	Kinnier Wilson	J. V. Kinnier Wilson, The Nimrud
JESHO	Journal of the Economic and	Wine Lists	Wine Lists (= CTN 1)
	Social History of the Orient	Kish	tablets excavated at Kish, in the
Jestin NTSŠ	R. Jestin, Nouvelles tablettes		collections of the Ashmolean
	sumériennes de Šuruppak		Museum, Oxford
Jestin	R. Jestin, Tablettes sumériennes de	Klauber	E. Klauber, Assyrisches Beamten-
Šuruppak	Šuruppak	Beamtentum	tum nach Briefen aus der Sar-
$_{ m JJP}$	Journal of Juristic Papyrology		gonidenzeit
JKF	Jahrbuch für kleinasiatische For-	KlF	Kleinasiatische Forschungen
	schung	Knudtzon	J. A. Knudtzon, Assyrische Gebete
JNES	Journal of Near Eastern Studies	Gebete	an den Sonnengott
Johns Dooms-	C. H. W. Johns, An Assyrian	Köcher BAM	F. Köcher, Die babylonisch-assy-
day Book	Doomsday Book		rische Medizin in Texten und
Jones-Snyder	T. B. Jones and J. Snyder, Sume-		Untersuchungen /
	rian Economic Texts from the	Köcher	F. Köcher, Keilschrifttexte zur
	Third Ur Dynasty	Pflanzen-	assyrisch-babylonischen Drogen-
JPOS	Journal of the Palestine Oriental	kunde	und Pflanzenkunde (= VIO 28)
	Society	Kohler u.Peise	J. Kohler, F. E. Peiser, Aus dem
JQR	Jewish Quarterly Review	Rechtsleben	babylonischen Rechtsleben
JRAS	Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society	Konst.	tablets excavated at Assur, in the
JSOR	Journal of the Society of Oriental		collections of the Archaeological
	Research		Museum of Istanbul
JSS	Journal of Semitic Studies	Koschaker	P. Koschaker, Babylonisch-assy-
JTVI	Journal of the Transactions of the	Bürgschafts-	risches Bürgschaftsrecht
	Victoria Institute	recht	-

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Koschaker	P. Koschaker, Über einige griechi-	Lambert-	W. G. Lambert and A. R. Millard,
Griech.	sche Rechtsurkunden aus den öst-	Millard	Atra-hasis: The Babylonian Story
Rechtsurk.	lichen Randgebieten des Hellenis-	Atra-hasis	of the Flood
Koschaker	mus P. Koschaker, Neue keilschriftliche	Landsberger Brief	B. Landsberger, Brief des Bischofs von Esagila an König Asarhad-
NRUA	Rechtsurkunden aus der El-	Driei	don
NIVOA	Amarna-Zeit	Landsberger	B. Landsberger, The Date Palm
Kramer AV	Kramer Anniversary Volume (=	Date Palm	and Its By-Products According to
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Kramer Two	S. N. Kramer, Two Elegies on a	Jacobsen	Georgica (in MS.)
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Kraus Edikt	F. R. Kraus, Ein Edikt des Königs	Kult.	Kalender der Babylonier und
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Krecher	J. Krecher, Sumerische Kultlyrik	Menologies	gies
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KT Blanckertz	J. Lewy, Die Kültepetexte der	•	nian Psalms
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KT Hahn	J. Lewy, Die Kültepetexte der	Tammuz	
TZTDO	Sammlung Hahn	Lanu	lexical series a lam = $l\bar{a}nu$
KTS	J. Lewy, Die altassyrischen Texte	Lautner	J. G. Lautner, Altbabylonische
KUB	vom Kültepe bei Kaisarije Keilschrifturkunden aus Boghazköi	rersonemmet	e Personenmiete und Erntearbeiter- verträge (= Studia et documenta
Küchler Beitr.			ad iura orientis antiqui pertinen-
madmor Beiti.	der assyrisch-babylonischen Me-		tia 1)
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Kültepe	unpublished tablets from Kültepe	•	Cuneiform Character
Kupper Les	JR. Kupper, Les nomades en	Layard	A. H. Layard, Discoveries among
Nomades	Mésopotamie au temps des rois de	Discoveries	the Ruins of Nineveh and Baby-
<b>-</b> .	Mari		lon
Labat	R. Labat, L'Akkadien de Boghaz-	LB	tablet numbers in the de Liagre
L'Akkadien Labat	köi  P. Labat III. salandrian habrilanian	LBAT	Böhl Collection
Calendrier	R. Labat, Un calendrier babylonien des travaux, des signes et des mois	LDAI	Late Babylonian Astronomical and Related Texts, copied by T. G.
Labat Suse	R. Labat, Textes littéraires de		Pinches and J. N. Strassmaier,
	Suse (= MDP 57)		prepared for publication by A. J.
Labat TDP	R. Labat, Traité akkadien de dia-		Sachs, with the cooperation of J.
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de Vénus	culte de Vénus	T	sur-naşir-aplu III
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Lenormant	F. Lenormant, Choix de textes	Meissner BAW	B. Meissner, Beiträge zum assyri-
Choix	cunéiformes inédits ou incom-		schen Wörterbuch (= AS 1 and 4)
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Limet	H. Limet, L'anthroponymie su-	Met. Museum	tablets in the collections of the
Anthropo-	mérienne dans les documents		Metropolitan Museum of Art,
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Documents	la période d'Agadé appartenant		Orientforschung
Documento	à l'Université de Liège	MJ	Museum Journal
Timat Mátal	H. Limet, Le travail du métal au	MKT	O. Neugebauer, Mathematische
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Limet Sceaux	H. Limet, Les légendes des sceaux		J. Pierpont Morgan Library
Cassites	cassites	$\mathbf{Moldenke}$	A. B. Moldenke, Babylonian Con-
LKA	E. Ebeling, Literarische Keil-		tract Tablets in the Metropolitan
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LKU	A. Falkenstein, Literarische Keil-	Moore	E. W. Moore, Neo-Babylonian
	schrifttexte aus Uruk	Michigan	Documents in the University of
Loretz Chagar	O. Loretz, Texte aus Chagar Bazar	Coll.	Michigan Collection
Bazar	und Tell Brak (= AOAT 3)		W. L. Moran, Sumero-Akkadian
Löw Flora	I. Löw, Die Flora der Juden	Lists	Temple Lists (in MS.)
		MRS	Mission de Ras Shamra
LSS	Leipziger semitistische Studien	TATTAD	MISSIULI OF IVAS DIIAILLA
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LTBA	Die lexikalischen Tafelserien der	MSL	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexi-
LTBA	Babylonier und Assyrer in den		Materialien zum sumerischen Lexi- kon
	Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen	MSL MSP	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexi- kon J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission
LTBA Lu	Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen lexical series lú = ša pub. Civil,	MSP	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexikon J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission scientifique en Perse
Lu	Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen	MSP Mullo Weir	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexi- kon J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission
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Lu Lugale	Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen lexical series lú = \$a pub. Civil, MSL 12 87-147 epic Lugale u melambi nergal, cited from MS. of A. Falkenstein	MSP Mullo Weir Lexicon	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexikon J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission scientifique en Perse C. J. Mullo Weir, A Lexicon of Accadian Prayers
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Lu Lugale Lyon Sar.	Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen lexical series lú = ša pub. Civil, MSL 12 87-147 epic Lugale u melambi nergal, cited from MS. of A. Falkenstein D. G. Lyon, Keilschrifttexte Sar- gon's	MSP Mullo Weir Lexicon MVAG	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexikon J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission scientifique en Perse C. J. Mullo Weir, A Lexicon of Accadian Prayers Mitteilungen der Vorderasiatisch-
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Lu Lugale Lyon Sar. MAD	Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen lexical series lú = ša pub. Civil, MSL 12 87-147 epic Lugale u melambi nergal, cited from MS. of A. Falkenstein D. G. Lyon, Keilschrifttexte Sar- gon's Materials for the Assyrian Dic- tionary	MSP Mullo Weir Lexicon MVAG	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexikon J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission scientifique en Perse C. J. Mullo Weir, A Lexicon of Accadian Prayers Mitteilungen der Vorderasiatisch-Aegyptischen Gesellschaft Materiali per il vocabolario neosumerico tablets in the collections of the
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Lu Lugale Lyon Sar. MAD MAH	Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen lexical series lú = ša pub. Civil, MSL 12 87-147 epic Lugale u melambi nergal, cited from MS. of A. Falkenstein D. G. Lyon, Keilschrifttexte Sargon's  Materials for the Assyrian Dictionary tablets in the collection of the Musée d'Art et d'Histoire, Geneva synonym list malku = šarru (Malku I pub. A.D. Kilmer, JAOS 83 421ff.; Malku II pub. W. von Soden, ZA 43 235ff.)	MSP  Mullo Weir Lexicon MVAG  MVN  N	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexikon J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission scientifique en Perse C. J. Mullo Weir, A Lexicon of Accadian Prayers Mitteilungen der Vorderasiatisch-Aegyptischen Gesellschaft Materiali per il vocabolario neosumerico tablets in the collections of the University Museum of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia lexical series SIG7+ALAM = nabnītu tablets in the Babylonian Collection, Yale University Library Neobabylonian Grammatical Texts,
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Lu Lugale Lyon Sar. MAD MAH Malku MAOG Maqlu	Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen lexical series lú = ša pub. Civil, MSL 12 87-147 epic Lugale u melambi nergal, cited from MS. of A. Falkenstein D. G. Lyon, Keilschrifttexte Sargon's  Materials for the Assyrian Dictionary tablets in the collection of the Musée d'Art et d'Histoire, Geneva synonym list malku = šarru (Malku I pub. A.D. Kilmer, JAOS 83 421ff.; Malku II pub. W. von Soden, ZA 43 235ff.)  Mitteilungen der Altorientalischen Gesellschaft G. Meier, Maqlû (= AfO Beiheft 2)	MSP  Mullo Weir Lexicon MVAG  MVN  N  Nabnitu NBC  NBGT	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexikon J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission scientifique en Perse C. J. Mullo Weir, A Lexicon of Accadian Prayers Mitteilungen der Vorderasiatisch-Aegyptischen Gesellschaft Materiali per il vocabolario neosumerico tablets in the collections of the University Museum of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia lexical series SiG <sub>7</sub> +ALAM = nabnītu tablets in the Babylonian Collection, Yale University Library Neobabylonian Grammatical Texts, pub. MSL 4 129-178 J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von
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Nigga	lexical series nigga = makkūru,	PEQ	Palestine Exploration Quarterly
Nikolski	pub. Civil, MSL 13 91-124 M. V. Nikolski, Dokumenty kho-	Perry Sin	E. G. Perry, Hymnen und Gebete an Sin
	ziaistvennoï otchetnosti	Petschow MB	H. Petschow, Mittelbabylonische
Nötscher	F. Nötscher, Ellil in Sumer und	Rechts-	Rechts- und Wirtschaftsurkunden
Ellil NPN	Akkad I. J. Gelb, P. M. Purves, and A. A.	urkunden Petschow	der Hilprecht-Sammlung Jena H. Petschow, Neubabylonisches
212.21	MacRae, Nuzi Personal Names	Pfandrecht	Pfandrecht (= ASAW PhilHist.
	(= OIP 57)		Kl. 48/1)
NT	field numbers of tablets excavated	Photo. Ass.	field photographs of tablets ex-
	at Nippur by the Oriental Insti- tute and other institutions	Photo. Konst.	cavated at Assur field photographs of tablets ex-
Oberhuber	K. Oberhuber, Sumerische und		cavated at Assur
Florenz	akkadische Keilschriftdenkmäler	Piepkorn Asb.	A. C. Piepkorn, Historical Prism
	des Archäologischen Museums zu Florenz		Inscriptions of Ashurbanipal (= AS 5)
Oberhuber	K. Oberhuber, Innsbrucker Keil-	Pinches	T. G. Pinches, The Amherst
IKT	schrifttexte	Amherst	Tablets
OBGT	OldBabylonianGrammaticalTexts,	Pinches	T. G. Pinches, The Babylonian
OB Lu	pub. MSL 4 47–128 Old Babylonian version of Lu, pub.	Berens Coll. Pinches Peek	Tablets of the Berens Collection T.G. Pinches, Inscribed Babylonian
OD Lu	MSL 12 151–219	I mones I cox	Tablets in the possession of Sir
OBT Tell	S. Dalley, C. B. F. Walker, J. D.		Henry Peek
Rimah	Hawkins, Old Babylonian Texts	Postgate	J. N. Postgate, The Governor's
OECT	from Tell Rimah Oxford Editions of Cuneiform Texts	Palace Archive	Palace Archive (= CTN 2)
OIC	Oriental Institute Communications	Postgate	J.N.Postgate, Neo-Assyrian Royal
OIP	Oriental Institute Publications	•	Grants and Decrees (= Studia
OLZ	Orientalistische Literaturzeitung		Pohl: Series Maior 1)
Oppenheim Beer	L. F. Hartman and A. L. Oppenheim, On Beer and Brewing Tech-	Postgate Taxation	J. N. Postgate, Taxation and Conscription in the Assyrian Em-
Deer	niques in Ancient Mesopotamia	Lazauon	pire (= Studia Pohl: Series
	(= JAOS Supp. 10)		Maior 3)
Oppenheim	A. L. Oppenheim, Glass and Glass-	Practical	lexical text, pub. B. Landsberger
Glass Oppenheim	making in Ancient Mesopotamia L. Oppenheim, Untersuchungen	Vocabulary Assur	and O. Gurney, AfO 18 328ff.
Mietrecht	zum babylonischen Mietrecht	Pritchard	J. B. Pritchard, ed., Ancient Near
	(= WZKM Beiheft 2)	ANET	Eastern Texts Relating to the
	t J. Oppert et J. Ménant, Documents	TO 1 TO 1 1	Old Testament, 2nd and 3rd ed.
Doc. jur. Or.	juridiques de l'Assyrie Orientalia	Proto-Diri Proto-Ea	see Diri see Ea; pub. MSL 2 35–94
OT.	Old Testament	Proto-Izi	lexical series, pub. Civil, MSL 13
Pallis Akîtu	S. A. Pallis, The Babylonian Akîtu		7–59
7.470	Festival	Proto-Kagal	lexical series, pub. Civil, MSL 13
PAPS	Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society	Proto-Lu	63–88 lexical series, pub. MSL 12 25–84
Parpola LAS	S. Parpola, Letters of Assyrian	PRSM	Proceedings of the Royal Society
•	Scholars (= AOAT 5)		of Medicine
Parrot	A. Parrot, Documents et Monu-	PRT	E. Klauber, Politisch-religiöse
Documents	ments (= Mission archéologique de Mari II, Le palais, tome 3)	PSBA	Texte aus der Sargonidenzeit Proceedings of the Society of
PBS	Publications of the Babylonian	- 1,1271	Biblical Archaeology
	Section, University Museum, Uni-	${f R}$	H. C. Rawlinson, The Cuneiform
DEST	versity of Pennsylvania	D.A	Inscriptions of Western Asia
PEF	Quarterly Statement of the Palestine Exploration Fund	RA	Revue d'assyriologie et d'archéologie orientale
Peiser	F. E. Peiser, Urkunden aus der	RAcc.	F. Thureau-Dangin, Rituels ac-
Urkunden	Zeit der 3. babylonischen Dynastie		cadiens
Peiser	F. E. Peiser, Babylonische Ver-	Ranke PN	H. Ranke, Early Babylonian Per-
Verträge	träge des Berliner Museums		sonal Names

DD	D L'Ell	0-1	A Salaman Titamalanian Assalian
RB REC	Revue biblique F.Thureau-Dangin, Recherches sur	Salonen	A. Salonen, Hippologica Accadica (= AASF 100)
TVEC	l'origine de l'écriture cunéiforme	Hippologica Salonen	A. Salonen, Die Landfahrzeuge des
Recip. Ea	lexical series "Reciprocal Ea"		e alten Mesopotamien (= AASF 72)
REg	Revue d'égyptologie	Salonen	A. Salonen, Die Möbel des alten
Reiner Lipšur	E. Reiner, Lipšur-Litanies (JNES	Möbel	Mesopotamien (= AASF 127)
Litanies	15 129ff.)	Salonen Türen	A. Salonen, Die Türen des alten
Reisner	G. A. Reisner, Tempelurkunden		Mesopotamien (= AASF 124)
Telloh	aus Telloh	E. Salonen	E. Salonen, Die Waffen der alten
Rencontre	Compte rendu de la seconde	Waffen	Mesopotamier (= StOr 33)
Assyriolo-	(troisième) Rencontre Assyriolo-	Salonen Wasser-	A. Salonen, Die Wasserfahrzeuge
gique RÉS	gique Internationale Revue des études sémitiques	fahrzeuge	in Babylonien (= StOr 8)
	F. Reschid, Archiv des Nūršamaš	Saporetti	C. Saporetti, Onomastica Medio-
des Nūršamaš		Onomastica	Assira (= Studia Pohl 6)
	aus der altbabylonischen Zeit	SAWW	Sitzungsberichte der Akademie der
RHA	Revue hittite et asianique		Wissenschaften, Wien
RHR	Revue de l'histoire des religions	Sp	lexical series Syllabary B pub.
Riftin	A. P. Riftin, Staro-Vavilonskie		MSL 3 96-128 and 132-153
	iuridicheskie i administrativnye	SBAW	Sitzungsberichte der Bayerischen
DT A	dokumenty v sobraniiakh SSSR	CDIT	Akademie der Wissenschaften
RLA RLV	Reallexikon der Assyriologie	SBH	G. A. Reisner, Sumerisch-babylo-
Rm.	Reallexikon der Vorgeschichte tablets in the collections of the		nische Hymnen nach Thontafeln griechischer Zeit
TVIII.	British Museum	Scheil Sippar	V. Scheil, Une saison de fouilles à
ROM	tablets in the collections of the	Constitution of the	Sippar
	Royal Ontario Museum, Toronto	Scheil Tn. II	V. Scheil, Annales de Tukulti
Römer	W. H. Ph. Römer, Sumerische		Ninip II, roi d'Assyrie 889-884
Königshymne	n 'Königshymnen' der Isin-Zeit	Schneider	N. Schneider, Die Götternamen
Rost	P. Rost, Die Keilschrifttexte Tig-	Götternamen	von Ur III (= AnOr 19)
Tigl. III	lat-Pilesers III	Schneider	N. Schneider, Die Zeitbestimmun-
RS	field numbers of tablets excavated	Zeitbestim-	gen der Wirtschaftsurkunden von
RSO	at Ras Shamra Rivista degli studi orientali	mungen Schollmeyer	Ur III (= AnOr 13) A. Schollmeyer, Sumerisch-babylo-
RT	Recueil de travaux relatifs à la	Benomineyer	nische Hymnen und Gebete an
201	philologie et à l'archéologie égyp-		Šamaš
	tiennes et assyriennes	Sellin	E. Sellin, Tell Ta'annek
RTC	F. Thureau-Dangin, Recueil de	Ta'annek	•
	tablettes chaldéennes	SEM	E. Chiera, Sumerian Epics and
$S^a$	lexical series Syllabary A pub.	-	Myths
~~ ==	MSL 3 3-45	Sem.	Semitica
Sa Voc.	lexical series Syllabary A Vocabu-	Seux	MJ.Seux, Epithètes royales akka-
SAI	lary pub. MSL 3 51-87	Epithètes Shaffer	diennes et sumériennes
SAI	B. Meissner, Seltene assyrische Ideogramme	Sumerian	A. Shaffer, Sumerian Sources of Tablet XII of the Epic of Gil-
SAKI	F. Thureau-Dangin, Die sumeri-	Sources	gameš (unpub. dissertation)
	schen und akkadischen Königs-	SHAW	Sitzungsberichte der Heidelberger
	inschriften (= VAB 1)		Akademie der Wissenschaften
Salonen	A. Salonen, Agricultura mesopo-	Shileiko	V. K. Shilelko, Dokumenty iz
Agricultura	tamica (= AASF 149)	Dokumenty	Giul-tepe
Salonen Fest-	Studia Orientalia Armas I. Salonen	Si	field numbers of tablets excavated
schrift	(= StOr 46)	C II	at Sippar
Salonen	A. Salonen, Die Fußbekleidung der	Silben-	lexical series
E. Salonen	g alten Mesopotamier (= AASF 157) E. Salonen, Die Gruß- und Höf-	vokabular Sjöberg	Å. Sjöberg, Der Mondgott Nanna-
Grußformeln	lichkeitsformeln in babylonisch-	Mondgott	Suen in der sumerischen Über-
	assyrischen Briefen	***************************************	lieferung, I. Teil: Text
Salonen	A. Salonen, Die Hausgeräte der	Sjöberg	A. W. Sjöberg and E. Bergmann,
Hausgeräte	alten Mesopotamier (= AASF 139	Temple	The Collection of the Sumerian
	and 144)	Hymns	Temple Hymns (= TCS 3)

	2.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	7,F	
ŠL SLB	A. Deimel, Šumerisches Lexikon Studia ad tabulas cuneiformes col- lectas a F. M. Th. de Liagre Böhl	Stephens PNC	F. J. Stephens, Personal Names from Cuneiform Inscriptions of Cappadocia
	pertinentia	StOr	Studia Orientalia (Helsinki)
SLT Sm.	E. Chiera, Sumerian Lexical Texts tablets in the collections of the British Museum	Strassmaier AV	J. N. Strassmaier, Alphabetisches Verzeichnis der assyrischen und akkadischen Wörter
S. A. Smith Misc. Assyr. Texts Smith College	S. A. Smith, Miscellaneous Assyrian Texts of the British Museum tablets in the collection of Smith	Strassmaier Liverpool	J. N. Strassmaier, Die babylonischen Inschriften im Museum zu Liverpool, Actes du 6º Congrès International des Orientalistes,
	College		II, Section Sémitique (1) (1885),
Smith Idrimi Smith Senn.	S. Smith, The Statue of Idri-mi S. Smith, The First Campaign of Sennacherib	Strassmaier Warka	plates after p. 624 J. N. Strassmaier, Texte altbabylo- nischer Verträge aus Warka, Ver-
SMN	tablets excavated at Nuzi, in the Semitic Museum, Harvard Uni-	V. <b>32.1</b> 3	handlungen des Fünften Interna- tionalen Orientalisten-Congresses
SÖAW	versity, Cambridge Sitzungsberichte der Österreichi- schen Akademie der Wissen- schaften	Streck Asb. STT	(1881), Beilage M.Streck, Assurbanipal(=VAB7) O.R. Gurney, J. J. Finkelstein, and P. Hulin, The Sultantepe Tablets
von Soden GAG	W. von Soden, Grundriß der akka- dischen Grammatik (= AnOr	Studia Mariana	(= Documenta et monumenta orientis antiqui 4)
a 1	33)	Studia	Studia orientalia Ioanni Pedersen
von Soden	W. von Soden, Das akkadische	Orientalia	dicata
Syllabar	Syllabar (= AnOr 27; 2nd ed. = AnOr 42)	Pedersen Studien	Heidelberger Studien zum Alten
Sollberger Corpus	E. Sollberger, Corpus des inscriptions "royales" présargoniques de	Falkenstein	Orient, Adam Falkenstein zum 17. September 1966
C-11L	Lagaš	Studies	H. Goedicke, ed., Near Eastern
Sollberger Correspond-	E. Sollberger, Business and Administrative Correspondence	Albright	Studies in Honor of William Foxwell Albright
ence	under the Kings of Ur (= TCS 1)	Studies	Studies in Honor of Benno Lands-
Sommer Ahhijavā	F. Sommer, Die Aḥḥijavā-Ur- kunden	Landsberger	berger on his Seventy-fifth Birthday (= AS 16)
Sommer- Falkenstein	F. Sommer and A. Falkenstein, Die hethitisch-akkadische Bilingue	Studies Oppenheim	Studies Presented to A. Leo Oppenheim
Bil.	des Hattušili I	Studies	Studies in Old Testament Prophecy
Sp.	tablets in the collections of the British Museum	Robinson STVC	Presented to T. H. Robinson E. Chiera, Sumerian Texts of
SPAW	Sitzungsberichte der Preußischen Akademie der Wissenschaften	Sultantepe	Varied Contents field numbers of tablets excavated
Speleers	L. Speleers, Recueil des inscrip-	io described	at Sultantepe
Recueil	tions de l'Asie antérieure des Musées Royaux du Cinquante- naire à Bruxelles	Sumeroloji Araştirmalari	Ankara Üniversitesi Dil ve Tarih- Coğrafya Falkültesi Sumeroloji araştirmalari, 1940–41
SRT	E.Chiera, Sumerian Religious Texts	Šurpu	E. Reiner, Surpu (=AfO Beiheft 11)
SSB	F. X. Kugler, Sternkunde und	Symb.	Symbolae P. Koschaker dedicatae
COD	Sterndienst in Babel	Koschaker	(= Studia et documenta ad iura
SSB Erg.	J. Schaumberger, Sternkunde und Sterndienst in Babel, Ergänzun-		orientis antiqui pertinentia 2) Symbolae Biblicae et Mesopotami-
Q4	gen		cae Francisco Mario Theodoro de
Stamm	J. J. Stamm, Die akkadische	97	Liagre Böhl Dedicatae
	Namengebung (= MVAG 44)	SZ Szloobton	Zeitschrift der Savigny-Stiftung
Starr Nuzi	R. F. S. Starr, Nuzi: Report on the	Szlechter	E. Szlechter, Tablettes juridiques
	Excavations at Yorgan Tepa near	Tablettes	de la 1 <sup>re</sup> Dynastie de Babylone
GrD-m	Kirkuk, Iraq	Szlechter	E. Szlechter, Tablettes juridiques
StBoT	Studien zu den Boğazköy-Texten	$\mathbf{TJA}$	et administratives de la IIIe
STC	L. W. King, The Seven Tablets		Dynastie d'Ur et de la Ire Dyna-
	of Creation		stie de Babylone

	Provisional List of Bioli	ograpnıcaı Avo	reviations
${f T}$	tablets in the collections of the	TuM	Texte und Materialien der Frau
Tablet Funck	Staatliche Museen, Berlin one of several tablets in private		Professor Hilprecht Collection of Babylonian Antiquities im Eigen-
	possession (mentioned as F.1, 2, 3,		tum der Universität Jena
•	Delitzsch HWB xiii), cited from	Turner	S. M. Katre, ed., Sir Ralph Turner
Tallovist APN	unpublished copies of Delitzsch K. Tallqvist, Assyrian Personal	Jubilee Vol. UCP	Jubilee Volume University of California Publica-
.zonq v .zo .zz z	Names (= ASSF 43/1)	001	tions
Tallqvist	K. Tallqvist, Akkadische Götter-	UE	Ur Excavations
Götter- epitheta	epitheta (= StOr 7)	UET UF	Ur Excavations, Texts Ugarit-Forschungen
Taliqvist	K. Tallqvist, Die assyrische Be-	Ugumu	lexical series, pub. MSL 9 51-65
Maqlu	schwörungsserie Maqlû (= ASSF	Ugumu Bil.	lexical series, pub. MSL 9 67-73
Mallamint NIDN	20/6)	UM	tablets in the collections of the
Tallqvist NBN	K. Tallqvist, Neubabylonisches Namenbuch (= ASSF 32/2)		University Museum of the University of Pennsylvania, Phila-
TCL	Textes cunéiformes du Louvre		delphia
TCS Tell Asmar	Texts from Cuneiform Sources	UMB	University Museum Bulletin
1en Asmar	tablets excavated at Tell Asmar, in the collections of the Oriental	-	E. Unger, Babylon, die heilige Stadt
Tell Halaf	Institute, University of Chicago J. Friedrich et al., Die Inschriften	Unger Bel- harran-beli-	E. Unger, Die Stele des Bel-harran- beli-ussur
TOII IIIIIIII	vom Tell Halaf (= AfO Beiheft 6)	ussur	bon-ussur
Th.	tablets in the collections of the	Unger Mem.	In Memoriam Eckhard Unger. Bei-
Thompson AH	British Museum	Vol.	träge zu Geschichte, Kultur und
rnompson An	R. C. Thompson, The Assyrian Herbal	Unger Relief-	Religion des Alten Orients E. Unger, Reliefstele Adadniraris
Thompson	R. C. Thompson, On the Chemistry	stele	III. aus Saba'a und Semiramis
Chem.	of the Ancient Assyrians	Ungnad NRV	A. Ungnad, Neubabylonische
Thompson DAB	R. C. Thompson, A Dictionary of Assyrian Botany	Glossar	Rechts- und Verwaltungsurkun- den. Glossar
Thompson	R. C. Thompson, A Dictionary of	Uruanna	pharmaceutical series uruanna:
DAC	Assyrian Chemistry and Geology	****	maštakal
Thompson Esarh.	R. C. Thompson, The Prisms of Esarhaddon and of Ashurbanipal	UVB	Vorläufiger Bericht über die Ausgrabungen in Uruk-Warka
Thompson	R. C. Thompson, The Epic of		(Berlin 1930–)
Gilg.	Gilgamish	VAB	Vorderasiatische Bibliothek
Thompson	R. C. Thompson, The Reports of	VAS	Vorderasiatische Schriftdenkmäler
Rep. Thureau-	the Magicians and Astrologers F. Thureau-Dangin, M. Dunand et	VAT	tablets in the collections of the Staatliche Museen, Berlin
Dangin	al., Til-Barsib	VBoT	A. Götze, Verstreute Boghazköitexte
Til-Barsib	,	VDI	Vestnik Drevneĭ Istorii
TIM	Texts in the Iraq Museum	Veenhof Old	K. R. Veenhof, Aspects of Old
TLB	Tabulae Cuneiformes a F. M. Th. de Liagre Böhl collectae	Assyrian Trade	Assyrian Trade and Its Termi- nology
TMB	F. Thureau-Dangin, Textes mathé-	VIO	Veröffentlichungen des Instituts
	matiques babyloniens		für Orientforschung, Berlin
TnEpic	Tukutti-Ninurta Epic, pub. AAA 20, pls. 101 ff., and Archaeologia 79	Virolleaud Comptabilité	C. Virolleaud, Comptabilité chal-
	pl. 49; transliteration in Ebeling,	Comptabilité	déenne (époque de la dynastie dite seconde d'Our)
	MAOG 12/2, column numbers	Virolleaud	C. Virolleaud, La légende phéni-
	according to W. G. Lambert, AfO 18 38ff.	Danel Virolleaud	cienne de Danel
Torczyner	H. Torczyner, Altbabylonische	Fragments	C. Virolleaud, Fragments de textes divinatoires assyriens du Musée
Tempel-	Tempelrechnungen		Britannique
rechnungen	Transactions of the Society of	Voix de	A. Finet, ed., La Voix de l'oppo-
TSBA	Transactions of the Society of Biblical Archaeology	l'opposition	sition en Mésopotamie. Colloque organisé par l'Institut des Hautes
TuL	E. Ebeling, Tod und Leben nach		Études de Belgique 19 et 20 mars
	den Vorstellungen der Babylonier		1973

VT W.	Vetus Testamentum field numbers of tablets excavated	Wiseman Chron.	D. J. Wiseman, Chronicles of the Chaldean Kings
Waetzold Textilindu- strie	at Warka H. Waetzold, Untersuchungen zur neusumerischen Textilindustrie	Wiseman Treaties WO Woolley	D.J.Wiseman, The Vassal Treaties of Esarhaddon (= Iraq 20 Part 1 Die Welt des Orients Carchemish, Report on the Ex-
	A. Walther, Das altbabylonische Gerichtswesen (= LSS 6/4-6)	Carchemish	cavations at Djerabis on behalf of the British Museum
Ward Seals	W. H. Ward, The Seal Cylinders of Western Asia	WVDOG	Wissenschaftliche Veröffentlichungen der Deutschen Orient-Gesell-
Warka	field numbers of tablets excavated at Warka	WZJ	schaft Wissenschaftliche Zeitschrift der
Watelin Kish	Oxford University Joint Expedition to Mesopotamia, Excavations at		Friedrich - Schiller - Universität Jena
	Kish: III (1925–1927) by L.C. Watelin	WZKM	Wiener Zeitschrift für die Kunde des Morgenlandes
Waterman Bus. Doc.	L. Waterman, Business Documents of the Hammurapi Period (also	YBC	tablets in the Babylonian Collection, Yale University Library
Weidner	pub. in AJSL 29 and 30) E. Weidner, Handbuch der babylo-	Ylvisaker Grammatik	S.C. Ylvisaker, Zur babylonischen und assyrischen Grammatik (=
Handbuch	nischen Astronomie		LSS 5/6)
Weidner Tn.	E. Weidner, Die Inschriften Tukul- ti-Ninurtas I. (= AfO Beiheft 12)	YOR YOS	Yale Oriental Series, Researches Yale Oriental Series, Babylonian
Weissbach	F. H. Weissbach, Babylonische		Texts
Misc.	Miscellen (= WVDOG 4)	ZA	Zeitschrift für Assyriologie
Weitemeyer	M.Weitemeyer, Some Aspects of the Hiring of Workers in the Sippar	ZAW	Zeitschrift für die alttestamentliche Wissenschaft
Wenger AV	Region at the Time of Hammurabi Festschrift für Leopold Wenger,	ZDMG	Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgen- ländischen Gesellschaft
	2. Band, Münchener Beiträge zur Papyrusforschung und Antiken	ZDPV	Zeitschrift des Deutschen Palä- stina-Vereins
	Rechtsgeschichte, 35. Heft	ZE	Zeitschrift für Ethnologie
Wilcke Lugalbanda	C. Wilcke, Das Lugalbandaepos	Zimmern Fremdw.	H. Zimmern, Akkadische Fremd- wörter, 2nd ed.
Winckler AOF	schungen	Zimmern Ištar und	H.Zimmern, Ištar und Ṣaltu, ein altakkadisches Lied (BSGW Phil
Winckler	H. Winckler, Sammlung von Keil-	Şaltu	hist. Kl. 68/1)
Sammlung	schrifttexten	Zimmern	H. Zimmern, Zum babylonischen
Winckler Sar.	H. Winckler, Die Keilschrifttexte Sargons	Neujahrsfest	Neujahrsfest (BSGW Philhist. Kl. 58/3); zweiter Beitrag (ibid.
Winnett $AV$	J. Wevers and D. Redford, eds.,		70/5)
	Studies on the Ancient Palestinian World (= Toronto Semitic Texts	ZK ZS	Zeitschrift für Keilschriftforschung Zeitschrift für Semitistik
Wiseman Alalakh	and Studies 2) D.J.Wiseman, The Alalakh Tablets		

#### Other Abbreviations

grammatical (texts) abbreviated, abbreviation abbr. gramm. group vocabulary group voc. accusative acc. Achaem. Achaemenid Heb. Hebrew hemerology adj. adjective hemer. historical (texts) administrative (texts) hist. adm. Adn. Adad-nirāri Hitt. Hittite Hurrian adverb Hurr. adv. Akk. Akkadian imp. imperative incantation (texts) Alu Šumma ālu inc. incl. including apodosis apod. appendix indecl. indeclinable app. Aram. Aramaic inf. infinitive Assurbanipal inscription Asb. inser. Aššur-nāşir-apli II interjection Asn. interj. Assyrian interr. interrogative Ass. astrological (texts) intrans. intransitive astrol. astronomical (texts) inventory astron. inv. Šumma izbu Avestan Izbu Av. Babylonian lamentation Babyl. lament. bil. bilingual (texts) LBLate Babylonian legal (texts) Bogh. Boghazkeui leg. letter business let. bus. Camb. Cambyses lexical (texts) lex. chemical (texts) literally, literary (texts) chem. lit. logogram, logographic chron. chronicle log. Ludlul Ludlul bēl nēmeqi column col. coll. collation, collated lw. loan word commentary (texts) MA Middle Assyrian comm. conjunction masc. masculine conj. mathematical (texts) math. corr. corresponding Middle Babylonian Cyrus MB Cyr. medical (texts) Dar. Darius med. meteorology, meteorological meteor. dat. dative dem. demonstrative (texts) MN month name denom. denominative determinative mng. meaning det. note diagn. diagnostic (texts) n. NA Neo-Assyrian disc. discussion Neo-Babylonian NBDN divine name document Nbk. Nebuchadnezzar II doc. dupl. duplicate Nbn. Nabonidus Neriglissar EĀ El-Amarna Ner. economic (texts) nominative econ. nom. numeral ed. edition num. Elam. Elamite OA Old Assyrian Esarh. Esarhaddon OAkk. Old Akkadian Old Babylonian OB esp. especially Etana Etans myth obv. obverse etym. etymology, etymological occ. occurrence, occurs Old Pers. Old Persian extispicy ext. fact. factitive opposite (of) (to) opp. original(ly) fem. feminine orig. fig. figure page fragment(ary) Palmyr. Palmyrene fragm. gen. genitive, general part. participle geographical pharmaceutical (texts) pharm. geogr. Gilg. Gilgāmeš phonetic phon. physiognomic (omens) Gk. Greek physiogn. pl. plural, plate glossary gloss. pl. tantum ĞN geographical name plurale tantum

#### Other Abbreviations

PN	personal name	stat. const.	status constructus
prep.	preposition	str.	strophe
pres.	present	Sum.	Sumerian
Pre-Sar	Pre-Sargonic	supp.	supplement
pret.	preterit	syll.	syllabically
pron.	pronoun, pronominal	syn.	synonym(ous)
prot.	protasis	Syr.	Syriac
pub.	published	Tigl.	Tiglathpileser
r.	reverse	Tn.	Tukulti-Ninurta I
redupl.	reduplicated, reduplication	trans.	transitive
ref.	reference	translat.	translation
rel.	religious (texts)	translit.	transliteration
rit.	ritual (texts)	Ugar.	Ugaritic
RN	royal name	uncert.	uncertain
RS	Ras Shamra	unkn.	unknown
8.	substantive	unpub.	unpublished
Sar.	Sargon II	v.	verb
SB	Standard Babylonian	var.	variant
Sel.	Seleucid	wr.	written
Sem.	Semitic	WSem.	West Semitic
Senn.	Sennacherib	x	number not transliterated
Shalm.	Shalmaneser	$\boldsymbol{x}$	illegible sign in Akk.
sing.	singular	x	illegible sign in Sum.
Skt.	Sanskrit		

### THE ASSYRIAN DICTIONARY VOLUME 10

#### M

#### PART TWO

mē see meat.

mê gaşşi see gaşşu in mê gaşşi.

mea (mng. unkn.); lex.\* kul = me-a Izi E 240.

meamlu see mamlu.

meammu see mammu.

meānu see mēnu A.

meat (mât, mē) num.; hundred; from OAkk. on, Akk. lw. in Sum.; pl. meātum, meattum (OB), mêtum (OB, Mari), mâtu (OB, Nuzi); wr. syll. and ME; cf. mêtā.

ugula 5 me.at =  $[akil \dots]$ , ugula 2 me.at =  $[MIN \dots]$  Lu II ii 10'f., cf. ugula 5 me.e.at, ugula 2 me.a.at, ugula me.at Proto-Lu 173a-b, 174, in MSL 1239.

a) followed by the object counted or the unit of measure: 6 li-mi 2 me-at SIG, Çiğ-Kizilyay NRVN 1 318:1 (Ur III); ina 2 me-at 45 subātī from the 245 pieces of fabric Kienast ATHE 62:4; 7 me-at 70+2 menuniānī pieces of menuniānu-fabric Adana 237 H 1, cited Hecker Grammatik § 68, cf. 1 lim 4 me-at 60 ibid. 4; note 3 me-at LÁ 4 TÚG CCT 1 36c:2; 2 me-at 20 MA.NA URUDU BIN 4 160:6; ištu 1 me-at bēri eqlim TCL 19 32:28; 2 me-at naruq BIN 4 38:33; note Túg.HI.A 1 me-at TCL 19 53:23 (all OA); 1 me-at 49 U. 149 sheep UET 5 111:1, cf. Kraus AbB 1 7:16; 1 me-a-at 96 U8.UDU.HI.A TCL 11 162:1, cf. 3 me-a-at (var. me-at) 11  $U_8$ .UDU.HI.A ibid. 6, var. from case 6; 5 me-a-ti ERÍN.HI.A TIM 2 38:11; ma-a-at hubūnī one hundred vessels VAS 16 4:29; 2 me-tum UDU.NITÁ CT 45 31:1; 1 me-e 80 sēni CBS 727:4, 6, cited Ungnad, VAB

1 me-at anše ARM 5 70:7; ana 1 lim 2 me-at Ab.HI.A for 1,200 cows ARM 1 118:8; I ME sāb GN u 3 me-tim sāb GN<sub>2</sub> ARM 2 22:21f.; 2 me-tim ṣābum qaqqadāt GN iphurunim two hundred elite soldiers from GN gathered ARM 2 75:9; ašar 2 me-tim ašar 3 me-tim ... sābam luggit ARM 1 42:32, cf. ibid. 29; aššum 5 me-at ṣābim ARM 5 18:5; qadum 3 me-tim sābim ARM 2 22:18; inūma 1 me-et ṣābam aṭarradu when I send one hundred soldiers ARM 2 23 r. 18', wr. ME ARM 1 16:9, and passim; 1 me-at 30 ú 8 GUD ša PN 138 head of cattle of PN Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 69 SH 867:15; ŠU.NIGIN 5 me-tim 26 sābum ša GN JAOS 88 121 SH 825:15; 1 me-at UDU.HI.A u GUD.HI.A Wiseman Alalakh 9:4 and 8; 1 ME 80 ANŠE . . . ŠE Loretz Chagar Bazar 12:1, cf. ibid. 5; 1 me-at 55 [MA.NA ...] MDP 28 435:1; naphar 1 ma-at 76 anše 70 še.meš 176 homers (and) seventy silas of barley HSS 9 44:1 (Nuzi); 1 ma-a-at anše a.šà.hi.a JEN 552:7; 2 ma-ti še.meš HSS 9 81:4, wr. 2 ma-at ŠE.MEŠ ibid. 1; 1 ma-at ina ammati HSS 9 19:6, cf. HSS 19 98:4 (all Nuzi); 2 me-at nar:  $kab\bar{a}ti$  KBo 1 3:15, cf. 1-en me-at [...] ibid. 15 r. 8; 1 me-at kaspa umalli MRS 9 234 RS 17.112:14; 2 me-at 1-en UDU MRS 12 121:1; 1 me-at lim šanāte one hundred thousand years EA 21:39; 2 me-tim amēlūti EA 196:35; 4 me-at Níg [...].MEŠ EA 22 iv 42; [x]  $lim \ 3 \ me^{-[e-ta]}[...]$  EA 29:93; 1  $lim \ 2$ me-ti libittu KAJ 87:1; 1 me 50 anše še-um. MEŠ KAJ 101:2 (both MA); 1 ME lim sīsāte one hundred thousand mares AnSt 7 128:16; 1 ME 20 lim bilat [...] ibid. 130:27 (let. of Gilg.); uncert.: 2 ma-at [...] TuL p. 16 r. ii 8; 3 me-e kaspi YOS 7 185:26 (NB); 2 me-e šēni Nbn. 824:13; 1 ME qaqqaru YOS 3

meburku mēdelu

110:10, but note 1 ME 60 qaqqar bābtu 2 ME qaqqar ina libbi assidir ibid. 19:8f. (both NB letters).

- b) without object counted: 4 li-im 3 meat û 20 MCT 18 PTS 247:1 (OB math.); obscure: 1 mi-at 60(?) Loretz Chagar Bazar 68:2 (— Iraq 4 185 A. 391) (OAkk.); ša kīma kāti ... 1 me-at ibaššû there are a hundred (men) like you TIM 2 16:41; ummānī ana šalaš me-at-tim lu itūr my army was indeed reduced to three hundred RA 8 65 i 19 and dupl. CT 36 4:21 (OB royal); šitta me-a-ti-im HS 100:14 (unpub. OB lit., cited AHw. 639).
- c) in the locative, in the mng. per cent (OA only): 1 me-at 30 ma.na urudu ša me-tum hamšat 130 minas of copper at a rate of five per cent CCT 143:4, cf. ibid. 7, BIN 4 72:4; 3 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ina me-tum 5 CCT 5 42b:22; ana me-tù-um ha me tum 5 CCT 5 42b:37; ina me-tum 5 TuM 1 2b:30.
- d) in the designations of officials: see akil meat, in lex. section; Lú.GAL.l.ME TuM 2-3 254:13, Nbn. 1045:3; ana PN Lú. GAL.l.ME-ia TCL 13 132:16; rab me-e Nbn. 481:3 (all NB).

Ad usage c: Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 161.

meburku (or mepurku) s.; alfa grass; OAkk., SB.

ú.numun<sub>2</sub>.a.bur.ra, ú.a.numun<sub>2</sub>, [ú.a.numun<sub>2</sub> šu.k]in = el-pe-tum me-e-bur-ki Hh. XVII 10-11a; ú.numun<sub>2</sub>.bur.ra = [el]-pet A.MEŠ-bur-ki = ur-b[a-tum] Hg. E 22, also Hg. B IV 178, in MSL 10 106 and 103; [šu.mu.un].búr = ú.numun<sub>2</sub>.búr.ra = MIN (= [el-pe-tum]) me-[e-bur-ki] Emesal Voc. II 168; ú.A.GUG<sub>4</sub> | el-pe-tú «||» me-e-bur-[ki || me]-[el el-pe-tum CT 41 30:11f.

ŠU.NIGIN 1 TÚG takkirum me-bur-ku-um LUGAL UET 3 1705 r. iii 27, iv 17 (list of garments).

In the lex. texts mê burki represents a popular etymology. For Sum. refs. see Römer Königshymnen 188 to line 176; see also el: petu discussion section.

mēdedu s.; thorn; syn. list\*; cf. edēdu.

pal-lu-uk-ku, hi-iš-šá-nu, me-de-du = ṣil-lu-ú
Malku II 146-148; [me-de-du]-ú = pu-uq-da-tu
An IX 96.

mēdeḥtu s.; patchwork, network (referring to markings on the gall bladder); OB; cf. edēḥu.

[šumma martum me-di]-ih-tum edhessima ina muhhi me-di-ih-tim padān imittim parik if the gall bladder is covered with patches (of tissue) and the right "path" lies crosswise on top of the patches YOS 10 59:7; šumma martum me-di-ih-tum edhessima me-di-ih-[ta-ša wa]siat if the gall bladder is covered with patches (of tissue) but its patches are disappearing (lit. moving out) ibid. obv. 5, cf. ibid. 6, cf. also ibid. 1-4, for other refs. see edēhu usage a-1'.

mēdelu s.; bar, bolt (of a door); EA, SB, NB; wr. syll. ( $min_4$ -dil(?) 3R 38 No. 2 r. 68) and GIŠ.ŠU.DIŠ; cf.  $ed\bar{e}lu$ .

su-hu-ub giš.šu.di.eš = m[e-d]i-[lum], na-ap-ra-[kum] Proto-Diri 148-148a; sa-ha-ab giš.šu.diš = [me-di-lu] Diri II 268; giš.šu<sup>šá-hab</sup>diš = mi-di-lum, giš.ig.šu.úr = MIN šá giš.I[G] Antagal F 234f.; giš.šu<sup>sa-hab</sup>diš = me-e-di-lu (var. me-di-lum) Hh. V 267.

giš.šu.diš.é.a.ta nam. (mu.un.da.ku4.ku4. dè>: ina mi-dil bīti min (= la terrubšu) do not penetrate to him through the house's bar ASKT p. 94-95 iii 49 and dupl. RA 17 125 iii 3 (SB inc.), cf. CT 16 9 iii 16f., 25 ii 39f., CT 17 1:20f.; see also CT 16 31:103f. cited erēbu lex. section; e.ne.ne.ne giš.ig nu.un.gi4.a.meš GIŠ.ŠU.DIŠ nu.un.gi4.a.meš : šunu daltu ul ikallūšunūti medi-lu ul utâr[šu]nūti the door does not hinder them, the bar does not turn them back CT 16 12:28ff.; ciš.šu.diš an.kù.ga.ta si.il.[le.da].zu.dè : mi-dil šamê ellüti [ina r]ummîka when you loosen the bar of the pure heavens 4R 17:7f. and dupl., see OECT 6 p. 46 (bit rimki IV); [GIŠ.ŠU].DI.EŠ. an.na.bi bi.ib.bi.mar.mar: me-di-il-ša tašhu[t] you have ripped loose its (heaven's) bars BA 5 572 No. 6:16f., dupl. sa.ha.ab a.na.a ib.mar. mar(text .RAD.RAD) UET 6 200:8; GIŠ.ŠU.DIŠ Tin.tirki giš.si.mar É.sag.íl še.eb É.zi.da : me-dil šu-ma šigar šu-ma libitti É.MIN the bar of Babylon, the lock of Esagil, the brick structure of Ezida Weissbach Misc. No. 13:73f., and dupl. 4R 18 No. 2 r. 7f., cf. ciš.šu.diš. Nibruki giš.si. mar.Nibru<sup>ki</sup> : mi-dil Nippuru ši-ga-ru Nippuru SBH p. 139:159f.; GIŠ.ŠU.DIŠ Ur[íki giš.si.mar. é.giš.nux(šir).gal] : giš mi-dil U[ri šigar Ekiš: nugal] Sjöberg Mondgott 169:47.

sak-ka-pu = mi-[di]-lu Malku II 175; sik-ku-ru, nap-ra-ku, sa-ak-ka-pu = mi-di-lu CT 183 r. iv 34ff.; mi-di-lu, pa-ar-ku, mar-kas dalti = šu-ul-bu-u ibid. 37ff. (syn. list).

mēdelu meḫānātu

mi-di-la sabtāt you have seized the bar (in broken context) EA 129:53; uncert.: la tupațțara min<sub>4</sub>-dil(text -BE) abullāti not remove the bars of the gates 3R 38 No. 2 r. 68 (= Tadmor, JNES 17 138 r. 19); me-dil ka-a-ri (in broken context) RAcc. 143:399; DIŠ GIŠ.ŠU.DIŠ SUM-šú if (he dreams that) they give him a bar (the secret will not come out) Dream-book 324 K.2018A:15 (SB); [sippu ši]gari me-di-il dalāti Lambert BWL 60:99 (Ludlul IV); GIŠ me-di-lu dalāti ... ša bāb papāḥi hurāṣa huššâ ušalbiš I covered the bar of the door(wings) of the door of the chapel with shining gold PBS 15 79 i 59, ef. CT 37 9:54, also sippī šigarī mi-di-lu dalāti ša Ebabbar VAB 4 96 ii 22 (all Nbk.), ibid. 258 ii 13, me-di-lu šūpûtu shining bars ibid. 256 ii 6, cf. giš me-di-lu u giš.nu.kúš. Ù.MEŠ  $\bar{e}ma$   $b\bar{a}b\bar{a}ti\check{s}u$  [...] AfO 22 5 iv 43 (all Nbn.); 1 kušur siparri ša me-di-lu(copy -su) one bronze ingot for a bolt GCCI 1 281:6 (NB).

mēdelu in ša mēdeli s.; man in charge of the bolt of the gate; SB; cf. edēlu.

lú.giš.šu.di.eš.àm (var. lú.giš.šu.da) lú.giš.si.[gar] kù.ga: *ša me-di-li ša šigari* JRAS 1919 191 r. 12, cf. RA 19 73 iii 36.

mediru see midru.

medru see midru.

medû adj.; known; NB; cf. idû.

Addaru diri lu me-dak-kun-ú-šú there is an intercalary Addaru, be it known to you ABL 401:9, also 1258:9, cf. the parallels lu tīda YOS 3 15:8, 115:6, cited idû mng. 1b-11'b'; send me rare tablets ša mi-dak-ku-nu-šim-ma that are known to you CT 22 1:29 (let. of Asb.); [ana] šarri bēlija lu-ú mi-di ABL 965:4 and 25, cf. kî la me-du-ú ABL 416 r. 1; itti libbišu mi-da-áš-šú (in broken context) ABL 965:22.

The NB forms may represent the stative of  $id\hat{u}$ —to be compared with SB  $lu\ e$ -dak-ka  $k\hat{a}$   $\hat{s}a$  Gilg. XI 224 (cited erroneously as  $\hat{u}$ -e-dak-ka sub  $id\hat{u}$  mng. 4a)—with initial w-glide (spelled m), from which secondarily a verb  $med\hat{u}/mad\hat{u}$  has been derived, which

occurs in stem II (D) in the forms umanda, umandi, etc., cited idû mng. 4f, and in the LB (stem IV) im-nin-da-ak-ka VAB 3 91 § 4:27 and 29, cited idû mng. 8a. Note also in EA the forms umandi, parallel to uaddi, cited idû mng. 4d (and tu-un-te-ed-dì arassa ... PN MRS 9 238 RS 17.231:4) and the form umandi Thompson Rep. 60:2, ACh Sin 2:10, cited idû mng. 4e-2'. The phrase inūma i-ma-an-du-ni-ku-ma Oppenheim Glass 52 § L 33 is obscure.

The refs. cited AHw. sub medû D (tu-ma-an-da 5R 45 K.253 iii 15 (gramm.), ina nēz meqi ... ša Marduk ... ú-ma-an-du-šu AOB 1 40:11, ša ina alākišu pan šamê ú-man-du-ú (explanation to hahhuratta) Kraus Texte 22 iv 13) are parallel to refs. cited sub idû as variant forms of idû or of (w)uddû.

medutu s.; (mng. unkn.); Nuzi\*.

1 mât 8 kuš.meš ša enzi š[a me]-du-ti 108 goat hides of/for m. HSS 15 196:3, cf. 60 kuš.meš ša udu ša me-du-ti gal 40 kuš.meš ša udu ša me-du-ti ša iltennūtu baqnūtu šu.nigin 1 mât kuš.meš ša me-du-ti.meš ibid. 5ff.

mēgiru see mēkiru.

mēgûtu s.; negligence; OB, SB; cf. egû v.

tukum.bi á.gá.la.dag(text .KAL).ga.ta gud.a gìr.pad.du.a.bi ba.an.zé.er: ina megu-[ti ...] ša alpi [...] u[ptassis] (if) through negligence the bones of an ox become damaged Ai. IV App. 1.

šumma awīlum alpam īgurma ina me-gutim ulu ina maḥāṣim uštamīt if somebody hires an ox and causes its death either by negligence or by beating CH § 245:8.

meḥānātu s. pl.; (mng. uncert.); NB.\*

tuppu IM.MEŠ u me-ha-na-ti-ku-nu ša taš= purani ... ultēbilakkunūši the letter with your empty words (lit. winds) and m.-s which you sent me I have sent back to you ABL 403:16 (let. of Asb.).

In view of the frequent occ. of šāru and mehû side by side, meḥānātu probably represents a derivative of mehû, q.v.

von Soden, Or. NS 35 4.

mehertu mehû A

mehertu s. fem.; woman of equal rank, value; OB, MA, SB; cf. mahāru.

- a) woman of equal rank: ali me-he-er-ti where is a woman who is a match for me? JCS 15 6 i 16 (OB lit.); la-a me-he-er-ti išnu: nanni a woman not of my rank rivaled me (incipit of a song) KAR 158 vii 17; qātija gag[ûm] līmur ša su-ni me-hi-ir-ti-ši-na uba'āma ana pani appišina izzaz the gagû should learn from my example, I will search for the .... of their colleagues and it will stand .... (obscure) Kraus AbB 1 138:20; if a woman of the harem salta istu me-he-erti-ša gar'at is engaged in a quarrel with a woman of a rank equal to hers AfO 17 287:104 (MA harem edicts).
- b) woman of equal value: u[la] kasapša [ul]a amtam me-he-er-[ta-ša] lušāria[kkum] I will have either her (price in) silver or a slave girl of equivalent value brought to you Tell Asmar 1931,309a:7;  $in\bar{u}ma$  igerranni amtam me-he-er-ta-ša  $u\bar{s}zazma$  ittallak whenever he intends to start a lawsuit against me, he will have to produce a slave girl of equal value and only then may he leave Tell Asmar 1931,164:6 (both early OB letters).

For the corr. masc. form, see *miḥru* mngs. 2a and 2b.

mehertu see mihirtu A.

mehişu s.; (a cutting tool?); RS.\*

[X URUD]U.MEŠ me-hi-s[u]-ma.MEŠ MRS 12 142:4.

Probably derived from maḥāṣu, cf. Ugar. mḥṣ "butcher."

mehiu see mehû B.

\*mehratu see mihirtu A.

\*mehretu see mihirtu A.

mehrītu see mihrītu.

mehru see mihru.

mehrû adj.; former; EA; cf. mahāru.

Just as RN has honored (him)  $[k\hat{\imath} \ldots]$  me-eh-ru-ti u  $k\hat{\imath}$  [sapar $\bar{\imath}ti$ ] [according to]

former [written orders(?)] and messages(?) EA 29:32 (let. of Tušratta).

meḥrû s.; advancement(?); OB; cf. mahāru.

aššum ṣa-bu-<ut>-ka ana me-eḥ-ri-i-im itz talkam because your wish has been realized (you pay no attention to us) Sumer 14 40 No. 17:10 (let.).

mehsu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

TÚG.U+SAG *ša me-eḥ-si* (between *kubšu ša sūni* and *kubšu ša* IM.MEŠ) Practical Vocabulary Assur

mehsû s.; (a metal cup); Mari.

5 GAL mi-ih-su- $\acute{u}$   $\mathring{K}\mathring{U}$ .BABBAR five m.-cups of silver (list of GAL-containers) ARM 7 239:4', also ibid. 102:1; 4 me-e[h-s]u- $\acute{u}$  uktan=numa ana erišti muhhê ukallu four m.-cups are set up, and they hold them ready for the needs of the ecstatics RA 35 8 iv 35 (rit.).

See also mahsû.

Bottéro, ARMT 7 312; Salonen Hausgeräte 2 141 f.

mehşu see mihşu.

mehû A s.; violent storm; from OB on.

[mi-ir] MIR = me-hu-u Idu II 22, also STT 395 r. 8 (excerpt from Idu II); mi-ir MIR = me-hu-u-um MSL 2 149 iii 11 (Proto-Ea); me.er.me.er = im. mir.ra = me-hu-u Emesal Voc. III 89; im.me.er. me.er = me-hu-u Igituh I 315; [im ...] = [me-h]u-u Kagal D Section 1:5.

 $u_4$ .gal = me-hu- $\dot{u}$  (in group with imhullu and  $s\bar{a}ru$  lemnu) Antagal N ii 10; sìg.sìg =  $s\bar{a}ru$ , me-hu-u,  $zaq\bar{\imath}qu$  Hh. II 306ff.; si(!)-si(!)-ig(!) [P]A.PA =  $s\dot{a}$ (!)-a(!)-rum, mi-hu(!)- $\dot{u}$ ,  $zaq\bar{\imath}qu$  A I/7 Part 2:15ff.; dal-ha-mun An.sum.ir×4 (forming a cross) (ŠL³ 323d) = me-hu-u (for context see  $a\bar{s}am\bar{s}\bar{u}tu$ ) CT 24 44:149 (list of gods).

mehû A mehû A

im.hul im.ux.lu: imhullu me-hu-ú evil wind, m. Lugale II 37; u<sub>4</sub> IM.u<sub>x</sub>.lu u<sub>4</sub> IM.u<sub>x</sub>.lu : ina um me-he-e ina min BA 5 630:13f., see Langdon, Gaster AV 345; IM.ux.lu.ginx(GIM): ša kīma me-e-hi-e Langdon BL 13:16f. (coll. E. Sollberger), for another bil. ref. see RAcc. 109:13f. cited usage d; il-lu-rugiš. Šub kuš. E. íb. ùr. mè šu. si. sá. da.zu u $_{\mathbf{x}}$  ha.ra.an.du $_{\mathbf{B}}$ Ú $_{\mathbf{R}}$ .du $_{\mathbf{B}}$ Ú $_{\mathbf{R}}$ .ne : tilpānu ukabābu ina šutēšuriki me-hu-u lisūruki may the storms rage for you when you direct the throw stick(?) and shield RA 12 74:17f.; ux.lu ma.ra. ab.sig.ge: ina me-he-e x x x Kramer Two Elegies 24; [...]  $u_x$ .lu (var. [IM]. $u_x$ ) gu.gin<sub>x</sub> ši.in.kud [...] : [rit]ta kīma qê me-he-e iparra' it cuts off a hand (as easily) as a thread (in) a m.storm CT 17 25:28f.; e.ne.èm.mà.ni ... u4 lù.lù: amassu ūm me-he-e SBH p. 13:1ff., cf. [... l]ù.lù : [...] ina(!) me(!)-he-e dulluhat translat. see dalāhu mng. 3a) SBH p. 68:14f.; e.lum m.ginx m.ginx: kabtu kīma šāri // ina me-he-e # kīma šāri SBH p. 9:90f.

giš.šinig aš me.er.me.ri dù.a.gin<sub>x</sub>: kīma bīni ēdi ina me-he-e ušēmanni SBH p. 10:133f.; [me].ri.me.ri : me-hi-a-am (for context see ašamšūtu lex. section) CBS 11319+ iv 23; kalam. ma IM.mir.ra.gin<sub>x</sub> zi.zi.meš : ana māti kīma me(var. mi)-he-e tebûni šunu they (the demons) rise against the land like a m.-storm CT 16 21:146f., cf. á.sàg mir.gin<sub>x</sub> ki.a mu.un.d[u<sub>2</sub>.du<sub>7</sub>] : asakku kīma me-he-e ina erseti ištappû UET 6 392:2; IM.mir.ra im.hul : me-hu-ú šāru lemnu CT 16 19:25f.

 $me-hu-\acute{u}= \delta \acute{a}$ -a-ru Malku III 175;  $me-\mathring{h}[u]$ -u= MIN (= a- $\delta am$ - $\delta u$ - $t\acute{u}$ ) ibid. 196.

a) in gen.: GI.IG-ti ana sērma labīrat u me-hu-ú uptassissi moreover, my reed door was old and a storm had ruined it TLB 4 34:14 (OB let.); ina šārim ú-ri-im in mi-he-e sulūlu elišin atrusma I spread a roof over them in the wind, a canopy in the storm Unger Babylon pl. 53 (p. 283) ii 15 (Nbk.); ašam= šātu issanunda isar me-hu-ú the dust storms were whirling, the storm dancing BBSt. No. itbûnimma šāri erbetti me-6 i 32 (Nbk. I); he-e rabûti there arose the four winds, severe m.-storms VAB 4 242 i 52, also 236 ii 11 (both Nbn.), cf. šāru me-hu-u ABL 755 r. 19 (NB);  $sib\hat{u}$   $\bar{u}mu$  ...  $me(var. mi)-hu-\dot{u}$  ...  $in\bar{u}h$  on the seventh day the storm subsided Gilg. XI 129; 6 urri u [7] mūšāti illak šāru abū[bu m]e-hu-ú isappan māta six days and seven nights the wind was blowing, the flood, the m-storm leveling the land Gilg. XI 127, cf. ibid. 108f.; illik rādu me-hu-ú  $[ab\bar{u}bu]$  Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 96:25, cf.

 $me-hu-\dot{u}$   $r\bar{a}du$  ibid. 124:7, also (in broken  $me-hu-\acute{u}$  ibid. 92 iii 5;  $me-hu-\acute{u}$ context) itbâm ipir pa-ni-šú(!) iktumu a storm arose and covered his face with dust BRM 46:8, me-he-e šāru lemnu ilmâ see TuL p. 92, MVAG 21 88:13 (Kedorlaomer text); šamāmiš dikīššu me-hu-ú šāru lemnu raise against him a m.-storm, an evil wind Streck Asb. 114 v 45; ša (or emend to ša- $\langle ar \rangle$ ) mi-he-e-em izīgam šārum lemnum Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 4:18 (OB inc.); ina mithur me-hi-im abar[šu im= qut] (for translat. see abru B) RA 46 96:77 (OB Epic of Zu), cf. STT 21 iii 106 and dupls. (SB recension), see Ebeling, RA 46 36 r. 9, 38:16 and 32; tirra kišpīša ana me-he-e amâtiša ana šāri turn her sorcery into a m.-storm, her words into wind Maqlu V 56, cf. ibid. VI 32, also 4R 59 No. 1 r. 13, cf. kišpūša lu  $\check{s}\bar{a}ru$   $ki\check{s}p\bar{u}\check{s}a$  lu  $me-hu-[\acute{u}]$  Maqlu VIII 57; išātumma išātu išāt me-hu-u išāt qabli fire, fire, fire of the storm, fire of the battle AfO 23 41:19 (SB inc.), also Köcher BAM 406:8, see Lambert AfO 23 44; me-hu-ú dannu qaq: qadī uttik PBS 1/1 14:7, cf. me-hu-u rabûtu (in broken context) AfO 19 50:19; ibni imhulla šāra lemna me-ha-a (var. me-hu-ú) ašamšūtu En. el. IV 45; Marduk bēl šibţu šāru [...] u mi-he-e šākinu rihsu AfO 18 386:9; hāmim kullat me-he-e Borger, BiOr 30  $d_{DAL.HA.MUN} = Adad$  ša me-he-eCT 24 40 xi 47 (list of gods), cf. (DN)  $me-hu-\dot{u}$ (var. me-he-e) ša šamriš illaku (Sum. broken) RA 17 152 r.(!) ii 8, var. from KAR 48 fragm. 2 ii 8;  $k\bar{\imath}ma$  im.diri.meš me-ha-a  $i-x-\lceil \ldots \rceil$  as the clouds [...] the m.-storm Lambert BWL 192:10 (SB fable); šušhit urpa mi-ha-a [...] CT 13 34 r. 2, cf. ibid. 5 (SB lit.); me-hu-u li-[zi-qam-ma] Or. NS 36 35 r. 2 (namburbi); itti šāri lilliku itti me-he-e linūšu may they blow away with the wind, may they fade with the PSBA 37 195:13; ina me-he-e ašar akbusu ul idi in the m.-storm I did not know where I stepped PSBA 23 pl. after p. 192:17 (SB lament.);  $ann\hat{u}$  me- $\hbar u$ - $\hat{u}$  (in broken context) Köcher BAM 248 ii 46 (inc.); me-ha-a (in broken context) KAR 352:6.

b) in omen protases: šumma gišimmaru balu mi-hi-e imtaqut if a palm tree has fallen

mehû A mēkeku

down without there having been a storm CT 41 19 K.2851+ r. 15, cf. (preceded by IM.U<sub>X</sub>.LU south wind) TCL 6 9:19, dupl. CT 40 40:60; šumma ... me-hu-ú illik TCL 6 9:23, dupl. CT 40 40:64 (all SB Alu); šumma me-he-e IM.MAR.TU ZI-a if a m.-storm rises in the west Thompson Rep. 258 r. 1, also BM 99003 r. 5, (in the south) Thompson Rep. 256 B r. 1; šumma tarbaṣ me-he-e lami // UD.1.KAM tarz baṣu lamīma u me-he-e DU-ma if (the moon) is surrounded by a storm-halo, explanation: on the first day it is surrounded by a halo and the storm blows TCL 6 17 r. 24; ezib ša ... me-hu-u TE-am zunnu izannunu Adad rigimšu iddû AfO 11 361:29 (tamītu).

c) in apodoses: ti-bu-ut me-he-e there will be a m.-storm YOS 10 25:24 (OB ext.), also tib me-he-[e] CT 38 46:8 (SB Alu), CT 31 23 Rm. 482:12 (SB ext.); ina me-he-e migitti kubri RA 65 74:76 (OB ext.); šumma zunnu izannun šumma mīlu illakam šumma tibût me-he-e šumma Adad rigimšu inaddi šumma birqu [ibarriq] either it will rain, or the flood will come, or a m.-storm will rise, or it will thunder or there will be lightning ZA 52 252:103 (SB astrol.); me-hu-u ina  $m\bar{a}ti$ ibašši there will be a m.-storm in the land TCL 6 2:44 (SB ext.), dupl. CT 30 6 r. 12; mehu-u kur ir-rim a m.-storm will cover the land Labat Calendrier p. 232:22, also § 93:11, § 102:9, cf. § 93:5;  $me-hu-u \ rit-ku-s[u]$  ibid. p. 228:31; me-hu-u zi-a ibid. § 77':9,  $t\bar{t}b$  me-he-eibid. § 84:7; me-hu-ú zI-ma LKU 107 r. 13, also, with me-he-e šūti, me-he-e iltāni ibid. 14f.; me-hi-e IM.Ux.LU ZI-ma ACh Supp. 2 Sin 37:11, also (with north and east) ibid. 12f., and passim; note: me-hu-ú Ux u KUR ŠÁR.MEŠ DU.MEŠ — m.-storms from the south and east .... LBAT 633:2 and 3 (LB astron. diary).

d) in similes and metaphoric use: dìm. me.er kilib.bi.ir.ra dug<sub>4</sub>.ga.bi.zu.šè gi u<sub>x</sub>.lu.gin<sub>x</sub> mu.un.sìg.sìg.ga.e.ne: ana qibītika ilāni napharšunu kīma qanē me-he-e i-šu-ub- ⟨bu⟩ at your command all the gods bend down like reeds in a m.-storm RAcc. 109:13f., cf. kīma GI me-he-e išubbu KAH 2 84:22 (Adn. II), Borger Esarh. 57 iv 81, cf. also En. el. VII 108; kīma ezzi tīb me-hi-e

(var. -i) assuh šurussun like a raging m.storm, I tore up their roots Borger Esarh. 58 v 16; kīma tīb me-he-e šamri ana nakri azīq OIP 2 45 v 77, cf. ibid. 83:44 (Senn.); kīma tīb me-he-e ezzi aktum GN ana sihirtiša Streck Asb. 26 iii 34; [kīma t]īb me-he-e ashupma Lie Sar. p. 52:16; ša kīma ūmi me-ķe-e ramû who is clad in anger like a uggassustormy day Lambert BWL 343:5 (Ludlul I); in the storm ina mi-he-e tāḥazišunu of their battle (one man could not see another) BBSt. No. 6 i 33 (Nbk. I);  $[k\bar{i}m]a$ me-he-e lizīgašinātima [mur]su di'u šuruppû asakku Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 106:11, cf. ibid. 15, for similes likening demons to a m.-storm see lex. section; ibrūtka mi-hu-ú  $ab\bar{u}bu$  your friendship is a storm, a flood Lambert BWL 208:20 (fable); note: immer mi-he-e gír im tabhu ikkalu mitūtu šunu ikkalu šārumma sheep of the m-storm, slaughtered with a knife of wind, the dead eat it, they eat it — it is nothing but wind! KAR 252 iii 52, dupl. Dream-book 338 K.4103:5 uncert.: UD.3.KAM kīma me-hi-e-em (inc.); I (fem.) have been in a state like a .... (possibly for  $mahh\hat{u}$ ) for three days Fish Letters 4:22 (OB).

For ABL 403:16, see meḥānātu.

mehû B (mehiu) s.; evening; OAkk. (Elam); cf. tamhû s.

ištēn immeram in kīṣim ištēn immeram in me-hi(!)-im ūmišam ukīnšum u narē urri tamhê bāb DN ušazmer he established for him daily one sheep (offering) at dawn and one sheep (offering) in the evening, he had singers perform day and night at the gate of Šušinak MDP 4 pl. 2 ii 15; l u<sub>8</sub> me-hi-um ZI.GA NÍG.KÚ.A DINGIR.RA one ewe (for) the evening sacrifice expended for the god's meal (beside ewes for deities, as sá.dug<sub>4</sub>) MDP 23 304:11, 305:11.

mēkeku s.; scratcher, scraper; lex.\*; cf. ekēku.

giš.úr.gaz = me-ke-ku, giš.úr.gaz.ku<sub>6</sub> = KI.MIN nu-ú-ni, giš.úr.gaz.mušen = KI.MIN işşu-ri Hh. VII A 36ff.; [giš.úr.g]az = me-ki-kum (after ekēku, ukkuku, ekketu, q.v.) Nabnitu F a 24'.

mekkû B

mekēlu v.; (mng. unkn.); SB\*; I, II. tu-ma-ak-kal 5R 45 K.253 iii II (gramm.).

šumma šārat qaqqadi me-ki-il if the hair of (his) forehead is .... Kraus Texte 2b r. 16 and dupls., see MVAG 40/2 82:100.

For ABL 1194 r. 4 see miklu; in ABL 877 r. 5 read ina aḥullā indi būr zēri.

mekēru see makāru A.

mēkiru (mēgiru) s.; irrigator; god list\*; cf. makāru A v.

dNin.mah = MIN (dÉ-a) ša mi-ki-ri CT 25 47 Rm. 483:7, also, wr. me-gi-ri CT 24 43:137 (lists of gods).

mekītu s.; (mng. uncert.); lex.\*

[a-ra] [A.DU] = al-ka-ka-tum, šib-qu, me-ki-tum, ši-tu-lum A I/1:195-198.

A reading šibqitu is also possible, but such a by-form of šibqu "trick" is not otherwise attested. Possibly the meaning of mekitu is to be connected with the following entry,  $šit\bar{u}lu$ , see  $mek\hat{u}$  v.

mekku s.; a type of (raw) glass; EA, RS, SB, NA.

- a) in EA, RS: 80 NA<sub>4</sub> mi-ki ša naši MRS 6 187 RS 1543:8; NA<sub>4</sub>.MEŠ me-e-ku // ehlipakku MRS 12 6:40, cf. NA<sub>4</sub>.MEŠ me-e-ki ibid. 42; NA<sub>4</sub> me-e-qu (in broken context) ibid. 13:3'; aššum NA<sub>4</sub> me-ku ša ibašši ittija attadin ana šarri bēlija 1 meat KI.LÁ concerning the m.-glass which is in my hands I have (already) given one hundred units of weight to the king, my lord EA 148:5 (let. of Abimilki, king of Tyre).
- b) in glass texts: NA<sub>4</sub> me-ek-ku mil'a ša tele'[emu] [the mixture of] m.-glass (and) mil'u-mineral(?) which you have tested(?) Oppenheim Glass 55 § U:8; [ana 2 MA.NA] NA<sub>4</sub> me-ek-ki marqi for two minas of finely ground m.-glass (you take x immanakku-mineral, x potash in mineral form, etc.) ibid. r. 3.
- c) as glass bead: NA<sub>4</sub> me-ku NA<sub>4</sub> arzallu NA<sub>4</sub>.LAMMA Köcher BAM 375 i 13 (list of amulet stones); uqnû pappardillû şurru arqu me-ku-u

sāmtu MAR. (ḤA).ŠI dLAMMA ibid. 333:39, also Köcher BAM 376 iv 5, 367:37, 368 i 7; 2 me-ku (between kapāṣu and GUG MAR.ḤA.ŠI) Köcher BAM 366 ii 21.

Possibly the same word occurs in NA<sub>4</sub> ma-ak.MEŠ ša-te-ir ú-ma-mu KUB 3 39 r. 5 (list of precious gifts from Egypt).

Oppenheim, JAOS 93 260f.

mekkû A s.; driving stick (for a hoop); SB.

el-lag LAGAB = pu-uk-ku, me-ek-ku-u Ea I 35f., also A I/2:73f.; el-lag GIŠ.LAGAB = pu-uk-ku, me-ik-ku-u Diri II 295f.; giš. $^{i1$ -lag}LAGAB = pu-uk-ku, giš $^{g1}$ -i8-min (= $^{i1}$ -lag)LAGAB = me-ik-ku-u Hh. VI 43f., cf. Hg. A I 56f., in MSL 6 75.

e-lagellag giš.dù.a.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) nin.mè. a ur.a.ra sì.sì.ga.ba.ni.íb : kīma pukku u mi-ik-ke-e bēlet tāhazi šutamhişu tamhāru O lady of the battle, let the fight clash like hoop and driving stick RA 1274:5f., see Hruška, ArOr 37 488; giš.ellag.mu kur.šè mu. da.šub a.ba.a  $ma.ra.ab.e_x(DU_6+DU)$ . dè giš.E.kid.ma.mu ganzir.šè mu.da. šub a.ba.a ma.ra.ab.e<sub>x</sub>.dè : UD pu[kku]ana erseti imqut[annima] mi-ik-ke-e(var. -ia) ana erseti i[mqutanni] today my hoop has fallen down into the nether world (Sum. who will retrieve it for me?), my driving stick has fallen down into the nether world (Sum. adds: who will retrieve it for me?) Gilg. XII 5 restored from CT 46 34:2ff., Sum. courtesy A. Shaffer, cf. ud.da giš.ellag. gá.e ga.mu.ra.ab.ex.dè kur.ta giš.E.Kìd.ma.zu ganzir.ta gá.e ga.mu. ra.a[b.ex.d]è: UD pukku ultu erşeti anāku uš[elli] me-ik-ke-e ultu erșeti anāku uše[lli] cf. also abu DN UD pukku ana erșeti imqutanni mi-ik-ke-e [ana erșeti] im= qutanni O, Father Sin, today the hoop fell into the nether world, the driving stick fell into the nether world Gilg. XII 64.

Landsberger, WZKM 56 124ff.

mekkû B (mikkû) s.; (a reed sieve); OB. gi.ma.an.sim.šu.gál = mi-ik-ku-ú = mu-šam-qit-tum Hg. A II 30 and 52 f, in MSL 7 70 and 68.

1 GI.MA.AN.SIM 1 GI.MA.AN.SIM NÍG.ÀR.RA 1 GI me-ek-ku-ú Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 38 r. 11. mekkû C mekû

According to the designation and the OB passage, mekkû should be a type of reed sieve (perhaps a "hand sieve") rather than the reed used to make the flour pass through the sieve.

mekkû C (mekû) s.; (part of a harness or pack); lex.\*

giš. su-hur su hur = me-ek-ku-ú (var. ma-gi-gu) (among items of harness) Hh. VII A 148, var. from RS 17.98, also (with gud and anše = MIN al-[pi] and MIN i-me-ri) ibid. 149f.; [giš. su hur] = me-ek-ku-ú = mul-taš-ki-nu Hg. A II 87, in MSL 6 110.

mekû A (mikû) s.; (a medicinal plant); SB.\*

Ú me(var. mi)-ku-u : Ú ma-ru Uruanna III 429

Ú.NU.LUḤ.ḤA 1 sūt mc-ke-e (var. mi-ki-i) (among ingredients for a medication) Jastrow, Transactions of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia 35 (1913) 400:35, var. from AMT 102:15.

mekû B s.; (an opening in the city wall?); lex.\*

giš.zú.ra.aḥ (var. su.ra.aḥ), giš.ki.lá, giš. má, giš.á.ki.lá, giš.é.má, giš.éš.lá, giš.šu.lá, giš.ás.lá, giš.kuš.lá, giš.áx, giš.dù.a, giš.igi.gál = me-ku-ú (among siege instruments) Hh. VII A 101-105, giš.igi.gál.bàd = MIN (= me-ku-ú) du-ú-ri ibid. 106.

For another equivalent to igi.gál(.bàd) see saddu.

mekû C s.; orders, provisions(?); OAkk. (Elam).

ša tuppam šua ušamsaku u me-ki-šu [uš]balakka (tu) whoever overturns this inscription and violates its provisions MDP 6 pl. 5:59 (Indattu-Inšušinak), see SAKI 180:66.

mekû D s.; (a type of song); lex.\* e.líl.lá = me-ku-ú Izi D iv 28.

mekû (makû) v.; 1. to be negligent, to neglect a task, to disregard something, 2. II/2 (same mngs.), 3. šutemkû (uncert. mng.); OB, Mari, MB, EA, SB; I imki—imekki (imakki) — imp. miki, II/2, III/2, III/4; cf. mēkû, temkû.

[K]A.SAL = me-ku-u ša KA, [G]I<sub>4</sub>-ME = me-ku-u ša  $am\bar{e}li$  Antagal VIII 55f., cf. [...] = me-ku-u ša [x]-[...], MIN šá [...] CT 51 171:4f.; da.rí.an. šub (text .ši) = me-ku-u = (Hitt.) ši-ip-pa-an-du-ar to libate (probably mistake for  $eg\hat{u}$ , see  $eg\hat{u}$  v., and interpreted as  $meqq\hat{u}$  "libation" by the Hitt. scribe, see Hoffner, JAOS 87 301ff.) Izi Bogh. A 271.

la.ba.an.gi<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>4</sub>.me.a = la tu-um-te-k[i] OBGT XV 32.

 $na ext{-}pe ext{-}er ext{-}ku ext{-}u = ma ext{-}ku ext{-}u$  Malku VIII 135;  $e ext{-}zu ext{-}ub$ ,  $ma ext{-}šis ext{-}tum = la te ext{-}me ext{-}ek ext{-}ki$  (see ezib interj.) Malku III 111 f.

- 1. to be negligent, to neglect a task, to disregard something — a) to be negligent: on the 28th of the month I will arrive at your place la te-me-ik-ki do not be negligent Aro, WZJ 8 567f. HS 110:25, cf. ibid. 15, also (in broken context) ibid. 571 HS 113:32; UD. 28.Kam kî la me-ke-e akaššadakku arrive at your place on the 28th of the month without fail ibid. 567 HS 110:3 (all MB); šum: ma PN ina 1 ūmi ina kirê i-ma-ku 1 MA.NA erâ urihulli ana 1 ūmi umalla if PN becomes negligent (even) for one day with regard to the orchard he pays a fine of one mina of copper per day HSS 9 28:18 (Nuzi); awata gabba ša igabbakku šimaššu damgiš danniš u epuš damqiš danniš u ussur ussur la da-miik-ki listen very carefully to every word he says to you, and carry it out very diligently, be very much on guard, do not be negligent EA 367:14 (= RA 19 100); aššum amâti an: nâti la banâti ša ina mātija innepšū ul emte-ki I was not neglectful with respect to these bad things that happened in my EA 17:18; difficult: DUG4.DUG4 country he promises (but) is negligent(?) i-ma-kiDream-book 317:10, 12, cf. DUG<sub>4</sub>.GA i-mi-ik-ki ibid. 319 K.4570+ :12; [ina še]ţūti ša abbēja nakrū [Lú Ka]l-da-a šaknuni im-ku-u iš-ši-tu STT 65:5.
- b) to neglect a task, to disregard something: [inan]na Lú GN [x x] x íd-šu i-me-ku-ú ARM 5 56:12; suḥārtum ... kezrūtaš[a] [...] la te-me-ek-[ki] as to the girl, do not disregard (her) status as a kezertu-woman BE 17 97:7; DN ... napšātika liṣṣur u ana šalāmika la i-mi-ik-ki may Gula guard your life and not be negligent concerning your well-being PBS 1/2 30:6 (both MB letters);

mekû melammu

tēma ša aškunuka la te-mi-ik-ki do not neglect the order I gave you EA 356:33 (Adapa); u [la i]-mi-ki šarru bēlij[a] [i]štu mātišu may the king, my lord, not disregard his own country EA 192:16; lu la te-me-ik-e kimē ana ardūti ana ša bēlija lu kittu tāmaršu[n]u you must not neglect the fact that for servants loyalty toward my lord is indeed their aim(?) EA 51 r. 11; ana ekurrāti ša māti ša ta-maku-ú mi-ki-ma ana šâšu la ta-me-ka-a-šú ana É.KUR É.TÙR.KALAM.MA neglect the sanctuaries of the country as much as you wish (lit. which you are neglecting), but do not neglect this one, the temple Eturkalamma JSS 4 9 K.6082:15 (SB); ana minâ im-ku-ú in what respect has he been negligent? AfO 19 52:158;  $min\hat{a}$   $am-ku-\hat{u}$   $g\hat{u}l-l[a-...]$  K.6628 + Sm. 1896 r. 3, cf.  $l\bar{a}m \ im - ku - \acute{u} \ im - [\ldots]$  ibid. 18 (courtesy W. G. Lambert); note an-gi... la an-gi BiOr 30 169 iii 11.

- 2. II/2 (same mngs.): see la tu-um-te-k[i] OBGT XV 32, in lex. section.
- 3. šutemkû (uncert. mng.): RN ... mu-uš-te-im-ki mātim birīt GN u GN<sub>2</sub> Šamši-Adad, the one who gathers in(?) the land between the Tigris and the Euphrates AOB 1 22 i 5, also Syria 20 98:6 (both Šamši-Adad I); šarru ... ša ... mātāti napharšina kīma qê uš-ta-ti-en-kám-ma the king who gathers in(?) all the lands like .... STT 40:6 (let. of Gilg.), see AnSt 7 128; [šumma GIŠ].HUR IGI-i ANŠE.HAR ša imitti/šumēli uš-te-en-ki if the front part(?) of the mark covers(?) the right/left "donkey" of the lung (preceded by ībir crosses) KAR 422:29f. (SB ext.).

The forms listed in mng. 3 have no plausible semantic connection with the verb mekû. Possibly they represent a quadriliteral šutēmk/qû (cf. šutērsú).

mekû see mekkû C.

mēkû (mākiu) adj.; idle; NA\*; cf. mekû v. lú.al.gi<sub>4</sub>.me.a = me-ku-um OBGT XV 21.

x thousand and two hundred, the deficit [š]a ummāni mītūti [u] ma-ki-u-te ša ana harrāni [i]sseni la illikūni from the dead and absentees who did not come with us on

the campaign ABL 1180:26, see Postgate Taxation 295.

mēkûtu s.; lack, want; SB; cf. makû v.

lu ina niksi pilšu [lu ina ... lu] ina mi-ku-ti ša sābē ša libbi āl[i] (will the city be conquered) by a breach or a mine [or by ... or] because of lack of soldiers within the city? PRT 10:8, cf. [lu in]a bubūti lu ina mi-ku-ti [lu ina danāna lu ina niksi] Knudtzon Gebete 19:7, also lu ina mi-ku-ti ibid. 16:2; uncert.: nakru āl maṣṣartija ina ME-ku-tú isabbat the enemy will take my fortified town through .... W. 22307/28:17, cf. āl maṣṣarti nakri ina me-ku-tú tasabbat ibid. 18 (courtesy H. Hunger), dupl. Leichty Izbu X 7f., cf.  $m\bar{a}tu$  ina ME-ku-ti issabbat =  $m\bar{a}tu$ ina me-niš-ti issabbat the country will be conquered through weakness 2R 47 i 20 (comm.).

The context of the Izbu passage suggests that the word is to be read \*sibqūtu\*, a byform of \*sibqu "ruse"; for Küchler Beitr. 2 (pl. 1 i) 14f., ina ME-ku-ti (or \*sip-ku-ti) lēssu tamaḥḥaṣ ina ME-ku-ti (or \*sip-ku-ti) tumaš: <\*ad>su\*, see mašādu mng. 4.

For Sumer 13 71:4 (= Ištar hymn C 121) see  $makk\bar{u}ru$ .

melammu (melimmu, malemmu) s.; 1. radiance, supernatural awe-inspiring sheen (inherent in things divine and royal), 2. glow of good health; from OB on; Sum. lw.; malemmu VAS 10 214 iv 8, melimmu in OB lit.; pl. melammū; wr. syll. and ME.LAM; cf. melammū.

me.lám = me-l[am]-mu Igituh I 100, cf. me.lám = me-lam-mu Igituh short version 128; me.lamlám = me-lam-m[u] Lu Excerpt II 101; me.lámme-li-mu, me.lámpu-lu-ub-tum Proto-Izi II 141 and 143; me.lám = mi-[li-im-mu] Proto-Izi II Bil. Section A iv 7'.

dUtu me.lám an.na kur.kur.ra bí.dul: Šamaš me-lam-me šamê mātāti taktum you, Šamaš, have covered the heavens and all the countries with your sheen OECT 6 p. 52:9f.; me.lám.zu kur.kur.ra sù.sù.me.en: me-lam-mu-ka mātāti kašū (see kašū A lex. section) BRM 4 8:29; me.lám. ma engur.ra ku6 mu.ni.íb.šeg6: me-lam-mu-ŭ-a ina apsīm nūnī [ušabšal] (see apsū mng.la-l'b') SBH p. 106:66f.; me.lám.zu an.kù.ga šú.a:

melammu melammu

(melammūka) šamė ellūtim sahpu your (the moon god's) sheen covers the pure sky AnBi 12 71:11; lugal.e u4 me.lám.bi nir.gál : šarru ūmu ša me-lam-mu-šú etellu king, storm, whose sheen is outstanding Lugale I 1; used with syn. terms: ní me.lám.mu ba.e.en.ne.en.dul (var. ba.e. ne.en.dul) : puluhti mi-lam-mi-ia iktum[kunūti] (see katāmu lex. section) Lugale X 26, cf. Angim II 23; ní me.lám An.na an.šà.ta sag.gá.eš mu. un.rig,.ga: puluhti me-lam-me Anu ina qereb šamê ana širikti išrukšu he presented him in heaven with the terror-inspiring sheen of Anu Angim II 11, cf. ibid. 9; ní me.lám an.ginx(GIM) dugud.da.mu. dè sag a.ba mu.un.gá.g[á]: ana puluhti melam-me-ia ša kīma Anu kabtu mannu i'ir (see âru v. lex.section) Angim III 19; [s]u.zi me.lám gùr.ru u, al.tar ní.huš.ri.a.bi : ša puluhtu mi-lam-mi našû ūmu dāpinu ša rašubbatu ramû (see dāpinu lex. section) 4R 27 No. 4:48ff.; (Nabû) me.lám huš ní ri: ša me-lam-mi ezziš ramû Lambert, Studies Albright 346:32; su.zi bi.in.ri me. lám.bi an.mu4.mu4 : ša šalummāt ramû litbušu me-lam-mi (see labāšu lex. section) 4R 26 No. 3:8f.; dingir me.lám.a.ni su.lim ba.an.tuk.a : ilu ša me-lam-mu-šu šalummata išû KAR 101:6, cf. me.lám nigin ... ní.huš ri.a : mi-lam-me šutashur ... rašubbatu rami 4R 25 iii 10f.; gi.a me.lám a.[...] : mu-šu me-lam-ma-šu [...] STT 171:73f., ef. 4R 24 No. 1:9f., BA 5 638 No. 7 r. 11f.; for other bil. refs. see mng. la-I', lb,

me·lam·mu = ša·ru·ru An IX 7; me·lam·me = pu·ul·hu LTBA 2 2:58; šá·lum·ma·tú = me·lam·mu CT 26 40 iv 22, dupl. AfO 19 pl. 32 iii 44 (astrol. comm.), see Weidner Handbuch 12.

1. radiance, supernatural awe-inspiring sheen (inherent in things divine and royal) a) said of deities — 1' in gen.: ušaššīši ma-li-im-mi rašubbatam u gurdam he (Anu) made her bear awe-inspiring sheen and heroism VAS 10 214 iv 8 (OB Agušaja); meli-im-mi warkatam i nište'i Gilg. O.I. edge 1, cf. me-li-im-mu ihalliqu ibid. 11f.; rirrū u mi-li-im-mu kûmma Ištar Sumer 13 73:12; girru labiš me-lam-me fire, garbed in sheen Böllenrücher Nergal 50:9, cf. labiš namurrati u me-lam-mu Or. NS 36 118:45; (Ištar) Girru litbušat me-lam-me našāta Streck Asb. 78 ix 80; Sin bēl mi-lam-me-e KAR 69:22, see Biggs Šaziga 76; labiš mi-lam-mi ešret ilāni clad in the splendor of ten gods En. el. I 103; mi-lam-mu-ka ištene'd they look for your (Šamaš') sheen Lambert BWL 126:11; galtu mi-lam-mu-šu-nu sāhip hursāni whose frightful splendor (referring to the scorpion monsters) covers the mountains Gilg. IX ii 8; the ušumgallu-monsters pul: hāti ušalbišma me-lam-mu uštaššâ iliš um: taššil he clad in terror, made them bear an awesome sheen and changed them (thus) into divine beings En. el. II 24, also III 28 and 86, cf. (Marduk) nahlapta ... pulhāti halipma me-lam-mi rašubbati apir rāšuššu wrapped in an awe-inspiring cloak, wearing on his head the terrible sheen En. el. IV 58; mi-lam-me halip labiš pulhāti Lambert BWL 48:12 (Ludlul III); ilu ša me-lám-šu šur-bu*ú namrirrī za'nu* Hinke Kudurru i 13; [...] hitbuşūtu mi-lam-[me] asmūtu BBSt. No. 10:7 (Šamaš-šum-ukin); galtu me-lam-mu-šu usah: hapu nagab zajārī AfO 18 48 Rm. 142:4; melam-mu-šu ezzūti ishupuni ZA 43 17:54, cf. (Adad) halip me-lam-me  $ez[z\bar{u}]ti$ Reliefstele 4, also me.lám.zu šúr.ra: mela[m-m]i-[k]a ezzūti ASKT p. 121:10f., see OECT 6 p. 33; me.lám huš: me-lam-me ezzūti 4R 18 No. 3:33f., also BA 5 648 No. 14:5; melam Aššur bēlija ishupšunūtima the terror of my lord Aššur overwhelmed them AKA 55 iii 69, also (beside pulhu adīru) AKA 42 ii 38 (Tigl. I), pulhi me-[lam]-me ša Aššur Scheil Tn. II 15, pulhi me-lam-me AKA 273 i 57, and passim in Asn., also Iraq 25 54:42, and passim in Shalm. III, 1R 30 ii 42 and 31 iv 5 (Šamši-Adad V), Winckler Sar. pl. 27 No. 57:1 (= Weissbach, ZDMG 72 178:14), AfO 14 43 col. B 9, and Borger Esarh. 54 iv 37; note: pulhi me-lam-me Aššur ... eli GN altakan AKA 362 iii 54 (Asn.); [me]-lam-mu bēlūtišu broken context) VAB 4 170 viii B 8 (Nbk.); [...] ME.LÁM ellūti halip namurrāti ša pul: hāti JAOS 88 125 i a 13; mušītu kallat Anu našát me.lám (var. me-lam-me) KAR 38 r. 23, var. from dupl. RA 18 28:4, cf. STT 171:73f., in lex. section; me-lam-me namrirr[i ...] (in broken context) Cagni Erra IIb 5; [...] da.ra.ah ní.te bí.íb.ri.a : me-lam-me zu'unu ramû pulhāti (see zânu lex. section) JCS 21 129:34; note me-lam-mi-šú ušatbi he removed his sheen Cagni Erra IIIc 50; in personal names (MB only): GAL-me-lamma-šú Great-Is-His-Terror BE 15 40:3, etc., see Clay PN p. 119f.

melammu melammu

2' with ref. to royal status: tēdiq bēlūtišu innandiq i-na-áš me-lam-mu he is garbed in his royal attire, he bears the m. SBH p. 145 ii 3: to whom they are giving scepter, throne, and pala-garment ME.LAM šarrūti uza'inušuma KAR 307 r. 24, see TuL p. 36; [me]-lam-me mi[tti] u ušp[ari] En. el. V 154, cf. [ina me-l]am-me šarr[ūtišu] ibid. 97; ultu me-lam-me šarrūti uza'i[nušu] En. el. V ištahat ag[āšu] me-lam-mi-šu (var. me-lam-mu-šu) itbala šû ūtaddiq he pulled off his (Mummu's) tiara, took away his terror, and put it on himself En. el. I 68; me-lam-me šarrūtišu galtūti esahhapkunu adi  $\delta \bar{a}[ri]$  ZA 43 18:67.

b) said of demons: á.zág me.lám.bi a.ba šu mi.ni.íb.Tu.Tu : asakku me-lamme(var. -ma)-šú mannu imahharšu asakku Alex. section) Lugale I 43; dLamma. sig, ga me.lám an.na : lamassi damqu ša me-lam-mu-šú šaqû 5R 52 No. 1 i 22; ní. gal mu<sub>4</sub>.mu<sub>4</sub> ... [me].lám dul.la : namrirrī labiš ... me-lam-mu(var. -me) katim CT 17 3:22f.; igi.huš.a me.lám zag.kéš.[...] : ša pani ezzu me-lam-mu kissu[ru] whose face is fierce, who is girt with terror CT 16 25 i 48f.; ní.su.zi ux (GIŠGAL).lu.ginx mu.un.da.ri.eš me.lám [dul.la].meš : puluhti šalummata kīma alê ramû me-lam-mu ka[tmu šu]nu (see alû A lex. section) CT 16 42:12f., restored from 43:38f., see also Lugale I 8, ASKT p. 82-83:4 cited alû A lex. section; they (the demons) cannot be recognized in heaven or on earth me.lám dul.la.a.meš: me-lam-mu katmu šunu CT 16 44:92f., cf. im.limmú.ba me.lám šú.šú.a.meš: ana šārī erbetti melam-me sahpu spreading terror in all directions Šurpu VII 7; me-lim-ma-šu šadî uštalwi his sheen surrounds the mountains RA 46 92:80" and 94:2 (OB Epic of Zu); pulhi me-lamme raši ZA 43 16:48.

c) said of kings — 1' in gen.: Anu ... ME.LÁM šarrūtim lītiršu may Anu take the royal sheen from him CH xlii 48; ní.me. lám nam.lugal.la.mu zagan.ki.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) hé.en.dul : puluhti me-lám šarrūtija

pāţ šamê u erşetim lu iktum the awe-inspiring sheen of my royalty covered heaven and earth LIH 98 iv 80 (Sum., coll. W. G. Lambert) = 97 iii 79 (Akk.), also VAS 1 33 iv 2 (Samsuiluna), cf. [ina] me-lám-mi u nawrātim UET 1 146 ii 1; me-lam-mu birbirrūka zīme bēlūtu šalummat šarrūtu ... šūlikki idāja (see birbirrū usage a) VAB 4 260 ii 39 (Nbn.); bunnanni šarri ... pulhāta ušalbissu melam-mi namrirr[u uštašši(?)] PSBA 20 157 r. 10; Nusku ... uza'inšu me-lam šarrūti CT 36 21 i 16 and dupl. RA 11 109 (Nbn.); (precious stones and plants) nabnīt huršāni ša Ea ana šipir bēlūti šīmat me.lám rabīš išīm: šunūti products of the mountain regions which Ea had endowed with the quality of being especially well fit to be worked for a ruler Borger Esarh. 83 r. 31; ša me-lammu-šu [...] KUB 4 25 r. 11.

2' referring to the king's own m.: me-lam qardūtija usehhipšunūti the terror of my heroism overwhelmed them AKA 48 iii 2, cf. (the king) ša me-lam-mu-šu kibrāti usahhapu ibid. 33 i 41 (Tigl. I); eli šarrāni šūt agê iššûni me-lam-me šarrūtija elevated my royal terror above (that of) other crowned heads KAH 2 84:8 (Adn. II); me-lam bēlūtija elišunu atbuku I poured my lordly terror over them AKA 235 r. 30, and passim in Asn.; issu pan me-lam šarrūtija iplahu they became afraid of my royal terror ibid. 31, and passim in Asn.; mi-lamme ša bēl kibrāt atbuk elišunu STT 43:43, see Lambert, AnSt 11 150, and passim in Shalm. III, also me-lam-me bēlūtija ishupušuma WO 1 58 iii 7, pulhi me-lam-me eli[šunu] atbuk Layard 97:185 and 96:159 (both Shalm. III), also 1R 31 iii 69 (Šamši-Adad V); me-lam-me bēlūtija u tībi tāhazija danni ishupušunūtima 1R 30 iii 7; puluhti me-lam-me-ia iktum: šunūti TCL 3 69, cf. Winckler Sar. pl. 45 D 6, pl. 34 No. 72:111, (with sahāpu) ibid. pl. 45 79-7-8,14 i 4; pulhi me-lam-me bēlūtija ishu: pušuma OIP 2 29 ii 38, also 33 iii 38, 70:30, and passim in Senn.; [pulhu|puluhtu Aššur] ... u me-lam-me bēlūtija ishu[pušuma] Borger Esarh. 110 § 72:10; puluhti me-lam-me šar: rūtija iktumušuma Streck Asb. 8 i 85; šarru

melammu mēlittu

mi-lam-ma-šú  $iness[\bar{i}\bar{s}u]$  as to the king, his glamor will recede from him ACh Supp. Sin 15:9.

- d) said of objects and buildings: giš. tukul ní.me.lám.a.ni kalam.ma [dul. la]: kakku ša puluhtu me-lam-me-šú mātu [katmat] the mace whose fearsome sheen covers the country Angim III 43; za.pa.ág me.lám.a.ni hu.luh.ha : ina rigim melam-mi-šú galtu upon the sound of whose awesome terror (referring to the kettledrum) CT 16 24 i 25ff., cf. CT 17 5 ii 32f., cf. also Pallis Akîtu pl. 6:31; agû šuātu labiš me-lam-mu (var. -me) za'in baltu naši šalummatu hitlup namrirri (see aqû A mng. la-l') Borger Esarh. 83 r. 33; muštashir me-li-im-mi É.ME.TE. UR.SAG who surrounded with glamor the temple Emeteursag CH ii 61; the name of the great wall is: ša me-lam-mu-šu māta  $katm\bar{u}$  Whose-Splendor-Covers-the-Country WO 1 58 iii 10 (Shalm. III); balti uzzu puluhti me-lam-mi šarrūti itātišu sahrama its (the palace's) sides were surrounded with ferocious pride, the awe-inspiring sheen of kingship VAB 4 118 ii 54; said of temples:  $z\bar{\imath}[m\bar{u}]$  namr $\bar{u}tu$  me-lam-mu ruš $\bar{\imath}[\hat{u}tu]$  simat la tamšī[li] ibid. 182 iii 40, also PBS 15 79 iii 40; Ekišibba kummašu rabâ £ me-lam-mi-šu sīri VAB 4 184 iii 77, also PBS 15 79 iii 77; parakku šû ... tiqni me-lam-mi ušalbiššu VAB 4 126 iii 6 (all Nbk.), also ZA 40 290:40 (Ner.).
- e) other occs.: DIŠ MUL SAG.ME.GAR me-lam-mu šakin if Jupiter has a m.-sheen Thompson Rep. 145 r. 1; imhur nēšu me-lam-me-šu uš-[...] (var. ul-ta-[...]) KAR 239 ii 7, var. from ZA 16 162:10 (Lamaštu I).
- 2. glow of good health: bīnu lillilanni [maštakal] lipšuranni liddina me-lam-ma-šá may the tamarisk purify me, may the maštakal-plant give me release and endow me with its m. AMT 72,1 r. 19, cf. erṣetu limḥuranni liddina mi-lam-ma-šá-ma (var. ME.LÁM-šá-ma) lumnī litbal KAR 246 r. 15, var. from KAR 267 r. 21, KAR 272 r. 9, etc.; nāru lip-dan(!)-ni liddina me-lam-mu-[ša] STT 251:37; me-lam-me-ia5 išdudu they have taken

(lit. pulled) away the glow of my health KAR 80 r. 33, dupl. RA 26 41:10.

Oppenheim, JAOS 63 61 ff.; Cassin La splendeur divine.

melammû s.; (a sumptuous garment); syn. list\*; cf. melammu.

me-lam-mu-ú (var. ma-[lam-mu-ú?], egizaggû = illūku An VII 190f., var. from Malku VI 98.

For MAOG 1/2 20:22 (= KAR 69, see Biggs Saziga 76) see melammu mng. la-1', and compare e-lam-me-e, el-la-mi-e as epithet of Sin and as a name of a garment, all cited ella-mê.

meldītu see meltītu.

mēlelu s.; play; SB\*; cf. mēlulu.

ebirtu nāri ālu me-le-li on the far bank of the river is the city of play (incipit of a song) KAR 158 vii 30.

Landsberger, WZKM 56 120.

mēlesu s.; joy(?); OB, SB; cf. elēsu.

šāt me-le-ṣi-im ru'āmam labšat she (Ištar) is (the goddess) of joy, she is clothed in loveliness RA 22 170:5, also 7 (OB lit.); šarrat me-le-ṣi raṣumta the queen of enjoyment, the mighty(?) one (incipit of a song) KAR 158 ii 15; [...]-ki kuzbu ulṣu ù mi-li-ṣu ul [...] K.9913:16 (hymn to Ištar); mātu A. ŠI.ŠI-ṣa (gloss: me-le-ṣa) im[mar] Thompson Rep. 191:2, cf. [šar] Akkadî me-le-ṣa im[mar] ACh Supp. Ištar 34:13; [...] me-le-ṣa IGI K.15498:4 (courtesy E. Leichty), but ME.LI IGI K.2226 ii 37'.

melēštu (mēšeltu, or mēseltu) s.; (a part of the tongue); lex.\*

uzu.ma.'.la.tum, uzu.giš.dil, uzu.sag. dil, uzu.me.dil = me-liš-tu (var. mi-šil-tum) Hh. XV 75.

For UM 12 7 r. ii 4 (= Hh. XV 31b), see ma'latu.

melimmu see melammu.

mēlittu (mēlītu) s.; (mng. uncert.); Mari; pl. mēlêtu; cf. elû v.

[...] = me-lit-tum (followed by šá giš.gigir of the chariot, šá a-ga(or -bi)-Ši, šá giš.i+lu of the

mēlītu mēlû

ladder,  $\delta \acute{a}$  A) BM 46627:4'ff. (part of Nabnitu L, in section dealing with  $el \acute{a}$  and its derivatives).

PN u PN<sub>2</sub> ana urākim ša m[i-l]i-tim ša sērim šâtu [...] qātam iškunu PN and PN<sub>2</sub> started to .... of the m. of this snake (representation) ARMT 13 19:23, cf. sēram šâtu ... isbat mi-le-ti-šu ip-te-qí [...] ibid. 14, cf. also ibid. 16.

Cf. elû ša GIŠ.GIGIR Antagal III 37, cited elû v. lex. section.

mēlītu see mēlittu.

mēliu see mēlû.

melqētu (malqētu) s.; 1. (a type of loan), 2. revenue, income; OB, Mari, MA, Akkadogram in Hitt.; cf. leqû v.

[x. $\S$ ]u.ti.a = mel- $q\acute{e}$ -tum Nabnitu S 264;  $\S$ u.ti.a.ni  $\S$ u ba.an.ti = mel- $q\acute{e}$ -ti- $\S$ ú il-[ $q\acute{e}$ ] Hh. I 147, also (only Sum. preserved) ibid. 144ff. and Ai. II ii 9–18.

- 1. (a type of loan): \*summa ... ana hubullim u me-el-qé-tim [ul]ami addin ... iqtabi if (a man who gave barley or silver as a hubullu-loan) says: "I did not give it as a loan with interest or as a m." Kraus Edikt § 5' ii 30, cf. ibid. § 2' i 10; ten gur of barley ana kaspim u me-el-qé-tim Edzard Tell ed-Dêr 134:19; see also lex. section.
- 2. revenue, income a) in OB, Mari: GAL.KUD.MEŠ ana mé-el-qé(text -šu)-ti-šu-nu šumūdim u ajāšim mimma la nadānim the commanders (brought me six slaves which they had taken away from the soldiers) in order to increase what (of the booty to be divided) they would take and intending not to give me anything ARM 2 13:17; (barley, bread, beer) mi-il-qé-(et) PN (a)hiša ša PN2 ilteqû CT 2 43:16; kirûm me-el-qé-et PN [...] ana PN ... innadnu VAS 7 156:27; mi-il-qé-ti-ka (in broken context) TIM 2 110 left edge.
- b) in MA: lu[bu]ta 1 MA.NA kaspu 1 MA.NA  $hur\bar{a}$ su sa ina sep ili saknuni ma-alqe-tu sa sangi the garment, the mina of silver, and the mina of gold which lie at the feet of the divine statue are the revenue of

the šangû-priest MVAG 41/3 8 i 37, also ibid. 14 iii 7; mal-qe-tu ša ultaqqû (see leqû v. mng. 7) Scheil Tn. II r. 47.

c) as Akkadogram in Hitt.:  $_{ME-EL-QI-SU}$  (referring to things prepared for an offering) KBo 5 1 i 50, paralleled by Hitt. halkueššar KUB 32 123 ii 32f., 37f., iii 8, see Friedrich, AfO 14 349;  $_{ME-EL-QI-IT}$  LÚ.MEŠ KBo 16 67 i 1, 5, 8, 11, 69 i 3', 6', 68 ii 1', iii 8', 14', 20', 71 right col. 1', 4', 7', 74:5'.

In Hitt. texts *melqētu* consists of certain amounts of bread, drink, and animals which are given out by the LÚ.AGRIG (or, in certain cases, by the LÚ.ZABAR.DAB) to groups of people (craftsmen or people from certain cities) for the purpose of a sacrifice and for eating.

For refs. wr. šu.ti(.A) see namhartu.

Kraus Edikt p. 64f.; Edzard Tell ed-Dör p. 149f.

meltītu (or meldītu) s.; (mng. uncert.); lex.\*

 $ki.\acute{a}.\acute{a}g.g\acute{a} = me-el-ti-t[u]$  Izi C iii 4.

The Sum. equivalent means "place of orders given"; a connection with the verb sețû "to spread out" is uncertain.

melţû see mašţû.

mēlû (mēliu) s.; 1. height, high part (of a building or part thereof, of a person, an object), 2. elevation, high ground, ascent, 3. steps or rungs of a stairway or ladder; from OB on; wr. syll. and sukud; cf. elû v.

su-ku-ud sukud = me-lu-u Sb II 361; sukud = mi-lu-ú Hh. II 236; la-gab lagab = mi-lu-u A I/2:82; [i-gá-a]r é.sig<sub>4</sub> = me-lu-u (also = lānu, damtu, padattu and gattu) Diri V 279; zig = me-lu-ú (possibly for mīlu) Izi II RS Recension Ab 213; kur.á.mar = kur.é.gar<sub>8</sub> = me-[le]-e kur.i Emesal Voc. III 95; giš.íl = me-lu-ú top of the tree Hh. III 516.

sukud.da ú. [gug<sub>4</sub>.ga.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM)] ba.ni.in. ná: mi-la-šú [ $k\bar{i}ma$  urbati] ušn $\bar{i}l$  he (the namtarudemon) topples his (the sick person's) tall figure like a reed CT 17 29:17f.

1. height, high part (of a building or a part thereof, of a person, an object) — a) in gen.: ša erēni ittanaplasu mi-la-šú they

mēlû mêlu

looked at the height of the cedar Gilg. V i 2; SUKUD.MEŠ-ŠÚ ušanna he will change its height Borger, BiOr 28 9:24 (SB prophecies); uzaqqir mi-la-a-šu ullā hursāniš I erected its (the temple's) high (enclosure) walls, making (them) as high as a mountain VAB 4 216 ii 23 (Ner.), cf. šadāniš uzaqqir mi-la-a-šu PBS 15 80 ii 3; before its time the top (rēšu) (of the temple) had sunk down uttab=bika mi-la-a-šu its high parts had collapsed VAB 4 254 i 22 (both Nbn.); for mēlū denoting the human figure see CT 17 29:17f. and Diri V 279, in lex. section.

- b) with measurements: (a door) 10 kùš mi(!)-e-lu- $\acute{u}$ -um  $2\frac{2}{3}$  kùš rupšum height: ten cubits, width: 2\frac{2}{3} cubits TCL 17 1:33, cf. ½ NINDA 2 KÙŠ SUKUD.BI PBS 8/2 124:2, 1 NINDA 5 SUKUD.BI É.ZI.DAL.BA.NA Tell Sifr 92:2 (all OB); 21 NINDA UŠ I NINDA 3 KÙŠ DAGAL  $4\frac{1}{2}$  KÙŠ me-lu- $\acute{u}$  BE 17 12:18, cf. ana 30 ninda ibaššia mi-la-ša (referring to a city wall) ibid. 66 r. 25 (both MB); 6 NINDA mi-lu-ki 2 ninda rupuški (referring to a gate) Thompson Gilg. pl. 14 K.3588:43 (Gilg. IV); (a terrace) x šiddu x pūtu 1½ ktiš me-lu-u VAS 4 34:6 (NB); kigalli Etemenanki SUKUD kî pî šiddi [pūti] TCL 6 32:19 (Esagila tablet), also, wr. SUKUD ibid. 34-36, r. 1-6, see Weissbach, WVDOG 59 52f.;  $mi-lu-\check{s}\acute{u}$  (in broken context) CT 22 48 r. 11 (mappa mundi); SUKUD.MEŠ ZA 42 81 ii 24.
- c) in math.: ammat me-li-um (beside rupšum) Sumer 7 35 No. 4:3, ana 1 me-li-ka išīma ibid. 6; 3 GI me-la-a-am šutamhir MDP 34 84 No. 14:5, and passim in this text; for the writing SUKUD see MCT index p. 172, MKT 2 p. 32.
- 2. elevation, high ground, ascent: see Emesal Voc. III 95, in lex. section; šumma ālu ina me-le-e šakin if a town is situated on an elevation CT 38 1:1, and passim in the colophons of this series, cf. also uru ina Sukude RA 28 136 Rm. 150:12 (catalog), see Lambert, Kramer AV 314; sidrū šitkunu me-le-e ummā nātija sabtuma (the enemy) battle lines were drawn, holding the high ground (where) my troops (were to go ashore) OIP 2 75:89

(Senn.); ummānāt DN ... me-le-ša pašqūti ... ušēlīma I made the troops of Aššur ascend its (the mountain's) difficult slope TCL 3 27 (Sar.), cf. me-le-e marṣūti ina kussî aštamdiķ in my sedan chair I passed difficult slopes OIP 2 36 iv 3 (Senn.); (terrain) ana me-le-e narkabti šitmur sīsē la ṭābat unfit for the advance uphill of chariots and the galloping of horses TCL 3 22 (Sar.).

3. steps or rungs of a stairway or ladder: me-le-e rabûti lu ušezziz I set up large steps (referring to a tower) AOB 1 134:23 (Shalm. I), see Schwenzner, AfO 9 41; a difficult ša mūlūšu kî mé-le-e simmilti mountain mūlâ la išû whose ascent is impossible (lit. has no ascent) like the rungs of a ladder TCL 3 322 (Sar.); I covered beams of musuk: kannu-wood with bronze (for the temple) ana simmilāti mé-le-e (var. mé-le-šu) ukīn and set (them) up as steps for its ascent PBS 15 79 i 55, var. from CT 37 9:51 (Nbk.); as deified part of the temple furnishings: dMele-e dLahme ša bāb sīt Šamši KAR 214 i 28, see Frankena Tākultu p. 30 No. 28, cf. also [dMe]li- $\acute{u}$  KAV 83:2 and 2 NA<sub>4</sub>. (MEŠ)  $m\acute{e}$ -le-[e] KAR 137 ii 9 (MA rit.).

For VAT 11516 (Izi D) iv 28, see mekû.

mêlu s.; bandage, poultice (worn around the neck); SB, NA; wr. syll. and me-eli (UGU), A.UGU; cf. e'ēlu.

me-e-li šunu ana šarri bēlija ussēbila šarru ina kišādišu likrur I am sending these poultices to the king, my lord, the king should put them around his neck ABL 391 r. 16; me-eli šâšu ina kišādišu tašakkanma ul itârma ul ișabbassu you put this poultice on his neck, and (the disease) will not attack him again LKU 32:9, cf. me-eli ša tašpû the poultice which you strung ibid. 8, me-e-eli [ $\delta\dot{a}$ ]  $ta\delta p\hat{u}$  STT 57:44 and 58:20;  $me\text{-}eli\delta un\bar{u}ti$ ina kišād marsi tašakkanma STT 58:21; napšalāti qutārī me-eli.meš mašqiāti 3-šú ana šarri bēlija ussēbila three times I have sent salves, fumigations, poultices, and potions to the king, my lord ABL 740:9; šiptu annītu ana me-eli napšalti u mašgâti tamannu you recite this incantation over the poultice, meluhhû mēlultu

the salve, and the potions Köcher BAM 323:74, also RA 18 23 ii 5, KAR 252 iv 14, 4R 28\* No. 3 r. 5, K.1289 r. 15; qutārī u 2 me-li RA 18 162:9; 21.TA.AM A.UGU iteppušma iddinšu he (Ea) made 21 poultices and gave (them) to him (Nabû) LKA 146:12, see W. G. Lambert, BiOr 13 144; 21 A.UGU ša pî Ea 21 poultices according to the words of Ea ibid. r. 16, ef. me-el annûti Ea ušanni Ea put a spell(?) over these poultices ibid. obv. 22; 14 me-eli nisirti um[māni] 14 poultices, secret of the scholars Köcher BAM 315 iii 17; me-e-lu ša erīti u harišt[i] ša kullu: matu pašāri a poultice to release a pregnant woman or a woman in confinement to whom something (untoward) was shown LKA 9 iii 2; 7 šam[mū a]nnûte ina maški ina šamni ina šikari me-e-lu latku these seven plants, (applied) either in a leather (bag?), in oil, or in beer, are a proven poultice STT 95:12, also ibid. 38, AMT 40,2:9; 6 me-eli latkūtu gabari Eridu six proven poultices from a manuscript of Eridu STT 57:30, dupl. 58:1; 15 me-eli šumma amēlu hūṣ hīpi libbi irtanašši (see hūṣu) Köcher BAM 311:22; me-eli hanšu, šiššu fifth, sixth poultice Köcher BAM 313 B v 5, vi 6, and passim in this text; 18 meeli ša nam.[RIM] 18 poultices against an evil spell ibid. 315 i 27; uncert.: 3-šú me-la tašakkan utaqqīma liš-ši [...] you put the poultice on three times, he waits, and let him wear(?) (it)  $\lceil \ldots \rceil$  KAR 26 r. 37.

Reiner, AfO 19 150f.; Farber, ZA 63 64ff.

meluḥhû (fem. meluḥhītu) adj.; from Meluhha, in the style of Meluhha; lex.

urudu.me.luḥ.ḥa = me-luḥ-ḥu-ú Hh. XI 343; giš.gu.za.me.luḥ.ḥa = me-luḥ(var. -lu)-ḥu-ú Hh. IV 99; giš.banšur.me.luḥ.ḥa = me-luḥ-ḥu-ú ibid. 195; giš.má.me.luḥ.ḥa = me-luḥ-hi-tum ibid. 283; giš.gišimmar.me.luḥ.ḥa = me-luḥ-ḥu-u(var. -ú) Hh. III 287; giš.min (= a.ab.ba).me.luḥ.ḥa = min (= ku-ša-ab-ku) me-luḥ-ḥe-e Hh. III 155, cf. giš.ab.ba.me.lu.ḥa ḥi-eš a-ba me-lu-ḥa-an (pronunciation) = ki-ša-ab me-lu-ḥa-an MDP 18 54:1, r. 1, and 4 (OB school tablet from Susa), but [na4.g]ug.me.luḥ.ḥa = min (= sāndu) Me-luḥ-ḥa Hh. XVI 128.

In the Hh. passages meluhhû occurs beside makkanû, q.v. For dar.me.luh.ha mušen

see *ṣulāmu*, and see Landsberger, WO 3 247 and 261f.

mēlulāju adj.; playful; lex.\*; cf. mēlulu. amar.sùḥ.sùḥ = me-lu-la-a-a playful calf Hh. XIII 345.

mēlultu s.: play, game: OB, MB, Nuzi, SB; pl. mēlulāti, mēlulēti; cf. mēlulu.

e-še-me-en ÉŠ.[ḤÚL] = kip-pu-ú, me-lul-[tu] Diri V 149f.; e-še-me-in KI.E.NE.DI = kip-pu-u, me-lul-tú Diri IV 272f.; e-še-me-in KI.E.NE.DI. dinnin = min (= kip-pu-u), me-lul-tú šá Ištar ibid. 274f.; KI.E.NE.DI. dinnin = [mi]-lu-ul-ti 〈Ištar〉 Proto-Diri 331; [KI].E.NE.DI.[dl]INNIN = me-lul-ti Ištar Antagal J ii 1; gú.x.ne = me-lu-ul-du = (Hitt.) ḥi-in-ga-ni-ia-wa-[ar] to play Izi Bogh. A 153.

ešemen.dInanna.ka(var. .ta) á.zu ba.ra. ni.zi : [ina me-lul-ti] Ištar idka la ta-né-am-ma do not turn away in battle (lit. in the play of Ištar) Lugale IV 2; ama.dInanna a.da.mènme-en.na [giš].bi.za šu(text su).tag.ga.ginx(GIM) šen. šen.na ús.sa.ab: ilat teşêti kīma me-lul-tú passī redē qablu goddess of fight, let the battle proceed like a play of puppets RA 12 74:7f., see Hruška, ArOr 37 488; ù.mu.un KI.E.NE.DI.da na.an. ne.ku4.ku4 TUR.TUR.la mu.lu E.NE.DI nam. ma.ra.ab.è : bēlu ašar mi-lul-ti la tazzaz şehrūtu ašar mi-lul-ti la tušeșșâ Lord, do not step into the playground, do not drive out the small ones from the playground S. A. Smith Misc. Assyr. Texts 24:22ff., Sum. from VAS 2 79:20f., see ZA 31 114; KI.E.NE.DI líl.lá.àm e.si : me-lul-ta-šu ziqīqam imtala (see ziqīqu mng. la-1') 4R 28\* No. 4:67f., dupl. SBH p. 122:11f., also ibid. r. 14f.; ki.e.in. en.di hu.ul.h[u].la mar.ra.a.na (corr. to ki.e.ne.di húl.húl.le gar.ra) : [m]e-lu-ul-tù ša ana hidati šaknat play which was set up to provide joy Ugaritica 169:60f., standard Sum. from JNES 23 4:44, cf. šim(?). me.garme-lu-ul-tum šà.ba KI.E.NE.DI [...] there is consternation in it where [there was] play (with gloss me-lu-ul-tum to KI.E.NE.DI) CBS 342 r. 13' (courtesy M. Civil); [KI.E.NE].DI.INNIN.ni.ta mu.un.dib.dib.bi.eš : [...] ašar me-lul-ti ikammû CT 17 27:33f.; e.ne.di.da hub mu.di.ni.in.gub: ina me-luul-tim ira[p]pud she ran about with me in play (with drum and drumstick) TuM NF 3 25:16, see Wilcke, AfO 23 85f.

- a) in gen.: šumma ina āli me-lul-tu[m MIN (= ma'du)] if there is much play in a city (followed by zammiru) CT 38 5:104 (SB Alu); mi-lul-ti NUN.MEŠ (inscr. on a gameboard) Syria 33 21 lower edge.
- b) said of battle or hunt: see Lugale, in lex. section; Ištar ša mi-lul-ta-ša tuquntu

mēlulu mēlulu

whose play is fighting WO 1 456 i 7 (Shalm. III), also 3R 7 i 3, cf. [...]-tum me-lu-ul-ti an-na-na-ti Craig AAT 90 K.2892 r. 11 (coll. W. G. Lambert); [isbat libbi etli] ina me-lul-ti (the disease) seized the heart of the man in Küchler Beitr. pl. 3 iii 35; ina melul-ti rubûtija nēša ... ina zibbatišu asbat as my royal sport, I seized a lion by his tail Streck Asb. 306 y 2; ì.UDU UR.MAH šá ina me $lul-ti \ G[AZ] : \'U \ MIN \ (= ir-ru-u) \ tallow \ of \ a$ lion that was killed at the hunt Uruanna I 267; uncert.: kīmē mār šipri ša GN ina muhhika ikšudu u mi-lu-ul-ti [...] (end of let.) HSS 14 14:31, ef. mār šipri ša GN lillika u *šurrumma* [m]i-lu-ul-ti x [...] ibid. 15; note as personal name (with hypocoristic ending) Me-lu-la-tum CT 44 57:3 (OB).

c) in cultic context: UD.27.KAM me-lul-tú(vars.-ta, mi-lul-tum) ša Nergal KAR 178 iii 6, vars. from 4R 33 iii 30, 4R 33\* iii 25, Iraq 31 179:86, JCS 1 333 r. 10; ina rikis sipitti u me-lul-ti-šú iqabbi [...] at all his mourning or playing ceremonies he says [...] STC 2 68:14, see Landsberger, AfK 1 70, cf. mi-lul-ati (var. me-lul-e-ti) ša Marduk Lambert Love Lyrics 108 ii 2f.

Landsberger, WZKM 56 119 f. (with previous lit.).

mēlulu (\*mālulu) v.; to play; OB, MB, SB; I immelil (Ass. immalil, pl. immelilu, immellu) — melil; cf. mēlelu, mēlulāju, mēlultu, mēlulû, mummillu.

ma.la.mu sila.dagal.la e.ne mu.di.ni.ib. ma.ma: ina rebītim im-me-li-il my girlfriend plays with me in the square TuM NF 3 25:15; iti<sub>x</sub>(UD.dnanna).šè e.ne.sù.ud ga(text bi).da. e.[dè]: ina rīšātim i nim-me-li-i[l] let us play joyfully (translat. of Akk.) ibid. 20, see Wilcke,

WO 4 155, and AfO 23 85f.; zi.in.gi.ra.ra.da.  $gin_x(GIM)$  igi.sù\(\hat{h}\).sù\(\hat{h}\) ra.ra.ab:  $k\bar{\imath}ma$   $ki\bar{\imath}alla$  mi-bi-bi sa\(\hat{m}a\) siu\(\hat{h}\).sù\(\hat{h}\) ra.ra.ab:  $k\bar{\imath}ma$   $ki\bar{\imath}alla$  mi-bi-bi sa\(\hat{m}a\) siu\(\hat{h}\) (see  $ki\bar{\imath}allu$ ) RA 12 74:9f.;  $gi\bar{s}$ . sin aqisti riqqi  $er\bar{e}ni$  im-me-el-u in Ha[sur] (see  $er\bar{e}nu$  A usage a-1'b') BA 10/1 75:4f.; im in. bi kur.Utu.ta e.ne im.ma.ni.in.de.e\(\hat{s}\): siz  $bitti\(\hat{s}un\) u <math>ina$   $\hat{s}a$ -ad  $\(\hat{\imath}\) <math>\hat{s}am$   $\hat{s}i$  im-me-lil-lu) all seven of them (the evil demons) play on the mountain where the sun rises CT 1644:100f.;  $[en.na.me.\hat{s}a)$  ...] bir.en: adi [matum] me-lil [i] how long will you play? KAR 367 r. 4 (= Examenstext A 42).

 $\delta u$ -a-ru = mi-lu-[lu] Malku VIII 153.

a) in gen.: urri u mūši sūr u me-li-il dance and play day and night Gilg. M. iii 9 (OB); li-me-el-lu issūqim let (the people) play in the streets RA 15 180 vii 19 (OB Agušaja B); ana bīt sābītim ana mi-lu-li-im illakunikkum (the deserters) come to the tavern for playing ARM 1 28:18; sūhumma me-lu-lu-um-[ma]there is laughing and playing (among the troops) ARM 2 118:17; *ūma libbī me-lu-la nigûta* (incipit of a song) KAR 158 vii 27; ele'i mi-lu-la ša batūlāti I know the games of the young girls RT 19 59 HS 87:16 (MB lit.); ul idi mi-lu-lu ša ardāti ul idi dakāka ša sehherāti (see dakāku A usage a) STT 28 v 3 and 19 (Nergal and Ereškigal); šār erbetti ... qātuššu umalla mārī lim(var. li)-mel-li he (Anu) gave the four winds into his (Marduk's) hand (saying): "O my son, let them whirl about!" En. el. I 106; abri kappa kî kur-mit (var. KUR da-me) lim(var. li)-mel-lu (see kurmittu) RA 48 148 iv 4 (SB Epic of Zu), var. from STT 21:112; [is]inna ša me-lu-lu [epša] set up a festival of playing STT 87:10, see Deller, Or. NS 34 461; [...] hadīš im-me-li-lu they play joyfully KAR 334 r. 16; li-me-el-lu  $b\bar{e}l\bar{u}$  x[...] lihdu libbašunu let the lords of [...] play, let their hearts become glad KAR 107:50; šumma qašta im-me-lil if (in a dream) he plays with a bow Dream-book 329:11, also (with passu) ibid. 10; obscure: me-li-i-el (in broken context) KUB 3 90:4; aššu jāši mi-lu-la la x [...] Gilg. X v 34, restored from CT 46 30; [ina] a-hi GIŠ ši-ri ma(?)-li-il u anattalšuma [...] gullultam u hitītam ul irśi ARM 1 18:14.

mēlulû memēni

- b) describing fighting: ašaritti ilī ša melul-šá qablu first-ranking among the gods, whose game is battle (addressing Ištar, for a parallel see mēlultu usage b) BA 5 564:5 (= Craig ABRT 1 55 i 4); im-me-el-lu-ma ina šehlūti kakkē they play with the sharp weapons Tn.-Epic "ii" 41; me-li-li qablu me-[li-li] tāhazu Lambert Love Lyrics 104 iii 16.
- c) in cultic context: kurgarû ša tušāri i-ma-li-lu melhu ima[llahu kisk]ilāte imahhaṣu (see kurgarû usage a) CT 15 44:28; ina bīt parṣīki li-me-li-lu-ki let them play for you at the house where your rites are performed AfK 1 27 iii 45; uncert.: im-mal-lu EDIN izammur KAR 141 r. 7, see TuL p. 90.
- d) said of animals: [šumma šahû] ... ina sūqi im-me-lil if a pig plays in the street CT 38 46:34, also (said of birds) CT 39 23:4, Boissier DA 35:14.

The incipit in KAR 158 iii 3 occurs among Sumerian song titles and is itself Sumerian.

Landsberger, WZKM 56 119f.

mēlulû s.; player, actor; SB; cf. mēlulu.

[lú ...] = me-lu-lu-ú-um (between aluzinnu, ēpiš namūtim and muṣiḥḥum) OB Lu Fragm. II 11, and correct MSL 12 202.

kurgarrû mi-lu-li-i qablû izammuru K.3438a + 9912:8, see Landsberger, WZKM 57 22.

mēma s.; water; EA\*; WSem. word.

liddin GN ana ardišu dua # a-ku-ni # mi-ma ana šitėšu let (the king) give (the city of) Uzu to his servant (as) a vessel, gloss: an amphora of water, to drink EA 148:12, cf. EA 150:21, cf. A.MEŠ # mi-ma ana šitėšu EA 155:10; u A # m[i-m]a (in broken context) EA 146:20; u liddin GN ana A.MEŠ mi-e-ma ana ardišu ana laqė iṣṣē ana tibnu ana tiddi and let him give Uzu to his servant for water, in order to get lumber, straw, and clay EA 148:31 (all letters from Abimilki of Tyre).

memēni (mimīnu) indefinite pron.; 1. somebody, anybody, (negated) nobody, 2. whatever, something, (negated) nothing; NA; cf. menimēni.

- 1. somebody, anybody, (negated) nobody - a) in gen.: šumma me-me-ni ... adê issikunu iškununi Wiseman Treaties 130, also 302, 336, etc.; šumma DUG qullî me-me-eni if somebody's qullû-container (is tipped over) MVAG 41/3 62 ii 23, cf. [...] me-me-eni ittuqtu (if) somebody's [...] has fallen to the floor ibid. 64 ii 25 (royal rit.); issu libbišunu ana imitti šumēli me-me-e-ni ana šipirti tassapar you gave tasks to all (lit. to the right and to the left) among them ABL 304 r. 2, cf. me-me-ni TA pani šarri šû ABL 317:11; issurri me-me-e-ni ana šarri ... issap[ra]  $m\bar{a}$  Thompson Rep. 235:6 and 10, cf. ibid. 57:4; me-me-ni lil[lik] ABL 1080 r. 6, cf. mi-i-mi-ni issišu lipqidu ABL 1061 r. 2; x gín ana me-me-e-ni laddan me-e-me-ni laššu la išammâni ABL 992 r. 12; šumma me-me-ni idēšu ina muhhi ummiduni (I swear) that nobody has laid hands upon (it) ABL 392 r. 9; me-me-e-ni ina šarrāni ša māt Ḥatti ABL 629:23; šumma ... me-me-ni ina panīja ērubanni Iraq 21 163 No. 54:24, cf. mi-mi-[ni] Iraq 25 76 No. 69:9.
- b) negated: me-me-ni adi pan šarri la uqarrabanni nobody wants to bring me into the king's presence ABL 916:15; me-me-e-ni laššu la išammanni there is nobody (around) who listens to me ABL 885:20, also ABL 733 r. 6, cf. ABL 408 r. 20, me-me-ni ... laššu ABL 1103:7, 1149 r. 6; mé-e-mi-i-ni la ušah= ABL 657 r. 1, me-me-e-ni ina muhhi la iqrib ABL 476 r. 15, me-me-e-ni la iš'alšu ABL 49 r. 23; me-me-ni šanijumma ina muhhišunu la išallit nobody else should have power over them KAV 39:15, see Ebeling Stiftungen p. 11, cf. me-me-ni la šalit KAV 197:73; me-me-ni ina bīti lu la irrab KAV 215:8; ana mi-mi-e-ni issēšu la ukallam he does not show (it) to any of those who are with him ABL 951 r. 4; me-me-ni lu la idabbub ABL 709:5f., and passim; ša la dulli ša la me-me-ni ABL 1389 r. 6, mi-me- $\langle me \rangle$ -ni ... la ussuABL 1314 r. 19.
- c) with suffixes:  $m\bar{a}$  issurri ibašši me-meni-ka rēḥi mā me-me-ni-ia-a-ma laššu la rēḥi are perhaps some of your (men) left? he (answered): "No, none of mine are left"

memēni mēneštu

ABL 1073 r. 3f., cf. me-me-ni-šú ina pani [...] ABL 317 r. 7 and 11; lu mārēšu lu me-me-ni-šú either his children or anybody belonging to him ADD 476:5, cf. me-me-ni-šú-nu ADD 246 r. 4; the people of Babylon muškēnūte ša me-me-e-ni-šu-nu laššûni (see muškēnu mng. 2c) ABL 340 r. 10.

2. whatever, something, (negated) nothing - a) in gen.: mannu ša me-me-ni išammûni anybody who hears anything ABL 656 r. 20: (the king wrote:) me-me-ni ibašši ina šamê tātammara surely you have observed something in the sky ABL 687:8; the crown prince lu la urammanni me-me-e-ni lēpuš should not cast me off, he should do something ABL 948 r. 4; [me]-me-ni šumma ittidin šumma la iddin šarru ... liš'al the king should inquire whether he has given anything or not ABL 847 r. 8; issurri um: mâni ina muḥḥi māt Amurri me-me-e-ni ana šarri ... iqabbiu perhaps a scholar can tell the king something concerning Amurru ABL 629:20, see Parpola LAS No. 279; issu pan iṣṣūri issu pan me-me-ni ABL 1278 r.(!) 4; me-me-ni šulmu ana ešrēte ana siqurrēte ... ana bītāte ša āli gabbi everything is fine (after the earthquake) with the temples, the temple towers, and the houses of the entire city ABL 191:16; mi-mi-i-nu ša issu ekalli išapparunikkani ina pitte teppaš do immediately everything they order you from the palace ABL 552 r. 10, cf. me-me-ni [ib]ašši teppaš ABL 1126:13, also me-me-nu ibašši ubbal ABL 972:13; ittu šû me-me-ni ibašši ša irbûni laššu is there any omen involved? — because it (the star) set, there is none Thompson Rep. 21 r. 2, cf. me-me-ni ana šarri ... illaka ibid, 257 r. 1.

b) negated: mannu me-me-ni la āmur I have seen nothing whatsoever ABL 687:12; ina muḥḥi me-me-ni ina bīt bēlēja la šalṭāk I have no power over anything in the house of my lords ABL 84 r. 6; ina muḥḥi me-me-ni aqabbaššunu la išammūni they are not listening to anything I tell them ABL 1051 r. 9; la dullinni [...] la me-me-ni ABL 495 r. 6; šarru ... liš'al ... issu libbi me-me-ni la iddina ABL 347 r. 13; la alpu la immerē

me-me-ni la illika neither any cattle nor any sheep came here ABL 1171 r.1, cf. [la] GUD.NITÁ la UDU.NITÁ.MEŠ me-me-ni la naṣṣūni ABL 1384 r.2; me-me-e-ni la maṭṭi nothing is missing ABL 425 r.1, cf. me-me-e-ni la iššia ABL 198:26; mi-mi-ni la ippū ABL 528:7; me-me-ni la maṣanni we are unable to do anything ABL 1385 r.6; [ḤU]L ina libbi ekalli la me-me-ni there is nothing evil inside the palace ABL 74:13; akī ša me-me-ni la eppašuni la addinakkani as if I would not do anything (for you), as if I would not give you (anything) Craig ABRT 1 24 r. i 17 (oracles).

c) qualifying a substantive or an adjective: ittû me-me-ni ētamar has he observed any sign? ABL 594:11, cf. šumma ittu me-me-ni āmuruni ibid. r. 6; izirtû me-me-ni ina libbi šaṭrat is there some curse written on it? ABL 31:10; issurri bartu me-me-ni should there be, heaven forbid, some rebellion ABL 705 r. 13; niklu me-em-me-e-ni lu nakla ABL 1278 r.(!) 3; iškaru me-me-ni ina panīšu lāšu there is no work material at all at his disposal ABL 1194 r. 6; dullu me-me-ni lēpuš ABL 109 r. 17; atrūtu me-me-ni lāšu ABL 123:18.

memētu (memītu) s.; 1. girl (possibly in a derogatory sense), 2. (a plant); syn. list.\*

me-me-tum, me-er-tum,  $\dot{s}i$ -du-ri = ar-d[a]-tum Explicit Malku I 76ff.

Ú UR.TÁL.TÁL, Ú ṣa-lam zi, Ú šá-mu mar-tu (var. Ú mar-tu), Ú AŠ.ME.\*ME : Ú me-me-tú (var. me-mi-tu) Uruanna II 302ff.; Ú UR.TÁL.TÁL : AŠ me-me-tú (var. me(text ši)-m[i-tú]) ibid. III 112.

- 1. girl (possibly in a derogatory sense): see Explicit Malku, in lex. section.
- 2. (a plant): see Uruanna, in lex. section. See also gunte memētum EA 22 iv 35 f., s.v. gunte memētu.

memītu see memētu.

mendiu see mindiu.

mēneštu s.; weakness, famine; SB; cf. enēšu.

mātu ina ME-ku-ti iṣṣabbat = mātu ina me-niš-ti iṣṣabbat the country will be taken by .... = the

mēnešūtu mēnu A

country will be taken by famine(?) 2R 47 K.4387 i 20 (comm.).

- in omens: mātu me-niš-tam immar the country will experience weakness CT 39 11:55 (SB Alu), also Leichty Izbu IX 13, ACh Supp. 2 Sin 21b:3, cf. šarru KUR-su me-níš-tam IGI.MEŠ CT 20 37 iv 7; hušahhu me-niš-tum  $ni\check{s}\bar{e}$  ka-[...] CT 30 13 K.9159:7;  $mah\bar{i}ru$ ișehhir me-niš-tum ibašši the supply (of goods) will decrease, there will be famine Boissier DA 232:44 (all SB ext.); me-niš-tum ibašši ACh Sin 19:7; me-niš-ti būlim ina māt rubê [ibašši] there will be famine among the cattle in the country of the prince CT 31 25 82-5-22,500 r. 13, also ibid. 14; meniš-ti māti TCL 6 1:9, wr. me-niš-ti māti CT 20 37 iv 12, cf.  $me-ni\check{s}-ti$   $m\bar{a}t$  nakri ibid. 13 (all SB ext.), see also lex. section.
- b) in other texts: arnī šērtu gillatī hitīt[ī lumnī] mi-niš-ti ša zumrija usha remove my offenses, wrongdoings, crimes, sins, the evil (and) the weakness of my body (caused by them) KAR 78:13 and dupl. 82-5-22, 546:9, see JCS 21 10.

mēnešūtu s.; weakness; MB, SB; cf.  $en\bar{e}\dot{s}u$ .

- a) in gen.: [lu-u]p-nu lu maṣṣartī me-nišu-tum lu kidinnī let poverty be my guard,
  weakness my protection K.9471 r. 9 (SB
  wisdom, dupl. of STT 121).
- b) with  $al\bar{a}ku$ : nakru  $m\bar{a}ta$  me-ni- $\check{s}u$ -ti  $u\check{s}allak$  (see  $al\bar{a}ku$  mng. 4a-2') TCL 6 1 r. 5, cf. me-ni- $\check{s}u$ -tam DU-ak K.2201 r. 7 (unpub. SB omens, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

In KB 3/1 140:6 (= 5R 33 iii 6) read NA<sub>4</sub>.ME (=  $abn\bar{e}$ ) ni-siq-ti.

menimēni (minimini) indefinite pron.; somebody, something, (negated) nobody, nothing; NA; cf. memēni.

ša ana me-ni-me-ni iqabb[iuni] who orders somebody (: Go and break (the inscription)) ZA 39 122:39 (Kelišin stela), cf. šummu me-ni-me-[ni] [ē]tamar if he has seen anything(?) ibid. 117:29; in broken context: la me-ni-me-ni-ma ABL 158 r. 13; mi-nim-mi-ni la illika Iraq 25 73 No. 66:12.

mensû see massû s.

menû (manû) v.; to love, become fond of someone; OAkk., OB, SB; I imni (imnu) — imanni, II (only Malku VIII 31); cf. mēnu B, minûtu, mumannû.

ul = mi - nu - u (in group with un - nu - bu, la - lu - u) Erimhuš I 192.

ki.sikil dInnin hi.li.bi mu.un.ši.in.kar. ra aá.zu a.ri.a.an.ši.ib: ana ardatu Ištar ša te-em-nu-ši idka idinši give your strength to Ištar, the young woman whom you have loved TCL 651:13f., see RA 11 147:7, cf. dIn.nin dim.me. er hi.li.bi mu.un.ši.in.kar.ra me.ur.zu sum.mu.un.na.ab: ana dMIN ilat te-im-nu-ši himmat parṣīka šutlimši give to Ištar whom you have loved all your divine powers ibid. 17f.

ha-a-bu, mi-nu-ú, [u]n-na-nu = ra-a-mu Malku V 88ff.; mi-nu-u = la-lu-u, ni-iš i-ni Malku VIII 94f.; mu-un-nu-u = ku-un-zu-bu (var. kun-zu-bu) (preceded by unnubu) ibid. 31.

- a) in gen.: see TCL 6 51:13f., 17f., in lex. section; im-nu-ši Enlil (uncert.) KAR 158 i 37.
- b) in personal names: Im-ni-Adad Adad-Has-Become-Fond-(of-Me) Or. 47-49 No. 423:7 (Ur III); Ma-ni-Adad Loved-by-Adad Or. 5 No. 17 r. 6 (Ur III), for other refs. see Gelb, MAD 3 p. 179; Sin-im-na-an-ni Sin-Has-Become-Fond-of-Me VAS 13 56:4, 8, also (with var. Sin-ib-ni-a-[ni] on seal) VAS 16 126:5, see Stamm Namengebung 192 n. 5; <sup>1</sup>Ta-am-na-an-ni She-Has-Become-Fond-of-Me Waterman Bus. Doc. 24 r. 12.

Stamm Namengebung 192f.; von Soden, ZA 49 181.

mēnu A (meānu, minnu) s.; crown, royal headgear; OB, SB; Sum. lw.

aga.nam.en.na men dadag : ina agê bēlūti mi-in-nim ebbi BA 5 638:13.

ba-a-nu, me-e-nu = a-gu- $\acute{u}$  (preceded by  $par\check{s}igu$ ) An VII 234 f.

hattum me-a-nu-um kubšum u šibirru qudmiš Anim ina šamā'i šaknu the scepter, the crown, the royal headgear, and the staff still were before Anu in the heavens Bab. 12 pl. 12 i 11 (OB Etana); ina šiātim la kaṣrat kubšum me-a-nu at that time no

mēnu B merdītu

royal headgear, no crown had been worn ibid. 7.

Falkenstein, ZA 56 65.

mēnu B s.; love(?); OAkk.; cf. menû.

Sá-lim-me-ni My-Love(?)-Is-Well Gelb OAIC 30:8; Eš<sub>4</sub>-dar-me-ni MAD 1 3 iii 6; Me-ni-šu-na-me Barton Haverford 1 28 No. 248 i 3.

The interpretation of the personal names is doubtful.

Gelb, MAD 3 p. 179.

menuniānu s.; (a type of fabric); OA.

kusiātim š[a] GN lu me-nu-ni-a-ni lu maškī šapātim šāmamma buy me kusītu-garments from Mamma, or m.-fabrics or hides with wool KT Hahn 1:18; 3 Tức me-nu-ni-a-ni (among diverse items of merchandise) ibid. 6:6; pirikannī ša lubūš ṣuḥārī lu me-nu-ni-a-nu lu ibiššu lu pirikannī ša ana lubūšim dannunima ... šāma buy pirikannu-fabrics for the clothing of the servants, either of the m.-type or of the ebišutype or pirikannu's which are heavy enough for clothes BIN 478:8; 1 Túc me-nu-ni-(a>nu-um CCT 1 16b:26, cf. CCT 4 27a:11, also I 740:13, cited Matouš, BiOr 31 91.

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 171.

mepurku see meburku.

meqiqānu see miqqānu.

mēqītu s.; eye paint; EA, Bogh.; cf. eqû v.

- a) in EA: [1 bī]t mi-qí-ti ša hurāṣi tamlû [da-ba]-u-[hi] šumšu one container for eye paint, inlaid with gold, daba'uhi is its name EA 14 i 71 (let. from Egypt); 7 qanû ša mi-qí-da malû ša hurāṣi seven tubes (lit. reeds) made of gold, filled with eye paint ibid. ii 3; 1 qanû ša bīt mi-qí-ti ki-ba-ni ša hurāṣi mašši one tube as container for eye paint, ..., made of polished gold ibid. ii 6.
- b) in Bogh.: [...] me-qi-ti 1-si 2-si  $teqq\bar{t}ma$  you daub (his eyes) once or twice [with] the paint KUB 37 5:5.

In UET 5 72:31 read mi-ti-e-ti (coll.), see  $mit\bar{t}tu$ .

meqiu see makkû A.

mēqû s.; cosmetics; OB\*; cf. eqû v. šāt mēlesim ru'āmam labšat za'nat inbī mi-qí-a-am u kuzbam she (Ištar) is (the goddess) of joy clothed in loveliness, adorned with (sexual) attractiveness, beauty (lit. cosmetics) and appeal RA 22 170:6 and 8.

See also mēgītu.

merānu (or *šip/brānu*) s.; (a plant); pharm.\*

 $\circ$  me-ra-nu (var. me-ra-a-n[u]) :  $\circ$  x-[...]-x-tu Uruanna II 176.

mērānu see mērênu.

mērânû see mērênû.

mēraštu see mēreštu B.

\*mērašu see mērešu A.

mer'atu see mārtu.

merdētu see merdītu.

merdītu (merdētu, mardītu) s.; 1. (a kind of offering), 2. (an implement for lifting or climbing); SB; ef. redû.

giš.dim.KAK, giš.dim.KAK.KAK = mer-de-etum Hh. IV 400f.; giš.gú.sè.ki.ir, giš.gú.zi.bi.ir.ra, giš.maḥ, giš.kad₅, giš.éš.lá = mer-de-e-tum Hh. VI 214ff.; giš.éš.lá = [...], giš.níg.zag.éš.lá = šá mar-di-it hur-ri Hh. VI 146a-147; giš.gú.si.ki.ir = mer-de-tum = sim-mi[l-tu]m Hg. B II 47, in MSL 6 79, also Hg. A I 102, in MSL 6 76; giš.níg.zag.éš.lá = šá mer-di-it hurri = bur-[tum] Hg. B II 21, in MSL 6 78.

1. (a kind of offering) — a) merdīta redû to make a m.-offering: mimma mala libbašu sabtu idabbub mer-di-tú uš-di he tells (the god) whatever is on his mind, he makes the m.-offering Or. NS 36 34:12, cf. [m]irsa dišpa himēta [išakkan mi-i]r-di-tum i-re[d-di] ibid. 278:7 (both namburbis); you libate milk, beer (etc.) mer-de-e-tú te-red-di (you close the curtain as a diviner does) AMT 71:25, see Ebeling, ZA 51 170 (rit.); mer-di-tu(var. -tú) ana nikis udu.nitá ta-red-di you make the m.-offering at the slaughtering of the sheep BBR No. 1-20:75; mer-di-tú ana igi nikinakki te-red-di you make the m.-offering in

mēreḥtu A mērênu

front of the censer ibid. 166, also ibid. 82, 85, 156; [an]nâm 3-šú iqabbīma mer-di-ta i-red-di-ma uškên he recites this three times, makes the m.-offering, and then prostrates himself LKA 144:18.

- b) other occs.: ina muhhi KI SIZKUR. SIZKUR GABA.RI isarraqma SIZKUR.SIZKUR mer-de-e-tú alpi u immeri ina pani DN inagga he scatters (aromatics) on top of the offering place(?) and makes a m-offering of an ox and a sheep before Anu RAcc. 90:30, maqqû hurāşi ireddēma sizkur.sizkur merde-e-tú alpi u immeri kīm[a ša ud.8.kam] he makes an offering with a golden bowl and (makes a) m.-offering of an ox and a sheep as on the eighth day RAcc. 91:21; [DI]NGIR(?).MEŠ mer-de-e-ti ša É.ki.ág.gá.  $šu.du_7 \quad gods(?) \quad (receiving) \quad m.-offerings \quad of$ the temple Ekiaggašudu RA 41 33:1, cf. ibid. 4, also 34:8 and 12, 36:18 (kalû text?); ašar mer-de-e-ti DINGIR.DINGIR the place of the m.-offerings of (or: for) the gods K.3446 r. 2.
- 2. (an implement for lifting or climbing): see Hh. IV, VI, etc., in lex. section.

Ad mng. 1: the word, occurring in late texts only, possibly refers to a gesture (lifting?) accompanying the offering.

(Thureau-Dangin, RAcc. 95 n. 4; von Soden, Or. NS 18 402.)

mērehtu A s.; insolence; SB; pl. mērehēti; cf. arāhu C.

The king of Tyre ša ...ētappalu me-ri*ih-tu* who kept saying insolent things Borger cf. RN ša me-ri-ih-tu iqbû Esarh. 112:13, Streck Asb. 130 vii 53, also ibid. 34 iv 14, Bauer Asb. 2 69 Sm. 252:4, cf. [ana] ilūtišu sīrtu  $iqb\hat{u}$  me-ri-ih-tu BA 5 386:15 (SB lit.); I cut off his lips ša iqbâ me-ri-ih-tú Streck Asb. 214 ana muhhi me-re-he-e-ti ... išta: nappara Streck Asb. 110 iv 94 (= Piepkorn Asb. 62 iv 97), cf. šūt mi-ri-he-e-ti RN ištappara Streck Asb. 190:9, cf. also Piepkorn Asb. 64 v 25, Streck Asb. 220 No. 17:3; I presented to the envoys of Urartu the (captive) Elamite nobles itti le'i ši-pir me-ri-ih-tú together with the tablet containing the insolent message Streck Asb. 318 & 8, cf. (referring to the same incident) the two Elamite nobles through whom RN išpura šipir me-ri-iħ-ti(var. -tú) Streck Asb. 124 vi 51.

mēreḥtu B (mīriḥtu) s.; (mng. unkn.); NB (occ. only in personal names).

Bēl-ana-me-ri-iħ-tum Strassmaier, Actes du 8º Congrès International 30:4, also VAS 3 136:2, BRM 1 87:16, Dar. 423:5, wr. Bēl-a-na-me-e-ri-iħ-ti Dar. 379:38, wr. Bēl-am-mi-ri-iħ-tú PBS 2/1 195:16, also Nabū-ana-mi-ri-iħ-tú VAS 3 179:13, cf. ibid. 203:3, VAS 4 167:15, VAS 6 164:10, 21, 32, 173:21, 178:4 and 6, Evetts App. 4:4, Sin-ana-mi-ri-iħ-tum UET 4 57:28, 58:21; abbr. Mi-ri-iħ-tum Dar. 364:11, Iraq 4 16:13; note the writing mdEN-ana-NE-tum (possibly representing the same name) Forschungen und Berichte 14 24 No. 15 r. 3, see ibid. p. 25.

Oppenheim, Anthropos 31 477f. n. 26 end.

mēreltu see mēreštu A.

mērênu (*mērânu*, *mērinnu*) s.; nakedness, emptiness; OB, SB; cf. *erû* adj.

[su-ú] [su] = me-re-e-nu, ēriššum MSL 2 133 vii 49 (Proto-Ea); ba-ár bar = me-re-nu A I/6:173; šA.sud = me(var. mi)-re-nu Erimhuš III 19.

- [í]d.bi a nu.un.tùm.e šà.sù.ga.bi ba.dù:
  na-ar-šú mê ul ubbal me-e-ra-nu-uš ittandi its river
  does not carry water, in emptiness it was abandoned
  SBH p. 114 No. 60:9f.; mu.lu ši.ni.šè ba.an.
  da.kar.ra.bi me.re.ni.š[è ...]: ša ana na[piš-t]i-šú in-na-ar-bi me-ra-nu-uš-šú i-[...] who
  fled to (save) his life, [...] naked LKU 14 ii 9f.
  mi-[e-re-nu]-ú, qu-um-ma-ru-ú = e-re-eŝ-šá-nu
  An IX 98f.; me-e-re-in-nu, [q]ú-um-ma-ru = [e-r]iiš-šum An VIII 13f.
- a) in gen.: pagru me-re-nu (var. me-ri-in-nu) (the statue's) body is naked MIO 174 iv 6, var. from 76 v 8, cf. 72 iii 47, 80:21 (description of representations of demons); note the Akk. lw. in Sum. me.re.ni LKU 14, in lex. section.
- b) with adverbial -uššu, fem. -ušša, pl. -uššun(u) ending: tīb tāḥazija danni ēdurma me-ra-nu-uš-šú innabit he became afraid of the attack of my heavy fighting force and fled naked Thompson Esarh. pl. 16 iv

mērênû mēreštu A

42 (Asb.), also Streck Asb. 48 v 112; lapan RN innabtunimma mi-ra-nu-uš-šú-un ina muḥḥi libbišunu ipšilunimma illikuni adi GN they fled from Indabigaš and came to me in Nineveh crawling naked on their bellies ibid. 34 iv 26, also Piepkorn Asb. 78 vii 69, Bauer Asb. 2 46 r. 7; mi-ra-nu-uš-šú eṭlu la umašširu he did not let a man go free (even) naked (var. eṭlu me-re-nu-šú u[mašširu] he left a man alone naked) Šurpu II 51, cf. Cagni Erra IIIa 20B; mātu me-re-nu-uš-šá innaddi the land will be totally laid waste ACh Sin 33:21 and dupl., also cited, with explanation mātu ina kiṣirša innaddi 2R 47 i 21.

von Soden, ZA 41 115f.

mērênû (mērânû) adj.; naked; SB; cf. erû adj.

[me]-re-nu-u = ri-su-um-ma-ni (see \*erissumānu) LBAT 2 2:405 and dupl. 3 vi 1.

mār katî u mi-re-ni-i labiš x [...] the son of the destitute and naked is clad in [...] Lambert BWL 80:182 (Theodicy); mi-ra-nu-te lubuštu ulabbišma harrān Bābili ušaškin šēpuššun I provided the naked with clothing and let them take the road to Babylon Borger Esarh. 25 vii 26.

## mēreššû adj.; naked; NA; cf. erû adj.

ša ... marsūni ibtaltu bariūti issabbu ... mi-ri-šu-tú kuzippi uktattimu those who are sick get well, the hungry are sated, the naked are covered with kuzippu-garments ABL 2 r. 3.

mēreštu A (mēreltu) s.; 1. request, wish, desire, 2. supplies, silver given for free disposition, consignment (of merchandise), 3. intention; MB, Bogh., EA, RS, Nuzi, SB, NB; pl. mērešēti; cf. erēšu A v.

KAM = mi - ri - il - t[u] Ugaritica 5 No. 133:11.

1. request, wish, desire — a) in letters:  $mi\text{-}ri\text{-}il\text{-}ta\text{-}k\grave{a}$  lu tēriš ask from me (whatever) your wish (is) MRS 12 4.19, cf. MRS 9 225 RS 17.422:32; ana muḥḥija ana mi-ri-ilti-ka u sibūtika šupra write to me about your wish or desire MRS 6 18 RS 15.24+:14, also 20; mi-ri-iš-tum ša ēterriš Šamaš bēlija

the wish which the Sun, my lord, has expressed EA 156:4, cf. mi-ir-iš-ta ša abuka ērišu EA 41:8, [me]-e-re-še-ti-ia ša ērišu EA 29:160, and passim in EA, cf. also mi-ri-iš-ta anāku ana abika aqbū EA 41:20; mi-ri-il-ti gabbi ša tašpuranni all the wishes which you wrote to me KBo 1 14 r. 13, cf. mi-ri-ši-ti ša tašpura ibid. 28; me-ri-il-ta annīta la takallanni do not refuse me this wish MRS 12 18:18, cf. me-re-el-ta banīta ana aḥāmeš ul iklū EA 9:10; mi-ri-iš-ta [k]î(?) īrišuka idin fulfill (his) wish if he has asked you WZJ 8 571 HS 113 r. 23 (MB let.).

- b) in leg.: kî ITI.AN.NA ŠE.BAR la ittannu' akî mi-ri-eš(!)-ti(!) šá URU Šu-šá-an-nu ŠE. BAR inandinnu' if they do not deliver the barley in MN, they will deliver the barley at the request of GN UET 4 98:11 (NB); x silver ša PN ša rēš šarri ina muḥḥi PN<sub>2</sub> u PN<sub>3</sub> ana mi-reš-ti inandinu šalšu ša mi-reš-ti-šú PN<sub>3</sub> u'aḥḥarma ina MN inašši belonging to PN, the royal official, due from PN<sub>2</sub> and PN<sub>3</sub>, they will give (it) to him at (his) request, PN<sub>3</sub> may postpone (the repayment of) one-third of his m. and bring it (only) in MN Oberhuber Florenz 160:4f., see Röllig, WZKM 58 237.
- c) in omens and lit.: qāt Ištar aššum mi-reš-ti Hand-of-Ištar, on account of an (unfulfilled) request (for a votive offering) Labat TDP 172:29, also CT 38 (diagnosis) 29 r. 45; ikrib me-reš-ti šib[sat] ili [u] ištari votive offering requested (by the god), anger of god and goddess IM 67692:317 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert), cf. ezib ša ikrib ili me-reš-ti šibsat ili u [ištari] PRT 41:16, 61:6, ikribšun me-riš-[ti ... šibšat ili] u ištari Knudtzon Gebete 143:11; ša nasmatte šáši mi-re-eš-ta [...] [if she makes?] a request for this bandage Köcher BAM 244:22; me-reštum nadnassu a wish will be granted to him ZA 43 92:41 (physiogn.).
- 2. supplies, silver given for free disposition, consignment (of merchandise) a) supplies (MB, Nuzi): me-re-eš-tu mala ibaššū lu māda whatever supplies there are should be plentiful Aro, WZJ 8 567 HS 110:11, cf. ana jūši ana me-re-eš-ti tašapparaninni

mēreštu A mēreštu B

you keep writing me for supplies ibid. 568 HS 111:13 (MB letters); akla šikara u mi-re-eš-tum inandinma (if) he gives bread, beer or (any) supplies (without PN's permission) BE 14 42:9 (MB); 2 sìla ì ana me-ri-iš-ti maḥir two silas of oil received for supply HSS 15 257:15, cf. 1 narî siq ana mi-ri-eš-ti one nari-measure of wool for supplies HSS 13 288:9 (both Nuzi).

- b) silver given for free disposition (NB): silver ana mi-reš-tum ina panī PN for m. at the disposal of PN (followed by expenses) GCCI 1 409:2; 7 GÍN  $kaspu \ mi-ri[\check{s}-t\acute{u}]$  ša PN ... ina muhhi PN, ana harrāni seven shekels of silver, m. of PN, due from PN<sub>2</sub>, (given) for a business venture GCCI 2 84:1, see San Nicolò-Petschow Babylonische Rechtsurkunden No. 113; x silver ša ultu makkūr Eanna ana mi-riš-tim ana PN u PN, nadnuma mi-riš-ti ana Eanna la iddinu' which was given from the property of Eanna for m. to PN and PN<sub>2</sub> for (their) disposition, they (however) did not deliver the consignment to Eanna AnOr 8 70:7f., cf. ibid. 2 and 6; ša mi-riš-tú ša 2½ ma.na kaspi PN ana PN, u PN<sub>3</sub> iddinu Nbk. 361:5; iron rings with which a slave is bound and mi-reš-tum nadin Pinches, PEQ 1900 263 No. 3:6 (= ZA 4 145 No. 17:6).
- c) consignment of merchandise (NB): mi-riš-tum akî mahīri ša Ebir nāri ana Bēlti ša Uruk inandinu they will hand over the (imported) consignment to the Lady of Uruk according to the price paid in the West (lit. the far bank of the Euphrates) YOS 6 ef. 15 ma.na kaspu makkūr Ištar Uruk u Nanâ ana mi-riš-tum ša Ebir nāri ina muḥḥi PN u PN2 libbû mi-riš-tum ša ina Ebir nāri imaļļarunimma ana Bābili ušak: šadunu (referring to wine, honey, bronze, copper, tin, blue wool, etc.) YOS 7 63:2 and 5, see JCS 21 240; elippa ša PN PN, mi-rištum undallu PN2 has filled the ship of PN with goods YOS 3 172:24; naphar mi-reš-tú šá PN (after a list of stones, metals, pots) TCL 12 84:18; silver šīm x kasija ... ina muḥḥi PN ... kî pī uilti mi-riš-tum ... inandin GCCI 2 111:5; note the writing

[m]ir-uš- $tu_4$ -šú-nu u sidâtišunu their consignment and their provisions YOS 3 19:37; see also AnOr 8 70:8, cited mng. 2b.

3. intention: ina me-riš-ti-šú la ušam-kīšu (whoever borrows this tablet) must not intentionally allow it to become lost TCL 6 1 r. 59, also RA 12 75:59, TCL 6 10 r. 4; pāliķ Nabû ina me-re-eš-ti la ikalli a worshiper of Nabû must not hold (the tablet) back intentionally CT 12 7 iv 44; ina me-reš-tum la libbi la ušellīš he must not remove it from there intentionally LBAT 1571a r. 17, and passim in colophons, see Hunger Kolophone p. 168 s.v. mēreštu.

For *mēreštu* as variant tradition for *miširtu* LBAT 1532:18, 22, ACh Šamaš 13:10, ACh Supp. 2 Adad 105b:7, see *miširtu* usage c-2'.

Ad mng. 2: Oppenheim, JCS 21 239f.

mēreštu B (mēraštu) s.; 1. cultivation, 2. cultivated field, 3. time of planting; OA, OB, MB, SB, NB; wr. syll. and APIN; cf. erēšu B.

al-al  $_{018}^{GI8} \times = me\text{-}ri\delta\text{-}t\acute{u}$  Ea IV 210; al-al  $_{04N}^{GAN} \times = mi\text{-}ri\delta\text{-}t\acute{u}$  Ea IV 301; ba-ár  $_{BAR} = me\text{-}re\delta\text{-}tum$  A I/6:232; bar.bi.šè.gar =  $me\text{-}ri\text{-}s\acute{a}\text{-}a\text{-}tu$  Nabnitu IV 230; cán.zi =  $me\text{-}ri\text{-}\langle i\delta\rangle\text{-}t\acute{u}$  Practical Vocabulary Assur 93.

gán.e (var. gán.né) še.gu.nu.a mi.ni.in. [dím]: ina me-[reš-ti še'am arkiam] ubanni he made late barley grow on the cultivated field Lugale VIII 33; gán peš.peš.ta zí[z].bi mú.a : ina mi-riš-ti šumdu[lti] ibbani (emmer wheat) was grown in a wide, cultivated field Iraq 21 55:30 (inc.); gán.gal.gal.la šà.mar.ra.aš [ba.an. gúr] : ša mi-riš-ti (var. mi-re-eš-ti) rapašti ina bubūti ušmīt (see bubūtu A lex. section) SBH p. 111 No. 58:15ff., also RAcc. 28:7, var. from SBH p. 78:35f., cf. also KAR 375 r. iii 25f.; ib.ta.an. gíd.i.dè burù.iku.ta.àm gán.gar.bi na.nam : iššaddad ú.BI<sup>ta-a</sup> me-re-eš-ta-šu ša-kin-tum-ma the measuring line is drawn -- his cultivated area amounts to one bur JRAS 1919 190:9, see Falkenstein, ZA 47 195; gán.zi.da: ina mi-riš-tu (in broken context) BIN 2 22:20.

SAR = mi-riš-tu STC 2 pl. 51 i 3 (comm. on En. el. VII 1, see mng. 2); [...]-ru, [...]-lu = MIN (= [ti-ri]k- $t\acute{u}$ ) šá me-reš-ti Malku II 21 f.

1. cultivation: namkaršu ana šiqītim ana me-reš-ti uṭībma he improved its (the field's) irrigation ditch for watering and cultivation MDP 10 pl. 11 i 11 (MB kudurru), ef. a field

mērešu A mērešu A

ša ... ana me-reš-ti la šūlukuma (see alāku mng. 7a-2') Hinke Kudurru ii 30; rēš me-reš-te šurrî to start the beginning of cultivation (commenting on MUL.APIN ana šer'i šurrî the Plow Star indicates the beginning of (making) furrows) ACh Ištar 25:4; lizziz Ningirsu bēl me-reš-ti may Ningirsu, the god of cultivation, stand by Šurpu IV 101; ašrat la me-reš-ti [ana r]u-tib-ti ittūr (see ašartu) Lambert BWL 177:17, cf. ašrat la mi-reš-ti irriša rāḥ [kīdi] ibid. 178:32.

- 2. cultivated field: mušaddil me-re-eš-tim (var. -ti) ša Dilbat who expanded the cultivated area of GN CH iii 19; dAsarri šārik mi-riš-ti ša israta ukinnu DN, who grants cultivated fields, who establishes .... En. el. VII 1, also, wr. APIN- $t\acute{u}$  RAcc. 138:304; murriš Apin-tú who cultivates the fields BA 5 398 D.T. 109:3; mukinnu abšenni ša mi-reš-ta elleta ukinnu ina sēri who establishes the furrows, who provides a pure field (even) in the outlying countryside En. el. VII 62; A.ŠÀ me-re-èš-tum mād there is much cultivated land available ARM 1 18:25 and 27: me-reš-tum Tur the cultivated land will diminish AOAT 1 138:23; me-reštum ina māti ibašši ibid. 134:37f., cf. EGIR MU me-reš-tú ina māti ul ibašši at the end of the year there will be no cultivated fields in the land ACh Supp. 2 Adad 105b:7.
- 3. time of planting (OA): še'am u aršātim iḥḥarpī iddunu kaspam ina me-ra-áš-tim išaqqulu they will give (back) the barley and wheat at harvest time, the silver they will pay at the time of planting Kienast ATHE 75:15.

mērešu A (\*mērašu) s.; 1. cultivated land, 2. cultivation; from OB on; wr. syll. and GÁN.ZI; cf. erēšu B.

si-i si = mi-ri-šu A III/4:166; si = me-ri-šu CT 19 12 K.4143 r. 9 (text similar to Idu), si-ga = me-[ri-šu?] ibid. 13; ba-ár bar = m[e-r]e-šu, me-reš-tum A I/6:231f.; [x x x] NUN = me-re-[šu], e-riš-[tum] (possibly to  $m\bar{e}$ re  $\bar{s}$ u B) 5R 16 ii 55 (group voc.); [a. $\bar{s}$ ]à.gán.zi = A. $\bar{s}$ A me-re- $\bar{s}$ e Hh. XX Section 4:18a.

gán kaskal.[la] nam.bí.íb.gá.gá ... gán. [za] pú na.an.dù.un : me-ri-ša i-na ha[r-ra-ni ...] i-na me-ri-ŝi-ka x [...] Lambert BWL 95:8 and 10, Sum. from RA 60 3 and dupls.

SUG.ZI // aš-šum GÁN.NA.ZI // me-re-šú TCL 6 17 r. 36 (comm.).

mi-ri-šu = i-su CT 18 3 K.4375 iv 15.

- 1. cultivated land a) in OB: mi-ri-iš PN mê luput irrigate the cultivated field of PN CT 29 18b:8; mi-ri-ša-am erriš I will cultivate the field VAS 16 9:19; (a field) ita A.ŠA me-re-eš PN adjacent to the cultivated field of PN CT 8 11b:3; kima še'um me-re-eš ālim ina eṣēdi uqtattû (see eṣēdu usage a-1'c') TCL 1 8:14 and 16; A.ŠÀ mere-eš qaqîm cultivated land belonging to the gagû PBS 7 72:28; kišādīša kilallēn ana me-ri-šim lu utēr I turned both its (the river's) banks into cultivated fields LIH 95 i 24 (Hammurapi); me-re-su-nu maḥrûmma ina erēšim lu šūšur let their (the canals') cultivated areas take precedence in being properly cultivated JCS 24 67 No. 68:15; ul igbûnikki kīma ... bāb abulli ālija išariš la uşû u me-ri-iš ērišu la ušēribu did they not tell you that I could not go out as usual from the gate of my city and that I could not bring in (the harvest? from) the field I cultivated? Kraus AbB 1 134:28, cf. AbB 5 212:14; obscure: x gán A.šà-am me-re-šu er-ša-am VAS 7 156:18.
- b) in MB, Nuzi: me-re-eš šamaššammī ša GN flax plantation of GN PBS 1/2 49:9, also ibid. 23f., BE 17 8:3 (MB); x A.ŠÀ me-re-šu annûtu ša <sup>†</sup>PN (in all) x cultivated land, all this belongs to <sup>†</sup>PN HSS 13 417:20 (= RA 36 126, Nuzi).
- c) in SB: mušahmit ziqnat urri me-reš še-im napiš[ti] māti (see ziqnu usage c) Lambert BWL 126:18 (hymn to Šamaš); mê ana mi-riš še-am u šamaššammī ušamkara šatti: [šamma] every year I provided water for the planting of corn and flax OIP 2 80:23 (Senn.); suluppī ša qereb kirâtešunu me-reš mānahišunu ... ummānī ušākil (see mānahu usage c) OIP 2 54:53 (Senn.); išpikz kī tuhdi ana mi-riš še'i ugāri (see išpikū mng. 1c) AfO 19 62:11; ša šarkušu mi-re-šu šukussu šer'u (dSirsir) to whom have been granted the cultivated field, the šukūsu-

mērešu A mērešu A

field, the furrow En. el. VII 73; me-reš māti imād the cultivated area in the land will increase Thompson Rep. 267:9, also CT 41 4 K.3701:3; me-re- $\check{s}\acute{u}$  ul  $\check{i}\check{s}\check{s}ir$  the cultivated fields will not thrive ACh Sin 35:18, also Labat Calendrier § 89:5, LKU 115:8; mere-šum u suluppū ul išširu the cultivated field and the dates will not thrive LBAT 1532:7, also Thompson Rep. 88 r. 5, 99 r. 1, 101:2, 107:8, ACh Supp. 2 Sin 1a iv 33, cf. mereš Akkadi iššir Thompson Rep. 234:8; GÁN. ZI SI.SÁ ACh Ištar 20:86, also (with idammiq) ibid. 89, 23:14; nakru me-re-eš-ka ušaddākama hušahhum ina mātim ibbašši the enemy will cause you to leave your field fallow and there will be famine in the land CT 44 37 r. 18 (OB ext.); me-re(text -HU)-šú ina summê igatti cultivation will cease because of lack of water CT 39 16:50 (SB Alu); AMBAR.BI ibbal ana me-re-šú itár that marsh will dry up and become a cultivated field CT 41 13:12 (SB Alu).

d) in NB: 1 gur zēru kirû gišimmari zaqpu u 1 gur zēru A.ŠÀ me-re-šú naphar 2 GUR zēru zaqpu u me-re-šú ugār tamirti Arahtu one gur of land, orchard planted with date palms, and one gur of land, a cultivated field, in all, two gur of land, planted (with trees) and cultivated (for grain), in the region (along) the Arahtu Canal VAS 5 48:2; zēršunu zagpi u me-re-šu mala bašû their field, whether planted (with trees) or cultivated (for grain), all of it Dar. 379:55; tuppi zitti ša zēri zagpu u me-re-šú tablet on division of fields, planted (with trees) and cultivated (for grain) Dar. 80:1; eqlāti gabbi zaqpi barrāt mi-ri-šú u[...] (see birītu mng. 1b) TCL 13 223:12 and 17; zēru zaqpi me-rešú u taptû land, planted (with trees), cultivated, or newly developed Dar. 265:7, also Nbn. 440:1, Dar. 152:2, 11, 5R 67 No. 1:1, 18, and passim in NB; x zēru A.ŠA sēri kirû gišimmarī zaqpu A.ŠÀ mi-ri-šú u kišubbû x land, in the outlying area, (consisting of) an orchard planted with date palms, of cultivated area and of fallow land Nbn. 116:2, 24, zēru me-re-šu ša ina ṣēri TCL 12 43:23; naphar 2 me-reš kišād GN together two

cultivated fields at the bank of the Gubbat Canal (referring to orchard and grainfield) VAS 5 4:21; see also 82-9-18,371a, cited majāru mng. 1d.

2. cultivation: aššum eqlim u mi-ri-ši-im aššumika ul adabbub I will not complain about land or cultivation on your behalf Sumer 14 37 No. 15:25 (OB let.); eqlēti ... [a]na mi-ri-ši-im-ma ana jâši ittadin he has given me fields for cultivation HSS 13 114:5 (Nuzi); x eqlu damqu eqel me-re-še x good land, cultivated land KAJ 154:2, also KAJ 148:2,150:2,152:2, JCS 7150 No. 5:11, and passim in MA, wr. mi-ru-še KAJ 13:22; ana šanāti ikkal 4 me-re-še 4 karaphe ikkal me-re-še-šu ussallim qaqqad kaspi ina muhhi še'i taramme išakkan he will use (the field) for years, four (years of) cultivation, four (years of) fallowing, when he has finished his cultivation, he will add the silver capital to the .... (and redeem his field) ADD 83 lower edge 1 and r. 1, also ADD 629:14f., Iraq 32 140:16, Iraq 25 93 BT 112:10, 99 BT 136:13, and passim in NA contracts concerning fields.

## mērešu A in bīt mēreši s.; cultivated land; NB; cf. erēšu B.

x zēru bīt gišimmari x \(\mathbf{e}\) me-re-[\(\sigma\)u] x land (planted with) date palms, x cultivated land (planted with barley) VAS 5 25:5; x GUR zēru É me-re-šu ... liddinamma let (my lord) give me x gur of land, a cultivated field (and equipment for rent) YOS 6 150:2;  $p\bar{u}t$   $er\bar{e}\check{s}u$   $\check{s}a$   $z[\bar{e}ri]$   $\acute{e}$   $me\text{-}re\text{-}\check{s}\acute{u}$  ... PN  $na\check{s}i$ PN guarantees cultivation of the cultivated land VAS 3 119:11; zēru É me-re-šú taptû ša PN a field, cultivated land, developed by PN (rented in  $err\bar{e}\check{s}\bar{u}tu$ ) TuM 2-3 141:1;  $z\bar{e}ru$ ina pan PN É mi-ri-šú the field at the disposal of PN is cultivated area ibid. 163:18; x ammatu qaqqaru pūt É me-re-šú x cubits, front side of a cultivated field ibid. 6:1; adi 1 PI zēri GIŠ.SAR hallat É mi-ri-ši together with one PI of area, (consisting of) hallatuorehard and cultivated land VAS 5 105:45; elat x suluppī ša zēri ša ţēh PN É mi-ri-šú VAS 3 121:17.

mērešu B \*mersû(tu)

mērešu B s.; knowledge, wisdom; SB; cf. eršu A adj.

 $mi\text{-}ri\text{-}\check{s}\check{u}$  / ni-me-qi Lambert BWL 84 comm. to 225–234 (Theodicy).

ina me(var. mi)-re-ši-ia rapši hissat uznēja palkāti ... āla ēpuš I built a city with my broad knowledge and my great intelligence Winckler Sar. pl. 40:13, also Lyon Sar. 7:47; ina milik tēmija u me-reš kabattija pitiq erî ubaššimma I had fashioned (statues) cast of bronze according to my deliberations and my own knowledge OIP 2 109 vii 6, 122:25 (Senn.); ina me-re-šu ša Ea VAB 4 62 ii 14.

mērešu C s.; wish; SB; cf. erēšu A.

(Tukulti-Ninurta)  $r\tilde{e}^{\gamma}\hat{u}$   $k\bar{\imath}nu$   $me-ri-i\check{s}$  libbi Ea the righteous shepherd, whom Ea desired (to become king) Weidner Tn. 26 No. 16:12.

merhu s.; (a high official in Mari); OAkk., Mari; cf. merhūtu.

PN LÚ  $me\text{-}er\text{-}hu\text{-}um\ u\ \text{PN}_2$  LÚ šā $pitu\ ward\bar{u}z$ ka ša elēnum the m., PN, and the judge, PN<sub>2</sub>, your servants in the Upper Country (senders of a letter) Syria 19 111:4; aššum țēm Sutî ša amšalim me-er-hu-um išpuram as for the information about the Sutians, which the m sent to me vesterday ARM 6 58:6, also 8; tuppi me-er-hi-im ... [ana sēr  $b\bar{e}$ ]lija uštābilaššu herewith I send the tablet from the m to my lord ibid. 23, cf. also ARM 7 112:13; ana PN qibima umma me-er-huum mārukama say to PN, thus speaks the m., your son ARM 6 57:2;  $6\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA 6 GÍN PN me-er-hu-ú ARM 9 257:11' (list of payments), see Birot, ARMT 9 p. 328f.; ana naṣārija LÚ.MEŠ me-er-hu-ú (in broken context) Bottéro Habiru 21 No. 26:26 (Mari let.), for other Mari refs. see Birot, ARMT 14 index s.v.; Me-ra-ah-dŠulgi Çiğ-Kizilyay-Salonen Puzriš-Dagan-Texte 529 x 16, for other OAkk. personal names of the type Merah-RN see Gelb, MAD 3 182.

Marzal, JNES 30 194ff.

merhūtu s.; office of the merhu; Mari; cf. merhu.

PN ana me-er-hu-[tim] šakānim ireddu ... me-er-hu-tam līpuš PN is fit to be appointed to the m.-office, let him exercise the m.-office ARM 1 62 r. 8 and 11.

mērinnu see mērênu.

mer'ītu see mirītu A.

merrītu s.; (mng. uncert.); OB\*; cf. marāru B.

 $24\frac{1}{2}$  [s]AR me-er-ri-tum i-na id(text A) AN.TA x SAR (of earth), m. from the upper canal(?) (in subscript to a record of quantities of earth, probably removed from the canals) Birot Tablettes 40:22.

merru A s.; (a kind of song); SB.\*

4 me-er-ru šumerû four Sumerian m.-songs KAR 158 viii 44.

merru B s.; north wind(?); syn.list\*; Sum.lw.

[me]-er-ru =  $\delta \acute{a}$ -a-ru Malku III 176a, restored from LTBA 2 2:131.

Loan from Sum. (im.)mir.

merrû s.; (a plant); SB.

Ú me-er-ru-u (var. me-ru-ú) Ú GIG midri ina šur-šum-me KAŠ bullulu GIG samādu the m.-plant is a plant for ....-disease, to mix with beer dregs and to use on a bandage for the sick person STT 92 iii 21, dupls. Köcher BAM 1 iii 27, var. from CT 14 43 Sm. 60+:4.

For Uruanna I 257ff., see irrû A lex. section.

\*\*merrû (murrû) (CAD 1 (A/II) p. 27 amāru A discussion section).

ú-mì-ru-ú in CCT 4 34c:11 is possibly derived from stem II of amāru B "to pile up, to stock," see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 391.

mersu in ša mersi s.; cook preparing mirsu-confection; Mari\*; cf. marāsu A.

ša me-er-[si] RA 50 71 (pl. 4) "iv" 26.

Birot, RA 50 59 n. 2.

mersu see mirsu.

\*mersû(tu) (AHw. 646b) read Me-er-su-u (A IV/4 206), Emesal form of (the city) Girsu.

meršu merzinu

meršu (miršu) s.; drilled land; OB; ef. erēšu B.

1 gán 65 sar a.šà 3 sar me-er-ša-am 12 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR.BI a field of x SAR, three SAR of drilled land: its value (is) twelve shekels of silver (exchange of fields) CT 8 22a:7 (coll.), cf.  $12\frac{2}{3}$  SAR  $me-er-[\check{s}]u-um$  CT 48 82:9 (coll. J. J. Finkelstein), cf. also ibid. 2; mi-ir-šu-um ù ur-pa-tum (var. GÁN ù ur-pa-tum) (rented) BM 82271 case 1, var. from tablet (courtesy J. J. Finkelstein); DUB mi-ir-šu-um ù hu-urpa-tum mala maşû (var. É i-na ka-ri-im ù mi-«ši»-ir-šu-um) ki PN PN2 ana mu.1.kam ana kişrī ušēşî tablet concerning cultivated land and fallow(?) land, as much as there is, PN2 rented from PN for one year BM 82070 case 1, var. from tablet (courtesy J. J. Finkelstein).

Variant of mērešu or eršu B.

mertu s.; daughter; SB\*; WSem. word(?).

mi-ir-tum = ardatu Malku I 162, cf. me-er-tum = ardatu Explicit Malku I 77; me-er-tum = ma-artum ibid. 204.

me-er-tu ubla libbaša šuāra (incipit of a song) KAR 158 vii 39, ef. me-er-tu libbaša nigūta (ubla) ibid. ii 22, ef. also [...]-ri u me-er-te ibid. i 45.

Note also the variant mer'u to māru, q.v.

mertu see martu A.

mertû see martû.

\*mer'u (mēru) s.; son; syn. list; WSem. word(?).

me-i-ru = ma-a-ru Explicit Malku I 178; me-er = mn ibid. 199.

mer'u see  $m\bar{a}ru$ .

meru num.; hundred; OB Elam.

- a) in counting gur of barley: 1 me-ru 46 4 (PI) š[E.GUR] MDP 10 68 No. 103 r. 4, cf. MDP 18 121 r. 10 (early OB); šU.NIGIN 2 me-ru 90 3 (PI) GUR MDP 18 159:15; 5 me-ru 60 sìla.Ta MDP 28 464:1.
- b) in counting sheep: 1 me-ru 44 UD[U] 144 sheep (total of sheep) MDP 28 520:9;

also 511:5, 512:1ff., 513:1, 4; 1 me-ru UDU.HI.A MDP 24 330:7, cf. (in early OB, referring to sheep) MDP 10 16 No. 1:1, 7 and r. 4, 29 No. 12:1, MDP 18 135:1, 139:1.

- c) in surface measures: in all 2 me-ru 60 (BÙR?) (actually 256) MDP 28 452:8; 1 me-ru GÁN.SAR MDP 18 230:5 (early OB).
- d) other occs.: (after an enumeration of pegs) 6 me-ru 55 URUDU.GIŠ.GAG MDP 28 546 r.11, cf. r.2, see Scheil, RA 31 172; 1 me-ru 1 (or: 60) TÚG.HI.A MDP 18 100:1, cf. 2 me-ru 50 ZI ibid. 189:1; 1 me-ru 46 ERÍN 146 men (subscript of list) ibid. 181 vi 1.

The only occ. in Elam of the Akk. word for hundred is 1 me-at 55 [MA.NA(?)] MDP 28 435:1.

Scheil, RA 31 171f.

mēru see \*mer'u.

mērû s.; pregnancy; Bogh., SB; cf. erû v.

pe-eš š $\lambda \times \Lambda = mi\text{-}ru\text{-}\acute{u}$ , min š $\lambda \times \text{TUR} = \text{min Ea VII}$  Excerpt 26f., also Ea VII 213f.

*šumma ālittu* [m]i-ra-a palhat if the woman who has once given birth is fearful of pregnancy Labat TDP 210:103, also (with he(!)-la-at is joyous) ibid. 104; la ālittu ina balika zēra u me-e-re-e ul isabbat without your help (Sin) the barren woman cannot conceive and become pregnant STT 57:65, dupls. STT 58:33, 59:9, LKA 52:13, BMS 6:47, see Ebeling Handerhebung 44; ina me-re-[e-šá ...] libbu ša nenni mutiša [...] at her pregnancy the heart of so-and-so, her husband, [became . . .] Craig ABRT 1 4 ii 6 (tamītu); you create  $\lceil ku \rceil ssu(?)$  a-na me-re-e  $\lceil a \rceil$ -la-ti the winter for pregnancy (and) childbirth(?) (corresponding to Hitt. kimmantin armahhanni the winter for pregnancy) KUB 4 4:3, see Weidner, ZA 49 248 n. 1, Laroche, RA 58 73 (E).

mer'uttu see mārūtu.

merzinu s.; (a medicinal plant); SB.\*

mesallu mēsiru

mesallu s.; fine taste (qualifying salt); OB, SB; Sum. lw.

kirbān tābat A-sal-lim ina pīšu tašakkan you place a lump of fine-tasting salt in his mouth AMT 80,1:12; ù U+MUN me-e-sal-la (one of three ingredients in a magical preparation) LB 1002:3 (OB, courtesy K. R. Veenhof and M. Stol).

Var. of emesallu, q.v.

mēseḥtu s.; tablet of assignment; lex.; cf. esēhu.

 $im.gi_4.a = tup.pu i-sih-ti, me-sih-tum$  Hh. X 454 f.

mēseltu see melēštu.

meserru see miserru.

\*\*mēsertu (AHw. 647a) see miqittu mng. la.

mēsiru s.; 1. imprisonment, detainment, 2. difficulties, hard times; OB, MB, SB; cf. esēru.

imprisonment, detainment:  $daj\bar{a}na$ salpa mi-si-ra tukallam (see salpu usage b) Lambert BWL 132:97 (hymn to Šamaš); ina mesi-ri danni ša la naparšudi ēsiršunūti confined them (my enemies) in a strict imprisonment from which there was no escape Piepkorn Asb. 40 ii 50, cf. ina me-si-ri danni ēsiršuma arkus [...] I (the god) enclosed him (Šamaš-šum-ukīn) in harsh imprisonment and bound [...] Bauer Asb. 2 79 K.2647+:9; ina me-sir šarri imaqqut he will fall in the prison of the king CT 39 46:72 (SB Alu); lu me-sir murși lu me-sir ekalli isabbassu either confinement by disease or imprisonment in the palace will befall him Labat Calendrier § 49:9, also § 44:9, CT 40 10:15, 36; mi-sí-ir ekallim ša niziqti iss[iršu] (see esēru B mng. 1b-1') YOS 10 54 r. 30 (OB physiogn.), also ibid. 31; me-sir āli iṣa[bba]ssu KAR 401 r. 2, also Kraus Texte 22 i 12 (both SB šumma kīlu šumma me-si-ru physiogn.); isabbassuCT 39 25a:23, cf. me-si-ru isab= CT 38 38:43, also 37:25 (all SB Alu), bassuKAR 395 r. ii 8 (physiogn.), CT 28 44b:8, dupl. CT 30 12:20 (SB ext.), me-si-ru dannu işabbas: su CT 40 35:4 (SB Alu), also RA 61 35:2f.; ina kili mi-si-ri u dannati la imuttu they should not die from captivity, imprisonment, and distress IM 67692:341 and dupls. (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); me-sír erši iṣabbassu he will have to stay in bed Kraus Texte 22 i 22', also 36 v 9', cf. āḥuz ereš me-si-ru (var. me-sír) mūṣê tāniḥu I take to a bed of bondage, going out is pain Lambert BWL 44:95 (Ludlul II).

2. difficulties, hard times: and pigat mesi-rum še'am šuātu ina qātika kīl there may be difficulties, keep this barley with you TLB 4 39:16 (OB let.); ina maruštim ina me-si-riim kaspam šīm gamir išgulma lu išāmši with great difficulties, he paid the silver, at full price, and actually bought her CT 45 37:17 (OB); me-sír nīrti bārtu u attalû aj iṭhû ana Uruk may hardship, murder, rebellion, and eclipse not come near to Uruk BRM 46:22, 26, 39 (rit.); šarru me-si-ra immar the king will experience hard times ACh Šamaš 8:52; mātu me-si-ra immar the land will experience hard times ACh Šamaš 9:9, Labat Calendrier § 94:11, 96:9, also TCL 6 16:17, Labat Calendrier § 88:9, CT 51 145:2; me-si-raimmar he will experience difficulties Labat Calendrier § 45:10, 66':3, CT 38 32:23; ki-la ù me-si-ra îtanammar (if a man) time and again experiences prison and hardship STT 247:5; ina me-sir ili imât he will die by hardship imposed by a god CT 39 46:48 (SB Alu); me-sir napišti isabbassu KAR 401 r. i 5; šumma amēlu uzun imittišu ištanassi me-sír isa[bbas]su if the right ear of a man rings, he will experience hardship (parallel: nēmela immar) Labat TDP 68:10, also, wr. me-si-ru AMT 35,1:8, Köcher BAM 155 ii 5, RSO 32 115:10; ta-me-tum me-sir ki.min ta-šim-tum gar (var. talitti ki.min me-sir ki.min tašīmtu gar) ACh Šamaš 9:12.

mēsiru in bīt mēsiri s.; (a ritual enclosure); MB, SB; cf. esēru.

2 ūmē ina bīt me-sir līšib (the king) should sit for two days in the bīt mēsiri CT 4 5:14 (SB rit.), see KB 6/2 42; 2 UDU.NITÁ 1 MÁŠ bīt me-si-r[u ...] two sheep, one goat for (offerings in) the bīt mēsiri PBS 2/2

mesītu mesû

65:2 (MB); [DUB].1.KAM É me-si-ri first tablet of (the series) bīt mēsiri ZA 36 216 r. 9, cf. (fourth tablet) CT 51 191 r. 7; bīt rimki É me-si-ri.MEŠ (in enumeration of series pertaining to āšipūtu) KAR 44:11.

G. Meier, AfO 14 139ff.

mesītu s.; 1. washwater, 2. clearing of claims; OB Elam, SB; cf. mesû v.

- 1. washwater: me-si-it šēpē našīka ... [šēpē]ka e tamsi when he brings you (water) to wash your feet, do not wash your feet AnSt 10 114 ii 44 (Nergal and Ereškigal).
- 2. clearing of claims: ana me-si-ti itmû they took an oath about clearing (their respective claims) MDP 22 159:11, see mesû v. mng. 3.

meskannu see musukkannu.

meskertu s.; dam(?); OB\*; cf. sekēru.

ina(?) me-es-ke-er-tim (in broken context, among instructions to a washerman) UET 6 414:13, see Iraq 25 183.

messam see misissam.

messētu s.; distance; OB\*; cf. nesû.

[x]. har.ra.a[n.sud] = me-se-e-tum Nabnitu X
38f.; har.ra.an.sud = me-es-[se-e-tum] Nabnitu
O 155.

30 NIGÍN kīdītum 5 me-si-tum the (side of the) outer rectangle is thirty, the distance (between the outer and inner rectangles) is five MDP 34 45:33, cf. ibid. 35, also [A].šà DAL.BA.NI 5 me-si-tum ibid. 46:4; 40 DAL 10 mi-is-si<sub>20</sub>-ta ša šiddim ana 40 DAH 50 tammar the altitude (of the apsamikku-tetragon) is forty, add to forty ten, the distance of the side, and you will get fifty ibid. 109:26, cf. 5 mi-si<sub>20</sub>-ta ša pūtim ibid. 27; 5 mi-is-si<sub>20</sub>-ta ana 2 NIGIN 10 tammar multiply five, the distance, by two and you will get ten ibid. 108:4, cf. 1,[20] ana 10 mi-is-si<sub>20</sub>-ti išīma [13,20 t]ammar ibid. 12.

Kilmer, Studies Oppenheim 142 n. 9.

messû s.; (a trap); lex.\*

d giš.gú.sè.ki.ir = me-es-s[u-u] Nabnitu XXIII 7; giš.gú.sè.ki.ir = ú-tur-tum, me-su-ú, mesír-ru, kiskibirru, kamāru Hh. VI 209 ff.; ḤIdu-su-uḥ SUḤ = [me-es-su-u] Nabnitu O 156, cf. ḤIdu.LI.x = me-es-su-ú Nabnitu X 40; kuš.gú.lá = mi-su-u Erimhuš VI 34; sila.tur = mi-su-u Izi D ii 13.

It is uncert. whether all lex. refs. represent the same word.

\*\* $mess\hat{u}$  II (AHw. 647a) see \* $m\bar{e}z\hat{u}$  and  $muss\hat{u}$  mng. 1a.

messûtu see massûtu.

mesû (masiu, mas'u, masû) adj.; 1. washed, cleaned, 2. refined (said of metals); from OA, OB on; wr. syll. and Luh; cf. mesû v.

urudu.hu.luh.ha = me-su-ú Hh. XI 335; túg.IGI.Dù.ùr.ra = mi-su-u Hh. XIX 197.

[gir.šu.lu] $\hat{h}$ . $\hat{h}$ a ku<sub>6</sub> = me-su- $\hat{u}$  Hh. XVIII 67.

kù.luḥ.ḥa šul é.gal.aš ba.ab.du, : kaspu mi-su-ú ša ana ekalli asmu (see asāmu lex. section) Lugale XII 4; ki.sikil šu.nu.luḥ.ḥa igi im.ma.an.sum : ardatu ša qātāša la mi-sa-a ittaplas he has seen a girl whose hands were not washed CT 17 41 K.4949:13f., also CT 17 38:2; ur.re.bi šu.nu.luḥ.ḥa.ni ma.šè mu.ši.in. ni.ir : nakru šû qātāšu la me-si-a-ti jāši ubla that enemy carried me (Ištar) away with unwashed hands MVAG 13 214:5, cf. a šu.nu.luḥ.ḥa: mê qātē la mi-sa-a-ti CT 17 41 K.4949:10.

- 1. washed, cleaned a) washed, said of hands: see CT 17 and MVAG 13 214:5, in lex. section; itti qātē mi-sa-a-ti illak Šamaš Šamaš is with (the one who has) washed hands Lambert BWL 144:13 (dialogue); nīš qātē NU LUḤ.MEŠ šum ili zakāru to invoke the name of the god while making the prayer gesture with unclean hands Šurpu III 44.
- b) said of textiles: see Hh. XIX 197, in lex. section; síg.meš Luh.meš Practical Vocabulary Assur 214; 3 Túg ma-as-ú-tum three cleaned textiles CCT 5 34 c:6 (OA); šumma Túg.hi.a.meš ha'û la ma-sí-ú-tu ibašši if there are uncleaned ha'û-cloths KAV 103:23 (MA).
- c) said of other objects: x zíd.da mi-sú-ú x cleaned flour HSS 14 43:1 (Nuzi); 1 timmu ša er[ēni] ma-su-ú la gamru one pillar of cedar wood, cleaned, but not finished AfO 17

mesû mesû

146:2 (MA); 1 GIŠ ši-ir-nu la ma-su-ú one uncleaned (unpolished?) širnu-log KAJ 310:10 (MA); see also (as name of a fish) Hh. XVIII 67, in lex. section.

- d) settled, cleared: 4 di-nu me-sú-tu four cleared(?) cases (for a parallel see mesú v. mng. 3) MDP 23 326 r. 11.
- 2. refined (said of metals) a) copper: see Hh. XI, in lex. section; 2 gú weriam masí-am ... ublunimma nusanniqma 1 ma.na imți they brought two talents of refined copper, and when we checked it, one mina had been lost (in the refining?) BIN 4 31:16; 15 gú werium dammugum mišlum ma-sí-um mišlum haburattajum 15 talents of good quality copper, half refined, half from VAT 9231:6, cf. (also beside haburattaju copper) TCL 4 55:15; 5 MA.NA werium ma-síum ana PN five minas of refined copper for PN RA 59 25 MAH 16552:12; 420 MA.NA weri: am ma-as-am ekallum ...ilqe the palace has taken 420 minas of refined copper KTS 18:9, cf. BIN 6 94:13; 40 MA.NA weriam ma-sí-am habbulākkum I owe you forty minas of refined copper BIN 4 62:5; weriam 10 GÚ ma-sí-a-am ša ēpušu ten talents of refined copper which he had made (i.e., earned) BIN 6 204:18; 30 MA.NA weriam dammugam ma-sí-am ... PN ana GN ubil PN brought thirty minas of good refined copper to Kaniš ICK 2 99:4; 3 ilātum 5 GÚ weriam ma-sí-am šuqultašina ... naš'ūnikkunūti they bring you (pl.) three packages of refined copper weighing five talents CCT 2 40a:5; 10 gớ weriam ma-sí-am ina GN ana ša kīma kuāti laddin I will give ten talents of refined copper to your representatives in GN VAT 9301:37, and passim in OA; note URUDU 50 GÚ ma-sí-am BIN 4 43:6, but URUDU 50 GÚ SIG<sub>5</sub> ibid. 19; URUDU LUH.HA Alašû refined copper from Alašia (for a parallel see mēsu B) Syria 20 111:6 (Mari); 3 ma.na urudu.meš me-sú-ú three minas of refined copper HSS 9 105:13, 17, also HSS 9 155:8, HSS 13 305:2, 10 MA.NA URUDU la me-sú-ú ten minas of unrefined copper Speleers Recueil 309:24 (all Nuzi); libitti hurāsi kīma ša erê ma-sú-ú tultēb[ilaššu] you had sent him a

brick of gold as if it were refined copper EA 19:38; šagammīšina ina kurussi ša erî mi-si-i lu uṣabbit (see kurussu) 5R 33 iv 48 (Agum-kakrime), cf. Lie Sar. 224; ana libbi 1 MA.NA erî mi-si-i [...] Thompson Chem. pl. 6 K.7942:17, see Oppenheim, RA 60 29ff.

- b) silver: 10 MA.NA kaspu LUH-ú 5 MA.NA hurāṣu sagru (he will deposit as a fine for breaking a contract) ten minas of refined silver and five minas of ... gold ADD 311 r. 6, also 233 r. 5, 263 r. 1, 334 r. 5, VAS 1 86:20, 89:17, 94:18, PSBA 30 137f.:20, Tell Halaf 106:16, and passim in NA leg.; 4 MA.NA kaspu LUH-u Iraq 16 45 (pl. 9) ND 2338:4.
- c) glass: anzaḥḥu me-su-u cleaned anzaḥḥu-glass Oppenheim Glass 34 § 3:32, cf. anzaḥḥu me-sa-ta(?) ibid. 47 § 18:10, anzaḥhu la me-si-ta ibid. 53 § N:4.

mesû (masāu, \*mešû) v.; 1. to wash, to clean, 2. to refine metals; 3. to settle accounts, to clear records, 4. mussû to wash, 5. III/II to wipe off, 6. II/2 to wash oneself, 7. II/2 to be washed, 8. IV to be refined, to be washed off; from OA, OB on; I imsi—imessi (imassi) — mesi (masi), I/3, II, II/2, III/II, IV; wr. syll. and Luḥ, šu.Luḥ; cf. masātu, massūtu, mesītu, mesû adj., mēsu B, mīsu A, musātu, \*mussû adj., nemsītu, nemsû.

[lu-ú]\h\ LU\H\ = me-e-su-um MSL 2 138 f l (Proto-Ea); lu-u\h\ LU\H\ = mi-su-u Ea IV 79, A IV/2:1; la-a\h\ LU\H\ = mi-su-u S\ II 74; LU\H\ = me-su-u STT 395 ii 16 (Idu), also MSL 9 137:687; udu. [...] = [im-m]e-ri  $š\acute{a}$  pi-i- $š\acute{u}$  me-su-u Hh. XIII 54; [xx]xzi, x.lu\h\ha, ur.g\u00e1.\u00e1, a.d\u00e9.a.dug\_4. ga, a.tu\_5.a = MIN (=  $[mes\^u]$ )  $š\acute{a}$  [...] Nabnitu XXIII d 1-6.

šu.zu šu.luh.he šu.zu zalág.zalág.ga dingir.Aš.Aš.e.ne šu.ne.ne šu.luh.ha šu.ne. ne zalág.zalág.ga: qātīka mi-si qātīka ubbib ilū talīmūka qātīšunu li-im-su-u qātīšunu lubbibu wash your hands, clean your hands, let the gods, your brothers, wash their hands, let them clean their hands 4R 13 No. 2:1ff., dupl., wr. li-me-su STT 197:61f.; šu.luh.ha.me.en: qātīka mi-si wash your hands 4R 23 No. 1 iv 3ff., see RAcc. 32; pú kur dilmun(Ni+TUK)ki.ka sag.gá.a ba. ni.in.[luh]: ina būrti šadī Tilmun qaqadu am-si (see būrtu A lex. section) ASKT p. 127:37f.; išib ka.šu.luh.ha Eridu.ga.[me.en]: āšipu Eridu ša pīšu me-su-ú [anāku] I am the incantation-priest from Eridu whose mouth is washed CT 16

mesû mesû

5:176f., see CT 17 48; uš.uš.kur (for sizkur) kù.ga ka.a.bi šu.luḥ.ḥa šu.uš.kur : niqû ellu ša pīšu me-su-u uneqqīka he offers to you a pure offering (lamb) whose mouth is washed STT 197:46f., cf. Hh. XIII 54, in lex. section.

 $\begin{array}{lll} {\rm dug.bur. \check{s}akan.gin_x(GIM)} \ u.me.ni. \mathring{h}u.lu\mathring{h}. \\ {\rm ha} \ : \ k \check{\imath} ma \ p \check{u}ri \ \check{s}ikkati \ lim-te-is-si \ \ may \ he \ be \\ {\rm cleaned \ like \ a \ pot \ for \ oil \ CT \ 16 \ 11:34f. \ (inc.), \ cf. } \\ {\rm dug.bur. \check{s}akan.gin_x} \ u.me.ni.lu\mathring{h}.lu\mathring{h} : \ k \check{\imath} ma \\ p \check{u}r \ \check{s}ikkati \ lim-te-is-si \ \ \check{S}urpu \ VII \ 82. \end{array}$ 

ša iqbû me-su (var. me-su-ú) zuk-ku-ú šá-niš ub-[bu-bu] (see ebēbu lex. section) CT 31 11 obv.(!) i 19, var. from dupl. ibid. 29 K.11714:8 (ext. comm.), see mng. 3c.

1. to wash, to clean — a) to wash parts of the body — 1' hands: ana qātīšu ma-sáim usima he went out to wash his hands KTS 8a:10 (OA); qātāja ma-si-a-ma akta: narrabakku with my hands washed I pray for you PBS 7 60:27 (OB let.); qātāka ul meši ana bīt Ištar tērub ina awâti šâte [tasa]nniq if you enter the temple of Istar with your hands unwashed, you will .... this contract Wiseman Alalakh 126:38;  $q\bar{a}t\bar{e}su$  i-ma-as-siina sūqi ipaṭṭar he washes his hands and goes off into the street (part of the ceremony of disinheriting a son) MRS 6 55 RS 15.92:13; nemsētu ... ša qāti mi-sé-e a bowl for washing hands HSS 13 160:3 (Nuzi); Puratti im-su-ú qātīšun they washed their hands in the Euphrates Gilg. VI 176; šumma amēlu gātīšu ina nāri im-te-ni-is-si if a man keeps washing his hands in the river AfO 18 77 K.1562:7, also, wr. LUH.MEŠ STT 324:10, Aruru im-ta-si qātēša DN washed her hands Gilg. I ii 34; am-si qātīja ubbiba zumrī I have washed my hands, I have cleansed my body Maqlu VII 119, IX 163; amsi gātēja am-te-si gātēja I washed my hands, I washed my hands indeed ibid. VII 178, IX 169, cf. ina šēri LUH-a gātāja in the morning my hands are washed ibid. VII 170, IX 168, also VIII 44, 46; [ana muhhi] sa= lam kaššāpi gātēšu luh-si he washes his hands over the figurine of the sorcerer STT 77 r. 59 and dupl. PBS 1/1 15:9, also ibid. 4, 13, 19, see Laessøe Bit Rimki p. 29, cf. qātēšu ina muhhi Luh-si he washes his hands over it Maqlu IX 154, 159, 180; nāru gātēšu LUH-si the singer washes his hands BBR No. 60:24; qātēšu ina im.babbar naga.si luh-si

washes his hands with gypsum and alkaliplant LKA 123 r. 8, also CT 23 17:33; qātēka ina mê luh-si you wash your hands with water AMT 11,2:8, and passim in rit.; mê za: kûte ša šarru idēšu kajamānu ina narmakte i-ma-su-ú-ni the clean water with which the king usually washes his hands over a washing bowl ABL 110 r. 10;  $q\bar{a}tka$  ... te-me-e-[si]Dream-book 342:27, cf.  $[in\bar{u}ma(?)]$   $q\bar{a}tka$  teme-es-su- $\acute{u}$  ibid. 30, cf. also ibid. 28 f.;  $m\^{e}$  ... musukkatu la luh-u (var. im-su-ú) gātīša water in which no menstruating woman has washed her hands AMT 10,1 r. 2, dupl. AMT 27,5:8, Köcher BAM 28 r. 8, var. from ibid. 29:26; for bil. refs. see lex. section.

2' feet: give me [GE]MÉ ša šēpēja i-mees-sú-ú a servant girl who will wash my feet ARM 10 29:16, cf. sehru ana šēpēja mi-se-e ul ibašši there is no servant to wash my feet YOS 13 114:18; PN  $\delta \bar{e} p \bar{i} \delta a$  PN<sub>2</sub> i-mi-si-i PN will wash the feet of PN2 CT 2 44:19, cf.  $\delta \bar{e} p \bar{i} \delta a i - me - e - s i$  CT 48 57:9 (all OB); 1 Lú muššur ana PN u šēpēšu i-mi-is-sí one slave left to PN to wash his feet HSS 13 20:9 eršu ikarruru taklimtu ukallumu  $\check{s}\bar{e}p\bar{e}$  i-ma-as-si- $\acute{u}$  they put up the bed, make the funerary display, wash the feet ZA 45 42:2 and 19 (NA rit.), cf. kallutu šēpē ta-ma-as-si ibid. 4; ina nāri ša Huwawa ... mi-sí šēpīka wash your feet in the river of Huwawa Gilg. Y. vi 267 (OB); (if they bring you water to wash your feet) šēpēka e tam-si do not wash your feet AnSt 10 114 ii 44, also 118 iii 59 (Nergal and Ereškigal); muhhi būrti mê ašatti šēpēja a-mes-si I will drink water from a well and wash my feet ABL 716:22 (NB); šēpēšu NU LUH he must not wash his feet (on that day) KAR 176 r. i 25 (hemer.), also 178 ii 72, wr. LUH-si ZA 19 378:10; qātēšu u šēpēšu ina muḥḥi циң-si he washes his hands and feet over it 35:16 (inc., courtesy F. Köcher); ina apruša qul= qullāni qātēšu u šēpēšu luң-si you wash his hands and feet with aprušu-plant and qul: qullānu-plant ABL 450:9.

3' head or hair: qaqqadka lu me-si mê lu ramkāta your head should be washed, you should bathe in water Gilg. M. iii 11 (OB);

mesû mesû

ina mê qaqqassu LUḤ AMT 6,5:6, also CT 23 34:24, and passim in med.; ma-se-e qaqqadā[te] [i]qabbiu the ones who wash the heads say (as follows) ABL 669:11, see Parpola LAS No. 270; im-si malêšu ubbiba tillēšu (see malû A s. usage a) Gilg. VI 1, also Gilg. XI 240, 248; see also ASKT p. 127:37f., in lex. section.

- the mouth: see CT 16 5:176f., in lex. section; em-sí pi-ia u gătija akpur pija JCS 22 25:5 (OB ext. prayer); [ina] dispi šam: ni u šikari rēštî pāšu luņ-s[i] you wash his mouth with honey, oil and fine beer 28.4:4; ina tēlilti ša Ea u Asalluhi mahar Šamaš ... pīšu im-si-ma with the cleansing rite of Ea and Asalluhi he washed its (the statue's) mouth before Šamaš BBSt. 36 iv 27 (NB); ina mê u šikari pāšu LUḤ-si he washes his mouth with water and beer PBS 1/1 15:25, see Laessøe Bit Rimki pp. 30 and 74; pīšu te-me-is-si you wash its (the bull's) mouth KAR 60:7, see RAcc. 20; enūma KA qašdi LUH-u when you wash the mouth of a holy one Or. NS 34 112:6 (namburbi incipit); enūma KA DINGIR LUH-ú when you wash the mouth of a divine statue JRAS 1925 42:1, and passim in similar phrases in rit., see also Hh. XIII 54, CT 16 5:176f., STT 197:46f., in lex. section.
- 5' other parts of the body: inīšu ina uhūli qarnāni Luḥ-si you wash his eyes with "horned alkali" CT 23 26:6, also AMT 11,2:19, and passim in med.; panīka te-me-es-si you wash your face KUB 37 5:4 (med.); ina mê kasî baḥrūti Luḥ you wash (his penis) with hot kasû-juice AMT 62,1 ii 10; IGI GIG Luḥ-si you wash the sore spot AMT 18,5 r. 2,75 iv 5ff.
- b) clothes: [šumma a'īlu] Túg ... ana ma-sa-e iddin if a man gives a garment (to the cleaner) for cleaning AfO 12 pl. 6 r. 5, see David, Symb. Koschaker 132; Túg.HI.A.MEŠ damqūte ... ša ma-si-u-ni good garments which are washed KAV 108:6 (both MA); garments given to the ašlāku i-me-si-ú-ma ... ušerribu they will clean and deliver HSS 14 620:10 (Nuzi); pure water in which musukkatu la im-su-ú lubārēša no unclean

woman had washed her garment AMT 27,5:9 and dupls. 54,3:3, Köcher BAM 29:27.

- c) other objects: mākalti bēlija ul i-miis-sé-e he will not clean the bowl of my lord Fish Letters 14:19; šurīpam lipahhiru ina işşim ka-bi-i u šittam damqiš li-im-su-u (see kabû B) ARM 1 21 r. 15, also 16f.; DUG haria ta-ma-as-si you wash the hariu-vessel Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 2 ii 4 (MA), and passim (also referring to diqāru) in these texts; ornaments from the headdress of Nanâ) ana mi-se-e ina pani PN kutimmi at the disposal of PN, the goldsmith, for cleaning YOS 6 117:7; sēnuja mi-si u guzuz wash and shear my sheep TCL 984:8 (both NB); note referring to ingredients for a prescription: Ú.KUR ina mê kasî LUH-si CT 23 30:55, cf. urqissu ina [A] LUH-si tapâş AMT 13,6:11, cf. also riqqēša hašlūte ta-ma-[si] Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 41:14.
- d) to wash off, wash away: [...] šapslam ša muballittim mû im-su-ma the water has washed away the lower [part] of the barrage ARM 6 4:14; dīmātija in-te-si u mār šipri [ana māt Karanduniaš al]tapra (after the death of your father) I wiped off my tears, and sent a messenger to Babylonia KBo 1 10:12 (let. of Hattušili); kūm damē idadan damē i-ma-si he will give (a slave girl) for the blood (of a slain person), (and thus) wipe away (the guilt of) bloodshed ADD 321:6 (NA).
- 2. to refine metals: kaspam am-sí-ma ina 5 MA.NA 3½ MA.NA ēliam I refined the silver. and from five minas (only) three and onethird minas came out TuM 1 3b:4, cf. 2 GÍN i-ma-sà-im imți TCL 19 36:44, also ibid. 43:37, Kienast ATHE 28:7; erium ša ma-sa-eem Edinb. 1963,243:6, cited AHw. 648a s.v. (all OA); ana he-pi-im ù me-se-e-em (metals?) for .... and refining (in broken context) TIM 2 46:8, also ibid. 5, 10, 17 (OB); erâ ana panija kî im-su-ú when they refined the copper in my presence PBS 1/2 41:9 (MB let.); (copper) ana me-sú-[ú] ina qāt PN nadnu given to PN for refining HSS 14 646:2; erû ša mi-sú-ú copper which was refined HSS 13

mesû mēsu A

84:2; erû ša ìR.MEŠ ša LÚ.GAL.MEŠ i-ma-suni the copper which the servants of the officials have refined ABL 867 r. 7; kaspu anniu ša ana šarri bēlija ašpuranni ša irbi šû la qali la ma-si (see irbu mng. 3b-l') ABL 1194 r. 9 (both NA); uncert.: [...] ina GN lu-um-si-ma I will refine [silver?] in GN Kraus AbB 1 97 r. 2 (OB).

- 3. to settle accounts, to clear records—a) in OA: šumma rubāum hubullam i-ma-si (even) if the king orders a cancellation of debts (you will pay me my grain) Anatolian Studies Güterbock 35 IA 23, cf. šumma hubullam i-ma-sí-ú u šunu hubullašnu la i-ma-sí-ú ibid. 36 3A 18 and 21, also 2B 13f.; addurār Akkadî u mārīšunu aškun e-ru-šu-nu am-sí I proclaimed remission of debts for the inhabitants of Akkad and their descendants and cleared them of their .... (uncert.) ZA 43 115:54 (Ilušuma).
- b) in OB Elam: nīš RN...itmûma izūzu im-sú-ú they swore an oath by RN, divided (the estate) and "cleared" MDP 23 177 r. 5; zīzū me-e-sú-ú they have divided and "cleared" ibid. 168:7, also 169:29, 47, 172:21, and passim in these texts; ša ul zīzāku ul me-e-sà-ku iqabbû whoever says, "I have not divided and cleared" MDP 23 166:16, also MDP 22 7:9, 9:13, and passim, wr. me-sé-ku ibid. 8:15; ištu nikkassu eššu u labīru ša saḥlē še'e u kibti me-sú-ma after the new and old accounts of saḥlû, barley, and wheat had been settled MDP 23 190:3, cf. ištu nikkassašu me-sú-ú ibid. 275:1.
- c) other occs.: šēp apillê šēp andunāni (for andurāri?) šumma šarru ṣi-[ib(or bit)-t]a i-me-si mark of ..., mark of release of debts(?), alternatively: the king will cancel the interest (on debts) (for comm., see lex. section) CT 31 11 obv.(!) i 18 (SB ext., coll.), dupl. ibid. 29 K.11714:7f., also GìR a-pi-li GìR an-du-ra-ri LUGAL EN.NU.UN (= sibitta) i-me-sí Labat Suse 138 iii 15, see ibid. p. 155.
- 4. mussû to wash: li-mes-su-in-ni mê nāri let the water of the river clean me 4R 59 No. 2 r. 16; mu-us-su pija šutēšura qātāja my mouth is washed, my hands are perfect

4R 17 r. 25; [...  $q\bar{a}$ ]tāša mu-us-sa-a idāša her hands are [...], her arms are washed (referring to Ištar) AfO 19 54:234; mu-us-si  $puh\bar{a}du$  šubu'u KUD-šú (see bd'u mng. 3a) BBR No. 83 iii 24.

- 5. III/II to wipe off: tuš-mas-si dīmāti [...] you wipe off the tears AfO 19 64 iii 7.
- 6. II/2 to wash oneself: mu-ti-sí Šamaš qurādum li-im-te-sú ittika ilū rabûtum u atta mu-te-sí Bunini ... maḥar Šamaš dajānim cleanse yourself, valiant Šamaš, and let the great gods cleanse themselves together with you, and you, Bunene, cleanse yourself before the judge, Šamaš JCS 22 26:21ff. (OB ext. prayer); ina ūmi magri lītellil (text li-li-lil) lim-te-es-[si] (var. lītelil lim-te-si) let him clean and wash himself on a propitious day STT 95:87, var. from Köcher BAM 316 vi 7 (rit.), cf. ud.8.kam lītellil lim-te-es-si (var. šu.luh-Bab. 4 107:19 (hemer.), var. from KAR 147 r. 24, Iraq 21 52:53, Iraq 23 92 r. 2, cf. also 4R 33\* i 3; mê būrti lim-te-si let him wash himself in water from a well AMT 28,7:13; ANŠE ... līkulma li-im-te-si (obscure) TLB 4 36:27 (OB let.); uncert.: anāku un-te-es-si K.10141:6 (SB rit.).
- 7. II/2 to be washed: *ūtallil ūtabbib* urtammik um-te-es-si (see elēlu mng. 3b) Šurpu VIII 83, see also CT 16 11:34f., Šurpu VII 82, in lex. section.
- 8. IV to be refined, to be washed off: imme-si-ma 1 gin kaspum imți (the silver) was refined, and it became one shekel of silver less W.20472/113, cited Bagh. Mitt. 2 46; gilzlātušu lim-me-sa-a let his sins be washed away Surpu IV 81 var., also, wr. lim-ma-sa-a JNES 15 136:78 (lipšur-lit.).

In KAJ 260: 9 read pa-ni-e  $\dot{u}$  ur-ki-e. The verb in KA- $\dot{s}\dot{u}$  tup(?)-ta-as-sa-ma [i]l-la-tu- $\dot{s}\dot{u}$  tarammuk Köcher BAM 161 ii 14, KA- $\dot{s}\dot{u}$  [tu]p(?)-ta-sa-ma ibid. 29 may be  $pas\bar{a}mu$ .

Ad mng. 3a: Balkan, Anatolian Studies Güterbock pp. 29-41.

mēsu A (mēšu) s.; (a native tree and its wood); OAkk., OB, MB, SB, NB; wr. syll. and GIŠ.MES.

mēsu A mēsu B

giš.mes = me-e-su, lam-mu Hh. III 200f.; me-ìs Mes = [me]-e-su-um MSL 2 136 Tablet A fragm. c, line o (Proto-Ea), see MSL 3 219; giš. mes = [me-e-su] Antagal I i 7'; giš-mes Giš.Mes = [m]es-[su] Diri III 73a; giš.mes.ki.in.gír = me-e-su, hu-la-me-su Hh. III 206f.; giš.še.mur. kur.ra, giš.mes.ki.in.gi.ra, giš.me.e.šum = mi-e-šu Nabnitu A 165ff.; giš.mes.gi<sub>6</sub> = su-lum me-si Hh. III 215; giš.me.su, giš.pa.me. su = [šU] Hh. III 242f.; giš.gi.rim = me-e-su, hu-la-mi-su, si-ir-du Hh. III 233ff.; giš.gu.za. giš.mes = (kussû) šá me-e-si Hh. IV 113a; giš. KA.kara<sub>4</sub>.giš.mès = šá mi-e-si ibid. 206.

giš.tir giš.mes.gal.gal.la mu.un.bu.re. e.[ne]: ina qišti me-e-si rabbûti urabba [...] in the forest they shake the big m.-trees JRAS 1932 557:12f.; am mu.gid.mes.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) mu.un. gur.ru.uš.[e.ne]: rīma kīma nīr me-e-si išab: [biţu] they irk the bull like a yoke (made) of m.-wood ibid. 14f.; e.ne.èm.mà.ni giš.mes.gal. [gal.la] gú.gur<sub>5</sub>.[ru.u]š àm.me: amassu mi-si rabbûti [ukappar] his word throws down the big m.-trees SBH p. 7 No. 4:34f., also ibid. 157f., p. 95:33f.; giš.mes.gin<sub>x</sub> in.bu.re Muš×Muš.A. NA (variant: giš.i.ri<sub>x</sub>(DìM).na(text.ME)) TAR. e.dè: kīma me-e-su i-na-sa-aḥ šuršu uš-ma|ba-LAK-[(?)] SBH p. 55 r. 13f.

- a) the tree: ša GIŠ.MES elmeši ašaršun unakkirma ul ukallim mamma (see elmešu usage a) Cagni Erra I 148; ali GIŠ.MES šīr ilī simat šar gimri where is the m.-tree, the "flesh" of the gods, fit for the king of the universe? ibid. 150; ikis GIŠ.MES fell m.-trees AnSt 10 112 ii 26, also 29 (Nergal and Ereškigal); GIŠ.MES GIŠ.ŠINIG (beneficial on the 26th day) Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 42 r. 3, cf. TCL 6 12 r. viii 2.
- **b)** parts of the tree: PA GIŠ.MES twig (or leaf) of a m.-tree AMT 69,1:18; KU.KU GIŠ. ERIN GIŠ.MES [...] [you grind?] powder of cedar and m.-wood BMS 30:25; for sulum  $m\bar{e}si$  (Hh. III 215) see sulmu mng. 4 and discussion section.
- c) the wood: 1 GIŠ ma-al-tum MES TUR one small bowl of m.-wood Pinches Berens Coll. No. 89 ii 10 (OAkk.); paššūr girri ša qaq=qassu GIŠ.MES a table for the journey, the top of which is of m.-wood CT 21:5, 6:6; also Riftin 104:1, 3; 3 GIŠ.GU.ZA.HI.A ša GIŠ.MES three chairs of m.-wood CT 21:7, also CT 625b:17, Riftin 104:9, 18, UET 5 792:31, 793:9, YOS 8 98:61, 34, YOS 12 157:19, see also Hh.

IV 113a, in lex. section; GIŠ.NÁ GIŠ.MES a bed made of m-wood Riftin 104:13, 16, 21; GIŠ.KA.KARA<sub>4</sub> MES YOS 12 157:20, see also Hh. IV 206, in lex. section; GI.PISAN MES a m-wood box YOS 8 98:60 (all OB); GIŠ. GU.ZA GIŠ.MES GIŠ  $d\bar{a}r\hat{u}$  a throne of m.-wood, the durable wood (exceptional, isu dārû usually qualifies the m.-tree from Makkan, musukkannu, q. v.) JCS 19 122:23 (NB copy of an inser. of Simbar-Šīhu); see also (for a yoke) JRAS 1932 557:14f., in lex. section; you make four AN.HÚL-figures 1 šá GIŠ.MES one out of m-wood BMS 12:12, cf. (beads of) uqnî NA4.MES ibid. 13, also (beads of) GIŠ.MES taskarinni KAR 61:22; qaqqad pilakki giš.mes ... še giš.mes the top of a spindle of m., a grain(?) of m. (beside one of algamešu-stone, possibly to gištuppu) AMT 46,1:24 f. and dupl. Köcher BAM 376 ii 12 f.

An unidentified large tree that is never imported, whose wood is used frequently for furniture; it has no fruit or medically used product. Refs. wr. (NA<sub>4</sub>.)GIŠ.MES should probably be read gištuppu, q.v.

In ZA 43 17:51 read probably 2 GIŠ.ME [pa]-ši ezzūti ṣabit, see pāšu; for ARMT 13 24:5 see musukkannu.

Zimmern Fremdw. 53.

mēsu B (mīsu) s.; (a type of refined gold, copper, or silver); OB, SB, NB; cf. mesû v.

kù.babbar.me.a =  $K\dot{v}$ .[BABBAR mi-si(?)] = [...] Hg. A II 222, in MSL 7 171, cf. níg.luḥ.kù.babbar MSL 7 238:83 (Forerunner to Hh. XII).

na<sub>4</sub>.za.gìn.na kừ.cī huš.a kừ.luh.a.bi. da.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID): ina uqnîm kừ.cī.huš.a ừ kaspim mi-si (he adorned sun disks) with lapis lazuli, shining gold, and refined silver JNES 14 153 (OB year date); [dug.lam.si].sá.a.ni kừ.babbar. me.a kừ.cī: lamsissa me-su kaspa u [hurāṣa] her mixing-bowl is of refined silver and gold CT 15 41:18.

mi-e-su (var. [mi-su]) = MIN (= hu-ra-şu) Malku V 173, var. from An VI 8.

12 MA.NA URUDU mi-si Alašim u Tilmuni twelve minas of refined copper from Alašia and Telmun JCS 25 211:15 (OB); said of silver: IGI.[x].GÁL.LA mi-si kaspi one xth of refined silver CT 6 21a:22; ŠU.NIGIN 2\frac{1}{3} GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ša mi-si ša illati in all, 2\frac{1}{3}

mēsū mêsu

shekels of refined silver for the crew CT 8 42d:15 (both OB); 9 GÍN mi-su nine shekels of m. (gold or silver) VAS 6 191:8, 20;  $\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA 8 GÍN mi-[e-s]i and  $upp\bar{e}ti$  ... ina pan PN kutimmi GCCI 2 25:1; 55 GÍN 2-ta  $q\bar{a}t\bar{a}te$  mi-[x]-si 5 kappu KÙ.GI ibid. 51:1 (all NB).

Ungnad, Or. NS 4 298.

Comm.).

mēsū (māsū) s. pl. tantum; cultic rites, rituals; MB royal, SB; māsū Lambert BWL 82:219.

sag.me = me-e-su, sag.ki = sak-ku-u, šu.luḥ = šu-luḥ-ḥu Erimhuš VI 9ff.

mi-e-si = pár-su An VIII 49; mi-si // par-si
Lambert BWL 83 comm. to line 219 (Theodicy

- a) in gen.: me-su-šu šitruhu parṣūšu ṣīru sakkûšu rēštû alkakātušu nakla his (Enlil's) rites are splendid, his cultic ordinances sublime, his divine orders supreme, his ways artful Hinke Kudurru i 18 (Nbk. I); ūšibuma ina puḥrišunu inambû šīmāte ina mi-e-si(var. -su) nagabšunu uzakkiruni šumšu sitting in their assembly, they pronounced the decisions, in all their rituals they proclaimed his name En. el. VI 166.
- b) referring to the execution or the neglect of the gods' rites: Simbar-dŠīhu muštē: šir alkakāti DN u DN, mušallimu me-si-šú-un RN, who sets aright the ways of Anu and Dagan, who duly performs their rites JCS 19 121:8, cf. parṣēša šūqurūti uk[īnma] ušal= Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 ii 24 lima mi-se-e-šá (Asb.); usur ma-si-šu (var. me-si-šú) follow his (the god's) rites Lambert BWL 82:219 (Theodicy), for comm., see lex. section; kīnūte me-si ištari tētig temēši vou transgressed (and) disregarded the proper rites of the goddess ibid. 76:81 (Theodicy, restored from unpub. dupl.), for a parallel see  $m\hat{u}$  B; ašar me-si-ki šuklulū lima'ûki ka[jāna] at the place where your rites are performed perfectly they shall praise you continuously AfK 1 27:46, dupl. K.14194, ef. [pālih ilī] rabûti mušaklil mi-e-[s]i-šú-un he who worships the great gods, executes their rites completely BBSt. No. 35 i 4 (Merodachbaladan); ana ... šurruhu mi-se-e-šá šūgurūti to make her precious rites splendid Thompson Esarh.

pl. 15 ii 15 (Asb.); uteddušu me-si ilī ušaškin qātūa he (Marduk) entrusted to my hands the renewal of the rituals of the gods VAB 4 284 x 6 (Nbn.); Annunītu ša ... Gutû ušalz pitu me-e-si-šú whose cult the Guti had desecrated ibid. 276 iv 23, cf. ibid. 274 ii 26, cf. also (the enemy) ušahbit me-si-šú-un upset their rites JCS 19 121:12; note with negation: ištu ... ibnû ikkibi šipri la me-e-su after he had built what was abominable (to the gods), a work not (sanctioned) by rites BHT pl. 7 ii 17 (Nbn. Verse Account), cf. ippuš la me-e-su ibid. pl. 5 i 19.

mēsû see \* $m\bar{e}z\hat{u}$ .

mêsu (mêšu) v.; 1. to crush, squash, to trample, destroy, overwhelm; 2. IV (passive to mng. 1); MA, SB, NB; I imēs — imês, IV.

 $[x].a = me(var. m\acute{e})-e-su$  (in group with  $s\acute{e}ru$ and kabāsu) Erimhuš II 43; gir min (= dug<sub>4</sub>.ga) = ka-ba-su, mi-su CT 51 168 iii 36f. (group voc. A). ú.àm me.ri mu.un.gaz : šammē kiššassunu te-mis . . . # šammē ina uzzi te-mis you have trampled down all the grass, variant: you have trampled down the grass in anger 4R 30 No. 1:17ff., see Böllenrücher Nergal 44; im.babbar.kur.ra me.ri.síg.ga.dug<sub>4</sub>.ga.na #.ni : gaṣṣa ina šadî i-mi-su | te-mis they, variant: you, have crushed the gypsum in the mountain ibid. r. 13f., also W. G. Lambert, Studies Albright 345:17, cf. me.ri.sig.ga.d[ug4.ga.na] : te-mi-[is] ASKT p. 125 r. 18f., see Cooper, RA 66 81; giriš.ginx (GIM) šu ha.ba.e.en.zé.en (var. ha.ba.an. sìg.ge.[en.zé.en]) : kīma kurṣipti e-mi-iš-kunu-ti I will squash (Akk.: I have squashed) you like butterflies Lugale X 25.

me-e-si = se-e-ru An VIII 46;  $m\acute{e}-e-su = min$  (= da-a-ku) Malku I 105.

- 1. to crush, squash, to trample, destroy, overwhelm a) to crush, squash (objects): see 4R 30 No. 1:17ff. and r. 13f., in lex. section; [j] arutta ta-mes you crush jaruttuplants Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 45 r. 24.
- b) to trample, destroy, overwhelm (enemies): Anunnaki illûnimma šiknat napišti i-mes-su the Anunnaki will come up and destroy the living beings Cagni Erra I 177; kakkēšu ezzūti ša ... la māgirī i-miš-šu his (the god's) fierce weapons that crush the disobedient TCL 3 126 (Sar.); kakkūa kak

mêsu meşherūtu

nākirī li-mé-e-sú may my weapons overwhelm the weapons of the enemy VAB 4 82 ii 32, 102 iii 30; (Zababa) *ša lemnūtu* GN i-mi-is-su who destroys the enemies of Babylon VAB 4 184:74 (all Nbk.); ajābija gērāja ikšud he crushed my enemies, defeated my foes Bauer Asb. 2 49:15; kullat nākirīja lu-me-iš kulbābiš let me squash all my enemies like ants Borger Esarh. 76:19, cf. gimir zāmānīja li-mis kulbābiš BiOr 21 148:27 (Esarh.); see also Lugale, in lex. section.

2. IV (passive to mng. 1): ahuz qãssu la im-me-es-su aradka take his hand (Nabû) — your servant shall not be destroyed ZA 61 52:53 and 55; a-a im-mes-ma (in broken context) AfO 19 51:99.

For other refs. see mêšu.

Cooper, RA 66 81ff.

mêsu see mêšu.

mesukannu see musukkannu.

mesukku s.; (a bird of prey); OB, MB, EA, SB, NA.

- $[\ldots] = me\text{-suk-ku}$  Lanu F iv 6.
- a) in gen.: šu[mma me]-su-uk-ku [ana lib]bi ālim [īrub]ma if a m.-bird enters a city HUCA 40-41 89:12 (OB Alu), cf. [šum: ma] sa-as-su-uk-ku UD // me-suk-ku [...] if a white ....-bird, var. m. [... in a field] CT 41 3 Rm. 253:3 (SB Alu); 1 lim me-su-ki Mušen one thousand m.-birds (for a banquet) Iraq 14 35:112 (Asn.).
- b) representations of m.-birds: 1 HAR ŠU ša an.bar  $[\ldots]$  me-e-su-uk-ki-i-šu taml $\hat{u}$  $NA_4.ZA.Gin.KUR$  one iron bracelet, its m.figures inlaid with genuine lapis lazuli EA 22 ii 1 and 3; 2 HAR KÙ.GI ša ŠU tişbutūtu ša me-su-gi.meš me-su-uk-[ku-šu-nu] tamlû NA4.ZA.GÌN.KUR two linked gold bracelets with m.-s, their m.-s inlaid with genuine lapis lazuli EA 25 ii 26; 1 MAR.GAR ... rēssu me-su-ug-gu NA4.GUG.ME one ...., its head a m.-bird of carnelian EA 22 iii 17; 1 HAR ŠU KÙ.GI 3-šu ša me-su-uk-ke-ti [...] one triple(?) bracelet ring with m.-s PBS

2/2 120:16, also 14 (MB); me-su-ki egrūte ša PN (see egru mng. 2) ADD 1041 r. 4.

Possibly the falcon, as the jewelry sent from Mitanni to Egypt and the heraldic(?) emblem mentioned in ADD 1041 r. 4 suggest.

mesuru (misuru) s.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi; foreign word.

u annû šû mi-su-ri iška (ri) šunu ša unūtē u unūtē labīru ša ana qāti PN nadnu and this is the m., their assigned work, of the weapons and the old weapons, which were entrusted to PN HSS 15 2:26 (= RA 36 192); ša PN gurpissu ša tarkumazišu me-zu-ra HSS 15 12:10 (= RA 36 180), also ibid. 12, cf. ša PN sariam me-zu-ra ibid. 23, cf. also ibid. 15.

Possibly an element of armor.

meşharūtu see meşherūtu.

meșheriš adv.; in childhood; OB, SB\*; cf. șehēru.

[... š]a meṣ-ḥe-riš mudû la mudû mišīma forgive [what I have done] as a child, knowingly or unknowingly BMS 11:18, see Ebeling Handerhebung 72; PN abī me-es-ḥe-ri-iš ana mārūtim ilqeanni PN, my father, adopted me when I was still a child Çiğ-Kizilyay-Kraus Nippur 174:7, cf. ibid. r. 4 (OB).

meşherūtu (meṣḥarūtu) s.; youth, child-hood; SB; cf. ṣeḥēru.

dSùd.e dEn.líl.ra (var. [dS]ùd dEn.líl.lá «KA») á.nam.tur.ra.ta inim mu.ni.íb.gią. gią: [dMIN] ana Enlil ana idi mes-he-ru-ti-ša am[ata...] Sud in her youthfulness answered Enlil STT 151:5 and dupls., see JNES 26 202:17, cf. [dingir].na.me á.nam.tur.ra.na.aš šeš. imin.bi ha.la [...]: [a-a]-ú ilu ina idi mes-he-ru-ti-ša zit[ta...] LKA 23:7f. and 11f.

[šumma amēlu ina meṣ-ḥe]-ru-ti-šú qaq=qassu šebīte [mali] if a man's hair (lit. head) is full of white while he is still young AMT 4,1:7; «DIŠ» amēlu ina meṣ-ḥe-ru-te-šú KU.GIG maruṣ that man was suffering from a disease of the bowels in his youth Köcher BAM 168:72, dupls. ibid. 108:18, AMT 43,1 i 2, cf. šumma amēlu ina meṣ-ḥe-ru-ti-šú KU maruṣ AMT 43,1:19 and 23; ištu mi-iṣ-ḥi-ru-ti-ia

meșirānu mešēltu

išariš sabtanni (Marduk) has kept me on the right path since I was a child VAB 4 214:19 (Ner.);  $ina \quad mi-is-hi-ru-ti-ia \quad \dots \quad ina$ ašrāt DN u DN, bēlēa aštene'a kajānu in my youth I regularly cared for the temples of Nabû and Marduk, my lords ibid. 66 No. 4:4 (Nabopolassar), cf. Sin Ningal Nusku u Sadarnunna ilānija ša ultu mi-iṣ-ḥi-ru-ti-ia ašte' $\hat{u}$  AnSt 8 46 i 5; [... me]s-hir-u-ti ittarrû [the god who] led (me) as a youth Bauer Asb. 249:8; ina mes-ha-ru-ti-ia -maEš<sub>4</sub>. DAR-ti(var. -te) usappâ in my youth I prayed to Ištar KAR 25:11, see Ebeling Handerhebung 10, var. from dupl. STT 55:40; meș-he-ruti la mudâkuma gullultu ēpušu ul idi in my youthfulness I am inexperienced, I do not know whether I have committed a sin Schollmeyer No. 18:20.

von Soden, Or. NS 20 155.

meșirānu adj.; (describing a horse); NA.\*

l ANŠE.KUR.RA SA<sub>5</sub> me- $\dot{s}i$ -ra-nu l ANŠE. KUR.RA ir-gi-nu me- $\dot{s}[i$ -ra-nu(?)] Postgate Palace Archive No. 125:4f. (= Iraq 13 111 ND 445).

meșirtu in ša meșirti s.; (an occupation); OB lex.\*

lú.gilim. $DIM_4$ . $DIM_4$  = ša me-sir-tim (between ša šēšē and ša šikinnim) OB Lu C<sub>6</sub> 16, in MSL 12 196, cf. OB Lu A 434ff.

See mišertu discussion section.

mēṣiru s.; drawing(?); NA\*; cf. eṣēru.

ṣalmu šarri ša mi-ṣi-ri anāku ēteṣiri I made a likeness of the king in drawing ABL 1051:5.

meșiuri s.; (a plant); plant list\*; foreign word.

Ý MAḤ, Ý pu-uḥ-pu-ḥu : Ý šá-mu GAL.MEŠ, Ý me-ṣi- $\acute{u}$ -ri, [Ý ta]-la-ṣu-di : Ý MIN ina Q[u-te-e] Uruanna II 263 ff.

mēşu see *işu* adj.

mêš interr.; where?; OAkk.(?), SB; cf. ajīš.

ili me-e-eš (var. mi-š[i(?)]) atta my god, where are you? Craig ABRT 27 r. 7 (SB rel.),

dupl. PBS 1/1 14:47, see Lambert, JNES 33 276:46; uncert.:  $Mi-i\check{s}-da-ti$  (entire text of bulla) MDP 14 79 (OAkk.).

mēšariš see mīšariš.

mēšaru see mīšaru A.

mēšarūtu see mīšarūtu.

mešdariš see \*masdariš.

mešdugudû (meštugudû, meštegudû, meštez gerrû, meštegurrû) s.; table; syn. list\*; Sum. lw.

mi-eš-dù-gu-du-ú, mi-eš-te-gúr-ru-ú, mi-eš-tu-gu-du-ú = MIN (= pa-áš-šu-ru) CT 18 3 r. iii 18ff.; me-eš-te-ger-ru-u, me-eš-te-gu-du-u = MIN (= pa-áš-šu-ru) (preceded by guduttû, var. [me]š-[du(?)]-gudu-u0 Malku II 188 f.

Composed of meš (archaic spelling of Sum. giš) and dugud. See also  $gudutt\hat{u}$  (with var.  $dugud\hat{u}$ ).

mešeddu see mašaddu.

mešeddūtu in rab mešeddūti s.; the office of rab mešedi; Akkadogram in Hitt.

My brother appointed me A-NA GAL ME-ŠE-DI-UT-TIM(var.-TI) Goetze Hattušiliš 8:25 (§ 4).

For the title of the official see mašaddu mng. 2b.

mešēltu (mašēltu, mušēltu) s.; 1. flint, sharpened stone, 2. blade; OB, MB, EA, SB; pl. mešēlētu; cf. šêlu.

 $na_4.maš.dà.a = mi-šil-tum$  Antagal III 112.

- 1. flint, sharpened stone: 1 me 17 NA<sub>4</sub> ma-še-el-du ša gallābi 117 flints(?) for the barber EA 14 iii 74; NA<sub>4</sub> me-še-el-tum (in broken context, in list of beads and precious stones) PBS 2/2 105:33 (MB); NA<sub>4</sub> mu-ši-el-tú lišānšu his tongue is a sharpened stone KAR 307:7, see TuL p. 32.
- 2. blade: patrī išpuku rabûtim me-še-le-tum 2 gún.ta.àm ṣiprū 30 ma.na.ta.àm (see ṣipru mng. 4) Gilg. Y. iv 168 (OB), also (in broken context) mi-šil-tu Gilg. VIII iv 49.

For AMT 13,6:17 see  $mašd\hat{u}$ .

mēšeltu mešēqu

mēšeltu see melēštu.

mešēlu see mušālu A.

mešēnu (maš'anu, maš'enu) s.; (a type of shoe); from OAkk. on; cf. šênu.

- a) in gen.: PN AŠGAB ... mi-še-na-am ipuš PN, the leatherworker, has made the shoes VAS 16 70:17 and 22 (OB let.); 1 KUŠ me-še-nu YOS 13 455:4, 2 KUŠ me-še-nu CT 45 99:14 (both OB);  $1.\lambda M$  KUŠ  $n\bar{a}d\bar{a}tim$ 2.  $\lambda M$  KUŠ me-še-[n]i waterskins, one, shoes, two, per person ARM 1 17:20, also 64 KUŠ me-še-n[i] ibid. 29; 10 KUŠ me-e-še(!)-nu(!) Dar. 457:3; KUŠ me-še-nu kî iddinu alla šēpēja x qallala the shoes he gave me are too small for my feet GCCI 2 397:7 (NB let.), cf.  $\delta \acute{a}$ -la Kuš me- $\delta e$ -nu tu-ul-te- $\delta i(!)$ -ni ibid. 4, cf. also 10 f., 16; Kuš me-še-en kuš nu-ú-tu ana PN ina muhhi kurummati šarri nadna Nbk. 173:1 and 5; 60 KUŠ me-še-[nu] 60 KUŠ  $n\bar{u}[tu]$ YOS 3 127:11; 1-en kuš me-še-[en] PN Nbk. 165:1; KUŠ me-še-e-nu Nbn. 566:8, 2 me-eše-e-nu Nbn. 824:13 (all NB).
- **b)** qualifications: 2 maš-a-na-an tab-a-an  $1 \text{ maš-a-na-an } s\acute{a}\text{-}bu\text{-}a\text{-}an \text{ } ra(?)\text{-}bu\text{-}a\text{-}an \text{ } RA 46$ 194 No. 39:1f. (OAkk. Mari), cf. 16 maš-a-nu  $tab-\acute{u}-tum\ 1\ ma\check{s}-a-na-an\ ibid.$  No. 40:1, also 1 maš-a-na-an tab-a-an RA 46 196 No. 41:1f. and 198 No. 53:1, see Gelb, RA 50 9f.; 52 ma-áš-enu ša zakkarī 52 pairs of men's shoes OIP 27 55:53, cf. ibid. 60, 20 ma-áš-e-nu ša sinni=  $\check{s}\bar{a}tim$  ibid. 55, also TCL 19 61:20, cf. (for men) ibid. 21 (all OA); [1] KUŠ me-še-na SAG one pair of shoes of fine quality ARMT 13 14:27, cf. [X] KUŠ me-še-en MUL (for ŠUHUB) ARM 7 270 r. 9, also [x] KUŠ me-še-nu ibid. 10, see Bottéro, ARMT 7 p. 285, cf. 1 Kuš me-še-en MUL 5 KUŠ me-še-nu ARM 9 102:16f.; [x KUŠ] me-še-en MUL SAG [X KU]Š me-še-nu SAG ARMT 13 2:11f.; 5 TÚG mi-še-nu kaba(!)-lum GAL.MEŠ five pairs of large shoes with leggings PBS 2/2 121:33 (coll.), wr. me-šen BE 14 157:19, 57, and 65; 1 mi-šen Ú.BI GAL l mi-šen ka-ba-lim Aro Kleidertexte p. 15 No. 3:50a and b, 68a and b, 120f., for other occs. in MB Nippur see kaballu usage ana si-im-ma-<nu> ša me-e-še-e-nu ša

LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ *ša qašti* 82-9-18,4081 r. 1 (NB); 45 KUŠ *me-še-nu pe-ti-ú-tu* 82-9-18,4055 (NB).

c) referring to the buckle of a shoe: 3 mi-še-nu ša šēni ša kaspi three m.-s for shoes of silver EA 14 ii 58, cf. [3] mi-še-nu ša šēpi ša hurāṣi ibid. i 76.

Salonen Fussbekleidung 53ff.

mešēqu s.; 1. (a measuring vessel made of wood), 2. (an adm. term referring to distribution or repayment of barley, rarely of other commodities); OB; wr. with and without det. GIŠ; cf. šêqu.

[g]iš.ùr = me-še-qum Proto-Kagal Bil. Section E 70; [...] = mi-še-qu (preceded by [še]-e-qum with three broken Sum. equivalents) Nabnitu S 4f.; KU = me-še-qum MSL 9 128:194 (Proto-Aa).

- 1. (a measuring vessel made of wood): see lex. section; 2 GIŠ me-še-qum (in list of utensils) BE 6/140:4; barley, "bitter barley," chick peas and cress ina GIŠ.BÁN Marduk ersû(?) ina GIŠ me-še-qi-im nimtaḥar are ready(?) in the seah-measure of DN, we have received (it) in the m. (and applied our seal) VAS 16 121:10.
- 2. (an adm. term referring to distribution or repayment of barley, rarely of other commodities) — a) šīq mešēqim (in adm. texts from Sippar) — 1' referring to barley: x barley giš.Ba.Rí.ga Marduk ša namhartim šīq me-še-qí-im birujim (see biruju usage JCS 2 108ff. Nos. 13:3, 18:7, 19:12, 21:3 and 27, YOS 13 508:3 (all Abi-ešuh), CT 8 8b:3, CT 45 48:29 (both Ammiditana), CT 4 29b:3. BE 6/1 99:9, CT 8 21b:3, CT 8 10e:3 (all Ammişadūqa); note x barley GIŠ.BA.RÍ.GA Marduk ša namharti šīq me-še-qí-im raqqim CT 8 27b:3, and (with commodity broken) JCS 2 109 No. 20:2; x barley GIŠ.BA.RÍ.GA 64 Sìla šīq me-še-qí-im kabrim JCS 2 107 No. 11:3, 110 No. 21:10, 17, 24; x ŠE.GUR.MUŠ<sub>5</sub> GIŠ.BA.RÍ.GA Marduk ša namhartim šīq meše-qí-im kabrim JCS 2 110 No. 22:3 (all Abiešuh); x barley nahlum 450 sìla giš.šen. GAL GIŠ.BA.RÍ.GA 64 SÌLA šīq me-še-qí-im kabri TLB 1 154:4 (Samsuiluna), and (with GIŠ.BA.RÍ.GA 72 SÌLA) A 32067:3 (Hammurapi): note (exceptional) GIŠ.BA.RÍ.GA Šamaš šīq me-

mešēqu mešhatu

še-qi-im kabrim JCS 11 32 No. 21:6 (Samsuiluna), and simid É ša namharti šīq GIŠ meše-qum kabrum TCL 1 167:9 (Ammiṣadūqa),
cf. TCL 1 103:3; exceptionally in a letter:
šīq me-še-[q]i-[im] (in broken context) Kraus
AbB 1 33:28.

2' to other commodities: x zíd hulāṣu GIŠ.BÁN Marduk ša namhartim šīq me-še-q[i-im birujim] JCS 2 108 No. 15:3, No. 16:3 (Abiešuh); x ŠE.GIŠ.Ì GIŠ.BÁN Marduk ša namharti šīq me-še-qi-im birujim CT 8 36c:3 (Ammiditana).

b) mešēqu — 1' in private legal documents and letters: 3 še.gur giš.bán dutu me-šequm našpakūtum ... Ud.burux (en×gántenú).ŠÈ 3 ŠE.GUR GIŠ.BÁN dUTU me-šegá-am ana našpak ilgû utarru three gur of barley, in the seah-measure of Samas,  $m_{...}$ in storage, (borrowed) — at harvest time they will return the three gur of barley, in the seah-measure of Šamaš, the m., to the storage container from which they took it CT 8 33b:1 and 10 (Abi-ešuh), cf. barley GIŠ. BÁN dutu me-še-qum TLB 1 148:1 (Samsuiluna), YOS 13 421:1 (Abi-ešuh); barley ina GIŠ.BÁN dUTU ina GIŠ me-še-qí-im ... Ì.ÁG.E VAS 9 147:9, also, wr. ina me-še-qí-im VAS 8 99:9 (tablet), and 100:10 (case); x barley ina giš.bán dutu ina mi-še-qum ... ì.ág.e Meissner BAP 57:12, also, wr. ina me-še-qum VAS 9 157:12, BE 6/2 73:8, 72a:12, PBS 8/2 262:11 (all Hammurapi), Scheil Sippar 286 r. 2, BE 6/2 80 r. 1, wr. ina me-še-qí-i[m] TCL 1 GIŠ.BÁN 140:9 (all Samsuiluna), x barley Marduk me-še-qum Szlechter TJA 110:2, ina GIŠ.BÁN Marduk me-še-qum(text -qá) še ì.AG.E ibid. 39:10 (both Samsuiluna, from Dilbat); barley ina giš. Bán Sin me-še-qum TLB 1 142:13 (Samsuiluna, probably from Lagaba); note in letters: 10 gur še ina mi-še-qí-im ušābilakki I have sent you ten gur of barley from the m. (i.e., in natura?) Kraus AbB I 31 r. 10; one gur of barley ana awilim ina me-še-qî-[im] idni VAS 16 106:10; ina GIŠ. BÁN KAR.RA [še]'am damqam ina me-ši-qí-im liddinunim VAS 16 53:12; barley ina mi-eše-qí idiššum Kraus, AbB 5 222:8.

in adm. contexts (all referring to barley): x barley me-še-qum ana Lú.Hun. GÁ.MEŠ A 3544:5 (Samsuiluna); X ŠE.GUR GIŠ. BA.RÍ.GA me-še-qum VAS 9 22:3 (Hammurapi, Sippar); x barley for harvesters GIŠ.BÁN Sin me-še-qum TLB 1 160:6 (Samsuiluna, probably from Lagaba), also (with GIŠ.BÁN Šamaš) Birot Tablettes 17:7, (with GIŠ.BÁN É) ibid. 20:12 (both Samsuiluna, of unkn. provenience), also BE 6/1 81:2 (Ammiditana, from Sippar), (with GIŠ.BÁN Marduk, beside GIŠ.BÁN DN without m.) Szlechter Tablettes 160 MAH 16160:4 and 10 (Samsuiluna, of unkn. provenience); atypical: x barley ina giš. Bán Šamaš šu. Ti. A PN ina mi-še-qí-im VAS 8 80:7 (Hammurapi, from Sippar); note in letters (in adm. contexts): give barley to PN simid Marduk me-še-qum in the three-seah vessel of DN, the m. Kraus AbB 1 43:9, cf. ibid. 71:5.

The restriction of the term mešēqu to texts from northern Babylonia, mainly from Sippar (exceptions noted), indicates a local practice not yet precisely understood. As in most cases mešēqu (described as kabru "heavy,"raqqu"light," and biruju "medium") occurs beside a standard of measurement (parsiktu, ṣimdu, or sūtu), it seems to qualify the standard according to which the commodity (usually barley) is measured. The reason for this special qualification remains unknown.

mēšeriš see mīšariš.

mešertu see miširtu.

mēšeru see mīšaru A.

mēšeštu see mišertu.

mešētu s.; (mng. unkn.); Mari.

[1] na-ga(!)-ap-pa-am [l]abšam ša ṣalmim [an]a talbīš napād me-še-ti ARMT 13 11:26, cf. [aš]šum napādim [ša me-š]e-ti ibid. 19; 2 GI mi(!)-ši-sú its (the door's) m. (measures) two reeds ibid. 7:17.

See also messētu, mišittu B; for the Akkadogram ME-ŠE-DI in Hitt. see mašaddu.

mešhatu see mišihtu.

meškalallû mešrêtu

meškalallů s.; table; syn. list\*; Sum. lw. mi-eš-ka-lal-lu-ú = MIN (= pa-áš-šu-ru) CT 18 3 r. iii 21.

Composed of meš (archaic spelling of Sum. giš) and another Sum. element, perhaps ki.lá.

meškalû s.; door; syn. list\*; Sum. lw.
mi-eš-ka-lu-ú = MIN (= daltu) CT 18 3 r. ii 16.

Composed of Sum. meš (archaic spelling of Sum. giš) and another undetermined element.

meški s.; door; syn. list\*; Sum. lw.(?). mi-eš-ki = MIN (= daltu) CT 18 3 r. ii 14.

mešlû see mašlû A.

mešrêtu s. pl.; limbs; OB, MB, SB, NB; wr. syll. (meš-ra-a-a Tallqvist Maqlu pl. 95 K.5729:4) and Á.ÚR.MEŠ, Á.ŠU.GÌR.

[ur] [úr] =  $me\check{s}$ -re-[tum] A VII/2:131; [ú-ru] [ḤAR] =  $me\check{s}$ -re-e-[tum] A V/2:184; ur ḤAR =  $me\check{s}$ -re-tum Sa Voc. A II'a; á.úr =  $me\check{s}$ -re-e-tu Igituh I 179; ub.nigín.na, giš.gi.en.gi.na, á.šu. gìr = [mi-na-a-tu, bi-na-a-tu,  $me\check{s}$ -re-e-tu] Antagal P Fragm. g 14' (= RA 17 182 Sm. 1711); á.úr. búr.búr, á.úr.šub.šub =  $\min$  (=  $\check{s}\check{a}$ -pa-tu)  $\check{s}\check{a}$   $me\check{s}$ -re-e-tim Nabnitu K 68f.; [da.ri] = [ $\min$  (= sa-ba-rum)  $\check{s}\check{a}$ ]  $me\check{s}$ -re-ti Nabnitu X 51;  $\check{b}$ u.bu.uš =  $\min$  (=  $\check{b}a$ - $\check{s}u$ - $\check{u}$ )  $\check{s}\check{a}$   $me\check{s}$ -r[e-ti] CT 51 77:8 (Nabnitu fragm.).

en [á.úr].bi šu.zíl.zíl.bi.e.dè: bēlu mešre-ti-šú ana dummuqu the lord, in order to heal his (the sick man's) limbs BIN 2 22:190, dupl. AMT 6,2:6; šaḥ.tur.ra á.úr.ne.ne [... u].me.ni.ri.ri: šaḥturrā ana meš-re-ti-š[ú] purrisma dismember the piglet to (correspond to) his (the sick man's) limbs CT 17 5:52f.; am.gal á.úr.gur.ra mu.lu á.dar.[...]: rīmu rabū ša meš-re-e-ti kubburu qarnu [...] great wild bull with massive limbs, [...] horn LKU 16:11f.; amar.bàn.da si.gur4.gur4.ra á.úr šu.du7: būru ekdu ša qarnī kabbaru ša meš-re-ti šuklulu the wild young bull whose horns are thick and whose limbs are well built 4R 9:20, cf. [á].úr.šag5.šag5.ga.mu: ša meš-re-e-ti damqa SBH p. 28 r. 24.

lú dingir.hul.gál.e á.šu(var. .bi).gìr.bi in.da.ri.a : ša ilu lemnu meš-re-ti-šú(var. -šu) isburu the one whose limbs an evil god has bent JCS 21 4:25 (būt rimki); á.šu.gìr.bi ba.an.gul. gul : meš-re-ti-šú u'abbit I have destroyed his limbs SBH p. 126 No. 79:7f.; á.šu.gìr.bi u.me. ni.kešda : meš-re-ti-šú rukkisma bind his limbs CT 17 21 ii 83; á.šu.gìr.bi gig ba.an.ak.eš:

meš-re-tu-šú marşiš epša his limbs are in bad shape 4R 17:51f. (= Schollmeyer No. 2, bīt rimki), cf. (in broken context) CT 176:35f., 20:58f.; á.šu. gìr.bi bad.bad.da.[mu.dè] (var. pàd.da. mu.dè): meš-re-ti-šú ina puqqudija when I check his (the sick man's) limbs CT 165:183f., cf. zag.si.il.si.il.lá.a.ni igi ì.pàd.pàd.da.e.ne: meš-re-ti-šú upaqqadu BiOr 30164:9f.; lú. ux(GišGAL).lu dumu.dingir.ra.na níg.ak. ak.da.a.ni hé.en.dadag.ga: ša amēli mār ilišu meš-re-ti-šú lītabbiba (Sum.) may the activities (Akk.) may the limbs of (this) man, son of his god, be purified ASKT p. 79:24f., see Šurpu p. 53.

- a) in gen.: ina sikkatim ullaninnima miiš-re-ti-ia purrisa ul aḥḥaz hang me on a nail, tear my limbs apart — I will not continue my marriage CT 45 86:21 (OB leg.); the diviner meš-re-e-ti lu šuklulat should have perfect limbs BBR No. 1-20:4, cf. [š]a ihzīšu kašdu u  $me\check{s}$ -re-[e- $ti(-\check{s}\acute{u})$   $\check{s}uklulu]$  ibid. No. 79–82:3; Ninurta *ša šummuhu meš-re-ti* who has splendid limbs 1R 29 i 21 (Šamši-Adad V), cf. meš-re-tu-šu šuttuha En. el. I 100; uparrisa meš-re-ti-šú I severed his limbs AfO 8 184:33 (Asb.); (representations of dogs) ša meš-ree-ti puggulu whose limbs are exceedingly strong VAB 4 164 B vi 21 (Nbk.); wild bulls ina 20 bilat ešmarê meš-re-te-šú-nu nakliš a[ptiq] I cast in the round artistically from twenty talents of ešmarû-silver Streck Asb. 172:54; atypical: salam meš-re-ti parûti ša ina ištēn abni ibbanû minâte šuklulu sculptured marble statues, carved from a single stone, with perfectly formed limbs 2 108:65, also, wr. meš-re-e-ti ibid. 121:52 (Senn.); see also LKU 16:11f., 4R 9:20, SBH p. 28 r. 24, in lex. section.
- b) with ref. to disease and evil spells: see BIN 2 22:190, JCS 21 4:25, SBH p. 126 No. 79:7f., 4R 17, etc., in lex. section; šumma ina qaqqadišu mahisma Å.ÚR.MEŠ-šú ištēniš ikz kalašu if he is stricken in his head and all his limbs cause him pain Labat TDP 26:76, also ibid. 22:47; Å.[ŠU].GÌR (var. [Å]. (ŠU).GÌR) amēli išlutma ana bīt amēli īrub (if a snake) has bitten a man's limb and then entered the man's house CT 38 32:12 and dupl. KAR 389b ii 29 (SB Alu); mannu meš-re-ti-ka ukassi who has paralyzed your limbs? Bìggs Šaziga 17:13; minâtiki ubbir meš-re-ti-ki ukassi

mešrītu mēšu

Maqlu VII 71, cf. ubbiru minâtija ukassû mešre-ti-ia ibid. 64; for other refs. beside minatu see minītu mng. 2b-1'; ubbur me-eš-re-e-ti paralysis of the limbs MDP 6 pl. 11 iii 5 (MB kudurru), also VAS 1 37 v 39 (NB kudurru); mi-ešre-te-ia kīma bugli tahšuli you crushed my limbs like malt KAR 226 i 12 (SB rel.); mešre-ti-ka ana [muhhi]ja tašpuki MVAG 23/2 22:45; meš-re-ti-ia ula'ibu uniššu pitrī they caused fever in my limbs, they made my . . . . quake Lambert BWL 42:67; note meš-ra-a (for mešrētūa) nīla Tallqvist Maqlu pl. 95 K.5729:4; ina itablakkuti putturu riksūa mešre-tu-u-a suppuha itaddâ ahītu through twisting my sinews are parted, my limbs are splayed and knocked apart ibid. 44:105 (Ludlul II); meš-re-e-tu liptettira lirmû šerāni let the limbs become relaxed, the sinews slacken Köcher BAM 248 ii 53, cf. uptettira meš-r[e-etu-ša] ibid. 66, cf. also AfO 18 298:8; linahhišmeš-re-tú-ka ina r[u]-a-mu ša Ištar may he (Asalluhi) make your limbs feel well through love (given) by Ištar Biggs Šaziga 17:17; for refs. to healing by a physician see CT 16 5:183f., BiOr 30, in lex. section.

## mešrītu s.; (mng. uncert.); SB.\*

[būlu šiknat] napišti a-ṣu-ú (for ašû) ṣēri [ittanabb/ppal]aka nab-laṭ-si-na meš-ri-ta the animals, as many as there are, the animals of the steppe, bring to you (Šamaš) (or: pray to you for) their sustenance, m. Köcher BAM 323:26, restored from būlu šiknat napišti šu-ú ṣēri it-ta-nab-ba-la-ka Gray Šamaš pl. 12 K.2132:8.

Either a variant to mašrītu "riches" or to be read me(š)-re-ta, see mirītu "pasture."

mešrû see mašrû.

meštagû s.; sacrifice; lex.\*; Sum. lw.

[giš.tag.ga] = [me]-eš-ta-gu-ú Proto-Kagal Bil. Section E 52.

Loan from the OB spelling of giš.tag.ga, see qištaqqû.

meštaku see maštaku.

meštegerrû see mešdugudû.

meštegudû see mešdugudû.

meštegurrû see mešdugudû.

meštugudû see mešdugudû.

\*mešţītu see malṭītu and melṭītu.

meštů see maštů.

\*mešû see mesû v.

mēšu see mēsu.

mêšu (mė̃su) v.; 1. to despise, to have contempt for, to disregard, 2. to forgive, disregard sins, 3. II to treat with contempt, 4. IV to be despised, disregarded; OB, MB, SB, NB; I imė̃š (imiš) — imė̃š, pl. ime/iššu and imessu — mė̃š (miš), I/3, II, IV.

ka.è, è = mi-e- $\tilde{s}u$  (var. [mi]-e-su) Nabnitu A 163f.;  $[\ldots]$  = me- $\tilde{s}u$  Izi F 367.

me-e-sú # e-te-q[u] CT 41 4 r. 12 (Theodicy Comm., to Lambert BWL 82:214); re-du-u me-e-sú BM 37655:4 (exercise tablet, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

1. to despise, to have contempt for, to disregard — a) gods and their rites: ila idās ištar im-te-eš he scorned the god, despised the goddess Šurpu II 33, cf. ibid. 11; ina gabbi ili u ištari ša i-me-šu for all in which he had despised god and goddess ibid. 73, cf. ibid. 75; iddû ahšunu mīšunu i-mišu (vars. i-me-e-šu, i-me-šu) who have been negligent and have despised their (the gods') rites Lambert BWL 38:17, cf. mēsī ištari te-te-eq te-me-si (see  $m\tilde{e}s\bar{u}$  usage b) ibid. 76:81; me-e-ka am-te-eš PBS 1/1 14:26, with vars.  $am-da-e[\check{s}]$  (I/3?) KAR 244:2,  $[am-d]a-i\check{s}$ LKA 26:2; pilludê ili lu-meš parşī lukabbis I will ignore (my) god's regulations and trample on (his) rites Lambert BWL 78:135 (Theodicy); riddī [te]-meš šummē tatpil you despised propriety, you profaned ordinances ibid. 82:214, for comm. see lex. section; ilīšina *ībukama i-me-šá ištaršin* they overthrew their gods and despised their goddesses BiOr 21 144a:26 (Esarh.); em-te-eš ul idi unknowingly I treated (the god) with contempt AfO 19 51:69; PN ša  $n\tilde{i}$ š šumi[ka]  $rab\hat{a}$ galliš izkuruma i-me-šú šaltiš PN, who had invoked your great name lightly and mêšu mêšu

treated (it) with contempt PRT 105 r. 4; ša ana emūqi ramanišu taklu narbī ilūtišu mi-e-šu-ma who, trusting in his own strength and despising his (the god's) divine deeds (speaks arrogantly) TCL 3 119 (Sar.); danān Aššur bēlija e-me-iš-ma he despised the power of my lord Aššur Streck Asb. 158:3, also ibid. 6 i 56 var.

- b) allegiance to kings: RN ša  $n\bar{i}r \langle be-luti-\check{s}\check{u} \rangle$  isl $\hat{u}ma$  ...  $i-mi-\check{s}u$   $ard\bar{u}ssu$  RN, who had shaken off the yoke of his overlord and despised his vassal allegiance TCL 3 80, also ibid. 346, Winckler Sar. pl. 33:73.
- oaths, commands: ša ... errētija i-me-eš-ma whoever disregards my curses CH xlii 24; ana mīnim awâtišu te-me-eš why did you despise his words? ABIM 4:8 (OB let.); kīma ... amata išturuma īzibuni anāku la e-mi-e-šu as I did not despise the word which he had written down and left (for the future) MDP 2 pl. 22 iv 26 (MB kudurru), ef.  $šumma \ldots am \hat{a}ti \ldots \hat{s}\hat{u} \ldots la im-t\acute{e}\check{s}$  ibid. v 9; māmīt ilī ... ša ētiqu amat šarrūtika ša a-me-šu ikšudanni jāti the oath by the gods which I transgressed, your royal word which I despised, have caught me Borger Esarh. 103:23; PN adīja e-miš PN despised the oaths sworn to me Rost Tigl. III p. 16:92, also Lie Sar. 68, cf. kî anīni ana adê [...] nimi-is-su nipassa[su] ABL 1105 r. 4 (NB); kīma šitir burummê ul i-mes-sa adanna (the word of Aššur) which like the stars of heaven does not miss (its) appointed term BA 5 653:21 and 24 (SB rel.); ša annītam immaruma la i-mee-šu whoever sees this (document) and does not disregard it VAS 154:9 (NB funerary inscr.); mala ēpušuš im-eš he showed contempt for what I did to him Bauer Asb. 2 62 K.2644:6; [...l]ibbašunuma i-meš-šu epšetašnu MIO 12 53:11 (OB lit.); [x]-at-ku la ta-mi-iš mamma la tu[kallam] RA 60 37:9 (chem.).
- d) a person: meher tuppija ul tušābilam ... ana mīnim kīam te-mi-ša-an-ni you have not sent me an answer to my tablet, why did you show me such contempt? TCL 17 19:9; annûm epēšum «ša» libbī me-ši-im-ma this act is a sign of contempt(?) YOS 2 28:9

(OB let.); mūšam u kaṣāta ina a(?)-ma(?)-ri-ka la kajān šū ša me-ši-im-[ma] te-m[e]-e-[eš] UET 5 11:13f., for ibid. 81:18 see mng. 3; u šumma atta mi-ša-ta-an-ni anāku elika aḥabbub and even if you treat me with contempt, I will love you ARM 10 8:9; šulumki ul [tašpurim] mādišma mi-i-ša-[a-ku] ibid. 179:10'; i-me-eš-šu-ni-ik-kum-ma libbakani iḥhammaṭ they will despise you and you will become angry UET 6 414:40, see Iraq 25 184 (OB lit.); e ta-mèš izizzamma do not despise (me), stand by me JRAS Cent. Supp. 36 r. 8 (SB); aba umma im-te-eš he has despised father or mother Surpu II 36; i-meš-šu-šū (people) will despise him ZA 43 94:65 (physiogn.).

- 2. to forgive, disregard sins: me-e-šá (vars. me-e-eš, mi-i-ši, mi-e-ši) gillātija leqe unnīnīja disregard my sins, accept my prayers PBS 1/1 14:32, var. from dupls. Craig ABRT 2 7:7 and LKA 26:8, STC 2 pl. 83:82; me-e-šu ara[nšu] disregard his sin ZA 61 54:97 (SB hymn to Nabû); hiṭṭišu la mīna ābuks ma a-mi-iš gillassu I forgave his innumerable sins and disregarded his crime Winckler Sar. pl. 32:51; in personal names: Nabû-mi-iš-hi-ṭa-a Nabû-Disregard-My-Sin VAS 4 154:4, cf. Nabû-hi-ṭu-me-e-šú Nbk. 382:9.
- 3. II to treat with contempt: ana kīsija maḥārim ašpuramma tu-me-i-ša-am-ma I wrote in order to accept my capital, but you showed contempt for me UET 5 81:22 (OB let.); atta mār šiprija tu-me-e-iš you treated my messenger with contempt ibid. 29, also 52, but kīam te-me-š[a-an]-ni ibid. 18; [ul ur]ebbi Esagil ul ú-ma-áš parṣēšu I (the king) did not shatter Esagil, I did not show contempt for its rites RAcc. 144:425 (New Year's rit.).
- 4. IV to be despised, disregarded: dīnka ul innenni ul im-meš ama[tka] your judgment will not be altered, your word will not be despised TuL p. 127 ii 12; qibītka ul im-mi-eš your command will not be despised KAR 246:6 and dupls., see Laessøe Bit Rimki p. 57.

In MDP 18 238:10, 240:14, read apputtum la te-gi. In LFBD (= Fish Letters) 17:29 collation shows i-na me-ni-im. For other refs. see mêsu.

mêšu mēteqtu

mêšu see mêsu.

mešurru s.; (a topographical term); NA. £ 20 ANŠE A.ŠÀ ina me-šur-ru ADD 430:4.

mêtā num.; hundred times; OA; cf. meat. miššum adi me-ta-a tašpuram why did you write to me up to a hundred times? CCT 3 38:19.

mētaqtu see mēteqtu.

\*mētaqu see mētequ.

mētellu s.; lordship, power; SB; cf etelliš, etellu, etellūtu, mētellūtu.

- a) with šibirru: ina me-tel šibirrika tušeškin ana 1M.4 gimir tubqāte with the power of your scepter you subjugated the entire inhabited earth in all four directions Tn.-Epic "ii" 9; ša ina zikir <Aššur> bēlija ina mi(var. me)-tel šibirrija ašlula whom I took prisoner with the power of my scepter at the order of Aššur, my lord Lyon Sar. 11:73, var. from ibid. 18:94; ina me-tel šibirrija ša išruka abu ilāni Aššur NA4 kašurrū aqara... ūramma I brought precious basalt with the power of my scepter, which the father of the gods, Aššur, granted to me OIP 2 127e:2 (Senn.).
- b) with kiššūtu: ša ... kibrāt erbetta ina me-tel kiššūtišu irte'û anāku I am the one who pastures the four regions of the world with the power of his lordship Weidner Tn. 11 No. 5:11.

The reading me-tel (construct of \*mētellu) instead of me-zez is based on the contexts in which ref. is to the lordly might of the king; possibly the refs. cited sub mēzezu should also be read mētel (qarrādūti).

Landsberger, JCS 8 131 n. 337.

mētellūtu s.; excellence; OB, MB, SB\*; cf. etelliš, etellu, etellūtu, mētellu.

hu-um LUM = mi-til-lu-tum A V/1:14; [hu-um] LUM // me-tel-lu-t[ú] 2R 47 r. ii 47 (astrol. comm.).

dUtu Sa.am.su.i.lu.na.ra nam.nir nam.
kala.ga ù nam.ti.la.kex(KID) sag.e.éš mu.
ni.in.rig<sub>2</sub>: Šamaš ana RN išrukšum me-te-lu-tam

dunnam u balāṭam (the name of that wall is) Šamaš gave excellence, strength, and good health to Samsuiluna YOS 9 36 and dupls. (Sum.) = RA 61 42:105 (Akk.).

- a) in hist.: [me]-te-lu-t[am id]dikkum he gave you excellence LIH 60 i 2 (Hammurapi); weapons ša DN bēlu danāna u me-til-lu-ta išruka to which Aššur, the lord, gave strength and excellence AKA 44 ii 64 (Tigl. I), cf. Weidner Tn. 1 No. 1:27; the king ša ... me-tel-lu-tu nadnatušu ibid. 12, cf. ina hūd libbi u me-tel-lu-ti elišunu lu attaziz ibid. 30 No. 17:40; ina līte kiš-šu-<ti>-ia u me-tel-lu-ti lirtaddûšu māt kibrāt arba'i AKA 248 v 50 (Asn.).
- b) other occs.: rapaštu = mi-til-lu-tum width (in the exta predicts) excellence (referring to an omen with rapaš in the prot., and with apod. kak Šarrukīn ummān šarri idanninma māhira ul irašši) CT 20 39:9 (SB ext.); mi-tel-lu-tum gam(!)-ru šūluku (see  $al\bar{a}ku$  mng. 7a-2') KAR 104:7.

von Soden, Or. NS 20 155f.

metenu s.; narrow plank; Ur III (Akk. lw. in Sum.).

[giš.e] me.sig = me-te-nu, p[ar]-[štk]-tum, [giš]. má.rí.za = pa-ri-is-su Hh. IV 252ff.; giš.me. te.en.má = me-te-nu MIN (= elippi) ibid. 386, in MSL 9 171.

10 giš.me.te.núm RA 16 19f. i 46, iv 14, cf. ix last line, xi 14, xii 21.

For giš.eme.sig beside giš.má.rí.za used for boats see Salonen Wasserfahrzeuge 85ff.

mēteqtu (mētaqtu) s.; 1. road, 2. advance, march; MB, NA; Ass. mētaqtu; cf. etēqu A.

- 1. road: ina šāḥāti u puzri karassu ušēbera sabit me-tiq-t[i] he moved his camp across (the river) in great secrecy, (so that) he controlled the road Tn.-Epic "iii" 37; adi titurri mi-ti-iq-ti LUGAL (a field) up to the causeway of King's Road MDP 6 pl. 11 i 4 (MB kudurru).
- 2. advance, march: ina me-taq-ti-a (var. mi-taq-ti-ia) maddattu ša RN ... attahar in the course of my advance I received the

mētequ mētequ

tribute of RN AKA 280 i 77; ina me-taq-ti-a (var. mi-taq-ti-ia) ālāni ša GN ša ina nīribi aktašad during my advance I conquered the cities of Kirhi which lie on the pass ibid. 301 ii 20 (both Asn.); URU šuātu ina mi-tàq-ti-ia lu akšud on my march I conquered that city 1R 31 iv 27 (Šamši-Adad V); ina me-taq-ti-ia ana GN āl bīt abišu ša RN ... allik during my advance, I went to Arbu, the ancestral town of Ursâ TCL 3 277 (Sar.); ina me-tàq-ti-ia ša tâmti ṣalam bēlūtija šurbâ ēpuš passing along the sea, I made a huge relief depicting me as ruler WO 2 410 ii 3 (Shalm. III).

mētequ (\*mētaqu) s.; 1. road, path, 2. passage, march; OB, MB, Nuzi, SB, NA; Ass. \*mētaqu; cf. etēqu A.

har.ra.an = MIN (=har-ra-nu), urhu, da-ra-gu, me-te-qu Hh. II 270-73; [...] = mi-te-qu ibid. 281a; [...] = me-te-[qu] CT 19 28 K.10090:2 (Nabnitu).

ha.ra.an hi.in.du.ud ba gìr.Aš ki.si.li. ma gìr.uš di.im.ma.kam: petê urhim u tūdim i-mi-te-qi-im ašar šulmim tappūt ulāli alākum (it is in your power, Ištar) to open path and passage, to go to the help of the weak on the road, (as well as) in a safe place Sumer 11 110 No. 4:3 (OB lit.).

1. road, path: a field ina let mi-te-[qí] ša ekalli beside the passageway of the palace JEN 250:5 (Nuzi); itti māmīt E PA<sub>5</sub> titurru mi-ti-qu alakti u harrāni together with the "oath" of ditch, canal, causeway, passage, path, and road Surpu VIII 52; ina kupri u agurri kīma me-ti-qu šaqî udannin qerebšin I reinforced their (the streets') center with baked bricks laid in bitumen like a high path VAB 4 196 No. 29:5 (Nbk.); ana kibis umāmi u me-te-eq būli išakkanušu (who) exposes (my inscription) to the track of wild animals or the cattle's path AKA 249 v 61 (Asn.); ina nērebe ša GN ša ... mamma kibsu u me-tuqu ina libbe la iš-kun-na AKA 379 iii 110 (Asn.), cf. kibsi me-te-qi(?)(in broken context) Borger Esarh. 35 § 23:9; huršānī bērûti ašar la me-te-qi faraway mountains where there is no path Weidner Tn. 12 No. 5:34; kīma ṣēr nūni idi ana idi me-te-qa la išâtma like the backbone of a fish, it has no path from side to side TCL 3 20 (Sar.), cf. girra qatna mete-qa sūqa ... ana me-te-eq ummānija ... uṭīb I improved the narrow road, the strait path, for the march of my army ibid. 330; a slave KI PN DAM.GÀR DUMU PN<sub>2</sub> LÚ Kazallu<sup>ki</sup> ana mi-ti-qí-im ú-še-ti-qú-šu-ma PN<sub>3</sub> IN.ŠI.IN. ŠÁM PN<sub>3</sub> bought from PN, son of PN<sub>2</sub>, a merchant from Kazallu, after(?) they made him go along the road CT 48 63:6 (OB).

- 2. passage, march a) in gen.: ina harrāni u me-te-qi išallim he will be safe on a journey or on the road 4R 33\* iii 24, see Virolleaud, Bab. 4 105:30, also Thompson Rep. 151 r. 6; ina kur madbar . . . šubassun iddûma ušharriru me-ti-iq-šú they (the Arameans and Sutians) had pitched their tents in the desert country and made passage through it cease Iraq 16 192 vii 60 (Sar.); land which ana mērešti la šūlukuma ana me-te-eq mê šaknu was not suitable for cultivation and which had been left to the (free) passage of water Hinke Kudurru ii 31 (Nbk. I).
- referring to the passage of troops: ina [m]e-ti-iq girrija alme akšud ašlula šal: lassun in the course of my campaign I surrounded (the towns), captured (them) and carried off their booty AfO 20 90:21 (Senn.), cf. ibid. 94:116, also Borger Esarh. 87:22, Streck Asb. 42 iv 132, and passim in Senn., Esarh., and Asb.; ina me-ti-iq girrija Rost Tigl. III p. 18:103; ana me-te-eq girrija ušansir  $k\bar{a}d[\bar{i}]$  he had the outposts keep watch for the passage of my campaign OIP 2 50:18 (Senn.); ana mi-ti-iq girrija udannina mas: şartu Lie Sar. 275; ina narkabti pithalli me-te-eq ki-mar-[ri(?)]-ia kīma Adad arhisma (see kimarru) TCL 3 + KAH 2 141:230 (Sar.); šadā marsa u girrētišunu pašgāte ... ana me-te-eq narkabātija u ummānāteja lutīb I improved the difficult terrain and its narrow paths for the passage of my chariotry and my army AKA 39 ii 9 (Tigl. I), cf. a difficult region ša ana me-tiq narkabāti ummānātija la šaknu AKA 230 r. 12, and passim in Asn., cf. šadê marşūte ša ana me-tiq narkabātija ummānāte la šaknu KAH 2 84:82 (Adn. II), also AKA 315 ii 60 (Asn.); GN [šadê] nesûti ša arhūšu: nu šupšugama ana me-te-eg ummānija [la natâ] GN, remote mountains, whose paths are too

mētu

mēţu

narrow and not fit for the passage of my troops Weidner Tn. 2 No. 1 iii 8, cf. AKA 45 ii 73 (Tigl. I); ana me-tiq narkabāti u ummānā[teja] AfO 6 82:29, cf. ibid. 34 (Assur-bēl-kala); ša ... ana me-te-eq zūk šēpē šupšuqu mālakša whose access was too difficult even for the advance of foot soldiers TCL 3 22, also ana me-te-eq zūk šēpē la išû daraggu ibid. 325 (Sar.); ina me-te-qí nakru ummānī ú-qa-a-am the enemy will await my troops en route CT 20 49:24 (SB ext.).

- c) referring to the advance of the enemy: ezib ša ... mi-te-eq nakri išemmūma libbašu i'addaru disregard the fact that hearing the passage of the enemy he is afraid 1M 67692:323 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert), cf. ezib ša ... mi-ti-iq nakri še.ga-ma Craig ABRT 182 r. 2 (tamītu).
- d) referring to royal processions: ina miḥrat abulli ... ina agurri pīli peṣê ana me-ti-iq bēlūtija ušakbis titurru (see agurru mng. 2) OIP 2 102:90 (Senn.), cf. ana me-ti-iq narkabti bēlūtija ušē[piš titurru] ibid. 154:10; sūqīšu me-ti-iq girri šarri ušandilma I widened its (Nineveh's) streets (to make them suitable) for the passage of the royal procession ibid. 153:15.

mētu see mītu.

mețēnu s.; grinding(?); OB\*; cf. tênu v.

30 ŠE.GUR mala aldim u mi-ţe<sub>4</sub>-ni-im a-na ni-ši-ia(!) i-iṣ thirty gur of barley, as much as there is for the seed-grain reserve and for grinding, is not enough for my people YOS 2 144:16 (let.); x barley ana me-ţe<sub>4</sub>-nim YOS 13 142:5, cf. ibid. 13, also A 3565:3.

mețlūtu s.; 1. maturity, mature age, 2. prowess, excellence; SB; cf. etēlu.

nun = ru-bu-ú, me-eţ-lu-ti, a-ša-ri-du CT 51 168 vi 25-27 (group voc. A); nam.šul = me-ţe-lu-tum Proto-Izi II Bil. Section B ii 9.

u4.tur.ra.zu.ta nam.šul.[la].[zu.šè] : ultu ūm sehērika adi met-lu-t[i-ka] from the time of your youth to your maturity KAR 111 ii 4f.

šìr.re nam.nir.ra mu.un.na.an.du<sub>12</sub>.du<sub>12</sub>.a: zamāri mi-it-lu-ti izammuru they sing a song in praise of excellence SBH p. 69 r. 9f.

mu-tu-tum, mu-tu-a-tum = me-e[t-lu-tum] Explicit Malku I 58f.

- 1. maturity, mature age: [1] šu.[š] 1 meţ-lu-tú sixty (years) is maturity STT 400 r. 46; see also KAR 111, Explicit Malku, in lex. section.
- 2. prowess, excellence a) in hist.: 120 nēšē ina libbija ekdi ina qitrub mi-iṭ-lu-ti-ia ina šēpēja lu adūk on foot I courageously killed 120 lions in heroic combat AKA 86 vi 77 (Tigl. I), also, wr. ina qitrub me-eṭ-lu-ti-ia AfO 6 86:31 (Aššur-bēl-kala), KAH 2 84:123 (Adn. II), Scheil Tn. II r. 53, KAH 2 90 r. 6 (Tn. II), WO 1 472:44 (Shalm. III), ina qitrub me-eṭ-lu-ti-šu AKA 139 iv 10 (Broken Obelisk).
- b) in lit.: see SBH, in lex. section;  $il\bar{u}tki$  (or  $an\bar{u}tki$ ) mi-it-lu-su ta-[...] you (Ištar) in your highest divine rank have [...-ed] his (Assur-naṣir-apli's) excellence KAR 107:17 and dupl. KAR 358:4, KAH 2 139:6a; mi-it-l[u]-ti (in broken context) AfO 19 50 i 10.

In mng. 2 and in the group voc. A, meṭlūtu (or metlūtu) is used as a variant to mēṭellūtu through a confusion.

von Soden, Or. NS 20 154; Borger, AfO 18 416f.

mēţu s.; (a piece of apparel, part of the divine wardrobe); NB.

Wool for túg lubār kulūlu túg lubār me-ţu ... ša DN a headband and a mētu-garment for Sala of Sippar VAS 6 16:17f.; x gín TÚG.HI.A kulūlu TÚG.HI.A me-tu Síg.ZA. (GÌN). KUR.RA ša DN two thirds of a shekel of purple wool for a headband and a mētugarment for Adad CT 4 38a:18, cf. ibid. 14, also (one-half mina) TÚG.UD.A me-tu u TÚG.UD.A kulūlu TÚG.ZA.GÌN.KUR.RA ša An= nunītu CT 44 73:24, also (for Šamaš) ibid. 18 and (for Adad) ibid. 25, parallel Cyr. 191:5, 11, purple wool and 13; ana TÚG.UD.HI.A me-ļu TÚG.UD.HI.A kulūlu ... ana PN ēpi: šānu nadna Camb. 66:4; lubār me-ţù lubār kulūlu Camb. 277:10, wr. me-e Camb. 158:2; two minas KI.LÁ TÚG.UD.A me-ți Camb. 312:8; TÚG.HI.A me-tu 82-7-14,2024 r. 5, lu-ba-ri metu 82-7-14,1406:3 and 5, note the writing mee-tu 82-7-14,1856:5.

mēţu middatu

The reading of the word for this piece of apparel, formerly read \*šibṭu, is established by the writing me-e-ṭu in 82-7-14,1856:5.

mēţu see mittu.

mēzahu see mēzehu.

mezā'u see mazā'u.

mēzeņu (māzaņu, mēzaņu) s.; (a scarf or belt); NB, SB; cf. ezēņu.

[kuš.e.íb] = me-sir-ru = me-za-ah, [kuš.e.íb. s]i = min qar-ni = min šá up-pi-ti, [kuš.min.nig. ba].tuk = ša-pu-u = min šá up-pi-ti Hg. A II 172-174, in MSL 7 151; [túg.e.í]b.si = me-si-ru [qar-ni] = [me-za]-ah šá [up]-pi-te, [túg].min.nig. ba.tuk = ša-p[u-u] = [min] Hg. D III 401 f., in MSL 10 140.

[na].dùda.a túg.èm.túg (var. túgèm.1B) gaba. na.a.ke\_x(KID) li.bi.ir.[ra dib.ba] : ana ši-ik-ku-tú(?) šá me-ze-eḥ irtišu ša gallû [...] (the goddess cries) for the string of beads of the m. of her chest which the gallû-demons have taken away SBH p. 101 r. 3f., var. from dupl. (Sum. only) CT 42 20 r. 15.

[a]-tu- $\dot{u}$ , [e]- $\dot{s}u$ - $\dot{u}$  = ma-za-hu An VII 230a-b; [...] = mi-zi-hu Malku VIII 70.

- a) for the clothing of images: ištēn GADA hullānu ištēn me-ze-hu GADA 7 TÚG huṣannu 1 MA.NA 10 GÍN KI.LÁ one linen garment, one linen m., seven belts, their weight being one mina and ten shekels (for Šamaš, beside various items of clothing) BBSt. p. 127:5 and 13, cf. 1 TÚG UD.A ziqqu ištēn me-ze-hu GADA ištēn kulūlu ZA. (GÌN). KUR.RA ibid. 8 (Nabopolassar); 45 MA.NA TÚG miḥṣi peṣū 1 TÚG me-zi-iḥ x minas of white fulled fabric (to make) one scarf (for the Lady-of-Uruk) YOS 7 183:3; see also SBH p. 101, in lex. section.
- b) for cultic personnel: kalû la gullubu sibta halip u 2 me-ze-ha ša ugu sibti nadi an unconsecrated lamentation-priest is clad in a sibtu-garment and two scarves are wrapped over the sibtu-garment UVB 15 p. 40:12, also (referring to the LÚ.ŠU.BAR.RA and the manzaz pani) ibid. 9 (NB rit.).

Zimmern Fremdw. 38.

mēzezu s.; fury, fierceness; SB; cf. ezēzu. ša ina me-ziz garrādūtišu ušeknišu rubê kal šarrāni (the king) who with the fierceness of his bravery subjugates the rulers, all the kings Weidner Tn. 26 No. 16:9, also ibid. 10 No. 4:6, (in broken context) AfO 6 87:7 (Aššur-bēl-kala); šarrāni GN malkī GN<sub>2</sub> u GN<sub>3</sub> ša ina mi-ziz qarrādūtija ušakn[išu] Rost Tigl. III p. 74:24; ina me-ziz qardūtišu išdāšina <...> the foundations (of the countries) <tremble> at the fierceness of his bravery 3R 7 i 9 (Shalm. III), cf. me-ziz UR.MAḤ (in broken context) STT 43:61 (Shalm. III), see AnSt 11 152.

For other refs. wr. me-ziz see mētellu.

In CT 40 44 K.3821:2 the apod. is ez-zi ili ana šarri, see ezzu s.; the preceding sign mi is a variant gloss to the preceding sign lum of the prot., as the Glossenkeil shows.

von Soden, Or. NS 20 154f.

mez'u see miz'u.

\*mēzû (mēsû) s.; beer brewer; lex.\*; cf. mazû v.

lú.kaš.sur.ra, a.šàm, nu.sag = me-su-[u] Lu IV 108ff.

Lú me-zu (as witness) JEN 305:15 may stand for  $m\bar{e}z\hat{u}$ . For BE 14 8:20 see  $muss\hat{u}$  v.

mi particle; (indicating direct speech); gramm.\*

 $e.\check{s}e = mi-i$  ki.ta NBGT I 461, II 13.

Only the lexical entry of the enclitic particle -mi and -mi-i, corr. to Sum. e.še, is cited here.

miādu see  $m\hat{a}du$ .

miamma see mimma.

middatu (mindatu, maddatu, mandatu) s.; 1. measure of capacity, 2. measure of length, area, and time, 3. measuring rod; OB, RS, Nuzi, SB, NA; pl. middātu, mindātu, mindiātu; wr. syll. and Ag.MEŠ; cf. madādu A.

a-gá ÁG = [mi-in]-da-du Ea VII App. 88, cf. kur NINDÁ×GAR(?) = [mi-in]-da-du ibid. 85; si-la sìla = mi-in-da-tum MSL 2 130 iv 16 (Proto-Ea); [...] sìla x (like BứR-šeššig) = mi-in-da-tam CBS 11319+ i 18'.

middatu middatu

gi.gub.ba gìr.na na<sub>4</sub>.kišib.lú.inim.inim. ma.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID).e.ne.a.ta íb.ra.ra.aš: mìn-da-at [šēpē]šu i-na kunuk šībūti ibru[mu] with the seals of the witnesses they sealed the size of his feet (i.e., the height of the foster child) Ai. III iii 41; gi. gub.gub.ba i.bí bar.bar.re.mu: ša ina qān mìn-da-a-ti attaplasušu || umandidu SBH p. 14 r. 17f.

- 1. measure of capacity a) referring to dates: x zú.Lu[M ...] zú.LuM mi-da-at šukunnêm leqēma take x dates, dates in the measure of the stage of (tax) estimation (i.e., of freshly harvested dates) TCL 17 52:7, cf. x gur zú.Lum mi-id-da-at šukunnê giš. Bán Marduk JCS 5 97 YBC 5923:10 (OB); dates mi-da-at mišţê î.Ág.E he will deliver in the measure of the drying stage TCL 1 143:11, also Szlechter TJA p. 104:12 (both OB Dilbat).
- b) referring to water: 1 harû URUDU rabītu ša 80 ina min-da-at mê libbaša sabtu one large harû-vessel of copper with a capacity of eighty measures of water TCL 3 397, also ibid. 396 (Sar.); obscure: mê šapti min(var. mi-in)-da-a-ti salpa egru la šemû liš[...] (note mê la mīna line 52) AfO 19 63:53 (SB lit.); UDU.NITĀ ina mi-in-da-a-tú me-e ištatu a sheep drank water from a measure(?) (proverb) UET 7 158 r. ii 12 and dupl. 156 r. ii 6 (NB school text).
- 2. measure of length, area, and time a) measure of length: mìn-da-at lānija umandidu they have measured the size of my body AfO 18 291:21, cf. salmānija *ibnûma mìn-da-ti-ia ilqû* Laessøe Bit Rimki 38:17,  $\langle SAHAR.HI.A \rangle min-da-ti-ia(var. .mu)$  $ilq\hat{u}$  KAR 80:30 and dupl. RA 26 40:19; minda-ti-ia leqâ my measurements have been taken BMS 12:55, see von Soden, Iraq 31 87, see also Ai. III iii, in lex. section; ana pan mi-idda-at daltim šâti for the size of this door ARMT 13 7:18, ef.  $a \check{s} \check{s} u m \ mi \cdot id \cdot da \cdot at \ \text{GIS}.[\ldots]$  ibid. 45:5; anumma mi-id-da-ta mūraka u rupša ultēbilakku mala [mi]-id-da-ti šâši 2 daprānī šūbila now I am sending you the measurements, (that is) length and width, according to these measurements send me two logs of juniper MRS 9 194 RS 17.385:6, 9; 3 SIG4. HI.A sahertim 1 ammat 3 ubānāt mi-in-da-a-

tim šelaltišina ... appalis I noticed three (layers of) small bricks, the measurements of the three were one cubit three fingers VAB 4 76 iii 14, also ibid. 24 (Nbk.); in math.: qanâm elqēma mi-in-da-as-sú ul ide I took a rod, but I do not know its length TMB 91 No. 189:1, also ibid. 93 No. 190:1, 96 No. 192:1 (OB).

- b) measure of area: annûti mi-in-ta-assú ša kirî these are the measurements of the garden AASOR 16 22:7; x land mi-in-ta-[ti] ša eqli JEN 415:5; šumma eqlu šâšu ina miin-ta-ti irabbi la anakkis if this field turns out to be larger, I will not cut off (the excess) HSS 9 20:22; šumma É.MEŠ ina miin-ta-ti mād if the house is larger in surface HSS 13 161:22; PN iplišunu mi-in-ta-at eqli: šunu ... imtadad (see iplū mng. 2a) HSS 9 18:19; houses 92 ina ammati u mala ú-ti mi-in-ta-sú-nu HSS 9 21:7 (all Nuzi); adi mida-as-su nimmaruni until we (can) inspect its (the canal's) entire length ABL 621:13 (NA); mín-da-a-ti kigalli ... šidda u pūta ana amārika when you check the measurements, length and width, of the platform (of Etemenanki) TCL 6 32:16, also, wr. AG.MEŠ ibid. 20, cf. mín-da-a-ti šiddi pūti u mēlî ibid. 36, mín-da-a-ti kisalli ibid. 10, wr. Ag.meš ibid. 7, wr. ma-da-as-su ibid. 1 (Esagila Tablet), see Weissbach, WVDOG 59 52ff.; ēma libbam uštaddinu ukassipu mi-in-di-a-tim ilū rabûti ... uaddûnim the great gods indicated to me (through extispicy the suitability of the place) where I had, with serious consideration, planned to establish the dimensions (of the temple) VAB 4 62 ii 36, cf. abašlam ina nindanakkum umandida mi-indi-a-tu (see  $mad\bar{a}du$  mng. 1b) ibid. 27 (Nabopolassar).
- c) measure of time: min-da-at ūmi arhi u šatti tappallasa ūmišam day by day you (Sin and Samaš) check on the measurements of day, month and year PBS 1/2 106 r. 6 (SB it.).
- 3. measuring rod: mi-in-ta-as-sú ša am: mati ša erî ša ina abulli ša GN ilteqû u kirâ imdudu they took the cubit-size copper

midde migru

rod which is kept in the GN city gate and measured the orchard (with it) 16 22:11, also ibid. 21:19; x land ina mi-inta-di ša ekalli rabīti (measured) with the large measuring rod of the palace JEN 54:6, cf. [ina] mi-in-ta-di rabīti ša ekalli 22:5, ina mi-in-ta-ti ekalli GAL.MEŠ JEN214:7, also x land ina mi-in-ta-ti ša ekalli JEN 486:5; houses 45 ina ammati mūrak: šunu u 40 ina ammati rupu[ssunu] ina miin-ta-ti ša PN 45 cubits long and forty cubits wide, measured with the measuring rod of Tehiptilla JEN 588:10 (all Nuzi); see also SBH p. 14 r. 17f., in lex. section.

In NINDÁ-at AN-ú JCS 10 132:2 (LB astron.), possibly corresponding to μινδαλόεσσα, see Schnabel Berossos p. 260, NINDÁ may stand for mindatu or for nindānu, q.v.

midde see minde.

middinu see mindinu.

midduhru see minduhru.

\*midirtu see mitirtu.

midlu s.; process of salting (meat, fish, etc.); lex.\*; cf. madālu.

[l]a-gab LAGAB = mi-id-lu A I/2:82a.

midru A (medru, mediru) s.; (a type of bread); MA, NA.

ūmi 1 NINDA mi-id-ru ... ana pan ili išakkan he will present to the god daily one (loaf of) m.-bread KAJ 306a:7; 5 BÁN NINDA mi-id-ru Sumer 24 27:1, 4 (both MA); 2 SÌLA NINDA me-di-ri (beside NINDA qadūtu) ADD 1012 r. 6, 1030 r. 9, wr. me-dir ADD 760 r. 1, 1003 r. 14, 1004 r. 1, 1015 r. 9, wr. me-dir-ri 1019 r. 12, wr. mid-ri 1013 r. 7, wr. mimid-ri Postgate Royal Grants 42-44:20; 2 SÌLA me-dir 2 SÌLA qadūtu ADD 1005 r. 10, 1010 r. 14.

midru B s.; (mng. uncert.); SB; cf. ma: dāru v.

a) in gen.: mi-id-ru = rihsu: summa martu mu-un-d[u-rat] m. (predicts) de-

struction (of the crops): if the gall bladder is .... (there will be destruction of the crops) CT 20 41:20, dupl. CT 18 24 K.6842:7 (SB ext.); ana harrāni me-id-ru ummānī imahhar for a campaign, m. will confront my army Labat Suse 140 iv 10, also, wr. mi-id-rum ibid. 64:58, [mi-i]d-ru ummānī imahhar KAR 430 r. 17 (SB ext.).

b) as a disease: Ú merrû: Ú muruṣ midri (var. mi-id-ri): ina šuršumme šikari tuballal marṣa taṣammid — merrû-plant is an herb for m.-disease — you mix it with beer sediment, you bandage the patient (with it) STT 92 iii 21, cf. ibid. 22, var. from dupls. CT 14 43 Sm. 60:5f., Köcher BAM 1 iii 27.

## midru C s.; (mng. uncert.); OA.\*

ištu pani mì-id-ri-im u URÎ<sup>ki</sup>.MA u Nipe pur Awal u Kismar Dēr ša DN adi Ālim addurāršunu aškun from the m. and from Ur and Nippur, Awal and Kismar, (and) Dēr of Ištaran to the City (Assur) I established their freedom AOB 1 8 ii 20 and ZA 43 115:56 (Ilušuma), see Edzard Zwischenzeit p. 90.

midru see mitru B.

migirtu see magirtu.

migru s.; 1. agreement, consent, 2. person endowed with divine or royal favor, grace, 3. contentedness of heart (also migir libbi); from OAkk. on; pl. migrātu; cf. magāru.

sipa dEn.líl.lá še.ga dUtu.dAmar.up.bi. da:  $r\bar{e}^{\gamma}\hat{u}m$  mi-gir Enlil dutu u Marduk 5R 62 No. 2:34 (Šamaš-šum-ukīn), cf. sipa zi še.ga dUtu.dAmar.up.bi.da.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) RLA 2 190 No. 258 (Ammişaduqa, year 10); [...z]i-ba [...] (pronunciation) iš sa<sub>4</sub>.ga an.zíb.ba.ke<sub>x</sub>:  $r\bar{e}^{\gamma}\hat{u}[m]$  mi-gir telī[tim] BE 1 129:16 (Ammişadūqa, late copy).

- 1. agreement, consent a) in sing. (OB, NB) 1' in gen.: PN ina mi-ig-ri-šu (adoption) BIN 2 75:2 (OB).
- 2' with libbu (NB only): ina mi-gi-ir libbišu with full and voluntary consent Nbn. 356:12, 806:2, 892:2, Dar. 287:10, Peiser Verträge 107:2, VAS 4 46:7, VAS 5 39:18, 93:2,

migru miḥhu A

127:2, TCL 13 182:10, (with libbišunu) 221:20, Camb. 349:27, etc.; ina mi-ig-ru libbišu Cyr. 368:5, ina mi-gi-ri libbišunu UET 4 205:29, wr. mi-gi-ir-ri BE 8 108:13, ina mi-⟨gi⟩-ir libbikunu YOS 7 69:9.

- b) in pl. (OA, Nuzi, MA): tablet concerning x minas of silver ša ina mi-ig-ra-tí- $\delta u$ -nu PN u PN<sub>2</sub> ... ipqidunikkunni which PN and PN2 have entrusted to you in full agreement CCT 4 16a:8, cf. i-mi-ig-ra-ti-šunu TuM 1 22a:2, ina mi-ig-ra-ti-ni AnOr 6 pl. 4 No. 14:11 and 14, cf. also BIN 6 181:21, Hecker Giessen 13:3; ina mi-ig-ra-tí-šu-nu they (the named persons) by isbutuniāti common agreement seized us Kienast ATHE 24 A 13 and B 15; tuppam ša mì-ig-ra-at PN u PN<sub>2</sub> Or. NS 36 401 c/k 680:12, tuppum annûm ša mì-ig-ra-at PN PN2 u PN3 ša nīš Alim itmûni TCL 21 216 B 8 (all OA); ina mi-ig-ra-ti-ša KAJ 3:2, ina mi-ig-ra-ti-šu-nu KAJ 57:4, note ina mi-ig-ra-at raminišu KAJ 1:3, 2:3, 4:4, 8:4 (all MA); PN ina miig-ra-ti-šu (adoption) JEN 569:2, also JEN 404:2.
- 2. person endowed with divine or royal favor, grace a) as royal epithet: see lex. section; mi-gir Šamaš AnSt 7 128:3 (let. of Gilg.), ef. mi-ki-ir dEn-lil VAS 12 193 r. 11, 16 (= EA 359, šar tamķāri); for other refs. see Seux Epithètes p. 162ff. s.v. migru and p. 448ff. s.v. še.ga.
- b) used with ref. to the king in other contexts: tarșiātaki mi-gi-ir-ki šarri VAS 10 215 r. 5,  $qib\bar{\imath}tu\check{s}\check{s}a\ mi-i[g-ru-u]\check{s}\ etel\ ibid.\ r.\ 25,$ cf. šarrum mi-ig-ra-šu-un narām libbišun RA 22 173 r. 41 (all OB); rubâm mi-gir-šu jâti PBS 7 133 i 6 (Samsuiluna), rubû mì-gir-ki AKA 208 i 11 (Asn.); ilāni rabûti ša idi šarri mì-ig-ri-šú-un izzazzu OIP 2 63:3 (Senn.); ša ana šarri mi-ig-ri-šá kēniš ippallasu ša ana šarri mi-gir-šú-un Esarh. 73 § 47:4, išarraku danān lītu ibid. 96:12, cf. JCS 17 129:2; RN mi-gir libbišunu ... [it]taplasu Thompson Esarh. pl. 18 vi 15 (Asb.); «ina» migir-ki šutlimšu TI.[L]A(?) KAR 98 r. 11.
- c) in personal names: Mi-gir-dKA.DI CT 21 1 BM 91084:3f., and passim, for other

names of the type Migir-DN, see Gelb, MAD 3 p. 170; dŠu-den.zu-mi-gir-Ištar Šu-Sin-Is-Endowed-with-Grace-by-Ištar BIN 5 29:12, and passim in this and similar names; Tu-ki-in-PA-mi-ig-ri-ša She-Has-Established-the-Rule-of-Her-Favorite RLA 2 146 date No. 111 (all OAkk.); Mi-gi-ir-den.Líl OIP 27 36 r. 2, 35:2 (OA); Mi-ig-ra-at-Sin Meissner BAP 34:6, etc., see Ranke PN p. 124, abbr.: Mi-ig-ra-tum CT 8 35a:22 (OB); Mi-gir-AN (var. -an-ni) PBS 11/1 No. 7 vi 11 and dupls., see PBS 11/1 p. 68 No. 338.

- d) other occs.: mi-ig-ru ha-am-ru (incipit of a love song) KAR 158 vii 51; PN ibir bēlišu ... ina maḥri šakkanak Bābili ... rubû mì-gir-šu uma'irma he sent PN, the friend of his master, to the ruler of Babylon, the noble, the one having the king's favor Hinke Kudurru ii 21; exceptionally said of a deity: dŠamši mi-gir d[...] Gray Šamaš pl. 10 K.12000:4 (= Schollmeyer No. 32).
- 3. contentedness of heart (also migir libbi): ilu NA.BI ana mi-ig-ri-šú irteneddīšu the (personal) god will lead that man to contentedness of heart CT 39 3:25 (SB Alu); ašar sumāme ina mi-gir lib-bi-i[a] šalmeš attallak in contentedness of heart I walked safely about in the (mentioned) regions (where) thirst (reigns) Borger Esarh. 98 r. 37; ina mi-gir lib-bi-ia kīnim palhiš uštēmiqma I prayed reverently (and) in the contentedness of my loyal heart (to Šamaš) VAB 4 254 i 14 (Nbn.); [ša] RN ina mi-gir lib-bi-šú ēpišu that Nebuchadnezzar had constructed out of his heart's kindness BHT pl. 10 vi 10 (Nbn. Verse Account).

For KAJ 57:17 and 20 see *magāru* mng. 9b. Koschaker, OLZ 1936 153.

miḥḥatu s.; (a kind of beer); SB\*; cf. maḥāḥu.

 $\frac{1}{2}$  Sìla mi-hat Lú.DIN.NA ša ina tin $\bar{u}$ ri la  $nad\hat{u}$  one-half sila of m. from the beer seller which was not placed in an oven Köcher BAM 54:10, dupl. AMT 41,1 iv 20.

miḥḥu A s.; (a beer, used for libations); OB, Nuzi, SB, NA; cf. maḥāḥu.

miḥhu B miḥirtu A

a) in gen.: me-eh-ha-am qatnam tarassan brew thin m.-beer (to soak the garment to be cleaned) UET 6 414:7, see Gadd, Iraq 25 183 (OB lit.); barley ana me-eh-hi u ana mashati ana ili for (preparing) m.-beer and mashatu-flour for the gods HSS 14 153:3 and r. 3, also 154:3, ana me-eh-ha u ma-aṣ-ha-ta ibid. 63:24 (Nuzi).

b) in rituals: ezib ša ... mi-ih-ha zíd. MAD.GÁ mê [ha]spu u izi tag.meš overlook it if he (the diviner) has made the m., the mashatu-flour, the water, the pot or the PRT 80 r. 1, also ibid. 4:13, 14 fire unclean r. 6, 27:3, 96:3, Knudtzon Gebete 52:8, K. 14955: 3, see PRT p. xxi; you fill (three vessels) with milk, wine, and beer 12 NINDA.HI.A mi-ih-ha ana bit DN tanaqqima you offer twelve loaves of bread (and) m. at the temple of Ištar LKA 69:11, see TuL p. 49; šizba karāna u mi-ih-ha tumallīma Parfümrez. pl. 24:6, cf. [šizba] GEŠTIN u mi-ihha ana muhhi BAL-qí ibid. 12; mi-ha GEŠTIN. MEŠ tanaqqi you libate m, and wine 25 i 25, see Ebeling Handerhebung 12; mi-ih-[hu] šikaru karānu šizbu úš [x] ina muḥḥi ina[qqi] KAR 215 ii 12 (NA rit.), see Ebeling, Or. NS 20 mi-ih-ha tanaqqīma šu.il.lá 3-šú ta: [mannu] BMS 8 r. 21, see Ebeling Handerhebung 62:40; [ana nāri] tallakma maṣḥata ana nāri tanaddi mi-[ih-ha tanaqqi] you go to the river and throw mashatu-flour into the river, you libate m. K.6883:4 (mis  $p\hat{i}$ ); GI.D[U<sub>8</sub>] tukân mi-ih-ha ta[naqqi] you set up a reed altar and libate m. TuL p. 113:18, cf. gi= rakku tuhattap mi-ih-ha tanaggi ibid. 12 (coll. W. von Soden); note: [m]i-ih-ha Kù (parallel KAŠ.Ú.SA) BBR No. 87 i 3, ef. [ikri]b mi-ihhi kunni ibid. 7; nignak burāši tašakkan «mi» mi-ih-ha tanaqqi you set up a censer with juniper, you libate m. UET 6 410 r. 1, see Iraq 22 224, cf. mi-ih-ha tanaqqi Pinches Berens Coll. 110:5, 8 and 11, Biggs Šaziga 65 K.9036:8, KAR 25 iii 19, AMT 21,3:8, 101,2 iv 6 (= AfO 18 110:17), STC 2 pl. 84:109, LKA 25 ii 13, ArOr 17/1 178:11, BBR No. 1-20:115, 82 ii 16, and passim in rit.

mihhu B s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.\*

You (Ištar) turned him (Išullānu, the gardener) into a toad(?), you made him live in the garden ul elû mi-ih-ha ul arid da-lu-[šu(?)] the m. does not go up, [his?] bucket does not descend Gilg. VI 78; damu ina pīšu u [...] mi-ih-ha ud.3.Kam illaku AMT 44,4:2.

\*miḫḫuriš see maḥḥuriš cited maḥāru mng. 7a.

mihhuru s.; offering(?); OB, Akk. lw. in Sum.

x oil mi.hu.ru.um.šè for m. (parallel šeš.dè for anointing) Tell Asmar 1931,226:2 (Ur III); ina MN ... ana me-hu-ri 1 (PI) šE VAS 9 191a:20.

For YOS 2 34:26 see mihrītu adj.

mihiltu see mihistu.

miḥirtu A (meḥertu) s.; 1. copy (of a document), answer, 2. equivalent, counterpart, 3. front part, front side, vanguard, lead, 4. (in prepositional use) in front of, ahead of, before, opposite, in the likeness of, level with; OA, OB, SB; stat. const. miḥrit (OA, rarely SB, NB, miḥrat, note ana miḥritišu AfO 14 148:172), pl. miḥrātu, miḥrētu; wr. syll. and GABA, IGI; cf. maḥāru.

gaba.ri giš.ná.da(!).a.ni máš.sag lú.tu. ra kéš.da.a.ni : mi-ih-rit eršišu urīṣa ina rēš marṣu irkus he tied a he-goat in front of the bed beside the sick person BIN 2 22:192f. and dupl. CT 16 38, see AAA 22 92; máš.hul.dúb.ba ká gaba.ri.bi.šè al.gub.ba : MIN ina me-eh-ret bābi ulziz I placed the expiatory kid in front of the door AfO 14 150:214, cf. gaba.ri.bi.šè á.zi.da al.gub.b[a] : a-na mi-ih-ri-ti-šú ina imitti izzaz ibid. 148:172 (bīt mēsiri), cf. the var. from CT 17 37 cited miḥru A lex. section.

1. copy (of a document), answer — a) copy (of a document, OA): mì-iḥ-ra-at têrtišu copy of his order (end of document) CCT 1 33a:25; they bring you mì-iḥ-ra-at ṭuppim ša Alim a copy of the tablet of the City BIN 4 70:25, cf. mì-\[i\hat{t}\]-ra-at ṭuppim ša Alim PN naši TCL 4 46:24, also mì-iḥ-ra-at ṭuppim ḥarmim ša bāb ilim CCT 5 17c:3, ICK 2 147:30, mì-iḥ-ra-at ṭuppim ḥarmim ša dīn kārim (end of document) TCL 4 77:16; mì-iḥ-ra-at našpertim šiāti CCT 3 32:5 (= CCT 4

mihirtu A mihirtu A

39b); mi-ih-ra-at  $m\bar{a}m\bar{i}tim$  CCT 4 30a:8, mi-ih-ra-at tuppim  $ann \hat{i}m$  ICK 2 95:12, ICK 1 190 left edge 2, TCL 1 239:15; mi-ih-ra-at  $tahs \bar{i}$ :  $s\bar{a}tim$   $s\bar{a}$  annakam  $t\bar{e}zibu$  TCL 20 107:41.

- b) answer: awīlam mì-iḥ-ra-tim tātanap: pala (see apālu A mng. 2d-2') TCL 14 21:19 (OA); mi-ḥi-ir-ta-am īpulanni Sumer 13 109:50 (OB let.).
- 2. equivalent, counterpart a) equivalent (OA) — 1' in gen.: x silver ša ana PN mi-ih-ra-tim addi which is (destined) for PN, I have deposited as equivalent TCL 20 82:5, cf. (with nadû) CCT 4 28a:8, TCL 14 32:14, x kaspam mì-ih-ra-tim CCT 4 1a:35, CCT 2 34:13; mì-ih-ra-at 8 MA.NA-e 71 [MA.NA] kas= pam bīt tamkārim nil[qe] we have taken from the house of the merchant seven and one-half minas as equivalent for the eight minas TCL 19 36:34, cf. (with leqû) mì-ihra-tim OIP 27 15:31, 51:9, TCL 14 32:27, ICK 1 187:23, CCT 5 46b:3; ammamin mi-ih-ratim atta taddinam would that you had given me the equivalent CCT 3 33b:24; x kaspam şarrupam mì-ih-ra-at 10 Túg takuštāē addi: nakkum(!) CCT 5 46b:7; šumma mì-ih-ra-tim iddununikkum annikī din TCL 14 23:6, ef. (with nadānu) KT Blanckertz 2:16, TCL 4 19:31, 20:21, TCL 14 5:11, 32:10, TCL 19 62:30, 63:27, TCL 21 211:53, KTS 2b:9, 12:6, 16:17, 43c:8, BIN 4 129:12, 225:17(!), BIN 6 13:14, Jankowska KTK 108:6 (= Golénischeff 2), me-e-н1-ra-tim ICK 2 132:5; x silver separately mì-ih-rat subātišu PN ublam 4 26:26, cf. CCT 3 24:34, CCT 5 50b:12; give me one kutānu-textile ina erābijama [mì]ih-ra-tim ina raminija [u]šebbalakkumma agammilka and when I come home I will gladly send you the equivalent from my own account Contenau Trente Tablettes Cappadociennes 18:9 and 13, cf. CCT 3 4:20, cf. also (with abālu or šūbulu) CCT 4 40a:34, 41b:8, BIN 4 232:12 and 16, KTS 22b:18, RA 58 114 Sch. 14:24; referring to copper: Šà.BA 30 MA.NA URUDU mì-ih-ra-tim addiššu ICK 198:9, cf. mì-ih-ra-at werîm ša ekallim u 4 MA.NA kaspam ša tuppē harrumūtim CCT 2 38:10; 150 minas of refined copper are with PN and his associates mi-ih-ra-sú ki PN, alge I

took its equivalent from PN<sub>2</sub> BIN 4 160:17, cf. *mì-iḥ-ra-at werîm ša ina babtika nilaqqeu* CCT 4 31a:33; *šīm* AN.NA *me-eḥ-ra-tim* ... *šēbi[lam]* BIN 6 131:15; in broken contexts: Kienast ATHE 31:17, Jankowska KTK 20:36.

- 2' in atypical contexts: kaspam mi-ih-ratim ša pirikannī ... šašqilma ... šēbilam cash the silver, the equivalent of the piriz kannu-garments, and send it to me CCT 5 2a:44; ana šumi mi-ih-ra-tim ša taqbianni concerning the equivalent of which you spoke (they did not accept the silver from me in GN) BIN 6 9:4; ana(!) 1 MA.NA kaspim mi-ih-ra-tim aknukma išti PN aṣṣēr awīlim uštēbil I placed the equivalent corresponding to one mina of silver under seal, and sent (it) through PN to the boss TCL 19 64:13; me-eh-ra-tim PN er-ša-ma ask PN for the equivalent KTS 35c:15, cf. atta me-eh-ra-tim e-ri-šu TCL 19 58:14.
- b) counterpart: uštamhirma mi-ih-rit (var. mi-ih-rat) apsî šubat DN he made a counterpart to the Apsû, the abode of Nudimmud En. el. IV 142, with comm.: bītu ša kīma mi-i[h-rit apsî], cf. É.SAG.ÍL mi-ih-rit apsî ibid. VI 62, wr. GABA.RI apsî AfO 13 205:14 (Asb.).
- 3. front part, front side, vanguard, lead—a) front part, front side: šumma me-ehre-et rēš marti paṭir if the front of the head of the gall bladder is split KAR 150 r. 1, cf. šumma me-eh-re-et qutun marti paṭir ibid. obv. 14, wr. IGI-it CT 20 46 ii 60 (SB ext.); if (at) the doors of a house mi-iḥ-rit É SILA irdi the front part of the house sags toward the street CT 38 11:54, cf. mi-iḥ-rit É ana bītānu irdi ibid. 55 (SB Alu).
- b) vanguard, lead: see sabātu mng. 8 (miḥirtu); nakru IGI-it ummānija TAG-at the enemy will attack the vanguard of my army CT 31 43 obv.(!) 14, also Boissier Choix 48 r. 3 (SB ext.).
- 4. (in prepositional use) in front of, ahead of, before, opposite, in the likeness of a) alone 1' with persons, etc.: me-ehre-et PN tamkārūssu epušma conclude the

miḥirtu A miḥirtu A

business deal in the presence of PN Kraus AbB 1 3:18 (OB); me-eh-re-et DN UET 6 402:22, replaced by IGI DN ibid. 23ff., see Gadd, Iraq 25 178f. (OB); if a bird mi-ih-rit amēli ilsumam u ana EGIR-šú ihhis swoops down toward a man and turns around CT 40 cf. if a scorpion [...] IGI-it NA imqut ibid. 27 K.11686:10, also sēr kīdi igi-it šēp amēli šakin ibid. 23:37, cf. also 22 K.3674:19 he mounted a mare and (all SB Alu); meh-ret ummānišu innabit fled ahead of his TCL 3 140 (Sar.); ummānātišu idkâ isdira mi-ih-rit ummānātija he set his army in motion (and) lined it up against my army Streck Asb. 158:16; I cut off their heads in front of each other mi-ih-rit ahāmeš AfO 8 180:28 (Asb.); mašaddu ša IGI-it um: mānija iššebbir the shaft (of the wagon) which (moves) in front of my army will break BRM 4 12:61 (SB ext.); IGI-it irti ša nāsir šamê (the stars) in front of the one observing the sky TCL 6 21:3, see Weidner Handbuch p. 132; from among the stars miih-rat irātikunu kakkabu [ta zag.mu lil]-suma-am-ma before you let a shooting star fall on my right STT 73:97, see JNES 19 34; PN, who had fled to GN after Elam had rebelled and mi-ih-rit RN ūšibu ina kussi Elamti had set himself on the throne contesting RN Streck Asb. 44 v 17, cf. PN ša mi-ih-rit RN ēpušu bēlūt Elamti ibid. 62

2' with directions: IGI-it iltāni umaḥḥira bābānišin he made their doors face north Rost Tigl. III p. 74:23; mi-iḥ-rit 4 IM.MEŠ 8 abullāti aptēma I made eight gates facing the four directions Winckler Sar. pl. 41:82, cf. ibid. 43:66; seven gates toward the east mi-iḥ-rit šūti u šadî facing south and east OIP 2 112 vii 85, cf. napḥar 3 abullāti ša mi-iḥ-rit iltāni ibid. 92, ša mi-iḥ-rit amurri ibid. 113 viii 4, also ana napāḥ Šamši mi-iḥ-rit šadî ibid. 145:12 and 14, ana irat Aššur bēlija mi-iḥ-rit šadî ibid. 16 (Senn.); mi-iḥ-ra-at IM.SI.SÁ VAB 4 216 ii 8 (Ner.).

3' other occs.: dimātum ša me-eḥ-re-et Sippar BE 6/2 136:3, also CT 45 42:2; (a garden) ša mi-iḥ-ri-it tawirtim TCL 18 88:23,

cf. ina kirātim me-eh-re-et é.Kiš.NU.GÁL UET 6 402:17, see Gadd, Iraq 25 178f.; (a garden) BAL.RI nār PN me-eh-re-et pí-i [nārim] Riftin 137 i 21 (all OB); me-eh-re-et appī labīrūtim ARM 6 5:5, cf.  $[\bar{a}l]um$  me-eh-re-[et a-l]imšakin[ma] ARM 4 32:12; fields ša IGI-ti URU GN opposite Babylon MDP 2 pl. 16 i 7 (MB ēma mi-ih-rit ahāmeš uššīšunu kudurru); addû Borger Esarh. 85 r. 48; (a palace) mi-ih $rat \ zam\hat{e} \ (see \ zam\hat{u}) \ OIP \ 2 \ 102:77 \ (Senn.);$ ālu mi-ih-rit GN Streck Asb. 42 iv 128; elēnu apsî šubat tarmâni mi-ih-rit É.ŠÁR.RA En. el. V 120; if lichen is discovered ina sūqi IGI-it bīt amēli in the street opposite a man's house CT 40 19 K.10390:2, also ibid. 14 K.7030+ r. 8 (SB Alu); mi-ih-rat  $uq[ni ...] \bar{u}taqqi$ he painted [the chair with ...] instead of lapis lazuli STT 28 ii 32, also 34, mi-ih-rat hurāṣi ... ūtaqqi ibid. 33, see Gurney, AnSt 10 112, dupl. W 22246b ii 8; elān Bābili mi-ih(!)ra-at Sippar-Šamaš upstream from Babylon, across from GN Sumer 3 10 i 27 (Nbk.); I impaled their king RN mi-ih-rit abul ālišu in front of his city's gate Rost Tigl. III p. 44:10, cf. ibid. p. 58:16; the lion ša mih-rat bābi who stands in front of the gate RA 27 19:21 and 23 (Til-Barsip); bit hilanni tamšīl ekal māt Ḥatti mi-iḥ-rit ká.meš-šin aptiqma in front of its doors I constructed a bīt hilāni in the manner of a Syrian palace Lyon Sar. 10:64, Winckler Sar. pl. 36 No. 76:162, also, wr. me-eh-ret Lyon Sar. 26:29, wr. miih-rit ba-bi-ši-in Winckler Sar. pl. 39:108; bīt appāti (var. muterrēti) ... mi-ih-rit ba-ba-ati ušēpiš OIP 2 106 vi 22 (Senn.); mih-rit abul= lišu TCL 3 348 (Sar.); the processional road mi-ih-ra-at ká gašan VAB 4 130 v 17 (Nbk.); I secured its foundation ina irat kigalli mi-hi-ra-at mê on the edge of the nether world, level with the groundwater 4 118 iii 19, and passim in this phrase in Nbk., cf. išissa mi-ih-ra-at apsî ina šupul mê ... ušaršid ibid. 86 ii 18, ina irat erseti rapašti mi-ih-ra-at mê išissu ušaršid ibid. 172 B viii 57; mi-hi-ra-at mê ina kupri u agurri išissa ušaršid ibid. 212 ii 25 (Ner.), also 132 vi 1 (Nbk.); a field mi-ih-rat KA.GAL dZababa5R 68 No. 1:3, also 67 No. 1:3, Nbk. 206:1, Nbn. 116:3, 293:2, 477:3, 687:2,

miḥirtu A miḥirtu B

Dar. 227:4, and passim, wr. mi-hir-rat Evetts Ev.-M. 23:1, Nbn. 193:2, wr. GABA (mostly in later texts) Nbn. 132:2, 440:2, VAS 3 182:2 and 11, 184:2, 224:2, Camb. 375:16, Dar. 26:4, 80:2, 102:2, 152:3, 265:4, 8 and 14, 466:2, TCL 13 249:2, PSBA 14 pl. after p. 146:2, etc. (all NB); obscure: mi-ih-rit uk(?) šu(?) ul Winckler Sar. pl. 43:53; a field ša GABA PN VAS 4 32:2 (NB).

4' in ext.: GIŠ.TUKUL imittim me-eh-re-et sibtim šakin YOS 10 46 iii 10, 14, 18, cf. RA 44 13 VAT 4102:3ff., 15, cf. ina ruqqi ša imittim mi-ih-ri-it naplastim kakkum šakimma YOS also me-eh-re-et abullim ibid. 46 ii 10 17:35. 33, 45, 49 (all OB); [šum]ma me-eh-re-et KI. GUB GIŠ.TUKUL šakin KBo 13 26:8; [šum: ma ina r ēš nīri 101-it máš uššurtu nadāt if there is a loose spot beside the "yoke" in front of the sibtu KAR 151:17, cf. IGI-it mašīt šumēli CT 31 11 i 15, IGI-it askuppat ibid. 11 i 23, IGI-it É.GAL ŠU.SI ME.NI CT 30 13 K.8496 r. 1, IGI-it EDIN 15 ŠU.SI CT 30 4 K.3689 r. 12, IGI-it KUN ÍD EŠ 20 50:21, and passim.

**b)** after other prepositions: [a-na] mi-ihri-it PN [t]aspuram PBS 7 127:23 (OB let.); a-na me-eh-re-et dutu izzazma RA 35 3 r. iv 6, cf. ibid. 4 (Mari rit.); [ina] me-eh-re-et zakā: nim ARM 6 43:6; ubānum a-na me-eh-re-et sibtim ikpis (if) the "finger" is bent toward the sibtu YOS 10 11 iii 20 (OB ext.); ana IGIit usurti CT 31 40 r. i 5 (SB ext.); in broken contexts: ana mi-ih-ri[t] CT 38 44 Sm. 472:7 (SB Alu); at the head of the bed ana mi-ihrit [...] AMT 2,5:12 (rit.); DIŠ MUL Dil-bat ana mi-ih-ri-ti MUL ... GUB if the planet Venus stands opposite the constellation (Orion) Thompson Rep. 86 r. 2, with explanation ina pa-an MUL ... GUB r. 9; kisir šarrūtija a-na mi-ih-rit šar Elamti uma'ir I dispatched my royal army against the king of Elam OIP 2 87:29, cf. (in same context), wr. a-na me-eh-ret ibid. 90:9 (Senn.); a-na mi-ih-rat Sin BRM 4 6:47, cf. a-na miih-rat lilissi ibid. 45; i-na me-eh-re-et GN abēt I stay overnight opposite GN ARM 2 24 r. 24'; i-na me-eh-re-et Ištar RA 35 2 i 9 and 21 (Mari rit.); ina IGI-it ameli CT 40 50 K.8682+ :23 (SB Alu); anāku a-na mi-hi-ir-ti-šu-un ina kišād nār marrati azziz I took my stand on the shore of the lagoon opposite them OIP 2 74:78; I had stelas made ša aḥi ullê ina mi(var. me)-ḥir-ti-šú izzazzu which were standing facing each other on both sides (so that the royal road should not be encroached upon) ibid. 153:21 (Senn.); i-na mi-iḥ-rat(var. -rit) abulli OIP 2 102:90, also 154:9 (Senn.); iš-tu me-eḥ-re-et GN ARM 3 79:14, cf. a-di me-eḥ-re-et GN ibid. r. 13'; ultu mi-iḥ-ra-at Kiš adi kāri Nergal Sumer 3 10 i 19 (Nbk.); ištu kišād Puratti adi mi-ḥi-ra-at abulli VAB 4 86 ii 14 (Nbk.).

Ad mng. 1: Garelli, RA 58 112f.

miḥirtu B s.; 1. income, 2. appeal (to a deity), encounter (with a deity); OB, SB, NA; ef. maḥāru.

- 1. income: conjuration (to be used) summa mi-hi-ir-tum (var. mi-hir-ti) ina bīt sābî parsat if income ceases in the house of the innkeeper KAR 144:23, see RA 49 180, cf. mi-hi-ir-tum lillikamma aj ipparkû may income come in and not cease ibid. 22; x silver mi-hir-tum ... ušallamu Cyr. 311:12.
- 2. appeal (to a deity), encounter (with a deity, as ominous event): ana šisīt Šamši u me-hi-ir-ti ili adir he was worried (to the point of) crying out to the sun and appealing directly to the gods Tn.-Epic "iv" 23; ar-rat mi-hir-ti ili curses, (the evil consequences caused by) an encounter with the gods Maqlu VII 133; šibsat ilī me-hir-ti ili tazzimtu Šurpu IV 57, mi-hir-ti ili ibid. 9, also [mihi]r-ti DINGIR.MEŠ ta-zi-i[m-tu] LKA 151:10 and dupl. 152:7, mi-hir-ti ili tazzimt[i] STT 138:36; mi-hir-tu [m]ur-sa [...] Tn.-Epic "v" 4;  $u \cdot bar (var. [x].bar) = min (=$ dSin) šá mi-hi-ir-te CT 24 39 r. xi 17 and dupl. (list of gods); with mahāru: may the Upper and Lower Sea limbur mi-bir-tum ša libbi ki-x JNES 15 134:65 (lipšur-lit.); māmīt mihi-ir-ti alpi sēni amēlūti amāru u mahāru Šurpu VIII 57; dGašan.ur.me = MIN (=

miḥiştu miḥru A

Bēlet-mātāti) mi-hi-ir-tu ma-ha-ru CT 25 9 ix(!) 9.

mihistu (mihistu, mihiltu) s.; 1. stroke (of the stylus), cuneiform wedge, writing, 2. wound; SB, NB; pl. mihsātu; wr. syll. and gù.SUM; cf. mahāsu.

gi-e U=mi-hi-il-tum, šatāru A II/4:42f.; gi-e U= ša GI.E mi-hi-il-tu Ea II 150; gi-e U= mi-hi-il-tum Recip. Ea A ii 14';  $g^{1-e}U=$  mi-hi-il-tum, gú (var. gú.gú) = mi-hi-is-tum Antagal VIII 76f.;  $[gi]^{1-e}DIŠ=[mi-hi-is-tu]$  Nabnitu XXI 68; [gi-e] [AŠ] = mi-hi-is-tu, šatāru A II/2 Part 2 ii 6f.; ge-e AŠ = mi-hi-is-tum šá šá-ta-ru || m[i-hi-i]s-tum || mi-hi-i[l-tum ...] Comm. A to A II/2 r. 16; gi DIŠ = mi-hi-il-tu Ea II 241; gu.sum = mi-hi-il-ti, gù.sum = mi-hi-il-ti Igituh short version 13f.; [gu].sum = [mi-hi-is-tu] Nabnitu XXI 67.

gi-e u = mi-ih-şa-tum A II/4:41; gú.si (var. si) = mi-ih-şa-tum Antagal VIII 78.

giš.IGI.D\u00fc.bar.ra = mi-\u00edi-i\u00e3\u00e3ti (var. mi\u00edis) iGI.D\u00fc wound inflicted by a thorn MSL 9 78:108 (list of diseases).

mi-hi-iş-tum // mi-hi-il-tum Lambert BWL 82 Comm. to line 206; GI // mah-ru-ú // ḤA mi-hi-il-tim an-ni-tum AfO 24 79:3, 3 GI mi-hi-il-tim ḤA.A.AN SUKUD.DA άδ-δύ [...] ibid. 14 (comm.).

- 1. stroke (of the stylus), cuneiform wedge, writing a) stroke (of the stylus), cuneiform wedge: see lex. section; šumma ina MIN (= qabal imitti marti) mi-hi-el-tu šaknat if there is a wedge on the right center of the gall bladder (cf. the refs. to the cuneiform signs HAL, PAP, KASKAL, NI, U lines 3ff.) CT 30 1 K.85 r. 1, cf. Boissier DA 249 iv 4 (SB ext.); a slave girl ša 5-ta mi-ih-hi-il-tum ša sepiri ina muhhi tikkišu ša imittišu who has five strokes (made by) the scribe on the right side of her neck BM 64622:3 (courtesy E. Sollberger), see Pinches, Records of the Past N.S. 4 105.
- b) cuneiform writing 1' wr. syll.: [gu.sum] ul.la ki.dul.dul.bi : mi-hi-il-ta ú-[ul-li-ta(?)] katinta (show him) the old secret cuneiform signs LKA 65:8, parallel Ugaritica 5 No. 15:11; for Sum. refs. to gu.sum, see Römer Königshymnen p. 24:21 and p. 65 n. 202; rēš mi-hi-il-ti ù qīt mi-hi-il-ti ana šinīšu iššassû both the beginnings of the cuneiform writing and the ends of the cuneiform writing should be read in two ways

(i.e., across the lines, and acrostically) JAOS 88 130:12f. and 132 r. 11, see Sweet, Or. NS 38 459; ana me-hi-il-ti (context damaged, cf. [tup]šarrūtu next line) STT 70 r. 5, see Lambert, RA 53 132; in difficult context: [...] mi-hi-il-tú šá [...] Neugebauer ACT No. 200 aa r. 4; for the pl. mihsātu see A II/4:41 and Antagal VIII 78, in lex. section.

- 2' wr. GÙ.SUM: GÙ.SUM abni ša lam abūbi (I am versed in) inscriptions on stone from before the flood Streck Asb. 256:18; 4 GÙ.SUM ša pî 3-ti IM.GÍD.[DA] Kraus Texte 27b section IV', also 27a IV', see Kraus, MVAG 40/2 p. 50.
- 2. wound: *mi-hi-iš-ta-šú ukallamšu* he showed him all his wounds (wherever he had hit his body) STT 38:125, see AnSt 6 156 (Poor Man of Nippur); mi(var. me)-hi-is-tu(var. Lambert BWL 44:99 (Ludlul II); -ti) dannat upašših mi-hi-is-ta-šu-ma he soothed his very wound ibid. 52:21 (Ludlul III); mi-hiiṣ-ta-ša li[...] (in broken context, Sum. destroyed) AJSL 35 142 1905-4-9,93 r. 20, also mi-hi-is-ta-šú upattanni Lambert BWL 82:206 (Theodicy), for comm., see lex. section; see also MSL 9 78:108, in lex. section.

For the name of a canal \*Mihṣat-Irra see maḥṣu adj.

Ad mng. 1: Landsberger, ZA 43 76; Falkenstein, WO 1 179 n. 28; Lambert, JSS 14 250.

mihištu see mihistu.

mihitu see mahitu.

miḥrītu (meḥrītu) adj. fem.; (mng. uncert.); OB.

- a) as fem. personal name (occ. only in ration lists): Mi-ih-ri-tum TCL 1 189:7, VAS 9 172:32, 174:4; note Mi-ih-ri-it(!)-dAMAR. UD YOS 2 34:26 (coll.).
- b) other occ.: <sup>1</sup>Ētirtum ša me-eh-ri-tim BE 6/2 138:6.

(Stamm Namengebung 249.)

miḥru A (meḥru) s.; 1. copy (of a written document), list, inventory, answer, reply,

antiphony, 2. (person of) equal rank, fellow, equivalent, counterpart, replica, correspondence, 3. front, 4. weir, 5. offering, 6. mishap, unfortunate accident; from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and GABA.RI (in mng. ld GIŠ.GI<sub>4</sub>.GÁL.BI); ef. maḥāru.

gaba.ri = mi-ih-ru Ai. VI iv 37; gaba.ri = šu-u, mi-ih-ru Hh. I 324f., gaba.ri.a.ni = mi-hir-šú ibid. 326, gaba.ri.e.ne.ne = mi-hir-šú-nu ibid. 327; gaba.ri = mi-ih-ru (in group with naqû, lapātu) Erimhuš V 215; udu.gaba.ri.a = min (= im-me-ri) mi-ih-ri Hh. XIII 85, máš.gaba.ri = (blank) ibid. 227; gaba.r[i ...] = mi-ih-ra mu-hur Nabnitu K 57.

giš.kéš.da(!) = mi-hir id Erimhuš II 238, Gišgi-eš-galgál = min za-ma-ri ibid. 239, gaba.ri = min a-me-li ibid. 240, cf. mi-ih-rum šá id, min šá min, min šá min, min šá za-ma-ri (Sum. col. destroyed) Nabnitu K 30ff.; mu.g[i.ma.al] = giš.gi.gál(!) = me-eh-ru Emesal Voc. III 58; gi.kun.zi.da = qa-an mi-ih-ri = sik-r[u šá ...] Hg. A II 8, in MSL 7 67; gi.kun.zi.da, [gi]. kéš.da, [gi.gi]š.kéš.da = min (= qa-an) mi-ih-ri Hh. IX 315ff.; igi.ab.ba.uru.a = mi-ih-ri šībī ālim Hh. II 30.

lú.gaba.ri egir.ra.ni šu.hul bí.in.dù.a: ša arki mi-ih-ri-šu ubān lemutti itarrașu he who is pointing with evil intent at his equal behind his back Lambert BWL 119:7f.; lú.ux(GIŠGAL).lu pap.hal.la gaba.ri.a.ni ba.an.gar : ana amēli muttalliki me-eh-ri iššakin (the headache) was set directly against the roving man CT 17 19:13f.; gaba.ra mu.pàd.da.mu.šè dKi.šár mah.a mu.sa<sub>4</sub>.zu hé.em : ana mi-hi-ir zikir šumija Antu sīrtu lu nibīt šumikima as the equivalent of my own name, may your name be "sublime Antu" TCL 6 51:39f., see RA 11 148:20; [máš].sag gaba.ri.bi.šè ba.an.sum : ú-ri-și ana mi-ih-ri-šú (var. mi-hir-ti-šú) it-ta-din he gave a he-goat as his offering STT 172:10f., restored from CT 44 26:7 (Sum. version), var. from CT 17 . 7 Tablet Z 11.

gaba.ri = mi(var. me)-ih-ru LTBA 2 1 vi 50 and dupl. 2:387; me-eh-ru, pat-tu = na-a-ru ibid. 2:298f.; mi-ih-rum = sik-rum šá [fd] An VIII 180.

1. copy (of a written document), list, inventory, answer, reply, antiphony — a) copy (of a written document) — 1' in OAkk.: me-eh-ru DUB [...] LUGAL MAD 1 210:7 (subscript).

2' in OA — a' in gen.: if my case has been settled me-eh-ra-am ša tuppim ša awitī gamratni šubalkitma šēbilam make a copy of the document (which says) that my

case is settled and send (it) to me TCL 19 9:16; me-eh-ra-am ša šībūtišu PN naši PN is carrying a copy of his deposition as witness Hecker Giessen 50:7, also ibid. 4; adi me-he-er tuppim ša dannātija tašammeu until you have heard (read to you) the copy of the tablet with my binding agreement 162:3; me-he-er tuppim ša kārum GN iddi: nanni šitammēšu hear carefully the copy of the document which the kāru of Kaniš has given me KBo 9 40:1; me-h[e-e]r tuppim annîm išti PN a copy of this document is with PN TCL 21 211:57; tahsistam alputma me-eh-ra-am addinakkum me-ha-ar-kà amur mala laptātini atta leqe I wrote the memorandum and gave you a copy, look up your copy and take as much as is written (therein as belonging) to you TCL 20 90:10f.; tuppū ša šībīja u me-eh-ru-šu-nu ammakam ibaššiu my witnessed documents and their copies are deposited there KTS 40:33; me-he-er našpirtim mahar patrim ša DN iknuku: nimma ukâl they placed the copy of the order under seal before the (sacred) dagger of Aššur and he (now) holds (it) 130:13, cf. ibid. 10; tup-pì me-he-ri lalmad CCT 2 33:28, cf. me-he-[ri ša tup]-pi tup-pi le[qe]ibid. 37, but me-eh-ri ibid. 33; me-eh-ra-am ša tuppišu la ušētigam kaspam lagā'am la imua he did not forward to me a copy of his document and will not obtain the silver CCT 4 7b:16, me-eh-ru laššu me-eh-ri ša tuppīšu harrumūtim nušbalkitma TCL 19 44 r. 16f.; me-he-er tuppišu harmim cf. [ina] me-eh-re-em ša tuppišunu HSS 10 223:8, cf. also Kienast ATHE 35:27; [me]-he-er tuppim ša tēzibu CCT 3 19b:25, me-eh-ra-ma [š]ēbilam TCL 14 25:22, and passim, note me-ha-ar-šu-nu [šuba]lkitama BIN 6 57:25.

b' as subscript to mark a text as a copy: [tup]pum annium me-he-[er] tuppī harru: m[ūtim] ICK 1 187:63; me-eh-ru-um ša tuppē harrumūtim eqlam ētiqu (see etēqu A mng. 1b) CCT 1 4:47, also ibid. 1a:37, TCL 21 213:45, MVAG 33 No. 226:49; me-eh-ru-um ša 3 tuppīšu ša PN CCT 5 22a:39 (= MVAG 35/3 No. 310); me-eh-ru-um (last line) VAT

13535:35 (= MVAG 33 No. 252), me-he-er tup: piša harmim ša PN aššat PN<sub>2</sub> mera' PN<sub>3</sub> TCL 14 67:21.

- 3' in OB: me-he-er kanīki kankim copy of a sealed tablet PBS 8/2 194 iv 20, cf. UET 5 586:7; me-he-er kanīk 1 MA.NA kaspim CT 29 39:17; me-he-er tuppika šūbilam send me a copy of your tablet VAS 16 111:21; me-eh-ri-ka utarrakkumma kunukkī eheppi I will return your copies to you and destroy the sealed documents BIN 7 31:26; note me-he-er tuppi (subscript of a letter of legal content) PBS 7 89:42; mi-ih-ri-ka leqeam take your copies UET 5 39:18.
- 4' in Bogh.: me-he-er tuppi anniti ana pani DN GN šakin a copy of this document is deposited before the sun goddess of Arinna KBo 1 1 r. 35; mi-hi-ir šiţirti ša DN ēpušu copy of the written agreement made by Tešup (between Egypt and Hatti) KBo 1 23:1.
- 5' in RS: kunukku mi-hi-ir kunuk šarri rabî îtepšu they have made a seal (which is) a copy of the seal of the great king (and have fabricated forged documents in Ugarit) MRS 697 RS 16.249:16.
- b) list, inventory 1' in OA: tēzibani me-eḥ-ra-am ana amtim dina u šaniam ina ekallim ezbama give a list of everything you (pl.) have left behind to the slave girl and leave another (list) in the main house CCT 3 14:17; mimma ēzibakkunni me-eh-ra-am lap: pitma šēbilam write an inventory of whatever I have left with you and send (it) to me CCT 2 16b:5, cf. me-eh-ra-am PN naš': akkum ibid. 6; whom else should I trust? kaspam mala ina me-eh-ri-ia ulappitakkunni šašqilma collect all the silver amounts which I have written down for you in my list TCL 4 6:7, also me-he-er-kà e-ez-ba-ma kaspam ušašgalma CCT 2 38:7, ša ina me-eh-ri-kà lapputu ibid. 14:6; tin and garments ša šēp PN ša me-eḥ-ri ša luqūtim PN, naš'akkunni of the caravan of PN, the inventory of the merchandise of which PN2 is taking to you BIN 4 12:6; me-eh-ra-am ša uttitika šubal $\langle k \rangle$ = itma šēbilam annakam PN me-eh-ra-am uhtal:
- make an inventory of your wheat and send (it) to me, here PN has lost the inventory CCT 2 15:27 and 30, cf. me-eh-ri ša babtija ezibšum RA 51 2 HG 74:19; meeh-ri lu ša ammakam lu ša Alim ina mahar PN šukumma lammissu place the lists of what is there or in the City before PN, inform him CCT 2 45b:28; me-h[e-er] tahsi: sātim ša šibija PN u PN, naš'u PN and PN, are bringing a list of the memoranda concerning my witnesses TCL 19 62:15; the day you (pl.) hear my tablet (read to you) ana qarab bētim erbama me-eh-ri-a šemāma ... kaspam ... šaddinama enter the strong room (of my house) and hear my list (read to you) and collect (every mina of) silver (outstanding) TCL 19 30:8, cf. me-eh-ri-a amurma zakkiama BIN 4 20:13; lu tuppū harrumūtum lu me-eh-ru lu tahsisātum either tablets or lists or memoranda CCT 2 17b:4, cf. (we entrusted to PN<sub>2</sub>) tamalakkī tuppī ša PN tamalakkī me-eh-ri Contenau Trente Tablettes Cappadociennes 21:4.
- 2' in Mari: mi-hi-ir GAL.HI.A ša ina pisanni ša[rrim] list of the GAL-containers which are in the royal archive ARM 9 84:11.
- c) answer, reply 1' in OB: I have written to you about the handing over of thirty(?) men but me-he-er tuppija ša ERÍN. MEŠ a-na-ad-di-in [ul t]ašpuram vou did not send me an answer to my letter (saying) "I will hand over the men" TCL 17 41:7: aššum me-he-er tuppim ša tušābilam šarrum la qerbuma la illikakkum concerning (the) answer which you have sent me to (my) letter, (in which you state) that the king was not nearby nor did he come to you 53 29 r. 14; me-her tuppi[ja] ša ištu šāpir nārim iqbûma ṣēnum la innaddâ šūbilam send me an answer to my letter (directing you) that, since the commander of the canal has given orders, the sheep and goats shall not be released (into the field) YOS 2 114:20; me-he-er tuppi likšud TCL 18 144:14; ina la kunukkim me-he-er tuppi bēlija ana bēlija tuppī ul ušābilam because of the lack of a cylinder seal I did not send my tablet to my lord in answer to the tablet of my lord VAS

16 155:10; mīnum ša ...me-he-er tuppija ul tušabbala ibid. 200:5, cf. me-he-er tuppija šūbilam TCL 7 53:23, TIM 2 138:18, and passim in OB letters, cf. also TCL 17 19:7, TCL 18 103:20, VAS 16 9:20, CT 2 10a:21, etc.; note sissiktam u me-he-er tuppija šūbilam send me the answer to my letter (provided with the imprint of) the hem (of your garment, for identification) TCL 1 19:17; unnedukkija šūbilam PBS 7 5:16, also TCL 17 57:59, 65:31, UCP 9 339 No. 14:24, TIM 2 79:32, cf. AJSL 32 280 No. 5:25; me-he-er kunukki šūbilam OECT 3 67:29, cf. me-heer ţēmišu(!) lušpuram ibid. 40:33; me-he-er ze-eh-pí-ia arhiš šūbilam Kraus AbB 1 142:24.

- 2' in Mari: anumma me-he-er tuppim ša ana PN ušattiru ina tuppija annîm ušattiramma uštābilakkum the answer which I wrote to PN I have written down in this letter of mine and I am sending it to you herewith ARM 1 24:3; me-he-er tēmija ARM 2 62 r. 7' and 68 r. 4', also ARM 10 167:7; note, referring to fire signals: mi-hi-ir dipārim iššū (see dipāru usage e) RA 35 179:16.
- 3' in Elam: me-he-er tuppini šūbilamma MDP 18 237:18.
- d) antiphony: GIŠ.GI<sub>4</sub>.GÁL.BI its (the preceding part's) antiphony VAS 10 214 ii 6 (OB Agušaja), also RA 22 171:60; GISKIM.gál.bi: mi-ḥi[r-šu] KAR 100 ii 10; mi-ḥir TCL 6 55:15, 56:1, 57 r. 15; GIŠ.GI<sub>4</sub>.GÁL.BI RA 15 176 ii 10 and 181 viii 25 (OB Agušaja), VAS 10 215 r. 28 (OB Nanâ hymn), see von Soden, ZA 44 34:56; for refs. from Sum. texts see Falkenstein, ZA 49 92f.; see also Erimhuš II 239, Nabnitu K 33, Emesal Voc. III 58, in lex. section.
- 2. (person of) equal rank, fellow, equivalent, counterpart, replica, correspondence—a) (person of) equal rank, fellow: šumma awīlum šinni awīlim me-eh-ri-šu ittadi if a man knocks out a tooth of a man of his own rank CH § 200:68; la me-he-er-ka itebbizakkumma idākka one who is not of your rank will rise against you and defeat you YOS 10 24:1; šarru itti šarri me-eh-ri-šu isallim RA 65 73:35 (both OB ext.); šarru ekal me-eh-ri-šu ikannak the king will put his seal on the

palace of (a king of) equal rank CT 6 2 case 40 (OB liver model), see Nougayrol, RA 38 77, cf. me-eh-rum ireddi ibid. 37; šakiššum me-eh-rum a warrior of equal rank has been set against him Gilg. P. v 27 (OB); awilum mi-hi-ir-šu he is not a person of equal rank JCS 15 6 i 8 (OB lit.); it is the custom among kings that when one succeeds to the throne šarrāni mi-ih-ru-šú [šulmā]nāti ... ušēbiluniššu kings of the same rank send him gifts KBo I 14 r. 7; lu ahušu u lu me-hi-ir-šu KBo 1 1:67, cf. ibid. 66; manaš š[A] URU LÚ ME-EH-RI manaš EGIR-zi-iš UN-aš KBo 4 14 iii 67f., see Stefanini, Atti Accademia dei Lincei 1965 Rend. 20 p. 47, 72, note Lú MI-IH-R[U-T]I KUB 23 1 iv 1, see Otten, StBoT 16 44f.; šarru mi-hir-šú laš: šu there is no king equal to him Craig ABRT 1 22 ii 6; when the fire is too strong in the brazier he goes out Lú me-eh-ri-šu ušerraba and has fellow servants come in MVAG 41/3 62 ii 15 (NA rit.); [a]mat mi-ih-ri-ka KAR 43 šumma amēlu ana gu.du me-eh-ri-šú ithi if a man makes sexual contact with the rectum of another man CT 39 44:13 (SB Alu), cf. mi-hir-šú ZA 43 102:25 (physiogn.); e[h]-ri šarri Lambert BWL 162:30; when they are drunk Lú patar parzilli TA pa-an me-he-ri-šú la ú-sa-ah-ra nobody is able to turn (his) iron dagger away from his fellows ABL 85 r. 8; la ūṣiu qa-ni me-eh-ri-šú-nu la [i]-[ta]l-ku they did not go away and did not go with their own colleagues Iraq 20 193 No. 43:12; ina qa-ni me-eh-re-e-a dullu eppaš I do my work with my colleagues 455:15; [ina q]a-an-ni LÚ.GABA.RI.MEŠ-ia az: zaz I will consult with my colleagues ABL 1388 r. 4, see Parpola LAS No. 184, cf. šarru qaan-ni mi-ih-ri-i[a] libbi luballita may the king make my heart feel good just like (the hearts of) my colleagues ABL 525 r. 17, see Parpola LAS No. 264; the king knows [kî] mi-ih-re-ešú anennuni that we are his equals ABL 117 r. 14 (all NA); see also Lambert BWL 119:7f., in lex. section; for mehertu woman of equal rank see s.v.

b) equivalent — 1' referring to a person: he who had adopted the child of a slave girl

of the palace me-he-er-šu ana ekallimiriab compensates the palace with (a child of) equal value Goetze LE § 35 A iii 13 and B ii 23; if a man sells somebody who is held as pledge in his house, he forfeits the money obtained [me]-her-šu ana bēl mimmû iddan gives (a person of) equal value to the debtor KAV 6 i 12 (Ass. Code C § 2), also ibid. i 17 (§ 3).

- 2' referring to merchandise: kaspam u siamātišu suqlam me-eh-ri-i tukāl pay, for me, for the silver and the merchandise (bought for) it, you may keep (it) as my equivalent TCL 19 59:37; ammakam me-hi-ir me-eh-re-e bīt PN ēzib I have left there in the house of PN the list of the equivalents BIN 6 96:6, cf. me-he-re-e (in broken context) ibid. 8; me-eh-ru ša šēp PN Kienast ATHE 37:24 (all OA).
- 3' referring to real estate: x land me-he-er-šu JCS 5 92 MAH 15890:3, see JCS 7 84 (OB); eqla mi-hir eqli ašar panūšunu šaknu addinz šunūti I gave them a field wherever they wanted corresponding in value to (their own) field Lyon Sar. pl. 8:52 and dupls.
- 4' in exchange transactions: mi-hi-ir šāpultišu bīta ... kīma bīti iddiššu he gave him a house corresponding to (his) house as equivalent(?) of his exchange MDP 23 240:9.
- 5' referring to staples: 7 (GUR) 1 (PI) 2 (BÁN) 9 SÌLA nam-ha-ar-ti PN 15 ŠE GUR LÁ+NI mi-hi-ir-šu 12 (GUR) 1 (PI) 1 (BÁN) MU.TÚM YOS 12 43:1 (OB).
- 6' in ana meḥrišu nadānu: awīlum ša ana me-eḥ-ri-šu inaddinu a man who lends out (barley, etc.) against a corresponding commodity Goetze LE § 19 A ii 8 and B i 21.
- 7' in math.: n u n me-he-er-šu idima put down n and n, its equal TMB 115 No. 215:21, 117 No. 216:20 and MCT 129 Ua 11; n i-li n me-he-er-šu i-di-i-ma Sumer 18 pl. 3 (after p. 14) 13, Sumer 10 57 § 1:1f., § 5:1, cf. Sumer 6 132 No. 1:12, 134 No. 2:5 and 10; x me-e[h-r]a-am šukun Sumer 7 39 No. 7 r. 7, also 41 No. 8 r. 2; atypical: šumma n šiddum elûm me-he-er-šu haliq Sumer 6 132 No. 1:1.

- c) counterpart, replica: see TCL 6 51:39f., in lex. section; my lord has written me aššum dalat erēnim me-he-er daltim ša bāb PN šu-pi-ši-im about having a cedar door made as a replica of the door in the gate of PN ARMT 13 7:5; É GABA.RI Ebabbar ... ēpuš I built a replica of Ebabbar as a temple (for Marduk) VAB 4 62 iii 19 (Nabopolassar), cf. É.GAL GABA.RI É.GAL GN ušēpiš I had a palace built (there), a replica of the palace in(side) Babylon ibid. 118 iii 14 (Nbk.); tuppu ša rikilti ana me-he-er tuppi ša RN a treaty document corresponding to the tablet of Šuppiluliuma KBo 1 8:28.
- d) correspondence (of signs and apodoses) 1' referring to signs: GISKIM mi-hir GISKIM la ittabšīma pissatu la irtaši if there is no sign corresponding to the (observed) sign which would cancel it JNES 33 200:45 (Diviner's Manual); GISKIM mi-hir ù (for GISKIM?) ana damiqti ina šamê ibašši there is a sign corresponding to (this) sign in the sky for a favorable portent Thompson Rep. 95 r. 1; it-tù me-he-er it-ti ša UD.13.KAM šû the sign corresponds to the sign for the 13th day ibid. 180:6, cf. [it]-ta me-her GISKIM š[a . . . š]u-û (with gloss [it]-tú me-he-er it-ti) bid. 57 r. 4.
- 2' referring to a previous apodosis: GABA. RI (entire apodosis) Leichty Izbu II 24, cf. CT 28 50 r. 9, CT 20 13:15, 28 K.219:7, CT 31 33 r. 29, KAR 152:5, 11, 13, 403:36, r. 6, and passim in SB ext.; for the enemy prince UZU.SU-šú ana lemutti ZI-šú (preceded by the apod.: for the prince) TCL 6 2:28, replaced by GABA.RI in the dupl. CT 28 43:18, cf. BRM 4 13:4 and dupl. cited Weidner, AfO 16 74.
- 3. front: (a field) in mi-ih-ri GN Gelb OAIC 25:9 (OAkk.); me(!)-hir madakta ša GN ... madakta liškunu let them set up camp opposite the camp near Babylon ABL 804 r. 17 (NB); ina mi-hir bābi šuātu PBS 15 79 i 79 (Nbk.), wr. ina mi-hi-ri CT 37 10 ii 11; in broken contexts: ana mi-ih-r[i]-ka Iraq 20 183 No. 39:34 (NA); bir-ti mi-ih-ri ABL 1285:40, bir-ti me-eh-ri-a ABL 757 r. 6; for mi-hir in astron. see Sachs, JCS 6 74; mi-hi-

ir dSin (in obscure context) Lambert, Studies Landsberger 286:21 (MA inc.), omitted in the parallel Köcher BAM 248 iii 12f.; me-hi-ir-kunu (addressing the stars of the night) KUB 4 47 r. 48; note the adverbial use: if a bird [ana] IGI amēli mi-ih-ra GIN-kám straight toward a man Boissier DA 35:15, TA ZAG NA mi-ih-ra GIN-ma flies from the right of the man directly (to him) ibid. 34:4 (SB Alu); šumma mi-ih-ra ana pani amēli isruh if (a star) shoots directly toward a man Labat TDP 14:66, cf. DIŠ UL ina 15 NA me-eh-ra SUR Bab. 4 125 K.139:7, also (with ina 150 NA, IGI LÚ) ibid. 8 and 10; GABA.RI mahis imât he was hit directly(?), he will die Labat TDP 40 r. 6, 72:20, 78:70, 100:4, 108:19; in broken context: [...] mi-ih-ra LÚ.GIG [...] AMT 2,5:14 (rit.); see also CT 17 19:13f., in lex. section.

4. weir: see Erimhuš II 238, Nabnitu K 30ff., An VIII 180, also for qan mihri Hh. IX 315ff., in lex. section; me-eh-ra-am Hg. A II 8, nušardi we had the weir spill over Fish Letters 17:10; I began to work on the field me-heer-šu amahhar ullitiš mê asabbat I will put up a weir for it, the day after tomorrow I will let in the water ibid. 16:6; me-eh-ra-ša am= hur I erected a weir for it (the field) MLC 379:6 cited Goetze, JCS 2 35; I have read the tablet to the king ša aššum me-eh-ra-am ša ka id.didli ta-ma-ah-ha-ru-ma ... ana šarrim tušābilam which you have sent to the king about your intention to make a weir at the mouth of several canals RA 53 29 D 12:3, cf. ana me-eh-ri-im ša ka íd.didli pihat me-eh-ri-im annîm ibid. r. 1; the responsibility for this weir Kraus AbB 1 127:9; me-hi-ir in Ir-ni-na CT 47 80:16 (all OB); [ina] mi-ih-re-e-ti [1 ša] ina KA natbakti ...  $nad\hat{u}$  ultēli 1 mi-ih-ra ša ina A.Š $\lambda$ (?) [x] nadû ultēli from the weirs lying at the inlet of the terrace I moved one upstream(?), I moved upstream(?) one weir lying in the BE 17 12:8 and 12, cf. (in broken field(?) context) PBS 1/2 75:14 (both MB letters); dulli bitqi mi-ih-ri namba'i work on the switching points, weirs and seepages (of the canal) MDP 2 pl. 21 ii 19 (MB kudurru); 370 ina 1 ammati mi-iħ-ru ešši anāku ana muḥhi labīri aksirma I made a new dyke atop the old one over (a length of) 370 cubits Weissbach Misc. 4 iv 4 and ibid. 7; (a date palm grove situated above) fD mi-ħir VAS 3 91:3, also 120:3 (NB); in lit.: [il]lak DN mi-iħ-ra [ušardi] Ninurta kept moving to make the weirs overflow Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs p. 124 r. 14, restored from illak DN mi-iħ-ra(var. -ri) ušardi Gilg. XI 102, cf. lilli[k Ninurta] lir[di miħra] Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs p. 86 vii 53; me-eħ-ru ina si-kir ſD-šu ŠUB Boissier Choix 64:13 (SB ext., coll. C. B. F. Walker), see Nougayrol, RA 44 38.

5. offering: see Erimhuš V 215, Nabnitu K 57, Hh. XIII 85 and STT 172:10f., in lex. section; ālišam me-eh-ru-um qurub in every town the offering is at hand ARM 3 41:12; two rams a-na me-eh-ri inūma šarrum ištu GN ana GN, illikam for offerings when the king went from Babylon to Larsa JEOL 15 216 No. 172:1, also (with târu) ibid. 6 and 9 (OB); me-eh-ri lišamhir he should make offerings CT 45:14; describing a quality of flour or oil: zíp mi-ih-ru BA 5 698 K.3833:7; qé-me ša mi-hir Nbn. 658:1 and 8, 746:6, 773:3, Cyr. lu paššāti šaman mi-ih-ri anointed with m.-oil (and shod with everlasting sandals) 4R 56 iii 52 (Lamaštu), see ZA 16 162, dupl. Thompson Gilg. pl. 28 K.10536:2; for other refs. see malitu.

6. mishap, unfortunate accident: mi-ih-ru imhuršuma a mishap befell him (description of the symptoms of a stroke follows) Asb. 112 v 11; ina mi-ih-ri šūtigan[ni] save me (Šamaš) from the unfortunate incident Sm. 1923:13; mi-hir tušamhirinni ušamhirki I have made you (witch) face the unfortunate incident with which you confronted me (contrast gimillu Maqlu VII 74; amhur mi-ih-ru limhuruinni I experienced a mishap, may they (the gods?) take it over from me ibid. 141, cf. Or. NS 36 31 r. 6 (namburbi), also KAR 165 r. 4; DIŠ NA mi-ih-ru mahirma kî imhurušu ul i(!)-[di] if something untoward happened to a man and he does not know it happened to him (description of symptoms follows)

miḥru B miḥsu

BAM 234:1, cf. (if sheep) GABA.RI mah-ra-ma W 22279:14 (courtesy R. Caplice), cf. also meeh-ru isbassu an attack seized him TDP 218:7 and 9; note the enumerations ikkibu anzillu arni šertu qillatu hititu türtu maš'altu mi-ih-ru la ṭābu Šurpu VIII 80, also mi-ih-ru upšāšē lemnūti KAR 72 r. 19, upšāšē epqu me-eh-ru ša amēlūti JNES 15 142:46, epqu mi-ih-ru tazzimtu Šurpu IV 8; māmīt mi-ih-ri amēli amā[ru] Šurpu III 125, māmīt mi-ih-ri ana pani amēli e[rēbi] 126; uncert.: ša mi-ih-ri iddāti lugammir concerning the untoward event he should, later on, perform (the ritual) completely ABL 11 r. 1, see Parpola LAS No. 164, also iškar mi-i[h]-ri ABL 18 r. 8, coll. Parpola LAS No. 173;  $d_{NU.NIR} = dNin$ -urta ša me-ehri CT 24 41:63 (list of gods).

Ad mng. 1d: Zimmern Ištar und Ṣaltu p. 6 n. 1; Thureau-Dangin, RA 22 169; Falkenstein, ZA 49 92 f.

miḥru B (meḥru) s.; (a fir tree); MA, SB, NA.

ť ašūhu: ť mi(var. me)-ih-ru Uruanna II 500.

a) in royal insers.: ana KUR GIŠ me-eh-ri. MEŠ allik KUR GIŠ me-eh-ri.MEŠ ana sihirtiša akšud giš. ur. meš šá giš me-eh-ri. meš akkisi ana GN ubla I went to the mountain of the fir trees, I conquered the entire land of the fir trees, I cut beams of fir trees (and) brought them to Nineveh, (I presented (them) to Ištar, Lady-of-Nineveh) AKA 374 iii 91 (Asn.), ef. gušūrē kur me-eh-ri dannūti [lu] akkis ana ālija Aššur lūbilūni Weidner Tn. 3 No. 1 iii 17, and passim in Tn., see also Parpola Neo-Assyrian Toponyms 244; ekal taska: rinnî ekal musukkanni ekal erêni ekal šur: mēni ekal butni ekal tarpi'i ekal giš me-eh-ri 7 (text 8) É.GAL.MEŠ ana mūšab šarrūtija ... addi Iraq 14 33:26 (Asn.), replacing daprānu in the similar enumeration AKA 220:18, cf. giš me-eh-ru (beside daprānu, etc., planted in the royal park) Iraq 14 33:44.

b) other occs.: 400 GIŠ mi-ih-r[u] (first item in a list of trees) Iraq 23 pl. 27 ND 2796:1 (NA); šumma GIŠ mi-ih-ra iddinušu māhira ul irašši if they give him fir wood

(between daprānu and ṣarbatu) he will have no rival Dream-book 323 K.2018A:17; [x] littētu ... eṣemtu rupussu[nu] mūbû ša GIŠ me-eḥ-ri šina (for translat. see mūbû) ABL 467:25; [Ú] GIŠ mi(text IM)-iḥ-ru (between daprānu and e'ru) Köcher BAM I iv 8; [...] šunnâti e-re-nu mi-iḥ-ri Rm. 259:4.

miḥruttu see \*mihrūtu.

\*miḥrūtu (miḥruttu) s.; equal rank; Bogh.; cf. maḥāru.

sinništu šanītu ana mi-iḥ-ru-ut-ti-ša la tumaššar you must not admit another woman to a rank equal to hers (my daughter's) KBo 1 1:61 (treaty).

For EA 29:32 see mehrû adj.

mihsû see mahsû.

miḥṣu (meḥṣu) s.; 1. wound, 2. blow, stroke, 3. stroke (of a tool), sting (of an animal), prick (of a thorn), 4. attack (of a disease, a demon, an army), 5. miḥiṣ qaqqadi, miḥiṣ pani defeat, 6. swamp, waterlogged land, 7. plowed land, 8. (a decoration of precious stones), 9. weaving, woven cloth, 10. (a wooden part of a door), 11. (part of a measuring box); from OA, OB on; cf. maḥāṣu.

na<sub>4</sub>.giš.tag.ga.za.gìn = mi-ih-su Hh. XVI 94, cf. na<sub>4</sub>.níg.tag.ga.za.gìn = [mi]-ih-su (var. mahsu) RS Recension 72; na<sub>4</sub>.bur.giš.tag.ga = mi-ih-su Hh. XVI 278;  $[na_4$ .giš.tag.ga.za.gìn] = [mi-ih-s]u = tam-ih-su Hg. B IV line p, in MSL 10 36;  $[n]a_4$ .ad.tab = mi-ih-su šá Na<sub>4</sub> Nabnitu XXI 57; na<sub>4</sub>.ad.tab(text.PA).za.gìn = mi-ih-su Hh. XVI 72.

u-maḥ LAGAB×U.A = mi-ih- $\mathfrak{s}u$ , a-gam-mu A I/2:222f., also Ea I 66 and S<sup>b</sup> I 131;  $u_4$ -mu- $\mathfrak{u}h$  LAGAB×U.A = me-ih- $\mathfrak{s}um$  MSL 2 p. 128 ii 17 (Proto-Ea); u-ma-h- $\mathfrak{s}um$  Proto-Izi I 361; u-ma h = mi-ih- $\mathfrak{s}um$  Proto-Izi I Bil. Section D i 9';  $\mathfrak{u}$ - $\mathfrak{m}$ - $\mathfrak{u}$ - $\mathfrak{h}$ - $\mathfrak{s}$ LAGAB×U.A = mi-ih- $\mathfrak{s}u$   $\mathfrak{s}$   $\mathfrak{a}$  A Nabnitu XXI 58; tu- $\mathfrak{u}$ 1 Túl = mi-ih- $\mathfrak{s}u$  (also burtu, iss  $\mathfrak{a}$ , lahtu, etc.) A I/2:162;  $\mathfrak{u}$ p Túl = mi-ih- $\mathfrak{s}u$  (between burtu and lahtu) ibid. 169; [a]. $\mathfrak{u}_5$ .x = mi-ih- $\mathfrak{s}u$   $\mathfrak{s}a$  [A], [a].  $\mathfrak{g}$ 1,  $\mathfrak{a}$ 1 =  $\mathfrak{m}$ 1N  $\mathfrak{s}$  $\mathfrak{a}$  [MIN], a.ra.ra =  $\mathfrak{m}$ 1N  $\mathfrak{s}$  $\mathfrak{a}$  [MIN] Nabnitu XXI 59ff.

igi.íb.dug<sub>4</sub>.ga = mi-hi-i;  $[pan\bar{\imath}]$  Nabnitu XXI 3.

[x].ra = mi-ih- $\mathfrak{g}u$  [...], x.gá.ab = MIN ma-ha-[a $\mathfrak{g}$ ] Antagal I iv 5"f., cf. [gi]š.kak.ma.ab =

miḥṣu miḥṣu

[mihṣa maḥaṣ?] Nabnitu XXI 63; [x].kin.na = ma-ḥa-ṣu šá mi-iḥ-[ṣi] ibid. 20; giš.ɪGI.DÙ.bar.ra = me-ḥi-iṣ Giš.IGI.DÙ MSL 9 78:108 (list of diseases), for var. see miḥiṣtu.

giš.tab na<sub>4</sub>.za.gìn.na : mi-hi-iş uq-ni-i 4R 18\* No. 3 iv 17f.; um.me.ga.lá ga sìg.ga ug<sub>5</sub>.ga : MIN (= mušēniqtu) ša ina mi-hi-iş tulê imūt ASKT p. 84-85:39, ef. bir dar : mi-hi-iş kalīti ASKT p. 82-83:26; á.[sud].sud sìg.sìg.ga ri. a.ba hul.gál á.[bi.ta...] : i[dān] arrakātu ša mi-hi-is-su šutātû lemnu ina idišu [...] 4R 24 No. 1:36f., see Böllenrücher Nergal p. 25.

 $pi\text{-}ia\text{-}a\text{-}mu, su\text{-}mu\text{-}uk\text{-}ku = mi\text{-}ih\text{-}su\,[\,\dots\,]\,$  Malku VI 151 f.

- 1. wound: irtapsannimi u dajānī mi-iḥṣi-šu ... ītamru (he said:) "he beat me" and
  the judges inspected his wounds HSS 9 10:6,
  ef. dajānī mi-iḥ-ṣi-šu-nu ... imtanû AASOR
  16 72:14 and 20; his corpse appeared in the
  river sìg-iṣ sag.du (with) a wound on the
  head Iraq 27 6 iv 18 (NB lit.); in broken
  context: i-še-'-a mi-iḥ-ṣa Lambert BWL
  207:11 (SB fable); mi-ih-su ABL 1014:6 (NA).
- 2. blow, stroke: mi-ih-si kî mi-ih-si išakkunuš they inflict upon him blows like the blows (he gave) KAV 1 vii 89 (Ass. Code § 51); mi-ih-și ša mahhușuni the blows with which he was hit ZA 52 226:7 (NA cultic comm.); mi-hi-is-ka tuk-k[il]trust your blow(s) Gilg. III i 3; me-eh-se-tim (in broken context) RB 59 244 str. 5:28 (OB lit.); kalbi ša tamahhas ina mi-ih-si-šú miti the dog that she hit died of its blows YOS 7 107:12, cf. ina mi-ih-și-šú murși . . . indaruș CT 22 114:11 (both NB letters); 1 MA.NA 2 GÍN KÙ. BABBAR ša  $k\bar{u}m$  21 mi-ih-su (parallel to  $k\bar{u}m$  $bat\bar{a}qu \ \ \dot{s}a \ \ rittu)$  A.H. 1882-9-18,252a: 2 (NB); note mi-hi-is letim (for) a slap on the cheek (he pays ten shekels of silver) Goetze LE § 42 B iii 20 and A iii 34.
- 3. stroke (of a tool), sting (of an animal), prick (of a thorn): [ina šuk]bus aramme mi-hi-is GIŠ šupî (see arammu) Iraq 7 101 col. B 15 (Asb.); mi-hi-is la nablați amhassuma I hit him with a hit (of an arrow) from which there was no recovery Borger Esarh. 99 r. 41; mi-hi-is qantuppu ul idi he does not know (how) to strike with the stylus BHT pl. 8 v 10 (Nbn. Verse Account); mi-hi-is GIŠ șillîm prick of a thorn (as name of a disease) YOS

10 26 ii 31; lu ṣētu lu mi-hi-iṣ GIŠ.IGI.DÙ Köcher BAM 409:12, see also MSL 9 78:108, in lex. section; mi-ih-ṣu the sting (of the scorpion) KAR 181:35; Ú sìg-iṣ šibbi plant for the sting of the šibbu-snake (between nišik ṣēri u kalbi and GAZ GÍR.TAB) CT 14 23 K.9283:12f.

- 4. attack (of a disease, a demon, an army)
   a) of a disease: for miḥiṣ tulê and miḥiṣ
  kalīti see ASKT, in lex. section; aššumi
  mì-iḥ-ṣi-im kulu bītim ma-aḥ-ṣū (text: maṣū-aḥ) BIN 4 22:4 (OA), see Hirsch, ZA 58 99f.
  n. 9.
- b) of a demon: sìg-iş DINGIR.MAŠ.TAB.BA attack of the Twin Gods (i.e., plague) Labat TDP 4:37, sìg-iş rābişi ibid. 40 r. 27, (with maḥiṣ) ibid. 118 ii 14, sìg-iş rābişi imāt ibid. 44 r. 42, cf. also ibid. 40 r. 21; sìg-iş DINGIR-ti Boissier DA 211 r. 3 (SB ext.), also IM 67692:333 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); ša ina SAG.KI.MU im-ḥa-ṣa-a-ni miḥ-ṣi-šú who has attacked me at my forehead KAR 88 Fragm. 4 r. iv 6 and dupl. K.9255:13.
- c) of an army: the gods mi-hi-iṣ ṣēri imahhaṣuš will attack him on the battle-field AKA 153:7.
- 5. miḥiṣ qaqqadi, miḥiṣ pani defeat—a) in gen.: me-ḥi-iṣ qá-qá-ad nakri complete defeat of the enemy YOS 10 36 i 24 (OB); Sìg-iṣ SAG.DU ummānija complete defeat of my army KAR 153 obv.(!) 30, also Boissier DA 225:16 and 17, CT 30 28 K.8032:10, CT 31 21 91-5-9,202:9, PRT 105:8, etc.; see also Nabnitu XXI 3, in lex. section.
- b) as name of a feature of the exta: [šum]ma martu ina maškan me-hi-iṣ IGI Lứ.KứR šaknat if the gall bladder lies in the emplacement of the "defeat of the vanguard of the enemy" KBo 7 7 r. 1c; me-hi-iṣ pa-an Lứ.KứR JCS 21 230:14, r. 16', 26' (Mari ext.), Wr. SÌG-iṣ IGI ERÍN KứR Boissier DA 12 i 26, KAR 423 ii 73, CT 20 44 i 53, see also K.2858+ii, K.3874 i, cited Nougayrol, RA 62 35, note, Wr. GAZ IGI KứR Labat Suse 118 r. 21.

miḥṣu mija

6. swamp, waterlogged land: see A I/2:222, etc., in lex. section; mi-ih-sum (as a Flurname?) UET 5 118:2 (OB).

- 7. plowed land: A.ŠÀ ... mi-hi-iṣ ḥar-bišu-nu the field plowed by them with the
  harbu-plow VAS 8 74:4 and 75:4 (OB); [ina
  m]i-ḥi-iṣ ḥarbišunu CT 46 43:4 (SB myth,
  coll.); x chick peas x mustard seed ina mi-iḥ-ṣi
  KI.TA BE 15 29:4 (MB); ten thousand bricks
  ina mi-iḥ-ṣa imannū[ma ...] inandin CBS
  13000:5 (NB, courtesy M. Stolper).
- 8. (a decoration of precious stones): see Hh. XVI, Hg., Nabnitu XXI 57, and 4R 18\* No. 3 iv 17f., in lex. section; (after šawīru and annuqu) 2 mì-iḥ-ṣú hi-tù u dudinātuša (finery of a woman) TCL 4 30:13 (OA); 6 mi-iḥ-[s]ú [kù.GI] EA 25 ii 38, cf. [x mi-iḥ]-ṣú kù.GI ibid. i 37; 2 šu mi-iḥ-ṣú uqnî u hilipa ša ša-an-za-a-[t]i ibid. iii 56 and 60; 1 mi-iḥ-ṣú ibid. i 33, 35 (list of gifts of Tušratta); 3½ cín kù.GI mi-iḥ-ṣu ša ana nu-um-m[u-ri?] kaspi Sumer 9 34ff. No. 11:2, cf. ½ MA.NA 3 cín IGI.4.GÁL 22½ š[E (gold)] ana mi-iḥ-ṣi ša SA[G ...] ibid. 13:9 (MB).
- 9. weaving, woven cloth a) weaving: x še mì-hi-is 1 Túg x barley (distributed to women) for weaving one (or: sixty) textiles BE 6/2 138:9 (OB).
- b) woven cloth: 150 Túc mi-ih-si (and one talent of blue wool, booty from the Habur region) Scheil Tn. II r. 17; 14 MA.NA 8 GÍN TÚG mi-ih-su ša SÍG.HÉ.ME.DA Oberhuber Florenz 165:36 (NB); as part of the divine wardrobe: 20 MA.NA TÚG mi-ih-si pesû 2 twenty minas of TÚG.MÁŠ.ME white fabric (in) two sibtu-garments YOS 7 183:1, and passim in this text, with the description ša síg. HÉ. ME. DA of red wool ibid. 4, 24, 27 and 32, ša síg.za.gin.kur.ra of blue wool (received by the weaver) ibid. 6, 12; 50 GÍN TÚG mi-ih-si ša SÍG.HÉ.ME.DA 121:2, 11, (with  $pes\hat{u}$ ) ibid. 5 (received by the weaver), and ibid. 365:1; mi-ih-su pesû TCL 12 107:1-3, 5 and 109:1; note 55 GÍN TÚG mi-ih-si $pes\hat{u} \notin mu \hat{u} kib(a)su \text{ (see } kibsu \text{ B) ibid. } 109:4;$ 2 MA.NA 3 GÍN TÚG mi-ih-su pesû 3 TÚG kabar 5 Túg Níg.íB.Lá.MEŠ (received by the

pūṣaja cleaner) UCP 9 96 No. 31:1;  $\frac{1}{8}$  MA.NA 5 GÍN TÚG mi-ih-su pesû 5 TÚG NÍG.ÍB.LÁ.ME GCCI 2 105:1, also TÚG mi-ih-su SÍG.HÉ.ME.DA (received by weavers) ibid. 3;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA mi-ih-si pesû 5 TÚG.ÚR.ME GCCI 2 311:1, cf. ibid. 108:1; mi-ih-si ša [DN] u DN<sub>2</sub> (received from the weaver) VAS 6 17:1; mi-ih-si tēnû ša lubuštu ša UD.16.KAM linen changes for the clothing ceremony of the 16th day (given to the  $ašl\bar{a}ku$ -cleaner) Cyr. 241:1, cf. mi-ih-su tenû ša ana  $ašl\bar{a}ku$  nadin 82-7-14,1866:1 and Nbn. 78:1, [mi]-ih-su ša ana  $ašl\bar{a}ki$  SUM-na 82-7-14,204:1, etc.

- 10. (a wooden part of a door): 2 GIŠ.IG 4 KĎŠ  $\hat{u}$  si-ir-i me-e $\hat{h}$ -sum HSS 10 156:3 and 6 (OAkk.); (doors)  $\check{sa}$   $er\bar{e}nim$  mi- $\acute{v}$ #- $s\acute{u}$ - $\acute{u}$ -um (one-half ninda and four cubits high,  $2\frac{2}{3}$  cubits wide) TCL 17 1:32 (OB let.); I measured the door 2 GI mi(!)- $\check{si}$ - $s\acute{u}$  me-e $\mathring{h}$ - $s\acute{u}$ -u[m] ARMT 13 7:17.
- 11. (part of a measuring box): mì-hi-iṣ GIŠ kappim šâtu ina karpat karānim aknukam: ma ušābilakkum I have sent you the m. of that measuring box sealed in a wine jar ARMT 13 100:11.

In Labat TDP 56:26 and 28, etc., read hip ul išu, see Landsberger, WO 3 55 n. 33.

miḥṣu in bīt miḥṣi s.; (mng. uncert.); NB\*; cf. maḥāṣu.

x AN.BAR TA É me-ih-su ana É ka-re-e nas unu x iron has been transferred from the  $b\bar{\imath}t$  mih si to the storehouse 82-7-14,125 (= BM 92720).

mija (mijati, (e)ma'e) interr.; who?; EA; WSem. word.

mi-ia šunu inūma īpušu arna u dāku rābiṣa
... PN who are they, that they could do
evil and kill the commissioner PN? RA 19
94 edge 3 (= EA 362:68), cf. ibid. 65; mi-ia-me
anāku kalbu EA 201:14, 202:12; mi-ia-mi
PN ardu kalbu u «u» [i]qabbû šumšu ina
pani šarri who is Abdi-Aširta, the slave,
the dog, that one utters his name in the
presence of the king? EA 85:63, cf. EA
104:17, and passim in letters of Rib-Addi, cf. also
mi-ia šunu kalbē EA 129:7 and 81, mi-ia-mi

mijati miksu

LÚ ur-gu (for kalbu?) u la jištemu EA 316:11, 323:17, 324:16, 325:12; mi-ia-ti anāku u la ištemu ana rābiş šarri who am I that I would not have listened to the commissioner of the king? EA 220:11, cf. EA 254:8, 255:12, and, wr. me-ia-te EA 197:5; mi-ia-mi jimalik EA 94:12, mi-ia-mi jumagir EA 283:10; e-ma-e anāku la išme ana šāšunu who am I (that) I would not have listened to them? EA 136:14.

mijati see mija.

mikdu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*; cf. ukkudu.

peš = mi-ik-du, peš.peš = uk-ku-du, peš.sa. peš = mu-uk-ki-du, sùḥ.sùḥ.peš.gi = uk-ki-da-an-ni ZA 9 163 iii 31 ff. (group voc.).

mikiltu (or ikiltu) see ikiltu A.

mikītu s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.\*

x [x] x- $\acute{u}$  mi-ki-t $\acute{u}$  mal $\acute{a}$  gillāt $\~{u}$ a AfO 19 51:72 (prayer to Ištar).

For BIN 1 126:13 see miţītu.

 $mik\bar{t}tu(m)$  ( $miq\bar{\imath}tu$ ) (AHw. 651b) see  $m\bar{e}q\bar{\imath}tu$ .

mikkû see mekkû B.

miklu s.; (mng. unkn.); NA.\*

1 bilat kaspi ina dannete mi-ik-li kunukku ša PN one large talent of silver ...., PN's seal ABL 1194 r. 4, see Postgate Taxation p. 297.

mikru A s.; 1. irrigation, flooding of fields, 2. (an irrigated or irrigable field); OB, Mari, MB, SB, NB; ef. makāru A.

ú-ga A.KA = mi-ik-ru Diri III 140, cf. [A.KA] = me-ik-ru, mašqītu KUB 3 103 r. 6 (Diri Bogh. III). nam-ga-ru = mi-ik-ru LTBA 2 2:302.

1. irrigation, flooding of fields: še'am ana maškanim šūliamma ana eqlim mê i-di-a-ma mi-ik-ra-am [...] carry the barley up to the threshing floor and let the water enter the field and [...] the flooding AJSL 32 288:9; matīma kīma šaddaqdim mi-ik-ra-a-am ul amkur I never irrigated as (much as) last year TCL

17 3:9; šattam mi-ik-[ra]-am imkur išku[k i]šbirma AJSL 32 101 No. 1:11 (let. from Adab); anāku mi-ki-ir [...] TCL 18 100:14 (all OB); ana A.Šà ... mê mi-ik-ri-im addi ARMT 14 23:15; bēlī mi-ik-ra u erēša la ihatti my lord must not miss the time for irrigating and plowing BE 17 40:13; ultu nāra iptûma mi-ik $ra\ en\ -gi\ -r[\hat{u}]$  after they had opened the canal and I had done the irrigating PBS 1/2 63:12, cf. ina undi mi-ik-ri lusbatma lūpuš I will start in time(?) with my irrigation work and I will go through with it ibid. 15; mi-ki(text -si)-ir mê taltakan ibid. 15:10 (all MB); ušal= lāte ša GN mi-ik-ru umakkir I provided the lowlands along the Tigris with irrigation Iraq 14 33:38 (Asn.).

2. (an irrigated or irrigable field): x A.ŠÀ mi-ik-ru-um Riftin 60:1, also TIM 5 50:4 (both OB); mi-[ik-r]a-am š $\hat{e}tu$  u[makkir] ARM 3 77:15, cf. (in broken context) ša mi-ik(!)- $[ri-im \ldots]$  šuš $puk[im \ldots]$  ibid. 12; mi-ik-ruša imlû PBS 1/2 33:8, ana mi-ik-ri ša PN BE 17 16:8 (both MB); šumma šinātušu ana mi-ik-ri itbuk if (a man) lets his urine fall on a m.-field Dream-book 310 r. ii 17; plant ina A.ŠÀ mi-ik-ri È Köcher BAM 379 iv 3 (series šammu šikinšu); difficult: me-kir pīt GN ... šiq u 1 sìla mê ana mamma šanâmma la tanandin irrigate the m.-field at the opening of the GN-canal (but) give not a single sila of water to anybody else YOS 3 30:20 (NB).

mikru B s.; stripe (as a marking on a horse); Nuzi, SB.

ap-šu, mi-ik-ru, id-ru, e-al- $\acute{u}$ , e-mu- $\acute{u}$  = ni-ib- $\hbar u$  An VII 260 ff.

2 sīsî NITA zirrannu u mi-ki-ir ašar PN ašbu AASOR 16 99:19 (Nuzi); 70 lim sīsē salmūti ša mi-kir-šú-nu peṣû seventy thousand black horses whose body markings are white AnSt 7 128:15, also (with black) ibid. 14 (let. of Gilg.).

miksu s.; 1. share of the yield of a field (due to tenant and owner or paid to the palace as the owner of the field), 2. customs dues; OB, MB, RS, NA, NB; pl. miksātu; wr. syll. and Níg.KUD(.DA); cf. makāsu.

miksu miksu

níg. [k]ud.da = mi-ik-su, níg.kud.da.šu.ri. àm = mi-ik-si mi-iš-la-ni, níg.kud.da.igi.3. gál.la = MIN šal-ša-ti, níg.kud.[da].igi.4.gál. la = MIN ri-ba-a-ti, níg.kud.da.igi.5.gál.la = MIN ba-an-ša-ti, níg.kud.da.igi.10.gál.la = MIN ba-an-ša-ti, níg.kud.da.igi.10.gál.la = MIN eš-re-ti, níg.kud.da.zag.10 = MIN MIN (= eš-re-ti) Ai. IV iii 2ff.; níg.[kud.da] = mi(var. me)-ik-su, níg.kud.[da.ak.a] = [MIN] [ma]-ka-su Hh. I 85f.; ku-u KUD = ma-ka-su šá mi-ik-si A III/5:35; ku-ud KUD = ma-ka-su šá mi-ik-si ibid. 87; níg.kud.da = [mi-ik-su] Igituh short version 165; ká.gal.níg.kud.da = MIN (= a-bu-ul) mi-ik-si Kagal I 13, cf. Proto-Kagal 12; en-ku-[ú] zag.Ha = mi-ik-su, ma-ki-su Diri RS Recension III 80f.

1. share of the yield of a field (due to tenant and owner or paid to the palace as the owner of the field) — a) share of the yield due to tenant and owner (OB): aššum še'im mi-ki-is eqlim ša PN ša ina qāt PN<sub>2</sub> ana PN nadānim ša ištaprakkum concerning the delivery of the barley to PN. which is the share of the yield of the field of PN which is in the hand of PN, (his tenant), regarding which he has written to you LIH 28:3; še'am mi-ki-is eqlišu itti PN errēšišu OECT 3 26 r. 6, cf. (in similar context) ibid. 12 r. 10, 18:16, cf. also TCL 7 14:10 and r. 1, 69:20, 44, 77:33, cf. also še mi-ik-sa-am ana GìR.Sì.GA.MEŠ idin OECT 379:9; 3.ta.àm níg.kud še.giš.ì uru4.lá šu.ba.an.ti ł.ta.àm níg.kud še.giš.ì lugal.a.šà.kex (KID) šu.ba.an.ti the tenant farmer takes two thirds as m. of the linseed, the owner of the field takes one third as m of the linseed BIN 7 177:17, 19, cf. Níg.KUD ŠE.GIŠ.ì kima imitti u šumēlim ibid. 23; níg.kud.a.šà.ga (in broken context) Çiğ-Kizilyay-Kraus Nippur mi-ik-sa-at eqlim kirêm u šamaš: šammī ša telqû ... apul pay the m-shares of the field, palm grove and flax field that you have been taking (for two years) TCL 17 24:11; x land PN ina gāti ekalli ušāsiam: ma mi-ki-is-sú itabbal PN rented from the palace and he will take his share of the yield BE 6/29:8; aššum x eqlim ša PN šamaššammī ipušu x še níg.kud.da ti-šu concerning the ten bur of land which PN has planted with flax — you have x gur of barley as m. TCL 18 109:7.

b) share paid to the palace as the owner of the field — 1' in OB: [níg].kud.é.gal ba.ni.ib.gi<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>4</sub> he will pay the tax due to the palace UET 5 401:14; eqel ekallim ... ša itinnū iwērūma īrišū še'am mi-ki-is eqlim šuddinašunūti concerning the palace field which the builders cultivated without permission, collect from them the tax to be paid on the yield of the field OECT 3 23:10; I have sent to you x barley ša mi-ik-sa-am la imkusu on which the miksu-tax has not vet been collected Kraus AbB 1 31 r. 11; kīma mi-ki-is labīrtim immakkus (see makāsu usage c-l') Kraus Edikt § 13' v 4, cf. kīma mi-ki-is āl[iš]u [ulu] šaluš ulu mišlā[ni] according to the tax customary in his city, either one third or one half ibid. § 17' v 22; níg.kud šu.ri.a Birot Tablettes 1:8, 4:10, 10:12; níg.kud \(\frac{2}{3}\).ta ibid. 9:15, 11:21; ana mi-ik-si makāsi taprikama adi inanna mi-iksu la [i]mmaksu (see makāsu usage c-1') PBS 7 89:7f., cf. ibid. 11, 39; 300 še.gur níg.kud (x) gur a.šà.PAD aga.uš.e.ne nam.nu.bànda PN mu.túm PN, u PN, kišib PN three hundred gur of barley, the tax on (a total yield of)  $\langle x \rangle$  gur from the subsistence field of the  $r\bar{e}d\hat{u}$ -soldiers who are under the command of PN, delivery of PN2 and PN<sub>3</sub>, sealed by PN TCL 158:1, cf. AJSL 33 237 No. 27:13, YOS 5 246:7, UET 5 570:5; x barley níg.kud ... mu.túm PN ... á.lú.hun.gá GN ì.ba.al šu.ti.a PN2 tax delivered by PN as (his share for) the wages of the hired workers who dig the Etellum canal, received by PN2 BIN 7 99 case 1, and passim, see Walters Water for Larsa Nos. 1-16; še-e mi-ik-si YOS 13 411:11; bilat mi-ik-síim lušaddin TIM 2 110:21; mi-ik-sa-amepēšam Sumer 7 152:51 (math.).

2' in MB: x barley given as food rations to the hired men(?) x še.giš.bar.gal ana muḥḥi nig.kud.da uraddû they have added x barley (measured by) the large seah to the m. PBS 2/2 62:16; x barley ina libbi nig.kud.da ša GN (parallel: ina libbi šibšu ša PN) BE 14 5:5, cf. PBS 2/2 7:25; (barley) PN nig.kud.da ša mu.7.kam (preceded by šibšu ša PN, ša mu.6.kam) PBS 2/2

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58:4, cf. (among various items of barley) BE 15 122:7, 141:7, also PBS 1/2 68:7 (let.); NÍG.KUD.DA (heading of column, beside column for emmer, revenue from various districts) PBS 2/2 77:2, also (preceded by [SAG.NÍG.GA] column, followed by the total of the first two columns, by wheat, emmer, and vegetable crops, revenue from various towns) BE 14 18:2; in lists in which šibšu appears as a column heading, occasional items are identified as Níg.KUD.DA, entered either in the leftmost column, i.e., under the heading šibšu, e.g., BE 14 33:9, or in the rightmost column, i.e., under the heading MU.BI.IM, e.g., BE 14 100:3, 125:14f., BE 15 131:17f., PBS 2/2 4:9, 5:19, 7:17, 23; x (barley?) zittu kīmu níg.kud.d[a] PN x ki.min ša ultu NÍG.KUD.DA PN šūsû PBS 2/2 5:20f.; note Níg.KUD.DA arkû ibid. 96:1, Níg.KUD.DA adi 2 (PI) 2 BÁN arkî ibid. 17:10; ištu libbi mi-ik-s[i] (in broken context) BE 17 68:19 (let.).

- 2. customs dues a) in OB: mu.níg. kud lú.didli mu.túm é.dNin.gal.šè (precious stones) the share of the toll to be paid by the individual persons, delivered to the temple of Ningal UET 5 549:9, cf. ibid. 558 r. 9, 15, cf. ká mi-ik-si BM 13372, cited Figulla Cat. 107.
- b) in Mari: suḥārīja ina mi-ik-si-im la udabbabušunūti they must not bother my men about the toll ARM 5 11:8; 144 DUG karānim ša mi-ik-si-im itti PN x jars of wine from the customs dues are with PN ARM 9 13:2, cf. [šà.ba] x ma.na annakum mi-ik-su ARM 7 233:19'; 20 DUG NA4.HAR mi-ki-ús 2 elippātim ša PN ARMT 13 86:11; for other refs. see makāsu mng. 1d-1'.
- c) in RS: ultu dārīti la ilaqqe Níg.KUD. [DA] ištu qāti tamkārī ša šēpišu never has he been collecting toll from the petty merchants MRS 9 219 RS 17.424C+ :22, cf. ibid. 15, 17f., 20, 26; mākisu mi-ik-sú-šu lu la [i]makkis (see makāsu mng. 1c-3') ibid. 197 RS 17.78:14, cf. (in broken context) ibid. 237 RS 17.66:4', 10'; GN ... qadu zag-ša qadu Níg.KUD.DA-ša qadu širkīša the village GN

together with its tax revenues, toll income and gifts(?) MRS 6 70 RS 16.276:9.

- d) in NA: ša giš.meš ušerradanni mi-iksi-šú amakkis (see makāsu mng. 1d-2') Iraq 17 127 No. 12:11; ŠE nusāhi šibše mi-ik-si kāri nēberi ša mātija uzakkīšunūti I exempted them from the dues levied on barley, from the šibšu-tax (and) from toll dues collected on the quays (and) river-crossings of my country Borger Esarh. 3 iii 9, cf. Wincklei Sammlung 2 3:91 (Sar., Charter of Assur), cf. exemption from ina mi-ik-si kāri nēber[i] ADD 650 r. 12, cf. ADD 649+663+807 r. 28 (= ARU 20, Asb.), see Postgate Royal Grants No. 13:48, and No. 14 r. 28; mi-ik-si (in broken context, parallel: šibšu-tax on straw, nusāhu-tax on grain) JCS 7 141 No. 86:3, 88:9 (Tell Billa).
- e) in NB: mi-ik-su ša x uṭṭati ... PN u PN<sub>2</sub> ... ina bīt kāri ša GN ušētiqu mi-ik-su ana bīt šarri ittannu duty on x barley that PN and PN<sub>2</sub> cleared through the customhouse of the GN-canal, they paid (their) toll dues to the palace VAS 3 159:1 and 5, cf. ibid. 10, cf. also VAS 6 307:6, CT 22 5:15, 44:11; mi-ik-su ša x GUR uṭṭati PN rab kāri ša bīt PN<sub>2</sub> ina qāt PN<sub>3</sub> eṭir m.-tax on seventy gur of barley has been paid by PN<sub>3</sub> to PN, the overseer of the tollhouse of PN<sub>2</sub> Dar. 268:1, cf. ina mi-ik-su ša ištēn ma[šīḥu] ša šūmi PN ina qāt PN<sub>2</sub> eṭir Camb. 272:1, and mi-ik-su šá x [...] 82-7-14,443:20.

For ABPh 135:14 (= AJSL 32 101 No. 1) see *mikru* A mng. 1.

Kraus Edikt 133ff.; Postgate Taxation 131ff.

miksu in bīt miksi s.; storehouse for tax collected; MB; wr. É NÍG.KUD.DA; cf. makāsu.

x wheat É NÍG.KUD.DA BE 14 5:9; he sealed x barley of the city ša arad ekalli u [amat] ekalli ina [É] NÍG.KUD.DA and of the palace servants in the tax building PBS 2/2 112:10.

miksu in rab miksi s.; tax collector; NB; cf. makāsu.

miku milku

x silver PN ina našpartu ša PN<sub>2</sub> ... LÚ GAL mi-ik-su ina qāt PN<sub>3</sub> maḥir received from PN<sub>3</sub> by PN on the order of PN<sub>2</sub>, the tax collector VAS 4 194:4; PN LÚ GAL mi-ik-su šá GN PBS 2/1 140:1, see Oppenheim, JQR 36 174ff.

miku s.; (a quality of textiles); Bogh.; Egyptian word.

x GADA.TÚG.MEŠ *ša mi-ku* (beside linen garments *lubulti šarri*) Bo. 177 b:2, also KBo 7 10 ii 2, etc., see Edel, Studien zur Altägyptischen Kultur 1 144 f.

\*mikû adj.(?); (mng. uncert.); EA\*; WSem. word.

10 SAL.MEŠ / mi-ki-tu / japaqti I received(?) ten .... women EA 64:22.

Loretz, UF 6 493.

mikû see mekû A and mēqû.

mikuhhe s.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi; Hurr. word.

tuppu ina arki šūdûti ša ekalli ina URU. DINGIR.MEŠ ašar abulli mi-ku-uh-hé šatir the tablet was written after the proclamation by(?) the palace in GN, in the m.-gate RA 23 114 No. 36:21, also 122 No. 46:14.

mila (mili, milanna) adv.; times; EA; WSem. word.

7 u 7 mi-la maqtati seven and seven times I fell to the ground (in reverence to the king) EA 65:4, 282:4, 284:4, wr. 7 u 7 mi-l[a]-m[a](?) EA 330:7, 7 u 7 mi-li EA 225:6, 7 u 7 mi-la-an-na 283:5, also 64:6; šumma mi-la-an-na jānu ERÍN piṭāti if there are no bowmen available right now(?) EA 283:15; mi-la-a[n-na] (in broken context) EA 284:18.

milanna see mila.

mildu see ildu.

milhu A s.; (mng. unkn.); SB; cf. malāhu v.

kurgarrû ša tušāri immallilu mi-il-hu imal: luhu (see malāhu mng. 2) K.3438a+9912 r. 9 (NA rit.), also CT 15 44:28, cf. immallahu (mi)-il-hu K.8623:11.

Landsberger, WZKM 56 120 n. 31.

milhu B (or išhu) s.; (mng. unkn.); MB Elam.\*

šumma amīlu mil(or iš)-ha ištanašši if (in a dream) a man always cries .... MDP 14 56 r. i 24 (dream omens).

milhu see mil'u.

mili see mila.

milihtu s.; robbery; SB\*; cf. malāhu v.

[ina p]itqija šarrāqu mi-li-ih-ta ul išku[n] in my pens (i.e., guarded by me, the dog) the robber does not ravage Lambert BWL 192:25 (fable).

miliktu s.; advice, opinion; OB, SB; cf. malāku A.

- a) in OB: kabtatma mi-il-ka-at-ka your opinion is important JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 6 ii 5; la šūšuru mi-li-ik-tim DN tābikšunu šaškalluššu those who are of the wrong persuasion, it is DN who collects them in his net ibid. pl. 8 v 27.
- b) in SB: ina Upšunkenakki uštaddinu šunu mil-kàt-su-un they discuss their advice in the assembly hall En. el. VI 162.

milītu see mēlittu.

milku s.; 1. advice, instruction, order, decision (of a deity), 2. intellectual capacity, mood, spirit, 3. conscious intent, consent; from OA, OB on; wr. syll. and GALGA (MAL×GAR); cf. malāku A.

gal-ga Mal $\times$ Gar = m[i-il-ku] Sb I 321; gal-ga Mal $\times$ Gar = mil-ki,  $t\hat{e}\text{-}e\text{-}mu$  Ea IV 257f.; [sa]l-ga Mal $\times$ Gar = mil-ku, [m]a.al.ga = MIN EME.SAL Nabnitu IV 197f.; Mal $\times$ Gar = [mil-ku] Sm. 18:16' (Antagal h); [gá-al-ga] [é $\times$ Gar] = mi-el-ku MSL 3 220 G<sub>6</sub> iv 3' (Proto-Ea); [...] [é $\times$ Gar] = mil-ku, [ga-al-ga] [é $\times$ Gar] = MIN,  $t[\hat{e}\text{-}e]\text{-}mu$  Ea III 247ff.; Mal $\times$ Gar.Sud = mil-ku (in group with  $t\bar{e}mu$ ,  $sit\bar{u}ltu$ ,  $ta\bar{s}imtu$ ) Antagal A 201.

[g]a-ga NUN+LAGARXGAR = mil-ku Ea V 153B, also Ea V Excerpt 20'; sa-a sá = milku Ea IV 92; sa-sá = mil-ki Antagal G 269, cf. sá.mar.mar = MIN (= ma-li-ku) šá mil-ki ibid. 272; [A.DU] = mil-

milku milku

sá.pà.da KA.HI: atā mil-ki te-e-me RA 12 74:47f., see Hruška, ArOr 37 489, for other bil. refs. with sá.pà.da see atû v. lex. section; sá. GAR<sup>8a-ga-ar</sup>.me te.àm : mi-lik-ni mīnu should be our decision? TCL 6 51:11f.; [...].ne galga.šub.ba.ni : [...]-ti mì-lik-šú ušaddû OECT 6 pl. 4 K.4948:1f.; [ad.gi.g]i ka.Hı gal. li.eš šu [...] : mil-ki šá te-è-mi ra[bīš ...] BA 10/1 96 No. 17:7f.; uncert.: èš.a.gú.ki.nam : É mil-ki Langdon SBP No. 17:19f. (= 4R 24 No. 2); u4 ... dingir.e.ne galga.ne.ne.gi.na. ta me.gal.gal.la an.ki.a ... mu.un.gi.ne. eš : enūma ... ilū rabûti ina mil-ki-šú-nu kīnu GIŠ.HUR.MEŠ šamė u erseti iškunu STC 2 pl. 49:2 and 9, cf. ACh Sin I:l and 6; [m]a.al.gi.bi ši.in. kúr.ru.[x]: mi-lik-šá išni CRRA 19 436:22.

A.RÁ = mil-ku (commenting on  ${}^{d}A$ .rá.nun.na En. el. VII 97) STC 2 pl. 55 K.4406 ii 8; A.RÁ mil-ku šu mil-ku šu te-e-mu K.5908:4′ (astrol. comm.); SÁ = mil-ku (commenting on  ${}^{d}A$ sar. alim En.el. VII 3) STC 2 pl. 51 i 13; [é.sa(g)].an. gil : É ašaridu ša me-lik-šú damqu [é : bitu sag : a]šaridu sa : mil-ku sa<sub>6</sub> : da-ma-qu AfO 17 133:17 f.

ta-sim-tum, si-tul-tum = mil-ku Malku IV 119f.; mil-ku = te-e-[mu] LTBA 2 2:169 and dupl. 4 iii 7; tam-la-ku, ma-ak-ru, ma-ag-sa-ru, ma-an-ga-ru, ma-an-ga-su, u-taq-qu-u = mil-ku ibid. 2:162ff. and 3 iii 16–20, 4 iii 1 ff.

1. advice, instruction, order, decision (of a deity) — a) advice — 1' in gen.: milku as object of malāku see malāku; šarrum mi-li-ik wardīšu elišu ul tāb advice of his servants will not be pleasing YOS 10 37:5 (OB ext.); to the king [k]um ša sinništim imtagut ana libbišu the advice of the woman touched his heart Gilg. P. ii 25, ef. ana mil-ki ša abišu according to the advice of his father Gilg. I iii 25; [...]-ú ilū mi-il-kam RA 46 90:29 (OB Epic of Zu); ilu ša ina bališu la igabbû ši-tul-ti u (var. omits) mil-ku LKA 43:12 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 32; ilū rabūti išallus kama tanaddin mil-ka the great gods ask you and you give (them) advice BMS 1:14 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 6; ana ilī rabûti tanandin mil-ki you (Ea) give advice to the great gods KAR 59 r. 4, see Ebeling Ea ina puhur ilī Handerhebung 66; ittimi(var. me)-lik-ka šūtur your advice in the assembly of the gods is as important as Ea's BMS 27:7 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 114, cf. ina ili atar mi-lik-ka BA 5 385 No. 3:16, see Ebeling Handerhebung 94; dASAR. ALIM ša ina É mil-ki kabt[u] šūturu mi-lik-šu DN whose advice is most important in the hall of deliberation En. el. VII 3, for comm., see lex. section; [i]na GALGA LÚ.AD.GI4.GI4. upon the advice of his advisors PRT 3 r. 5; la ibbašši mil-ku there should be no council (any more) Cagni Erra IV 127; ina muhhi tāmarti annīti ša Sin šû issi libbi[ja] addubub mi-il-[ki] lu šû I have been pondering about this observation of the moon, this is my advice ABL 23 r. 16, see Parpola LAS No. 185; note the exceptional expression bēl milki "advisor": [rubûm] be-el mi-il-ki-šu i[mallikšu] his advisor will RA 61 23:13 (OB ext.); advise the ruler exceptionally in the mng. "counselor" in if my lord does not agree to come himself u bēlija ištēn Lú mi-il-ga-šu qadu sābēšu u gadu narkabātišu lišpur let my lord send one counselor of his with troops and with chariotry EA 51 r. 14 (let. of Addu-nīrārī).

- 2' with qualifications: mi-il-ka-am ša athūtim ašpurakkum I have sent you brotherly advice ARM 4 27:29; la māgiru mi-lik mummišu En. el. I 48; mi-lik-ka d[am-qu] your good advice Lambert BWL 74:68 (Theodiey), cf. Bunene ša mi-lik-šu damqa VAB 4 260 ii 33 and 232 ii 18 (Nbn.), Išum ša mi-li[k-š]ú damqu Cagni Erra I 108, cf. also m[i]-[li]k damāqi KAR 26:57; Marduk attama [...] ša mil-ka ruppuša [ittišu] Afo 19 56:24; for other refs. see malāku; note ina zēri la mil-ki with unreasonable hatred ABL 1215 r. 12 (NB).
- b) instruction, order: ina mi-il-ki ša DINGIR qabīma it has been said in the command of the gods Gilg. P. iv 35; the king ša ina mi-il-ki ša MES.LAM ītellû šadî bērūti who ascended distant mountains upon the order of DN CT 37 5 i 13 (Nbk.); DN

milku milku

muma'ir naphar ilī nādin mil-ki the leader of all the gods, he who gives (them) commands En. el. VII 107; without you (Nusku) DN ul i-nam-din mil-ku (var. ul išakkan šipṭu) Anu gives no command LKA 51:7, var. from KAR 58:31, see Ebeling Handerhebung 38; ša baluššu ina šamê la iššakkanu mil-ku without whom no order can be given in heaven 1R 35 No. 2:6 (Adn. III); ina urti u mil-ku BA 5 656 r. 13.

- c) decision (of a deity) 1' in gen.: ša ina libbišu uštāmû inandin mil-ku what he had thought out he pronounces as (his) decision En. el. VI 4; nesi mi-lik i-lim the decision of the gods is remote (from our understanding) Lambert BWL 74:58 (Theodicy); ilāni rabûti mi-lik [...] la innû BE 1 80 ii 2 (kudurru); DN ša la ilammadu me-likwhose decision nobody can šú mamma understand BMS 1:9, also, wr. mi-lik-šú ibid. 19, see Ebeling Handerhebung 6, cf. STC 2 pl. 78:39, see Ebeling Handerhebung 132, mi-lik ša anzanunzê ihakkim mannu Lambert BWL 40:37 (Ludlul II); ina mil-ki-šu-nu kinim MVAG 21 92:6 (Kedorlaomer text); ilu ... ša la enû mil-lik-šú the god whose decision is unchangeable AKA 257 i 7 (Asn.); note beside purussû: ga-mir mil-ki bēlu purusse Or. NS 36 118:49 (hymn to Gula); ina qibitika rabiti mi-lik-ši-na taprus AfO 23 43:27 (SB fire inc.); nādin mil-ku u purussê RT 24 104:6, mi-lik māt Šumeri u Akkadî purussī kiššat nišī VAS 1 37 i 37.
- 2' in personal names: It-ti-dSin-mil-ki
  The-Decision-Was-with-Sin Jean Tell Sifr
  70:12, also MDP 23 191:3, also (with DINGIR)
  CT 2 26:24, Mil-ki-Ki-DINGIR-ia CT 8 37b:17
  and CT 2 28:28; Mi-li-ik-i-li-a UET 5 491:4,
  Mi-il-ki-ia BIN 7 89:13 (all OB); Tāb-mil-ki-abi KAJ 224:7, 14 (MA); Mil-ki-Adad
  ADD 1047:4, Mil-ki-Aš-šur ADD 7 r. 2, also
  Mil-ki-a-a ADD 167 r. 2 (all NA).
- 2. intellectual capacity, mood, spirit—a) in gen.: iltum ištāša ibašši mi-il-ku-um with her, the goddess, is intelligence RA 22 170:13 (OB hymn), cf. [bēl]et mi-il-ki-i JCS 15 9 iv 22; mu-uh mil-ki malkī ... rabāta you

are exceeding the intelligence of (all) rulers ZA 45 204 iii 30, cf. ibid. 200 i 32; kibsi mil-ki išakkan ana šēpēni she will send us on a well-considered road Gilg. III i 18; your leadership is DN, your strength DN<sub>2</sub> me-lik libbika DN, your intelligence is Nusku KAR 25 ii 8; ušāhizanni mil-ki damga uza'inanni kuzbi Or. NS 36 124:140 (hymn to Gula); ina me-lik tēmija u mēreš kabattija out of my own intelligence and according to my own intention (I cast bronze) OIP 2 109 vii 5, also 122 No. 2:25 (Senn.); bring with you ERÍN.MEŠ TU.É LÚ.AB.BA.MEŠ ša mil-ki men allowed to enter the temple (and) elderly men who have judgment TCL 9 137:10 (NB

- b) used beside synonyms: LUGAL mil-ki 5R 33 i 11 (Agum-kakrime); u tašīmti king ša ina mil-ki u ţēmi ibbanû TCL 3 115 (Sar.); ša la išû ţēmu u mil-ku(var. -ki) OIP 242 v 34,  $la \ ras \ teme \ u \ mil-ki$  ibid. 41 v 15(Senn.); ina bīt ridûti ašar tēme u mil-[ki] Streck Asb. 258 ii 4; karaš tašīmti ahiz tēme u mil-ki lamid šitūlti Böhl Chrestomathy No. ša ina mil-ki nēmegi 25:8 (Sin-šar-iškun);  $irb\hat{u}ma$  ina tašīmti  $i\check{s}\bar{e}h[u]$ Lyon Sar. 6:38; ša Igigi ţēnšunu ... ša Anunnaki mì-lik-šúun Cagni Erra IIIc 40; ina libbikunu ša ţēme u mil-ku ul ibaš[ši] there is none among you with understanding and intelligence ABL 924:8 (NB); (Arbela) É tè-e-me u mil-ki LKA 32:11, cf. ibid. 36:2; ina mil-ki u ši-tultu ištattarma riksātu āli Iraq 27 5 ii 25 (NB lit.); in broken context: [...] tēme mitluku šitūlti mil-k[u] Lambert BWL 138:186; tēn= kunu ušanni mi-lik-ku-nu aspuh Maqlu V 129, DN mi-lik-ku-nu lispuh AfO 12 143:20 (edin.na.dib.bi.da-rit.), also Ea mālik ilāni  $mi-lik-\check{s}\acute{u}$  lisp[uh] KAR 88 fragm. 3 obv.(!) ii 11, see ArOr 21 413.
- c) referring to the mood of a country, the fighting spirit of an army:  $s\bar{e}mu\ p\bar{\imath}\ nis\bar{\imath}$   $mi\text{-}lik\ m\bar{a}ti$  who listens to what people say, to the mood of the country AfO 18 50:18 (Tn.-Epic);  $mi\text{-}lik\ m\bar{a}tim\ i\bar{s}anni$  the mood of the country will change YOS 10 31 vi 21 (OB ext.), cf.  $m\bar{a}tu\ GALGA-\bar{s}a\ MAN-ni\ KAR\ 426:11$  (SB ext.), and passim;  $mi\text{-}li\text{-}ik\ umm\bar{a}nim$

milku milu A

i[šanni] the spirit of the army will change YOS 10 45:4, also tēmum u mi-il<sub>5</sub>-ku-um išanni RA 27 149:30 (both OB ext.), cf. GALGA ERÍN.MU MAN-ni CT 20 10:7, cf. ibid. 9, also 49:36, 12 K.9213 + 11809 i 8, STT 308:15, and passim in SB ext., mi-lik mātim i-ša-ne RA 35 49 No. 30b:1 (Mari liver model), see also 21 129:22, in lex. section; mi-lik bīti šunnû (parallel: tēm bīti nukkuru) AfO 14 144:86 (bīt mēsiri), ef. [ušan]ni mi-lik-šá AnSt 5 98:9 (Cuthean Legend), ištani mi-lik-šú-un Streck Asb. 208:4, cf. also ša Ištar ušannû mi-lik tēmešu whose mind Ištar had confused ibid. 112 v 23: nu-kúr mil-ki šanē tēme change of mind, change of spirit CT 20 10 r. 4, also, wr. GALGA PRT 106:2, also nu-kúr GALGA MAN-e UMUŠ-mi CT 20 27 K.4069 ii 11 (all SB ext.), nu-kur GALGA MAN-e [UMUŠ] CT 40 44 80-7-19,92+134:26 (SB Alu); mi-ilkum sapih the spirit (of the country) will not be unified (lit. will be scattered) YOS 10 31 v 23 (OB ext.), cf. tēm māti išanni GALGA māti BIR-ah Leichty Izbu XI 126, also III 19, VII 147, and passim in Izbu; GALGA ummān nakri BIR-ah CT 20 5 K.3546:8 (SB ext.), ACh Supp. 2 78 ii 17, etc.; in lit.:  $mi-lik-\check{s}\acute{a}$  isp[uh] Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis p. 124 r. 17; obscure: Enlil UMUŠ-mi nišī u GALGA(!) nišī ina sikkati illalma ša iqbû tibût nakri alālu = šaqālu Enlil will hang the good reason of the people on a peg — which they explain attack of an enemy, alālu (means) (by):  $\check{s}aq\bar{a}lu$  CT 31 39:18 (ext.).

3. conscious intent, consent (in leg. contexts): [in]a bibil libbija mi-lik ramanija voluntarily, after mature consideration (followed by ahsusma ukin) ADD 647:18, also 646:18, 648:21 (all Asb.); ina mi-lik ramani= šunu riksātišunu upassisu after mature consideration they annulled their contracts VAS 5 99:5, cf. barley PN ina mi-lik ram-nišú ina muhhi PN2 ušazziz VAS 6 43:3; ina hūd libbišu ina mil-ki ša 'PN aššatišu voluntarily and with the consent of his wife 'PN TCL 13 246:2, also VAS 15 14:2 and (referring to the mother) ibid. 33:2 and 27:2; mim-ma ina mi-lik ramanišu Peiser Verträge No. 113:16 (translit. only); obscure: we have not consecrated (lit. shaved) him without your knowledge pani mi-il-ki-šú-nu nušadgilšu we have made him wait(?) for their consent(?) AnOr 8 48:21, see San Nicolò, ArOr 6 191ff. (all NB).

For GALGA as Sumerogram in Hitt. see Kammenhuber, ZA 56 203 n. 98 sub No. 3. For the reading of MAL×GAR see Sjöberg, ZA 54 58.

For En. el. VI 162 see miliktu.

millatu s.; looting; OB; cf. malālu v. mi-il-la-tum šatammū ekallam ištanarri[qu] (there will be) looting, the šatammu-officials will keep stealing from the palace YOS 10 26 i 37, also 25:63 (ext.), wr. mi-el-la-tum 11 iv 14.

millu s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.\*

mi-il-la (var. omits) gallê āliku kalu imniša a .... of gallû-demons, all going at her (Tiāmat's) right side En. el. IV 116.

miltu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*; cf. malātu. si.\*u-u-šā×a = mil-tu šá ba-ba-li Nabnitu J 218. In MDP 6 36 (pl. 10) v 6 read kimilti, see Borger, AfO 23 10 f.

mil'u (milhu) s.; (a mineral); SB, NA.

saḥar.a.dib.a = mi-il-['u] Lanu A 115; [...]

= [m]i-il-ú VAT 10237 iii 20 (text similar to Idu).

NA4 mil-hi (=> AN.ZAH // me-il-'u (=> NA4 AN.ZAH
CT 41 25:8 (Alu Comm.).

NA<sub>4</sub> mekku mi-il-a ša te-le-'-[mu] (the mixture of) mekku-glass and m.-mineral which you have tested Oppenheim Glass 55 § U 8; NA<sub>4</sub> me-il NA<sub>4</sub>.I+LU.MEŠ [...] the m.-stone (and) the slabs (to be loaded on ships) ABL 985:8 (NA); [t]i(?)-li-na-a-ti(!) ša me-il-hu [d]iqarāte kappāni erī — tilimdu-vessels(?) of m., pots, bronze cups ABL 1078 r. 2 (NA, coll.).

For occs. wr. (NA<sub>4</sub>.)AN.ZAH see anzahhu. Oppenheim Glass p. 57.

mil'u see mīlu A.

mīlu A (mil'u) s.; 1. seasonal flooding of the rivers, 2. mīli irti pride, 3. mīl

mīlu A mīlu A

libbi high spirits; from OB on; pl. mīlū, mil'āni (ABL 731 r. 7, NA); wr. syll. and A.KAL, A.ZI.GA, A.MAḤ; cf. malū v.

 $[e][A] = mi - i - l[u] A I/1 : 41; A^{e-18}KAL = mi - lum,$  $a.u_5.ba = MIN kiš-šá-ti, a.kur = MIN ma-'-du$ Antagal C 103ff.; il-lu A.KAL = mi-lu Diri III 131; [A.KAL] = me-lu (=Hitt.) ka-ri-[iz] KUB 3 103:14 (Diri III Bogh.), see Laroche, RHA 79 162; A.KAL, A.x = mi-lu Igituh short version 107 f.; [ú] [ $U_5$ ] =  $ka-\delta\acute{a}-\delta\acute{u}$   $\delta\acute{a}$  [A.KAL] A II/6 C 41; a.zi.ga, A.KAL = me-lu Igituh I 299f.; [mi]-lum Proto-Kagal 235; [a]. zi.ga = mi-lum, a.eštub(GUD) = mi-lum ha-arpu-um Proto-Kagal Bil. Section B 3f.; zi.ga = MIN (= na-šu-u) šá A.[MEŠ] A.ZI.GA Nabnitu K 190; a.zi.ga, uš.zi.ga, šà.zi.ga, šà.gú.bi.gi<sub>4</sub>.a = MIN (= na-šu-ú) šá mi-lim ibid. 147ff.; [a].u<sub>5</sub>.ba = mi-il kiš-šá-ti Nabnitu S 23; a.ù.ba.gar.ra = mi-il kiš-ša-tim, a.zag.ba.lá = mi-lum [ka]-UDmi, a.ba.ur<sub>4</sub> = mi-lum i-ta-ha-ud Proto-Kagal Bil. Section B 5f.; a.gal.gal =  $[mi-i]-[lu \ x \ (x)]$ Igituh I 303; uncert.: [sag(?)].gar = mi-lu(?)[x x]RA 17 124 K.2044 + 183 D.T. 103 i 7.

a.zàg a.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) id.da ba.an.šú: asakku kīma mi-li nāru ishu[p] the asakku-demon has overwhelmed the river like a flood Schollmeyer No. 1 ii 31f., see JCS 217:60; an.ra a mu.ni. ib.gi<sub>4</sub>.a.ni: eliš mi-la iprusu Lambert, Studies Albright 344:11; a.mah.gin<sub>x</sub>: ša kīma bu-tuqtum ... # ša kīma me-lim SBH p. 77:5f.; [én] nam.tar a.mah A.KAL: namtaru mi-lu şi-i-ru bu-tuq-tú Iraq 2156:44f.; e.ne.èm.má.ni a.zi. ga.àm: a-mat-su mi-lum te-bu-ú SBH p. 7:30f.; a.gupku, a.gàr.ra mi.ni.n.dé.dé: mi-la [harpa ú-ga]-ri im-ki-ir he flooded the district with the early flood Lugale VIII 30.

A.KAL(!) ḤUN.GÁ: A.KAL ana KUR in-niš-šá-a, A.ZI.GA.BA.AB.DU<sub>8</sub> = A.KAL DU<sub>8</sub>.MEŠ 2R 47 K.4387 r. ii 52f. (astrol. comm.);  $la\cdot i$ -ra-nu = mi-li kiš-šat, mi-li  $\acute{a}r$ -su-up-pu = MIN  $\acute{p}ar$ -ri Malku II 60f.

1. seasonal flooding of the rivers — a) in gen. — 1' in omen texts: if the sheep's nostrils run mi-lum illaka[m] the flood will come YOS 10 47:17 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb), cf. if the gall bladder is soft mi-luum illakam ibid. 31 vi 25, also ii 41, 22:25, and passim in OB ext.; mi-lum illa[kam] KAR 454:17 and 21, A.KAL DU-kám CT 20 3 K. 3671+:5, CT 28 44 r. 22, TCL 6 2 r. 24; mi-lum ina gipšišu illak KAR 454:23 (all SB ext.); mi-lu mugallilu illak RA 38 80:8 (OB ext.); A.KAL illakamma ul imakkir ana arkišu itār the flood will come but will not irrigate (the land), it will turn back Boissier DA 217:11; A.KAL TE-am the flood will approach ibid. 15;

A.KAL ša iţeḥḥâm tardīti irašši the flood that will approach will overflow ibid. 10; GÎR A.KAL sign (predicting) flood ibid. 211 r. 20 (all SB ext.); A.KAL inaḥḥis the flood will recede CT 39 16:50 (SB Alu); A.KAL.MEŠ TAR.MEŠ LBAT 516 r. 17 (diary text); A.ZI.GA illak ACh Ištar 23:12.

2' in hist.: Purat ina (A).KAL-šá ... lu ēbir I crossed the Euphrates when it was cresting AKA 365 iii 64 (Asn.), also WO 1 458:42, and passim in Shalm. III, wr. ina me-lišá Unger Reliefstele 13, cf. 1R 30 iv 9 (Šamši-Adad V), Borger Esarh. 112:10; the Tigris and the Euphrates ina A.KAL-ši-na gapši šalmeš lu Streck Asb. 70 viii 80 and 204 vi 2; the ēbiru ina mi-li-ši-na ikiš ētiq (see ikiš) rivers TCL 3 30; the Tigris and the Euphrates ina A.KAL kiš-šá-ti edû [pan šatti] na-pa-liš ušētiq I crossed as if it were dry land at the height of the flooding, the high water of spring Winckler Sar. pl. 44 D 36; my troops did not become terrified of mê mi-li the water in flood TCL 3 17, cf. nārāti bābilat mê mi-li rivers carrying flooding water ibid. 243 (all Sar.).

3' in lit.: ma-ar mi-e-li rigmuš her voice is that (lit.: the son) of the flood VAS 10 214 r. vi 8 (OB Agušaja); immatīma nāru iššā A.KAL u[bbal] does the river always rise, the flood always sweep away? Gilg. X vi 29; ina when the river was cresting mi-li nāri (contrast ina mi-ti nāri line 120) Maglu III 119, also, wr. ina mi-il nāri Iraq 22 224 r. 2; A.ZI.GA sāmu itbīma nāra sāmtu imla the red flood rose and filled the red canal CT 23 37:66: mê A.KAL rašubbat nāri Maqlu VII 179; nāšir A.KAL hegalli ana gimir kal dadmē (Marduk) who releases the fertilizing flood to all inhabited regions AfO 19 61:7; ša Pur[atti ...] mi-lu-šá Lambert BWL 177:11.

4' in letters: inanna mi-lum illikamma nār Irnina ana dūr kārim issa[niq] now the flood has come and the Irnina Canal reaches up to the wall of the quay (cf. kār ... [u]dannanu line 16f.) LIH 88:9; ina mi-li-im ša illâm KAR.HI.A mê šunūti la [...] during the flooding which is to come the quay

mīlu A mīlu A

walls should not [...] the water OECT 3 31:7 (both OB); adi mi-lum ša Ḥabur utarru until the flooding of the Habur River subsides (I cannot repair the breach) ARM 6 8:8, cf. mi-lu-um ša nārim ut-te-⟨ir⟩ ARM 3 9:5, also ARMT 14 14:9; mi-lum 5 ammātim im[lâm] ibid. 18 r.2′, cf. id.da mi-lu-um ibid. 69:31, ARMT 13 124:5 and 8; the district (hamru) ša ina mi-li mah(a)rî mû işbatu which the water engulfed during the last flooding BE 17 39:10; mi-il kiššati uhhur ibid. 3:5 (both MB); me-il-'a-ni šunu ittalku ABL 731 r. 7 (NA).

- mentioned beside zunnu or šamú: it is spring and šamātu u mi-lu-um ina nāri rain (water) and flooding is in the river VAS 16 4:23 (OB let.); ukkipšu zunnē ina šamê A.KAL.MEŠ ina nag-bi bring him rains from heaven and floods from the depth (all) in time OIP 38 No. 4:5 (Sar.); zunnu u mi-[lu] ipparrasu rain and flooding will come to an end KUB 4 63 iii 26, wr. šèg.me a.kal.me KUD.ME Labat Calendrier § 104:6, MEŠ U A.KAL.MEŠ ibaššû KAR 421 ii 7 (SB prophecies), see JCS 18 12; zunnū ina šamė A.KAL. MEŠ ina IDIM ibaššú LBAT 1529:6, also Labat Calendrier § 88:11; A.ZI.GA  $\hat{u}$  ŠÈ[G] LKU 112 r. 3 (astrol.); A.KAL u šamû  $1GI.IGI-lu_A$ (ittattalu) there will be the same amount of flooding as of rain TCL 6 2 r. 12, also CT 30 15 K.3841:23 (SB ext.); zunnu ana zunni A.KAL ana A.KAL ippal TCL 6 11 r. 28; ŠÈG.MEŠ ina šamê [A.KAL ina] IDIM TAR.MEŠ Leichty Izbu II 59; for other refs. see zunnu A.
- c) mentioned beside nagbu: na-ag-bu ulladu dumuq māti [...] nārātu mi-la-ši-na er-su-up-pi [...] Adad ušaznan el nišī šamūt tuhdi (see arsuppu mng. la) SEM 117 r. iii 14; ihtarpuni A.KAL kiššati ittagpušu mê nag-bi early came the crest of the flood, the water from the springs rushed in in gushes Lambert BWL 178:27; nag(!)-[b]u(!) imtatīma mi-li (var. me-lu) ittahsu the springs have become less (i.e., providing less water) and the floods have receded Cagni Erra I 136; zunnū ina šamê A.KAL ina IDIM (= nagbi) mithāriš illakuni there will be as much rain from the sky as flooding from the springs CT 20 50:11

(SB ext.), cf. (with ibbalu) ACh Sin 34:16, mi-lu ina na-ag-bi illaka RA 65 74:66 (OB ext.), A.KAL.MEŠ ina IDIM illaku LKU 119:15 (SB astrol.); mi-il na-ag-bi lillikamma lumnī litbal let the flood from the springs come and carry off the evil affecting me Or. NS 40 143 r. 21 (SB namburbi); A.KAL ina IDIM TEam TCL 6 2 r. 26 (SB ext.); A.KAL, MEŠ ina n[aq]-be Lambert BWL 60:46 (Ludlul IV); zun: nīšu DN lišaggil tābiš aj illika mi-lu ina naag-bi may Adad make his rains scarce, may no beneficial flood come from the depth Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 72 II i 13 (OB), cf. eliš Adad zunnašu lušāqir ... šapliš ia iššā me-lu ina na-ag-bi ibid. 108 iv 45, ul iššâ milu ina na-ag-bi ibid. 110 iv 55 (SB); A.KAL ina IDIM TAR.MEŠ flooding from the springs will KAR 427:2, cf. A.KAL ina IDIM cease ipparrasa CT 39 20:130, also ACh Sin 33:22; A.KAL ina IDIM LÁ-ma flooding from the springs will diminish (the country will experience hunger) ACh Šamaš 8:21, also Thompson Rep. 235 r. 6, CT 30 15 K.3841:22 (SB ext.).

- d) mentioned beside butuqtu:  $zunnu\ u$  A.U<sub>5</sub>.BA (=  $m\bar{\imath}l\ ki\check{s}\check{s}ati$ ) A.MAH illakam ... KI.MIN zunnu A.MAH illakam ACh Adad 2:12f.; mi- $lu\ illakma\ butuq\bar{a}tu\ ubtattaqa$  RA 65 74:74 (OB ext.); for other refs. see butuqtu mngs. 1b and 2b; note A.MAH with masc. concord, to be read  $m\bar{\imath}lu$  and not butuqtu, e.g., A.MAH ma'du CT 39 19:104,  $ka\check{s}du$  ibid. 105, atru ibid. 110.
- e) qualifications 1' good features: mi-lum sa-ad-ru ana māti illakma ebūru iššir a normal flood will come into the country and the harvest will be good KUB 4 63 iii 9 (astrol.), see RA 50 16; šumma A.ZI.GA sa-ad-ru CT 39 18:91; šumma nāru kīma A.KAL ka-a-a-ma-nim-ma if the river is like the normal flooding ibid. 14:10 (both SB Alu); mi-lum ga-ap-šum illakam YOS 10 25:58, cf. mi-lu ṭa-aḥ-du-um illakam RA 44 pl. 3 p. 40:22 (both OB ext.); ana māti A.KAL DIRI illakam an excessively large flood will come to the country CT 39 19:120 (SB Alu).
- 2' bad features: mi-lu-um i-ša-qá-al the flooding will be meager ZA 43 310:14 (OB

mīlu A mīlu B

astrol.); mi-lum illakamma biblum mātam ubbal the flood will come and the high water will carry off the country YOS 10 17:59 (OB ext.), cf. A.KAL illakma naphar māti ubbal CT 39 17:54, also RA 18 29 No. 20:2; the wall became weak, collapsed u mi-lu itbalšu and the flood carried it off AOB 1 76:40, cf. u lu mi-lu itabbaluš ibid. 78 r. 7, and passim in Adn. I, see tabālu; kīma A.KAL gapši ša šamūtu like a huge flood caused by a rainstorm OIP 2 45 vi 3 (Senn.); ina A.KAL kiššati temenšu la enēši so that its foundation should not become weak because of a high flood OIP 2 96:77, and passim in Senn. in this phrase; the Tebiltu river which ina A.KAL-šá gapši ina uššīša abbu ušabšû uribbu temenša had caused a washout with its huge flood and had shaken its (the palace's) foundation OIP 2 105 v 82 and parallels (Senn.); ina mê mi-li išissa īnišuma because of the flood water its (the palace's) foundations had become weakened VAB 4 114 ii 9 and dupl. (Nbk.); agû ezzi edû šamru A.KAL kaššu Borger Esarh. 14 Ep. 7a: 40, and passim in Nabopolassar and Nbk., see kaššu adj.; mê A.KAL ... surrūšu imallû A.KAL kiš-šá-ti [...] ugārī 79-7-8,84 iii 21 f. (tamitu), for other refs. see kiššatu A mng. 2b; mi-il-u dan-nu ABL 1021 r. 14 (NA); Adad will devastate mi-lum i-da-ar-ri-ša-am KUB 4 63 iii 19, see Leibovici, RA 50 18; see also mithurtu.

- 3' other qualifications: šumma A.KAL illikamma mūšu kīma damī ṣarpu if the flood comes and its water is like blood KAR 392 r.(!) 24, see Labat Calendrier p. 232, also CT 39 14:1, also (with kīma issê) CT 39 20:133, 16:43, (with mūšu sāmu) ibid. 17:61, (with kīma mê nāri sad-ra kajamānūtu) ibid. 15:31, and passim in this text; note also šumma A.ZI.GA sadru if the water is normal CT 39 19:91, also (with peṣū, ṣalmu, sāmu, arqu, dalhu, zakū, etc.) ibid. 92ff.; see also kulīlu A
- f) timing: mi-lu mādu ša Idiglat ina III.Zíz.A alākšu the coming of the full flood of the Tigris is (normally) in the month Šabāţu Kraus AbB 1 141:29 (OB let.); mi-lum barpu ur-[ra-ad] the flooding will come

down too early KUB 4 63 iii 4 (coll.); DIŠ ina nāri A.KAL harpu išši if an early flood rises in the river CT 39 20:136 (SB Alu), for other refs. see harpu adj. usage b, cf. šumma A.ZI.GA SI.SÁ ... harpu ... uppulu if the flood is on time, early, late CT 39 21:152-154; zunnu sadru A.KAL uhhara the rain will be normal (but) the flooding late CT 40 40:61 (all cf. zunnu u A.KAL sadru ACh Adad SB Alu), 2:11: DIŠ ina ITI.BÁR A.KAL GIN-ma CT 39 14:1 and 17:67, and passim in this text with all the names of the months, see Labat Calendrier § 103-104, also KAR 394 ii 29 (Alu catalog); ITI di-iš mi-li māmu rēsûka[ma] (see dīšu mng. 2d) Tn.-Epic "iii" 21.

- g) other occs.: DIŠ A.ZI.GA illikamma mêšu hurhummata matta ukallu (see hur: hummatu) CT 39 15:28; DIŠ A.KAL šamni ina māti innamir if a flood of oil is seen in the country ibid. 21:155, cf. A.KAL napți ibid. 156, A.KAL ša šikari ibid. 157, A.KAL šizbi ina hirīti āli ibid. 158, A.KAL GUB-an ... A.KAL i-tar the flooding will remain, the flooding will go down ibid. 20:142f. (all SB Alu); mi-luum ina nārim it-ta-za-[az]-[x] YOS 10 31 vi 28 (OB ext.); DIŠ nāru A.KAL iššīma ina gabliša ittakis / ittahis if the river floods but (the flood) is cut off, variant: recedes, halfway CT 39 20:135 (SB Alu); ITI.BI A.KAL TA 10 EN 15 KÙŠ GIN in that month the flood ran between ten and 15 cubits (high) LBAT 313:10 (diary text).
- 2. mīli irti pride: mi-li i-ir-[tim] RA 38 80:2, see RA 40 56, mi-li i-ir-ti-im YOS 10 28:3, 42 iii 35 (all OB ext.), mi-li GABA CT 38 39:16, 40 Sm. 710+:12 (SB Alu); for other refs. see irtu usage a-3'b', see also malû v. mng. 4a.
- 3. mīl libbi high spirits: mali imaqquta[kkum] ina mi-il li-ib-bi-[k]a ...tašappar whatever comes to your mind you write in high spirits ARM 4 70:23.

For Maqlu VII 168, see  $b\bar{e}ru$  A mng. 1a-3'. Ad mng. 2: Borger Esarh. p. 125 note to § 27.

mīlu B s.; (part of the armor of a horse); Nuzi.\*

mim mimma

iltēnūtu sà-⟨ri⟩-am sīsê ša mi-li-šu-nu ša siparri u bi-in-na-ti-šu-nu ša siparri (see binātu mng. 1b) HSS 15 145:8; note with Hurr. adjectival ending: 1 sariam kuš.meš ša sīsî itti mi-li-we JEN 533:2 and 4, also (in similar context, see anzannu) ša sīsî a-na mi-li-we kuš [x] sīsî JEN 527:23.

mim see mimma and mimmû.

mimīnu see memēni.

mimma (mim, mimmu, mimmi, miamma, mimmama/i) indefinite pron.; something, anything, everything, (negated) nothing; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. (mi/mì-am-ma in EA and Knudtzon Gebete 67:4 and r. 7) and Níg. NAM; cf. mimman, mimmû.

[ni]-[ni-ig] [NiG] = [mi]-i[m-ma] Sa Voc. Q 2', cf. [NfG] [ni-ig] = [mi-im-ma] = (Hitt.) [ku-id im-ma] [ku-id]  $S^a$  Voc. P 1'; [ám] AG = [m]i-im-[ma]MSL 2 140 C r. i 16' (Proto-Ea); èm.na.me.a [a].ta.me.a.bi = nig.na.me a.na.a.me.a.b[i] $= mim - ma \ll ba - \dot{s}u - u \gg [ma - la \ ba] - \dot{s}u - u \mod Voc.$ III 37; níg.nam.níg.gál.la = mim-ma ma-la ba-šu-ú Hh. I 337, also Antagal III 210; èm.mah = nig.mah = mim-ma ma-'-du, em.tur = nig.tur= mim-ma i-şu Emesal Voc. III 43 f.; níg = mimm[a šumšu] Haupt Die Akkadische Sprache pl. 11 r. 6, see MSL 4 202; èm.a.ta.me.a =  $nig^{ni-i[g]}$ . na.me = [m]im-ma šum-šu Emesal Voc. III 38; ne<sup>ni-ni</sup>ne.níg<sup>ni-ig</sup> = mim-ma šu[m-šu] Lanu B iii 2; níg.nam.bi = mim-(ma) šùm-šu Ai. III ii 69; an.nam.nam.lá (var. an.zi.nam.lá) = mim-ma šum-šú nap-har HU.MEŠ Antagal III 211; ul. gal. a.ri.a = mim-ma la mim-ma (in group with magal and azzūzā) Erimhuš I 10, ef. ul<sub>4</sub>.gal.ri.a = a-na mi-ma la mi-ma Erimhuš Bogh. A 10; níg.á.nu.  $gi_4.a = mim - ma(!) \delta \acute{a} im - mah - ha - r[u(!)]$  Antagal VIII 22; bu.du.ug = pa-ta-qu ša mim-ma to form anything Nabnitu E 205, and passim in this construction (often wr. SAL) in vocabularies, see edēpu, kullu, maķāṣu, našû, pâdu, puḥḥu, qâpu, šakānu, šupėlu; note also [...] = ši-lu šá SAL (= mimma) (followed by [MIN] šá UZU) Nabnitu M 151.

qa-a QA = mim-ma A I/6:19; [si-la] [KUD] = mim-ma šum-šu A III/5:172; ul cír = mim-[ma] A VIII/2:256.

níg nam.hé.a (later version: u<sub>4</sub> nam.hé. àm) bí.in.du<sub>11</sub>.ga.a.ni: mìm-ma anná ša iqbūšu all this which he told him Angim IV 41.

níg.dím.dím.ma.zu: ana mim-ma epēšika for whatever you are making Lugale XII 17; níg.šà.ta ì.gá.gá: mim-ma ša ina libbi bašû whatever is in one's heart (will be said) 5R 50 i 23f., see JCS 21 3:12; níg.nam mu.sa.a : mim-ma ša šuma nabû whatever is given a name Šurpu p. 53:14f.; níg.nam hul.dím.ma: mim-ma epiš lemutti everything evil 4R 28 No. 1 r. 11f.; èm.nu.un.zu: mim-ma ul idi 4R 10 r. 29f. and 33f., see OECT 6 p. 43; èm.mul.an.na: mim-ma ša kīma kakkab [šamē] something like a star TCL 6 54 r. 7f., see Frank, ZA 40 88; èm.na.ám nu.ša<sub>6</sub>.ga su.ni x.[...]: mim-ma la damqa usuh remove (from his body) everything which is not wholesome OECT 6 pl. 2 K.4664:10f.; for níg. hul: mimma lemnu see lemnu adj. mng. 1b-4'.

gal.an.zu mušen.dù níg.nam.ma.kex(KID): eršu mudû (var. mudê) mìm-ma šum-šu Lugale XI 46, cf. níg.na.me.šè nu.mu.ni.ib.te.ta: ša ana mi-im-ma šum-šu la ţeḥākuma PBS 1/2 135:21f., cf. 46f.; níg.nam: mim-ma šum-šū CT 17 26:46f., cf. níg.nam.ma: mim-ma śum-šū CT 16 25 i 46f.; níg.bi: mim-ma (wr. mim-ku) šum-šū ibid. 6:230f. and 235f.; níg.nam.níg.gál.la: mim-ma šum-šū CT 17 4 ii 6f.; dub.sar níg.nam.ma.kex: ṭupšar mim-ma šum-šū 4R 14 No. 3:3f.; e.ne.ne.ne níg nu.un.zu.meš: šunu ina mim-ma šum-šū ulūtaddû they are not recognizable at all (in heaven and in the nether world) CT 16 44:106f.

ul<sub>4</sub>.gal a.ri.a e.da.ab.ús.e.ne: *mim-ma la mim-ma ireddûka* whatever persecutes you (do not complain) RA 17 121 ii 29 (proverb).

Nig = mim-ma, bušû Izbu Comm. 155f.; muum-mu = mi-im-ma An VIII 75.

a) in independent use — 1' in gen.: šum= ma mì-ma erriška if he demands something of you BIN 6 66:30, cf. mì-ma ina annikija ilge Contenau Trente Tablettes Cappadociennes 17:4; šumma PN mì-ma iqabbi if PN objects to anything CCT 1 12b:6, and passim with qabû; šumma ištu PN mì-ma upazzar if he hides anything from PN TCL 1 240:8; šumma mì-ma taštemê uznī petê if you heard something, inform me BIN 6 24:7; šumma ša ellat PN mì-ma ina ekallim ūṣiam if anything belonging to PN's caravan comes out of the palace (again) TCL 19 47:17 (all OA); mamman mi-im-ma inaddikkum somebody will give you something YOS 10 35:4 (OB awīlum ina bišīšu ... mi-im-ma ext.); ušessi the man will pay out something from his possessions ibid. 33 iii 58; mi-im-ma ina qātišu innammarma ina idīšu ītelli if anything is discovered in his hands, he forfeits his wages (for a parallel see mimman) YOS 13 74:12 (OB); šumma ahhūja mi-im-ma udabbibuif my brothers complain about anything TCL 17 50:18 (OB); note in a

question: itti ahātiki mi-ma-a ibašši TIM 2 129:36 (both OB letters), also anāku ina ni: ditt[im š]âti TÚG.HI.A mi-im-[m]a-a elegge what garments will I take from this gift (of the king)? ARM 1 46:15; šumma mi-im-ma iqtabûnikki PBS 1/2 21:8 (MB let.); libbušuma mìm-ma iddanašše la libbušuma mi-im-ma la iddanašše if he so wants, he gives her (the divorced wife) something, if he does not, he does not give her anything KAV 1 v 16f. (Ass. Code § 37); if the wife of a man ina bītišu mi-im-ma taltiriq stole something from his house ibid. i 25 (§ 3); if a raven mi-im-ma ana bīt amēli ušērib brings something into a man's house ABL 353:7, cf. mi-im-ma la šuātu something which does not belong to him ibid. 9; if a bird mim-ma ikul eats something Labat TDP 6:6; if ants mim-ma ša abulli ana kīdi ušēsû carry out something from (inside) the gate to the outside 377:6, cf. if a bird flies from the right to the left mim-ma našâmma carrying something CT 40 49:25, and passim in Alu; if a rare and strange wild animal enters the city, is seen, and mim-ma ušalpit desecrates something (omen) RAcc. 36 r. 4; šumma ina bīt amēli mim-ma kīma siparri ibarrus (see barāsu) CT 38 27:12, etc., also ibid. 29:54ff. (SB Alu); mim-ma liddinuni ... mim-ma limburuninni STT 73:74f., see JNES 19 33; mim-ma ša īnī šūli to remove something from the eyes AMT 12.1:50; matima ana mi-im-ma ul aspurak: kum never have I written you for anything TCL 18 127:4; (take out and weigh the ivory and the ebony, write down the weight) ana mi-im-ma ta'era and put (it) back into something (i.e., some wrapping, then seal and send it) KAV 99:20 and 29, also ana libbe mi-im-ma ta'era KAV 98:19, but ana maški mi-im-ma ta'era KAV 205:8 (all MA); the king should ask them *šumma lagīte mi*im-ma whether I have taken anything 251:3; mi-im-ma jiddananni ana akālišunu that he gives me something for their food EA 79:32;  $j\bar{a}nu \ \check{s}a \ jigbi \ m[i]-a[m]-ma$  there is nobody who would say anything directly EA 91:10; kî libbî imraşu mi-im-ma even if my heart aches somewhat EA 20:60; akalu mād karānu gabbu mi-im-ma mād there is

much food (here, also) wine, everything in large quantity RA 19 105:17 (= EA 367), cf. annû mi-im-ma ma-ad EA 162:5; dnin.ši.kù ba-an mim-ma Lyon Sar. 25:20; šumma mim-ma kīa[m ša] damqāti zitta liddinuni šumma mim-ma kīa[m ša] ahīti sītī līsi STT 73:79f., restored from unpub. dupl.; mim-ma ša harzrānišunu ša illā whatever results from their enterprise TCL 13 160:13, cf. taškutti u mim-ma ša PN ... paqdu RA 14 158:5, also mim-ma ša bīt šarri gabbi BE 9 23:1 (all NB).

2' in negative sentences — a' in gen.: mim-ma ula aqabbi JRAS 1932 295:25 (OAkk. let.); a-mì-ma ula athi I did not claim anything CCT 3 19b:7, cf. mì-ma ula idi ibid. 9; *mì-ma laššu* TCL 14 7:35 (all OA); mi-im-ma ša eqlim u bītim la ešemmēma I am hearing nothing about the field and the house AJSL 32 288:4; had I known how good it (the ušummu-animal) tastes mi-im-ma-maan ana PN ul ušēbil I would not have sent any to PN TCL 17 13:14; 1 GÍN kaspum miim-ma ul šuddun not one shekel of silver was cashed VAS 16 6:19; šumma mi-im-ma elišu la išūma if he does not owe him anvthing Goetze LE § 24 A ii 22; PN UGU PN, NÍG.NA.ME.EN NU.TUK Jean Tell Sifr 13:23, cf. ef. also níg.na.me ugu.na nu. ibid. 17:8. TUK BE 6/2 14:10, ŠEŠ ŠÈ ŠEŠ UGU.NI NÍG.NA. ME.EN Jean Tell Sifr 19:19, for other refs. see išû mng. 2a; mi-im-ma ša le-qé PN ul ibši TCL 10 34:14, cf. JRAS 1926 437:9 and r. 1 (all OB); šalim ul mi-im-ma he is fine, there is nothing (wrong) ARM 6 19:28; am: minim mi-im-ma la tušabbalšu ARM 10 28:5; mi-im-ma ul inandinunâši EA 1:67 (let. from Egypt); aššu mārtika mim-ma jā[nu] kî ešmû as to your daughter, since I heard that she has nothing (comparable, I am sending her a necklace of lapis lazuli) EA 10:44; jā: num mi-im-ma EA 92:21, also 79:34, wr. mi-am-ma 85:74; hazānūtu ul tešmūna mithe officials have not listened to anything EA 82:11; la mi-im-ma ēzibašše la mi-im-ma šūbulta ... ušēbilašše (if her husband) has not left her (either oil, wool, clothing, food or) anything (else) nor sent her anything KAV 1 iv 88f. (Ass. Code § 36);

mi-im-ma lu la imatti nothing should be missing KAV 168:15 (MA); lu še'am lu UDU. MEŠ lu mim-ma ša akāli la iddununiššu KAV 1 iv 47 (Ass. Code § 31); mim-ma ša la ahāmeš ul ippušu they do nothing if not together ABL 1120 r. 10 (NB); mim-ma ina libbi ana mamma ul tanandin VAS 6 95:21 (NB); mimma ša l[a naṣā]ri ina libbi ul innepuš nothing was done there without surveillance YOS 3 140:10; mim-ma ina libbi la mahir alla 20 GUR apart from twenty gur (of dates), none of it has been received Dar. 142:11, and passim in NB; u mim-ma ina muhhi ul išturu but they wrote nothing on it (the rock) VAB 3 p. 119:21 (Xerxes V).

b' used adverbially to reinforce negation: mì-ma libbaka la iparrid your heart should not tremble in any way CCT 3 26a:4; ana kaspim mì-ma la tatahhia do not touch the silver in any way TCL 14 21:21 (both OA); mi-im-ma ahka la tanaddi be in no way negligent VAS 16 177:21; the household is well mi-im-ma la tanakkud do not worry at all TIM 2 148:8, cf. mi-im-ma libbaka la imarras JCS 17 82 No. 8:5, mi-im-ma la tavallahTCL 18 80:18, mi-im-ma la ta: nassus TCL 17 61:27, mi-im-ma la tanazziq VAS 16 9:22, and passim, mi-im-ma la te: gerri ibid. 8:8 (all OB); ana GN ... mi-im-ma ula ugallil RA 11 92 i 5 (Kudur-Mabuk); miim-ma la tubbabšunūti ARM 1 6:13 and 21; mi-im-ma ālam šâ[ti] ul išlul in no way has he looted that town ARM 10 84:11; mi-im-ma libbi bēlija la inaļļid ibid. 65:7, cf. ibid. 54:6; pagaršu mi-im-ma la ēm his body is not hot anywhere TLB 2 21:20 (OB diagn.); mi-imma šiprum šû ul šiprum ARM 10 109:22; PN ... abaja mi-im-ma ul ušar'ib in no way did PN cause my father any anger KUB 3 14:7; ana madakti ... mim-ma ul nillak ABL 1010 r. 8; mim-ma akî pî ša nišī bēlī la illak my lord should in no way act according to people's talk YOS 3 22:13 (NB let.); mimma elat ša PN jānu there is nothing but what belongs to PN Moldenke 13:11; city adi mim-ma nu gál-e illak CT 39 10 for other refs. see alāku mng. K.149+ :26, 4c-13', bašû v. mng. ln-3'b'.

c' mimma la mimma: see Erimhuš I 10, Erimhuš Bogh. A 10, RA 17 121, in lex. section.

b) in apposition to a noun — 1' before a noun — a' in idiomatic expressions -1" mimma šumšu: ana mì-ma šumšu PN ana PN, ula ituar PN will not claim anything from PN<sub>2</sub> KT Hahn 31:6, and passim, ana mì-ma šumišu Kienast ATHE 24:36f.; mì-ma šumšu ula tahi CCT 1 39b:10, mì-ma šumšu ša PN ēzibu RA 59 150 MAH 10823:9, mì-ma šumišu lu ersûma VAT 13532:15. mìma šumšu mamman ... la iddan TuM 1 21c:3, note lu kaspum lu še'um lu mì-ma šumšu MVAG 33 No. 209:1f. (all OA); lu kas: pam lu hurāṣam ... u lu mi-im-ma šumšu CH § 7:47, cf. (after enumerations) § 124:56, 237:42, etc.; ina mi-im-ma šumšu mala iddinu he forfeits everything he has lent § 113:14 and 116:51, cf. mudī mi-im-ma šumšu mušaklil mi-im-ma šumšu ana CH xlii 102, murappiš mi-im-ma šumšu GN CH i 58, CH iii 5; mi-im-ma šumšu ... ul eraggam he will make no claim whatsoever BE 6/1 15:11; mimmê ahātija ... eršam u mi-im-ma šu-um-šu la elqûma (he swore) I have not taken a bed or anything whatsoever from the possessions of my sister PBS 8/1 82:10, cf. mi-im-ma šumšu ša ibaššû ibid. 81:15 (all OB); mi-im-ma šumšu RA 42 67:51 (= AIPHOS ina mi-im-ma šumšu ša 15 19, Mari); ušallimuma in whatever I safely transported (there was no loss) ARM 2 98:5; en= qāti mi-im-ma šumšu all kinds of rings(?) KBo 1 3:34, ef. (as Akkadogram in Hitt.) MÌ-MA ŠUM-ŠƯ KBo 18 161:12; annûti NÍG. BA.MEŠ SAL.UŠ.MEŠ gabbašunuma mi-im-ma šumšu these are all the assorted wedding presents EA 22 iv 44 (list of gifts of Tušratta); bītātišu kirātišu u dimtu u mi-im-ma šu-un-šu VAS I 110:5, etc., and note eqlatija ... miim-ma šunšija RA 23 143 No. 5:10, HSS 19 7:6, also 14, 38, minummê mi-im-ma šu-unši-šu ibid. 30; mi-im-ma šumšu Kù.BABBAR KÙ.GI anything in silver or gold JEN 468:31; minummê šīmu[mak]ē mi-im-ma šunšu mutija ... ana jāši išīmu HSS 19 11:4; mi-im-ma šu-un-šu ša PN iqabbaššunu all that PN

has declared to them JEN 643:8 (all Nuzi); [lu alpa] lu udu.nitá mím-ma šumšu gabba either a bull or a ram or anything whatsoever KAV 6 r. 10 (Ass. Code C § 9); ina mimma šumšu mala bašû ibannû nikiltu if he in any way whatsoever is bent on a trick VAS 1 37 v 23; mim-ma šumšu nisirtu kabittu all kinds of valuable treasure OIP 2 34 iii 45, and passim in NA royal preceding a noun, and note mim-ma šumšu naptan šēri līlâti uţahhûma they brought all kinds of things as morning and evening meal Streck Asb. 264 iii 9; sanāqi mim-ma šumšu to check things in general OIP 2 128 vi 40 (Senn.); šallat nākiri gimir mimma šumšu spoils of the enemy, of all kinds Borger Esarh. 59 v 45; Ea pātiq kullat mimma šumšu ibid. 79:4; mim-ma šumšu hišihtu šūqurtu all kinds of precious materials VAB 4 182 iii 36, cf. mi-im-ma šumšu šūguru everything precious ibid. 86 i 26, and passim in Nbk.; mi-im-ma šumšu ... udašši I made everything lavish (in Egišnugal) YOS 1 45 ii 20 (Nbn.); Šamaš ba-ár(var. -ru) kal mim-ma šumšu who sees everything PBS 1/1 12:3, var. from STT 60:3, see Ebeling Handerhebung 48:99. also Nusku mutta'ir mim-ma šum-šu who directs everything LKA 51:3 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 38:28; mim-mašumšu ša ana mākalē r[aksu] BMS 7:52, see Ebeling Handerhebung 58:19; aššum mimma šum-šú ša ākulu on account of whatever I have eaten Laessøe Bit Rimki p. 38:13; [kis]al abāri apsû [u] mi-im-ma šumšu [kis]al Ninlil u mi-im-ma šumšu ki[s]al namri u mi-im-ma šumšu KAR 214 i 32ff., see Frankena Tākultu p. 25; NÍG.NAM NÍG.GÁL.LA qāssu ikaššad he will obtain all kinds of wealth (omen apod.) ABL 1237:8; mim-ma šumšu ša āli sēri mala bašû maškanu whatever he owes in the city or outside is pledged Evetts Ev.-M. 10:7; mim-ma šumšu tukappiru SPAW 1889 p. 825 (pl. 7) ii 37 and 28 (NB Laws); see also usages f and g.

2" mimma zikir šumi (OB only): mi-imma zikir šumim ša šūbulānu everything which we are transporting Bagh. Mitt. 2 56 i 19, cf. mi-im-ma zikir [šumim] šūbilam PBS 7 80:13, see Kraus, RA 65 108 f.

3" mimma ma'du: see Emesal Voc. III 43, in lex. section, cf. níg.maḥ.kú.kú.[e] Gordon Sumerian Proverbs 1.44 and 1.106; for ten years PN mim-ma mādu ultu bīt [karê] ina muḥḥija ušeṣṣi PN had been taking from the storehouse a large amount of goods (charged) against me TCL 13 170:6.

4" mimma işu: see Emesal Voc. III 44, in lex. section; níg.tur.meš ma'duma ikkal he will enjoy many small things(?) Dreambook 310 r. ii 5.

5" mimma lemnu: see lemnu adj. mng. 1b-4'.

b' other occs.: mì-ma šībī ša tazkuranni all the witnesses whom you mentioned TCL 4 82:19, cf. mì-ma tuppē anniūtim 103:32; šumma mì-ma kasapka 1 MA.NA uhal: liq if he had caused the loss of a single mina of your silver CCT 2 39:21; mi-ma lumun libbim la išuakkum he will not have any heartache on account of you CCT 4 31a:27; ina mìma KÙ.BABBAR I GÍN ša iraššiuni from every single shekel of silver which they will make (PN and PN<sub>2</sub> take one-half share) BIN 6 216:4; šumma mì-ma takkīlī ana kārim ... ištaprunim if they have written some calumny to the kārum CCT 3 36a:6 (all OA); ana mi-im-ma maršīt PN CT 8 3a:21; ana mi-imma sibûtim ša taraššû concerning every wish you have PBS 7 68:26; barley, wool, oil u mi-im-ma bīšam or any other merchandise CH § 104:35: mi-im-ma numātum mala halgat all the furnishings that were lost VAS 7 149:5, cf. mi-im-ma hišihtam mala ihaššehu YOS 2 119:12, mi-im-ma balṭam ... ana PN liddinu YOS 2 25:18; mi-im-ma šiknam ... la ta= šakkana TCL 7 39:20; mi-im-ma hišihtum ... ul ibašši TLB 4 108:8; mi-im-ma hituni ul ibašši VAS 16 38:13 (all OB); mi-im-ma hītum ul ibašši ARM 10 156:29; inanna miim-ma salīmum ... ul ibašši at the moment there is no agreement ARM 18:8; note in a question: mi-im-ma-a salīmam ni-ip-pé-e-eš can we make any alliance? Mél. Dussaud 2 991c 23 (Mari let.); assurri mi-im-ma țēmam tešemmēma if you hear any news ARM 10 123:4; mi-im-ma makkūram ša PN ... izūzu:

šunūtim any property which PN divided among them MDP 24 340:4; mi-im-ma ans nâm ibid. 376:8, mi-im-ma țēma ana bēlija PBS 1/2 22:6 (MB); mi-im-maul ašpura laššūta la tappalanni (see laššūtu) OIP 79 pl. 81 No. 2:10, cf. ibid. No. 3:14 (MA let.); im-ma annia KAJ 9:18 and 20, 179:19, im-ma anniu KAJ 122:15, mìm-ma annê KAV 143 r. 4, and passim in MA; mi-im-ma ša: anything else KBo 1 10 r. 80, cf. nâmma KAV 6 r. 3, Lambert BWL 148:61, BRM 2 44:18; silver, gold, oil, garments kali mi-ma sig, and all kinds of beautiful things EA 1:70 (let. from Egypt), cf. food, oil u mi-im-ma # mahziramu EA 287:16 (let. of Abdi-Hepa); ina mì-ma igārī into every wall (foundation I poured ghee and honey) AOB 1 12 No. 7:26 and 18 No. 12 ii 4 (Irišum); mim-ma dulla ešša any new work (obligation) MDP 2 pl. 22 iii 28, ef. mim-ma šatra anything written mim-ma šūrubti ekurri MDP 10 pl. 11 iii 28, any income of the sanctuary AnOr 12 p. 305 r. 4, also VAS 1 36 ii 11; ina mim-ma šipir lemutti through some trick BBSt. No. 36 vi 42, cf. mim-ma amat lemutti MDP 6 pl. 10 v 9 (all kudurrus), ša . . . mim-ma amat lemutte ihassa: sanni who plans some evil deed Weidner Tn. 29 No. 16:132, also AKA 251:80; idāti lumni ul ibašši (see ittu A mng. 2b) VAB 4 278 vi 9 (Nbn.); mi-ma l[a] kâm telegge you will take something which does not belong to you YOS 10 33 iv 25 and 27 (OB ext.), cf. mim-ma la šuātu CT 38 37:26 (SB Alu); if the king repairs mim-ma labira something old CT 40 9 Sm. 772 r. 29, cf. mim-ma ša ramanišu ibid. 30; if you make an extispicy concerning the well-being of the king, for war, for a journey, for seizing a town, for the recovery of a sick person, for rain from the sky, for obtaining a wish u mim-ma ma-'-daa-ti and many other things CT 20 44:61 (SB ext.); ina mim-ma šipir nikilti through some trick PRT 1:11; mim-ma šipir nikilte Hunger Kolophone No. 340:3; mim-ma lu'u ākulu (that) I have eaten something unclean PRT 4:14, cf. mi-im-ma waqram YOS 10 21:2 (OB ext.); mim-ma makkūru bīt DN (was destroyed by fire) AOB 1 122 iv 6 (Shalm, I); mim-ma liptat qātēja OIP 2 84:56, cf. 154:13 (Senn.); mim-ma aqru nişirti ekallišu everything precious stored in his palace 3 340 (Sar.); mim-ma hassu simāte ša šarrūti everything conceivable of the appurtenances of royalty Streck Asb. 28 iii 73; may the god protect me lapani mi-im-ma bīši from anything evil VAB 3 91:33 (Dar. Na); mimma unūt bīti hišihti Ešarra Borger Esarh. 5 vi 24; [me-am]-ma ţēmu ša RN išakkanuš any orders that PN gives him Knudtzon Gebete 67 r. 7, also obv. 4; lu mim-ma mursu ša mamma la idû or any disease which nobody knows KAR 73:5; mim-ma kalašu ana pani DN tašakkan you place everything before Šamaš KAR 66:14; [a]na mim-ma šuātu īnka ē tašši do not covet anything of this Lambert BWL 102:86; lu mim-ma husāb narkabtija iššebirma (see husābu usage c) CT 348:3, see RA 21 130 (SB Alu); mím-ma kalama ana mamma ul uter ABL 1095 r. 6; ana mim-ma kalamu mala dibbūšu ABL 219 r. 4 (NB); mimma naquttâ la tu[šar]ša' do not cause any difficulty CT 22 147:18; mi-im-ma immatima tēnšu la ašmi I never heard any news of him ABL 1431:5; adi mim-ma ša amēlutti gether with all the slaves TuM 2-3 48:18: mim-ma mišilšu half of everything TCL 13 174:7; mim-ma nadanātu ša bīt šarri BE 9 96:12; pūt mim-ma dīni u ragāmu ... našāku I guarantee in case of any lawsuit (that would arise) PBS 2/1 21:6; mim-ma Níg.ŠID NÍG.GÁL.LA NÍG.GA u tarkuttu YOS 7 93:4; mim-ma lēti ina libbi niddû we have paid quite some attention (to it) TCL 13 177:11; mìm-ma piški ina pani bēlija ittišu la i-dabbu-ú nobody may vilify him before my lord YOS 3 112:29, cf. (we swear) kî mim-ma ša pirki ina libbi īpušu that he did not commit any wrongdoing thereby ibid. 13:21, cf. also kî mìm-ma pirka ... iddibbu TCL 9 113:17; mim-ma dīnu u ragāmu ... jānu there will be no legal proceedings whatsoever (any more against PN) BE 10 94:8, and passim in

2' after a noun: warium mì-ma ana PN uṣ'am did any copper go to PN? CCT 4 36a:10, cf. ibid. 12; šumma kaspam mì-ma PN ušēbilam ibid. 34b:17, šumma annakam mì-

ma ihaššah ibid. 20b:14, and passim in OA; tuppum mi-im-ma ina qātīni ibaššûma BE 6/2 30:23; uzubbūša mi-im-ma ul innaddiššim no divorce money at all will be given to her CH § 141:50; še'am šamnam mi-im-ma ... la takalla do not hold back any barley (or) oil TIM 2 12:33, sibûtum mi-im-ma 1/2 14:7 (all OB); you will come to me UD.15. KAM mi-im-ma mahrija tuššab and stay with me for something like half a month ARM 2 6:12; awatam mi-im-ma lemuttam ešme I heard something bad ARM 3 18:5, cf. awa: tum mi-im-ma ... ibaššīma ana GN ašpur ARM 1 37:22; šulmāna banâ mi-im-ma ul tušēbilam you have sent me no fine gift whatsoever EA 10:13; šīmāti mi-im-ma la ippušu they should not do any business EA 9:34 (both MB royal); šumma nakru mi-im-ma itebbâkkunūši if any enemy rises against you (pl.) KBo 1 10:15; šumma sarta mim-ma ippuš KBo 1 4 ii 25, cf. lemuttu mi-im-ma ibid. 5 iii 29, 33, mašikta mi-im-ma ibid. 8:15, saburta mi-im-ma ibid. 1 r. 29, and passim in Bogh.; awatam mi-im-ma ša tišmi Hrozny Ta'annek 1:15, see BASOR 94 17; unūte.meš mim-ma MRS 9 171 RS 17.42:4; dīnu mì-im $ma j\bar{a}nu$  ibid. 239 RS 17.232:9,  $p\hat{u}-ku-\delta u-nu$ mim-ma jānu MRS 6 142 RS 16.134:7, cf. ilku mim-ma jānu MRS 12 45:26; emittu miim-ma laššu there is no penalty whatsoever KAV 1 iii 81 (Ass. Code § 24), cf. šilihtu(!) miim-ma u mānahāte gabbi KAV 2 ii 8 (Ass. Code B § 1); *tēmu mim-ma* ABL 1334 r. 6, *hi*= biltu mim-ma ABL 1330 r. 9 (both NB).

c) before a genitive: mi-ma bitim i[laqqe] he takes the entire estate TCL 1 240:24; mima babtišu šašqil collect all his outstanding debts KTS 1b:15; mì-ma babtika ša tēzibanni CCT 2 16a:24, cf. mì-ma lu-qú-tum a-ni-tim CCT 4 16c:13; mì-ma liptija every work of mine AOB 1 14 No. 7:45 (Irišum); annîm PN naš'akkunūti all this PN is bringing to you BIN 6 106:11, and passim in OA, note mi-ma-nim TuM 1 16f r. 8 (OA), also mi-im-ma annîm zitti PN CT 6 28a:13, Meissner BAP 107:7, and passim in OB, miim-ma šībī annûtim all these witnesses Scheil Sippar 10 r. 32; mi-im-ma awatim ul ibašši Fish Letters 5:33 (all OB), cf. mi-im-ma dūrim šanîm ul ipušu they have not constructed any other wall ARM 1 39:8; mi-imma ašlalė everything luxurious RHA 35 71:7 (Mari); ina mi-im-ma āli u sēri (they are brothers) with regard to everything (which is) in the city and outside MDP 24 365:14; mi-im-ma dumāqi ša mussa iškunušini with whatever finery her husband has bedecked her KAV 1 iii 97 (Ass. Code § 26), cf. ibid. 105 (§ 27); mi-ma pi-i-šu ša'la inquire about whatever is rumored about his (whereabouts) KAV 107:18 (MA let.); if in a man's house is seen mim-ma gilitti something frightful CT 38 26:48 (SB Alu); mim-ma ša asûti (concerning) anything about the work of the physician TCL 6 5:54 (SB ext.).

d) as a relative pron. — 1' introducing a relative clause: mì-ma ippî ummiānija tašammeuni uznī piti inform me of everything you hear from my creditor TCL 14 7:33; mì-ma PN ēzibu VAT 9270:12, mì-ma iggātiki ibaššiu BIN 4 97:15, mì-ma ilgiuni CCT 5 9a:13, mi-ma  $i\check{s}\hat{u}$  BIN 6 195:10, and passim in OA; mi-im-ma ... itti tamkārī tanassahu anāku appal I will pay everything you draw from the merchants PBS 7 57:18; [m]i-im-ma ana šāpirikunu [tu]šab: balanim hadīš šūbilam send voluntarily whatever you (pl.) intend to send to your (pl.) commander VAS 16 78:13 (both OB); miim-ma še halsum hašhu ARM 281:14; mimma ištûma elišu la itâb whatever he drinks does not agree with him AMT 49,6:9; mimma uttû whatever he finds 1R 70 iv 19 (Caillou Michaux); mim-ma išú iṣēnši kaspa Gilg. XI 81, cf. (with hurāsu and zēr napšāti kalama) ibid. 82f.; mi-im-ma TUK-u şajāh ili 238:3 (hymn to Borsippa); mim-ma ep-pu-uš ina gātīja lišlim BRM 48:39 (LB colophon).

2' with following ša, mala, or ammar: mì-ma ša hašhātini whatever you want TCL 4 19:22, cf. mì-ma ša tašamme[ini] BIN 6 20:27, and passim in OA; mi-im-ma ša ina elippišu halqu everything that was lost on his boat CH § 240:73; mi-im-ma ša iqīpu Kraus Edikt § 15':12; ina mi-im-ma ša ana māriša innadnu (they give her a share) in

whatever had been given to her children CH § 137:6, cf. mi-im-ma ša tušabbalim šutrim write down whatever you will send me VAS 16 72:23; tēm mi-im-ma ša ēzibam= ma ... šupram write me a report about everything I have left Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 12 r. 9, cf. TCL 17 19:13; AB. GUD].HI.A U8.UDU.HI.A u mi-im-ma [š]a PN iršû YOS 8 42:9; mi-im-ma ša bēlī igabbû TIM 2 15:38, and passim in OB; ina mi-im-ma ša abi īzibamma MDP 24 382:8, mi-im-ma ša išû u iraššû MDP 28 416:18, and passim; mi-im-ma ša ana dabābika illukūni 168:16, 201:19 (MA); mi-im-ma ša īteneppušu šārumma whatever they do is but wind Gilg. Y. iv 143 (OB); mi-im-man ša ina pî ilāni ... išmû BiOr 28 14 i 6 (SB prophecies); mim-ma ša ... ana epēši tābu ABL 291 r. 7, cf. mim-ma ša ana muhhi māt Aššur bīšu ABL 266:12; mim-ma ša PN igbû umma (this is) everything that PN declared, (speaking) as follows YOS 7 82:1; mim-ma ša ina pani bēlija banû den līpuš may Bēl bring about everything that is pleasant to my lord YOS 3 8:30 (all NB); mi-im-ma mala abuka ipušu Aro, WZJ 8 571 HS 113:10 (MB let.), cf. mim-ma mala ina dullu ... ippuš BRM 1 82:6, mim-ma mala epšu ... altapra ABL 795 r. 15, mim-ma mala šarru keşpu ABL 893 r. 12; mim-ma ma-la a-šar pani ša bēl šarrāni šaknuš ... lušakšidu ABL 808:6; mim-ma mala tēpušu YOS 3 35:23, and passim in NB; mi-im-ma ammar nas: satuni whatever she brings with her KAV 1 iv 77 (Ass. Code § 35), cf. ibid. 80, also mi-ma mānihāte ammar ihall[iqu] AfO 12 52 Text M

- e) mim: ša la izzazzu mi-im ú-li-le-qè he who is not present does not receive anything PBS 7 27:12; mi-im tušābilim TCL 18 140:14 (both OB letters); mi-im hazanni šarri ... jišširu ana kāta all that the regent of the king has written to you EA 139:37.
- f) mimmu 1' in EA: la qabi mi-mu ana  $s\hat{a}s[u]$  nothing was said to him EA 234:20; silver u mi-im-mu ana balāṭisu and everything (needed) for his life EA 126:21, cf. ibid. 27, 50; mi-im-mu sa nadān bēlija

EA 263:14, cf. [mi-i]m-mu ša julqû EA 86:11, mi-im-mu ša nipšu EA 83:41, cf. also EA 139:35, EA 89:52, 58.

- 2' in Nuzi: mi-im-mu šunšu RA 23 145 No. 12:16, 23, also JEN 435:19, 36, 546:19, 21.
- 3' in NB: mim-mu zitti ša PN ... jānu Dar. 467:8; mim-mu nikkassu Evetts Ev.-M. 13:4 and 8, cf. mi-i-mu kaspu BE 8 158:8; mim-mu ina libbi ul maḥrāk RA 18 32 No. 35:4, mim-mu ša nikli JRAS 1926 107:15; mim-mu mala ina muḥḥi teppuš Nbn. 652:6; A.ŠÀ É u mim-mu mala [...] Thompson Rep. 85A r. 5, cf. mim-mu mala CT 22 120:8, 182:21, 211:4, Evetts Ev.-M. 13:10, Nbk. 125:1, YOS 7 24:6; mim-mu ul ēpuš TuM 2-3 256:13; mim-mu ša <al>>-la x GUR imaṭtû whatever is less than x gur TCL 12 121:8, cf. Cyr. 332:19, 23; mim-mu ... ul idabbu[b] BRM 1 32:13, cf. AnOr 8 61:16, YOS 3 21:31, 106:34, YOS 7 7:1, 23:11, Dar. 509:2 and 7, CT 22 149:29, etc.
- g) mimmi: ul nile'û epēš mi-im-mi EA 89:43 and 116:53; la jiqabbi mi-im-[m]i EA 234:16, cf. gabbi mi-im-me ša jipušu šarru EA 262:7 and 259:6, gabbi mi-im-me ša jitepuš šarru EA 258:6 and 223:7, kali mi-im-mi jilqīšu šarru EA 119:47, and passim in EA; gabbu mi-im-mi šum-ši-šu MRS 6 68 RS 16.269:5, cf. ibid. 101 RS 15.138+ :3, 146 RS 16.153:5, etc.; me-im-me annû Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 10:30 (MA).
- h) mimmama (mimmam) 1' in OA: mì-ma-ma ula ūtappašu CCT 3 20:30; [...] mì-ma-ma lihliqu BIN 6 200:9, cf. balum mì-ma-ma-me-en TCL 14 44:9.
- 2' in OB, SB: šīmāt mi-im-ma-mi qātišša tamhat she holds in her hand the destiny of everything RA 22 170:14 (OB); Ea hasis mi-im-ma-ma (var. mim-ma-ma) En. el. I 60; [...n]am.gu.la šu.bé ši.i[n ...]: [būš kullat] mim-ma-ma qa-tu[š-šu ...] (var. mim-ma šùm-šú) JCS 21 129:30 (SB lit.); ul inakkud mim-ma-ma (his heart) does not beat at all STT 15 r. 13 (Gilg. VIII), see JCS 8 93.
- 3' in Bogh.: written according to the original mim-ma-ma ul šani nothing what-

mimmama mimmû

soever has been changed KBo 1 23 r. 5 (colophon).

4' in EA: statues made of gold ša la miim-ma-ma without anything (else added) EA 29:51; anāku mi-im-ma-ma ul hašhā[ku] I do not need anything EA 7:36, cf. ibid. 34: unūt[a] ša inanna ušēbilu la mi-im-ma-a-me the implements which I have sent are now EA 27:15; and  $mi-im-ma-\lceil m \rceil a$  lu  $la\ utd[r]i(?)$  EA 29:161; my lord mi-im-ma-iam-ma ina libbika la tašakkan you should not worry in any manner EA 170:7, cf. 167:16, also ana pani PN [libbaka ul] ultemris [mi]-im-m[a-a]-ma EA 29:79, [mi-im]-ma-amla uš[tībanni] EA 7:13; la ušennû amâ[tum mi]-im-ma-ma ištu maškanišina he will not change anything whatsoever from what it was before EA 29:64.

5' in RS: [mi-i]m-ma-am eli PN ... [la] ittazzamunim they will not make any complaint against PN MRS 6 66 RS 16.252:6, cf. [mi-i]m-ma-am ibid. 9.

von Soden, ZA 40 204ff.

mimmam see mimma.

mimmama see mimma.

mimmami see mimma.

mimman indefinite pron.; anything, whatever, (negated) nothing; OB, EA; cf. mimma.

mi-im-ma-an ina qātišu innammarma ina idīšu ītelli if anything is discovered in his hands, he forfeits his wages (for a parallel see mimma usage a) Riftin 38:14 (OB); la mi-im-ma-an ana šarri ... la ētepuš I have done nothing whatsoever against the king EA 157:14.

mimmi see mimma and mimmû.

mimmu see mimma and mimmû.

mimmû s.; 1. possessions, assets, concerns, 2. everything, something, anything, 3. share, portion; from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and Níg (Níg.NAM CT 39 7 K.3900:1); cf. mimma.

níg.nam.bi igi bí.in.zag<sub>x</sub>(šid) šu bí.in.ti : mìm-ma-šu ibērma ilqe he selected what belonged

to him and took (it) Ai. VI iii 45; [n]ig.nam dingir.ra pàd.da [...]: mim-mu DINGIR ana a-[...] Lambert BWL 265 r. 8; nig.mu mu.ra. an.gar: mim-me-e-a a-šim-ki I have assigned to you whatever is my own TCL 6 51 r. 39f., see RA II 150:45, also RA 12 75:53f.

Nfg.šu ú-ta-ár = mim(!)-mu-šu (gloss: bu-šu-šú) ú-tar-ra CT 41 26:16f. (Alu Comm., to Tablet XXVIII); mim-mu-šú // Nfg.šu-šú ekallu ileqqe CT 28 29 r. 11 (physiogn.); bu-šu-šu // mim-mu-šu // dannu ileqqe Or. NS 40 142 r. 2 (namburbi).

1. possessions, assets, concerns — a) in gen.: mi-im-mu-šu itti mi-im-me-e bēl bītim his own property together with the property of the owner of the house CH § 125:73f., cf. ana mi-mu bīt abišunu ... ubta'ūma CT 6 7a:7 (OB); ul la halqu mi-im-mi šarri the property of the king has not been lost EA 96:20, cf. EA 110:51, 122:14, and, wr. mi-im šarri EA 137:74; there are gold and silver in it (the city) ana bīt ilāniši ma-ad mi-im-mu many possessions in its temple EA 137:62; mi-im-ma.meš ša ilānika EA 84:34, mi-im-mi.meš ibid. 32; kali mi-im-mi PN all the possessions of PN EA 105:25; ana gabbi mim-mu-ú ša šarri ...lu šulmu MRS 6 4 RS 16.112:7, cf. ibid. 5 RS 15.14:7, MRS 12 49:17'; mi-im-mu-u nakri KUB 3 21:16 and 23: bēl mim-mu-u the owner of the prop-KAV 6:12, 17, 25 (Ass. Code C § 2, 3, 4),  $b\bar{e}l \ mim-mu-\acute{u} \ mim-mu-\check{s}u \ [\ldots]$  KAV 143 r. 6, cf. ibid. 10 (Ass. Code G); amēlu mim-mu-u tappēšu ul ēkim nobody took away the possessions of his peer Streck Asb. 260 ii 19; mim-mu ili ittanabba[l] Kraus Texte 3b iii 27; mim-mu-ú ekalli isahhiru the possessions of the palace will decrease Labat Calendrier § 66:4; mim-mu-ú amēli zà[H] Boissier DA 228:43, mim-mu (var. mim-mu-u) É.BI iqatti KAR 376 r. 11, var. from Boissier DA 1:12 (SB Alu).

b) with suffixes: Mi-ma-sa Her-Very-Own (personal name) MAD 3 p. 179 (OAkk.); mì-mì ša šēbulim šēbilam send me all my goods that are to be sent BIN 4 229:9; bītum ša kīam mi-im-mu-šu šuklulu a temple whose appurtenances are as perfect (as those any other king had built) Borger Einleitung 1 9 ii 8 (Šamši-Adad I); ana mi-im-mu-šu īnka la tana[š]ši do not covet his property

mimmû mimmû

TCL 18 122:20; ana mi-im-mu-ia nīdi ahī arašši I will neglect my own concerns PBS 7 94:16; because the god has accepted your (pl.) prayer awīlû attunuma rašiātunu miim-mu-ku-nu ana panīšu ittallak and you, as gentlemen, have become rich, your possessions prosper TLB 4 52:21; sunniqšuma mi-im-mu-ka leqe press him hard and take what belongs to you ABIM 9:28; ana mi-immu-ia šutahluqim tazzaz you are set to ruin my property PBS 7 94:14, cf. mì-im-me-e mala ippû ibid. 11, cf. ibid. 30, CT 4 36a:18, OECT 3 83:34 and 41, mi-im-ma-a TIM 2 16:54, mi-im-mu-ša BE 6/1 95:22, and passim in OB letters; mi-im-mu-šu halqu his lost property CH § 9:1, § 22:32 and 43, § 125:4, 126:9, 11, 15; kala mi-im-ma-šu Wiseman Alalakh 16:9, cf. kala mi-ma-šu-ma ibid. 17, also 20; aššum mi-im-me-šu-ma ... ilgēšunu ibid. 17:12f. (all MB); qadu mātikunu qadu aššātiku: nu u qadu mim-mu-ku-nu with your land, your wives, and your possessions KBollr. 60, and passim in Bogh. in this formula; (ana) mi-im-mu-šu-nu la taqarrib do not touch their property KBo 114:16 and 18; mim-mu-šu-nu ša PN gabbišunu itbalma ... eltege as Akkadogram: QA-DU MIM-MU-3:15; GA(var. -KA) Friedrich Staatsverträge p. 82 vi 35, jiltequ šarru mim-mi-ia u mim-me PN ajakam the king has taken my property, but where is the property of PN? EA 254:26, ef. jilqi šarru mi-im-mi-ia EA 118:19; PN qadu mi-am-mi-šu EA 132:18, cf. qadugabbi mi-im-mi-ia.HI.A EA 141:27, qadu mi-im-mi.HI.A EA 142:28, also qadu mi-immi-šu EA 117:28, 132:18, qadu mi-im-mi-šunu EA 105:28, qadu mi-im-mu-šu-nu 17:20,  $[kal]i\ mi-im-mi-[i]a\ EA\ 105:81;\ mi=$ nummê eqlātija bītātija mi-im-mu-ia all my lands, houses, and possessions RA 23 143 No. 5:8, cf. HSS 9 22:8; šumma mi-im-mu-šu ša PN ihalliqu ibašši HSS 9 34:30 (Nuzi); adi eqlišu u bītišu u mi-i-mu-ú-šu ga-bi-e KAJ 6:9, cf. mi-mu-šu gab-ba KAJ 101:20; ina bītišu ina mi-mu-[šu] KAJ 58:21; kî šaparti mìmu-šu zakua ukâl he holds all his unencumbered property as pledge KAJ 29:17, cf. KAJ 67:15; kattu še'i mì-mu-šu zakû KAJ 65:19; kīma mê ṣāmi mi-im-mu-ú-š[a] her posses-

sions are (as desirable) as water for the thirsty MIO 12 50 r. 12 (OB lit.); ša mim-mani (var.: [mi-i]m-ma-ni) ișu ana ma' $d\bar{e}$ utirru who turns our poverty into riches En. el. VII 22; ēpiš nišī ina mim-mi-šú-un fashioning men out of their (the gods') substance En. el. VII 90; zu'uzu mim-ma-a-a distributed are my possessions Lambert BWL 34:99 (Ludlul I), cf. mi-im-ma-ki muttal= likam Lambert BWL 156 r. 3; šarû ša dun: namâ ileggu mim-mu-ú-šú the rich take away the possessions of the weak CT 46 45 ii 4, see Iraq 27 4 ii 4: mi-im-mu-ú-šu dannu ikkalma a powerful person will enjoy his possessions YOS 10 54 r. 20, ef. mi-im-maibid. 21 (OB physiogn.); šu danna ikkimma šarrum mi-ma-šu waqram ušessi will sell a precious possession of his YOS 10 61:6 (OB ext.); KUR mim-ma-šá izzib country will abandon all its belongings Köcher BAM 1 iv 18; NÍG.BI AL.TUR his possessions will diminish CT 40 10 i 20, cf. Níg-šu igam= mar ibid. 32 r. 25, NÍG.NAM-šú TIL CT 39 7 K.3900:1 (SB Alu); mim-mu-šú ana panīšu illak his possessions will prosper Labat Calendrier § 1:10, § 5:8; mim-mu-šú ZÀH CT 38 28:30 and 40 13:26; ahušu mim-mu-šú itabbal CT 28 40 K.6286+ r. 15 (all SB Alu); šú  $i\text{-}ka\text{-}dir \not\parallel i\text{-}ka\text{-}sar \not\parallel i\text{-}ka\text{-}si$  Kraus Texte 3b ii 46; nakru ahû liza'iza mim-mu-ku-un may an enemy, a foreigner, divide your possessions Wiseman Treaties 430; give them kurummassunu u mim-ma-šú-nu ša ina mak:  $k\bar{u}ri$  their food and their possessions that are (kept) in the treasury TCL 9 111:11, cf. (in similar context) BIN 1 25:21; bitu eqlu u mimmu-šú mala bašû ša āli u ṣēri maškanu house, land, and whatever property he (owns) in the city and abroad are pledged AnOr 8 4:7, and passim in NB leg., cf. mim-mu-šú ina āli u ṣēri maškanu TuM 2-3 113:9, mim-ma-šú gabbi maškanu VAS 4 119:12; ahi nudunnî u ahi mim-ma-šú mala bašû (she handed over in a contract) part of her dowry and part of all her (other) possessions TCL 13 174:3, cf. GIŠ.ŠUB.BA.MEŠ-ni u mim-mu-ni mala bašû kunukma panīšu šudgil Hebraica 3 15:9; bītu ša ina GN u mim-ma-šú-nu ša harrāni the house in GN and their property

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which is en route overland Dar. 379:65; mim-ma-šú-nu ina pani aḥāmeš jānu Dar. 287:5; mim-ma-ku-nu ša elat ša šarri UET 4 194:11; mim-mu-šú ana pirku la inašši he must not take his property away illegally TCL 9 125:20, cf. ibid. 9, mim-mu-šú mamma la inaššu ibid. 130:18, also YOS 3 129:17, mim-mu-šú la inanši BIN 1 14:14; mim-mu-šú mala taššú terrima innaššu BIN 1 73:26, mim-mu-šú mala našú išámma TCL 9 107:14 (all NB); rēš mim-mi-e-a (var. mi-im-me-e-a) damqa my most precious possessions VAB 4 168 B vii 15 (Nbk.), cf. rēš mim-ma-a-a damqa ibid. 262 i 21 (Nbn.).

- everything, something, anything a) in gen.: mi-im-mu-ú Emarî u Halabaji ušettequninnima they (now) make me let everything (belonging to merchants) from Emar and Halab pass CT 2 20:14, see Frankena, AbB 2 84; neither the millstone, the bowl, the bed u mi-im-me-e aḥātija ... la elqûma nor anything else belonging to my sister have I taken PBS 8/1 82:7; in difficult ina dīnātim mì-im-me-e aš-li-im context: PBS 7 94:20 (all OB); as Akkadogram in Hitt.: MI-IM-ME-E AN-NU-UT-TIM Güterbock Siegel 1 mim-mu-ú (var. mim-mu) iṣṣūrāt p. 48; šamāme ūridamma all kinds of birds descended from the sky Bab. 12 pl. 5 K.2527 r. 13, etc. (Etana); mim-mu-ú šēri ina namāri when the first (lit. any) light of the morning appeared Gilg. VIII i 1, ii 23, iii 8, v 45, also XI 96; nišē māt Elamti ana mim-me-e itūru what has become of the people of Elam? Streck Asb. 44 v 26; if the south wind blows and peels the plaster off a temple (wall), destroys the wall of a temple u mim-mu-ú bīt ili išbir or breaks anything belonging to the temple CT 40 40 r. 73 and dupl. TCL 6 9:18.
- b) with suffixes: mim-ma-su la ti-su you have nothing (left) of it Gelb OAIC 8:14 (OAkk.); mi-ma-a PN illikamma PN came here (about) something concerning me TCL 14 15:14, see J. Lewy, RA 35 90 n. 2; kīma têrz taka mi-ma-a-ša la ašmeu VAT 9301:13 (all OA); adi balṭat mi-im-mu-ša anniam qāssama ukâl as long as she lives she holds

possession of everything listed here as belonging to her CT 45 34:17 (OB); mi-im-ma-šu ul ileqqe UCP 9 377:43 (OB smoke omens); É-šu URU.KI.DIDLI-šu eperīšu u mi-im-mu-ú-šu his house, his manors, his land, and whatever else belongs to him Wiseman Alalakh 6:8 ten teams, ten chariots qadu mimwith what belongs with them mu-šu-nu (in greeting formulas after list EA 19:84; of members of the family) ana narkabātika ana sīsêka ana ummānika ana mātika u ana mim-mu-ka danniš danniš lu šulmu ibid. 8, and passim in such contexts; 1 giš [...]-su ša giš.gigir mi-im-mu-šu laššu wooden [...] of a chariot, incomplete KAJ 310:9 (MA); lilqe mi-im-ma-ki let her take what belongs to you (fem.) VAS 10 214 vi 46 (OB Agušaja); who scatters their work la ēzibu mim-mì-šú-un not sparing any of them En. el. VII 49, cf. ana la așē mi-im $me-\check{s}a$  (vars.:  $mim-mi-\check{s}\acute{a}$ ,  $mim-mi-\check{s}[\acute{u}]$ ) not to let any part of her escape En. el. IV 42; atar mim-mu-šu everything about him is outstanding En. el. I 92; ina bīti šuātu ri= dūssu ireddīma mim-mu-šú ul innezzib when he takes it over as heir, nothing in that house which belongs to him will be left KAR 376:44, dupl. Boissier DA 5:33; be it their children or the children of their children or their brothers lu mārē ahhēšunu lu mim-mašú-nu or the children of their brothers or anybody related to them ADD 318 r. 2; mimmu-šú ana tanādāti iššakkan (apod.) Thompson Rep. 215 r. 4; mim-ma-a mala a-mur [...] TCL 9 106:23 (NB).

c) in the expression mimmašama (OA only): atta matīma mì-ma-ša-ma têrtaka la illikam why does no report at all ever come here from you? TCL 14 12:11, cf. mì-ma-ša-ma la taštapram TCL 19 38:7, cf. also ibid. 73:5, 80:29 and TCL 14 15:37, mì-ma-ša-ma tēmka šupram OIP 27 6:16; miššu ša mì-ma-ša-ma la ašammeu how is it that I do not hear anything? RA 51 2 HG 74:3; atta mì-ma-ša-ma la tutaeram you have returned nothing to me CCT 3 41b:4; [mì]-ma ša Ālim mì-ma-ša-ma ša tašammeu whatever you hear from the City, all of it TCL 19 14:32.

min minde

in relative constructions: mi-mu-ú ilqû Syria 5 270:18 (OB Hana); mi-im-mu tušaddinu YOS 2 111:16 (OB let.); zakût ālišu tamirtišu u mim-mu iddinušu MDP 2 pl. 22 iii 45 (MB kudurru); [in]a mim-mu-ú akpudu concerning whatever I have planned (give a decision) JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 3 r. 10; mimmu-ú  $\bar{e}pu$ šu ... lišlim whatever I have done should succeed AAA 22 p. 44 ii 13 and 48 iii 20; mim-mu-ú attunu tēpuša Maqlu I 39ff.; mimmu-ú ēpušu lu kušīru ibid. VII 21; mim-mu-ú abannû anāku whatever I create 128, III 63 and 121, cf. mi-im-mu Tiāmat ik= pudu ibid. II 10, also mim-mu-ú (var. dmuum-mu-ú) ikpudu ibid. I 55; mim-mu-ú atta tagabbû i nîpuš nîni ibid. V 116; mim-mu-ú anandinaššu STT 28 i 37 (Nergal and Ereškigal), see Gurney, AnSt 10 110, also i 55 and ii 38; mim-mu-ú mala ana ilija ... ahtû 6:10 and dupl., see Ebeling Handerhebung 36:13; mim-mu-ú igabbû imaššu he forgets everything he said Labat TDP 182:49; mim-mu-u ammaru ul ezzib TuL p. 13 ii 8; mim-mu-ú ina surrikun ibšû linnepuš Borger Esarh. 82 r. 17, cf. mim-mu-u DN ina libbišu ibšû ibid. 85 r. 37; mim-mu-u ēteppušu VAB 4 188 ii 43, and passim in Nbk., also 270 ii 41, etc. (Nbn.); im-mu-ú PN ... ušannû kīnātima whatever PN has reported is correct TCL 13 219:12, dupl. Nbn. 720:15.

3. share, portion (of property, wr. níg, Nuzi only): [ina] eqlāti bītāti 1-en níg ilegge she takes one share from the fields and the houses HSS 5 67:29, cf. 1-en Nígšú ana PN iddin ibid. 7; minummê egel tidenni kalummānija 1 Níg-ia puḥrija ana PN addin ibid. 66:9; minummê mimmu šunšu 1-en níg ina bītātija JEN 435:36; miim-ma 1 nío uštu bitija la ušessû she must not remove any share (of property) from my house JEN 444:16; minummê eqlāti u bītāti mi-am-mu šunšu 1-en Níg HA.LA-šú ina bītāti ša PN ileqqe JEN 435:29, cf. ibid. 23f.; x šE kima níg.meš-šu-nu ša leqû x barley which was received according to their (individual) portions (end of a list of barley rations) HSS 14 47:32.

min see minu interr.

mina see minu interr.

minam see minu interr.

mīnamma see mīnu interr.

minammê see minummê.

minammi see minu interr.

minānu (AHw. 655a) see šamnānu.

mindānu s.; (a commodity?); NB.

[x] mi-in-da-nu kūmu sibti [u] udê siparri — m. paid instead of taxes and bronze utensils TuM 2-3 268 r. 13.

mindatu see middatu.

minde (midde) adv.; perhaps, possibly, who knows?, who can say?; OB, MB, Bogh., EA, SB, NB; cf.  $id\hat{u}$ .

i.gi.in.zu = mìn-de, tu-ša-ma Izi V 29 f.: i.gi.in.zu = ap-pu-na, mìn-de, ma-an-da, ki-a-am, tu-ša-ma, tu-uš-ša-ma-ki, šu-uš-ša-ma, ú-ka-a, lama-tar, pi-qa, pi-qat ZA 9 159 i 1ff. (group voc.).

ga. $^{ga.x}$ nam =  $mi\cdot in\cdot de$ ,  $tu\cdot \delta a\cdot ma$ ,  $u\cdot qa$ ,  $pi\cdot qa$ , ga.nam.me(!). $a = pi\cdot qa\cdot ma$  Izi V 160ff.; ga. nam, i.gi. $[in.zu] = mi\cdot [in\cdot de]$ ,  $tu\cdot \delta [a\cdot ma]$  NBGT III ii 19-22; ga. $nam = pi\cdot qa$ ,  $min\cdot [de]$ ,  $u\cdot [q]a$ ,  $tu\cdot \delta a\cdot [ma]$ ,  $ap\cdot pu\cdot [na]$  NBGT IX 265ff.;  $nam.ga = min (=tu\cdot \delta a\cdot ma)$ ,  $mi\cdot in\cdot de$ ,  $ap\cdot pu\cdot na$ ,  $pi\cdot qat$  NBGT IV 12ff.

e.en.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) = ki-ma ka-a-am like you, e.en.te.e.àm = me-nu-u MIN, mi-in-da MIN Izi D iv 25 ff.

a) in OB: mi-in-de PN illakamma balu išálanni ušessúšu who knows? PN will come and they will let him (this slave) go without asking me Kraus AbB 1 39:7; mi-de amatum mahritum ina libbika ibbalakkat possibly the previous affair will penetrate your heart mi-id-de aššum awatim ša ibid. 119:16; tašmea ummami who can say whether you (pl.) may say as follows with regard to the matter you heard about ibid. 135:6; mi-di kīam tagabbi ibid. 37:8, also VAS 16 129:20; mi-in-de kurummatam ihaššehu perhaps they need food VAS 16 162:13; mi-in-de GIŠ.AB.BA isakkipam who can say whether he will transport kušabku-logs here TCL 17 16:20: mi-de UD.1.KAM takallaššunūti posminde minde

sibly you will delay them for (another) day Fish Letters 15:29, cf. aššum GUD.APIN.HI.A ... mi-de šitappurumma taštanappar 16:15; mi-de awatumma ul allikam who can say whether it was of importance that I did not come? TIM 2 99:13; u mi-de annikiam i-ba-u(!)-ka-a-ma but who can say whether they will overtake you here? YOS 2 83:18; mi-id-de ana ilkim išannanušu TIM 2 109:9; difficult: mi-de ina šīmtija ublam perhaps I will have been carried away by my fate (by that time) ibid. 129:20 (= Sumer 15 pl. 8), ef. mi-di DN mi-di DN, luqbi lu-ta-ú ibid. 14; mi-in-de PN eqelšu inaddīma adīni(?) ul ušēsiaššu possibly PN neglects his field, (anyhow) he did not yet(?) lease it Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 15:7, cf. PBS 7 84:17; u mi-in-de-ma-an  $šit\bar{u}l$  ina  $libbi <math>\langle ja \rangle$ ibšû ina libbi PN ibšīma who can say whether the considerations which I made are the same PN made? Bagh. Mitt. 2 57 ii 13; mi-di-ma-an  $an\bar{a}ku$  ul  $[i\check{s}(?)]$ -meIM 67230:20 (OB let., courtesy H. al-Adhami); obscure: a-na mi-di wāṣītum iparras TLB 4 11:46;  $\hat{I}$ -li-mi-de (personal name) PBS 8/1 3:4.

- b) in Mari, Shemshara: mi-id-de awatam ana bēltija [u]tēru possibly they have reported news to my lady ARM 10 152 r. 12', see RA 52 175; I said to myself mi-de-e tuppātim ajēšma ušettequ perhaps they smuggle letters elsewhere RA 64 104:26 (Mari let.); mi-de mamman ul iqabbiakkum perhaps nobody will tell you Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 83 SH 822:37.
- c) in MB: mi-in-de še.numun kî iddinuni ana āli kî uze'izu ul ašbāku who can say whether I was present when they distributed the field to the town? PBS 1/2 47:3, cf. (in broken context) ibid. 40:14, 42:24, mi-in-dema BE 17 53:26; my brother has not sent me a woman mi-in-de atta sal ul tušēbila who can say you did not send me a woman? EA 4:20; mi-in-de-e-ma ana ahūzati kî aš: [purakku] perhaps I wrote to you about the marriage ibid. 23 (MB royal); in personal names: Mìn-de-iballut Perhaps-It-Will-Live PBS 2/2 24:7, see Stamm Namengebung 161, cf. Peiser Urkunden 87:4 and 18.

- d) in EA, Bogh.: mi-in-de mārat 1-en muškēni ... u mi-in-de ša GN perhaps the daughter of a commoner or of a man from Ugarit EA 1:37 and 39; mi-en-ti šarrāni ša limī[tika n]a-ru-ti ra-bu-ti (obscure) ibid. 56 (let. from Egypt); mi-in-du-ma āšipu mīt possibly the conjurer is dead KBo 1 10 r. 45.
- e) in lit.: mi-in-de PN ša kīma kâti ina *ṣēri iwwalid* who can tell whether one like you, Gilgāmeš, was born in the steppe? Gilg. P. i 17 (OB); mi-in-de atta tagattur CT 46 44 ii 7 (OB lit.), cf. ibid. 11; min-de inanna ra: šâta libba possibly you will become courageous now Tn.-Epic "iii" 21; difficult: miin-ti bēlī ú-ša-du-ka ušēbirunikku ṣābē ilika VAS 12 193 r. 19 (šar tamhāri), see Güterbock, JCS 18 5 n. 62; min-de-ma (var. min-de-[e]-ma) atta šemāta amatni perhaps you yourself might hear our complaint Cagni Erra I 80; min-dema (var. mìn-de-e-ma) anāku ina hitti maḥrî ahsusa lemutti admittedly I plotted evil on the occasion of (my) previous misdeed ibid. V 6, also min-de-ma (var. min-sde]-e-ma) enna nūḥamma nizziza maḥarka ibid. 18; la turrad abī min-de ina libbi rīmi annê sēru rabis do not alight, my father, perhaps a snake is lying inside that bull Bab. 12 pl. 5 r. 19, also AfO 14 pl. 9 ii 5 (Etana); mìn-de-ma who can say whether it is Enkidu? PNJNES 11 140:6 (Gilg.); mi-in-de-e-ma annû muna'i[ru?] perhaps this man is a murderer(?) Gilg. X i 13; difficult: min-de-ma RN ... aggiš īzizma ana GN išakkanu tajartu (see aggiš usage b) OIP 2 82:40 (Senn.); mi-[i]n-de and ma-[...](Sum. broken. parallel: tu-ša) Lambert BWL 265:15.
- f) in early NB:  $min_4$ -de-e-ma šarru ... iqabbi perhaps the king will say (as follows) ABL 281 r. 3, also ABL 459:11, r. 8, 468:4, 764 r. 5, 804:13, 833:17, 1006 r. 7 (= Thompson Rep. 268), 1136 r. 5, cf. min-de-e-ma taqabbā ABL 403:19, 1411:12, wr.  $min_4$ -de-e-ma ABL 576 r. 16; min-de-e-ma dibbīja nazrūti ina ekalli idabbub who can tell whether he spreads insults against me in the palace ABL 511 r. 5; min-de-e-ma DN ippušma perhaps Bēl will act ABL 844 r. 5, cf.  $min_4$ -de-e-ma ilāni ... ippušuma ABL 281 r. 8;  $min_4$ -de-e-ma GN

mindinu mindu B

ana muhhini illakuni perhaps the Elamites will march against us ABL 1114 r. 15; do not know whether or not the eclipse took place, the lord should send word to Assur and every town, Babylon, Nippur, Uruk, and Borsippa min-de-e-ma ina libbi ālāni annûti ītamaru perhaps they have observed (it) in these cities ABL 895:9 (= Thompson Rep. 274); mìn-de-e-ma pirșatu šî perhaps this is just a lie ABL 1237:14; minde-ma ilu šû hapû ša GN iqtabi who knows, that god has (perhaps) predicted the destruction of Babylonia ABL 1165 r. 1, cf. minde-e-ma DN u DN<sub>2</sub> [...]  $iqtab\hat{u}$  ABL 914 r. 15, cf. also ABL 897 r. 11, 1074 r. 12; min-de-e-ma erēbi ana GN ibašši Iraq 27 30 No. 83:18.

For CT 18 1 c 2 (Malku III 104) see minsu.

Landsberger, ZA 37 82, OLZ 1923 73; von Soden, Or. NS 18 385ff.; Wilcke, JNES 27 229ff.

mindinu (middinu, mandinu) s.; tiger(?); OB, SB; wr. syll. and UR.ŠUB<sub>x</sub>(<sup>ZI</sup>.LAGAB).

 $\begin{array}{lll} [\mathrm{ur.x}] &=& [\mathit{ma-a}]\mathit{n-di-nu}, & \mathrm{ur.\check{s}ub_x(^{\mathrm{ZI}}_{\mathrm{ZI}}LAGAB)} \\ &=& \mathit{min-di-nu}, \ \mathrm{ur.\check{s}ub_x.kud.da} = \mathit{du-ma-mu} & \mathrm{Hh.} \\ \mathrm{XIV} \ 74\mathrm{a-76}; & \mathrm{ku\check{s}.ur.\check{s}ub_x} &=& \mathrm{Min} \ (=& \mathit{ma\check{s}ak}) \ \mathit{min} \\ \mathrm{(var.} \ \mathit{min)-di-ni} & \mathrm{Hh.} \ \mathrm{XI} \ 27; \ \mathrm{ug} \ \mathrm{ug} &=& \mathit{mi-in-te-mu} \\ \mathrm{Sa} \ \mathrm{Voc.} \ \mathrm{L} \ 7' \ (\mathrm{from} \ \mathrm{Bogh.}). \end{array}$ 

(šu-ub) šá UR. $^{21}_{21}$ .LAGAB mìn-di-ni || la-ra-an-dutum Comm. A to A III/1:43,cf. mìn-di-nu = nim-ri App. 16; šub šá  $\langle$ UR $\rangle$ - $^{21}_{21}$ .LAGAB né-e-šá  $\langle$ || $\rangle$  mìn-dan-nu Comm. B to A III/1:27; mìn-di-nu || la-ra-an-du Izbu Comm. 214.

 $nimram mi-in-di-\langle na \rangle-am$ in gen.: sēru ibāramma the serpent caught a panther and a tiger(?) Bab. 12 pl. 13:10 (OB Etana); [a]na rimmātija igruru nimru mi-di-nu lābu at my (the dog's) roar panther, tiger(?), lion, (and) cat run away BWL 192:23 (fable of the fox); libkīka asu būṣu nimru min-di(var. -dan)-nu lulimu dumāmu nēšu rīmu ajalu turāļu būlu nammaššû ša *ṣēri* (for translat. see *lulīmu* mng. la) Gilg. VIII 16, see JCS 8 92; [adūk]a asa būṣa nēša nimri min-di-na ajala turāha būla u nam:  $mašš\hat{e} \ ša \ [s\bar{e}ri] \ Gilg. X v 31; \ [ana ...] x$ nim-ri bu-u-şi min-di-ni ú-šá-la uş-şi x [...] he sharpened the arrows [to kill] panthers, hyenas, tigers(?) K.8414:17; UR mi-in-di-naáš baltūti ina qātē uṣabbita I myself caught tigers(?) alive AKA 202 iv 35 (Asn.), cf. mi-dini.MEŠ (between nimru and asu) AKA 141 iv 23 (Tigl. I); [ni]m-ru min-di-nu umām ṣēri u šadî ahû K.2608+:40 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); šumma laḥru UR.ŠUB<sub>x</sub> ulid Leichty Izbu V 97.

b) in comparisons: šumma izbum mi-dinu-um if the newborn (looks like) a tiger(?) YOS 10 56 iii 33 (OB), see Leichty Izbu p. 207:51, for comm., see lex. section; [... kīma] barbari iṣṣabat pâ kīma mìn-di-i-na iṣṣabat laḥēšu AMT 27,5:3, restored from dupl. Köcher BAM 28 r. 4, 29:21, also, wr. kî mìndi-ni W 22315:70 (courtesy H. Hunger).

Probably a foreign word, note the ending -áš in AKA 202 iv 35 cited usage a.

Landsberger Fauna 77, 83f.

mindiu s.; (a musical instrument); lex.\*; Sum. lw.(?).

[...] GIŠ.ŠU.GÁL = min-di-ú Diri III 53, for context see MSL 6 p. 119.

mindu A s.; measurement, measured amount, ration; LB; cf. madādu.

uṭṭatu ša mi-in-da ša bīt karê measured amounts of barley from the storehouse TuM 2-3 233:1; silver ina mi-in-di-šú-nu BRM 1 99:6; x silver for the millers ina mi-in-di-šú-nu ša ... šatti annīti CT 49 158:7, also ibid. 150:9.

See also mindu A in bēl mindi.

mindu A in bel mindi s.; quarter-master(?); LB; cf. madādu.

IM PN u PN<sub>2</sub> LÚ.EN.MEŠ mìn-du ša sirašê ana tupšarrī ša Ezida letter of PN and PN<sub>2</sub>, the quartermasters(?) of the brewers, to the scribes of Ezida CT 49 1:2, 2:2, wr. mìn-di ibid. 3:2, and passim; IM PN LÚ.EN mìn-du ša sirašê ibid. 16:1, 18:2; PN EN mìn-du ibid. 35:1, 40:1; IM PN LÚ.EN mi-in-du u LÚ rab banê ana PN LÚ.NAGAR.U<sub>5</sub> CT 49 125:1, but note PN LÚ mi-in-du ibid. 124:1; IM LÚ. UNKIN ša ... LÚ.EN mi-in-du ša tupšar UD. AN.[den.Líl] u DN ibid. 181:3.

(Oelsner, ZA 61 165f.)

mindu B s.; (a plant); SB.\*

minduḥru minītu

mìn-da tābila tuṭappīma ina'eš you .... dry m. (on his eyes) and he will get well Köcher BAM 159 iv 21.

The ref. in Köcher BAM may belong to  $su\bar{a}du$ , q.v.

minduḥru (midduḥru) s.; residue, dregs; MA, SB; foreign word.

You strain the oil through the cloth into the flask tištiša u mi-du-uh-ra [ša i]na ildi diqāri irīhūni tunakkar you discard the sediment and (other) residue which remain at the bottom of the flask KAR 220 iv 6, cf., wr. mi-in-du-uh-ra ibid. i 11, ii 10, see Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 28ff.; when a stallion has urinated on a road sihir mi-du-'-[ri] šīnātišu teleqqi take the soil with the residue of his urine (and mix it in beer) Köcher BAM 272:8, see Biggs Šaziga p. 53.

mini see minu interr.

minihû s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

[KA]K.tar.ri = mi-ni-hu-[u] (in section dealing with  $\delta am\hat{u}$ ,  $\delta umm\hat{u}$  to cook) Nabnitu XXIII 169.

minim see minu interr.

minimini see menimēni.

minimma see minummê.

minimma see minu interr.

mīnimmi see mīnu interr.

minītu (manītu) s.; 1. normal size of an object, normal number, normal length of time, normal (i.e., computed) moment in time, amount, number, length, accounting, 2. (in pl.) limbs, body, shape, size, proportions, health; from OB on; pl. minītu (Mari minētu, manītu CT 3 4:52, TCL 17 14 r. 8, SLB 1 149:11), mināti; wr. syll. and šid, (in mng. 2) ub.nigin/nigin.na; cf. manû v.

x.[x].búr = MIN (= šá-pa-ku) šá mi-na-[a]-tiNabnitu K 70.

šid.dè an.ki.a la.ba.an.šid.meš: ina mina-at šamė erseti [...] ul im-man-nu-ú šu-[nu] they (the demons) will not be counted at the accounting of heaven and netherworld KAR 24:16.

sim-mu-u = mi-na-a-tú Malku VIII 163; me-na-tú, zumru = ra-ma-nu LTBA 2 2:160 and dupl.

3 iii 14f.; mi-ni-tu VAT 14258+ i 6 (comm.).

- normal size of an object, normal number, normal length of time, normal (i.e., computed) moment in time, amount, number, length, accounting (mainly in pl.) — a) normal size of an object, a part of the body: if the oil produces a bubble (šulmu) e-li mi-ni-sal-ti-šu irtabi and it grows abnormally large CT 55:49, cf. CT 33:31, cf. also eli ma-ni-a-tim sihhiru ibid. 4:52 (OB oil omens); šumma BI.RI eli mi-ni-a-ti-šu irabbi RA 67 44:43 (OB ext.); if a man's penis UGU mi-na-ti-šà gíd.da is abnormally long MDP 14 p. 56 r. i 19 (dream omens); if the liver UGU šid.meš-šú gal is abnormally large (contrasted with TUR-ir) TCL 61:4; if the "path" UGU ŠID.MEŠ- $\check{s}\acute{u}$  GAL-bi CT 20 45 ii 26, also ibid. 27 K.219 ii 13, cf. (in similar phrases) ibid. 45:31 and 36, PRT 130:1, Boissier DA 8 r. 19, (beside TUR) CT 31 25 Sm. 1365:4 and 7, etc.; if the intestinal coils ugu šid.meš-šú ikbiru are abnormally thick BRM 4 13:19 (all SB ext.); šēpāšu ana mi-na-ti-šú (var. mi-ni-a-ti- $\check{s}\check{u}$ ) GÍD.DA.MEŠ (= arraka) CT 31 30:11 and 31:20, also (with ma-'-ta, var. LÁ.MEŠ) ibid. 30:12, CT 41 9:11, CT 28 19:9ff., see Meissner, AfO 9 120f. (behavior of sacrificial lamb); qaq=  $qassu\ ana\ mi-e-na-ti-šu\ [\ldots]$  (if) his head is abnormally [...] King Hittite Texts 41:4, see Weidner, AfO 15 102 (physiogn.);  $\bar{\imath}n\bar{a}\check{s}u$  ... eli mi-na-te-ši-na DUGUD AMT 13,1 ii 3 + 18,2:3.
- b) normal number: šumma eššebū e-li mi-na-ti-šú-nu imtīdu if the eššebu-birds increase abnormally CT 39 27:17f., cf. (with ma'du) ibid. 19 (SB Alu).
- c) normal strength, measure: šumma ersetu UGU mi-na-ti-šá irūb if there is an abnormally strong earthquake RA 34 2:19 and 27, cf. ACh Supp. 2 100:14, also DIŠ rību ... UGU mi-na-ti-šu īrur RA 34 2:17 (Nuzi); [šumma inbū] ... eli mi-na-ti-šu-nu

minītu minītu

(var. omits -nu) ītešru if the fruit trees thrive abnormally CT 39 8 K.8406:4 (8B Alu); uncert.: tillūšu sú-ur-ri eli dūrišu mi-ne-tumma ARM 1 39:12; ina qarbātim ú-ṣi mi-na-at ma-[...] SEM 117 iii 22 (MB lit.).

- d) normal (i.e., computed) moment in time: DIŠ ina la ŠID.MEŠ-šú-nu Sin [u Šamaš itti ahāmeš igi.meš] if the moon and the sun are in opposition on an unexpected day LBAT 1526:9, also Thompson Rep. 119:4, ACh Sin 4:11, Supp. 2 Sin 18 r. 9, etc.; DIŠ Sin ina la mi-na-ti-šú IGI ACh Supp. 2 Sin 2:25ff., and dupl. LBAT 1527:3ff., also LBAT 1531:20, cf. Thompson Rep. 85:2; if in MN ina la mina-ti-šú an.mi gar ACh Supp. 2 Sin 20:41, cf., wr. ina NU ŠID.MEŠ-šú LKU 108:3f., see Leibovici, RA 51 21, also LKU 107:5, 115:16, Thompson Rep. 271 r. 14; DIŠ ūmu ana šID.MEŠšú īrik if the daylight hours are longer than normal (for the time of year) ABL 1373:4, 1410:3, ACh Adad 33:26, Thompson Rep. 1:4, 2:3, 7:3, and passim; MUL  $la \text{ §ID.ME§} = Salbat\bar{a}nu$ CT 26 42 ii 22, see Weidner Handbuch p. 9; šum= ma Sin ina la mi-na-ti-šú biblu ubil Thompson Rep. 85:2 and 85A:1; exceptionally in sing.: warhum e-li mi-ni-tim ud.3.kam illik the month has gone on for three days beyond its (computed) moment (in Mari it is already the third full day of the new month) ARMT 13 29:5.
- e) amount, number, length, accounting: kaspam ana ma-ni-a-ti-ku-nu ... dinama give the silver according to the amount you establish TCL 17 14 r. 8, cf. wool ana mani-a-at lubūš [GÉME(?)] idin TLB 1 149:11 (both OB), for parallels see minûtu mng. la; ištēt sikkat ṣēli ša imitti ana mi-na-at kišib. MEŠ kajamānūti ētiq one of the ribs to the right exceeds the number of normal vertebrae CT 31 48 K.6720+ r.(!) 9; šumma tīrānu ... 10 šid-šú-nu if the intestinal coils are ten in number Boissier Choix 88 K.3832:1ff., also ibid. 89 K.4045:1ff., 93 K.4007:3ff., PRT 21 r. 13, 44 r. 14, 115 r. 8, 130 r. 2, and passim, cf. if the intestinal coils ina šid.meššú-nu (var. šid-šú-nu) narpašá ublūni predict a calamity due to their number CT 20 46 ii 57, var. from Boissier DA 231 r. 36; there

should be (at least) twelve coils of the intestines mi-na-tim lu wasbu (even) increased in number RA 38 85f. r. 18 (OB ext. šarru ina ekallišu ana šid arhi prayer); the king will be confined in his  $\bar{u}tassar$ palace the length of a month Thompson Rep. 82 r. 2, also ACh Sin 4:18, wr. mi-na-at Thompson Rep. 166:7; mi-na-at arhi UD.30.KAM ušallamma it (the moon) will make the length of the month the full thirty days Thompson Rep. 5:3, also 11:3, 36:3, ACh Šamaš who establishes(?) Adad 33:26f.; [m]i-na-at  $\bar{u}mi$  ITI.l.KAM MU.l.KAM length of day, month (and) year KBo 1 12 obv.(!) 13, see Ebeling, Or. NS 23 213; may Nabû šid.me ūmēšu gíd.me lugúd.me shorten the span of his (allotted) future days No. 34:19, cf.  $Nab\hat{u}$  ... mi-na-a-ta  $\bar{u}m\bar{e}\check{s}u$ GÍD.DA.MEŠ likarri YOS 1 43:18; ir-ti mi-naa-te utirma (in difficult context) MCT 140 W 12, see Borger, BiOr 14 194 K.8865+ r. 16; rarely in sing.: great quantities of fruit ša mini-tu la išû beyond numbering (Sar.); mi-ni-tú attalīšu ana muhhi šūti u amurri iltahat the extent of its (the moon's) eclipse was withdrawn toward the southwest ABL 1006:8 (= Thompson Rep. 268); ina muhhi mi-ni-ti ša Lú ša pani ekalli laddinšina I will deliver them (the cedar logs) on top of the number (to be delivered by/to) the palace overseer ABL 467 r. 11 (NA).

2. (in pl.) limbs, body (sum of all parts of the body), shape, size, proportions, health — a) limbs: šû ina gatti u ina šid.meš-šu šuklulu he who is perfect in body and limbs BBR No. 24:28 and 30; qātāšu u šēpāšu ik= kalašu mi-na-tu-šú tabka zumuršu šimmata irtanašši his hands and feet hurt him, his limbs collapse, his body is paralyzed Jastrow, Transactions of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia 1913 399:37;  $qabl\bar{a}šu$   $mi-na-tu-\check{s}\acute{u}$  ik=kalašu his hips (and) his limbs hurt him AMT 41,1:44, also AMT 43,6:1; unīš irtija usahhila mi-na-te-ia CT 46 49 i 12, cf. alû di'u u tānīhu la'buinni [šu]-x mi-na-ti-mu BMS 12:51, restored from unpub. dupl., see Iraq 31 87; mi-na-tu-šú manga his limbs are stiff AMT cf. [mi]-ni-a-tu-šú ma-an-ga 90,1 r. iii 24,

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KUB 37 194:6; mi-na-tu-šú DUB.DUB irassu u šašallūšu ikkalušu AII-šú [...] ikkalašu his limbs collapse, his chest and neck hurt him, his hands [and feet] hurt him AMT 40,5:14, cf. (if a man's)  $mi-na-tu-\check{s}\check{u}$ DUB.DUB idāšu kimsāšu u birkāšu [...] AMT 31,1:1, also mi-na-tu-šú dub.dub-ak Köcher BAM 234:7, mi-na-tu-šú kima marşi DUB.MEŠ-ka ibid. 319:1, UB.NIGIN.NA-Šú iššappaka Labat TDP 190:21, mi-na-tu-šu ittanašpaka Köcher BAM 231 i 2; UB.NIGÍN. NA-šú ittarrura u idammâ (see damû mng. la) Labat TDP 76:64; note with patāru: mi-natu-šu DU<sub>8</sub>.DU<sub>8</sub>-ra Köcher BAM 97:9, mi-na-tušu Dug. MEŠ ibid. 96 ii 1, cf. UB. NIGIN. NA. BI D[Ug.MEŠ] Labat TDP 50 iii 9; GIG UB.NIGÍN.NA GIG he suffers from a disease of the limbs(?) ibid. 158:15f.; UB.NIGÍN.NA-šú išahhuha STT 91:17, UB.NIGÍN.NA-šú išammamašu ibid. 18, 20 (diagn.); note: ma-ni itti šēr ilī mi-na-a-(by-form of mi-na-tu- $\check{s}\check{u}$ ) his figure is counted among those of divine nature AfO 18 50 + Tn.-Epic "vi" 16.

- b) body 1' used parallel with mešrēti "limbs": lībiba mi-na-tu-ú-a meš-re-tu-ú-a elija liţība may my body be clean, my limbs feel fine KAR 59 r. 19, see Ebeling Handerhebung 68; mi-na-ti-ki ubbir mešrētiki ukassi (see kasû v. mng. 5c) Maqlu VII 71, ibid. 63, ef. meš-re-ti tusabbiti tuabbiti mi-naa-tú PBS 1/2 113 i 29 (Lamaštu), see ZA 16 158; [ittika litb]â mi-na-tu-ka ittika [litbâ] meš-re-[tu]-[ka] Biggs Šaziga 32:1; mi-na-te-ia kīma išāte tuhammita (parallel: mešrēteja) 226 i 13; statues of dogs ša mešrēti puggulu šukbutu mi-na-a-ti whose legs are hefty, whose bodies are heavy VAB 4 164 B vi 22 (Nbk.).
- 2' other occs.: mi-na-te-š[ú] urassiba he thrashed his (entire) body STT 38:103 and 134, see Gurney, AnSt 6 154f. (Poor Man of Nippur); lipitti ṣēti ša ina mi-ni-a-ti-šú la raksat an attack of ṣētu which does not stay in his body Labat TDP 168:103; mi-na-at UZU.MEŠ-šú PA.MEŠ uzaqqatašu Köcher BAM 231 i 12, cf. mi-na-at UZU [...] AMT 85,2:2; mi-na-ti-šú tapaššašma you rub his body (with the oil) Biggs Šaziga 32:9, cf. [x]-zi-sa

mi-na-tu<sub>4</sub>-ka ibid. 23:3; I brought relief (with oil) to the sinews of mi-na-ti-ka la tābāti your sick body Maqlu VII 42; said of animals: puḥādu ella qudduša ša mi-na-tu-šú šalm[a] a clean, pure ram, of perfect body BBR No. 98-99:7; if a sheep mi-na-a-ti guppuš is strong of body CT 28 14 K.9166:5, also CT 31 30:5, CT 41 9:4, see Meissner, AfO 9 118 and 329.

- c) shape, size: abrat šiknassa šunnāt mini-a-tim her figure is strong, she has a double shape VAS 10 214 r. v 35, cf. šunnāt mi-ni-a-tim ibid. 40 (OB Agušaja); mi-na-tu-ka ul šanā kî jātima atta your shape is not different, you are like me Gilg. XI 3, cf. salam ibrišu ša ibri ša mi-na-[ti ...] statue of his friend, of the friend [whose] shape [...] JCS 8 91 r. 19 (Gilg. VIII); nukkula mina-tu-šu artful is his shape En. el. I 93; mina-ta šurruh beautiful of shape (dressed in a new garment) Lambert BWL 48:10 (Ludlul III); [ša]nā mi-na-tu-ka strange is your shape ibid. 180:15; mi-na-a-ti ana pēri panī ana būṣi mašlāku (see būṣu B) 2R 60 ii 19 (lit.), see TuL p. 13; šumma ... mi-na-at panīšu šaqû CT 28 29:9 (SB physiogn.).
- d) proportions: statues made from a single stone mi-na-a-te šuklulu perfect in proportions OIP 2 108 vi 66 and 121:53 (Senn.), cf. (in similar, broken context) [...] ša mi(?)-na-a-ti Borger Esarh. 85 r. 51; the seven brothers itetluma irtašū mi-na-ti reached man's age and attained full stature AnSt 5 100:36 (Cuthean Legend); one good bull šuklul ša mi-na-ti-šu šuk[lulu] intact, whose proportions are perfect VAB 4 154 A iv 31, cf. ša mi-na-a-tu-šu [š]uklulat ibid. 158 A vii 4 (Nbk.); lu minduda mi-na-tu-šá (var. [mi-na]-ti-šú) (see madādu mng. 3) Gilg. XI 29; tup=šar mi-na-a-ti architect VAB 4 256 i 32 (Nbn.).
- e) health: ištu inanna UD.4.KAM mi-ni-a-ti-ia udannanamma ... allakam four days from now I will improve my health and I will come Kraus AbB 1 18:26; šumma mi-ni-a-tu-ka la ṭāba if your health is not good (do not have the barley loaded) PBS 7 123:6

minu minu

(both OB letters); uncert.: musarrihu mi-ni-a-t[i-ia] Lambert BWL 192:3 (fable).

**minnu** see  $m\bar{e}nu$  A and  $m\bar{i}nu$  s.

minsu interr.; what is it that?, why?; SB, NB; cf. minu interr.

[a].še.er èn.šè ì.kúš.<a>(a) [nam.mu al.di.di.dè.en] : [...] ina bikītu mi-in-su tadulli adi ma[ti tātannaḥi] what is it that makes you wander around in grief, how long will you exhaust yourself? PBS 1/2 125:5f., cf. ibid. 7.

mi-in-su = am-mi-i-ni, ul-la = mi-in-su Malku III 107f.; tu-ša-a-ma, mi-in-su, pi-qa-ma = ki-a-a-am ibid. 103ff.

qurādu DN mìn-su ṣēra tu∢maš>širma tušib ina āli valiant Erra, why did you leave the steppe and take up residence in the city? Cagni Erra I 76; bēlu Irra min-su ana ilī [lemutt]i takp[ud] why did you plot evil against the gods, O Lord Erra? cf. IIIc 36; min-su kî šībi muqqi tušib ina āli why do you sit in the city like a weak old man? ibid. I 47; min-su kî la mudê tātamme why do you talk like an ignorant person? ibid. IIIc 42; min-su aššu hubuš pan  $[m\hat{e}, \ldots]$  ibid. IIb 11, cf. also ibid. I 95, 127, and IIIc 55; lillidu min-su kališ la murri Lambert BWL 86:259 (Theodicy); adê bēlini min-su x [...] why [...] the oath of our lord? (in broken context) AfO 18 48 C r. 8 (Tn.-Epie); [mi]n-su kīma kāta ilu [...] ... DN min-su  $k\bar{i}ma$   $k\hat{a}ta$  [ilu ...] AfO 19 56:33, 35 (SB prayer to Marduk);  $mi-in-su \ x \ [\ldots]$  $q\acute{a}$ -ti- $i\check{s}$  na-ak-ri- $\check{s}u$  STC 2 pl. 73 + ii 10, wr. [min-su] STT 38:31 (Poor Man of Nippur), also in personal names (always ZA 61 56:162; as patronymic): Min-su-ilu GCCI 1 114:4, 2 137:4, 248:8, TCL 12 20:39 (all NB).

The meaning of *minsu* is most likely "what is it that" or "for what reason," probably with a blaming undertone, rather than "why," see Stamm Namengebung 162 n. 3.

Borger, Or. NS 27 147; Landsberger apud von Soden, ZA 41 164 n. 6; Falkenstein, ZA 53 202; Stamm Namengebung 162 n. 3; von Soden GAG § 121d, and GAG Supp. § 120a.

minšum see miššum.

minu interr. pron.; who?; EA; WSem. word.

ištu nakrija u ištu hupšija mi-nu jinasi: ranni who will protect me from my enemy and my hupšu-people? EA 112:13 and 17, also EA 117:85, 119:10, 121:10, 130:51; mi-nu qaba mimma ana šāšu who said anything to him? EA 134:35; mi-nu-um jadinu mimma who has given anything? EA 126:14; mi-nu nukurtu [ša] šarri ul PN who but PN is an enemy of the king? EA 101:1; [mi]-nu [i]di who knows? EA 95:42.

The word occurs only in letters of Rib-Addi.

minû s.; (a pustule?); syn. list.\*

e-ri-mu, kàs-pu, pe-lu-u, mi-nu-u = ba-[x]-u Malku VIII 164ff.

 $min\hat{u}$  see minu interr.

mīnu (mīnum, minû, mīna, mīnam, mīni, mīnim, mīnumma, mīnamma, mīnammi, mīznimma, mīnimmi, min) interr.; 1. what?, 2. what, whatever, 3. why?, what for?, for what reason?; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and (in math.) EN.NAM, EN(.NA); cf. amzmīnanna, manūnu, minsu, minummê, mišzšam, miššum, mūnu interr.

ta-a TA = me-nu-um (in group with ana and ali) MSL 2 145 ii 28 (Proto-Ea); [t]a = a.na = [mi-nu] Emesal Voc. III 151; ta.ta = [a.na.ta] = [a]-na mi(!)-nim ibid. 162; ta.àm = a.na.àm = m[i-nu], te.àm = e.ne.àm = MIN ibid. 153f.; ta.zu = [a.na.zu] = mi-in-ka ibid. 160; ta.bi = [a.na.bi] = [m]i-in-ku ibid. 161.

a.na.àm = mi-nu = (Hitt.) ku-it, a.na.aš.àm = a-na mi-ni = (Hitt.) nu ku-it Erimhuš Bogh. A 22 f., cf. [a]n.na.an = mi-[nu], [a]n.na.aš = am-[mi-ni] Erimhuš I 22 f.; a.na.àm.ne.e = mi-nu-u an-nu-u (var. nígni.a.na, níni.e = mi-nu-u, an-nu-u) Erimhuš IV 222; a.na.áš al.te.te: am-mi-ni tu-raš-sá-an-ni ZA 9 160 i 29 (group voc.); áb.hu-la-aHUL.A = am-mi-ni pa-si-iq ibid. 163 iii 36; a.ba = ma-an-nu, mi-i-nu CT 51 168 vi 62 f. (group voc. A).

me.en.dē.nam.mu = m[i·nu ni·i·nu], me.en. zé.en.nam.mu = mi·nu [at-tu·nu], e.ne.ne. nam.mu = mi·nu [šu·nu] OBGT I 454ff.; nam. [mu], a, e, e.ne.àm, ta.e.àm = (mi>·nu NBGT I 426ff.; nam.mu, ta, ta.àm, a.na, e.ne.àm = mi·nu NBGT III i 16ff.; nam.mu = mi·n·šu ibid. 21; ne.en.te.àm = mi·in ka-a-am

mīnu la mīnu la

ibid. ii 5; e.en.te.e.àm = mi-nu-u MIN (= ka-a-am) Izi D iv 26; nam.mu = mi-[in-šu] Erimhuš I 24; nam.mu.u = mi-en-šu = (Hitt.) nu-uš-ši k[u-it] Erimhuš Bogh. A 24; te.àm = nam.mu = mi-[in-šu] Emesal Voc. III 156; sag = mi-i-nu(text -Aš) NBGT IV 48 (catch line).

a.na ib.ba.ak.a.en : mi-nam teppeš (var. teppuš) CT 17 38:22f., cf. a.na (var. a.ni) ib.ak.a : mi-na-a ēpuš ibid. 26:54f.; a.na nu.ì.zu : mi-na-a la ti-di ibid. 58f., also Šurpu V-VI 29f. and 31f.; a.na ba.ni.ib.gi4.gi4: ina mi-ni-i ipaššah ibid. 25f.; e ur.sag.gá.na (later version: ur.sag a.na) in.ga.ra.gál.la : e qarrād mi-na-a iššakinka Lugale V 29; a.na.àm hé.en.bal.en.zé.en:mi-na-a i nīpuš KAR 4:16; a.na.am hé.en.dím.en.zé.en: mi-na-a i nibni ibid. 17; a.na.àm ne.zu a.na.àm ba.ra.ab. dah.he.e: mi-i-na la tīdīma mi-i-na-am lūsibšu CT 4 8a r. 27f., and passim; bulùg.gub.ba.ni a.na.an.ga.a : MIN (= himṣātušu) mi-nu-um-ma whatever his profits are Ai. III ii 28; note: ta an.ak: mi-na-a \*pu\* Langdon BL 8 r. 14f., see W. G. Lambert, JNES 33 298; a.na.aš nu. mu.un.e.ši.íb.še.ge.en : ana am-mi-ni(!) la tamaggari SBH p. 121:16f.

ta šu.ba.ni.in.ti: mi-na elqe RA 33 104:14; ta idim.ma ta nu.mu.da.sá: mi-na-a ina nagbi mi-na-a ša la takšuda 4R 30 No. 1:12f., cf. ibid. 15f.; ma.ra ta ma.ma.a[l]: játi mi-nu iššakn[a] KAR 375 iii 21f.; zu-aB ta bi.dù: apsū mi-na-a īpuš LKU 10 ii 21f.; [t]a nu ì.zu: mi-na-a la tīdi CT 17 12:25f.; ta.a gù mu.un.da.ab.tuk.àm: mi-nu iqqabīki SBH p. 104 obv.(!) 8f.; ta.àm ma.ma.al.la: mi-na ittaškana RA 33 104:5f.; šà.ba.na ta.àm ma.al.la.bi: ina libbišu mi-nu(var. -na) ibšā 4R 11 r. 15f., also 17f., 19f.; ama.[mu l]ul.la.šè ta mu.na.ab.gub.bé.en: mi-nam i-za-as-sí how shall I deceive my mother TuM NF 3 25:11, see Wilcke, AfO 23 85.

te nu.um.zi.zi : mi-nam la iţâb SBH p. 56:19f.; te di.di.in : mi-na idâl ibid. p. 11:19f.; te mu.un.zu : mi-i-nu idi 4R 10 r. 31f.; sá. garsa-ga-ar.me te.àm : milikni mi-i-nu TCL 6 51:11f., see RA 11 147:6.

mi-in-su = am-mi-i-ni, ul-la = mi-in-su Malku III 107f.; [am-mi]-in = [a-na mi]-nim ibid. 98.

1. what? — a) as subject of a clause — 1' in gen.: mi-nu-um annītum ša luqūt ahikunu sappuhatnima what is this that the merchandise of your brother is squandered? ICK 1 17:13; mi-num ri-ip-šu ša taštanapparanni CCT 3 24:25 (both OA); mi-nu-um awatumma ša PN ... kiam iqbû Sumer 14 37 No. 16:3, cf. mi-nu-um annittān ša iktanaš šadaninni TCL 17 45:5, mi-nu-um awatum anniātān TLB 4 64:1, mi-nu-um awatum

annītum ša ikšudanni VAS 16 193:4, mi-nuum šapārum annúm ša tašpurim ibid. 63:5, also mi-nu-um jattum TCL 17 36 r. 19 (all OB); mi-nu qīštakunu CT 4 2:7, and passim in OB; mi-nu-um annittān ša taštanapparim ARM 10 118:7, cf.  $mi-nu-\langle ma\rangle-um$  ann $\hat{u}m$  ibid. 45:5. and passim; mi-nu-ú šipru KUB 3 42 r. 9; mi-nu-ú amatum kî ... mārē šiprika tap: rusu what is the matter that you withheld your messengers? KBo 1 10:37; mi-nu-ú šar māt Aššur ša mār šiprika ikallû what is the king of Assyria that he stops your messenger? ibid. 47; mi-nu-ú innepušakku what has been done to you? EA 162:28; he said minu mātu annītu what is this country? 95:29; mi-nu-um-mi [šūtu] PN ardu kalbu EA 88:9; mi-nu-ú amâtu annâtu ša ... taltanappara MRS 9 222 RS 17.383:10; minu-ú harrān ša PN mi-nu-ú ittaša what is the road to Utnapišti, what is its mark? Gilg. X ii 16f. and iii 33f., cf. mi-nu-ú (var. mi-na-a) šittu what is (this) sleep? Gilg. VIII ii 13, var. from STT 15 r. 11; mi-na-a nīnu ša nibnû nušhallaqma what? must we ourselves destroy what we have created? el. I 45; whoever discovers this foundation document and says annâ mi-na "what is this (useless thing)?" AKA 172 r. 18 (Asn.); mi-na-a nakra En. el. III 127; mi-nu-ú dum= qani ina mahrika what favor (can) we (do) for you? En. el. VI 50; la DN ... mi-nu-ú bašīma what would have happened without Išum? Cagni Erra V 13, ef. mātāti ... ikūna mi-i-nu ibid. IIIc 45; eninna mi-nu-ú ţāba what then is good? Lambert BWL 148:80 (Dialogue), mi-nu-ú kušīrka ibid. 84:239 (Theodicy);  $mi-nu-\acute{u}$   $kub\bar{a}d\bar{u}a$  ibid. 215:7;  $mi-nu-\acute{u}$ nēmelšu AfO 19 57:67; in the month MN mi-nu-ú ukultaka what is your food? 2R 60 K.4334 i 4, and passim in this text, see TuL p. 18f.; mi-nu-ú annija what is my sin? PBS 1/1 14:1 and dupls., see W. G. Lambert, JNES 33 274, also BBR No. 26 v 79; the king did not ask him: izimtaka mi-nu-um-ma what is your trouble? STT 38:79, see AnSt 6 154 (Poor Man of Nippur); they are removing (even) Tirhaka from Egypt ašābani mì(var. mi)-inu what (then) about our staying (in power)? Streck Asb. 12 i 122; in math.: mi-nu-um

mīnu la minu 1b

TCL 17 154:24, Sumer 7 41 No. 8:4, and passim, also wr. en.nam, en, en.na and en.ta.àm, see TMB p. 234 index s.v., for mi-nu-ú and en.nam in astron., see Neugebauer ACT p. 483 index s.v.; mi-i-nu hittu what damage (would it do)? ABL 356 r. 5; mi-nu šû what of it? ABL 1163:3; mì-nu-u țēnka what is your report? ABL 896 r. 20; mi-nu mūqaja emūqī ... unammaša is it in my power (lit. what is my strength) that I move my troops on? ABL 242:6; mi-i-nu mā muţê iššakkunu what (does this mean? does it mean) that losses will occur? 355:10, see Parpola LAS No. 35; mi-i-ni šītini what is this? ABL 128 r. 9 and 11, and passim in NA letters; the king should ask him minu-u șibûssu ana Elamti what his business was with Elam (and why he went to Elam) ABL 998:9 (NB); mi-nu-ú šû what does this mean? TCL 9 93:22, cf. mi-nu-u šî 48:11; mi-nu-ú simmānū ša ana PN addinu what about the appurtenances which I gave to PN? YOS 3 136:33; mi-nu-ú ţēnga ibid. 161:26, and passim in late NB; ullānukka ... mi-na-a bašīma what would exist without you? VAB 4 122 i 55 and dupl. (Nbk.), mi-na-a iširšumma iqūpma what has happened to it (the temple wall) that it buckled? OECT 1 34 ii 9 (Nbn.); note with kî: mi-nu-ú kî la tešemmû Aro, WZJ 8 571 HS 113:7 (MB let.); kî ina muhhišunu tašakkana what do you want to charge them with? TCL 9 129:6; Eanna ... mi-nu-ú ki-i ina pani bēlija what does Eanna mean to my lord? YOS 38:28; mi-nu-ú ki-i agá rabi errēši what about that overseer of farm workers (who does not inspect the work)? ibid. 84:4, cf. also ibid. 81:13f., CT 22 6:31, 138:17, and passim in NB; note *Mi-na-ar-ni* (personal name) STA 29 vi 12 (Ur III), also Minû-ana-Bēl $d\bar{a}ni$  (NB), see Stamm Namengebung 238.

2' with suffixes: ina bītišu mi-ni šakinma is something of mine deposited in his house (that he demands rent for it)? TCL 17 20:7 (OB let.); mì-šu annium ša ... la tamuani what is this that you were unable? Kultepe c/k 101:6, cited Or. NS 36 403; mì-šu awutum lamuttum ša t[ašlanappar]ani TCL 14 43:3;

mì-šu awatam ana PN taqbiunim dannat TCL 19 37:17; mì-šu al-qé-ma hi-im-ţa-tim iš-ta-napá-ra-am VAT 9229:6; mì-šu la tallakamma TCL 19 66:21, cf. mì-šu išti ālikī ula illak TCL 4 3:26, mì-šu tuppam harmam ... la KT Hahn 11:12, mì-šu taššiātim u sāridam tulappitanni CCT 2 26b:12, etc.; miššu ša: mì-šu ša taštanapparanni umma attama TCL 4 31:33, and passim with šapāru; mì-šu ša umma šūtma TCL 20 83:20, and passim in similar expressions; mì-šu ša ašammeuma CCT 4 20b:6, and passim with šemû; mì-šu ša ... illikunima têrtaknu la illikanni BIN 4 49:5. and passim with alāku; note mì-šu-ú ša umma attama TCL 20 90:4, cf. 112:9, Kienast ATHE 59:12 (all OA); mi-iš-šu danānu qarrā:  $d\bar{u}tika$  what is the strength of your valor? Gilg. Y. iv 145; mārū ramanika mi-in-šu tādur what is it that you fear your own sons? Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis I 94 and 96 (OB); ana mi-ni-ia Kraus AbB 1 111 r. 5; mannu mina-ni ilqe who has taken what belongs to us? CT 4 2:9; mi-in-ka ša kâta elqēma what have I taken that belongs to you? TLB 4 79:21 (all OB letters); the judges asked aššum ilki attūka mi-nu-qa how about the ilkuobligation of yours? JEN 327:15; mì-nu-ia šakin ina ekal šarri what of mine is in the king's palace? Lambert BWL 162:32, cf. ibid. Mi- $su_4$ -a What-Is-It? name) MDP 2 30 xv 12, xvi 5 (Maništušu obelisk), see MAD 3 p. 178; DN mi-in-ki etlu *īpušu* Ištar, what has the man done to you? KUB 4 12 r.(!) 20 (Gilg.); mi-en-kam-ma [a]na muhhija what do you have against me? UCP 9 57 No. 1:7 and 12 (NB).

b) followed by (ša and) a relative clause: mi-nu-um aštanapparamma la tušabbalam for what reason (is it that) I keep writing and (yet) you do not send (it)? Sollberger Correspondence 370:7, for other OAkk. refs. see Gelb, MAD 3 178; mì-nu-um ša tašpu[raninni] umma attunuma TCL 19 63:5, cf. mì-NAM ša tašpuranni umma attama CCT 3 12a:4, cf. also TCL 4 48:6; mì-NAM ša šalṭātunu: nima TCL 19 80:4; mì-num ša ... aḥātī ... umassuḥunima why is it that (the sons of PN) bother my sister there (and you remain

minu 1c minu 1c

silent)? BIN 6 69:12; note mi-in la tuše: balam RA 59 160 MAH 16209:37 (all OA); minu ša ana še'im tašpurim why is it that you have written for barley? TCL 18 110:20, and passim with šapāru; mi-nu-um ša libbaki im= why is it that you became so worried? CT 29 26:4, cf. mi-nu-um ša kīam tadbuba YOS 2 19:20, mi-nu-um ša umma attama Sumer 14 36 No. 15:10, also TLB 4 7:18; mi-nu-um ša PN ... kaspam našûma ... PBS 1/2 11:23; mi-nu-um ša ittanallaku aštanappara[kkum] mihir tuppija ul tušab: bala what is it that I keep writing to you and you do not send me an answer to my tablet? VAS 16 200:4 and ibid. 6; mi-nu-ú ša PN ana panim tašku[nušu] PBS 7 69:8; mi-ni-im ša tagabbû (obscure, end of letter) UCP 9 349 No. 22:34 (all OB).

c) as object: mi-nam laddin ana suhrim what should I give to (my) children? BIN 6 183:9 and 10f., cf. mi-nam agabbi what will ibid. 99:16, mì-nam habbulātima I say? what do you owe me? CCT 2 14:23, mi-nam terriši what do you (fem.) ask? CCT 3 15:19, mi-nam issēr PN tīšūma what does PN owe KTS 21a:6, and passim in such phrases; mì-nam himtātim ša taštanappirini are (these) angry words that you (fem.) keep writing? RA 51 6 HG 75:4; mi-nama ana ummeānī lašpur CCT 5 4a:18 (all OA); GUD.HI.A-ka mi-nam ikkalu what should your cattle eat? PBS 1/2 11:9; mi-nam elija tišu what do I owe you? CT 4 7a:31; mi-naa-am išûma ... ušabbalam what do I have that I can send? VAS 16 1:32; inanna minam tudammiqakkum now what favor did she do for you? TCL 1 49:19; mi-\(\alpha na\)-nam ēriška what did I ask of you? CT 4 28:35; ITI.1.KAM kiam 6 ERÍN.MEŠ ina mahrika mina-am īpuš what have the six men done for you in about one month? YOS 2 66:8; ana 2 GUR mi-nam imți by what is it less than two gur? TCL 18 154:12 (math.), cf. mi-nam ... luštakkan ibid. 13, mi-nam watar Sumer 7 41 No. 8:7; note: mi-na-am-mi VAS 16 93:6 and 179:7 (all OB); [mi]-na-am lurrikamma lušpurakki (see arāku mng. 3c-2') ARM 10 173:5; anāku ina bītika mi-na-am él-qé ibid. 3 r. 15', mannum mi-nam iqabbi ARM 2 15:41, and passim in Mari; ana palija mi-nam ublam what have I brought upon my reign? 11 85 iii 10 (Cuthean Legend), cf. ibid. 13; na-a ippuš what will he do? PBS 1/2 28 r. 5 (MB); ana abija mì-na-a ahtate have I committed against my father? IBoT 1 34:7 (let. from Hanigalbat); mi-na-a ilqe KBo 1 10:66, mì-na-a hēta ša ēpušu KUB 3 69:15 and r. 1, mi-na-a eppussunumi KBo 11:8; mi-naa amata saburta ašpuraššunūti u annâti PN išappara what bad words did I write to them that PN writes such things to me? KBo 1 10:29; mi-i-na-am appūnama uba'i panī šarri ... banûta uba'i what indeed am I yearning for? I am yearning (to see) the beautiful face of the king EA 166:6; mi-na-a ša ul eppušakku šarru ana káša what would I not do for you, O King? EA 162:34, cf. mi-na jipušu ana jāšinu EA 74:41, and passim with epēšu, mi-na aqabbûna appūnama EA 119:53, and passim with qabû; mi-na-am-mi nī: pušuna EA 98:21, cf. mi-na-am-mi epšākume ana šarri EA 245:36; mārē šipri mi-nu-ú ul issuru what have the messengers not observed? EA 28:22; mi-nu-um ji[qtab]u PN EA 138:131; mi-na-a ēpuš ilī what have I done, my god? STC 2 pl. 80 r. 67, and passim; mi-na-a (var. mi-i-na-a) libbaša ublanni what has her heart prompted her (to do) against me? CT 15 45:31 (Descent of Ištar), var. from KAR 1:32; jáši mi-na-a terrišinni what do you want of me? Gilg. VI 71, cf. mi-i-na-amma tērišinni EA 357:87 (Nergal and Ereškigal); mi-nu tērišinni bēltī mi-nu liddinu[ki] Craig ABRT 2 19:8; mi-na-a tattanna ana akālija what do you give me to eat? CT 17 50:9f.; ana jāši mi-nu taddina what have you given me? Craig ABRT 1 25 r. i 24 (NA oracles); mannum mi-nam ... inandiššu who will give him anything? Lambert BWL 277 ii 10; mi-na-a uattar Lambert BWL 86:251 (Theodicy), cf. ana ili mi-na-a ussab AfO 19 57:69, cf. also mi-na-a ... ikpuda bēli ardiš ibid. 58:135; mi-na-a tele'i what can you do? 2R 60 ii 18, and passim in this text, see TuL p. 16:13; anāku mì-nu lēpuš what ought I to do? ef. mì-nu īmur šarru liš'al ABL 548 r. 1, ABL 555 r. 2 (both NA); mi-na-a gabarê ša PN

mīnu 1d mīnu 2b

mi-nu-u ana šarri ... lušpura what is the answer of PN? what should I write to the king? ABL 454 r. 2 and 4, cf. mi-na-a utir= randši ABL 403:20; mì-nu-u ibašši īpušma what indeed has he done? ABL 1380 r. 15; mi-nu-u iqabbûnimma ... u anāku aqippu' what could they say (that) I would believe? ABL 290 r. 10 (ali NB); mi-na-a ašmê what did I hear? CT 22 210:5, also ibid. 29:6; anāku mi-nu-ú lūkul u ana šášunu mi-nu-u luddin what should I eat and what should I give them? Thompson Rep. 124 r. 5 (all NB); ša la kâšu manni mi-na-a ippuš VAB 4 238 ii 38 (Nbn.); for OB and MB names of the type Mīnam-ēpuš-ilam, Ila-min-nīpuš, Ila-mināēpuš, Minâ-ēpussu, Minâ-ēgu-ana-Šamaš, Minâ-ahti-ana-ili, Minu-ahti see Stamm Namengebung 164, also Mi-na-e-pu-šu KAJ cf. Mi-nu-e-pu-uš-Adad 141:1 and 4 (MA), RA 65 85:5 (NA), see von Soden, RA 67 191.

- d) with a prep.: ina mi-nim ilikšu what is his *ilku*-duty about? BIN 7 12:9 (OB): a-na mi-ni tešmuna amēlūtu šanûtu in what way did other people hear (it)? EA 108:51; ina mi-ni-i ludīš with what should I do the threshing? BE 17 11:31, also ibid. 12; ina mini-i birta lissuru with what should they hold the fort? ibid. 33a:16 (both MB); im-meni iduru panū[ka] for what reason has your (the moon's) face become darkened? Or. NS 17 418:2 (= Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 49); mi-nim inuhha how will he quiet down? SBH p. 77:12; batqu ... ina libbi mi-i-ni niksur with what should we make the repairs? ABL 117 r. 11 (NB); ina libbi mi-i-ni tāmur through what did you find out? ABL 1391 r. 5; ina libbi mi-i-ni libnāte išah: from what should they .... the bricks? ABL 1180:14, cf. i-na mi-i-ni an-na-[...] ABL 474 r. 5 (all NA).
- 2. what, whatever a) in gen.: mi-nam PN habbulakkumma what PN owes you ICK 1 72:5 (OA); mi-na-a ṣabtāku whatever I have started PBS 1/2 27:7 (MB let.); li'idma mi-na-a pakki ilimma nišī la lamda pay attention as one may, mankind cannot learn what the plan of the deity is Lambert BWL 86:264 (Theodicy); kīma mi-i-nu iltapassu as soon as

something has afflicted him ABL 24:10 (NA); mi-na-a tēnka illik kapdu tēnka lušme whatever report of yours has been sent (lit. has gone), I would like to hear your report promptly CT 22191:34; with -ma: mi-namma buštu ... ša kakkabtu šen[detu] whatever calf is marked with the star brand YOS 6 208:9; mi-nam-ma nišmēma YOS 7 96:6 (all NB); tell me mi-na-a dumqi ša taṭṭulu what good signs you have seen VAB 4 278 vi 27 (Nbn.).

- b) introducing a relative clause 1' followed by ša: mi-nu-u ša ahua hašhu whatever my brother needs EA 7:61 (MB royal); mì-i-nu ša ana epāše tābuni (do) whatever it is appropriate to do ABL 543 r. 10; the king should ask him mi-nu ša dibbi šûni what this matter is ABL 522:14; mi-nu ša tēmuni ahua lišpur my brother should write (me) what (his) opinion is TCL 9 68:21; mì-nu ša šarru ... iqabbûni whatever the king commands (I will do) ABL 179 r. 9, and passim in NA; note a-di mi-nu ša šarru ... išapparanni ABL 433 r. 15, adu mi-i-nu ša šarru ... iqabbûni ABL 1194:5; mì-ni ša šarru ... tēme iškunu šû eppaš whatever the king has commanded he will execute ABL 208 r. 19, cf. mì-ni ša šarru ... iqabbûni ABL 814 r. 11; mi-i-ni ša tašammâni Iraq 34 22:11; he will go to Assyria mi-i-ni šá(!) abatuni mi-i-ni ša ţēmuni whatever the matter, whatever the order ABL 992:27f. (all NA).
- without ša: mi-i-nu bēl pahiti ... mahiruni ABL 1093 r. 5 (NA); tammar minu-u PN ippuš you will see what PN is going to do ABL 1016 r. 10; mi-nu-u SIG, ina pani ramanišunu iškunu they have established whatever was favorable according to their opinion ABL 1165:10; mi-nuú tagba' ... alteme I heard whatever you said YOS 3 26:7; mi-nu-ú PN tēme ... whatever command Gobryas has iškunka given you YOS 770:9; mi-nu-ú sibûtu ša bēlija bēlī lišpuru my lord should write to me what the wish of my lord is CT 22 184:23; write me mi-nu-ú mi-nu-ú hišihtu ša Ekur u YOS 3 20:22f.; note with hiših <ta>kunu

mīnu 3a mīnu 3b

kî: mi-nu-ú kî bēlī şebû ... lušēbila CT 22 208:18; mi-nu-ú kî [ina lib]bi illa' whatever grows therein VAS 5 55:8, also BE 8 97:11 (all NB); note mīnumma: mi-nu-um-ma ēriška (send me) whatever I have asked from you EA 4:35 (MB royal), cf. mi-nu-um-ma erištušu EA 158:7 and 17.

3. why?, what for?, for what reason? a) minû, minu, minum, minummi, minum: ma: mi-nu-mi la juddan[u] ištu ekalli mim= m[u] why was nothing given to me from the palace? EA 126:49; mi-nu-ni aššálišu why should I ask him? EA 1:83 (let. from Egypt); mi-nu-ú annâti tašīmanni jāši why have you assigned such a fate to me? ZA 43 19:72 (SB lit.); mi-nu-ú ahhur mi-nu-ú ahhur why the delay? why the delay? ABL 292 r. 12; mi-nu šû la immagguru la iqabbûni why is this? they do not want to speak ABL 566:7 (both NA); for personal names of the type Mīnu-laqbi, Mīnu-lanši, see Stamm Namengebung 134 and 292.

b) with a prep. — 1' with ana: ana mì-nim harrānum ... illikamma kaspam la tušēbilam why did the caravan come here and you did not send the silver (with it)? TCL 4 29:7; ana mì-nim awât ili la kab: danikkum TCL 20 94:23, ana mi-n[im] tuppi talappat TuM 1 20b: 9, and passim in OA; ana mi-ni-im sartam tašapparam why do you write me a falsehood? CT 29 5b:28; [a]na mi-ni-im ušabbalakkum why should I send (it) to you? TCL 17 28:22; ana mi-nim adi inanna la taddinšuma why did you not sell it before now? VAS 16 19:12, and passim in OB, also ARM 3 69:7, and passim; ana mi-nim illikam Gilg. P. iv 14, cf. ana mi-nim tutam: māni Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 84 II vii 42 (OB); exceptional: ana mi-ni-i attanâr why should I always go back? PBS 7 82:2 (OB); ana mi-ni tāhaza la tēpuš why did you not give battle? KBo 1 11 r.(!) 10, see ZA 44 120 (Uršu story), cf. (in broken context) a-na minum ibid. obv.(!) 41f.; hurāṣa ana mi-ni-i luh= sih why should I want gold (then)? EA 4:48, cf. ana mi-ni-i tušēbilam ibid. 46 (MB royal); ana mi-ni jištapparu šarru ... ana jāši EA 112:7, and passim with šapāru; and mi-ni la tutêruna awâtu ana jâši why did you not send me an answer? EA 83:7; ina pani šarri ... ana mi-nim qālāta u la taqbû why did you refrain from speaking before the king? EA 73:6; ana mi-nim la tuwašširuni EA 34:47, and passim in EA; ana mi-nim-mi la tuwaššira EA 34:9, also EA 87:8; mì-i-ni kî elippe ina qabal nāri nadâki why are you (fem.) abandoned like a boat in the middle of a canal? BA 2 634 K.890:1 (NA lit.), wr. ana mì-ni ibid. 12; ana mi-i-ni taqbi mā ABL 1108:6, cf. ana mì-i-ni illuku ABL 701 r. 14, also ABL 303 r. 4, 555:13; ana mì-i-ni tasalli why do you lie? ABL 204:11, see Parpola LAS No. 263 (all NA); ana mi-ni-i ana GN illik why did he go to Elam? ABL 998:10; ana mi-ni-im-ma kî atta akannaka ušuzzāta then why are you stationed there? 38:45 (both NB); note (in MA) a-na-i-ni KAV 169:10, Syria 16 189:7, KUB 3 73:13, JCS 7 167 No. 62:8, 168 No. 65:33, see von Soden, AfO 20 82, and see akanni discussion section.

2' ammīn, ammīnim, ammīnimma: a-mìnim bitqātim taštanapparam CCT 3 27b:16, cf. a-mì-ni-mì CCT 4 45b:34, a-mì-nim išti šarrānē ... idabbab Balkan Letter 10, cf. ibid. 35, and passim in OA; am-mi-ni la ta:  $\check{s}app[ar]$  TCL 17 20 r. 30; am-mi-ni-im  $itti\check{s}\hat{u}$ la tatrudišši why did you not send her with ibid. 56:12, and passim, wr. a-mi-ni TCL 1 22:8, BIN 7 41:21, am-mi-in VAS 16 188:16 (all OB); am-mì-nim tahših anniam epēša Gilg. Y. v 198 (OB); am-mi-nim adi inanna la tatrussu ARM 1 21:12, and passim in Mari; am-mi-nim ţēmam šâti la tašpuram Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 51 SH 856:13, and 37 SH 887:10; a-mi-in MDP 28 437a:4, cf. am-mi-nim MDP 18 237:6 and 15; his field am-mi-ni mê la išatti why does it not receive PBS 1/2 19:17 (MB let.); am-mi-ni taqabbi ummā Aro, WZJ 8 568 HS 111:3, wr. a-mi-ni ibid. 570 HS 112:13; am-mi-ni  $r\bar{e}s\bar{i}$ la iš[ši] why has he not comforted me? EA 7:17 and 18 (MB royal); am-mi-ni la gamir AfO 10 3:23, cf., wr. a-mi-ni ibid. 2 (all MB); am-mi-ni-[i] EA 16:50 (MA royal); am-mi-ni takallāšunūti why do you hold them back? KBo 1 10 r. 43, and note, wr. am-mi-ni-i

mīnu 3b mīnu 3c

KBo 1 19:13, am-mi-ni-i ibid. 1:5; am-mi-nila dagulte aşîšu ana pani šarri why did you not note when he left the king's presence? EA 162:16, wr. am-mi-nim EA 149:80, a-mini EA 86:14 and 125:31, am-mi-i-ni-mi EA 161:48; am-mi-ni ittini ultu muhhi Šamši la nakrāta why will you not join us in enmity against the Sun? MRS 9 41 RS 17.227:9 and 133 RS 17.116:23', wr. am-mi-ni-i ibid. 215 RS 17.288:19; am-mi-ni ikkaru ina muhhija taltanapparmi u taqabbâ why do you keep sending the bailiff to tell me? HSS 94:4 and 15, also JEN 657:27, wr. am-mi-ni-i JEN 662:65; am-mì-ni Nisaba tandahas ina māti why, DN, do you wage war in the land? Lambert BWL 170:27; [in]a panīšu am-mì-ni la taka[mmis] STT 28 ii 8 (Nergal and Ereškigal), see AnSt 10 112; am-mi-ni ina GN la Pallis Akîtu pl. 10:18, ef. am-mì-ni hīrtī ... tušasli ZA 43 17:58; am-mi-i-niikkalkināši bāsu ša nāri (see bassu usage c) AMT 10,1 iii 11, wr. am-min ibid. 10; am-mini-e ana dumqi itūr why has it become favorable? Boissier DA 13 i 48f. (SB ext.), see Boissier Choix 196; am-mì-ni țēnka la ašmû TCL 9 102:4, cf. am-mi-ni šipirtu ul āmur YOS 3 125:7, wr. am-mi-ni-i ibid. 168:5, CT 22 205:9 (all NB); exceptionally with added ana: a-na am-mì-ni ana GN illak ABL 95:7, a-na am-mi-(i)-ni ABL 1149:3 and 7 (both NA); see also SBH p. 121:16f., in lex. section; with -ma: am-mi-ni-im-ma ana[ndin] 45:15, cf. am-mi-i-ni-im-ma EA 29:139; ammi-ni-im-ma-mi ... tūbilšunūti AASOR 16 6:31 (Nuzi).

3' with other preps.: for OAkk. adum mīnim see adi A mng. 2j; ina mì-nim ṭuppum a-ku-a-im itūr why would the tablet have become yours? RA 60 123 MP 1:25 (OA); i-na mi-nim ṣābam ... la aṭrudakkum then why did I not send you the soldiers? ARM 1 67:12, cf. i-na mi-nim how does it come? ibid. 108:17; im-mi-nim umma šûma why does he (say) so? ARM 2 124:11; aš-šum mi-ni-im ša ana jūšim iddinūnim ina bītija ... ileqqûma for what reason do they want to take out of my house what they have given me? TCL 17 21:24, cf. aš-šum

mi-ni-im ... išapparunikkumma ... la ta: naddin Sumer 14 30 No. 12:4, aššum mi-nim PBS 7 110:24, Bagh. Mitt. 2 59 iv 7, cf. ibid. 58 iii 22, TLB 4 83:13 (all OB); aš-šum mini-i tallaka KBo 13:38; aš-šum mi-i-ni-i ša ahija [...] EA 29:153; aššu mi-na-ma (var. mì-na-ma-a) imtalliku ilū rabûti why are the great gods taking counsel? Gilg. VII 1 (= VI 194, catch line); aš-šum mi-ni-i aš-šum mi-ni-i aššum kabatti aššum libbi Küchler Beitr. pl. 4 iii 68 (SB inc.); [ana muh]-hi mi-ni tadgulan: ni LKA 107:11, ef. KAR 71:14; ana UGU mini-i illika ABL 1255 r. 14 (NB), also r. 10; a-na UGU mi-ni-i šakin māti išpurakka 161:28, cf. ana muhhi mi-nu-ú for what reason? CT 224:19, 87:40, cf. also BIN 1 55:10; ina ugu mì-ni-i ABL 1165:7 (all NB), ina UGU mi-ni-e Streck Asb. 78 ix 70, ina UGU mi-i-ni Iraq 20 183 No. 39:35 (NA); ina šà mìi-ni ABL 1042 r. 5, cf. ABL 117 r. 11; TA IGI ABL 354 r. 12, also, wr. mi-i-ni mi-i-niIraq 20 183 No. 39:39 (all NA).

c) mina(m), minamma - 1' mina, minam: mì-nam tētanappaš ša ilum la uššuru why do you always do what the god does not TCL 20 94:17; mi-nam ittuppim permit? lulappitakkum why should I write (it) down on a tablet? (I will tell you about it) TCL 19 6:19; mì-nam awīlum tuppī uštenebbalam miššum kaspam la (u)šēbal ibid. 49:22, etc. (all OA); mi-nam tugarranni VAS 16 41:10, cf. mi-nam telge Boyer Contribution No. 119:34 (OB let.); obscure: mi-nam-mi anāku minu-um-ma-mu-ia ša tatakkalamma 179:7f. (OB); mi-nam tusannaqanin[ni] why do you (fem. pl.) press me? JCS 15 7 ii 19 (OB lit.); mi-na-a kî ardānija usanniqšunūti why did I question them as if (they were) my servants? KBo 1 10:25, cf. amassu mi-na-a luşbat ibid. 35; mi-na-a ki-i PBS 1/2 47:23 (MB let.); [at]ta mi-nam tasahhur why do you tarry? KBo 111 r.(!) 8 (Uršu story), see ZA mi-na-a huppû ša elippi [...] 44 120; why are the boat's [...] broken? Gilg. X iv mi-na-a ra'bāta why are you angry? KAR 43 r. 7; mi-na la tasallalu SBH p. 116 No. 65:9 and 10f.; mi-na-a la tašpura ABL 1113:2 (NB); mi-na-a tēnka ul ašme why did I mīnu mīnu

not have news from you? CT 22 6:32, and passim; mi-na-a mār šiprikunu ul āmur ibid. 9:8, mi-na-a immera ... tunakkasu BIN 1 25:25, mi-na-a PN u aḥḥūšu inanziqu ibid. 16; mi-na-a anāku ... baṭlāka why do I have to stop? YOS 3 70:12, cf. mi-na-[a] ... nimātu BIN 1 92:23, and passim; mi-nam-ma qātka ana muḥḥija Cyr. 328:8; note wr. mi-na-'YOS 3 64:10, BIN 1 30:11, JRAS 1926 107:8, mi-na-a<sub>4</sub> YOS 3 106:16, 187:27 (all NB).

2' mīnamma: mi-nam-ma emūgu mādu ... iphuruni why has a large (Assyrian) force assembled (against Uruk)? ABL 1028:14; minam-ma ša la pīja ... tūrid why did you go down without my permission? ABL 291:12; mi-nam-ma šēpē māt Aššur taṣbata' 327:16, mi-nam-ma taqabbi ABL 416:4, minam-ma țēma la tašpurani ABL 468:5, and passim in NB letters of ABL; mi-nam-ma lē'u ša uttati ... ittija la taškunšu why did you not deposit with me the wooden tablet about the barley? YOS 3 147:16; mi-nam-ma libbû agâ PN išappar why does PN write in this way? BIN 1 22:3, and passim with šapāru; mi-nam-ma ţēnka ul ašme CT 22 40:23; minam-ma pirki itti mārišu ina panīka iddab: bub why does he speak nasty words to his son in your presence? TCL 9 130:8, and passim in NB; exceptional: mi-nam-ma-ma iqbâ umma Thompson Rep. 124 r. 2; mi-nam-mata (for minamma atta?) BIN 1 38:33 (NB).

minu (minnu) s.; 1. number, amount, 2. accounting, 3. shape, figure, good looks; from OB on; cf. almīn, manû v.

al-min = la mi-[nu/a] Malku IV 91.

1. number, amount — a) in gen.: after that raid mi-nu-um ul rabi the(ir) number cannot be great ARM 4 21:15; one necklace ša timbuēti ... 1048 mi-nu-ši-na with timz būtu-shaped beads, their number is 1,048 EA 10:46 (MB royal); 9 ZA.GÌN mi-nu 2½ GÍN ZA.GÌN KI.LÁ nine lapis lazuli stones by count, two and one-half shekels by weight PBS 2/2 105:14; 5 NA<sub>4</sub>.ZA.GÌN mi-nu ibid. 43, cf. ibid. 10, cf. also 15 ZA.GÌN mi-nu-šu-nu ibid. 18; 130 dardarah mi-nu PBS 2/2 129:6, [X] dardarah mi-nu ½ GÍN 15 ŠE ibid. 3, cf.

ibid. 2 (all MB); its numerous towns which like the stars in the sky mi-i-na la is $\hat{u}$  have no number TCL 3 164 (Sar.); chariots  $\bar{a}mura$  mi-na-a-s $\hat{u}$ -un ibid. 12.

- b) referring to amounts of silver (NB only): PN (the creditor) took an oath by Šamaš u mi-i-ni ša kaspišu inašši that he will establish(?) the amount of silver (due) him Nbk. 345:24; x silver ša ina mi-ni-šu maḥir Evetts Ev.-M. 2:3, cf. x silver ša mi-ni-šú maḥ-ḥar inandin VAS 5 16:8, x silver ša ina mi-i-ni-šú ana šūmi ma-ḥar Nbn. 515:1.
- c) (negated, used adverbially) without number, countless, innumerable, etc. — 1' la mini: la-a mi-ni ba'ulāti innumerable Tn.-Epie "i" 23, ef. ana misrāt subjects la-a mi-ni ibid. "ii" 10; mê la mi-na fathomless water AfO 19 63:52; atappī la mi-i-na innumerable channels TCL 3 204, cf. hur:  $\check{sani}$  ...  $la\ mi$ -na Lyon Sar. 2:10, and passim in Sar., wr. mi-nam Winckler Sar. pl. 30 No. 64:14; itti sīsê la mi-nam with countless horses ibid. pl. 32 No. 68:72; hittīšu la mi-na his innumerable transgressions ibid. No. 67:51; booty la mi-nam OIP 2 59:30 (Senn.), ef. ibid. 134:89; 1050 erēnu paglūtu la mi-nu ašūhū šīhūti 1,050 strong cedar beams, countless tall fir (tree beams) VAB 4 256 ii 3 (Nbn.).
- 2' ana la mīni: šallassunu ana la mi-i-na lu ašlul KAH 2 63 iv 6, 71:28, also AKA 37 i 84, 73 v 53, ana la me-na AfO 18 351:48 (all Tigl. I), also, wr. ana la me-ni Scheil Tn. II 40, AKA 340 ii 116 and 376 iii 98 (Asn.), 3R 7 ii 43 and 65 (Shalm. III), wr. ana la mi-nam OIP 2 28 ii 21 (Senn.); dabdû ... ana la me-ni adūk I inflicted innumerable defeats AOB 1 118:29 (Shalm. I), also Scheil Tn. II r. 42; sēnišunu ana la me-na utērā AKA 236 r. 34 (Asn.); barley and dates ana la mi-ni ABL 588 r. 7 (NB).
- 3' ina la mīni: abnē nisiqte ina la me-ni countless precious stones Borger Esarh. 114 § 80 i 4; ina la me-ni aštakkana abiktašu I defeated him countless times Streck Asb. 32 iii 133 and parallels, wr. ina la me-i-ni AfO 8 184:42, cf. ina la me-ni adūk qurādēšu

mīnum minummê

Streck Asb. 48 v 109 and parallels; šallatu ... ina la me-ni ašlula ibid. 16 ii 44 and parallels, also hubussunu ina la me-ni ahbuta ibid. 72 viii 115 and parallels; ina la me-ni sāb qašti mār banê ša Elamti countless archers, Elamite nobles ibid. 212:22, cf. ibid. r. 4, and passim in Asb.; ina la mi-ni ABL 925:19 (NB).

- 4' ša la mīni: ša la mìn-ni ABL 1245 r. 10; ša la mi-nu-ú YOS 3 163:26.
- 5' almīn: kīma ṣubāti labšāku arna alme-[en] (for translat. see ṣubātu mng. 1b-2')
  4R 59 No. 2:25; for other refs. see almīn.
- 2. accounting: mi-nu Lú GUD.HI.A u U8. UDU.HI.A  $\delta a$  PN accounting of the persons in charge of the cattle, and sheep and goats of PN (heading of tablet) BE 14 99:1, cf. mi-nu ÅB.GUD.HI.A u U8.UDU.HI.A ... MU.11. KAM RN (as subscript) ibid. 99a:47 (both MB).
- 3. shape, figure, good looks: you select the fair and la me-na tušadmaq you make him who has no good looks look fair AfO 19 63:48.

mīnum see mīnu interr.

mīnumma see mīnu interr.

minummê (minammê, minimma) indefinite pron.; whatever, everything, all; Bogh., EA, RS, MB Alalakh, Nuzi; cf. minu interr.

a) minummê — 1' in Bogh.: mi-nu-um-me-e awatu nakri any report concerning the enemy (which he will send) KUB 3 16 r. 19; mi-nu-me-e ṣābē annûtu u mātāti an-nûtu all these peoples and these countries KBo 1 1:15; mi-nu-um-me-e unûte bīti rē-bēti all the remaining household utensils ibid. 3:10; mi-nu-me-e parṣū ša GN (I inquired about) all the conditions in Mitanni ibid. 22; mi-nu-me-e ālāni ibid. 1 r. 16, and passim in this text; mi-i-nu-me-e awâte ... šaṭrat all the words written (in this tablet) ibid. 4 iv 38; mi-nu-me-e mātāti ša pāṭ mātika all the countries alongside your country

ibid. ii 12 and 10; mi-nu-um-me hubta KUB 3 21:11, and passim.

- in EA: mi-nu-um-me-e šulmānu ša ušēbilu ana jāši every present which he sent to me EA 35:51, cf. mi-i-nu-um-me-e mērištašu š[a šarri] any wish of the king EA 157:17, mi-nu-um-me erišti EA 158:11, mi-nu-um-me-e qīšātišunu EA 53:51; mi-nuum-me-e amâte gabba EA 35:46 and 47, also EA 29:127, 130; mi-nu-um-me erî all the copper (you want) EA 35:17; mi-nu-um-mee amâtu ša aqabbû EA 29:13 and 14, cf. minu-um-me-e amâtu gabbašinama ibid. 7 and 169: before a relative clause: mi-nu-umme-e bēli ... hašhāta EA 44:27, mi-nu-ummi tašteme EA 149:56; with ša: mi-nu-umme-e ša ahija hašhu EA 19:68, cf. EA 41:36, mi-nu-um-me-e ša tērišu EA 35:21, cf. EA 40:21: mi-nu-um-me-e ša ahija ušēbilu whatever my brother sent me EA 19:52; mi-nume-e ša abuka [idbuba] EA 41:10.
- 3' in RS: mi-nu-um-me-e šulmānu MRS 6 15 RS 15.33:14, also MRS 9 222 RS 17.383:8, mi-nu-um-me-e maršītšu 223 RS 17.422:8, É-šu eglāte gabba mimmūšu ša iršú MRS 6 110 RS 16.267:11; mi-nu-me-e.MEŠ GIŠ.MEŠ MRS 12 114:6; mi-nu-um-me-e amâte ša ... MRS 9 86 RS 17.338 r. 6; mi-nu-me-e šatrat mēriltu ša bēlija īteriš ibid. 225 RS 17.422:31, mi-nu-um-me-e māt[āti n]akri ibid. 89 RS 17.353:15, cf. mi-nu-me-e pātānika RS 17.292:8; mi-nu-me-e sinnišāti ... amātiši ibid. 209 RS 17.355:9; before a  $ard\bar{a}ni\check{s}i$ relative clause: mi-nu-me-e mārat RN ... ša ina GN mārat RN ... ēpušu whatever the daughter of RN had acquired in Ugarit ibid. 127 RS 17.396:5, cf. mi-nu-me ša mārat RN ša ina bīt RN<sub>2</sub> ultēribu ibid. 126 RS 17. 159:12, also mi-nu-me-e ša RN inakkiru ibid. 18.
- 4' in MB Alalakh: mi-nu-um-me-e ңа.LA zittašu kala mimmašu zittašu ša PN Wiseman Alalakh 16:7.
- 5' in Nuzi: mi-nu-um-me-e šerrūšu ša PN ša ulladu all the offspring whom PN will beget HSS 9 96:9, cf. mi-nu-um-me-e

minummê minûtu

šerrū ša ištu libbi PN ussû ša ana PN,  $\tilde{u}lidu$  RA 23 145 No. 12:12, also JEN 432:13, also mi-nu-um-me-e suhārū u suhārātu ša 'PN ulladu JEN 637:15; mi-nu-um-me-e tuppātu ša ina panânu ana mārēja ašturu all the tablets (with wills) which I have previously written in favor of my sons (are invalid) TCL 9 41:31; mi-nu-um-me-e nišūt ekalli ša ina GN ašbu all the dependents of the palace who live in Nuzi HSS 9 3:6; mi-nu-um-me-e kaspu ša pī tuppī  $lab\bar{i}r\bar{u}t[a]$  HSS 19 36:5, also ibid. 5:18, HSS 9 106:18, and passim in this phrase; mi-nu-um-me-e eqlātišu bītātišu mim: mu šumšu RA 23 145 No. 12:15, and passim, wr. mi-nu-um-e mimmu šunšu JEN 435:36, and passim in this text; note: mi-nu-um-me-e bītāti ša PN ina GN mi-na-am-ma ina libbi bītāti all the houses of PN in GN and everything inside the houses HSS 13 122:5; mi-nu-um-me-e unūti[ja] kalummānija RA 23 144 No. 9:7, mi-nu-um-me-e urihulšu ša ardi JEN 305:8; mi-nu-um-me-[e] NAM.LÚ. LÚ rīḥūti JEN 468:13; negated: ana dajānī qibāmi la allakmi mi-nu-um-me dīnija ù-lipu-ša-mi tell the judges: "I will not come, they cannot make any decision concerning me!" JENu 957:22; with ša: mi-nu-um-me-e ša bītišu ša PN HSS 9 34:24; mi-nu-um-me-e ša inandinu lu kaspu lu hurāșu u lu annaku liddinu RA 23 145 No. 14:7.

- b) minammê 1' in Bogh.: mi-na-am-me-e šallati ṣābē dĂamši ikaššad whatever booty the army of the Sun will take KBo 1 5 iii 40f., also i 22; mi-na-am-me-e . . . haš: hāku whatever I want ibid. iii 46; mi-na-am-me-a ša māt Hurri ibid. iv 5.
- 2' in EA: mi-i-na-am-me-e ša iddinu hazannūtu whatever the (Egyptian) officials have given EA 157:37.
- 3' in Nuzi: mi-na-am-me-e ana mārtiša inandin HSS 197:32.
- c) minimma: libbašu ina mi-ni-im-ma amati ul ultemris with not a single word have I caused his heart to worry EA 29:14, var. mi-ni-im-ma (in the same phrase) ibid. 12 and 131 (let. of Tušratta).

minûtu adj. fem.; lovable; SB; cf. menû. ul.gùr.ru = mi-nu-û-tum OBGT XI v II.

The goddess *mi-nu-tu athēša* most lovable among her brothers BBR No. 24:37.

minûtu s.; 1. amount, number (of persons, animals, objects, etc.), contingent (of soldiers), standard (of coinage), string of beads (of fixed number), 2. counting (as an act or a technique), 3. recitation (of an incantation), 4. limbs, figure; from OB on; wr. syll. and šid; cf. manû v.

še-ed šid = mi-nu-[tum] Ea VII 191; [še]-ed šid = mi-n[u-tu] Recip. Ea A iv 27; ši-ti šid = me-nu-tu Sb II 237; šid = mi-nu-tum Hh. II 15, šid.um.me.a = min um-ma-ni-e ibid. 16; šid.mt-nu-ū-tum Proto-Izi I 251; šid.dù = min (= pa-qa-du) šá mi-nu-ti Antagal E b 31; giš.šid.ma = iṣ-ṣi mi-nu-ti Hh. IV 16; [še-e]d šid = mi-nu-tum A VII/2 catch line; šu-ud šid = mi-nu-tu Ea VII Excerpt 21'.

[MIN (= ut-tu)]  $\S ID = mi-nu-[t]um$  Recip. Ea A v 45; [a-ra] [A.DU] = mi-nu-tum A I/1:202; mu-u MU = mi-nu-tum A III/4:27.

[šà.dub].ba šid níg.šiD : [ša]-an-da-bak-ku mi-nu-ut ník-kàs-[si] LKA 65:6f., see Falkenstein, WO 1 179 n. 28; [...] šid níg.šiD šu.a.na 1.gál.la : ša mi-nu-ut ník-ka-si ina qātišu našū he (the god Guškinbanda) who holds in his hand the figuring of accounts ArOr 21 378 iii 22f. (from LKA 77 vi 22f.).

pi-ir-ru = mi-nu-tu Malku IV 171; pa-qa-du = [ma-nu]-ú šá mi-[nu-ti] CT 18 18 K.4587 ii 3.

1. amount, number (of persons, animals, objects, etc.), contingent (of soldiers), standard (of coinage), string of beads (of fixed number) — a) amount, number (of persons, animals, objects, etc.): bring me wool minu-tam šāti ša tattaddinam ana lubūšija that amount (of wool) that you have been giving me for my clothing allowance (is insufficient) TLB 4 72:11; mi-nu-ut kannim ša še'im (see kannu B usage f) VAS 16 179:26 (both OB (PN took two sheep of the palace, gave them to PN2) PN2 ina mi-nu-ti ša ekalli and PN2 entered them into the established herd of the palace HSS 13 27:5 and (repeated in the statements of PN and PN<sub>2</sub>) ibid. 9 and 13; in all, 189 sheep they deposited(?) in GN ina mi-nu-ti annīti 50 UDU.HI.A.MEŠ TI-qe he has taken fifty sheep from this amount HSS 16 283:4 (both Nuzi);

minûtu minzahar

20 līdānu ina ugu mi-nu-tu maķir he has received twenty ducklings above the amount (listed in line 7) YOS 6 141:12 and 25 (NB); ki-i EN ŠID- $t\acute{u}$  how much is the amount? cf. n šid-tú n is the TMB 76 No. 152:1, amount ibid. 3, kibis šid MKT 1 151 subscript (= TMB 39 No. 77); x days ŠID-ut I[TI ...] is the number (of days) of one month Neugebauer ACT No. 210 ii 6, 8, cf. ŠID-ut MU.AN.NA ibid. 15ff.; may Nabû [...] mi-nu-ut mu.meš (in broken context) MDP 6 p. 46 iv 7 (coll.); 70 šanāti mi-nu-ut nidûtišu seventy years (as) the length of time for its (Babylon's) lying in ruins Borger Esarh. 15 Ep. 10a:3; uncert.: mi-nu-tú (in broken context) ABL 402:14, obscure: ana mi-nu-te Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 26 ii 20 (MA).

- b) contingent (of soldiers): see pirru = m. Malku IV 171, in lex. section, cf. mi-nu-ut GIŠ.GIGIR.MEŠ (in broken context) Tn.-Epic "i" 28.
- c) standard (of coinage): x silver in stater coins of Antiochus *mi-nu-tu ša* E<sup>ki</sup> standard of Babylon ZA 3 150 No. 13:2; for parallel passages see *manûtu*.
- d) string of beads (of fixed number): 1 GÚ UR-me-et NA<sub>4</sub>.BABBAR.BABBAR.DIL ša 2 me-nu-tim one .... necklace of pappardillubeads which has two strings ARM 7 247:4 and 6; one necklace of lapis lazuli beads 13 ina mi-nu-ti KÙ.GI GAR 13 per string are mounted in gold EA 25 i 38, also ii 7 and 9; two necklaces for horses of hulālu-beads mounted in gold 88 ina šID-ti 88 in a string (the gold weighing 44 shekels) EA 22 i 13, cf. 6 ina šID-ti ibid. ii 9 and EA 27:111 (all lists of gifts of Tušratta).
- 2. counting (as an act or a technique) a) in gen.: see LKA 65 and AnOr 21 378, in lex. section; see also is-si mi-nu-ti wooden counting boards Hh. IV 16; [šan]dabakku ša mi-nu-ut NíG.ŠID-su [...] OIP 2 147:10 (— Meissner-Rost Senn. pl. 15); the chariotry and the bowmen ša la idû mi-[nu]-tu who defy counting OIP 2 50:17, cf. 49:14 (Senn.); heavy spoil taken from him, his cattle,

sheep, and goats ša kīma kakkab šamê menu-ta la išû which, like the heavenly stars, have no number AKA 358 iii 43 (Asn.), also (with var. ŠID-ta) ibid. 284 i 88; people who kīma kakkab šamê me(var. mi)-nu-ta la idû like the stars in the sky bear no counting AOB I 118 r. iii 9 (Adn. I); mi-nu-su-nu itti mi-nu-te annīte their number (that of the game hunted) together with this count (is recorded here) AKA 143 iv 33 (Tigl. I).

- b) with epēšu and manû: muster (šūšir) the soldiers and the chariots Šamši mi-nu-ta eppaš the Sun will count (them) MRS 9 192 RS 17.289:16; (herds of wild animals) mi-nu-sū-nu kīma ša maršīt ṣēni lu amnu I counted as if they were flocks of sheep or goats AKA 90 vii 11 (Tigl. I); mi-nu-su-(nu) amnu I counted them KAH 2 84:79 (Adn. II).
- 3. recitation (of an incantation): mi-nutú annītu ana pani Ištar 3-šú šid-nu you recite this incantation three times in front of Ištar STC 2 pl. 84:109; i-[ma]-nu-ú m[i]nu- $t[\acute{u}]$  KAR 104:31, ef. ŠID- $t\acute{u}$  annītu ŠID-nuBMS 2:10, also BMS 11:45, 40:13, OECT 6 pl. 26 K.3233 r. 7, etc., cf. also the namburbi texts KAR 38 r. 36, LKA 111:6, Or. NS 36 35 r. 6, Or. NS 39 132:4; ŠID-tú annītu ina pani Šamaš [ŠID] BBR No. 57:14, cf. Köcher BAM 323:29, ZA 16 192:24 (Lamaštu III); kīma šid-tú annītu tuštamnūšu (see manû A v. mng. 10b) Köcher BAM 339:43, also ibid. 32; [sir]qū magqâtu u mi-nu-tum kalû ul ikalla the lamentation-priest must not stop (making) scatter-offerings, libations and the recitation of incantations RAcc. 42:28.
- 4. limbs, figure: the cow of Sin mi-nu-ta kaz[bat] of beautiful figure (var. to binûtu, q.v.) Studies Landsberger 285:20 (MA inc.); šumma ūmu mi-nu-us-su Kúr.Kúr if the aspect of the day changes ACh Adad 33:24.

The reading of x MU ŠID.BI(.IM), etc., in colophons is unknown. For RA 38 86:18, the writing ŠID.MEŠ, and the phrase ina la minâtišu(nu) see minātu.

minûtu see manûtu.

minzahar see minzir.

minzir miqittu

minzir (minzahar) s.; (designation of a horse); MB; Kassite lw.

ištēn sīsā peṣā ša mi-in-zi-ri šumi ana šarri RN inandin he will give one white horse, (of the kind) called m., to King Itti-Marduk-balāṭu BBSt. No. 30 r. 9 (MB kudur-ru); mìn-zi-ir SA<sub>5</sub> DUMU PN a red m. (horse), by PN (name of horse) BE 14 12:6, also ibid. 18 and 20; [1 mìn-z]i-[ir] DUMU SA<sub>5</sub> one m-colored (horse), by a red (horse) PBS 2/2 98:20; uncert.: 1 Níg.Lá mi-in-za-har CT 44 69:11.

The refs. BE 14 and PBS 2/2 exclude a mng. "white horse," but the fact that in BBSt. a white horse is called *minzir* suggests a mng. "dappled-white" or the like.

Balkan Kassit. Stud. 26f.

minzû s.; (a part of the body?); MB.\*

mi-in-za-a-ša ša [...] (in broken context, parallel: tikkaša her neck) BE 17 94:3.

miparru see gipāru.

mipāru see gipāru.

miqittu s.; 1. downfall, defeat, misfortune, 2. epidemic, death among animals, 3. dead animals, corpses (of soldiers), 4. collapse (of a building or parts thereof), disrepair, ruins, 5. stroke (of lightning, of fire), 6. attack (of a disease); from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and šub, RI.RI.GA; cf. maqātu.

[udu.ri].[ri.ga] = UDU mi-qit-tum,  $\delta u$ -par-ru-ru Hh. XIII 30f.; ri.ri.ga = me-qit-tu Igituh I 145; [di-e] [RI] = [mi-qit]-tú Sa Voc. F 3'a; [ur] [ÚR] = mi-qit-tum A VII/2:135; ú.nag = mi-qit-tu, ú.ri.ri.ga =  $liqt\bar{a}tu$  Izi E 302f.; giš.RU<sup>II-lu-lu-su-ub</sup> šub.ba = mi-qit-[tu] (var. to maqittu, q.v.) Hh. VII A 69; su-ubsub = na-du-ú, šub = me-qi-tu, ma-qa-tu (followed by gurud, for which see maqtu, with the same three equivalents) CT 51 168 vi 44-49 (group voc. A).

[níg(?).ri].ri.ga.bi he.ši.in.gub.bi.e[n]: mi-qi-it-ta-šu lu-u uš-ziz Ĭ restored its (the wall's) ruined section 5R 62 No. 2:56.

ka-bat-tum = hi-tu, mi-qit(var. -iq)-tum Izbu Comm. 30 f.

1. downfall, defeat, misfortune — a) in gen.: la libbi ilimma mì-qí-tum im-qú-tama unfortunately a misfortune has happened

to me Kienast ATHE 37:4 (OA); mi-qí-ti ekal LÚ.KÚR RA 27 149:9, see ZA 57 130; miqí-tum ina mātim ibbašši there will be misfortune in the country YOS 10 45:26 (both OB ext.); mì-qít-tum ina māti ibašši CT 20 26:15 (SB ext.); ina namrat LUGAL mi-qi-[i]ttum ibašši ZA 43 310:20 (OB astrol.); ŠUBtim UN.MEŠ Thompson Rep. 258:8; may the gods whose names are inscribed on this stela mi-qít-ti [li-šam]-ri-ṣu-šu-ma put a terrible misfortune on him MDP 6 p. 47:20; RI.RI.GA mattu ibašši KAR 377:35, cf. ibid. 37, also KAR 376:40, RI.RI.GA ina āli ibašši CT 41 16:26, wr. ŠUB-tum KAR 382 r. 51 (all SB Alu), ina ... mi-qit-ti qāt ilišu IM 67692:262 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

b) referring to the downfall of specific mi-qí-it-ti rubêm persons: downfall of a YOS 10 23 r. 7, and passim in OB ext., also ŠUB-tim NUN Leichty Izbu XXI 11, cf. mi-qi-it-ti ašaridi YOS 10 42 iii 28 (OB ext.); ŠUB-ti UGULA MAR.TU u DUMU [...] CT 28 45:10 and 13, note ŠUB-ti A-mur-ri-i KAR 430:10 (SB ext.); RI.RI.GA mārē Nippuri ina kakki ibašši CT 13 50:18 (SB prophecies), see JCS 18 17, cf. KAR 423 ii 44; mi-qí-it-ti ālik pani ummānija YOS 10 11 ii 23, and passim in OB and SB ext., also CT 3 2:19 (OB oil omens), wr. ŠUB-ti KAR 423 r. ii 52 (SB ext.) and CT 39 25 K.2898+:7 (SB Alu), Wr. RI.RI.GA CT 31 44 iv 6 (SB ext.); mi-qi-it-ti máš. $\S$ U.gidD.gid YOS 10 31 ix 17, and passim, wr. mi-qí-ti ba-ri-im YOS 10 42 i 34 (OB ext.), also šub-ti Lú.HAL CT 30 16 K.3841 r. 16, ŠUB-ti DUMU LÚ.HAL CT 30 44 83-1-18,415:8; ŠUB-ti UD.KA.BAR. (see  $zabardabb\hat{u}$ ) CT 30 16 K.3481 r. 12; ŠUB-ti É.MAŠ Boissier Choix 64:11 (all SB ext.); obscure: mi-qí-it-ti ra ša ši im (for  $\check{s}a \quad ra-\check{s}i-im?)$ YOS 10 31 ix 11; mi-qí-it-ti ka-ab-tim YOS 10 49:9 and dupl. 48 r. 37; miqi-it-ti  $r\bar{e}d\hat{i}m$   $wed\hat{i}m(!)$  YOS 10 31 ix 5; mi-qiti we-di-i (see  $ed\hat{u}$ ) YOS 10 35 r. 30, wr. miqi-[it]-ti we-e-di(!)-im ibid. 47:42, SUB-ti e-di-iCT 38 21:7 (SB Alu), ŠUB-ti SIG-i TCL 6 3 r. 20, also PRT 106:14, and passim; mi-qí-it-ti bēl lemuttika downfall of your enemy UCP 9 373:10 (OB smoke omens), cf. mi-qí-it-ti bēl awatišu ina ekallim YOS 10 54 r. 17 (OB physiogn.); ŠUB-

miqittu miqittu

tim bēl amatišu KAR 386:58, also CT 38 39:18 (SB Alu); mi-qí-it-ti bēl lumnim CT 3 2:21 (OB oil omens); ŠUB.BA-ti bēl lemuttišu MDP 14 50 i 15 (MB dream omens); mi-qí-it-ti bēl ni: qîm downfall of the one who brought the sacrificial animal YOS 10 26 i 9 (OB ext.), cf. ŠUB-ti bēl immeri KAR 423 ii 21, CT 20 33:93, TCL 6 3 r. 6 (all SB ext.); mi-qit-ti nakrišu iššakkan ABL 1214 r. 16 (astrol.); note also: mi-qì-ti hupšim YOS 10 48 r. 42, 25:52, 49:14; mi-qí-ti hupšim mi-qí-ti gagîm ibid. 17:88; mi-qí-ti kabtūtim ibid. 41:76 (all OB); ŠUBtim ardi u amti misfortune of slave and slave girl CT 38 36:65, CT 40 18:90 (SB Alu), ef. RI.RI.GA GURUŠ *u* KI.SIKIL ACh Supp. 2 Sin ŠUB DUMU.NITA // DAM NA G[ÁL] Kraus Texte 6 r. 29; ŠUB-tim amēlūti Thompson Rep. 86 r. 4; šub-tim(var. -ti) šībūt āli Leichty Izbu XI 1; ŠUB-tim DUR.GI.IŠ.LU.U (= Nippur) GÁL Leichty Izbu IV 38.

c) referring to the defeat of an army: mi-qí-ti [um]mānija YOS 10 36 i 7, cf. mi-qíit-ti ummānika ibid. 33 r. iv 43, mi-qí-it-ti ummān rubîm ibid. 42 i 33, cf. 45:23, 25, 30 (all OB ext.); ŠUB-ti ummāni Köcher BAM 1 ŠUB-ti SAG.KAL.MU defeat of my vanguard TCL 6 2:46, and passim; šub-ti ummāni matti defeat of a numerous army CT 20 13 r. 8, also šub ummāni matti ACh Ištar 15:24, wr.  $\S UB-ti$  MEŠ-ti CT 31 33 r. 23, ŠUB-ti ERÍN GAL CT 39 25 K.2898+ :14; ŠUBti ummāni sig-i TCL 6 3 r. 35; ŠUB- $t\acute{u}$ ummāni ina narpašê defeat of the army in a calamity TCL 64:14 and 16; also um= mānka ina eqel šulmi šub-ta-šá gál-ši CT 31 50:7f. (all SB ext.); [Šub]-ti ummānija iš: šakkan KAR 430 r. 18; the king of Akkad šub-ta nakrišu išakkan will defeat his enemy ACh Sin 4:12, Supp. 2 Sin 18:9, Thompson Rep. 119:7, cf. nakru itebbâmma šub-ta-šú GARan ibid. 213:5; ŠUB NA u ERÍN-ni CT 39 24 K.9572+ :5; note, wr. RI.RI.GA: RI.RI.GA  $umm\bar{a}ni(ja)$ CT 6 2 case 29 and 39 (OB liver model), cf. RI.RI.GA GÌR GN ibid. case 19; RI.RI.GA ERÍN.MEŠ matti KUB 4 63 i 4, and passim in this text, see RA 50 12ff., also KUB 37 177:8, KAR 150:4, 152:28f.; RI.RI.GA ummāni matti ACh Ištar 13:8; RI.RI.GA tillat šarri KBo 7

5:2a; RI.RI.GA ummāni rabīti ibašši KAR 377:10 (SB Alu).

- 2. epidemic, death among animals: šubtim umāmē Leichty Izbu XX 21, cf. RI.RI.GA umāmū ibašši KAR 377 r. 29 (SB Alu); mi-qíit-ti bu-li-im YOS 10 41:21 (OB ext.), cf. miqí-it-ti máš.Anše YOS 10 54 r. 19 (OB physiogn.); RI.RI.GA NÍG. ÚR.LÍM. [MA] Leichty Izbu V 100, RI.RI.GA bu-[lim] ibid. XVII 67, ŠUBtim bu-lim ibid. 62 and 70; SUB-tim bu-lim ACh Ištar 2:14 and 20:85; RI.RI.GA bu-l[im] KAR 377 r. 26; ŠUB bu-lim KAR 392 r.(!) 24; šub-tim [máš].Anše CT 39 26:15, TCL 6 16 r. 19, CT 39 8 K.8406:6, (with added EDIN) ibid. 7 (all SB Alu), also Köcher BAM 1 iii 40f., LBAT 1532:25, (with added nammaššė ša sēri) Thompson Rep. 94:6; ŠUB-tim ÁB.GUD.[HI.A] CT 39 (SB Alu); RI.RI.GA amēlūti ÁB.GUD.HI.A U U8. [UDU.HI.A NU TE] Supp. Ištar 45:8, also, wr. šub-tim Thompson Rep. 206 r. 5, cf. šub-tim NAM.Lú.Ux.LU ù máš.anše ibašši ibid. 86 r. 4; (var. RI.RI.GA) ÁB.GUD.HI.A *u* U<sub>8</sub>.UDU.HI.A ACh Ištar 20:14, ŠUB-tim si-si-i ibid. 2:13; ŠUBtim gumahhi ibašši ACh Adad 8:13, (with kurkû) ibid. 14; ŠUB-tim GUD.ME u gubri (see gubru) Thompson Rep. 223 r. 2, also 223A r. 8; ŠUB-ti gub-ri Boissier DA 12 i 31 (SB ext.), ŠUBti ku-ub-ri RA 65 74:76 (OB ext.); exceptional: ŠUB-tim GIG.MEŠ TCL 6 16:16, see ZA 52 238:16c, Thompson Rep. 260:4; note also šub-tim Elamti ina kakki ibašši ibid. 183:2, ŠUB-tim Elamti Gutî ana Akkadî NU TE ibid. 271 r. 3.
- 3. dead animals, corpses — a) dead animals — 1' in adm. and leg.: zi.ga ri.ri. ga ù máš.šu.gíd.gíd withdrawal, dead animals and (animals given for) extispicy BE 6/2 2:4; zi.ga ù ri.ri.ga TCL 11 178:26, YOS 5 150:43, 45, Riftin 56:29, JCS 2 80 No. 9:6; ezub 2 RI.RI.GA apart from two dead CT 45 61:12, cf. ibid. 19, 22; animals RI.RI.GA BIN 7 109:6, 8, PBS 8/2 114:1, Genouillac Kich 2 C 87:1, etc., also U8 RI.RI.GA BRM 3 187:1 (tag), AJSL 33 235 No. 25:2, Kraus Edikt § 10':17, UDU.NITÁ RI.RI.GA Jean Šumer et Akkad 189:8; ÁB RI.RI.GA Kraus Edikt § 10':16, UZ RI.RI.GA ibid. 19; 49 GUD.HI.A

miqittu miqqu

RI.RI.GA PBS 7 27:25; KUŠ RI.RI.GA skin TCL 10 24:11, 27, Riftin of a dead animal 56:26; hides of sheep and goats mi-qi-ittum ša gāti PN Szlechter TJA 138 (pl. 6) FM 14:3 (all OB); KUŠ RI.RI.GA BE 14 99a:19 (MB); note: BA.[UGx].GA ù RI.[RI.GA] Gautier Dilbat 43:8; ri.ri.ga é.tùr ní.te.na PBS 8/1 72:2, cf. 74:6 (all OB); mi-qi-it-ti tarbaşim bēl tarbaşim imahharšu the owner of the fold accepts for him (the shepherd) the loss (caused by a lion or an epidemic) which occurred in the fold CH § 266:80; aš-šum kanīkāt RI.RI.GA ša SIPA nu-ut-ti-in cerning the sealed documents about our own losses (incurred) by the shepherd A 3520:5, cf. RI.RI.GA ša SU.SI.IG.MEŠ ibid. 7 (OB let.); RI.RI.GA NA.GADA.MEŠ BE 14 132:3 (MB); for all the cattle you have given to the plowmen since the seventh year lu mi-qi-tu lu ... tušēlû nikkassa epuš render account, be they dead animals or an animal you have delivered (as a tēlītu-tax) BIN 1 68:8 (NB let.); ana 100 sēn 10.TA mi-qit-tú munnannâšu ana 1-et mi-qit-tú 1-en kuš.hi.a 2½ gín sa lud= dakka allow us ten dead animals for each one hundred animals, I will give you for each dead animal one skin and two and onehalf shekels of tendons BE 10 132:9, cf. ibid. 17, also BE 9 1:14 and 24 (both NB).

- 2' in rit.: ina KUŠ UDU RI.RI.GA tašappi you wrap (it) in the skin of a dead sheep ZA 45 210 vi 6 (Bogh. rit.); for ÅB.RI.RI.GA see littu A usage a-2'.
- b) corpses (of soldiers, OAkk. only): x GURUŠ.GURUŠ adi mi-gi<sub>4</sub>-tim x men together with the slain (and the prisoners) AfO 20 54 xvii 53 and 63 xxiii 50.
- 4. collapse (of a building or parts thereof), disrepair, ruins a) collapse: šumma ina ešgalli šub-ti kiṣṣi gar if the collapse of a shrine happens in a great temple CT 40 9 Rm. 136:8 (SB Alu), cf. šub-ti ešgalli ibid. 11 (SB Alu); ina šub-ti £.SIG4 BE he will die in the collapse of a wall Dream-book 328 i 82; mūt š[ub]-ti ùr be he will die a death caused by the collapse of a roof ibid. 85; šub-ti ú-ri Boissier Choix 63:6 and 10 (SB ext.).

- b) disrepair, ruins: bīt papāḥi ... labāriš illikma mi(var. ma)-qit-ti iršu the chapel had become old and was in disrepair Borger Esarh. 76:12; mi-qi-it-tim agurri šussê to remove the ruined bricks Sumer 3 12 ii 29 (Nbk.); mi-qit-[ta]-šá adki I removed its ruins Thompson Esarh. pl. 17 v 43 (Asb.), cf. anhūssu uddiš mi-qit-[ta-šu ušziz] I repaired the damaged sections and set up again what was in ruins Streck Asb. 186 r. 25, also ab: tāti ekširma mi-qi-it-ta-ša ušziz VAB 4 98 ii 11 (Nbk.), see also 5R 62, in lex. section.
- 5. stroke (of lightning, of fire): lumun miqit-ti išāti the evil portended by lightning ABL 74:17 (NB), cf. CT 20 3 K.3671+:4; ŠUB-ti išāti ina abulli DN ittabši lightning struck the DN gate CT 29 48:17, cf. ibid. 22 (list of prodigies); see also miqtu lex. section and mng. 3.
- 6. attack (of a disease): mi-qi-it-ti benni TUK-ši he will have an attack of bennu CT 39 46:54 (SB Alu).

For ABL 262 r. 6 see mițitu.

Ad mng. 3a: Oppenheim, Eames Coll. p. 62 F 24; Kraus Edikt 113ff.

miqqānu (meqiqānu) s.; (a louse affecting cloth, animals and people); SB.\*

uh.síg, uh.túg.kéš.da, uh.sag.du = mi-iq-qa-nu (var. me-qi-qa-nu) wool moth, eloth moth, head louse(?) = m. Hh. XIV 270-270b; uh.túg. kéš.da = me-iq-qa-nu = har-s[ap-nu] Hg. B III 23, in MSL 8/2 47; [mar.sí]g = me-qi-qa-nu (preceded by išqippu) Hh. XIV 289a; máš.sa[R.k]éš.da = mi-qa-a-[nu] goat affected by m.-parasite Hh. XIII 235.

mar = mi-iq-qá-nu, mar.gal = iš-qip-pu MSL 9 93:69f. (SB list of diseases).

[har-sa]-pa-nu # mi-iq-qa-ni # [...], [mi-i]q-qa-nu = tul-tum şa-hir-tu[m] small worm Köcher BAM 401:22f.

ύ ur-nu KAL: ὑ DứR ha-am-ṭi(!) x miqa-na DIB-al the .... plant: herb for an inflamed anus which contains(?) m.-parasite (to mix with tallow and place on his anus) Köcher BAM 1 iii 17.

Landsberger Fauna 127.

miqqu s.; hole, cavity; lex.\*

miqtu miqtu

 $u = \sup_{\mathbf{z}} \lim_{\mathbf{z} \to \mathbf{z}} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{z}$   $u = \lim_{\mathbf{z} \to \mathbf{z}} \mathbf{z}$   $u = \lim_{\mathbf{z} \to \mathbf{z}$   $u = \lim_{\mathbf{z} \to \mathbf{z}} \mathbf{z}$   $u = \lim_{\mathbf{z} \to \mathbf{z}$ 

miqtu s.; 1. (a disease), 2. collapse (of a wall, a roof, a part of the exta), downfall, defeat, obstruction, clogging (of a canal by vegetation), 3. fall (of a meteor or a star, of fire), conflagration, stroke of lightning, 4. miqit pî insolence, blasphemy, 5. miqit panī disposition(?), attitude(?), 6. share (in profit, in barley, in a field), 7. (a social class), 8. (a red fungus on a wall); 9. miqit niggalli harvest; from OA, OB on, Akk. lw. in Sum.; pl. miqtū, in mng. 6 also miqtāni; wr. syll. and šub (in mng. 1 also an.ta.šub.ba, be-tú); cf. maqūtu.

dal RI = mi-iq-tu Ea II 297; dugud, an.ta. šub.ba = mi-iq-[tu] (in group with bennu) Antagal H 9; an.ta.šub.ba = mi-iq-[tu], be-en-[nu] Igituh short version 168f.; ka.ta.šub.ba = mi-qit pi-i Nabnitu IV 13; ba.an.la-ahud = mi-qit ir-ri (in group with arhānû) Erimhuš V 110.

dlugal.nam.en.na dugud.da kur.ra la. ba.an.gar: bennu mi-iq-tu ša ana māti la inuḥhu—bennu and m.-diseases which do not cease (their onslaught) against the country CT 17 4 i 5ff.; udug.ḥul á.zàg.gig.ga lugal.[ùr.ra an.ta. šub.ba]: utukku lemnu asakku marşu mi-qit bēl ú-[ri] Falkenstein Haupttypen 96:21 (coll.); izi.šub.ba gan.šub.ba gag.šub.ba: mi-iq-tu i-šá-t[um ga]rā[bu sikkatu] ibid. 95:16, restored from Sm. 1580, see Walker, BiOr 26 77.

mul.sa<sub>5</sub> =  $makr\hat{u}$  =  $^4$ Sal-[bat-a-nu], mul.sa<sub>5</sub> =  $m\hat{t}$ -qit i- $^4$ sat = [MIN] Hg. B VI 28f. in MSL II 38, cf. MUL.sa<sub>5</sub> ŠUB-tim 12I ACh Ištar 8:16 (astrol. comm.), also CT 26 40 iv 11, STT 126:2.

NÍ[c.šu]B.úR = šá mi-qit ú-ri CT 41 29:10 (Alu Comm., to Tablet XLV); [GIM ŠUB] É DIRI-ma: ki-ma mi-qit É i-qu-bi-ri eš-šū (up) CT 41 25 r. 8 (Alu Comm., to CT 38 28:21 Tablet XX); ka-ba-tum = hi-tu, mi-iq-tú (var. mi-qit-tum) Izbu Comm. 30f.; BE mi-iq-tum mi-iq-tum (//) be-en-nu ACh Sin 19:10.

tu- $u\dot{s}$ - $\delta u = mi$ -iq-tum An IX 107, also LTBA 2 2:409 and dupl. 3 vi 5.

1. (a disease) — a) in gen. — 1' wr. syll.: in enumerations: m[i]-i[q]-t[am] ša-na-dam šuruppām asakkam Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 3:14 (coll. M. Stol);  $a[\check{sum}\ z]$ iqtum mi-iq-tum  $\check{sennu}$  JCS 9 8 A 3 and B 2, cf. sikkatum  $i\check{satum}$  mi-iq-tum  $\check{sanudu}$  ibid. 11 C 1 and D 5, sikkatam  $i\check{satam}$   $a\check{satam}$   $a\check{satam}$ 

943:15, see also Falkenstein Haupttypen, in lex. section; [mi]-iq-tum li'bu di'u KAR 233 r. 6, also STT 138 r. 21, mi-qit bennu Köcher BAM 338:20 and STT 138:19; ša šulhâ u miiq-ti èz-hu he who is surrounded (lit. girt) with .... and m. PSBA 17 138:3; may the goddess simma akṣa lazza mi-iq-ta la tēbā (let his body break out in) a dangerous and persistent sore, an incurable m-disease MDP 6 pl. 11 iv 7; as name of a demon: dMi-qi-itnote šumšu mi-ig-tum lemnu (the demon's) name is Evil M. CT 51 142:17 (inc.); with magātu: tulá īnigma mi-ig-tum  $\S UB-su$  if the m.-disease strikes (a small child) while it sucks Labat TDP 224:60; miiq-tu kīma gāt ili ŠUB-su ibid. 220:26; in omens: *mi-iq-tum* GÁL CT 39 10 K.149+ :16 (SB Alu); mi-iq-tum dannu GAL ZA 52 242:32 and 33b (astrol.), cf. 248:67, 69, also Thompson Rep. 195:7, ACh Supp. 2 78 i 14, etc., mi-iq-tú  $GAL-\check{s}\acute{u}$  Iraq 21 50:37 (hemer.), and see MSL 9 108; mi-iq-tum CT 20 23 K.4702:4, dupl. ibid. 22 Rm. 235 ii 1; in med.: Ú hi-mi-ti u mi-iqti Köcher BAM 379 iv 10; mi-iq-ta (context ibid. 96 i 26; note, wr. šub-tu: šumma šerru šub-tu šub-su-ma iblut if the m.-disease strikes a small child but he gets well Labat TDP 222:49, ŠUB-tu ŠUB-su-ma qātāšu u šēpāšu amša ibid. 228f.:110f., cf. STT 89:148, and passim; in a personal name: Mi-iq-ti-adur Fear-M. Ungnad, RLA 2 418 year 880, also wr. BE-tú-adur, see Weidner, AfO 13 310.

2' wr. an.ta.šub.ba — a' in gen.: [šum: ma amēlu] an.ta.šub.ba lugal.ùr.ra šu. DINGIR.RA ŠU. dINNIN ŠU. GIDIM. MA ŠU. NAM. ERÍM ŠU.NAM.LÚ.U<sub>x</sub>.LU *elišu ibašši* 26:1, cf. ibid. 38, 54, r. 7, Köcher BAM 311:77; [šumma amēlu] kajānu an.ta.šub sag.hul. HA.ZA ŠU.GIDIM [ŠU].dINNIN elišu ibašši KAR 66:1, cf. the similar enumeration Maqlu II 58, AAA 22 42 i 5, ABL 24:9, AfO 14 142:36, 259:32 (= BRM 4 20), 274:24 (= BRM 4 19), LBAT 1597:9 and r. 1 (med. astrol.); šumma šu. GIDIM ana AN.TA.ŠUB.BA itūršu if the disease "hand of a ghost" turns for him into m.-Labat TDP 192:37, cf. (opposite sequence) ibid. 40, also šumma AN.TA.ŠUB.BA miqtu miqtu

ana Šu. dinnin itūršu ibid. 43 and (opposite sequence) ibid. 194:47; šumma amēlu ŠU.GIDIM. MA isbassu bennu isbassu An.Ta.šub.ba is: bassu LKA 70 iv 18, see TuL p. 56:31; medication for an.ta.šub.ba dumu.sal dA-nim dLUGAL. ÙR.RA dDÌM.ME dDÌM.ME gab-bi CT 14 16 BM 93084 r. 5; napšaltu ša AN.TA.ŠUB.BA a salve for m.-disease RA 54 174 AO 17613 r. 4; 7 Ú AN.TA.ŠUB.BA seven medicinal plants for m.-disease (he drinks them in beer or wine) Köcher BAM 159 iii 27; [N]A<sub>4</sub>.MEŠ KUŠ mēl ša AN.TA.ŠUB.[BA] ētapaš ina muhhišu assakan AN.TA.ŠUB.BA urtammēšu I prepared the beads in the leather phylactery for m., placed (it) on him, and the m.-disease left him ABL 1289:3 and 5, cf. Köcher BAM 311:59. 364:6; beads listed for AN.TA.ŠUB Köcher BAM 376 ii 9, 11, cf. ibid. 377 iv 4, 8, 12.

- b' with ref. to the nature of the disease: if a sick person's neck is always twisted toward the right, his hands and feet are cataleptic, his eyes closed and turned around, foam comes out of his mouth, and he makes croaking sounds AN.TA.ŠUB.BA it is m.disease Labat TDP 80:1, cf. AN.TA.ŠUB.BA šu dSin ibid. 6; [šumma am]ēlu AN.TA. ŠUB.BA irtenehhišu if m-disease convulses(?) a man (diagnosis: a galla-demon has seized that man) Labat TDP 190:18, cf. NA.BI HUL DIB-su kīma an.ta.šub.ba irtenehhīšu an evil (ghost) has seized that man, it convulses(?) him like m.-disease Iraq 19 40 i 5 and 26; AN.TA.ŠUB.BA / marsa uhtannaq u ru'ussu šub.šub-a — m.-disease: the sick person is choking and spits saliva all the time BRM 4 32:1, see JRAS 1924 452.
- b) in compounds 1' miqit irrī: see Erimhuš V 110, in lex. section; šumma amēlu mi-qit irrī TUK AMT 62,1:2 and 7, also AMT 61,5:7.
- 2' miqit libbi: Ú šá-mi mi-qit lìb-bi: Ú ši-ma-hu Köcher Pflanzenkunde 1 iii 30 and 11 ii 43 (= Uruanna II 310); Ú šá-mu mi-qit ŠÀ: Ú šá-mu ra-pa-di ibid. 11 i 76; [...]: Ú šá-mi mi-qit lìb-bi CT 14 36 81-2-4,267 r. 10; Ú mi-qit ŠÀ ina šikari šaqû Köcher BAM 381

iv 22f., cf. CT 14 41 Rm. 362:7 and 9, RA 13 37:12ff., and passim in pharm.

- 3' miqit tēmi: šaššatu mi-qit tēmi Schollmeyer No. 29:9; RN ina mi-qit tēme ana mā: rišu iqbû Teumman (who) in his desperation said to his son: (Give up the bow) Streck Asb. 312 a:1, cf. AfO 8 178:21a; he became like one mad and ina mì-qit tē[m]e unaššaq rittīšu gnawed his wrists in his desperation AAA 20 89:159 (Asb.).
- 4' miqit šamê: ŠUB AN-e TAG-su qāt ilišu imāt something fallen from heaven has "touched" him, "hand of his god," he will die Labat TDP 234:25.
- 2. collapse (of a wall, a roof, a part of the exta), downfall, defeat, obstruction, clogging (of a canal by vegetation) a) collapse (of a wall, a roof): mi-qi-it  $ig\bar{a}rim$  YOS 10 18:63 (OB ext.), cf.  $tu\check{s}\check{s}u$  mi-qi-it  $ig\bar{a}ri$  MU.NI YOS 10 58 r. 10 (OB oil omens), cf. also mi-qi-it [...]  $butuq\bar{a}tum$  ubtatta[qa] ibid. 26 iii 28 (OB ext.); ina mi-iq-ti  $\bar{u}ri$  mi-iq-ti i-g[a-ri] mi-iq-ti  $i\check{s}\bar{a}ti$  IM 67692:278 f.  $(tam\bar{t}tu$ , courtesy W. G. Lambert); see also CT 41 29:10, in lex. section.
- b) part of the exta (described as collapsed in the protasis): mi-iq-ta ša 150 kīma piṭri šumēlima [...] CT 20 29 K.4092 r. 7, cf. (in broken context) ibid. 25 K.9667+ ii 31.
- c) downfall, defeat (instead of miqittu): nakru itebbamma išakkan šub-su if an enemy arises he will bring about his defeat RAcc. 145:452.
- d) obstruction, clogging (of a canal by vegetation): Purattum ša ištu GN adi GN<sub>2</sub> mi-iq-ti-ša usuh hāmīša šutbi remove the obstructions on the Euphrates which (extends) from Larsa to Ur and clear its reeds LIH 4 r. 10 (OB let.), cf. ú ashur URU: ú mi-iq-ti ha-am-mu A.MEŠ CT 14 24 K.4412 r.(!) i 14 and dupl. ibid. 37 K.4417:10 (Uruanna II 341).
- 3. fall (of a meteor or a star, of fire), conflagration, stroke of lightning a) fall (of a meteor or a star): mi-qi-it parzillim ša

miqtu mīrānu

qaqqara i-ra-sú fall of (meteoric) iron which smashes the soil JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 8 r. v 21 (OB lit.); [DIŠ] MUL.ME mi-qit-su-nu ma-'-ad if the fall of stars is frequent LKU 112:6, also (with šūqur rare) ibid. 7 and LKU 105 iv 14.

- b) fall of fire, conflagration, stroke of lightning: ina mi-qit išāti āriri iddūšuma uhalliqu napšassu they threw him into the raging conflagration and (thus) ended his life Streck Asb. 36 iv 51, cf. ina mi-qit [...] Rost Tigl. III p. 38:236; ina patri ... mi-qit išāti hušahhi lipit Irra through the sword, the conflagration, hunger and pestilence Streck Asb. 32 iii 125; ina HUL mi-qit išāti ša ina mātija ekallija [...] against the evil portended by lightning [that struck] my country, my palace CT 41 23 ii 17, cf. šumma mi-iqti [...] Or. 36 286 K.2782:1 (both namburbi), see also IM 67692:278f., cited mng. 2a.
- c) miqit mê: may Sin throw you ana miqit A.MEŠ u IZI Maqlu III 101.
- 4. miqit pî insolence, blasphemy: concerning the affair of the slave ša ana mār bēlišu mi-qí-it pîm iršûma who uttered insolent words against the son of his master (and was put in jail) PBS 7 60:9 (OB let.); if a woman šillata taqtibi lu mi-qí-it pê tartiši spoke something unseemly or uttered a blasphemy KAV 1 i 17 (Ass. Code § 2); [šil= lassunu m]i-qit pîšunu ... aj īlā let no unseemly word or blasphemy come (from their hearts to their lips) Iraq 22 222:12; šuв ка тuк-ši he will utter a blasphemy CT 38 21:6 (SB Alu), cf. ŠUB KA Kraus Texte 36 i 6; see also  $tu\check{s}\check{s}u = miqtu$  An IX 107, in lex. section.
- 5. miqit panī disposition(?), attitude(?): mi-qi-it panīšu ana libbija bi'šu umma his attitude toward me was bad, he spoke as follows BIN 1 18:17 (NB let.).
- 6. share (in profit, in barley, in a field): kaspum u mì-qí-su ištu Ālim illiamma when the silver and the profit on it come up from the City (i.e., Assur, we will share it half and half) ICK 2 97:11, cf. kaspam u mì-qí-

su ana PN din CCT 4 49a:31, cf. ibid. 34, also BIN 4 33:11 (all OA); PN kasap mi-iq-ti-šu leqe libbašu tāb PN has received the silver from his share, he is satisfied AJSL 33 p. 226 No. 9:7; a field A.GAR mi-iq-tim ša PN BIN 2 98:2; še-am mi-iq-ti-šu [...] ša aḥija likilam[ma] liblūnimma Kraus AbB 1 24:4' (all OB); uncert.: 10 GÚ (wool) ana mi-iq-tani ana ugula MÁ.MEŠ ADD 953 iii 2, cf. v 2.

- 7. (a social class): tukum.bi mi.iq.tum níg.ba.lugal.kám nu.ub.da.an.kar.re if a m.-person is a gift given by the king, he cannot be taken away AJA 52 38 xiv 6; tukum.bi mi.iq.tum ní.te.a.ni.ta lú.ù un.ši.gin lú.bi nu.un.tag.tag ki.šà.ga. na.šè ha.ba.gin if a m.-person, after he has come to a man by his own free will that man must not detain(?) him, so he (the m.) can go wherever he wants ibid. 9 (Lipit-Ištar Code); mi-iq-tum Proto-Lu 785, in MSL 12 61; uncert.: [a-n]a [GìR] Lú mi-iq-tum i-ma-qú-ut-ma GìR Lú i-⟨ṣa⟩-ba-at a m. will arrive at the feet of a man and will seize the feet of the man YOS 10 18:54 (OB ext.).
- 8. (a red fungus on a wall): katarru sāmu ša mi-iq-tu šumšu (if) red lichen which is called m. (appears in the house of a man) CT 40 17:55, cf. ibid. 59, 63 and 66 (SB Alu).
- 9. miqit niggalli harvest (OA only): (payment of a debt in silver) ina mi-qi-it niggallim ušebbalam I. 491:8, cited Matouš, ArOr 24 p. 3 n. 5, šumma ina mi-qi-it niggallim la uštēbilam ibid. 12.

Ad mng. 1: Labat TDP 81 n. 153. Ad mng. 6: Balkan, OLZ 1965 150.

mīrānu (mūrānu) s.; 1. young dog, puppy, 2. cub of a wild animal; OAkk., OA, OB, SB, NA, NB; wr. syll. and UR.TUR.

kuš.ur.tur = [MIN (= ma-šak) mi-r]a-ni Hh. XI 21; ur.tur = mi-ra-nu Hh. XIV 82a; pirig.tur = mi-ra-nu lab-bi Hh. XIV 134; amar.ka = mi-ra-nu (var. mu-ra-an) bu-ú-şu Hh. XIV 106.

[u]r.tur.ra ninda ù.bí.šub [ku]n.da.ra. an.gùn.gùn.nu : ana mu-ra-ni [...] li-kan-[zi-ib-ku] (see kuzzubu lex. section) Lambert BWL 229 iv 29.

ú-ra-nu = mi-ra-nu Malku V 43.

mīrānu mirhu A

young dog, puppy: asbassu ... ki me-ra-ni-im ina pirtišu I seized him by his hair like a puppy (parallel kalbu, q.v.) MAD 3 182 (OAkk. inc.); kî mu-ra-ni dTutu alas: sum urkika I run after you, DN, like a BMS 18:11, cf. akî mu-ra-ni young dog damqi ina ekallika adval (see dâlu A mng. 1d) Langdon Tammuz pl. 2 ii 9; PN ša kīma mi-ra-ni sahri qereb ekallija irbû PN, who had grown up in my palace like a young dog OIP 2 54:54, also 57:13 (Senn.); šumma Adad rigimšu kīma UR.TUR iddi if Adad thunders as a young dog (howls) ACh Adad 11:6; šumma lahru nēša ulidma kīma mi-ra-ni ka: [nin] if a ewe gives birth to a lion, and it is curled up like a puppy Leichty Izbu V 83, also ibid. 82; šumma lahru nēša ulidma īnāšu kīma mi-ra-ni katma if a ewe gives birth to a lion, and its eyes are closed like a puppy's ibid. 38; šumma ina libbi ur. Tur šakin if there is a young dog in it (the slaughtered? animal) Leichty Izbu p. 200:2; me-ra-na-am u hassam iššûnimma bēlī aplahma me-ra-naam u hassam ul addin (see hassu s.) ARM 2 37:8, 10; Nanâ subbiti pî mu-ra-a-ni-ki (var. mi-ra-ni-ki, parallel kalbu, q.v.) 4R 58 ii 50, var. from dupl. PBS 1/2 113:83 (Lamaštu), also Ninkarrak şubbiti mi-ra-ni-ki 71:5; in personal names: Mu-ra-nu-dGu-la Young-Dog-of-Gula VAS 4 165:17 (NB); DUMU mMu-ra-ni Aro Kleidertexte 13 No. 2:4, 6 (MB);  $Uq\hat{a}$ -mu-ra-ni I-Waited-for-My-Puppy David-Ebeling Assyrische Rechtsurkunden 16:21 (MA); uncert.: Me-ra-núm HSS 10 56:4 (OAkk.), see MAD 3 182, Me-ra-ni CCT 5 30a:5 (OA); Mi-ra-nu-um ARM 1 115:5, 15;  $^{\dagger}Mu$ -ra-na-tum 82-9-18,246a:3 (NB).

2. cub of a wild animal: see (lion cub, hyena cub) Hh. XIV 134 and 106, in lex. section; 50 mu-ra-ni nēšē lu aššā I carried away fifty lion cubs (and put them in cages in Calah) AKA 202 iv 27; mu-ra-ni-šú-nu ana ma'diš ušālidi I let them (the lions) give birth to a lot of young ibid. 32 (Asn.); kīma nēšti [š]a šuddāt me-ra-[ni-ša] (var. kīma ur.may ša ina šu-ta-a-te mu-ra-[ni-šā]) like a lioness deprived of her cubs Gilg. VIII i 19, var. from STT 15 r. 14.

mirdu s.; (mng. unkn.); RS lex.\*

 $[U\S] = mi \cdot ir \cdot du$ ,  $[U]\S = zi \cdot ik \cdot ru$  Ugaritica 5 135 r. 4f.

Possibly a mistake for wardu.

mirginānu see mirgirānu.

mirgirānu (mirginānu, margirānu) s.; (a medicinal plant used as an emetic); MB, SB.

- a) mirgirānu: Ú m[i]r-gi-ra-nu: Ú MIN (= as-har) Uruanna II 370; Ú mir-gi-ra-nu: [...] Köcher Pflanzenkunde 32a ii 8; Ú mir-gi-ra-nu ibid. 36 iv 16 (pharm.); Ú me-er-gi-ra-nu Ú marti ina šikari NAG he should drink m., a medication for gall bladder disease, in beer Küchler Beitr. pl. 14 i 21, cf. Ú me-er-gi-ra-a-na tasák ina mê išattīma i'arru you crush m., he drinks it in water and he will vomit ibid. pl. 17 ii 72, cf. also ibid. ii 69.
- b) mirginānu: [šumma KI.MIN (= NA ŠÀ GAZ)] mi-ir-gi(copy -zi)-na-nu if a man suffers from hīp libbi : m. PBS 2/2 107:49 (MB); Ú me-er-gi-na-nu (among medicinal plants) PBS 1/2 72:33 (MB let.).
- c) margirānu: Ú mar-gi-ra-nu (for disease of the spleen) Köcher BAM 78:10, (for a lotion) ibid. 321:10 and dupl. STT 230 r. 27 (SB rit.).
- mirgu s.; (an alliaceous plant); SB, NB.\*
  ga.raš.níg.bu.d[a] sar = šu-uš-ra-tú = mir[gu] Hg. D 242, also (only Sum. preserved) Hg. B
  IV 205, in MSL 10 104f.
- 2 BÁN mi-ir-gu SAR (preceded by šamaš: killu "onions" and zimzim, see zimzimmu) CBS 4999:9, cf. mi-ir-gu SAR ibid. 13 and 24, also CBS 5174+:6 and 10 (NB, courtesy M. Stolper); mi-ir-ga SAR CT 14 50:4 (list of plants in Merodachbaladan's garden); uncert.: kukru mi-ríg ť aší kasû (and other materia medica) AMT 16,3:13 + 12,3:7.

mirhu A s.; ergot; OB, SB; cf. marāhu.

[mu-u]g MUG = mi-ir-[hu] A VIII/2:101;
hu-ul HUL = mu-uq-qu, [mir]-hu Idu I 71.

anami in etli iterub me-er-hu-um the ergot entered the eye of the man, they say

mirḥu B mirītu A

JNES 14 15:17 (OB inc.), also JNES 17 56:55 (SB); šūbultum ulid me-er-ha the ear bore the ergot JNES 14 15:8, also JNES 17 56:54; me-er-ha lišēlia ina īn eṭli let them (the daughters of Anu) remove the ergot from the man's eye JNES 14 16:26, also JNES 17 56:55; [INIM.INIM.MA] mi-ir-hu ša libbi inē ś[ūli] incantation for removing ergot from the eyes AMT 12,1:56.

Landsberger, JNES 14 19.

mirhu B s.; (mng. unkn.); MB.\*

(lapis lazuli for) supri ša DARA<sub>3</sub>.MAŠ ša mi-ir-hi ù UMBIN Sumer 9 34ff. No. 20:7.

mīrihtu see mērehtu B.

miriqtu A s.; crumbled area in a mud-brick structure; OB, Mari\*; pl. mirqētu; cf. marāqu.

gú.bar = mi-ri-iq-tum Kagal I 374; [za-al] [NI] =  $\delta a$  GÚ.NI mi-ri-iq- $t\acute{u}$  A II/1 iii 15, cf. za-al NI =  $\delta \acute{a}$  KA.NI # mi-ri-iq- $t\acute{u}$  # MIN # ana ma- $[\acute{a}r]$ -gi RA 11 124 r. 3 (A II/1 Comm.).

igārtam ša dūrim ištu pān mi-ri-iq-ti-šu aqqurma ... mi-ri-iq-«ri»-tam šâti ēpuš udannin I tore down the wall of the fortress starting with its damaged area, and rebuilt that damaged area, making it stronger ARM ana bītim šâtu šutēšurim 2 88:18 and 21; u mi-ir-qé-ti-šu hêtim qātam aškun I have set to work to put that house in order and to supervise (the repair of) its damaged areas ARM 3 42:16; pirşum bīram irtapiš mim= mûka ša nuhhušāta kīma ana mi-ri-iq-tim annītim la ikaššadu tammar the break in the dam has widened midway(?), you will see that all the wealth you enjoy would not be enough (to repair) the damaged area TLB 4 52:31 (OB let.), cf. mi-ri-iq-tum ina Habur ibbašīma sābam ša halsim a[na] Habur ušetbi ARM 2 101:6, cf. also me-er-qé-et Habur ul udannin ARMT 14 13:19; a field ina mi-riiq-ti CT 47 39:2 and 11.

miriqtu B s. (a container); OB.\*

1 DUG mi-ri-iq-tum (in dowry list) CT 48 50:10.

mirisu see mirsu.

mirišmara (marišmalū) s.; (a plant); SB; wr. má.rí.iš.má.ra, má.apin.má(.ra), má.(rí.)nin.má.lá, etc.

mi.ri.iš.gar.ra (vars. mi.rí.iš.gar.ra, mi.rí.iš.gá.ra, mi.rí.iš.ma.ra) (between sirdum and urnum) Nippur Forerunner 71 (to Hh. III), see MSL 5 112f. note to 237-264.

- a) in gen.: Ú MÁ.RÍ.EREŠ(NIN).MÁ.LÁ (var. omits Rí): Ú ZÚ.MEŠ unnušāti: ana muḥḥi ZÚ.MEŠ šakānu the m.-herb: herb for loose teeth: to put on the teeth Köcher BAM 1 i 11, var. from CT 14 23 K.259:11; Ú MÁ. EREŠ(APIN).MÁ-le-e AMT 5,1:13; GIŠ MÁ. EREŠ(APIN).MÁ-le-e CT 23 36:50, Ú MÁ. EREŠ(APIN).MÁ.RA ibid. 31:68.
- b) leaf:  $\frac{1}{3}$  sìla pa giš.m[á.rí].iš.má.ra gaz sim you crush and sift one-third sila of leaves of the m.-plant AMT 2,1 r. 9, cf. pa giš.má.rí.iš.má.ra tasak Küchler Beitr. pl. 9 ii 54, pa ú má.ereš(apin).má.lá-e AMT 5,5:14.

Thompson DAB 80f.

miritu A (mer'itu) s.; pasture, pastureland; OB, SB; cf. re'û v.

ú.kú = a-ka-la a-ka-lum, ša-am-mu MIN, me-ri-tu, ú.ki.ri.a = MIN (= me-ri-tu) Izi E 298ff.; [ri-ig] [PA.KAB.DU] = [ma]-ri-tu-um (for mirītu) MSL 2 147 i 17.

a) with ref. to herds: the womb of the (heretofore) barren earth was opened mi-rit būlim ušammiha appata ušahsab it brought forth rich pasture for the herds, made the crowns (of the trees) dense Lambert BWL 177:20 (fable); ina rēš šatti u qīt šatti attaṭal mi-ri-ti from the beginning to the end of the year I (i.e., the ox) see pasture for me the milk of wild donkeys ibid. 178:26; brought you up (Enkidu)  $u b\bar{u}[lu u\dot{s}]\bar{e}di$ kalu me-er-e-ti (var. me-re-e) and herds made you familiar with all pastures Gilg. VIII 6; me-re-et būlim ihalliq pasture for the herds will disappear CT 6 2 case 28 (OB ext.); [būl] ṣēri umām ṣēri mala urgītu me-er-['i-sun] [ašap]parakkumma I will send to you the herds of the steppe, the wild animals of the steppe, all whose pasture is grass Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 128:9 (SB); mi-rit (in

mirītu B mirsu

broken context) AfO 19 62:28 (prayer to Marduk).

b) granted by gods or kings:  $s\bar{a}$ 'im mi-ritim u masqītim ana GN u GN<sub>2</sub> (Hammurapi) who has allotted pasture and watering place to Lagas and Girsu CH iii 39; mi-ri-tam u masqītam lu askunsināsim I established for them (i.e., the people of Sumer and Akkad) pastures and watering places LIH 95:35 (Hammurapi);  $s\bar{a}$ kin mi-ri-ti(var. -tu) u masqīti muṭaḥḥidu urīsin (Marduk) who establishes pastures and watering places, who enriches their stables En. el. VI 124.

miritu B s.; (a musical instrument); Ur III, OB(?).

giš.má.rí = [mi-ri-tu] Hh. VII B 77; giš.sa. bí.tum, giš.mi.rí.tum, giš.ur.za.ba.bi.tum MSL 6 157:220f. (Forerunner to Hh.).

al.gar mi.rí.tum SAKI 130 x 11 (Gudea Cyl. B); giš mi.rí.tum (among the Seven Instruments) Castellino Two Šulgi Hymns 46 Šulgi B 165, Enki's Journey to Nippur (Eridu Hymn) 63, see A. D. Kilmer, PAPS 115 147; mi-ri-it an-nu-tim a-li-li (obscure, but possibly to be taken as this word, cf. line 36 cited alāla usage a) RA 45 182:44 (OB lit.).

Delete [giš.mi.rf].tum = KI.MIN in MSL 6 119 B b (= Nabnitu XXXII), because the photograph shows  $\phi$ :[...] instead of KI.MIN.

See also zamirītu.

mirqu s.; 1. (a type of flour), 2. (a fine glass); MB, SB; cf. marāqu.

si.buruşbu-ru.da = mir-[qu] (between agarinnu and bappiru) Hh. XXIII iii 7, see Oppenheim Beer 31 note c.

- 1. (a type of flour): x zíD *mi-ir-qu* PBS 2/2 70:2, 71:5, 101:6, BE 14 47:7, 117a:4, BE 15 140:3 (all MB).
- 2. (a fine glass): ellâmma uquâ me-er-[qu] lapis lazuli-colored m. comes out (of the kiln) Oppenheim Glass p. 40 A § 7:74, cf. ibid. § 10:84, fragment b § 8:9.

mirsu (mersu, mirisu) s.; (a confection made of dates, oil, butter, etc.); from OB on; wr. syll. and NINDA.ì.DÉ.A/ÀM; cf. marāsu A.

ninda.x = na-as-pan-du = mir-[is] Ni-ip-pur, ninda.sal.ka.[ba]r = kap-pa-ru = min Ki-su, ninda.1.dé.a sipa.e.ne = me-ri-is  $r\bar{e}$  $^{2}\hat{i}$  = min Hur-sag-kalam-ma, [ninda.<math>1].dé.a.u[r.sag].e. ne = min qar-ra-du = min Ku-te-e Hg. B VI 67-70, in MSL 11 86; for varieties of ninda.<math>1.dé.a in unilingual Sum. lists see MSL 11 pp. 117, 147, 153, 157, and 161; [ninda].1.dé.a = [mi]-ri-su Practical Vocabulary Assur 161.

šID.ŠID = mi-ir-[s]u(?) Lanu A 102; šu.tu.bu. úr = me-er-s $\dot{u}$ -[um] Nigga. Bil. A v 1; sè.sè.ki = min (= tuhhudu) ša mir-si Nabnitu XXIII 345; da-a Dé = ma-r[a-su ša mir-si] A IV/3:159.

ninda.i.dé.a bil.lá u.me.ni.lù : mi-ri-is tābāti mu-ru-[us] CT 17 1:14, cf. ninda.i.dé.a i+giš.ta u.me.ni.lù : mi-ri-is šam-ni murus ibid.

[§i]-ri-su mir-su K.7038+ (Comm. on En. el. III 135, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

- a) ingredients (dates, fats, and spices): x sìla ana ninda.ì.dé.a ana DN GN x silas (of cedar oil) for m. for Istar of Zabalam YOS 5 172:11; dates ana NINDA. (Ì). DÉ.A VAS 13 16:2 (both OB); 1 GUR 40 (SìLA) ZÚ.LUM.MA ... ana me-er-si one gur forty silas of dates for (making) m. ARMT 11 124:4, ana me-er-si-im unpub. Mari text, cited ARMT 9 p. 278; note: x NINDA me-er-su ARMT 11 70:3, 110:3, and passim in this volume, ARM 7 94:2, 154:3, etc., see Bottéro, ARMT 7 p. 259; see also ēpištu in ēpišat mirsi; 6 (Sìla) ì.giš halşu 18 sìla himētu ana me-er-su x refined oil, x butter for (making) m. Cyr. 327:6; 24 (Sìla) ZÚ.LUM.MA ana mi-ir-su ana 26 GI sille YOS 6 170:7, cf. [x dates] ana mi-ir-su ana 12 gi sillē ibid. 10; ana mir-su ša  $b\bar{a}b\bar{a}ni$  (dates and oil) for the m. for the gates Nbn. 912:6; note the use of spices: x s[ìla h]azannû [x] sìla zibû x sìla kamūnu [x] (Sìla) ŠE.LÚ.SA[R] [an]a me-er-si ARM 9 238:13.
- b) in sacrificial uses: he must not go out the door kurummassu ina NINDA.ì.DÉ.A ana Išum u Hendursagga išakkanma unless he makes his kurummatu-offering to DN and DN<sub>2</sub> by means of m. Ebeling KMI 55:3 and 6; NINDA.ì.DÉ.ÀM [ana k]aparrāti ša Dumuzi

mirsu mīru A

tašakkan you set out m.-cakes for the shepherds of Dumuzi LKA 70 i 25, see TuL p. 50, wr. mir-sa RA 13 108:23; you scatter dates and šasqû-flour NINDA.Ì.DÉ.A LÀL Ì. NUN:NA tašakkan you place m. (made with) honey and butter (on the offering stand) BMS 12:3, also Or. NS 36 2:19, 21 Sm. 1513:11, CT 23 35:49, AMT 34,2:12, Köcher BAM 237 i 12, BBR No. 58:6, see Or. NS 36 279, and passim in rit., Wr. NINDA.Ì.DÉ.ÀM LKA 112:10, see Or. NS 36 14, LKA 118:7, KAR 72:22, KAR 90:12, RAce. 10:18, 34:8, and passim; DÉ.A ana nāri tanaddīma (beside hasistu ear-shaped bread) AMT 7,8 r. 6 (namburbi); NINDA kunāši me-ri-is làl ì.nun.na šamna halsa līkul CT 4 6 r. 6, see KB 6/2 46; muhhi zíd(!).Kum ninda.ì.dé.a išakkan he places m-offerings upon fine flour (on an "unfinished" reed altar) Or. NS 40 140:11; NINDA.Ì.DÉ.A ana IM.LIMMÚ.BA x [...] BBR No. 26 ii 23; you place twelve emmer wheat cakes ninda.ì.dé.a làl ì.nun.na tesên you put (on them) m., honey, (and) ghee BBR No. 1-20:62; NINDA.HI.A KAŠ.SAG NINDA.Ì.DÉ.A UZU GUD UZU UDU.NITÁ KU6.MEŠ bread. beer, m., beef, mutton, fish BBSt. No. 36 iv 55, v 22, BBSt. No. 35 r. 9, also RA 16 125 i 25, Wr. NINDA. I.DÉ. AM VAS 1 36 ii 6, NINDA. HI.A KAŠ.SAG mir-su nūnē iṣṣūrē AnOr 12 304f.:24 and r. 2; note: x x mir-su ina  $tardin[ni\ u]k\bar{i}n\check{s}u$  he set up a .... with m. for him during the second course (of the morning/evening meal) AnOr 12 305 r. 5 (all kudurrus); 2 PI NINDA.Ì.DÉ.ÀM (var. mi-ir-si, beside bread, beer, dates, oil) CT 36 7:6 (Kurigalzu), var. from BIN 2 33:10; a kallu-pot ša mir-siwith m. (for DN) VAT 10550 iii 24 (MA).

c) in med.: NINDA.Ì.DÉ.A turrar tasâk ina mê kasî tar-bak taşammid you char and crush a m.-cake, soak it in kasû-juice, and apply it in a bandage AMT 75 iii 20, also 74 iii 19; ištu NAG-ú NINDA.Ì.DÉ.A ina Ì.NUN.NA ikkal after he has drunk (the potion) he should eat m. with butter Küchler Beitr. pl. 2:8, cf. Köcher BAM 240:33.

d) other occs.: 10 kirītum ša mi-ir-si-im(!) ten baskets of m. Scheil Sippar 62:8, also,

with ša mi-ir-si-im pé-sí-im of white m. ibid. 73:5 (OB), note NINDA.Ì.DÉ.A BABBAR YOS 5 224:22, also NINDA.Ì.DÉ.A SÙ.A ibid. 21 (OB); note as column headings: NINDA NINDA.Ì.DÉ.A Peiser Urkunden 89 r. 1; [x še. GIŠ.Ì] ana NINDA.Ì.DÉ.A rabīki u sil[qi] BE 14 148:48, cf. ibid. 49; x barley ana mi-ri-is ar-su-[pi] (see arsuppu mng. 2) PBS 2/2 92:16 (all MB); [m]ir-sa (in broken context) Lambert BWL 185:11 (SB); mi-ri-is giš. GEŠTIN ina panātūa [is]sahat the residue(?) of the wine should have been pressed in my presence CT 22 38:27 (NB let.); GIŠ.GIŠIMMAR mi-ir-si ... ittaši he has taken the date palms (intended to supply dates for a deity) for m. TCL 9 114:20 (NB let.); one mina of silver (corr. to more than six gur of barley) mir-si LÚ.DIN.TIRki.ME UCP 9 72 No. 73:6 (NB); note as personal name: Me-er-si-ia PBS 8/2 228:2 (OB), for other refs., see Stamm Namengebung 257.

See also mersu in ša mersi, ēpištu in ēpišat mirsi.

Bottéro, ARMT 7 p. 259.

mirtu s.; (an agricultural tool); OB.\*

2 šu.ši *mi-ir-tu* 120 *m*.-s UCP 10 142 No. 70:21 (list of implements).

mīrtu s.; cow; OB; cf. mīru A.

1 sūt ana mi-ir-ti one seah (of barley) for the cow UCP 10 78 No. 3:14 (list of expenses).

mirțu s.; scratching; SB; cf. marāțu.

mir-ța tamarraț (see marāțu mng. 1) AAA 22 62:48 (rit.).

mīru A s.; young bull; SB; cf. mīrtu.

gud.áb = mi·i·rum, gud.nindá = bi·i·rum
Hh. XIII 282f., also (followed by gud = lû)
Hg. A II 241f., in MSL 8/1 54; gud.áb,
gud.nindá, gud.giš.dù.a, gud.giš.tag.ga,
nindá = mi·i·[ru] Nabnitu XXXI 13ff.; [ni]n-da
NINDÁ = mi·i·rum MSL 2 140 C r. i 11 (Proto-Ea).
gud.nindá di.da a.a dEn.líl.lá.ra u.<...>

gud.ninda di.da a.a "En.iii.la.ra u.(...) : mi-ri bānû abi Enlil ušaqqīka young bull, creator, Father Enlil has elevated you SBH p. 19 r. 14f., also ibid. p. 22:71; [áb amar] gud.áb.ba.ke<sub>x</sub> (KID) u<sub>s</sub> sila<sub>4</sub> udu amaš.a : littu būrša me-ru laḥru puḥāssa immer supūri CT 13 37:28; kalag.

mīru B miserru

ga gud.áb šu.ti.a : dannu mi-i-ra ileqqû SBH p. 15:16f.

Away from the shepherd boy, out of sight of the herdsman ana muhhi AB ištahit mi-ru eqdu the vigorous young bull mounted the cow (for vars. AMAR =  $b\bar{u}ru$ , see arhu B) Köcher BAM 248 iii 19.

For occs. wr. GUD.ÁB, and the problem of the reading, see Landsberger, MSL 8/1 66; for occs. wr. GUD.NINDÁ see bīru and Landsberger, MSL 8/1 70f. For OB Elam see meru.

mīru B s.; fattened animal; NB; cf. marû A v.

[ni-ga] [še] = [m]i-ru Sa Voc. AD 10; udu. AMAŠ(!) = mi-i-[ru (ša x)], UŠ.AŠ = MIN [ša MIN?] Nabnitu XXXI 18f.

16 UDU.NITÁ mi-ri zu-lu-he-e damqūti 16 fattened sheep, fine sulumhū-sheep (as offering) VAB 4 158 vii 6, cf. 44 UDU.NITÁ mi-ir ibid. 154 iv 33, also UDU.NITÁ.MEŠ mi-ri pas sillu gukkallu ibid. 168 vii 18, wr. im-mi-ir mi-ir ibid. 94 iii 12 (all Nbk.).

For MSL 4 165:48 (NBGT IV catch line) see minu pron. lex. section.

miru C s.; (a part of the stomach?); lex.\*

uzu. $^{\text{mu-ru}}_{\text{HAR}} = mi \cdot i \cdot ri$  Hh. XV 97; uzu. $\check{\text{s}}$ à. gar =  $mi \cdot i \cdot rum$  (var.  $me \cdot [\dots]$ ) Hh. XV 120, [uzu. $\check{\text{s}}$ ]à.gar =  $me \cdot i \cdot ru$  =  $\acute{u} \cdot man \cdot du$  Hg. D 65, in MSL 9 37; uzu. $\check{\text{s}}$ à.gar.sig = [MIN (=  $mi \cdot i \cdot [ru]$ )  $\check{\text{s}}$ á uzu(?)] Nabnitu XXXI 21.

Connect possibly with  $m\bar{u}ru$  in §à.bur.§ú (var. .§u).ná.a = eriam  $m\bar{u}ri$  "naked with respect to  $m\bar{u}ru$ " OB Lu B v 53, also MSL 9 79:117g (OB list of diseases), ibid. 93:65 (245) (SB list of diseases), all cited s.v. eriu.

miru D s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

[a-si-la-al] EZEN $\times$ A =  $a\delta alla[lu]$ , mi-i-r[u]m A VIII/2:88f.

mirûtu s.; seeing; EA\*; WSem. lw.

attadin panīja ana mi-ru-ti ú-bu-ti šarri bēlija I set out to see (gloss ubuti) the king, my lord EA 151:20.

misarru see miserru.

miserru (meserru, misarru, musarru) s. masc. and fem.; 1. belt, girdle, 2. metal band on a door, a pillar; from OA, OB on; pl. misarrū and misarrūtu, OA musarrētu; wr. syll. and kuš. E. iB.

giš.gú.sè.ki.ir = me-sír-ru Hh. VI 211.

kuš.e.sír libir.ra kuš.e.fb ba.du<sub>s</sub>.a : šēnu labīrtu me-se-ru par'u ASKT p. 86-87:64.

[hu-du-u]š-šu = mi-sir-rum Malku VIII 71; aguhhu = me-sir-ru Malku II 230.

1. belt, girdle — a) in gen.: 1 mu-sa-ru-umša akkidîm išti PN one belt for an Akkadian (garment) is with PN BIN 6 64:28, cf. 2 musà-ra-an ša akkidēn ibid. 25; 2 raqqātim šitta nahlapātim 5 mu-sà-re-e-tim I 616:9, cited Matouš, BiOr 31 91; šawirīšu u mu-sà-ra-am aşşēr  $\frac{1}{3}$  ma.na kaspim ... ana PN dinima give (fem.) his rings and the belt to PN for one-third mina of silver CCT 2 36a:28, cf.  $\frac{1}{3}$ MA.NA kaspum lu šawirū lu mu-sà-ru-um ša suhārim šugultašu 3 MA.NA 21 GÍN one-third mina silver (price for) either the rings or the belt for the boy, its weight being 421 shekels ibid. 17; 15 s a - pu š a mu - s a - r[i] ICK 2 344:14; mu-sà-ra-am ... PN naš'akkum PN is bringing you a belt BIN 6 256:12, also KTS 31b:24; me-sà-ru-u[m] šēbultaka (in broken context, possibly a personal name) BIN 6 169:13 (all OA); mi-sà-ra-am tu-us-te-te-epša-am mi-sà-ru-um ana qablija hamiš ubā: nātim arik you had a girdle made for me (but) the girdle is five fingers too long for my waist TCL 17 62:26f.; 1 kuš mu-saar-rum one leather belt (preceded by mešēnu shoes, in list of objects required for a ritual) CT 45 99:15 (OB);  $G\acute{\mathbf{U}}$ .  $\grave{\mathbf{E}}$ . A KUŠ.  $\grave{\mathbf{H}}$ I. A u KUŠ

miserru misissam

mi-sa-ar-ri liqlû should they burn a nahlaptugarment, hides and belts? ARM 1 75:19, cf. Kuš mi-s[a-a]r-ri ... [la] iqalla ibid. 38; aššum me-se-er-re-e ša bēlī išpura me-se-erre-e šina kî ilqûni ana bēlija ul šarku as for the girdles about which my lord has written, when they took the two girdles, they were not presented to my lord CT 43 59:17f. (MB let.); mi-se-er-re-e qabalšunu tappir you cover their (the figurines') waists with girdles STT 251:11 (rit.); me-sír-ra rakis he has a girdle MIO 1 64 i 33 (description of representations of demons), and passim in this text, cf. ištu qaq= qadiša ana me-sír-ri-šá from her head to her ibid. 72 iii 46, also 48, 78 v 47f.; misír-ra-šú lipturki let him loosen his girdle for you Gilg. VII iv 5; ana Gilgāmeš kīma ili šaki[n m]e-sír-ru a girdle like that of a god is prepared for Gilgāmeš Gilg. II ii 45; šēnu patehtu me-si-ru par'u JNES 15 142:45 (lipšur-lit.), cf. ASKT p. 86-87:64 in lex. section; šēnē ana šēpēšu KUŠ.E.ÍB ana qablišu shoes for his feet, a girdle for his waist BMS 53:17; x simittu mi-sa-ar-ra-tum x pairs of girdles HSS 14 247:32, cf. [x t] apalu mi-sí-ir-[ru ...](among articles of clothing) HSS 13 431:64; 2 MA.NA SÍG.MEŠ ana 1-nu-tum me-sa-ar-rate-na-a two minas of wool for one set of girdles HSS 13 442:21; 60 KUŠ me-s[ír-ru] ... šupurānu send (pl.) us sixty leather girdles YOS 3 127:11 (NB let.); 1 gín ša mesí-ir-ri one shekel (of silver, expenses) for a girdle MDP 23 310:8.

b) made of metal: šina UD.KA.BAR musà-ru-um TCL 20 113:22 (OA); 1 me-sé-rum KÙ.BABBAR one silver girdle ARM 7 245 ii 10', also ibid. 237:3'; [x] x mi-sí-rum ša siparrim (among copper knives and tools) ARM 2 139:20; [1] E.ÍB ša hurāṣi Wiseman Alalakh 413:4, 6 E.ÍB siparri ibid. 15, also 410:9 (OB); ša 1 kigalli ša kūlī ša siparri 1 mi-sà-ar-ru nakis jānu HSS 15 129:6 (Nuzi); 1 mi-sar-ru hurāṣi TUR PBS 2/2 120:49 (MB); 1 me-si-ra hurāṣi irakkas (the king) puts on one girdle of gold MVAG 41/3 48:4f.; mi-sir erī ina qablišunu a girdle of copper around their (the figurines') waist KAR 298:23, 30, 34, cf.

me-sir siparri ina [...] BBR No. 47 ii 5, see AAA 22 66ff.

- c) other occs.: kakki mi-sà-ar-ra-tim (var. mi-sà-ra-tim) a "weapon-mark" indicating .... (obscure, possibly gir(!) sar: rātim) YOS 10 46 ii 18, var. from ibid. 32 (OB ext.).
- 2. metal band on a door, a pillar: dalāti ... ēpuš ina mi-si-ir siparri usebbit I had doors made and fastened them with band(s) of bronze AOB 1 96:10 (Adn. I), also ina me-sir siparri urekkis AKA 146 v 11 (Tigl. I), Iraq 14 34:63, AKA 171 r. 7, 246 v 17 (all Asn.), OIP 2 96:81 (Senn.), Streck Asb. 88 x 100; the doors me-si-ir erî namri urakkis Winckler Sar. pl. 40 No. V 37, also (with var. me-sir) Lyon Sar. 16:65, and passim in Sar., OIP 2 129 vi 61 (Senn.), cf. me-sir kaspi erî ibid. 106 vi 28, Borger Esarh. 61 vi 13, Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 iii 3 (Asb.), me-sir hurāsi urakkisma Borger Esarh. 87:23; timmē erēni rabûti ... me-sir erî u annaki urakkisma tall pillars of cedarwood I covered with bands of copper and tin OIP 2 110 vii 28 (Senn.), also Thompson Esarh. pl. 14 i 17 (Asb.).

misis tâmti (misissu, mišissu, missam tâmti) s.; (a medicinal plant or mineral); MB, SB; cf. misissānu.

mi-sis tam-tim # mi-ši-is-su tam-tim JNES 33 337:27 (med. comm.).

(x shekels) mi-is-sa-am A.AB.BA PBS 2/2 107:11 (list of drugs); karaš tāmti mi-sis tam-ti pappasītu šammu peṣū napḥar 4 ú.MEŠ Köcher BAM 267:6; mi-sis tāmti (in enumerations of materia medica) Köcher BAM 114:15, 161 vi 14, also AMT 58,4:9, 66,11:9, Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 v 7, Sm. 341 ii 23, r. 2, wr. me-sis Köcher BAM 161 iv 14; NA<sub>4</sub> mi-sisa Köcher BAM 112 i 10.

misissam (messam) s.; (a part of a ruminant's stomach); lex.\*

[uzu.kun.šà.g]a = mi-[s]i-[is-sa-am] (for context see kukkudru) Hh. XV 127; uzu.kun. a(var. omits.a).šà.ga = sar-qa-tum = ku-ku-dur mes- $sa_8$ -dm Hg. B IV 68 and Hg. D 73, in MSL 9 35 and 38.

misissānu mīsu A

mi-iz-zi-iz-[zu] = [...] (Hitt. broken, preceded by ba-an-du, see bamtu B),  $riqq\bar{\imath}tu$ ,  $hab_s\bar{u}[tu]$  KBo 1 51 ii 19 (Akk.-Hitt. voc.); ku-uk- $k\dot{a}d$ -ru = mi-sis-sa-am Malku V 12.

misissānu s.; (a plant, lit. the misis-like plant); plant list\*; cf. misis tâmti.

ύ me-si-sa-a-nu (vars. mi-si-sa-nu, me-sis-a-nu)
: ὑ hal-tap-pa-a-nu Uruanna I 457.

misissu see misis tâmti.

\*\*misištu (AHw. 659a) see nasistu.

miskiru (or mizkiru) s.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi.\*

(I bequeath my fields, houses)  $kalum\bar{a}nija$  mimmu šumšuja  $\hat{u}$  mi-is-ki-ir s[i(?)-x]-ia everything of mine, whatever I have, and my .... RA 23 143 No. 5:11.

Mng. uncert., since the enumeration already comprises the entire property; for parallels see *kalumānû*.

mismakannu see musukkannu.

missam tâmti see misis tâmti.

missātu s.; (mng. unkn.); syn. list.\*

mi-is-sa-a-tum = [...] CT 18 23 K.2036:22
(catch line of Malku VI = Malku VII 1).

misu A s.; washing; OB, MB, SB; wr. syll. and Luh; of. mesû v.

a.gúb.ba ka.luḥ.ḥa.dingir.re.e.ne : a-gub-ba-a mi-is pe-e ša ilī holy water, the washing of the mouth of the gods CT 17 39:73f.

*šu-luh-hu* = *me-is* (var. *me-si*) *qa-ti* LTBA 2 2:386, dupl. 1 vi 51.

- a) mīs qātē (ritual) washing of the hands: ušēpišma ciš kalli šulpi hurāṣa ruššā ana me-si qātēšu ellēti (see kallu mng. 1b) AfO 16 306:7 (Sin-šar-iškun); LUḤ qātē washing of hands (is the appropriate ritual for the mentioned incantation) Maqlu IX 160ff.; LUḤ qātē eb-b[u ...] BBR No. 26 iii 18; for refs. wr. ŠU.LUḤ.ḤA, see šuluḥhū.
- b) mis pi (ritual) washing of the mouth—1' performed on divine statues: see CT 17 39:73f., in lex. section; DINGIR.BI KA.LUH.Ù.DA KA.DUH.Ù.DA teppuš you perform the rituals of mouth-washing and

mouth-opening on this divine statue BBR No. 31 i 26, also ibid. ii 14, 18, iii 10, 38:7, 40:7, 100:9 (- Craig ABRT 1 60), cf. KA.LUH.Ù.DA KA. DUH.HU.DA bārû i[ppuš] ibid. No. 11 iv 21, Wr. KA.LUH.HU.DA ibid. No. 79 i 5; KA.LUH.Ù. DA DINGIR.BI teppuš you perform the washing of the mouth on this divine statue JRAS 1925 pl. 2:2, also ibid. 11, 16, 24, 26, 47, 63, cf. PBS 12 6:13, see TuL p. 120; ina šipir apkalli ka.Luh.ù.da ka.duh.ù.da ... ērubu (the gods) entered (the city) with rituals by wise men, with "washing of the mouth" and "opening of the mouth" Borger Esarh. 89 § 57 r. 22, cf. the subscripts [inim.inim. ma úin].nu.uš dingir.ra ka.luh.u.da. kam K.3511 i 7', also (referring to sweet reed, sweet honey, ghee), wr. ka.luh.ù.da. kam ibid. i 19 and ii 11, 20.

- 2' performed on men: kussī ša nēpeši KA.LUḤ.Ù.DA tušeppeš you have the chair for the ritual of "washing of the mouth" prepared (for the king) AfO 12 42 K.9729:16; LÚ.BI KA.LUḤ.Ù.DA teppuš you perform the "washing of the mouth" on this man KAR 90:15, also Or. NS 36 21:9 (namburbi); DUB.7. KÁM.MA LUḤ KA seventh tablet of the series "washing of the mouth" CT 17 40 K.6031:4; LUḤ KA (in enumeration of rituals) KAR 44:2, also, wr. KA.LUḤ.Ù.DA ibid. 11.
- 3' other occs.: alpu šášu luh ka tušep: pessu you have the "washing of the mouth" performed on this bull RAcc. 12:8, also ibid. 16:23; gizillû ... ša ... KA.LUḤ.Ù.UD.DA šūpuš a torch on which the "washing of the mouth" was performed ibid. 119:29; LUH KA lilissi siparri [epēši] for performing the "washing of the mouth" on the bronze drum (subscript) 4R 23 No. 1 iii 23, see RAcc. 30; <sup>t</sup>PN ša ina mi-is pi-i nadnat naphar annû ša ina mi-is pi-i nadnu (the slave girl) PN, who was given at the ritual of "washing of the mouth" — all this is what was given at the ritual of "washing of the mouth" Aro Kleidertexte 19 HS 165:22 and 24 (MB); (bread) ša KA.LUH.UD.DA GCCI 1 199:5 (NB).
- c) other occs.: 120 nahlapātum mi-si nāz rim 120 nahlaptu-garments washed in the

mīsu B mişru A

river Birot Tablettes 23:2 (OB); URUDU.NÍG. KALA.GA // mi-su šá URUDU.NÍG.KALA.GA-ú Köcher BAM 401:9 (comm.).

For CT 31 11 i 19, see mesû v. G. Meier, AfO 12 40ff.

mīsu B s.; (a fish); OB.\*

28 KU<sub>6</sub>.ḤI.A u 3 mi-si KU<sub>6</sub> rabbûtim uštābiz lakkum I have sent you 28 fish and three big mīsu-fish Kraus AbB 1 98:9.

mīsu see mēsu B.

mişaru see misru A.

mișirru see mișru A.

mișitu s.; equivalent; OB\*; cf. mașû.

[kaspum] u mi-ṣi-is-sú the silver and its equivalent ABIM 28:28, wr. mi-si-is-sú ibid. 26 (OB let.).

For MDP 34 108:4, etc., see messētu.

mișratu see ișratu.

miṣru A (miṣaru, miṣirru) s.; 1. border, border line, 2. territory, region, land (as a political term), march; from OB, MA on; pl. miṣrū, miṣrātu, miṣrētu; wr. syll. (miṣaru in RS, NB) and zag; cf. miṣru A in bēl miṣri, muṣsuru.

[za-ag] zag = mi-iş-ru Sa Voc. AE 11'; ma-áš maš = mi-iş-rum A I/6:90, also MSL 9 128:242 (Proto-Aa); inmi-iş-rum Proto-Izi I 439.

e.sur gi.dè: mi-iş-ra a-na ku-un-ni KAR 4:28f., also (with gi.na.e.dè) ibid. 36 and 38; [ba.ba]: mi-iş-ru-um: mu-[w]i-ru Studies Landsberger 23:46 (Silbenvokabular A).

pu-lu-ug-gu = mi-iş-ru, me-eş-ru = ta-hu-mu LTBA 2 2:304 f.

1. border, border line — a) borders of a field — 1' in OB: lišdud mi-iṣ-ri giridê lipuš (see giridû) JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 9:18 (OB lit.); as Flurname: a field in A.GAR mi-iṣ-rum VAS 7 32:3, also Szlechter Tablettes 84 MAH 16.190:1, YOS 13 255:1, etc., see Index p. 85.

2' in MB: gi-ir-ru mi-is-ru Transactions Dept. of Archeology, Univ. of Pennsylvania 1/3

mi-șir-šá ul us: 223f. CBS 10434 (map); sahha kudurraša ul uttakkar her (the goddess Nanše's, i.e., her fields') borderline must not be moved, her border marker must not be changed BE 183 ii 1, cf. ibid. 5, also e tu= sahhi mi-is-[ra] ibid. 23; [ $\check{s}a$ ] ... mi-is-rainnû kudurra unakkaru VAS 1 58 ii 1, ef. (in broken context) ibid. 57 i 5; he who usa mi-isra u kudurrašu ušannû changes its border path, border line or border marker No. 8 iii 20, cf. ibid. iv 1, also 1R 70 ii 13 (Caillou Michaux); ūssu mi-sir-šu u kudurrašu lissuh ibid. iv 3, see also refs. cited kudurru A mng. 2; DN ... mi-sir-šu likabbis pilikšu līni (see  $kab\bar{a}su$  mng. 5b) BBSt. No. 7 ii 28; ša ... ikami-is-ra ittiqu he who oversteps the border ditch (and) border line MDP 6 pl. 10 iv 18; EN mi-iș-ri u kudurri annî BE 1 149 iii 1, for bēl miṣri BBSt. No. 7 ii 27 and Hinke Kudurru iv 19 see kudurru A mng. 2a; ša adi annia mi-iș-re-ti-šu atta tīdi since up to now you are the one who knows its (the field's) border lines Peiser Urkunden 114:6, cf. alkamma miis-re-ti kullim come here and point out the border lines ibid. 11.

3' in Nuzi: a field ina šupal mi-iș-ri ša ekalli JEN 279:6; ina lēt mi-is-ri ša PN JEN 595:6, also JENu 356:7, and passim; a field ina mi-iş-ri ša PN imhaş abuts on the border of PN JEN 87:10; a field ina harran GN ina mi-is-ri eqli ša PN along the road to GN, along the border of the field of PN JEN 209:6; I told PN mi-iș-ru ša eqlāti šāšunu ikismi u mê ...muššir cut through the border of those fields and release the (irrigation) water HSS 14 31:9; a field ištariqma mi-sí*ir-šu ihtepi* he appropriated and destroyed its boundary JEN 348:7, cf. he held back (iktala) part of a field u mi-iș-ra ihtepi u itti destroyed the border and eglišu [...] [included it] in his own field JENu 766:12; eqla šášu mi-sí-ir-šu-ma ukál māda u mīsa nadnu he holds that entire field (with) its (specified) border, it is given, (be it) more or less (than indicated) JEN 573:11, also (with added šumma rabi la inakkisu) wr. mi-iṣ-rišu-ma HSS 9 103:18, abbr. to mi-sí-ir-šu  $[u]k\hat{a}l$  JEN 606:16, HSS 5 55:10, JEN 300:3, mişru A mişru A

etc., also, wr. mi-si-ru-su-ma HSS 9 18:6 and 35.

4' in SB: ūsa (var. [Níg.Dul) mi-iṣ-ra(var.-ri) u kudurru [uš]tēli he removed border path, border line, and border marker Šurpu II 46, cf. uddē mi-iṣ-ri u kudurri the marking of border line and marker ibid. III 60, also mi-iṣ-ru kudurru ibid. VIII 51; obscure: māmīt qātu salāḥu mì-iṣ-ru elû ibid. III 53; mi-iṣ-ru kudur la e-ni Unger Bel-harran-beliussur 20.

5' in NB: mannu atta ... ša ... mi-sir u NÍG.DU tušannů whoever you are who changes (this) border line and marker TCL 12 13:9; a field ša ús.sa.du mi-șir ša bīt abarakki which is adjacent to the house of the abarakku Nbn. 103:7, and passim, SAG.KI AN.TA mi-sir ša bit PN its upper side is the border of the house of PN TuM 2-3 14:6; a field in stubble mi-sir elû tēh PN mi-sir šaplû tēh PN<sub>2</sub> Cyr. 308:1 and 3; apart from three date palms ša ina muhhi mi-sir ša  $m\bar{a}r\bar{e}$  ša PN which are along the border of the heirs of PN VAS 3 153:16; ultu muhhi misir ša DN adi muhhi mi-sir ša DN, Dar. 9:5, cf. Dar. 267:3, and passim; note the expression: ŠE.NUMUN.MEŠ ina mi-sa-ri-ši-na the fields within their boundaries BE 10 43:8 and 14, also BE 9 86a:16, (said of canals) BE 9 65:12, wr. ina mi-sir-šú, mi-sir-ši-na BE 9 88:11, PBS 2/1 150:15 and (said of a canal) 106:12.

b) political borders, frontier of a territorial state — 1' in Bogh.: HUR.SAG GN ana mi-iş-ri-ia aškun I made Mt. Niblani my frontier KBo 1 1 r. 16, cf. mi-iş-şir-šu-nu ana aḥāmiš mu-un-[...] ibid. r. 24 (treaty).

2' in RS: HUR.SAG GN adi mi-sa-ri MRS 9 65 RS 17.62:2 (treaty).

3' in SB: māmītu ina muḥhi mi-iṣ-ri ... ana ahāmeš iddinu they took a mutual oath with regard to the border line CT 34 38 i 4, cf. mi-iṣ-ri tahūmu ... ukinnu ibid. 6, also ibid. iv 14, 22, mi-iṣ-ru tahūmu iškunu ibid. i 23 and (with ištu ... adi ...), wr.

mi-sir-ri-šu-nu ibid. i 29 (Synchron. Hist.); LÚ. DIN.TIR<sup>ki</sup>.MEŠ *ul* BIR *mi-iṣ-ri* [*mātiš*]*u* (although) the Babylonians did not violate the border of his land CT 34 47 ii 18 (Babyl. Chron.); ina tâmti šaplīti ša sī Šamši mi-sir mātija aškun I established the frontier of my land at the lower sea of the rising sun Weidner Tn. 12 No. 5:68, cf. [mi]-sir mātāti ša šulum šam[ši] Rost Tigl. III p. 36:221; I pursued him adi titurri Puratti mi-sir mātišu to the causeway across the Euphrates, the frontier of his country ibid. p. 14:68, cf. adi Puratti mi-sir uru Kummuhi ibid. p. 46:33, adi ugu id GN mi-sir kur [GN2] Iraq 18 125:22 (Tigl. III); ana mi-sir mātātišunu la hatê not to violate the frontier of their lands Borger Esarh. 58 v 30; the Medes ša ... mi-sir māt GN la ibbalkitunimma who had never crossed the frontier of Assyria ibid. 54 iv 36; he set his forces in motion ana tib lemutti ana mi-sir-ia for a wicked attack against my frontier Streck Asb. 70 viii 72, cf. atrussu adi mi-sir mātišu I pursued him up to the frontier of his country ibid. 106 iv 50, cf. ibid. 212:16; ina UGU mi(var. mi)*iṣ-ri ša* GN *akšud* Streck Asb. 50 v 116, see also kabāsu mng. 3a-1'; ištu mì(var. mi)-sir KUR GN adi GN, AOB 1 120 iii 18 (Shalm. I); UGU mi-șir GN ... ana šuprus šēp kur nim.maki-i ušarkis birtu he had a fortress erected at the frontier of Elam to ward off an attack by the Elamites Winckler Sar. pl. 35:139, GN GN<sub>2</sub> GN<sub>3</sub> ... ša mi-sir Elamtu ibid. 40 No. V 23, and passim, also birti rabīti rēš mi-isri ša GN TCL 3 167, šēpit mi-iṣ-ri ša GN ibid. 298; URU GN ... ša ina mi-sir KUR GN, birīt GN<sub>3</sub> u GN<sub>4</sub> ibid. 184 (Sar.); URU GN ša mì-sir KUR GN<sub>2</sub> OIP 2 64:15 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 113 F r. 11, and passim.

4' in NB: adi zag (var. mi-ṣi-ru) URU Girsu CT 36 7 ii 1, var. from BIN 2 33, see Ungnad, AfK 1 30; ina sag.du mi-ṣir [...] ABL 210 r. 12; ana mì-ṣir-i-ka ibbalkitu' they trespassed your frontier ABL 1380:12; his messenger ana muḥḥi mi-iṣ-ru ana panija ittalka came before me at the border ABL 917 r. 11; adi ugu mi-ṣir ša uru GN Wiseman Chron. 76 r. 24.

mişru A mişru A

2. territory, region, land (as a political term), march — a) territory, region: a field ti-hi mi-iṣ-ri ša uru GN adjacent to the region of the town GN JEN 33:7, cf. ina mi-iṣ-ri ša uru GN JEN 590:5, 654:8, etc.; that field ina mi-iṣ-ri ša uru GN ikšud borders on the territory of the town GN SMN 3588:24; a field ina uru GN ina mi-iṣ-ri ṣa dimti PN AASOR 16 67:6, ina uru Nuzi ina mi-iṣ-ri ṣa PN HSS 9 116:6 (all Nuzi); uncert.: mannu ina mi-iṣ-ri-ṣú [...] CT 22 227:30, cf. mi-ṣa-ri-ṣú-nu ibid. 29 (NB let.).

b) land (as a political term) — 1' in gen.: ištu GN mi-sir kur Akkadi adi GN ... ana šēpēja iknušu 1R 30 ii 11, cf. ibid. 7 (Šamši-Adad V); sābit mi-iṣ-rat nākirī who has seized enemy land AOB 1 112:19 (Shalm. I), cf. Weidner Tn. 13 No. 6:15 and 23 No. 14:20; miis-re-ti-šu-nu ukenniš I subdued their lands AKA 34 i 53 (Tigl. I), cf. ina limit mi-is-re-tika Tn.-Epic "iv" 2, also ana mi-is-rat la mīni pulumgi tukt[īn] ibid. "ii" 10; GN la mi-sir abbēšu the country GN (which did) not (belong) to the land of his forefathers Winckler Sar. pl. 31 No. 65:30; [...] mi-sir šarrūtija aqbi I declared [their country] (to be) my own royal land Streck Asb. 196 ii 2; they bring (the nail clippings sealed in a lahannu-container) [ana m]i-iṣ-ri [māt] nu= kurti into an enemy land ABL 4 r. 6 (NA), cf. ina dug.la.ha.an.sar takammisma(!) ana mi-sir nakri tezzibšu RAcc. 36:25; ul ina mi-sir-i-šú šû it is not in his land ABL 336 r. 14; ina muhhi mi-sir ullû ša Lú(!) GN concerning that territory of the Gurasimmu ABL 291:4; KUR GN LÚ GN, u LÚ GN, mi-sir ša PN ittannuniššu ABL 1114:13, cf. ABL 1246 r. 2 (all NB); ina mi-sir māt Aššur iškun šipţa Tn.-Epic "v" 3.

2' with ruppušu, šurbū, ruddū, etc.: murappiš mi(var. mì)-iṣ-ri u kudurri AOB 1 64:32, and passim in Adn. I, also murappiš miṣ-ri Weidner Tn. 8 No. 2:10; mi-ṣir mātišu ana ruppuši AKA 48 ii 99, cf. ibid. 34 i 48, cf. also mi-ṣir mātija urappiš ibid. 35 i 60 (Tigl. I); murappiš mi-ṣir māt Aššur Winckler Sar. pl. 48:9; mi-ṣir KUR GN ruppušu Borger Esarh.

46 ii 31, and passim; hațțu išartu murappišat mi-iș-ri OIP 2 85:5 (Senn.); I cut off a province from his land eli mi-șir māt Aššur uraddi OIP 2 28 ii 26, and passim in Senn.; mušarbû mi-șir māt Aššur Lyon Sar. 5:30.

3' with turru: HUR.SAG GN ana mi-iṣ-ri-ia uttêr I restored Mount GN to my realm KBo l 1:4, also ibid. 47 and 2:28; mi-iṣ-ra-ti-šu-nu ana libbi mātija lutêr Weidner Tn. 4 No. l iv 21; GN ana paṭ gamriša abēlma ana mi-ṣir mātija utêr AKA 51 iii 31, also AfO 18 360 20 (Tigl. I), KAH 2 84:99, cf. ibid. 26 and 29 (Adn. II), etc., also Iraq 14 33:18, and passim in Asn., akšud ana mi-ṣir māt Aššur utirra Iraq 18 125:13, 25, r. 4 and passim in Tigl. III, also in Sar. and Senn., rare in Esarh. and Asb.; note sakāp GN tur-ri mi-iṣ-ri-šu-un TCL 3 61 (Sar.), a-na mi(!)-ṣir māt Aššur turri Lie Sar. 82.

c) march: ša ... KUR GN KUR GN<sub>2</sub> ana mi-șir mātišu iškunu who made the countries GN and GN<sub>2</sub> the marches of his own land Weidner Tn. 14 No. 6:20 and 23 No. 14:27, cf. ištu GN adi GN2 ana mi-sir māt Aššur šáak-ni KAH 2 84:28 (Adn. II); mi-is-ru š $\hat{a}=$ tunu ilāni ... ana isqija išruku the gods assigned these marches as my share Weidner Tn. 5 No. 1 iv 33; ištu KUR GN mi-sir māt Elamti from GN, the march of Elam Lyon Sar. 2:12, also Winckler Sar. pl. 27 No. 57:12 (- Weissbach, ZDMG 72 180:25), cf. ša ekēme mi-sir-ia ... išpur Lie Sar. 200, also Iraq 16 182:23; GN GN, ālāni ša mi-sir māt Aššur OIP 2 39 iv 56 and AfO 20 90:20 (Senn.); my troops ša ina mi-sir mātišu aš[bu] who were stationed in the border region of his country Streck Asb. 224 No. 20:2, see Bauer Asb. 2 p. 64; ihtanabbata hubut mi-sir mātija repeatedly they made raids into my border province Streck Asb. 68 viii 51, cf. tībi šihti ša lemutti ana me-șir mat Aššur illakūni ABL 1195:9, also ibid. 2 (query for an oracle), also lu ina me-şir ša māt Elamti lu ina me-şir ša mātišu izzazzuma PRT 105 r. 16f.; šumma amēlu ištu me-sí-ir māti ittallak ikabbit MDP 14 56 r. i 23 (MB dream omens), see Scheil, ibid. p. 58.

mişru A in bēl mişri s.; neighbor; NB\*; cf. mişru A.

mişru B mišaru A

LÚ Gunguḥu LÚ Išian u LÚ Lakabru EN. MEŠ mi-iṣ-ri-ni our neighbors, the people of GN, GN<sub>2</sub> and GN<sub>3</sub> ABL 1000:7.

mişru B s.; (an ornament or part of a structure); MA, NA.

mi-iṣ-ru ša uqnî kūri AfO 18 302 i 33, 304 ii 31, (in broken context) ibid. ii 13, mi-iṣ-ru ša taskarinni eš-ru-ši-na 58 [...] ibid. 306 iii 14 (MA inv.); 1 GIŠ mì-[i]ṣ-ru 1 GIŠ ša šuqdi matqi (beside staffs, quiver and arrows) KAJ 310:50; tillī mi-ṣir KÙ.GI Iraq 23 21 (pl. 12) ND 2374:3, cf. 1 mì-ṣir KÙ.GI ADD 934:2, 935 i 4, also 1 BÀN.DA ṢU-qu-tú mì-ṣir MIN (= KÙ.GI) ADD 939 r. 9, cf. ADD 967 ii 10, 14 MUL.MEŠ mì-ṣir ADD 934:3 (all NA).

See also mēṣiru.

mişru C s.; (mng. uncert.); NB.\*

(warranty for) našû ša mi-ṣir the removal of m. (from a field) VAS 5 89:15, TuM 2-3 134:6, 135:7, 136:6, see akkullātu mng. 1b-2'.

mişrû adj.; Egyptian; lex.\*

ukúš.ti.gi.lum sar = šv- $u=q[i\ddot{s}]$ - $\dot{s}u$ -u  $m\dot{t}$ - $i\dot{s}$ -ru-u Egyptian cucumber Hg. D 249, in MSL 10 105.

See also mușritu.

mişu see isu.

mīṣūtamma adv.; within a short time, at once, quickly; EA\*; cf. mâṣu A.

I told my messengers to hurry very much u šunu mi-i-zu-ú-ta-am-ma altaparšunu and I sent them at once EA 28:15 (let. of Tušratta).

For the mng. cf. işüssu.

mišahu see mišhu.

mīšam see miššam.

mišariš adv.; lengthwise; SB; cf. ešēru.

[šumma] ... šēpu mi-ša-ri-iš eṣret if a foot is incised on it lengthwise KAR 454 r. 13f. (ext.).

The word mišariš is a by-form of išariš, q.v., and occurs as the opposite of parkiš "crosswise."

mīšariš (mēšariš, mēšeriš) adv.; justly' in righteousness; SB; cf. ešēru.

ša ina kibrāt arba'i me(var. mi)-še-riš ulztallituma who ruled over the four quarters of the world in righteousness AKA 63 iv 47 (Tigl. I); me-še-riš šaltiš lu attallak 3R 7 ii 7, cf. me-še-ri-iš lu attallak Iraq 25 56:46 (both Shalm. III), cf. also, wr. me-šá-riš AKA 182:36, (with var. me-še-riš) AKA 261 i 22, 385 iii 128 (all Asn.); ina tuhdi mi-šá-[riš] artē'a baulāt Enlil Thompson Esarh. pl. 16 iv 10 (Asb.).

mīšartu s.; right, justice; OAkk., SB; cf. ešēru.

pû la kīnu al[akti] la mi-šar-ti [ina māt Akkadî ibaššû] (citing ACh Supp. 2 Sin 23a:14, which has la e-šèr-ti) there will be disloyalty and crooked dealings in Babylonia Thompson Rep. 121:4; as personal name: Me-sar-tum Speleers Recueil 54:10 (OAkk.).

mīšaru A (mēšaru, mēšeru) s.; 1. redress (as a legislative act to remedy certain economic malfunctions, OB only), 2. justice (in general), 3. (name of a month in OB Alalakh); from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and Nīg.SI.SĀ; cf. ešēru.

mul.gi.gi = MUL kit-tú u me-šar = dsag.uš dutu Hg. B VI 33, in MSL 11 38.

[dNíg].si.sá sukkal á.gùb.ba : mi-ša-a-ru SUKKAL šu-me-li KUB 4 11:2f.; níg.si.sá á.gùb.bu.zu al.gub.ba : Mi-šá-ri lizziz ina šumēlika (see also kittu) BA 10/1 68 No. 1:19f.; dNíg.si.sá sukkal ki.ág.gá.zu: Mi-ša-rum sukkallum narāmka Abel-Winckler p. 59b:7f. (= Schollmeyer No. 7), see OECT 6 p. 11; dkal níg.si.sá ki.bar.ra al.gub.bu : [lamassi] mišá-ri ittaziz ahīta JCS 21 128:19; dNíg.si.sá an.gub.ba me.en : mi(var. i)-ša-ru ina šamė kajamānu atta 4R 28 No. 1:7f. and dupls., see OECT 6p. 52:29f., dUtu níg.si.sá gú.bi ma. ra.an.zi : Šamaš mi-šá-ru rēssu inaššī[ka] ibid. 35f.; gidru níg.si.sá : PA mi-ša-ri-im 39 10:112f. (Samsuiluna), see Sollberger, RA 61 42; níg.si.sá: mi-šá-ri (in broken context) BA 5 695 No. 48:2f.

lú níg.zi níg.si.sá bar.ta bí.ib.ak: kit-ta u me-šá-ra te-bi-i[r] (see bêru A lex. section) 5R 50 i 29f. (= Schollmeyer No. 1); za.e e.ne. èm.zu èm.gi.na èm.si.sá mu.un.ma.al: kátu amatka kit-tam u mi-šá-ri ušabšá 4P. 9 r. 5f., see OECT 6 p. 9; uru níg.gi.na.si.sá\*i = URU kit-ti u mi-ši-ri (name of Babylon) Iraq 5 56:17;

mīšaru A mīšaru A

níg.zi níg.si.sá : ina kit-ti u mi-šá-ri 4R 23 No. 3:4f., cf. [...] níg(!).si.sá : [kitti] ù(!) miše-er-ri KBo 7 2:24f.

MU Nfc.si.shmu-ni-ik-si-sa Thompson Rep. 209:4.

1. redress (as a legislative act to remedy certain economic malfunctions, OB only): ištu lugal RN mi-ša-ra-am iškunu King Sumulael had promulgated a m. BE 6/18:19, cf. warki Sumulael mi-ša-ra-am iškunu CT 6 42a:17:  $a\check{s}\check{s}um$  ...  $\check{s}arrum$   $mi-\check{s}a-ra-am$ iškunuma BE 6/1 103:7, ef. ibid. 18; mi-šara-am ina māti aštakan TCL 17 76:15 (let. of Samsuiluna); [níg.gi níg].si.s[á] ba.an. gál.la : [kittam] [ $\hat{u}$ ] mi-ša-ra-am  $\hat{u}$ -[...] Edzard Tell ed-Dēr No. 234:16 (Abi-ešuh year 2); warki šarrum mišaram KB 4 12 Bu 88-5-12, 203:25f., cited Kraus Edikt 224 No. 28: aššum šarrum mi-ša-ra-am ana mātim iškunu Kraus Edikt § 1':4, § 2':13', § 10':22, § 12':32, § 13':1, 7, § 17':21, § 18':32 (all Ammişadūqa);  $in\bar{u}z$ ma bēlī ... mi-ša-ra-am ana DN rā'imišu i[šku]numa when my lord promulgated a m. on behalf of Šamaš, who loves him Landsberger 233:3, cf. tuppāt šīmātim ... ša ina mi-ša-ri wasia uheppû they broke the sales documents that had become invalid according to the m.-promulgation ibid. 234:9; warki mi-šar GN iššaknu after a m. was promulgated in Dūr-Rimuš UCP 10 76ff. Nos. 1:5, 9:10, 17:5, 18:13, 34:5, 104:6, SI.SÁ ibid. 92ff. Nos. 16:5, 20:4, 55:5 (loan con-EGIR mi-šar Dūr-Rimuš (iššaknu) Szlechter Tablettes 32f. MAH 16.163A 8 and B 4' (all Ishchali); MU mi-ša-ra-am Abimadar iškunu JCS 9 66 No. 32 r. 3, also, wr. MU EGIR NÍG.SI.SÁ ibid. No. 27:16 (both Khafajah); MU Kaštiliaš me-še-ra-am 2.kam.ma iškunu MAOG 4 1f.:45; MU Sunuhrammu LUGAL.E me-ša-ra-am iškunu Syria 5 270:24 (both Hana); [MU] RN u RN<sub>2</sub> GI.NA u me-ša-ra-am ušzizuma year in which RN and RN, erected (a stela promulgating) justice and redress MDP 24 348 r. 16; exceptional in NB: mi-šari ina māti aštakkan VAB 4 216 ii 2 (Ner.); himmāt šummī u mi-šá-ri collection of laws(?) and m.-s BBR No. 1-20:15.

2. justice (in general) — a) in gen.: nišišu ina mi-ša-ri-im lirī may he (the

blessed king) shepherd his people in justice CH xlii 17 (epilogue); may he shepherd your subjects ša tašrukušu ina me-šá-ri whom you have given to him as a gift, in justice KAR 105 r. 3, cf. ina tuhdi u me-šá-ri ibid. r. 7 and dupl. 361 r. 2; mi-ša-ra-am ina mātim ana  $\tilde{supim}$  to make justice prevail in the country CH i 32, cf. mi-ša-ri ina mātim lištēpi ibid. xl 87; la hābil awēlim muštēšir hablim u habiltim šākin me-ša-ri-im muḥalliq raggim 62:11 (Nidnuša of Dēr); exceptional: (the king) ša ina me-šir hattišu ultēšeru nišē who guides (his) people well through the justice of his rule Weidner Tn. No. 16:15; I named bābāni mi-ša-ri the gates of the palace muštēšir dīn malkī ša kibrāt erbetti mušam: hiru bilat šadê u tâmāti gates of justice, which give just decisions concerning the rulers of the world, which let in the tribute of sea and mountain countries Rost Tigl. III p. 76:35 (coll. H. Tadmor), cf. KÁ.GAL me-šá-ri 4R 58 i 49 (Lamaštu II), see ZA 16 172; ša ragga u me-šári qibissu ēzi[b] his pronouncements have forsaken what is right or wrong Lambert BWL 200 i 13 (SB fable); mi-šá-ri IGI-šú Kraus referring to deities: Samaš Texte 3b iii 42; ... ša me-še-ru-um isiąšu whose office is (the dispensation of) justice (parallel: kīnātum) Syria 32 12 i 4 (Jahdunlim); ana ilti remnēti ša me-šá-ra irammu to the merciful goddess who loves justice ZA 5 67:10; Anu ana Enlil mi-šá-ra šakāna [iqbi(?)] mi-šá-ru iš= šakkan CT 13 50:7, see JCS 18 16; habla u šagša mi-šar-ši-na tadân uddakam every day you (Marduk) dispense justice to the disinherited and the cheated BMS 12:36, lumnu putur see von Soden, Iraq 31 85; mi-šá-rum šukn[a] dispel the evil, grant me justice PBS 1/1 17:21; dutu mi-šá-ru GI.NA. MEŠ  $d\bar{i}n$  kitti u mi-š $\acute{a}$ -ri [...] (apodosis) CT 20 49:37 (SB ext.); in broken context: mi-šá-ri STT 43:3 (Shalm. III), see AnSt 11 148.

b) in parallelism with kittu and similar terms — 1' with kittu: the gods kittu u mi-šá-ri išrukuinni Borger Esarh. 106 iii 32; [ša ina kitti] u me-šá-ri tadinnuma Craig ABRT 1 29:22; ina kitti u mi-š[á-ri] Perry Sin pl. 4:24, see Ebeling Handerhebung 128; da=

mīšaru A mīšaru A

jānu kēnu dābib kitti u meš-šá-ri Böhl Chrestomathy No. 25:9 (Sin-šar-iškun); dābib mi-šari-im mukīl kīnāti CT 46 44 ii 12 (OB lit.); kitti u mi-ša-ri ina māti ibašši Thompson Rep. 49 r. 3, 106:3, 244:6; rā'im kittu u mi-ša-ru PSBA 20 155:3, cf. VAB 4 100 i 6 (Nbk.); mubbibkitte u me-[ša-ri] KAR 25 ii 33; [...] kittu u mi-ša-ru PSBA 20 156:19; [kittu u] mi-šá-riul uštēsu ittišu BHT pl. 5 i 1; note also šumma ... kittam izzīr níg.si.sá la ihtašihma MDP 10 pl. 11 iii 11; nāṣir kitti rā'im mi-ša-ri OIP 2 23 i 5, and passim in this phrase in Senn.; rā'im mi-ša-ri mukīn kitti VAB 4 252 i 5 for other refs. see kittu A mng. (Nbn.): 1b-2'.

- 2' with similar terms: egirrē dumqi u me-šá-ri šukun elija BMS 1:22; harrān šulme u me-šá-ri ZA 43 14:11.
- c) qualifying a preceding noun: LUGAL mi-ša-ri-im CH xl 77, xli 7 and 96, etc., cf. (in kudurrus) Hinke Kudurru ii 22, AnOr 12 303:1, cf. also ADD 646:3, 647:3, (said of Marduk) BBSt. No. 35:16; den man mi-še-ri LKA 38:2; RN LUGAL mi-ša-ri-im VAB 4 100 i 2, 172 viii 26, and passim in Nbk., also ibid. 66:1 (Nabopolassar); šarrūtu mi-ša-ri 5R 66 i 28 (Antiochus I); šanat Níg. SI. SÁ (for gloss see lex. section) Thompson Rep. 209:4, also ACh Ištar 2:20, 25, Šamaš 20:7, also MU NÍG. SI.SÁ ina māti ibašši ACh Ištar 2:23; ūmē labāri u mu.meš mi-šá-ri BE 1 83 ii 19 (kuduref. ūmē kēnūti šanāti ša me-ša-ri ABL 2:10 (NA);  $b\bar{e}l$  kitte u me-šá-ri LKA 114:15, also 4R 60:31, PBS 1/1 15:8, AfO 18 293:52, Schollmeyer No. 9:2, etc.; dajān kitti mi-šá-ri KAR 25 ii 13; din me-šar-im MDP 4 pl. 2 iv 6 (Puzur-Inšušinak); šar kīnāti ša dīn mi-šá-ri BBSt. No. 6 i 6, cf. Lambert BWL 132:101; (Madānu)  $d\bar{a}$ 'in  $d\bar{i}n$  mi-šá-ri LKA 43:3 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 32, also Streck Asb. 384:14; note dīnāt mi-ša-ri-im ša RN ... ukinnuma CH xl 1, dīn kitti u meša-ri Hinke Kudurru iv 18; dīn kitti u mi-šá-ri CT 20 49 r. 37 (SB ext.), BBR No. 1-20:123, No. 82:20, Iraq 27 5 ii 22, Borger Esarh. 2 i 32; harrān kitte u mi-šá-ri ibid. 36; padān mišar-im CT 32 2 iv 19f. (Cruc. Mon.), see JEOL 20 56:114, cf. ina šitūlti u tūdāt mi-šá-ri Lam-

bert BWL 112: 8, also VAB 4 234 i 24 (Nbn.); uruḥ kittu u mi-ša-ri VAB 4 260 ii 31 (Nbk.); awāt mi-ša-ri-im CH xli 65; atmā ša mi-ša-ri TCL 3 123 (Sar.); kakkab kittu u mi-šar RAcc. 138: 307, and see Hg. B VI 39, in lex. section; DIŠ AGA mi-šá-ri apir ACh Supp. Sin 3:15, 4:6; inum la-mas(!)-si mi-šá-ri izzizuma aḥītu when the favorable protective spirit stepped aside (parallel ša Esarra ... urid šēduššu) JTVI 29 88 r. 6 (Kedorlaomer text); note the name of a canal Pa-at-tu-me-šá-ri Weidner Tn. 25 No. 15:45.

- d) personified and deified 1' in gen.: DINGIR-lum ki5-it-ti DINGIR-lum mi-š[a-ri] KUB 4 47 r. 8; dNíg.zi. [da] sukkal á. zi.da.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) <sup>d</sup>Níg.si.sá sukkal gùb.bu.ke<sub>x</sub> CT 24 31:74f.; dMi-šá-rum AfK 2 76 vi la (OB god list); dMi-šar BRM 4 25:45;  $[dEm].si.s\acute{a} = [dNíg.si].s\acute{a} = dMe$  $\delta a$ -ru[m] Emesal Voc. I 75; dNig.zi dNig. $si.s\acute{a}: {}^{d}Kittu {}^{d}Mi-\check{s}a-ru OECT 6 p. 30 r. 12f.;$ dKitti dMi-šar-u u ddi.kud VAS 6 213:15 (list of offerings); dMi-šar-rum Šurpu VIII 24, also Craig ABRT 1 57:22, 58 r. 24; d[NíG.GI.NA] lizziz ina imnija dMi-šá-ru lizziz ina šu: OECT 6 p. 84:24 (= Ebeling Handerhebung 50:122), cf. imnuk mi-šá-ri šumēlukki dumqu ZA 42 221:17, see also imnu mng. 2, BA 10/1 68:19f., 4R 28 No. 1:7f., in lex. section; for other refs. see kittu A mng. 1b-4'; for  ${}^{d}Me$ -šá-ru and  ${}^{d}Me$ -šir<sub>4</sub> in tākultu and related texts see Frankena Tākultu p. 104 No. 145f. and BiOr 18 206, and note dMi-šá-ru dIl-mi-šá-ru KAV 42 i 34; kūrša me-šá-ru-um-ma šukūša Anu its (the door's) bar is m., its pivot is Anu 4R 58 i 52, see ZA 16 172 (Lamaštu I); Mì-ša-ru-um Išmekarab Şē-raggu Ù-li-mì-ša-ra-am the seven judges of the mušlālu) Belleten 14 226:26f. (Irišum).

mīšaru B mīšertu

(both Ishchali); Mi-ša-[rum]-ba-ni Meissner BAP 110:21, Mi-ša-ru-um-na-si-ir CT 8 40b:2; in MB: Mi-ša-rum PBS 2/2 95:17, note Mi-ša-ri-tum ibid. 53:9, and passim; in MA:  $Il\bar{t}$ -mi-še-ru, Adad-me-šar, see Saporetti Onomastica s.v.

3. name of a month in OB Alalakh: [IT]I Mi-ša-ri Wiseman Alalakh 33:27.

F. R. Kraus, Studies Landsberger 230f.; Kraus Edikt 238ff.; Finkelstein, JCS 15 99ff.

mišaru B s.; (a part of the body?); OB.

šumma rēš iṣṣūri ana mi-ša-ri-šu tar[ik] if the head of the bird is dark-colored toward its m. RA 61 24:12 and 14; šumma irtu ana mi-ša-ri(var. adds -i)-ša leteat if the breastbone is cleft toward its m. YOS 10 48:9, var. from dupl. 47:71.

mīšarūtu (mēšarūtu) s.; justice; SB; wr. syll. and Níg.si.sá with phon. complement; cf. ešēru.

[ina qibit] ili u ištarija me-ša-ru-tam lullik let me obtain justice through the order of (my) god and my goddess (note išarūtu line 8) Schollmeyer No. 22:10, also RA 65 163:12, also, wr. Níg.si.sá-tam KAR 355:3; ina dīnikunu mi-šá-ru-tam «tam» lul[lik] Or. NS 34 116:4 (namburbi), also AMT 15,3:10, cited alāku mng. 4a-2'.

In Nbk. 49:1 read mi-tu-ú-tu, see mītu.

mišdannu see mištannu.

mišdu s.; stroking; SB\*; cf. mašādu.

dNin.din.ug<sub>5</sub>.ga ... šu.ur.ra sikil.bi hé.im.ma.an.šed<sub>7</sub>.dè : Gula ina me-šid (var. me-si) qātēša ellēte lišapšihšu may DN calm him with the stroking (variant: washing) of her pure hands Šurpu VII 73ff. See also mešētu.

mišēna s.(?); (a tree or wood); MB Alalakh.\*

GIŠ.MEŠ mi-še-na (between GIŠ.MEŠ ša suhurhena and chariots) Wiseman Alalakh 422:3.

mišertu (mēšeštu) s.; small net; lex.\*

giš.sa.tur = mi-šir-tum (var. me-še-eš-tum) Hh. VI 166; giš.sa.tur = me-š[i]r-tum = [MIN (= še-e-tu)] Hg. A I 90, in MSL 6 76.

It is uncertain whether the primary form is  $m\tilde{e}\check{s}\check{e}\check{s}tu$ , in which case the word is to be derived from  $a\check{s}\tilde{a}\check{s}u$  B, or  $mi/e\check{s}irtu$ , for which cf.  $l\check{u}.sa.du.bu.ul = \check{s}a$   $\check{s}e-e-\check{s}[e-e]$ ,  $l\check{u}.$  gilim.DIM<sub>4</sub>.DIM<sub>4</sub> =  $\check{s}a$   $me-\check{s}ir-tim$  OB Lu C<sub>6</sub> 15f., in MSL 12 196.

mišertu see miširtu.

mišertu (miširtu) s.; 1. vessel (of onesila capacity), 2. portion of meat (in the amount of one sila, provided to nadituwomen at the occasion of Šamaš festivals in Sippar); OB, SB; cf. ešēru.

giš.sìla.gaz = mi-še-er-tum Nigga Bil. B 309; dug.sìla.gaz = me-štr-t[um] Hh. X 240; si-la QA = mi-še-er-tum MSL 2 130 iv 15 (Proto-Ea); si-la QA = mi-šir-tu Ea I 268, A I/6:26; di-ig NI ... miš-še-er-tú 4 // ki-qu-ru-u (lw. from gi.gur) // l[i-ti-ik-tú(?)] A II/1 Comm. 12'.

- 1. vessel (of one-sila capacity): see lex. section.
- 2. portion of meat (in the amount of one sila, provided to naditu-women at the occasion of Šamaš festivals in Sippar): 3 isinnī 3 BÁN ZÍD.DA.TA ù mi-še-er-tam ipaggissi he (the tenant) will provide her with three festival gifts each consisting of thirty silas of flour and one sila (of meat) CT 8 42c:13, similar BA 5 486 No. 2 r. 4, 487 No. 5 r. 2, 508 No. 42 r. 5, and (without  $\hat{u}$ ) ibid. 501 No. 28 r. 7, Waterman Bus. Doc. 9 r. 3, wr. me-še-er-tam BM 81584:10 (all OB Sippar, and referring to nadītu-women); 2 mi-še-er-tim uzu šu.TI.A PN CT 2 43:9; note abbreviated (flour, beer) 1 mi-ši-ir- (ti > ZAG and one (meat portion from) the flank (of a sheep?) (in list recording festival gifts (piqittu) to nadituwomen and officials of the Samaš temple in Sippar) VAS 9 174:22, 23, cf. (without specification) ibid. 4, see R. Harris, JESHO 6 149.

The two items regularly provided by the tenant to the *nadītu*, i.e., flour and *mišertu*, in the texts quoted above, correspond to

miše'tu mišhu A

other rental contracts with nadītu-women stipulating the delivery of flour and meat at several Šamaš festivals, e.g., CT 4 44c:13, 45c:5, PBS 8/2 262:15, Waterman Bus. Doc. 3 r. 2, etc., cited isinnu mng. 3. Taken with the evidence from CT 2 43:9 and VAS 9 174:22f., this indicates that mišertu was a portion of meat measuring one sila.

**miše'tu** s.; plundering; MB, SB; cf.  $ma \& \bar{a}'u$ .

5 ālāni ša ... mi-še-'-ta ana mātija nadû five cities which had made plundering raids into my country Weidner Tn. 3 No. 1 iii 26; mi-še-'-ta ina ekallātišu aškun I plundered his palaces WO 1 472 iv 18, cf. ibid. 16 r. 25 (Shalm. III); kullat mātija taltalal mi-še-'-[ta ...] you have plundered my whole land, plundering [...] Tn.-Epic "iv" 5; mi-še-'-ti abbūja iškunu ú qi [...] the plundering which my ancestors did [...] ibid. 34, cf. (in broken context) ibid. "vi" 42.

The word me-šé-eħ-tám (in completely broken context) BIN 6188:26 (OA) is obscure.

mišhu A (mišahu) s.; (a luminous phenomenon in the sky, usually produced by stars, a meteor?); SB; cf. mašāhu B.

mul.an.ta.sur.ra = me-ših Mul., me-ših dPa-bil-sag AfO 19 107:4f.; mul.mi-ši-ih-dPa-bil-sag Hh. XXII Forerunner from Nippur 408, in MSL 11 106, also OECT 4 161 x 24, in MSL 11 141; şal-lum-mu-u // mi-ših Mul., şal-lum-mu-u // me-ših Mul. (var. Mul.Meš) KI-šu jānu CT 26 40 iv 16f., see Weidner, AfO 19 108, cf. şal-lum-mu-u // me-ših Mul Min // zi-im Mul ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 64 i 11; mi-iš-hi ás-su Lal, sir-hi ás-su sa-ra-ru CT 41 45 Rm. 855:11f. (comm. to VAT 9427:11, see usage b-2').

a) mišhu alone: šumma meš-hu BABBAR ištu harrān šūt Ea adi harrān šūt Anim imšuh-ma im-šuh-ma im-bi 2-ta(?) KASKAL.MEŠ
ugammir if a white m. flares up from the
region of Ea to the region of Anu and shines
brightly and completes (its way through)
two regions K.3254+:4; šumma meš-hu ana
iltāni im-šu-uh if a m. flares up to the north
ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 64 i 1; šumma ina šamê mešhu ša IM.KUR ana IM.MAR ša IM.SI ana IM 1
kīma pillurti iš-tuh if a m. in the sky ....-s

like a cross from the east to the west and from the north to the south ibid. i 17; šum: ma ina šamê meš-hu ša kīma šithi šathu meših-šú ana IM.KUR im-šuh ibid. i 7; šumma ina šamê meš-hu ša kīma meš-hi ša MUL.Á. MUŠEN ... šat-hu ištu im.kur ana im.mar im-šuh ... (explanation:) mā mul.á.mušen TA rēši imtašah annû ana šâšu umtaššil ibid. i 13, šumma mi-iš-hu šamê gummur if a m. completes the sky (i.e., crosses the sky completely) ibid. 63 ii 8, dupl. 65:5; šumma miiš-hu šub.šub-ut if a m. falls repeatedly ibid. 63 ii 10, 65:6, cf. šumma mi-iš-hu ištēt  $\bar{u}mi$  ŠUB-ut ibid. 63 ii 12f., 65:7f.; mi-iš-hu ša  $k\bar{i}ma$   $n\bar{i}du$  [...] if a m. which is like a nidu-cloud [...] ibid. 63 iii 3ff.; šum=  $ma \ mi-i\dot{s}-hu \ \text{BABBAR} \ im\dot{s}uh \ \text{if a white } m.$ flares up (followed by red, dark, and yellow) ibid. 15ff.

- b) m. of a star 1' with mašāhu: šumma MUL.ŠU.PA meš-ha im-šuh if Arcturus(?) produces a m. (explained by ištu libbi MUL. ŠU.PA-ma kajamāni IGI) ACh Supp. 2 64 ii 1f.; šumma Dilbat meš-ha MIN (= imšuh) (explained by šá dDilbat adanšu ušettaqu) ibid. ii 5f.; šumma MUL.MUL meš-ha im-šuh (explained by meš-hu TA libbišunu È-ma) ibid. 66:13; for other refs., see mašāhu B.
- other occs.: šumma MUL.GAL ... mi-ši-ih-šú kīma nammašti zugagīpi zibbata šakin (see zibbatu mng. la) Thompson Rep. 200:11; šumma MIN (= MUL.ŠU.GI) meš-ha iškun AN ina MUL.ŠU.GI IGI-m[a] if the constellation "Old Man" produces a m., (that means) Mars is seen in the "Old Man" TCL 6 18:12; šumma mi-ša-hu IM. $U_x$ (GIŠGAL).LU iškun iškunma im-sur im-sur-ma izziz izzizma ipruț ipruțma is-sa-pi-ih (obscure) 1237:5; [šumma ina š]amê meš-hu ša MUL.Á. MUŠEN innamir if the m. of the constellation Eagle is seen in the sky ACh Ištar 23:23, cf. šumma ina šamê mi-iš-hu ša MUL.UDU.IDIM.  $[\ldots]$  if a m. of the planet [Mercury/Saturn appears?] in the sky ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 76:19; šumma MUL.SAG.ME.GAR ina mi-ših Pabilsag izziz if Jupiter stands in the (constellation) M. of Sagittarius Thompson Rep. 190:3, cf. MUL.IN.DUB.AN.NA Mi-ših Pabilsag

mišhu B mišhu B

r. 2; šumma ina šamê meš-hu ša Şalbatānu IGI ... şallummû // me-šiḥ kakkabi min // zi-im kakkabi Ṣalbatānu iba'ilma if a m. of Mars is seen in the sky - sallummû means m. of a star, it also means appearance of a star — that is, Mars is very bright ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 64 i 10f.; kakkabu TA manzazišu mi: nâtešu lu [1 lu 2] lu 3 lu ma'dūti ú-[x-x] kakkabu ana kakkabi iṭhû kīma ištēn išdud innesirma urrik uštānih irbīma ana arkišu ta kur manzazišu tāmuršu annītu ittu ša mi-iš-hi if a star from its position [...] its measured (course), either one or two or three or many (stars) [...], a star approaches another so that it proceeds like one, when it is observed, it stays (in the sky) longer and sets, and afterward you see it at the rising(?) of its (former?) position: this is the sign called m. VAT 9427:11, for comm., see lex. section; ITI šá mi-ši-ih MUL.MEŠ (the enumerated months and their reference to the four countries) are the months of the m. of the stars ACh Sin 22:26, dupl. RA 17 185 Rm. 2,38 r. 8 + K.12068; lu [...] miših kak: kabi lu şarār kakkabi (see şarāru B mng. 1) K.8091+10628:14', cf.  $lu\ mi-\check{s}i-i[h\ kakkabi]\ lu$ rib[u ...] lu aqqullu LKA 108:13 (both namburbis); inalumun MUL x-li mi-iš-hu sallummû ša ina harrān šūt Ani innamru in case of evil predicted by a .... star, a m., or a sallummû which appears in the path of Anu CT 41 23 i 10, see RA 48 12.

- c) of the moon: if the moon attalâ iškunz ma mi-ši-ih-šú BABBAR becomes eclipsed and its m. is white ACh Sin 28:12, cf. šumma MUL.AN.NA meš-ha im-šuh if the moon produces a m. ACh Sin 3:103.
- d) of a meteor: šumma MUL GAL ultu sīt Šamši ana ereb Šamši sur-ma irbi u mi-šiḥ-šú umarrīma iškun if a meteor crosses the sky from the east to the west and sets, and ....-s its m. Thompson Rep. 202:3, also ibid. 200:11, 201A:3, ACh Supp. 2 63 iv 15, cf. ibid. 25.
  - J. K. Bjorkman, Meteorities 8 (1973) 118ff.

mišhu B (mišahu, miššihu) s.; tract, section (a specified stretch or area to be worked); NB; cf. mašāhu A.

lu tīdi dullu ina muḥḥija dānu 4 lim qaqqar meš<sup>iš</sup>-hu ina muhhija nasiki know that the work is (too) heavy for me, 4,000 tracts of land are imposed on me YOS 3 33:5, cf. meš-hi ina GN ana muhhini nasik BIN 1 84:6, cf. also TCL 9 113:13; ahi ša mešiš-hu širkū lu iherrû the oblates should dig part of the m. TCL 9 129:37, also YOS 3 17:40, cf. mi-iš-hu ša PN ... ša taherru YOS 7 14:6; PN lillikamma meš-hi lisbat LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ gabbi meš-hi-šú-nu itepuš u mešhi attūkunu mamma ul īpuš let PN come and take up work on (his) m., all the workmen have done their m-s, but nobody has done your (pl.) m. BIN 18:22ff., cf. lillikamma meš-hi lisbatu' lu tīdi meš-hi ul dānu let them(!) come and take up work on the m., you should know that the m. is not much (for context see ammatu A mng. 2d) ibid. 11 and 13, also mi-iš-hi isabbatu agurru ana PN inandin Nbn. 643:5, meš-hi lušasbitšunūtu YOS 3 97:11; sābē mādūtu ibbaku mešiš-hu igammaru they will bring many workmen (and they) will finish the work assignment YOS 3 17:51; LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ gabbi GI.MEŠ u tibna ana meš-ših-šú-nu imahharri all the workmen receive reed and straw for their m. BIN 1 40:26; mešiš-hu ibattil the m. will not be worked on YOS 3 33:27; mi-iš-hu ša nukaribbi ana muhhini la issuku they did not impose on us the m. of the gardener YOS 3 110:15; dullu ša kāri mi-iš-hu ša PN u ahhēšu ... ana ēpišānūtu ina panī PN2 work on the quay wall, the m. of PN and his brothers, to be done by PN2 VAS 684:1; mi-iš-hi ina ziggurrat ša Ezida ina muhhini nasik a m. at the temple-tower of Ezida is imposed upon us BIN 1 32:7; x ammatu [mi]-iš-hu ša mušennīti [u] eperī ina muhhija I have to do a m. of x cubits on the diverting dam and on earthwork TCL 9 102:8; bitga ina nārātikunu u ina mi-šá-ah-ku-nu ... la ibattaq no water must be diverted from your canals or your tracts (of the canals) BE 9 55:5, cf. ibid. 16, wr. mi-šá-hu-ku-nu ibid. 3; pūt miţītu ... ina meš-hi ša Eanna ... našû they are responsible for any shortage in the m.-work for Eanna BIN 1 126:14; 2 UZ. TUR.MUŠEN.MEŠ ... ina meš-hi-šú-nu dī:

mišhu C mišihtu

kuma in the course of their m.-work two ducks were killed Iraq 13 96:7; mi-iš-hi ša Šamaš (referring to digging canals) Dar. 9:6, 8 and 11.

mišhu C s.; (mng. uncert.); SB.

TÚG.HI.A mi-iš-ha ina muḥḥi tatarraṣ you spread m. cloths on (the chairs) BBR No. 52:8; ušteššir meš-ḥa ša panīja u arkija uttamə mir imna u šumēla uddappir išhilṣa I set up a m. in front of me and behind me, I made illumination at the right and the left, I removed the potsherd BBR No. 83 ii 6 and dupl. 82 iv 12, note the parallel ušteššir sa-pàr ana šubat ilāni dajānī ibid. No. 83 iii 13 and 23, and passim in these texts.

For mi- $\delta i$ -ih- $\delta i$   $u\delta$ -te[r-di-a] LKU 68c:5 note the var. MI  $IGI^{\Pi}$ - $\delta i$   $u\delta$ terdia (see sulmu mng. 2), see Labat TDP 151 n. 261.

miši s.; army, troops; EA; Egyptian word.

la tirubuna elippāt LÚ.MEŠ mi-ši ana māt Amurri u dāku PN the ships of the (Egyptian) army should not enter the land of the Amorites, for they (the Amorites) have killed Abdi-Aširta EA 101:4, cf. elip lú.meš mi-ši u la tillaku ana māt Amurri ibid. 33, cf. also EA 110:52; u inanna dannu u elippāt LÚ.MEŠ mi-ši lagů qadu mimmīšunu now, they are powerful and they took the ships of the (Egyptian) army, together with all their belongings EA 105:27; lami jišme [šar]ru ana Lú.meš mi-ši let the king not listen to the army EA 126:63, cf. LÚ.MEŠ mi-ši EA 108:38, (in broken context) EA 111:21.

Lambdin, JCS 7 75ff.

miši see mišu C.

mišihtu (mešhatu) s.; 1. measurement, size (surface or distance), 2. measured area, 3. surveying; SB, NB; mešhatu in NB (wr. mi-šá-hat Dar. 393:7), pl. mišhātu; cf. mašāhu A.

1. measurement, size (surface or distance)
— a) mišihtu — 1' in lit.: mi-ši-ih-tú
manzāzi kajamāni 3 šu.sı three fingers is

the length of a normal manzāzu TCL 6 6 ii 3 (SB ext.); nibīt šumija mi-ši-ih-ti dūrišu aš: kunma I made the length of its (the new city's) wall (16,280 cubits, corresponding to) the pronunciation of my name Lyon Sar. 10:65 and dupl., also 16280 (Kùš) mi-ši-ih-ti  $d\bar{u}ri\check{s}u$  a $\check{s}kunma$  ibid. 17:80;  $d\bar{u}r\check{s}u$   $rab\hat{a}$  ... ina asli rabīti mi-ših(var. -ši-ih)-ta-šú amšuh I measured its great wall with the large aslucubit Borger Esarh. 25 Ep. 35:38; mi-ših-ti qaqqari ša eli ekallāti ... mahrâti Rost Tigl. III p. 74:19; mi-ši-ih-ti 40 bēr qaqqar ardi I marched a distance of forty double hours Borger Esarh. 113 r. 13; from the procession road as far as Kish 4\frac{2}{3} b\tilde{e}r qaqqari [mi-\tilde{s}i]-ihtim eqli šipik eperī aštappak for a distance of 43 double hours I made a wall of earth VAB 4 166 x 63 (Nbk.); note with  $maš\bar{a}hu$  in the sense of "to survey": tamlâ umallīma amšuḥ me-ši-ih-ta I made a terrace and surveyed (it carefully) OIP 2 100:51 and dupl. 102:79 (Senn.);  $[naphar \ x]$  KAS.GÍD m[i]-ših-ti ana KAS.GÍD.MEŠ ša [qaqqari] RA 10 217 (= TCL 6 21) r. ii 27, cf. naphar x KAS.GID mi-ših-ti ana KA[S.GÍD.MEŠ] ša šamê ibid. i 26, see Weidner Handbuch p. 133.

2' in leg. and econ., descriptions of real estate (NB only): 13 ninda 1 kùš 18 šu.si pūtu elītu ... 1½ ninda 5 kùš 6 šu.si pūtu šaplītu ... naphar 10 gi.meš 6 kùš mi-šihtum bīti šuātu x (is the length of) the upper (west) side, y (is the length of) the lower (east) side, a total of ten "reeds" and six cubits (x times y) is the measured surface of that house Weissbach Misc. pl. 15 No. 2:12; naphar 33 KÙŠ UŠ 20 KÙŠ SAG.KI mi-ših-tum bīti u kišubbâ šuāti BRM 2 21:10, cf. 24 GI. MEŠ mi-ši-ih-ti bīti abta Camb. 349:16, naphar 12 gi.meš mi-ših-tu bīti šuātu CT 44 70:10, also AnOr 9 15:12, naphar 11 GIŠ.SAR. MEŠ 1 lim 3 me mi-ši-ih-ti qaqqaru ibid. 2:14, and passim in such descriptions, cf. also [x] GI.MEŠ mi-ših-ta-šá BBSt. No. 22 i 4 and 10;  $me-\dot{s}ih-tu\ \dot{s}a\ s\bar{u}ru$  TuM 2-3 17:11; with ref. to areas measured in seed grain: naphar 1 PI ŠE.NUMUN mi-ši-ih-tum eqli šuāti Nbn. 178:20; [naphar] 4 GUR ŠE.NUMUN mi-ših-ti kirî šumāti VAS 5 4:9, and passim in such

mišiḥtu miširtu

descriptions; note without numerical indications: naphar uš.meš u sag.ki.meš mi-šihtum bīt qātē u bīt ruggubušu BRM 2 48:10, also 27:9, VAS 15 12:8 and passim; at the beginning of a text: [mi]- $\dot{s}i$ -ih-t[i]  $\dot{s}a$   $kir\hat{a}ti$   $lim\bar{i}ti$ Uruk AnOr 9 2:1; often describing an area measured in sections: naphar x še.numun 1-et mi-ši-ih-tim elān harrān šarri ... naphar y še.numun šanītu mi-ši-ih-tum šaplān har: rāni šu.nigin x+y še.numun mi-ši-ih-tum eqli šuāti x area is the first measurement above the royal road, y area is the second measurement below the road, in all x plus y are the measurements of that field Nbn. 178:11, 18, and 20, and passim in such texts, also, wr. mi-ših-tú 2-i eqli Strassmaier, Actes du 8e Congrès International No. 6:15, also nap:  $har 26 \text{ GI.MEŠ } 1\text{-}et \ mi\text{-}\check{s}ih\text{-}[ti] \text{ BBSt. No. } 20:2;$ (three sections) 3-ti mi-si-[ih-ti] AnOr 8 23:27, etc.

- b) plural: mi-iš-ha-tum-si-na (i.e., miš-hassina) liššámma let him take their (the doors') measurements CT 22 85:13 (let.); the balance of the purchase price of the field ša ina meš-ha-tum ītiru which was found in excess in measurements Cyr. 346:4, cf. VAS 5 113:5, ša ina meš-ha-tum ī[tiru?] VAS 6 254:5, wr. ša ina meš-ha-tum ī[tiru?] VAS 6 254:5, wr. ša ina meš-hat ītiru Cyr. 320:8, also naphar mi-iš-ha-at eqli šuātu UET 4 19:20 and 11; meš-hat-tum še.Numun še.Bar imittu (as heading of enumerations of measurements) Nbn. 1021:1, also Nbk. 453:1, meš-hat-tum ša appāri Nbk. 450:1; meš-hat še. Numun Cyr. 173:1.
- c) wr. mešhatu (NB only): in descriptions of real estate: naphar 5 GI.MEŠ 5 KÙŠ 17 ŠU. SI meš-ha-tum bīti BE 8 115:11, cf. naphar 18 KÙŠ UŠ 7 KÙŠ SAG.KI meš-hat kišubbā šuātu BRM 2 35:8, etc.; atypical: 1-et meš-hat GAL-tú Nbn. 327:7; without numerical indications: naphar UŠ.MEŠ u SAG.KI.MEŠ meš-hat bīt qātē BRM 2 30:8 and 36:16; often describing an area measured in sections: naphar x 1-et meš-ha-tum ... naphar y šanītu meš-ha-tum ... naphar naphar x + y meš-hat qanāti VAS 5 103:8 and 11f., cf. meš-hat 2-tum VAS 15 27:8 and 47:8, etc., also meš-

hat šalultu VAS 15 23:9, meš-hat 4-tum BRM 2 28:11; note the pls.: naphar 2-ta meš-hat.meš ša bīti šuāti VAS 15 24:13, wr. meš-hat-a-tum ibid. 27:14; uncert.: 7 kùš.meš meš-ha-ti-šú(?) tibnu seven cubits(?) are the measurements of the straw (borrowed) TuM 2-3 77:1.

- 2. measured area a) mišihtu 1' in SB: I erected a terrace eli mi-ši-ih-ti ekalli mahrīte uraddīma and added it to the original area of the palace OIP 2 96:78, cf. (x land) kīma atartimma . . . ṣēr me-ši-ih-ti tamlî maḥrê lu uraddīma I added, as an addition, to the extent of the area of the original terrace ibid. 105 vi 4 and dupls. (Senn.).
- 2' in NB: 78 kùš uš an. Ta im. si. sá da mi-ši-ih-tú mahrītu 78 cubits, the upper side, to the north, adjacent to the first measured area Dar. 80:16, also Camb. 233:16, Nbn. 116:16.
- b) mešhatu: DA meš-hat mahrītu VAS 15 24:9, DA meš-hat 2-tum ibid. 11, DA meš-hat šanītu VAS 15 40:42, 52:3.
- 3. surveying: two shekels (of silver) ana PN Lú sipiru ša šarri ša ana ugu meš-hat to the royal scribe(?) PN who is in charge of surveying YOS 6 242:22 (NB); tupšar ekalli ana muhhi meš-ha-ti ša še.numun u imitti ša uttati the palace scribe (has sent a message) concerning the surveying of the field and the tax on barley to be imposed YOS 3 132:7 (NB let.).

## mišimmaru see gišimmaru.

miširtu (mišertu, mešertu) s.; produce of the sea and rivers; OB, MB, SB.

an.ki.bi.ta du<sub>8</sub>.du<sub>8</sub>.bi.e.ne a.ab.ba za.ba.lam.a.ni si ba.ni.íb.sá hur.sag máš mu.un.da.ri.bi ... mu.un.dugud.da.bi mu. un.ši.in.íl.íl.eš ù.mu.un lugal.la.šè : šamū hengallašunu erṣetu hiṣibša tâmtu mi-ŝīr-ta-šá šadū iribša ... kabitti bilassunu našū ana bēl bēlu they bring their heavy tribute to the lord of lords — the heavens its abundance, the earth its yield, the sea its wealth, the mountains their presents 4R 20 No.1:21f. and dupl. AJSL 35 139 1904-10-9,96:16f. (hymn to Marduk).

 $me-šir-t\acute{u}$  // на.н. ACh Supp. Ištar 54:14 (comm., see usage a-2').

miširtu miširtu

considered beneficial — 1' in lit.: a) tâmāti adallah mi-šìr-ta-ši-na u[hallaq] I will perturb the seas and destroy their abundance Cagni Erra IIc: 27; erib ta[m]ti ša apsa iba'û mi-šìr-ti nāri ša irteddû Šamaš ina the wealth of the sea which mahrik[a]moves in the depth, the abundance of the river which goes along are before you, O Šamaš Lambert BWL 136:173 (hymn to Šamaš); the Harbor Gate mušēribat mi-šìr-ti dadmē which makes the abundance of the inhabited world come in OIP 2 113 vii 95 (Senn.).

2' in omens: [me-še]-er-ti nūnī ina nārim H[A.A] the abundance of fish in the river will disappear (corr. to agargarūtu hisib tâmti ihalliq ACh Sin 34:27) RA 44 107:23 (MB astrol. from Qatna), cf. agargarû me-šìr-tim tâmti ina nāri [NU(?)] GÁL [...] ACh Supp. 2 Sin 1b:34, me-šìr-tum nūnī ina māti ihalliq ACh Ištar 24:12; Máš. Anše ihalliq me-šìr-tum ina māti ihalliq cattle will perish, m. will disappear from the country ACh Šamaš 9:20; me-šìr-ti māti isehhir ibid. 68; me-šìr-tú si.sá Labat Calendrier § 70:7; ITI.BI me-šir-tum nūnī mādiš maţi in this month the yield of fish was very little LBAT 482:13 (diary); ITI.BI me-šìr-ti nūnī ibašši in that month there will be an abundant yield of fish ACh Supp. 2 Sin 8:4, for comm., see lex. section.

- b) considered a calamity 1' in lit.: [tuw]aššer ana nišī mi-še-er-tam you let loose on the people the creatures of the sea Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 84:29 (OB), also, wr. mi-šèr-tu ibid. 118:6, me-šèr-tú ibid. 13 (SB).
- 2' in omens: me-še-er-tum itebbâmma mātam ikkal m. will arise and it will devour the country RA 65 73:28, also mi-ši-ir-tum itebbiamma mā[tam ikkal] RA 38 80:3 (both OB ext.); ina pan šatti amurrû itebbâmma ebūru iṣeḥḥir me-šìr-tum ina māti ibašši bibil mê māta ubbal the west wind will blow in the spring and the harvest will become diminished, there will be m. in the country, a flood will sweep away the land (beside a good omen) ACh Supp. 31:63; me-šìr-tum // nukurtu ina māti ibašši there will

be m., variant: hostilities in the country ACh Šamaš 9:18; [šumma ... nūnu š]a 2 zibbātišu ittanmar me-še-er-tum i[na māti ibašši] KAR 300:6.

- c) in ambiguous context 1' in gen.: me-šìr-tum ina māti ibašši there will be m. in the country CT 30 16 K.3841 r. 20, JNES 33 354:19 (SB ext.), also CT 39 14:15, CT 40 46:14, also (with var. mi-[šìr-tu]) CT 39 33:54, var. from CT 40 47:7 (all SB Alu), STT 330:19, Thompson Rep. 121:4, 187:8, (beside a good omen) ACh Supp. 20:12, 54:13, (without ina māti) LKU 115:17; mi-ši-ir-tum ina ma(?)-[tim ibašši] YOS 10 18:22 (OB ext.); me-šir-tú ina māti ibašši ebūru [...] AfO 14 pl. 7 ii 4 (astrol. comm., on Enūma Anu Enlil XVIII).
- 2' with variant mēreštu "crop": me-šìr-tú haruptu idammiq // mēreštu haruptu si.[sá] the early m. will be good, variant: the early planting will prosper ACh Supp. 43:12; mešìr-ti māti işehhir / me-reš-ti māti SI.SÁ (var.  $me-\check{sir}-tu[m\ldots]$ ) ACh Šamaš 11:70,  $me-\check{sir}-ti$ māti // me-reš-ti māti S[I.SA] ACh Šamaš 13:10 and dupls.; Adad ebūr māti iraḥḥiṣma arki šatti me-šìr-tum (var. me-reš-tum) ina māti ibašši / ul ibašši Adad will devastate the harvest of the country and in the fall there will be a m.-plague in the country, variant: there will be no planted crop in the country ACh Adad 35:2, var. from ACh Supp. 2 105b ii 7; note mi-riš-ti nūni ibašši LBAT 1532:18, cf. mi-riš-ti GÁL ibid. 22.

The reading miširtu instead of miķirtu is established on the basis of the refs. wr. -še-er- and by the reading variants mēreštu in the omen apodoses. The two ranges of meaning — miširtu considered favorably, as an abundant yield of fish, in portents that predict its abundance or its lack, and unfavorably, as a plague that will "devour" the land — seem to go back to the myth expressed in the Atra-hasīs epic when the gods released "the lock of the sea" so that its creatures (fish and probably other aquatic animals, such as turtles) were let loose upon the men living on earth. This twofold meaning was often misunderstood by the

mīširtu mišittu B

redactors of the omen texts when *miširtu* occurred both as a good and as a bad omen, and was thus sometimes explained in a variant as *mēreštu* "crop, cultivated field."

Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 157f.; Landsberger, JNES 8 259 n. 54, MSL 9 221f.; Nougayrol, RA 40 61f. and RA 65 80.

mīširtu see mīšertu.

mišissu see misis tâmti.

mišittu A s.; stroke, paralysis; SB; cf. mašādu.

ti.ba.ud.a = mi-s[it-tum] Nabnitu E 219; [...] = [mi-s[it-tum (preceded by  $mas\bar{a}du$ ) Antagal VIII 150.

mi-šit-tú || ma-šá-du || ma-ha-su || mi-šit-tú || šá in-šu-ú šá TAR-šú im-ta-šid mi-šit-tú W. 22307/35:7f. (med. comm., courtesy H. Hunger); ŠUB-tum : mi-iq-tum : me-šit-tú [ina māti ibašši] ZA 52 248:67 (astrol.).

- a) in gen.: RN šar GN mi-šit-tum i-mišid-su-ma pūšu ṣabitma atmā la le'i Menanu,
  king of Elam, was stricken by m., his mouth
  was "seized" and he could not speak CT 34 49
  iii 20 (Bab. Chron.); for other refs. see mašādu
  mng. 1; mi-šit-tu(var. -tú) imtaqut eli šīrīja
   m. has fallen upon my body (beside
  rimūtu, mangu) Lambert BWL 42:76 (Ludlul
  II).
- b) caused by demons: mi-šit-ti rābiṣi arkatu maḥiṣ Labat TDP 188:10, 238:63; [b]ēl bīti šuāti ina mi-šit-ti asakki (var. me-ši-it-ti u asakki) imāt the owner of that house will die of m. (caused by, var.: and) an asakkudemon CT 40 7 K.2285+:53, var. from CT 40 3:62 (SB Alu), cf. ina mi-šit-ti ištarišu IM 67692:262 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); qāt mi-šit-tú (diagnosis) Labat TDP 78:73.
- c) with specific parts of the body: ana šipir mi-šit-tú ša pāšu isbatu AMT 78,1 iii 5f.; šumma imitti pagrišu kalušuma ina mi-šit-ti mahis if the entire right side of his body is afflicted by m. AMT 77,1 i 7; šumma amēlu mi-šit-ti pa-ni išu īnšu isappar AMT 76,5:11, restored from W. 22307/14:16 (courtesy H. Hunger), see also mašādu mng. 1, also (referring to facial palsy) šipir mi-šit-ti Labat TDP 188:1 and dupl. AMT 77,1 i 1; šumma amēlu mi-

sit-ti GìR [...] AMT 79,1 iv 24, cf. mi-sit-ti a-hi marus ibid. 21, with mi-sit-ti Gú ibid. 9, with mi-sit-ti pagri ibid. 17, mi-sit-ti qabli marus ibid. 11, also Köcher BAM 132:3, cf. (with sa qab-ri(for -li) TAG) AMT 77,5:17, ana sipir mi-sit-ti sa EGIR TAG AMT 77,1 i 11, (with sa qab-ri EGI[R ...]) AMT 76,2:8, and passim; summa amēlu mi-sit-ti TE irši AMT 79,1 iv 6, cf. AMT 76,5:9, also INIM.INIM.MA summa amēlu mi-sit-ti TE irši AMT 76,5:4.

d) with ref. to healing: DIŠ LÚ šipir mi-šit-t[i] šupšuhi u rimût[i ...] to alleviate the effect of m. on the patient and [to ...] the paralysis Köcher BAM 138 ii 1 and 9, also AMT 82,2:7, cf. INIM.INIM.MA šipir mi-šit-tu [šupšuhi?] AMT 60,3 ii 8; ina napšalti (wr. EŠ) ša mi-šit-tú RA 54 175:11; 4 NA<sub>4</sub>.MEŠ mi-šit-t[i] four stones for m. Köcher BAM 372 iii 12, also 376 iii 7, cf. NA<sub>4</sub> mi-šit-ti LKA 9 i 5.

## mišittu B s.; fund, stock, store; OA.

a) for silver: u x gín kù.BABBAR i-meší-tim talagge and you will receive one and one-half shekels of silver from the fund CCT 4 13a:9; x MA.NA ina ellātim i-na me-ší-tí-šu ilaqqi he will receive one-third mina (of silver) from the enterprises from his fund BIN 4 150:14; x MA.NA ina me-ší-it PN PN<sub>2</sub> PN<sub>3</sub> u PN<sub>4</sub> ilaqqeu PN<sub>2</sub>, PN<sub>3</sub>, and PN<sub>4</sub> will take one and two-thirds minas from the fund of PN ICK 1 124:25; x [ša]lšātija ša ellat PN ina bīt kārim alagge x kaspam ina meší-tim ša ellātim alaqqe I will take x (silver) from the office of the harbor as my one-third (share) of PN's enterprise, and x silver from the fund of the caravans CCT 1 38b:14; x MA.NA [KÙ.BABBAR] ina me-ší-i[t] ellātim ina ellat PN ina bīt kārim alaqqe I will take from the office of the kāru two and one-third minas of silver out of the fund of the caravans, from PN's enterprise ICK 1 157:2, cf. ina [me-ší]-tí ellātim talaqqea AnOr 6 No. 15:13, cf. also (in broken context) me-ší-it «a» ellātim alaqqe CCT 5 42b:28; BABBAR ina me-ší-it(text -tim) ellātim ša ellat PN PN2 nadi 571 minas of silver in the fund of the caravans, it is deposited by the mišītu mišlu

caravan of PN (and) PN<sub>2</sub> CCT 1 28d:2; qātī aṣṣēr ša PN itaddiuni u attunu i-me-ši-ti-a qātī itaddia you, too, should deposit my share in my fund, in addition to what PN deposited TCL 19 42:5, cf. a-me-ši-t[i]-a[...] BIN 6 108:7, also me-ši-ti-i ... innidīma CCT 4 26a left edge 3.

b) for textiles: (nine textiles) i-me-ši-tim addi i-nikkassī ašakkan I deposited in the stock, I will enter them on the account KTS 54c:14; me-ši-it subātī paniūtim la ukâl I do not have a stock of textiles (received) earlier at my disposal Kienast ATHE 47:26.

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 94 n. 154.

mišītu s.; oblivion; SB\*; ef. mašû A v.

GN nagû ša ašaršu rūqu mi-šit nābali qaqqar ṭābti ašar ṣumāme GN, a district in a remote location, a forgotten desert with salty ground, a place of thirst Borger Esarh. 56 iv 54.

mišitu s.; confusion, blindness; OB; cf. ešú v.

uznam u nēmeqam līţeršuma ina mi-ši-tim littarrūšu may he (Ea) take away his understanding and wisdom and make him live in confusion CH xliii 5; eli la rā'imtika mi-ši-tam l[itbuk] may she (Ištar) strike with blindness her who does not love you JCS 15 7 ii 6 (OB lit.).

Held, JCS 15 15.

mišla (mišlā) adv.; half; OA; cf. mašālu.

[mi]-iš-lá zūza divide in half CCT 3 9:39; subātī mì-iš-lá leqeama (each of you) take half the textiles CCT 2 34:12, cf. mì-iš-lá umalla MVAG 33 No. 278:11, mì-iš-lá ka'ila Kienast ATHE 65:11, cf. also ibid. 31:15; mì-iš-lá izuzzu BIN 6 216:7, cf. mì-iš-lá-ma izuzzu ibid. 12, mì-iš-lá-a nizuwaz ICK 2 97:13, mì-iš-la ina kaspikunu alaqqe BIN 4 33:19, cf. also KTS 31b:5.

Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 57.

mišlā see mišla.

mišlānū s. pl.; 1. half shares, 2. (a drainage tile); OB; wr. syll. and šu.ri.a (191.2.

GÁL.LA.ÀM Szlechter Tablettes 77 MAH 15934:8); cf. mašālu.

šu.ri.a = mi-i[š-la-nu] OBGT XI v 3; šu.ri. àm =  $me\mathring{s}$ -la-nu (vars.  $[me\mathring{s}]$ -la-a-nu,  $me\mathring{s}$ -la-a-nu|ni) Hh. I 328, cf. šu.ri = mi- $[i\mathring{s}$ -la-nu], šu.ri. àm = mi- $[i\mathring{s}$ -la-nu], šu.ri. àm.  $\mathring{s}$ à = a-na [mi- $i\mathring{s}$ -la-ni], šu.ri. àm. bi.  $\mathring{s}$ à = a-na [mi- $i\mathring{s}$ -la-ni- $i\mathring{s}$ -i Ai. II i 83ff.; níg. kud. da. šu.ri. àm = mi- $i\mathring{s}$ -i Ai. IV iii 3; a.  $\mathring{s}$ à.  $\mathring{s}$ u.ri. àm = a.  $\mathring{s}$ à mi- $i\mathring{s}$ -ia-ni ibid. i 43;  $[\mathring{s}$ u.ri.  $\mathring{a}$ ]m = m[i- $i\mathring{s}$ -la-nu], i3-i3-i4 Antagal III 98f.;  $[\mathring{s}$ u].ri.a,  $\mathring{s}$ u. bar.ra = [mi]- $[i\mathring{s}$ -la-la-lu-lum Nigga Bil. B 233f.; sa.g., [(x)]. Kas.q., dug. Ma.Š., Ma.Š. al. la. bi = mi- $i\mathring{s}$ -la-nu ibid. 304ff.; ba- $\mathring{a}$ r BAR =  $me\mathring{s}$ -la-[nu] A  $[/6:144; [...] [HaR] = <math>me\mathring{s}$ -la-nu A V/2:289.

im.za-ad-rušiD = meš-la-nu Hh. X 502, za-an-da-[ra]šiD mi-iš-la(var. adds -a)-nu Proto-Izi I 245.

- 1. half shares: even if he does not do the work mi- $i\check{s}$ -la-ni- $\check{s}u$   $\check{s}e$ 'a[m] ileqqe he takes his half share in barley VAS 8 62:11; mi-išla-ni-šu PN ŠU.BA.AB.TE.GÁ PN (the owner of the rented field) will take his half share TIM 5 42:8; PN itti PN<sub>2</sub> mi-iš-la-ni izūzma PN took half shares with PN2 Gautier Dilbat 27 r. 6, cf. PN mi-iš-la-ni-šu ana PN, izūz Riftin 44:9, ŠU.RI.A.BI *izuzzu* UET 5 391:15; he rented the field ana mi-iš-la-ni on half shares TIM 5 43:6; if he has given the field ulu ana mi-iš-la-ni ulu ana šaluš for half shares or for one-third share CH § 46:49, wr. ŠU.RI.A YOS 9 34:11, wr. ana igi.2.gál.la. ÀM ù IGI.3.GÁL.LA.ÀM Szlechter Tablettes 77 MAH 15934:8, cf. [ulu] šaluš ulu mi-iš-l[a-ni]Kraus Edikt § 17':23; in Sum. contexts: šu. ri.a.bi in.ba.e.eš OECT 8 17:20; x silver šu.ri.a.bi PN.ra in.na.an.búr 67:11; adjacent to the house of PN šu.ri.a. bi OECT 8 18:4, cf. also šu.ri.a.bi BE 6/2 28:13, 17, TCL 11 147:2(!), 170:4, 171:1, etc.
- 2. (a drainage tile): see Hh. X 502, Proto-Izi I 245, in lex. section, and see zadrû.

mišlu s.; 1. half, 2. midpoint (midday, midnight, midyear, mid-šapattu), center, middle (locally); from OA, OB on, Akkadogram in Hitt. (KUB 14 15 i 31); pl. mišlātu; wr. syll. and BAR; cf. mašālu.

ba-a  $E\tilde{s}=mi\text{-}i\tilde{s}\text{-}lum$  A II/4:171, also (with var.  $me\tilde{s}\text{-}li$ ) Ea II 167; [sa-a] [Ma $\tilde{s}$ ] = [b]a-an-tum,  $mi\text{-}i\tilde{s}\text{-}lum$  Ea I 285f.; [ba-a] [Ma $\tilde{s}$ ] = MIN (=  $mi\text{-}i\tilde{s}\text{-}lum$ ) ibid. 287; ma- $\tilde{a}\tilde{s}$  Ma $\tilde{s}=me\tilde{s}\text{-}li$  A I/6:91; ba- $\tilde{a}\tilde{s}$ 

mišlu mišlu

BAR = mi-iš-[lu] (var. me5-[lu]) A I/6:143; níg. sur.r[a] = mi-iš-lum Nigga Bil. A i II, also Nigga Bil. B 40; á. $\frac{1}{2}$  = mi-šil i-di Proto-Izi II Bil. A iii 15.

 $ud.sa_9(var. .sa).am = mi-šil UD-mu midday Hh. I 177.$ 

BAR  $\parallel$  za-a-zu  $\parallel$  BAR  $\parallel$  meš-lu ACh Šamaš 16:3; ba-ma-a-tum = meš-lu Izbu Comm. 193; mut-ta-tum = meš-lu (var. me-eš-li) ibid. 42; MAŠ  $U_4$ -mu  $\parallel$  mi-šil ta-am-ru libbū mi-šil šá MA šanīš MAŠ  $U_4$ -mu  $\parallel$  mi-šil  $U_4$ -mu JNES 33 337:22f.; BA = [ba-an-t]u, BA = mi-šil, BA.BA = mi-šil meš-[li] (commenting on agā mašla En. el. V 17) Bab. 6 pl. 1 i 12.

1. half — a) in gen. — 1' in OA: mi-[iš]-lúm kuaum mì-iš-lum jaum mì-iš-li-a atta u PN ... leqeama half (of the tin) is yours, half mine, you and PN take my halves RA 58 114 Sch. 14:14ff.; tuppāka lu 2 šina mì-iš-lam ša naruqqija luptam mì-išlam ša tamkārim luptam let there be two records of yours, write down half of it as my capital, half of it as belonging to the merchant TCL 4 18:17ff., cf. (buy shoes) mi-iš-lam ša zakkārē mì-iš-lam ša sinnišātim TCL 19 mì-iš-lam še'am mì-iš-lam aršātim ICK 1 172:11, [mišlam] še'am mì-iš-lam [arša-t]im ussubu Kienast ATHE 6A:8; mì-išlu-um mazītum mì-iš-lu-um tabalātum CCT 5 33a:19ff., and passim, note ana šinīšu mahasma mì-iš-lam ippanîmma šēbilam u šītam iwwar: kiūtim šēbilam divide (the silver) in two, send half with the first (caravan) and the rest with the next ones TCL 20 94:7; ana mì-iš-li uštazzizuni they have made me stand by to (make the division into) halves CCT 4 43b:14; ana awīl u mì-sa-al awīlim lizūzu they should divide at the rate of 11 (per) person BIN 4 33:49, cf. [a]-mì-šál a-we-el lazziz CCT 5 6a:13 and 22; buy ša mì-ša-al kaspim şubātē ša mì-ša-al kaspim annakam for half the silver garments and for the (other) half tin TCL 19 67:17f.; send his son KI mì-ša-al kaspim with half of the silver TCL 20 84:27, cf. mì-šál kaspini TCL 19 69:15 and 17; you wrote a document ša mì-iš-lam nēmalam akkuluni mì-iš-lam (ana) ibissa'ē azzazzu (see ibissû mng. 2) TCL 20 110:17 and 19; ša mì-iš-lim subātī ... liš'u: muma let them buy garments for half (of the amount) BIN 6 75:14; ša mì-šál šattim TCL 19 16:5; note in the pl.: three shekels

of silver mì-iš-li-šu ša rabi maṣṣarātim illibbi PN BIN 6 235:2, cf. mì-iš-li-šu ša TCL 19 40:28; mì-iš-li-šu lu šazzuztušu (inform me) whether his lu warassu ilqe representative or his slave took his half (lit. halves) ICK 1 13:29, cf. mì-iš-li-šu mimma la tuwaššarašum TCL 4 4:13, also mi-iš-li $k\grave{a}$  ... ta'ibBIN 4 33:25; sell the merchandise for cash mi-iš-li-šu kaspam šēbilam HUCA 39 24 L29-568:11, cf. ibid. 23; we shall give him a document (stating) ša mì-iš-lišu [u]šabbiuniātima that he has paid us in full for his half (of the loan) ibid. 22 L29-566:14.

2' in OB, Mari: mi-ši-il eqlija šībūt ālim ilqūma the elders of the city took half of my field away CT 6 27b:23, cf. x SAR KI. GÁL mi-iš-[lam] itbalma ibid. 6, also mi-ši-il eqlim TCL 1 65:4, 8, 10, 12, mi-ši-il bītim ibid. 15, 18, A.ŠÀ tu-ur-ti-im mi-ši-il-šu Speleers Recueil 255:6; mi-ši-il ki-s[i]-i[m] half of the capital Kraus Edikt § 8':27; ēṣidū u mi-ši-il-šu JCS 11 28 No. 17:8; mi-ši-il šī-mišu CH § 199:64, cf. kaspam mi-ši-il šīmišu § 220:93, 238:60, 247:25; note mi-iš-lam bēl wardim ileqqe mi-iš-lam mārat awīlim ... ileqqe CH § 176A:5 and 7, also 176B:17 and 19; ½.ÀM mū kajantam ... illaku (referring to a unit of measure not expressed) ARM 3 29:16.

3' in MB: mi-ši-il išātāti[ša uḥ]hura (see išātu mng. 4a) BE 17 31:26; mi-iš-la Lú.PA.TE.SI.MEŠ līriša u mi-iš-la errēšū līrišu PBS 1/2 49:12f.; if there is little (gold at hand) mi-ši-il<sub>5</sub> ša abbīka šūbila send me half of what your predecessors (sent) EA 9:13 (royal).

4' in Bogh.: *mi-iš-lu ša* KUR GN KBo 1:13, also, wr. BAR ibid. 22 and KBo 1:2:2.

5' in EA: BAR-šu-nu ša unūte half of the implements EA 161:42; ālu mi-ši-līl-ši ra'im ana mārē PN u mi-ši-il-ši ana bēlija half of the city is loyal to the tribe of PN, half of it to my lord EA 138:71f.; mi-ši-il-šu īkul u mi-ši-(il)-šu jānu (fire) has devoured half of (the city Ugarit), half of it does not exist (any more) EA 151:56f.; difficult:

mišlu mišlu

 $6\frac{1}{2}$  mi-iš-lu ullū ša GADA lubāru  $6\frac{1}{2}$ , (gloss?) m., .... for(?) linen garments EA 14 iii 31 and 33 (list of gifts from Egypt).

6' in Nuzi: mala kumāni u mi-ši-il hararni one kumānu and half a hararni AASOR 16 21:4, cf. mi-ši-il arammi HSS 13 417:17 (= RA 36 126); mi-ši-il-šu ša šīmi HSS 19 127:12; mi-ši-il-šu-nu ekallu ... ilteqe u mi-ši-il-šu-nu PN ilteqe JEN 660:28, cf. mi-ši-AL-šu-nu mê šaqû u mi-iš-li-šu-nu mê la šaqû HSS 14 168:14 and 16; (horse armor) [mi-iš-la] ša maški u mi-iš-la tahapši half of leather and half of tahapšu-fabric HSS 15 4:17 (= RA 36 179), and passim in this text; note: [...] mi-iš-lu KÙŠ 1 pēl lurmi šalmu HSS 14 247:106.

7' in MA: he will deliver the barley mi-iš-la ina GN ... u [mi-iš]-la [ina] GN<sub>2</sub> KAJ 67:8f.; meš-lu ana šarri nadnu meš(text me)-lu ana bītātišunu inaššiu KAV 197:19f.

8' in NA: mi-šil kirî ADD 354:4, 8, r. 5, me-šil kirî ADD 416:5, etc.; mi-ši-il ūme for half a day ABL 5 r. 5; meš-li asappi ina GN lērub mā meš-lu-ma ina GN<sub>2</sub> lērub Iraq 25 79 No. 70:8 and 10, cf. meš-li [...] ... ana meš-li-ma ibid. r. 2 and 4; meš-li abulli ina panīšu uramme ABL 486:8; meš-li sīsēja ina GN ... meš-lu-ma ina GN<sub>2</sub> ABL 97:9 and 11, cf. ABL 1044:7 and 1432:19;  $me\check{s}$ - $\langle la \rangle \dots$ meš-la ABL 1070 r. 8f; 1 GÍN ½ GÍN ana memēni la addan I will not give to anyone even half a shekel ABL 992 r. 12, and passim, see Weippert, WO 7 46 n. 30; obscure: 1 tak-kàs x e me-šil l na, me-šil-šú issuhur ADD 993 i 5f.

9' in lit., hist. and omens: GN ina mì-šil ūme ... akšud I conquered Memphis in half a day Borger Esarh. 99 r. 41; mi-iš-lu-uš-ša iškunamma šamāma uṣṣallil he set up the half of her (Tiāmat) and roofed the sky (with it) En. el. IV 138, cf. [meš-la-šá u]ṣṣal=lila erṣeti uktinna En. el. V 62; atti lu meš-lu(text -ru)-um-ma anāku lu meš-lu (see anzanīnu) Lambert BWL 218 iv 5; šumma katarru BAR-šu ṣalim BAR-šu sām if half of the fungus is black, half red CT 40 17:53 and

(in similar context) 84; if a sow gives birth BAR-šu-nu peşi BAR-šu-nu salim half of them (the litter) are white, half black CT 38 48 K.3883:67 and CT 28 39 K.6286+ :19 (SB Alu); BAR KUR uhallaq he will destroy half of the country Leichty Izbu V 106, cf. mi-šil māti innaddi half of the country will be abandoned ibid. XXI 15; if the middle "finger" of the lung is divided into two BAR-šá ana qerbet imitti BAR-šá ana qerbet šumēli teķi half of it is near the right center, the other half near the left CT 31 40 iv 9, cf. BAR-šá ekimma KAR 429 i 17f. (both ext.); mi-ši-il imte ša zuqaqīpi ilqe Studies Landsberger 285:2 (inc.), also Köcher BAM 124 iv 14 and dupls. 127:11, OECT 6 pl. 23 K.3209:6; miiš-lam ina uppi siparri ... tašappak [mi-i]šlam ina Kaš.sag tuballal half (of the medication) you pour (into the urethra) by means of a bronze tube, half you mix into fine beer Köcher BAM 396 i 28 and 30, cf. miš-la nagma miš-[la ...] Biggs Šaziga 55 iii 19 (Bogh.);  $[mi-i\check{s}-l]a$  ina  $\check{s}amni$  tuballal ...  $[u \ m]i-i\check{s}-la$ ma ina mê [GAZ] NAG ibid. 54:13f. (= Köcher BAM 272); UD.SA<sub>0</sub>. Am šE half of the day is favorable KAR 178 i 32, ii 60, and passim in hemers.; will he be saved ina sararti māti u mi-šil im-šú from the treacherousness of the land and .... IM 67692:298 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

10' in NB — a' in gen.: mi-šil uzu karši mi-šil uzu qerbi BBSt. No. 36 v 12 f.; mì-šilku-nu irubu ana panija u mi-šil-ku-nu ja'nu half of you visited with me and half (did) not ABL 287 r. 9 and 11; mi-šil sūti BRM 1 101:19, *mi-šil dullu* ibid. 27; mi-šil ina tarbaşi u mi-šil ina mūşû BRM 2 36:10, mišil ina ištēn ūmu ibid. 11:12, mi-šil ina tēlīt VAS 15 35:14, mi-šil qašti TuM 2-3 242 r. 3; mi-šil ina bīt qātē VAS 15 48:13, mi-šil zitti ša itti PN u PN<sub>2</sub> BE 9 2:3, cf. mi-šil mala zittišu VAS 15 48:2, also mala mi-šilšu-nu ša itti PN BE 10 16:9, mi-šil ūmu ērib-bītūtu BRM 2 46:9, also mi-šil ūmu ina UD.28.KAM TCL 13 238:3, mi-šil ina isqi mubannûtu BRM 2 24:20, etc.; atypical: (list of urāšu-men) PN mi-šil (beside PN2 šal-šú) TuM 2-3 217:10f.; BAR gimir Nbn. 510:5,

mišlu mišqu

BAR ŠE.NUMUN Nbn. 687:20, BAR NINDA. HI.A ... BAR ina sūti Camb. 150:9 and 10.

b' to express fractions: mi-šil ina 3-ta  $q\bar{a}t\bar{e}$  three eighths BRM 2 11:17, šalaš BAR one sixth BRM 1 53:11; 2 GÍN mi-šil pitqa  $2\frac{5}{8}$  shekels VAS 6 195:14; 3(!)-ta meš-li šissinnu VAS 3 121:10; mi-ši-il agurri tubalû VAB 4 76 iii 25 and 33; 17 mi-šil mašihi  $17\frac{1}{2}$  measures Dar. 7:2, and passim with mašihu, 22mi-šil nisipi Nbn. 798:1, 2 mi-šil ša TÚG.HI.A kitinnê Nbn. 929:2, 8 mi-šil ni ni

11' in math.: mi-ši- $il_5$  šiddim u šalušti  $p\bar{u}tim$  half of the length and a third of the width TMB 65 No. 138:3, cf. [2 n]alpatti mi- $i\dot{s}$ -li-im u 3 nalpatti šalušti talappatma ibid. 11 (OB); ša  $r\bar{e}hi$  A.RA mi-šil DU the balance you multiply by one half ibid. 62 No. 135:3 (Sel.), and passim, also, wr. ŠU.RI.A ibid. 137 No. 245:5 (OB), and passim, see TMB index pp. 231 and 238.

- b) in adverbial use: mi-iš-lum umallû they will pay half Kraus Edikt § 8':29, cf. še'am ... mi-iš-lum iddinušum CT 4 13a:8 (both OB).
- c) (a half-size container): DUG mi-iš-lu KAJ 277:4 (MA), cf. 1 mi-iš-lu KAJ 310:28.
- 2. midpoint (midday, midnight, midyear, mid-šapattu), center, middle (locally) a) midpoint (midday, midnight, midyear, mid-šapattu): TA UD.23.KAM mi-šil ūmu adi UD.30.KAM [...] VAS 6 281:7; ina BAR mušīti in the middle of the night (sleep left him) KUB 4 12 obv.(!) 7 (Gilg.); ištu mu-šu me-še-li since midnight BE 17 47:5, cf. ina MI meš-li K.3006:1, cited Bezold Cat. 2 496; šapattu lu šutamhurāt meš-li (var. mi-šil) [ar-hi]-šam on the 15th day stand in conjunction (with the sun, addressing the moon) halfway through each month En. el. V 18; mi-ši-il massarti (it was) the middle of the (night) watch Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 46 I 70, cf. ultu tašrīt mūši adi BAR EN.NUN from the beginning of the night to the middle of the watch Labat TDP 190:28; the balance of the silver he will pay ina mi-šil šatti in half

a year Dar. 485:8, and passim, also ahu kaspi ina mi-šil šatti inandin VAS 5 32:12, and passim, kaspu ša mi-šil [šattišu] VAS 5 84:13, also BAR šattišu VAS 5 139:7, etc. (all NB house rent contracts); x dates PN ina mi-šil UD.15. KAM EGIR-tú ša MN ețir PN received in the middle of the second šapattu of MN Moldenke 2 No. 8:5; mi-šil UD.15.KAM one week (beside 1-et UD.15.KAM 15 days) 82-7-14,1504:5; in pl.: ina meš-la-te ša MN ABL 302 r. 4, cf. ina meš-la-ti ša MN ABL 1305 r. 4 (both NA).

b) center, middle (locally): [ša šigār]u išbiru mi-šil-šu they broke the bolt in half Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 118ff. ii 23 and 39; šumma igārātu ... ina meš-li-ši-na šiļļļat  $s\bar{i}ri$   $i\dot{s}\dot{a}$  if the walls have in their centers patches where the plaster deteriorates CT 38 cf. if a malformed animal has two bodies, one head BAR kišādišu ana 2 zīz (and) the middle of his neck is divided into two Leichty Izbu VI 44; šumma izbu ME.ZÉšu KI.TA ištu BAR kassa if the malformed animal's lower jaws are split from the middle ibid. VII 47; if a mole is ina BAR-ma in the middle (preceded by right and left side of the chin) CT 28 26:39, cf. ibid. 25:23 [ištu qaqqadi]šu adi meš-li(?)-šú and 28; Labat TDP 28:96; ina imittim mi-ši-il, ubā: nim YOS 10 51 i 42 and dupl. 52 i 37; šumma  $r\bar{e}\check{s}\;ub\bar{a}ni\;\dots adi\;$  bar- $\check{s}\acute{a}\;$  dar- $at\;$  KAR 153 r.(!) 5, cf. ubānu adi BAR-šá Boissier Choix 44:5 and 46:10ff., wr. BAR.BI CT 30 46 K.3943:4; note ina muru<sub>4</sub>-šú Kar (explained by) ina meš-li-šú KAR-ir CT 31 44 r.(!) i 10.

mišmunnu s.; sealed tag; Nuzi\*; Hurr. word.

4 mi-iš-mu-un-nu ana giš.gigir.meš HSS 13 198:13; 50 mi-iš-mu-un-ni HSS 15 144:13.

The word occurs in Ugar. as m'išmn, m'ašmn, see von Soden, Baumgartner AV 294.

mišnimmaru see gišimmaru.

183 RS 16.146+ :7.

mišqu s.; (a cup); RS\*; WSem. word.

1 GAL 1 miš-qú 1 namzītu hurāṣi MRS 6

For the Akk. form see mašqû.

miššam mišuru

miššam (mišam) interr.; whereto?; lex.\*; cf. mīnu interr.

sag = mi-šam, sag.sag = mi-i-šam NBGT III i 22 f.

miššihu see mišhu B.

miššulatam adv.(?); (mng. unkn.); Mari.\*

2 Lú mi-šu-la-tam ... ašpurma ARMT 14
84:4.

miššulu s.(?); (mng. unkn.); syn. list.\*

mi-iš-šu-lum = MIN (equivalent broken) CT 18
1 i 22.

miššum (minšum) interr. pron.; why?; OAkk., OA; cf. mīnu interr.

[e].ne.àm = mi-iš-šum OBGT Ib i 3'. [x.x].àm = mi-in-šum (in both cases preceded by mīnum) ibid. 5.

a) in OAkk.: for the name l-li-me-šum Why-My-God?, etc. see Gelb, MAD 3 164f.; obscure: [m]l-šum [a]-š-tu-ru Gelb OAIC 53:4.

b) in OA: mì-šu-um takkīlī ša mamman tašamme why do you listen to anybody's slander? TCL 19 70:9, [m]i-šu-um tuppi ... ukál (in both texts beside mi-šu ša) CCT 5 mì-šu-um subātīja taknuk ICK 1 153:3; šīm subātī mì-šu-um la tušēbalam TCL 4 5:18, and passim with šūbulu; mì-šum tašta: napparam BIN 494:18, and passim with šapāru; mì-šu-um têrtakunu la illikam TCL 14 39:30. and passim with alāku, etc.; note: mì-šu-umma CCT 4 27a:4 and 46a:23; mì-šu-um uzan= ni la tapattê CCT 2 42:21, mì-šu-um kīam uz= nīka apatte KTS 6:24 (coll. M. T. Larsen), mišu-um PN jāti ukallanni Kienast ATHE 21:8, see also minu mng. la-2'.

mištannu (mišdannu) s.; reward, pay; MB Alalakh\*; foreign word.

Anyone who seizes a fugitive and returns him to his master šumma amēlu ù 500 URUDU mi-iš-ta-an-na-šu inandin u šumma sinništu ù 1000 URUDU mi-iš-ta-an-na-šu inandinu they will pay (him) five hundred (shekels of) copper as reward if it is a man, one thousand (shekels of) copper as reward if it is a woman Wiseman Alalakh 3:19 and 22 (treaty), cf. mi-

iš-ta-an-na [ana] mamman ul inandin ibid. 34, also, wr. mi-iš-ta-an-ni ibid. 28.

For an Indo-Iranian etymology (Av. *mīžda*-, Skt. *mīḍhá*-) see Mayrhofer, Or. NS 34 336f.

mišu A s.; oblivion; SB; cf. mašû A v.

ša šumī šaṭra ... ana šaḥluqte imannû ana mi-ši (var. me-še) inaddû ina eperi ukatztamu whoever assigns my inscription for destruction, consigns it to oblivion, covers it with earth AOB 1 64:39 (Adn. I).

mīšu B s.; night; EA\*; WSem. word.

i-na-ṣa-ru GN āl šarri bēlija UD.KAM u mi-ša / l[e-e]l I watch over GN, the city of the king, my lord, day and night EA 243:13.

mišu C s.; (a cut of meat?); NB.

UZU mi-ši gU[D] (among cuts of meat) YOS 3 194:25.

(Holma, Or. NS 13 234.)

mišuhhe s.; (a colored wool); Nuzi\*; Hurr. word.

x tapālu naḥlaptu ša mi-šu-[uḥ-ḥé] x sets of cloaks of miš(u)-color (beside tuḥši: waḥḥe "dušū-colored," ḥašmanuḥḥe "apple-colored," and tawarriwa "tabarru-red") HSS 13 431:59 (= RA 36 205), also [x] tapālu ḥul-lannu ša mi-šu-uḥ-[ḥé] ibid. 58, x Túg.MEŠ ša mi-šu-uḥ-ḥé te-gi-be ibid. 57.

mišuru (or \*mišaru) s.; (mng. uncert.); OA.\*

šarruqū ana bīti DN ērubuma šamšam ša kù.GI ša irti DN u patram ša DN [išr]iqu u mì-šu-ru-um qallupu u samruātum u katappū tablu thieves entered the temple of Aššur and stole the gold sun disk on the chest of Aššur and the sword of Aššur, and (the gold of?) the m. has been peeled off, and the nails and the katappu-vessels have been taken away Bab. 6 191 No. 7:12.

An object or the decoration of an object in the temple.

mišūtu mitgurtu

mišūtu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

gú.tar = mi-šu-ti kur, hur-su, kapāru Izi F 126ff.

mitahşūtu see mithuşūtu.

mītānû adj.; deceased, dead; NB\*; cf. mâtu.

PN ah abija mi-ta-nu-ú PN, the deceased brother of my father TuM 2-3 144:3 and 11.

\*\*mitatu (AHw. 661b) see migittu.

miteku s.; (a weapon); syn. list.\*

ul-mu,  $\S u$ -ri-in-nu, mi-te-ku = kak-ku Malku III 28ff.

The entry, attested in one source only, is possibly an error.

mitgaru (fem. mitgartu) adj.; favorable; SB; cf. magāru.

[ina arhi še]mê mit-ga-ri Lyon Sar. 15:50, Winckler Sar. pl. 36 No. 67:167, also Lie Sar. p. 78:7; ina arhi šemê ūmu mit-ga-ri OIP 2 129 vi 52 and 96:76 (Senn.); ina ITI ŠE.GA ūme mit-ga-ri Borger Esarh. 61 vi 2; ina Addari ITI mit-ga-ri UD.8.KAM ibid. 45 i 87.

The contexts show that *mitgaru* is a synonym of *magru*. References wr. še.ga are listed sub *magru*.

mitgurtu s.; agreement, consent, concord, (negated) disagreement, discord; OB, SB; wr. syll. and (NU) šE.(šE.)GA; cf. magāru.

[... nu.g]in.na.bi nam.mu.ra.an.ge.en. ge.en ki.min : šarru ša tukillaššu tābta la-a mi-it-gúr-ta-šu ukinna[...] the king to whom you have offered friendship caused discord KAR 128:22.

ku-kit-tum = la mit-gur-tú, la mitluku, la šattu Izbu Comm. 233ff.; ku-kit-ti = la mit-gur-ti CT 41 27 r. 26 (Alu Comm., to Tablet XXX); [...] šániš mit-gur-tú bala tuk-ši // mit-gur-tú ezen×x tuk-ši CT 41 32:11 (Alu Comm., to Tablet XLVI(!)).

a) in legal contexts: ina mi-it-gur-ti-šu-nu izūzu they divided (the estate) in full agreement TCL 11 218:19, cf. ibid. 193B 10, 200:22, 243:10, Boyer Contribution 112:6, Jean Tell Sifr 35:24, 40:13, 44:46, 56:18, 68:24, YOS

12 360:8, 536:26, BE 6/2 49:30, TCL 1 170:9, CT 2 43:21, CT 45 53:16, 60:10, JCS 5 78:14, 80:31, Szlechter Tablettes 56 MAH 16.194:5, 131 MAH 15.948:9, Szlechter TJA p. 55:12, etc., also ina mi-it-gu-ur-tim BE 6/1 103:34, YOS 13 ina mi-it-gur-tim-ma ša PN BE 6/2 198:7, 49:34; note (in Nippur) wr. še.ga.ne.ne.ta BE 6/2 10:22, PBS 8/2 116:21, OECT 8 11:8, etc.; ina tūbātišu ù mi-it-gu-ur-ti-šu CT 4 11a:15; ina mi-it-gu-ur-ti-šu-nu imtagruma CT 8 6a:15; 5 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ša mi-it-gu-[urti-šu-nu] É dutu i-na qá-ti PN le-qu-ú YOS 12 307:9 (all OB); ina mi-it-gur-ti-šu with his consent BBSt. No. 3 iii 16 (MB); ina mit-gurti- $\delta\acute{u}$ -nu Dar. 379:2, ina mi-it-gur-ti- $\delta\acute{u}$ -nuVAS 5 38:22 (both NB).

- b) in omen texts: ajumma ana mi-it-guur-t[im] išapparakkum somebody will send you a message (asking) for an agreement RA 27 149:8 (OB ext.); la mi-it-gu-ur-tum KBo 9 61 r. 4; la mit-gur-ta ina discord māti ibašši there will be discord in the country KAR 428 r. 17 (SB ext.), also CT 39 22:6, CT 41 11:11, cf. la mit-gur-tum CT 38 15:32, CT 40 3:61, [ina] É.BI la mit-gur-tum GÁL ibid. 11 ii 94, la ŠE.GA GAR- $\delta\acute{u}$  ibid. 36:35, also CT 39 46:65 (all SB Alu); la mit-gur-ti ina bīt amēli Kraus Texte 6 r. 26; ummān nakri ina la še.ga-šú imaggut the enemy's army will fall because of discord CT 30 44 83-1-18, 415:4, cf. \(\langle umm\bar{a}n? \rangle nakri ina la mi-it-gu-urti-šá [...] KAR 454:29 (SB ext.); the countries will weaken ina NU mit-gur-ti Labat Calendrier § 72:11; ana šarri bartu ana muškēni la mit-gur-tum for the king: rebellion, for a subject: disagreement CT 20 3 K.3671+ :22 (SB ext.); NU.ŠE.ŠE.GA-tu KI.MIN la mit-gurtum ina māti ibašši Leichty Izbu VI 29, cf. NU.ŠE.ŠE.GA ina KUR GÁL ibid. III 74, Wr. NU mit-gur-tu ibid. 67, and passim in Izbu; obscure: me-e la mit-gur-ti i[na ...] Adad 9:12, cf. A.KAL mit-gur-ti [...] (possibly for *mithurtu*, see *mithurtu* mng. 1b) ibid. 14.
- c) other occs.: mit-gur-tu salīmu concord (and) reconciliation LKA 31:14, see AfO 13 210.

Koschaker, ZA 48 216ff.

mitguru mithāriš

mitguru adj.; in concord; Bogh., SB; cf. magāru.

Ištar muštamhisat ahhē mit-gu-ru-ti (Bogh. var. me-it-ku-ru-ti) who induces brothers who live in concord to fight with each other STC 2 pl. 75:9, see JCS 21 258.

mithāriš adv.; 1. each one (of two or more persons, objects, etc., enumerated) to the same extent or degree, 2. everywhere, collectively, unanimously, at every occasion, all over, in a group; OB, SB; wr. syll. and UR.BI(.TA); cf. mahāru.

di-e-li aš = mi-it-ha-ri-iš MSL 2 130 v 2 (Proto-Ea), see MSL 3 218; dili.dili = mi-it-ha-ri-is] Izi E 224; [ú-ru] [HAR] = mit-ha-ris (beside istēnis line 162) A V/2:164; HARUT. bi, [UR]t-e-s. bi = mi-it-ha-ri-is (beside istēnis ii 1f.) Ai. VI i 62f.

téš.a.sè.ga.bi in.ba.e.ne : mi-it-ḥa-ri-iš izuzzu Ai. VI i 28, also i 32, III ii 38 and 40, IV ii 1; [gi]š.tukul.e gú.erím.šè téš.bi ì.kú.e : kakku ana kur a-a-bi mit-ha-riš i-tak-ka-lu the weapon devours the enemy country indiscriminately Lugale II 36; ur.bi mu.ni in.sa<sub>4</sub>.eš (var. ib. sa<sub>4</sub>.eš) ú nam.lugal.la.bi.šè : mit-ḥa-riš šùmšu im-bu-u šam-mu ana šar-ru-ti-šú-nu unanimously the plants named him as their king ibid. I 35; ki.bal.a un téš.ba ri.a.gá mu.mu hé.mi. i[b].s[a4] (later recension: ki.bal kalam.ma. ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) téš.a.ra.ke<sub>x</sub> (var. téš.a.sè.ga) mu. mu hu.mu.ni.ib.sa<sub>4</sub>.a) : i-na kur nu-kúr-te KUR (var. ma-a-ti) mit-ha-riš šu-mi lu ta-am-bi pronounce my name every time (Sum. among all ibid. XI 28; people) in the foreign country ur.sag.e mu.un.galam téš.bi ì.[sì.g]e (later recension: [ur.s]ag mu.un.ga[lam(!)] téš.a [...]) : qar-ra-du ik-[ki-il-ma URU mi]t-ha $ri[\delta \ldots]$  the hero cleverly [...] the entire city ibid. VIII 24; en.me.en gug ur.a.sè.ga.zu : bēlu ša sungu mit-ha-riš taškunu BA 5 633 No. 6:26f.

[...].é.a.kex ur.bi im.ma.an.da.an.ur<sub>4</sub>. re.eš: siḥir rabi ša bīti mit-ḥa-riš itarru[ru] young and old of the house, all tremble CT 16 39:8f., dupl. STT 159:10f.; [dA].nun.na.kex.e.ne ur.bi ba.an.dù: dingir.meš Anunnaki mit-ḥa-riš īpuš he created all the Anunnaki CT 13 35:15; še.gal.gal.la še.tur.tur ... téš.bi [x].en ib.dub.dub: še rabā še siḥra ... mit-ḥa-riš ušappika STT 197:30ff., cf. téš.bi u.me.ni.dub.dub: mit-ḥa-riš usarriqka ibid. 49ff.; bu.ur.gi.ra da.a.bi níg.nam.bi ... u.mi.ni.íb.šár(!).šár(!): urqē[ti] kirāti kalašu mi-it-ḥa-riš ... ú-daš-ši «šeš» ibid. 36ff., see J. Cooper, ZA 62 73.

i-ri-a mit-[ha-riš] i-ri-a m[al-ma-li<math>š ina li]šanišum[<math>šu qabi] RA 68 63 K.2092 iii 10, for parallels see era.

1. each one (of two or more persons, objects, etc., enumerated) to the same extent or degree — a) in leg. contexts: ina makkūr they (the bīt abim mi-it-ha-ri-iš izuzzu brothers) take equal shares of the possessions of the paternal estate CH § 165:49, for other refs. from CH see zázu mng. 2d-2'; mi-it-ha-ri-iš izuzzu (owner and tenant farmer) will take equal shares BIN 7 194:12, cf. (referring to the rent of fields, gardens) BA 5 505f. No. 36 r. 5, 39 r. 5, Jean Tell Sifr 24:5, VAS 7 95:27, 99:19, CT 45 59:20, Szlechter TJA 75:19, also BE 6/1 28:23, 62:24, 83:24, Waterman Bus. Doc. 68:8, VAS 8 57:18, etc., in Sum. formulation: téš.a.sè.ga.bi ì.ba.e.ne YOS 12 185:38, also BE 6/2 24:10, etc.; [mi-it $h = -ii \cdot (ni) - zu - uz$  TLB 4 21:19; for other refs. with zâzu see zâzu mng. 2d-2'; note the exceptional formulation eqlam ... midistribute the land it-ha-ri-iš zūssunūšim among them in equal shares TCL 7 12:14 (both letters), cf. ana 3 šeš.A.NI mi-it-ha-r[i $i\check{s}$   $z\bar{u}z$  TMB 98 No. 194:4, also ibid. 99 Nos. 196:4, 197:4, 199:1, MDP 34 125 i 13; give the balance of your field ana 2 šu-ši erín.meš mi-it-ha-ri-iš in equal shares to 120 men TMB 98 No. 195:7; PN u PN<sub>2</sub> mi-it-ha-ri-iš ahu kīma ahi tamkārī ippalu PN and PN2 each will satisfy the merchants, one as the other Grant Smith College 253:19 (= Gordon Smith College 43); ilik É.A.BA mi-it-ha-ri-iš illaku CT 8 3a:20, cf. dikûtam PN u PN2 miit-ha-ri-iš illaku VAS 8 45:3; the cattle which are with you and the cattle of PN mi-it-ha-ri-iš šammī u tibna līkulu should feed on both fresh fodder and straw 11:18 (let.); atap ibaššû ana zittim ul šakin mi-it-ha-ri-iš išattû the existing canal is not to be divided, each of them (the tenants) takes water to the same extent Jean Tell Sifr 68:24; gušūrīšunu mi-it-ha-ri-iš ummadu each of them (the neighbors) places his beams (on the common wall) CT 4 22b:6, cf. BE 6/1 44:6; nīš šarrim mit-ha-ri-iš itmû each of them took the oath by the king BE 6/2 30:25, cf. mu.lugal.la ur.bi «in.» in.pàd.dè.eš BE 6/2 8:19, PBS 8/2 129:26 (all OB); ur.bi in.pàd.da.e.meš BE 14 1:20, cf. ur.bi in.pàd.dè.eš ibid. 7:30

mithāriš mithāriš

(MB); [aḥhēja mi]-it-ḥa-ri-iš izuzzumi VAS 1 110:10, cf. HSS 5 74:15, HSS 19 18:15, 44:14 and note a-na mi-it-ḥa-ri-iš izuzzu AASOR 16 88:14 and HSS 19 19:34; for other Nuzi refs. see zâzu mng. 2d-6'; negated: šulmāni ... mi-it-ḥa-ri-iš la tuš[ēbila] you did not send me any of the gifts (your husband promised) EA 26:36, cf. unūta ša abuka ana šūbuli iqbū mi-it-ḥa-ri-iš aḥija la ušēbilamma my brother has not sent me (the rest of) the objects which your father has promised to send EA 27:42 (both letters of Tušratta).

**b)** in lit. and hist.: lu mārū lu mārātu lu [...] mit-ha-riš BE.MEŠ if all (his) sons, daughters and [...] die AMT 71,1:3, wr. mit-ha-riš imdanuttu Köcher BAM 234:4; Sip= par Nippur u Bābilu UR.BI.TA either Sippar or Nippur or Babylon Lambert BWL 112:23 (Fürstenspiegel); ištarāti nišīma utnennaši mit-ha-riš šapalša kamsa goddesses as well as people pray to her, are bowed down before her AfK 1 25 iii 22, cf. kibrātu mit-hariš našášu hisba each of the (four) regions brings her (its) wealth ibid. 16; engu mudû mit-ha-riš limtalku may the wise and the learned discuss (the text) together En. el. VII 146, cf. ilāni rabūti ur.bi galga.meš-ma the great gods will take counsel with each other JCS 18 17:19; iṣṣabtuma mit-ḥa-riš [qātēšunu] Gilg. II iv 12; ina Upšukkinakki mit-ha-riš (var. mit-ha-ri-iš) hadīš tašbama take your seat, each of you, in the Assembly Hall, in a happy mood En. el. II 126, III 61, 119; Bīt-Jakin eliš u šapliš adi GN GN, GN, GN<sub>4</sub> GN<sub>5</sub> ša mișir Elamti mit-ha-riš abēlma I became ruler over all of Bit-Jakin, upper and lower, inclusive of the towns GN GN2 GN<sub>3</sub> GN<sub>4</sub> and GN<sub>5</sub> which are at the border of Elam Winckler Sar. pl. 35 No. 74:138, and passim in such enumerations with bêlu in Sar., cf. (ša) gimir māt Kaldi GN GN<sub>2</sub> ... adi pāt Telmun mit-ḥa-riš ibēluma ibid. pl. 37 No. II 16, pl. 39 No. IV 87; on my return Lú GN LÚ GN<sub>2</sub> (15 more gentilic names follow) LÚ Aramū la kanšūti mit-ha-riš akšud I conquered the regions of the people of GN, GN, (etc.), all of them unsubmissive Arameans OIP 2 25 i 50, and passim in such enumerations

in Senn.; the horse-drawn chariots muššuzrama ramanuššin ittanallaka mit-ha-riš utirra abandoned, were going about by themselves, crashing(?) into each other ibid. 47 vi 22; mit-ha-riš ittanakkira idātiša all its (the sign's) ominous happenings without exception took a turn for the worse Borger Esarh. 14 Ep. 6:13.

c) in omen texts: DIŠ SI.MEŠ-ŠÚ UR.BI namra if each of its (the moon's) horns is shining Thompson Rep. 39:4, cf. UR.BI namra (beside UR.BI MI.MEŠ) ACh Supp. 2 Sin 6:3f., cf. 7 ù.TU-ma UR.BI namru CT 28 39 K.6286:23 (SB Alu); if the smoke šār erbettišu mi-it-ha-ri-iš ill[ak] goes in all four directions to the same degree UCP 9 374:13 (OB smoke omens); if I make seven flour (piles) mi-it $ha-ri-is \langle la \rangle salmu$  and none of them is intact Or. NS 32 383:27 and 31 (OB flour omens); šumma padānu 2-ma UR.BI eṣru if the path is double and both are parallel (contrast itlupu crossed line 13) CT 20 10:14, also 4-ma ur.bi eşru (contrast iria šaknu r. 6) ibid. 13 r. 7, cf. also (five and six paths) ibid. 10 and 15f., and dupls., 3-ma UR.BI esru KAR 451:7; šitta usurāti UR.BI esrama BRM 4 12:31, 33, 35f., etc.; šumma nasraptu 15 u 150 ana elēnu UR.BI kapsat if the nasraptu is pressed upward to the same extent at right and left KAR 423 ii 17, also CT 20 31:1, 4, 5, 7, 9 and 33:93 (all SB ext.); if a man  $q\bar{a}t\bar{a}\check{s}u\ mit-\dot{h}a-ri\check{s}\ min\ (=igluta)\ CT\ 39\ 40\ r.\ 40;$ šumma surdû işşūr hurri erû UR.BI ...[...] if a falcon, a partridge, and an eagle [...] together CT 39 23:3 (SB Alu); šumma UR.BI immir if (the eclipse) clears up on all sides Thompson Rep. 271 r. 1; note in apodoses: ummānī u ummān nakri ur.bi šub.[meš] both my army and the army of the enemy will fall Boissier DA 227:38 (SB ext.), CT 31 17 r.(!) 18, also CT 39 28:11 and 30:37 (SB Alu), rubû u qarrādūtišu UR.BI imaqqutu Boissier DA 96:15, tappû UR.BI [ . . . ] CT 28 45:8; hu: šahhu nišī u būli UR.BI ibašši there will be a famine (affecting) both men and cattle TCL 6 1:54; zunnū ina šamê mīlu ina nagbē UR.BI illa: kuni (see mīlu mng. 1c) CT 20 50:11, cf. (in broken context) [dim ...] kalbē šahê būl

mithāriš mithāriš

[sēri ...] amīlūtu UR.BI irahhis CT 30 24 Rm. 2,106 obv.(!) 14 (all SB ext.); [dBIL.G]I u dNers gal māta UR.BI ikkalu both fire and pestilence will ravage the country Leichty Izbu VIII 90.

2. everywhere, collectively, unanimously, at every occasion, all over, in a group—a) in OB letters: eqlum mi-it-ha-ri-iš x-ra-an-ni-ma [ma]jārī amahhas if the entire field is ..., I will cross-plow (it) Fish Letters 7:9 (OB); ina tarādika m[i-i]t-ha-ri-iš la [ta]ṭarradaššunūti when you send (them) do not send them here in a group LIH 41:16; mi-it-ha-ri-iš alākam adi maḥrija ila'a (if the cattle) are able to travel to me in a group VAS 7 201:27, cf. mi-it-ha-ri-iš-ma lissuhanim ibid. 31.

b) in lit. and hist.: mātu UR.BI ibbalak: kassuma the country will collectively rebel against him CT 13 50:14, see JCS 18 16; nat: lātama nišī mit-ha-riš apātu if you look at people, on the multitudes as a whole Lambert BWL 70:18; lipit qāt Aruru mit-ha-riš napiš: ti the creation of Aruru, everything (endowed with) life ibid. 86:258 (Theodicy); šūt napišti šakna mit-ha-riš tere'e you (Šamaš) shepherd all those endowed with breath ibid. 126:25; Esagila mit-ha-riš ... lu ulli= luma 5R 33 v 15 and (in broken context) 18 (Agum-kakrime);  $[ibr]\bar{i}ma \ mit-ha-ri\check{s} \ m[\bar{a}t\bar{a}ti]$ (Bēlet-māti) ša kippat šamê Gilg. I i 3; [erseti] mit-ha-ri-iš tahitta who surveys the entirety of both heaven and earth AKA 206 i 2 (Asn.); ummat mātāti mit-ha-riš ibēl he ruled over every one of the totality of countries King Chron. 25:8; på ištēn mi-it-hari-iš iššaknu each of them (the countries which had rebelled) was made to comply Weidner Tn. 3 No. 1 iii 36; kullat mātišu mitha-riš išnunušuma his entire land, in one body, opposed (and despised) him Winckler Sar. pl. 45 F 19; bowmen, wagons, horses (and) mules emūq la nībi ukappitu mit-hariš they concentrated in one body, a countless host OIP 2 75:85; kīma tibût aribi ma'di ... mit-ha-riš ... tebûni ṣērūa they attacked me in one mass like an invasion of many locusts ibid. 43 v 57 (Senn.); ālka Aššur mi-it-ha-ri-iš lamāšuma the

countries surround your city, O Aššur, everywhere (Sum. incomplete) KAR 128:17; ina māti mit-ha-riš iṣṣanundu they whirl around everywhere in the country CT 17 36 K.9272:12, also mit-ha-riš iddallahu (Sum. incomplete) ibid. 13; mit-ha-riš umalli Köcher BAM 234:26.

c) in omen texts: ina kakkim ummānum mi-it-ha-ri-iš imaqqut in war the army will fall in its totality YOS 10 47:88, also (with imât) ibid. 48:25; šumma awīlum panūšu ... mi-it-ha-ri-iš mali if a man, (on) his face, (chest, belly, hands and feet), is all full (of black moles) AfO 18 66 iii 9 (OB physiogn.), also hālī mi panīšu [... qātāšu] u šēpāšu mi-itha-ri-iš [mali] YOS 10 55:1; ina libbi [šattim ša]mûm mi-it-ha-ri-iš [izann]un in the middle of the year it will rain all the time CT 44 37:11 (OB ext.); mātu UR.BI ihalliq the country will go completely to ruin KAR 152:20, also CT 39 22:15; mātu UR.BI inanziq the country in its totality will have worries CT 39 33:45; kihullu UR.BI [GÁL-ši] there will be mourning everywhere KAR 422:8; hušahhu UR.BI ina māti ibašši there will be hunger everywhere in the country CT 20 32:58; KUR.BI UR.BI SU.KÚ IGI-ma that country in its totality will experience want Leichty Izbu XII 22; tēšû UR.BI eli amēli imaqqut confusion will befall the man in every respect TCL 6 2:13; KUR UR.BI AL.BIR.EŠ the entire country will be scattered CT 39 32:24, cf. nukurtu UR.BI GAR-an LBAT 1521:8, cf. ibid. 7; GIŠ. TUKUL UR.BI GAR.MEŠ there will be war everywhere CT 39 21:158; in broken context: Igigi ilāni ur.bi ikarrabu ana šarri CT 20 49:39; in protases: kaskasu UR.BI nap[ar]qud the soft part of the breastbone is completely turned over BE 144:9 (MB ext. report), cf. CT 31 36:8 and KAR 423 i 19 (SB ext.), cf. also kaskasu UR.BI kapis ibid. 18, and passim, also šumma nasraptu ana elēnu UR.BI ikpisma CT 20 36 iii 25, also ana elēnu UR.BI kapsat ibid. 31:11; šumma lišān immeri UR.BI na-sik if the tongue of the (slaughtered) sheep hangs out completely CT 31 36:6 and CT 20 46 ii 59; *šumma ikkillu ina bītāti* UR.BI DUG<sub>4</sub>.DUG<sub>4</sub>-si if lamentations are recited in

mitharta mithāru

all houses CT 38 5:138; if a ewe gives birth to a lion UR.BI lipâ kussa and he is completely surrounded by tallow Leichty Izbu V 64; šumma šerru mit-ha-riš em-ma if a small child is feverish all over Labat TDP 220:31, cf. ibid. 38:59.

mitharta adv.; totally; OB, SB; cf. mahāru.

If the flour ana ṣī šamši mi-it-ḥa-ar-ta zíz īkulma "eats" the emmer totally toward the east Or. NS 32 383:16 (OB omens); bēl kiššat nišē ka-su-ú mit-har-ta Tn.-Epic "v" 6.

mithartu s.; 1. square (as a geometric term), side of a square, 2. totality, mankind; OB, SB; wr. syll. and (in math.) ib.sá and LAGAB; cf. maḥāru.

- 1. square (as a geometric term), side of a square a) square: šà.BA mi-it-ha-ar-tim kippatam addi I inscribed a circle within the square RA 54 137 D 2, and passim in this text describing geometric problems; A.Šà šitta mi-it-ha-ra-ti-ia akmurma I added the surface of two of my squares TMB 4ff. No. 9:1, also 10:1, 11:1, etc., šalaš mi-it-ha-ra-ti-ia 17:1, etc., also Sumer 7 147:13ff.; 1 Uš mi-it-ha-ar-tum TMB 54 No. 106:1, 107:1, etc., also, wr. 1 Uš íB.Sá ibid. 105:1 and see TMB index p. 222.
- b) side of a square: A.šà u mi-it-har-ti akmurma I added the surface and (one) side of my square TMB 1 No. 1:1, cf. mi-it-har-ti libbi A.Šà assuhma I deducted one side (of my square) from the surface ibid. 2:1, etc., see TMB index p. 222; mi-it-ha-ar-ta-ka šutā: kilma square the side of your square Sumer 10 56 IM 54472:10, ef. *mi-it-ha-ar-ta-ka* Sumer 7 30 IM 54478 r. 5;  $4\frac{1}{2}$  GAR.TA.ÀM mi-it-ha[ar-tum] the side of the square is 41 GAR MCT p. 55 Ear. 4; 30 LAGAB 2 UŠ-ia mīnu the side of the square is thirty, how much is half (wr. 2) my length? MDP 34 35 i 1, and passim in this text, see Bruins, MDP 34 p. 35ff.; obscure:  $\delta i$ -ma-at mi-it-ha-r[a-ti]m  $ep\bar{e}[\delta a]m$ Sumer 7 150:42.
- 2. totality, mankind: ominous signs ša halāq mit-har-ti concerning the ruin of

mankind Borger Esarh. 14 Ep. 6:11; all human beings are happy because of you, Šamaš ana nūrika summurat mit-har-tum(var. -ti) for your light strives mankind Lambert BWL 128:52, cf. ana nūrikunu (referring to the stars) summurat mit-har-tú STT 73:112, see Reiner, JNES 19 35.

In mng. 2, both readings mithartu and mithurtu are possible, and it may be that some of the refs. cited sub mithurtu also should be read mithartu, see mithurtu discussion section.

For IB.SI<sub>8</sub> (square or cube) root, see basû.

mithāru adj.; 1. of equal size, amount, or degree, square, equal amount (as fine for a debt past due), 2. equivocal, indecisive; from OAkk., OB on; wr. syll. and UR.BI, UR.A (in math. LAGAB); cf. maḥāru.

ur ḤAR = mit-ḥa-ru Sa Voc. A 8'a; [ú-ru] [ḤAR] = [m]it-ḥa-rum A V/2:163, ur.bi = mit-ḥa-ru Igituh I 144; ri = mit-ḥa-rum (in group with mādu and gamartu) Erimhuš V 202, cf. na = mit-ḥa-rum (in same context) ibid. 199.

gi.pisan.téš.a.sè.sè.ga = mit-ha-ru (var. mit-har-tum) square (basket) Hh. IX 63, also (a masabbu basket) ibid. 121; gi.pisan.téš.a.sè.sè.ga = mit-ha-ru = nu-us-hu šá NINDA.HI.A Hg. II 51, in MSL 7 70; u4.25.kam = ar-hu mit-har Hh. I 191, cf. u4.61.25 = mi-it-[ha-rum] Kagal G 237; [...] = mi-it-ha-ru Lanu A 13.

of equal size, amount, or degree, square, equal amount (as fine for a debt past due) — a) of equal size, amount, or degree — 1' in gen. — a' in omen texts: GIŠ.TUKUL 3 [mi-it-h]a-ru-tum šaknu there are three "weapon-marks" of equal size YOS 10 44:62, cf. (the ribs) ina qablišina tisbutama muhhašina mi-it-ha-ar are connected in their middle, their top is of the same size ibid. 47:90, cf. (negated) ibid. 89 and 91 (OB ext.); šumma 2 SILIM mi-it-ha-ru-tim iddiamma if (the oil) forms two bubbles of the same size (one turning to the right, one to the left) CT 3 3:35, cf. ibid. 37, also šulmī šina iddīma mi-it-ha-ru CT 5 5:41, šumma 2 silim iddiamma la mi-it-ha-ru CT 3 3:34, also ibid. 38; 2 SILIM.MA mi-it-ha-ri-in uštē[siam] YOS 10 62:30 and 32, ina libbi šamnim 3 SILIM-ma mi-[it-ha-ru] ibid. 34 (all

mithāru mithāru

OB oil omens); šumma amūtu IGI.MEŠ-šá u EGIR-su UR.BI.MEŠ-ma if the front and rear parts of the liver are equal in size TCL 61:22 šumma DU<sub>8</sub> 150 3-ma mit-ha-ru if the left crack has three (parts) and (all are) of the same size CT 20 43 i 37, cf. CT 30 28 K.8032:9 (SB ext.); if inside its two ears 3.TA. ÀM GEŠTU.MEŠ ritkubama mit-har three ears each are sitting and they are of equal size (facing toward the animal's neck) Leichty Izbu XI 141; AN.TA u KI.TA mit-har-ma the upper and the lower (lips) are of the same shape (or size) Kraus Texte 47:26', muhhašu mi-it-ha-ar ibid. 2a:18, also šārat pūtišu kuššātma mit-ha-ru the hair of his temples is thick and of even length ibid. 3b iii 33; DIŠ SAL KA-ša mit-har if a woman's nose is symmetrical ibid. 13:30 and 14:12'; (šumma kanzūza) mit-har Or. NS 16 187:9', cf. (in broken context) Bab. 7 pl. 18 r. i 24 (all SB physiogn.); DIŠ Sin qarnātišu [kilattān] mitha-ra if the two horns of the moon are of the same length Thompson Rep. 26:6, also 44:7, cf. ACh Supp. 7:15, ACh Supp. 2 6:5 and (negated) 6, 11 ii 10 and (negated) 11; DIŠ MUL SAG. ME.GAR u bibbu kakkabānišunu mit-ha-ru if the stars, Jupiter and (another) planet, are equally (bright) Thompson Rep. 195:9.

in med.: ummaša mi-it-ha-ar šēpāša kasa her temperature is the same (everywhere), but her feet are cold BE 17 32:11 (MB let.), cf. if his right and left temples hurt him and ummašu mit-har his temperature is the same Labat TDP 36:33, cf. ibid. 106:37, 118 ii 13; šumma šerru ummašu mithar-ma tukulti qinnatišu u uznāšu kaṣâ if the temperature of the small child is the same (all over) but the .... of its buttocks and its ears are cold ibid. 224:57, cf. also ibid. 122 iii 14, 190:27, 244 D 10, (negated) ibid. 36:34, 106:38, 122 iii 5; note: IZI-šú mit-har STT 403:55 (Comm. to Labat TDP Tablet III).

c' in leg. and adm. contexts: PN u PN<sub>2</sub> ina ilkim mi-it-ha-ru PN and PN<sub>2</sub> have the same obligations with respect to the ilkuduty JCS 5 83 MAH 15884:5; bilassunu lu mi-it-ha-ra-at-ma their (the tenants') rent should be in the same amount (for each)

TCL 7 23:25, cf. x ma.na kù.babbar  $[\check{s}i-ip]$ ka-at PN [x] MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR [š]i-ip-ka-at PN, ši-ip-ka-tim mi-it-ha-ru UET 5 432:7 (all OB); PN ištu ahhēšu sahharūti ga-ta mi-it-ha-ar PN has (claim to) the same share as his younger brothers KAJ 1:24 (MA); hadīma tūrta a-na mi-it-ha-ar utâr if he (the father of the girl given to somebody else) wishes, he may return in full (what has been given to him) KAV 1 vi 35 (Ass. Code § 43); šumma la iddan a-na mit-har GAL-bi-u if he does not repay (the loan) it increases by the same amount ADD 31:6, also 119 edge 2, 121 r. 2, 127:6, 128 r. 3, 151 r. 2, AJSL 42 264 No. 1246:10; [šumma] NU idduni ina mithar iddan if he does not return (the loan), he will pay (the barley) in the same amount (plus the original capital) Tell Halaf 105:9, cf. [ŠE.BAR ana mit]-har GA[L-bi] ibid. 102:9; ana mit-har [GAL] Iraq 16 54 ND 2080:8, cf. p. 33 ND 2081.

d' other occs.: šiddam u pūtam akmurma itti eqlim mi-it-ha-ar I added the length and the width, it equals the surface TMB 68 No. 140:4, cf. *mi-it-ha-ru-ú* they are equal TMB 46 No. 91:11; šumma A.ŠA UŠ la mi-itha-ru-ti Sumer 6 135:1; six subdivisions (lit. brothers) GAL u UŠ LAGAB 3 u [4 LAGAB] 5 u 6 LAGAB the eldest and the next, the third and the fourth, the fifth and the sixth are respectively equal TMB 74 No. 150:2f.; šumma awati ša mār šipri ana ama[t]i ša tuppi mi-it-ha-ar if the message of the messenger corresponds exactly to the wording of the tablet KBo 1 5 iv 35 and (in parallel context) ul mi-it-ha-ar ibid. 37 (treaty); mitha-ra mušâtum ša DN kališina ina gātēšu šaknu (the watches of) the night are equal, they all belong to Lugalgirra, they are in his hand AfO 14 144:54; obscure: ud.25. kam = arhu mit-har (or mithur) Hh. I 191 and Kagal G 21, in lex. section; note as personal name: Mi-it-har iš Nikolski 2 464 r. 7, Boson Tavolette 326:2 (both Ur III).

2' negated: [x] U<sub>4</sub>.HI.IN [ZA].GÌN la mi-itha-ru-tum [x] date(-shaped ornaments) of lapis lazuli of different dimensions PBS 2/2 105:13, cf. ibid. 58; udê kaspi la mit-ha-ru-ti mithāru mithurtu

silver utensils of varying sizes TCL 3 381 (Sar.); šumāte NU UR.A.ME TA UGU GIŠ.DA ... ZI.ME-ni individual lines in unequal (groups) excerpted from the wooden tablet of (the series) Iraq 26 15:23, cf. [...] kî pi lē'ī NU UR.A.MEŠ Hunger Kolophone No. 307:1, ṣâtu NU UR.A LBAT 1577 r. ii 4; seals la mit-ḥar ArOr 33 22:7, 11, and r. 2 (NB).

- b) square: see (describing the shape of a basket) Hh. IX 63, etc., in lex. section; ina A.ŠÀ den.Líl mi-it-ha-ri-im in the square field of Enlil JNES 14 15:10 (OB inc. from Ishchali); referring to a house or room: the house é.GAL papāhum u é mi-it-ha-ru-um the main room, the chapel, and the square room MDP 24 330:11, cf. é.dù.A mi-it-h[a-ru] u é pi-ir-[...] ibid. 382<sup>his</sup>:3 (translit. only); mi-it-ha-ra PN uṣallal PN will roof the square room ibid. 391:11.
- c) equal amount (as fine for a debt past due): 25 shekels of silver mi-it-ha-ru-um eli PN DN IN.TUK fine (for a vow not fulfilled), PN owes (it) to Šamaš Boyer Contribution No. 147:2; 1 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR mi-it-ha-ar-šu inaddinakkum he will give you one shekel of silver as the fine for it CT 6 34b:16, cf. 2 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR anāku mi-it-ha-ar-šu anad: dinakkum ibid. 22; šumma la ublakkuššu miit-ha-ra-am ašaggal if I do not bring it to you, I will pay the same amount (as fine) ibid. 29; he will pay 15 shekels on the first of the month MN ušētiqma mi-it-ha-ra-am ì. LÁ.E if he allows the term to pass he pays an equal amount (as fine) ARM 8 103:8; if he breaks the agreement kaspam mi-it-ha-ra-am umalla he pays as fine the same amount of silver (as the purchase price) Wiseman Alalakh 63:9 (OB), cf. kaspa ana mi-it-ha-ri-šu Wiseman Alalakh 75:10 (= JCS 8 7); [...].MEŠ annâte KÙ.BABBAR u mi-it-har-šu [...] AfO 12 51 Text K 9 (Ass. Laws), cf. [x] UDU.MEŠ ù mì-it-har-šu ina GN iddan KAJ 91:22.
- 2. equivocal, indecisive: UZU mit-har ša iqbû damqātiša u lemnētiša šutābulu the omen feature is equivocal (because) of what they say: its good and its evil (predictions)

correspond to each other CT 31 38 ii 23 (SB ext.), cf. kakkum mi-it-ha-ar the sign is indecisive YOS 10 31 iii 44 (OB ext.); kakkū miit-ha-ru-tum UCP 9 374:14 (OB smoke omens); naphar 6 ūmāte tābāte ša MN zakuāte mit-hara-te ša il-lu UD.HÉ.GÁL ina libbi laššūni all, six favorable days of the month Nisannu, clear ones (and) equivocal ones among which no .... evil day (UD.HÉ.GÁL euphemistically for UD.HUL.GÁL) is included Boissier DA 102 r. i and ii 18 and r. iii 19 (subscripts), see Sumer 17 43 and 50 f., cf. UD-mu mit-ha-ru-tum SIG<sub>5</sub>.MEŠ the equivocal(?) days are favorable JNES 33 also mit- $\lceil ha(?) \rceil$ (copy - $\lceil hu \rceil$ )-ra-tumŠE KAR 177 iii 37 (all hemer.).

mithașūtu see mithusūtu.

mithummu see muthummu.

mithurtu s.; 1. conflict, contrast, clash (of opposing forces), opposition (of sun and moon), 2. correspondence; SB; cf. mahāru.

ha-mun NAGA.VOVN = mit-hur-ti A VII/4:96, see JCS 13 125; eme.ha.mun = li-šá-ni mit-hur-ti Nabnitu IV 21, cf. [...] = mit-hur-tum, [...] = li-šá-an mit-hur-ti Nabnitu K 44f.; im.sùh.hu = šá-ar te-ši-i, min le-mu-ut-tum, min mit-hur-tum Malku III 183ff.

eme.ha.mun mu.dil.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) si ba.ni.íb. sá.e: *lišān mit-hur-ti kî ištēn šu[mi tuš]-te-šir* you harmonize conflicting opinions into one mind Schollmeyer No. 1 i 79f., also ibid. No. 3:9f.; [eme.ha.mun] si.sá.[e]: *muš-te-šir li-šá-nu mit-hur-ti* LKA 77 v 21, see ArOr 21 374.

1. conflict, contrast, clash (of opposing forces), opposition (of sun and moon) a) conflict, contrast: for eme.ha.mun = lišān mithurti conflicting opinion(s), see lex. section; note the enumeration: kur Šuburki Hamaziki eme.ha.mun dEn.líl.ra eme.dili.àm hé.en.na.da. ab.du<sub>11</sub> Subur, Hamazi, (peoples of) contrasting tongues, addressed Enlil in one tongue Kramer Enmerkar and the Lord of Aratta 141ff.; Ninurta ... dajān kullati saniq mit-hur-t[i] DN, the judge of the universe, he who makes opposing forces comply JRAS Cent Supp. pl. 2:2, also (said of Nergal) BMS 46:12; Nabû sa-ni-iq mitmithurtu mithuşu

bur-ti YOS 1 43:18, also BE 8 142:24, see AfO 18 387, Thureau-Dangin Til-Barsib p. 143:6 (= RA 27 16), AAA 18 96:11, OIP 40 p. 103:2 (= ZDMG 98:36), Iraq 18 pl. 24 r. 15 (= JCS 11 14), Lehmann Šamaš-šum-ukin pl. 8:2, JCS 21 129 r. 7; Muati apil Esagila sa-niq mit-hur-tú PBS 15 80 i 6; bānû(?) mit-hur-t[i(?)] KAR 304:22.

- b) clash (of opposing forces): see šār mithurti Malku III 185, in lex. section; I covered that province like a thick evening cloud [I overpowered(?)] all his towns kīma A.KAL mit-hur-ti like a clashing flood TCL 3 253 (Sar.); našpanti A.MA.RU mit-hur-tim devastation of a clashing floodstorm ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 55:14.
- c) opposition (of sun and moon): if Adad thunders ina mit-hur-ti Sin u Šamaš during the opposition of the moon and the sun ACh Adad 17:14, also Bab. 3 302:27; AN.MI mit-hur-ti DINGIR.ME AN-e eclipse, opposition of the celestial gods (i.e., moon and sun) ACh Ištar 4:26f.; uncert.: if a planet is seen ina ūm mit-hur-ti JNES 33 199:28, cf. mit-hur-ti rēš šatti ibid. 200:59.
- 2. correspondence: if the queen gives birth to 2 UŠ.MEŠ mit-hur-ti two males of corresponding appearance Leichty Izbu IV 52; lišānu ahītu atmê la mit-hur-ti (see atmû A mng. la) Lyon Sar. 11:72 and 18:93; šu-ta-du-nu mit-hur-ti (obscure) KAR 44 r. 17, see ZA 30 212.

Since eme.ha.mun (lisān mithurti) describes contrasting tongues, and not harmony, and mithurtu in ref. to the sun and moon refers to opposition, it is possible that the refs. cited mng. 2 which seem to mean correspondence are to be read mithurtu, and are to be connected with mithurtu "square." Note that except in the meaning "square" in math., all refs. are written with the HAR sign, so that the reading remains ambiguous.

For MSL 5 160 (Hh. IV) 119, see pithurtu.

Jacobsen, JNES 5 148 n. 32; (Sjöberg Mondgott 144f.; Kramer, JAOS 88 109ff.).

mithuşu s.; 1. fight, combat, clash of weapons, 2. attack, assault, onrush; Bogh., MA, SB; cf. maḥāṣu.

giš.tukul.sìg.ge (later recension giš.tukul. sìg.sìg.ga) ezen nam.guruš.a: [ina mit-hu]-uş kakkī isinni eţlūti at the clash of weapons, the festival of manhood Lugale IV 1.

mit.hu.su = MIN (= qab.lu) LTBA 2 1 iv 57 and 2:123;  $san\bar{a}qu$ , mit.hu.su = qa.ra.bu ibid. 1 v 30f. and 2:238f.; sal.tum (=) mit.hu.su //  $pu.\dot{u}.pu.\dot{u}$  (=  $puhpuhh\dot{u}$ ) TCL 6 12 bottom part ii 8.

fight, combat, clash of weapons a) referring to warfare: ana panija ana mi-it-hu-uṣ-ṣí-ia ul illika he did not come out for a fight with me KBo 1 2:10, cf. when RN ana mi-it-hu-si ana panija ittalku came against me for a battle ibid. 1:41, also 44 and dupls.; why are you coming here? šumma mi-it-hu-și tallaka alka if you are coming for battle, come on! KBo 1 3:38, cf. akî mi-ithu-sí as if for a battle ibid. 40; ittija ana mit-hu-uş tūšāri libbašu ihšuhma his heart yearned to meet me in an open battle TCL 3 110 (Sar.); ina gereb tamhāri mit-hu-us kakkī epēš tāhazi amidst the battle, the clash of weapons, the fighting Craig ABRT 1 30:33; my soldiers ša mit-hu-uṣ dabdê litamdu who are trained for a fight to the finish AKA 45 ii 67 (Tigl. I); ina mit-hu-și šī.šī ikkisu qaqqad RN in a fight to the finish they cut off the head of RN (king of Elam) Streck Asb. 272:5; fifty men of GN ina mit-hu-și ina șēri adūk I killed in a clash on the battlefield AKA 309 ii 45, also 293 i 112 (Asn.); I laid siege to GN [mit-hușul [...] ina libbišu aškun and fought a battle in it 3R 7 ii 67 (Shalm. III), also AKA 351 iii 18 (Asn.), cf. mi-it-hu-si ina libbi abullišu aškun AKA 379 iii 109 (Asn.), cf. [ina qe]reb ālišu mit-hu-su t[aštakan] AfO 9 102:4 (Šamši-Adad V); usalla āli ašar mit-hu-și (var. nagrabi) the flatland before the city, the (given) place for combat Lie Sar. 407, also Iraq 16 186:37; in lit.: balu mi-it-hu-si Tn.-Epic "iv" 15, ašar mit-hu-si tuqumtu kunnat ibid. "ii" 23, ša mit-hu-si kalát narkabāti chariots are held back from battle ibid. "iii" 35; when the warriors of Aššur are called ana mi-it-hu-și ipannû mūta for combat, they are facing death ibid. "ii" 35, cf. "iii" 46, and

mithuşūtu mitru A

passim in this text, cf. also [qu-r]a-di-ka ša mi-it-hu-si [...] AfO 7 281 r. 12.

- b) other occ.: tallow from a black dog ša ina mit-hu-si pa-x-[x] that was [...] in a fight Uruanna I 269.
- 2. attack, assault, onrush a) in warfare: the bodies of his soldiers ina mit-hu-us tūšāri kīma rāhişi lukemmir I threw down like the raging (storm god) in the fierce attack AKA 36 i 78 (Tigl. I); ina mit-hu-si tidūki āla assibi aktašad I besieged and conquered the city through (one) furious assault AKA 313 ii 55 (Asn.), also, wr. ina mit-hu-si u tidūki ibid. 294 i 115; ina mit-hu-uş zūki šēpē through an infantry attack Rost Tigl. III p. 18:108, cf. mit-hu-us  $z\bar{u}k$  š $\bar{e}p\bar{e}$  OIP 2 33 iii 22, and passim in this phrase in Senn.; he set his army in motion ana mit-hu-și ummānāteja mārē māt Aššur to attack my army of Assyrians Streck Asb. 14 ii 24, cf. ibid. 34 iv 7, cf. also itbâmma ana mit-hu-uş(var. omits -uṣ)-ṣi šarrāni GN ibid. 68 viii 16, ana epēš tāhazi itbûni ana mit-hu-uş-şi ummānāteja ibid. 100 iii 27, but ana mit-hu-uṣ-ṣi itti ummānāti māt Aššur ... [uma]'iršunūti Piepkorn Asb. 76 vii 19, cf. also AfO 8 198:26, Bauer Asb. 2 56 Rm. 281:10, and passim in Asb.
- b) other occ.: six elephants ina mì-ithu-si adūk I killed in a direct attack KAH 2 84:125 (Adn. II).

mithuṣūtu (mithaṣūtu, mitaḥṣūtu) s.; combat, battle; SB\*; cf. maḥāṣu.

sid(i)ra mit-ha-su-tú ... aštakkana every day I set up (my) order of battle for actual combat (on the 15-day campaign) Borger Esarh. 65:22; adi allaku ittišu eppušu mit-hu-su-tu until I go and do battle with him Piepkorn Asb. 64 v 24, cf. (uncert.) [mi(?)]-tah-su-tu li-pu-šú Knudtzon Gebete 41:4; kul-lumāku sid(i)ru u mit-hu-su-u-tu I have been shown (how to set up) battle order and (do) combat Streck Asb. p. 834 Cyl. F Fragm. a 4, also Aynard Asb. 30 i 32; ulammiduinni ... dikûtananti sid(i)ru u mit-hu-su-tu Streck Asb. 210:13 (= Bauer Asb. 2 87:26), restored from

Iraq 7 99 No. 16:14, also K.2624:1, see Borger, AfO 17 346.

mitinnu see mâtu mng. la-l'i'.

mitirunnu s.; (a festival and name of a month); Nuzi.

- a) as a festival: x wheat ana mi-ti-r[u-u]n-ni ana Lú.MEŠ šellintannu (beside wheat ana DINGIR.MEŠ šarrina) HSS 15 240:5, cf. emmer wheat ana mi-ti-[ru-un-ni] (beside ana DINGIR.MEŠ šarr[ina] HSS 16 183:4.
- b) as name of a month: ITI Mi-ti-ru-un-nu HSS 13 326:11, cf. ina arhi Mi-ti-ru-un-ni HSS 9 47:3, HSS 14 116:4 and 7, 130:3, wr. Mi-ti-ru-ni HSS 15 273:18, wr. Me-ti-ru-un-ni HSS 14 650:8 and 23, wr. Mi-ru-ti-un-ni HSS 13 339:1.

Gordon and Lacheman, ArOr 10 63.

mitluktu s.; deliberation, decision; SB; cf. malāku A.

- a) deliberation: DN sukkallu mi-it-lu-ukti-ka Bunene, the vizier with whom you (Šamaš) deliberate VAB 4 242 iii 52 (Nbn.).
- b) (divine) decision: Enlil Marduk ša bēlūtu u mit-lu-uk-tú Enlil is Marduk of overlordship and decision CT 24 50 BM 47406:6; ša ana epēšu šarrūtišu ... ilāni ... iškunu mi-it-lu-uk-ti for the exercise of whose kingship the gods made a decision VAB 4 208 i 5 (Ner.), cf. enūma Sin mit-lu-uk-ta(var. -ti) iškunu ACh Sin 35:50, see Weidner, AfO 17 88; ana mi-it-lu-uk-ti ašpuršunūtima I sent to them (the gods) a message asking for a decision VAB 4 256 i 34 (Nbn.).

mitluku adj.; considerate, full of good advice; SB\*; cf. malāku A.

DU.BAR.DU = mi-it-lu-ku (in group with aluzinnu and āliku) CT 18 29 ii 8, dupl. RA 16 166 ii 13 (group voc.).

ku-kit-tum = la mit-lu-ku (also = la mitgurtu, la šattu) Izbu Comm. 234.

sukkallu mit-lu-ku (said of Bunene) VAB 4 232 ii 17 (Nbn.).

mitru A s.; strength, power; SB (Senn. only).

mitru B mītu

mi-it-ru(var. -rum), rašbu = dan-nu Malku I 41; mi-it-ru = dan-na-tum Explicit Malku I 132.

I destroyed Judah šapṣi mit-ru RN šarrašu ušakniš a strong kingdom, I brought Hezekiah, its king, to submission OIP 2 77:21; ba'ulāte nākirī šapṣu mit-ru ša a[na nī]rija la iknušu the enemy soldiers, a strong power, who did not surrender to me ibid. 55:62; towns which šapṣu mit-ru la idû had not known a strong rulership ibid. 64:20 (all Senn.).

mitru B (or midru) s.; (a wood or aromatic); Nuzi.\*

ša 5 bilat erî ana erēna ana šurminni ana daprāni ana asi ana mi-it-ri u ana etnakabî ... inandin for the five talents of copper he will give (the equivalent in) cedar, cypress, juniper, myrtle, m., and etnakabû AASOR 16 77:11, cf. šīmešunu ša me-it-ri etnakabî HSS 14 566:6.

## mitrû s.; (a metal tool); MB.\*

[1-e]t mi-it-ru-û kitītu Iraq 11 131 No. 1:1, cf. [...] haṣṣin mi-it-[ri-e(?)] ù GIŠ.MAR kaspi ... ana muḥḥi kitīt mi-it-re-e ša qāt šakni (for context and translat. see kitītu B) BE 17 28:16 and 18 (let.).

mītu (mētu, fem. mittu) adj.; dead, spirit of the dead; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and UG<sub>x</sub>(BAD), LÚ.UG<sub>x</sub>, (LÚ.)BA.UG<sub>x</sub>; ef. mâtu.

É.KUR<sup>a-ra-li</sup>BAD = mi-i-tum 5R 16 iv 42 (group voc.).

lú.ug<sub>x</sub>.a, lú.ug<sub>5</sub>.ga = mi-i-[tum] OB Lu A 290f.; giš.gišimmar.al.ug<sub>5</sub>.ga = mi-i-tum dead palm tree Hh. III 301; al.ug<sub>5</sub>.ga ku<sub>6</sub> = mi-i-ti dead fish Hh. XVIII 125.

PÓPu. ta = mi-e-tum, sil.[ta] = de-e-ku Erimhuš VI 238f., also, wr. mi-i-tum 5R 16 ii 74 (group voc.).

am.ug<sub>5</sub>.ga gú.bé(var. .ba) hé(var. i).im.lá: rīmu mi-ti ina kišādišu našā[šu] he was carrying a dead wild bull around his neck CT 15 43:9f., vars. from Wilcke Lugalbanda 98:66; šà.lá.sù ug<sub>5</sub>.ga ti.la ki.ág.gá: rēmēnû ša mi-ta bulluţa irammu (Marduk) merciful (god) who loves to heal the dying 4R 29 No. 1:23f., also r. 11, Šurpu VII 76f., cf. lú.ug<sub>x</sub>.a ti.la: [m]i-tum i-bal-lu-ţu BA 5 389 K.3418:3f.; kur.ug<sub>5</sub>.na.šè: ana

erşeti mi-tu-ti 4R 30 No. 2:24f.; ní.bi.ta nam. kur.re.e.ne ugx.ga.ginx(GIM) šèg.šèg giš. tukul á.bi lál.e: mala ikšuduš kakku ina ramanišunu kīma mi-tu-ut halpē idīšunu uktassāma (for translat. see halpū A lex. section) 4R 20 No. 1:1f.; mu.lu gaba.ri.a.ni mu.lu gam.[àm]: anēli imhuruma anēlu mi-tum SBH p. 112 r. 3f.; tu6. [kù.ga.e.ne.ta] ug5.ga nam.ti.la sum. mu: [ina tēšunu elli ša] ana me-ti balāţi [inaddinu] AAA 22 90:12ff.; dNin.din.ug5.ga dAma.šu. hal.bi šu.ùr.ra sikil.bi hé.im.ma.an.šed7.dè: bēltu muballitat mi-i-ti Gula ina mišid qūtiša ellete lišapšihšu may Gula, Lady who revives the dying, calm him with the stroking of her pure hand Šurpu VII 73ff.

sa-am-ku = mi-i-tum (var. me-e-tú) Malku IV 80.

na-pu-ul-tum = mi-it-ti || KI.MIN nu-upbi-pi es-sú
(i.e., nu-up-[pu-ul-tum]), nu-\( pu\)-ul-tum = mi-ittum CT 41 26 r. 11 f. (Alu Comin.).

a) persons — 1' in leg. and adm.: me-er-ú me-tim nīnu abuni tuppam ēzibniāti we are the sons of the deceased, our father left us a tablet (of accounts) MVAG 33 No. 246:5, cf. me-ra me-tim anāku ibid. 23 and 36; DUMU me-tim anāku ICK 2 141:24, CCT 5 11a:9, CCT 1 45:16, also me-er me-[tim] atta TCL 4 131:9,  $me-er-\acute{u}$  me-tim ninu CCT 1 45:24 and 35; kīma dumu me-tí-im tātawu you talk like the son of the deceased VAT 9219:32, cf. ana ša me-tim i-dí-ú-ni-šu ša ana ša me-tim la miššu pá-ru-um kīma me-ra me-tim aš'alka BIN 4 105:5f. (all OA); DUMU mi-ti anākumi RA 23 148 No. 29:37 (Nuzi);  $u j\bar{a}nu m\hat{e} j\bar{a}nu$ işşē ana jášinu u jānu ajikâmi ni-iš-kán LÚ.BA.U $G_{\mathbf{x}}$  we have no water and no wood and nowhere to put the dead EA 149:53, cf. (uncert.) EA 155:21 (both letters of Abimilki); aššat mārišu me-e-te ana mārišu ša-na-i-e . . . iddanši he may give the wife of his deceased son to his second son in marriage KAV I iv 25 (Ass. Code § 30), cf. ibid. vi 29 (§ 43), mārat  $\bar{e}mi\check{s}u\ k\hat{\imath}\ a\check{s}\check{s}iti\check{s}u\ me-it-te\ ehhaz\ ibid.iv\ 44\ (\S31);$ pūhat halqim u mi-ti-im šuzziz provide a replacement for the fugitives and the dead ARM 1 42:21, cf. eqel mi-tim u halqim ibid. 6:38; anumma tuppi BA.UG<sub>x</sub> u BA.ZAH<sub>x</sub>(HA) ... ana sēr bēlija uštābilam now I have sent my record of the deceased and the fled (deportees) to my lord ARM 5 35:8; tuppi tamlītim ša mi-tu-t[im] ublūnimma

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brought the record of the distribution of (the fields of) the dead CT 4 19a: 19 (OB let.); PN UGx PN deceased MDP 24 384:5 (OAkk.), 8 GURUŠ UGx ... 3 GURUŠ HAL MAD 5 45 ii 13, and passim beside zá# "fled" in Ur III lists of personnel, for refs., see halqu; 1 erín záh 3 erín ug<sub>x</sub> one man fled, three men dead VAS 13 104 v 12, and passim in OB in lists of persons, UGx PN TCL 10 58:1, 85:1, 135:1, note 18 DAH ŠÀ.BA 4  $UG_x$  VAS 7 161:20, and passim; 11 UG<sub>x</sub>.MEŠ . . . 1 ZÁH PBS 2/2 144:12 (MB), and passim in lists, see Torczyner Tempelrechnungen 121 s.v.; UG<sub>x</sub> halqa ADD 63 r. 1, halqu ADD 66 r. 5, etc.; Lú amēlutti mi-ta-ti u hal-qa-ta persons who are dead or have fled VAS 4 27:12, cf. LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ halqūtu u mitú-tu ša ina amirtu ša Lú gīpi la a-mar (for translat. see amirtu A mng. 1c) Cyr. 292:2 (both NB); sitti mi-tu-tu Lú halqūtu u abkūtu the rest are dead, have deserted, or have been taken away RA11 167:14, cf. ibid.r. 10 (NB let.); note (in broken context) Lú mala UG<sub>X</sub> LÚ *mala* ZÁH ABL 701 r. 1 (NA).

2' in lit. — a' beside baltu "living": māmīt lú.ug<sub>x</sub> u lú.ti "oath" by the dead and the living Surpu III 148, cf. lu māmīt LÚ.UG<sub>x</sub> u TI Schollmeyer No. 18:30, mi-tum baltu sabtuš la idû ZA 45 206 iv 1 (Bogh. inc.); *lu zikaru lu sinništu lu baltu lu* ug<sub>x</sub> Craig ABRT 2 18:8, see Schollmeyer p. 136; Samaš  $mušt\bar{e}\check{s}ir \, L\acute{u}.u_{G_X}$  (var.  $u_{G_X}$ )  $u \, balti$  who leads aright the living and the dead BMS 6:99 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 48, also KAR 66:20, AAA 22 pl. 11 ii 9, cf. Šamaš  $b\bar{e}l$  Lú. $UG_x$ murteddû LÚ.TI LKA 111:8, dupl. Or. NS 36 278:11 (namburbi), also EN LÚ. UGx u LÚ. [TI atta] Or. NS 34 117 r. 8;  $daj\bar{a}n$  BA.UG<sub>X</sub> u TI.LA attama Köcher BAM 214 ii 11; Marduk nāṣir napšāti ilu muštēšir LÚ.UGx u balţi BA 5 392 K.3175+ i 15; ana ili u amēlūtu ana UG<sub>x</sub>.MEŠ u TI.MEŠ tābta ēpuš Streck Asb. 250 r. 3; dumqi ina balātušu immar u mi-i-ti ana ar-ta-a-ma i-ta-ar he will experience good fortune in life and when dead will be in a state of bliss Herzfeld API p. 31:46 (Xerxes Ph); for other refs., see baltu mng. 1a-1'.

b' with balāţu and bulluţu (referring to divine intervention): ina nīš īnīja mi-i-tú

iballut at the raising of my eyes the mortally ill person can recover Or. NS 36 120:86 (hymn to Gula), ef. ašar tappallasi iballut Lú.UGx (var. ug<sub>x</sub>-tum) wherever you (Ištar) glance, the mortally ill will recover STC 2 pl. 78:40, var. from KUB 37 37:6, see JCS 21 261; [ina qibitik]i sirti iballut mi-[i-tu] LKA 17 r. 5, see Ebeling, Or. NS 23 346 (hymn to Gula); Asalluhi ša ina têšu Lú. UGx iballutu Šurpu IV 99; iltu rēmnītu muballitat Lú.ug, merciful goddess who cures the dying STT 73:21, also ibid. 1, see JNES 19 32, cf. KAR 88 Fragm. 5 obv.(!) iii 8, see ArOr 21 422; UGx (var. Lú.UGx) bullutu kasa paṭāru ša qātēkama LKA 114:17 (namburbi), also AMT 71,1:34, Schollmeyer No. 9:7, etc.: bēl šipti elleti muballit mi-i-ti En. el. VII 26; note referring to the dead gods: belu ša ina šiptišu elleti uballitu ilī mi-tu-ti (var. UGx. MEŠ) lord who, through his holy incantation, revived the dead gods En. el. VI 153; (Marduk) [in]a şīt pīka mi-tum iballut AMT 93,3:6; dnin.din.ug<sub>5</sub>.ga... muballiṭat lú.ug<sub>x</sub> Craig ABRT 2 16:13, also, wr. mi-e-tu OECT 6 pl. 13 K.3515:10; Marduk pātir kasî muballit LÚ.UG<sub>x</sub> KAR 23 i 21, see Ebeling Handerhebung 12, and passim in šuilla-prayers, also Hunger Kolophone No. 328:3 (Asb.); Bau bēltī muballiţat mi-i-tú VAB 4 278 vii 13 (Nbn.); in personal names: dutu-mi-tam-ú-ba-li-it Samaš-Revives-the-Dying CT 48 105:2, cf. CT 8 40c:24 (both OB), for other occs. see Stamm Namengebung 177 and 187; for NA names, see Tallqvist APN s.v. mitu, also B. Parker, Iraq 16 49 and 51, cf.  ${}^{d}Nab\hat{u}$ -UG<sub>X</sub>-DIN-it YOS 6 32:22 (NB), see also TuM 2-3 p. 35, for other occs. see Hirsch, AfO 22 55ff.

c' with mâtu: ina baliki Lú.UG<sub>x</sub> NU UG<sub>x</sub> u TI harrān ul iṣabbat without your willing it, the dying cannot die nor the living go on his way STT 73:73, see JNES 19 33; mi-tu i-ma-at-ma arkassu damqat the deathly ill person will die but his estate will remain in good condition Or. NS 32 383:15 (OB omens), wr. UG<sub>x</sub> UG<sub>x</sub> Labat TDP 234:27, KAR 377:31; ina É.BI UG<sub>x</sub> [UG<sub>x</sub>] CT 39 48 BM 64295:4, UG<sub>x</sub> ina bīt amēli UG<sub>x</sub> KAR 377 r. 33, 386:51, 389b ii 32, TCL 6 3 r. 9, NA.BI ina kimtišu UG<sub>x</sub> UG<sub>x</sub> CT 38 28:19, cf. ina aḥīt amēli UG<sub>x</sub> UG<sub>x</sub>

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CT 39 3:23, and passim in Alu; ina qinnišu  $UG_X$  BA. $UG_X$  KAR 177 r. iii 17 and 147:9 (hemer.), cf. CT 39 23:20; ina bitišu  $UG_X$   $UG_X$  CT 28 26 K.3985+:37 (physiogn.); exceptionally in the prot.: [šumma] LÚ mi-tum imūtma KAR 410:3.

d' other occs.: sallu (for sallu) u mi-tum kî aḥāmeš [šunu] the sleeping and the dead - how alike they are! Gilg. X vi 33, cf. mati mi-tum līmuram šarūru šamši Gilg. M. i 15 (OB); the nether world asru mi-tu-tu(text -su) sahhupu ina epri where the dead are covered with dust LKA 62 r. 16 (MA lit.), see Ebeling, Or. NS 18 36; BA.UG<sub>x</sub>.MEŠ *līlūnimma* qutrin lissinu let the dead come up and smell the incense CT 15 47:58 (Descent of Ištar), cf. ú-šelel-ma ugx.meš ikkalu baltūti el baltūti  $u\check{s}am$ 'ad  $UG_x$ .MEŠ AnSt 10 122 v 11 f. and 26 (Nergal and Ereškigal), cf. also *ušellá* (var. ellûni) mi-tu-ti (var. ug<sub>x</sub>.meš-ma) ikkalu baltūti eli baltūti ima'idu mi-tu-ti (var. el me-tu-te ima'i: du [balt] $\tilde{u}t[e]$ ) CT 15 45:19f., vars. from KAR 1:17f. (Descent of Ištar); mi-i-tu ultu erseti utarra I (Gula) can return the dead from the underworld Or. NS 36 128:179, Marduk's hand is soft ukaššu mi-tu (var. mi-i-ta) Lambert BWL 343:10 and 12 (Ludlul I);  $[k\bar{i}ma]$  LÚ.UG<sub>x</sub> NU GUR just as a dead person cannot return BMS 59:21 (namburbi), cf. kīma Lú.UG<sub>x</sub> la ētiqu bāb balāti just as the dead cannot pass through the gate of life CT 23 10:16 (SB inc.); kīma mi-ti la tennâ birkā[ka] Craig ABRT 2 ultu šipir balţūti adi kimāhi simat 8 i 12; me-tu-tu (see baltu mng. 1a-1') OIP 2 136:18 (Senn.), cf.  $\delta \bar{u}t$  mi-tu-tu  $ah\bar{a}me\delta$  la  $bak[\hat{u}]$ Bauer Asb. 217 ix 7, dupl. Iraq 29 pl. 19:21; amēlu šû rihûssu itti LÚ.UGx ina KI šu[nūlat] that man's semen has been put in the ground with a dead person Biggs Šaziga 66 i 13, 25, rihûtija (wr. A.MEŠ-ia) itti also ibid. 69:12, LÚ.UG<sub>x</sub> tušnilla Maqlu IV 48, with ina sūn LÚ.UG<sub>x</sub> ibid. 49, cf. also ibid. 50; [NU].MEŠ-ia īpušuma ina sūn Lú.UGx iškunu they have made figurines of me and put them in the lap of a dead person AfO 18 292:28; salmānija ana LÚ.UGx taḥīra Maqlu IV 28, cf. ibid. 29ff., I 107, also ana Lú. UG<sub>x</sub> puqquduinni Maqlu II 50; NU LÚ.UGx KI.MAH tepettima te[qeb: b]eršu the figurine of the dead person — you dig a grave and bury it Or. NS 24 266:5, cf. salam Lú.UG<sub>x</sub> ša tiddi (parallel salam etemmu lemnu ša tiddi line 3) ABL 461:1 (NB let.); šumma amēlu ana UG<sub>x</sub> hīrma etemmu isbassu if a man is "married" to a dead person and a ghost seizes him BBR No. 52:1; ú a-mu-še: Aš dam habli, ú e-zi-zu: Aš dam me-e-ti Uruanna III 106f.; mahirti mi-i-ti (var. Lú. [UG<sub>x</sub>]) (see mahirtu) KUB 37 55 iv 38, var. from AMT 85,1 iii 6; if a man divorces his wife and DAM Lú.UG<sub>x</sub> īhuz marries the wife of a dead man (parallel DAM Lú.TI the wife of a man still living line 48) CT 39 46:50 (SB Alu).

spirit of the dead: nišē mi-ta-tum b) ammēni 191.191 ittija why do you (ghosts of) dead people keep appearing to me? CT 23 16:13 (SB inc.), see Or. NS 24 246; if he makes a tomb on the 24th day ina kimtišu ug<sub>x</sub> ana lemutti irteneddīšu a ghost of someone in his family will persecute him Labat Calendrier § 41':26, cf. ša ... ardanānu mi-tù ețemmu lemnu ṣabtuš whom the "double" of a dead person (i.e., a ghost), an evil ghost, has seized ZA 45 206 iv 6 (Bogh. inc.), cf. ardanān UG<sub>x</sub> isbassu Labat TDP 108 iv 20, 158:17, for other refs. see dinānu mng. 2; mi-i-tum (vars. Lú.ug<sub>x</sub>, mi-e-tu) murtappidu ețemmu halqu the ever-roaming ghost, the vagrant Lambert BWL 134:145; if a man descends to the nether world and [UGx].MEŠ ikrubušu the dead greet him MDP 14 p. 58 r. ii 11, cf. ibid. 13 and 16, cf. also šumma LÚ.UG<sub>x</sub>-ta iššiq if a man kisses a dead person ibid. 17, also ug<sub>x</sub>-tu iššiąšu a dead person kisses him ibid. 18 (MB dream omens), also, wr. UGx Dream-book 328:83ff., and passim in this text; [LÚ].UGx.MEŠ IGI.IGI-mar he keeps seeing ghosts Labat TDP 196:71, cf. ina šuttišu ug<sub>x</sub>.meš igi.igi-mar (if) he keeps seeing dead persons in his dream STT 256:5, wr. UG<sub>x</sub>.meš igi.meš AMT 7,1 i 11; AD.MU UG<sub>x</sub> āmu[ru] AMA.MU mi-ta āmuru (whether) I have seen my dead father, (or) seen my dead mother Dream-book 341 ii 6f.; šumma ina bīt amēli ug, ki-i ti igi if in a man's house a dead person looking alive is seen CT 38 29:61 (catch line), Wr. UGx GIM TI ibid. 30:1-4,

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also LÚ. UGx GIM TI ina āli innamir CT 385:131, cf. ibid. 132 (delete these refs. sub kimtu usage e CAD 8 (K) p. 377), KAR 407 ii 14 (Alu catalog);  $L\acute{\text{U}}.UG_X$  KI  $L\acute{\text{U}}.TI$  IGI.IGI AMT 40,2:10,  $L\acute{\text{U}}.$ UG<sub>x</sub>.MEŠ KI-Šu IGI.MEŠ AMT 89,3 ii 12; [šumma ina bīt] amēli dumu.sal bīti ug, īmur CT 38 30:6 (SB Alu), and passim in this tablet; LÚ.UG<sub>x</sub>.MEŠ ma'dūti ša KI NENNI A NENNI IGI.MEŠ lu LÚ.UG<sub>x</sub> mudûšu ša IGI.MEŠ ittišu (if) there are numerous ghosts which keep appearing to so-and-so, son of so-and-so, either the ghost of somebody he knows which appears to him KAR 234 r. 11 and dupls., see Or. NS 24 262, cf. šumma LÚ [LÚ.UGx].MEŠ mudâšu la mu[dâšu] IGI.MEŠ-šu KAR 234:14, see Or. NS 24 258, and passim in this text.

- c) animals: see Hh. XVIII, in lex. section; sim alpim baltim u sir alpim mi-tim (they divide) the price of the live ox and the flesh of the dead ox Goetze LE § 53 A iv 14, see Landsberger, David AV 102; see also Wilcke Lugalbanda, in lex. section; 1 UDU.NITÁ mi-tum one dead sheep VAS 6 76:14, wr. UDU.NITÁ UGx ibid. 20, 1 UDU.NITÁ UGx ibid 214:1 (all NB); ištēn alpu UGx ša PN Nbn. 548:1, cf. 21 UDU.NITÁ mi-tutu Nbn. 1130:19, also Nbk. 49:1; šumma EME.DIR mi-it-tum ina bit amēli IGI if a dead lizard is seen in a man's house KAR 382 r. 54; KUR.GI. MUŠEN a4 ar-ra-ú-tu UGx u hal-liq (see arrūtu) BM 64020:10 (NB).
- d) referring to trees: see Hh. III, in lex. section.
- e) in transferred mng. 1' referring to persons: me-tám játi u me-er-i ina kišeršim tētirniāti you have saved us, me, a dead man, and my son, from prison Or. NS 36 410 b/k 95:7 (OA let.); māršu Artatama mi-ta ubtallissu u kur Mitanni gabbu halqa (see balātu mng. 6a-1') KBo 1 1:49, also RN mi-i-ta [uballas]su ibid. 4 iii 58 (treaty); kal: bāni mi-tu-tu anīni šarru bēlī ubtalliţannâši ABL 771:5 (NB), cf. PN kalbi mi-te ABL 1289 r. 4 (NA), wr. me-e-ti ABL 992 r. 15, for other refs. see kalbu mng. 1j; mi-i-tu anāku u ungu hurāşi ša šarri bēlija kî āmuru abtalut I was (practically) dead, but when I saw the golden seal of the king, my lord, I recovered

ABL 259 r. 3, cf. ibid. r. 9, also ABL 274:12, ABL 880:7, 1124:9, mi-tu-tu anīni ABL 469:7, 915:6 (all NB); abbēni mi-tu-te [...] mi-tu-ti libbušunu [...] ABL 6 r. 19f. (NA); mi-tu-tu ša LUGAL uballitu ABL 702 r. 5 (NB), also me-e-te ša šarru uballituni ABL 756:2 (NA).

2' referring to a city or country: adi rā'âm kīna ašakkanu ù(!) unug.Ki mi-ta-am uballaţu until I (Ištar) establish a faithful shepherd and revive wretched Uruk uvb 18 pl. 28 W.19900,1:11, cf. unug.Ki mi-tum ibtaluţ ibid. 17, also anāku šarru rabû šar GN u GN2 mi-ta uballassu I, the great king, king of Hatti, restore dead Mitanni KBo 1 1 r. 22 (treaty); uncert.: a-la-a-am mi-ta-am (or miššam) ... ana kīma uru.Ki Diniktum tašakkan TIM 2 16:63 (OB).

In TuL 68:10 read BAD-ti (= tepetti). Hirsch, AfO 22 39-57.

mītūtān adv.; all the dead; LB\*; cf. mâtu.

bēlu ... ša uballitu mi-tu-ta-an the lord (Marduk) who brought back to life the dead everywhere 5R 35:19 (Cyr.), possibly to be read mi-tu-ta DINGIR, see Berger, ZA 64 213.

mītūtiš adv.; like death; SB\*; cf. mâtu.

When the enemy army heard of the victory of the Assyrian troops *ik-šud-du mi-tu-ti-iš* they became as if dead TCL 3 176 (Sar.).

mītūtu s.; death, state of being dead; from OB on; cf. mātu.

a) death: napištašu panuššu ul īqirma ihšuha mi-tu-u-tu (var. me-tu-tu) he considered his life of no value and longed for death Streck Asb. 60 vii 33; mi-tu-tu RN šar GN kî ša aqbû eppuš I (Ištar of Arbela) will bring about the death of RN, king of GN, just as I said Streck Asb. 24 iii 6; urammikan: ni rimkīšu lu-MA-'ša mi-t[u]-ti-ia she washed me with her dirty water (to cause) my death BRM 4 18:4, cf. urammikšuma rim-ik-šú lu-'-a ša mi-tu-ti-šú ibid. 14, restored from photograph, see Weidner, AfO 16 72; mi-tu-tu ša RN [AD-ia] the death of Sargon, my father

mītūtu miţirtu

Eretz Israel 5 154:8 (Senn.); arki mi-tu-tu ša PN after the death of PN TCL 12 88:10, 119:16, 120:12, TCL 13 160:3, VAS 4 101:9, VAS 6 167:5, Nbn. 1048:5, 1113:22, wr. mit-ú-tu Cyr. 332:8; pūt helēqu u mi-tu-tu ša PN ... PN<sub>2</sub> u PN<sub>3</sub> našû PN<sub>2</sub> and PN<sub>3</sub> guarantee against an eventual flight or death of PN Nbk. 346:9; ultu muhhi mi-tu-tu ša PN mutišu since the death of her husband, PN Moldenke adi  $mi - \langle tu \rangle - ti - \check{s}u - nu$ No. 18:4 (NB); their death MRS 6 98 RS 16.249:35; RN mitu-tu ramanišu mi-i-ti Cambyses killed VAB 3 17:17 (Dar.), cf. mi-tu-ut qātēšu i-mu-tu he died by his own hand Iraq 16 200:24 (Sar.); in transferred mng.: ap-pa-a ana mi-tu-tu alabbin (see labānu B mng. 1b) ABL 716:17 (NB); ana mi-tu-tu anaddika I will expose you to death ABL 416:3 (NB); obscure: ÁII-ni ana mi-tu-ti ABL 1238 r. 17 (NA), cf. dibbī ša mi-tu-tu (in broken context) ABL 1200 r. 17, ultu mi-tu-tu ki-i KA(?) šēpē ša šarri assabat ABL 1204:10 (both NB); ina muhhi mi-tu-ú-tum (in obscure context) CT 22 174:7 (NB let.).

b) state of being dead: warkat m[i-t]u-ti-ia u baltūtija ul taprusi vou have not even tried to find out whether I am dead or alive Kraus AbB 1 53:9; you yourself wrote the tablet ina mi-tu-ti-ša-a-ma when she was already dead CT 2 47:13 (OB); ša mi-tu-tu iplahu those who feared death Streck Asb. ina mi-it-ú-ti-ia ana ar-ta-a-ma 36 iv 56; lu-ú-tu-ru (parallel: ina balāṭuja) Herzfeld API 30:39 (Xerxes Ph); adi la mi-tu-ti-i-ma (vars. m[i-t]u-ti-ma, mi-tu-tim-ma) bikītī gam: rat even before (I) was dead, mourning for me was ended Lambert BWL 46:115 (Ludlul II): ša la DN mannu mi-tu-ta-šú uballit who but Marduk can restore someone to life from the Lambert BWL 58:33 (Ludlul IV), [l]idlul ša mi-tu-us-[su x x] ukallimušu nūra let him praise (Marduk) who [... him] in death (and) showed him the light of day AfO 19 60:187 (Prayer to Marduk); I did not permit his body to be buried eli ša mahri mi(var. me)-tu-us-su uttirma made him more dead than he was (by cutting off his head) Streck Asb. 62 vii 46; kanīk PN ša mi-tu-ti

atāni iṣbat he took a sealed document of PN concerning (the eventuality of) the she-ass being dead Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 9:19.

For Or. NS 18 36:16, see mītu adj.

mitar s.; field irrigated by rain; RS\*; WSem. word.

A.ŠÀ.ḤI.A // mi-ta-ar-ú MRS 6 47 RS 16.150:12.

For the mng. "field irrigated by rain," cf. Ugar. mtr., Aram. mitrā, Heb. mātār, "rain."

miţirtu s.; 1. (a type of field or orchard, characterized by a special irrigation system), 2. (a type of canal or ditch); OB, MA, SB, NA; pl. miţrāti; cf. miţru.

[pa-a] [pa-p]+E = pal-gu, pat-tum, ra-a-ṭa, a-tap-pu, mi-ṭir-tum A I/6:29ff., cf. [pa-a] pap+ıš = min (i.e., same five equivalents) ibid. 34ff.; e = mi-ṭi-[ir-tu] 3N-T922e r. 3'; pa<sub>5</sub>.šità = ra-a-ṭu, me(var. mi)-ṭir-tum (with Greek transcription  $\varphi a[\sigma]$ ɛtθ μιτερθ) Hh. II 211f., for the Greek rendering see Iraq 24 65; pa<sub>5</sub>.šità = ra-a-ṭu, mi-ṭi-ru, mi-ṭi-ir-tu Hh. XXII Section 8:5'ff.

i-zu-bi [fd.pap+ná] = šu-u, za-i-bu, mi-ţi-ir-tum, i-zu-bi-tu Diri III 193 ff.; zu-bi pap+ná = za-i-bu, mi-ţi-ir-tum A VIII/1:97 f.; [id]. zu-bi pap+ná = [mi-ţi-ra-tum Antagal J ii 7, CT 19 25 K.14047:8 (now 14042); [pap]+ná = mi-ţir-tu (in group with fd.hal.hal.la (= Idiglat), za-i-bu) Erimhuš b r. iii 11' (= CT 19 2 K.4526).

umun šità.maḥ umun ki.sur.ra.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID): bēlu miţ-ra-a-tú MIN (= bēlu) kisurrê SBH p. 49:14f.; [en] dumu.nun.abzu šità.na dun.gal.zu : bēlum mār rubê ša apsî pētū miţ-ra-tim BA 10/1 75 No. 4 ii 15f.

[š]ità(!) gál.tak<sub>4</sub>.a dašnan šà.túm gú.me. [er.me.er...]: pētū miţ-ra-a-ti mušaḥnib [qerbēti...] (Nabû) who opens the irrigation ditches, who lets the grain grow abundantly 4R 14 No. 3:9f., see Pinckert Nebo p. 25.

ú-ra-šu, şip-pa-tú, mi-ţir-tú(var. -tum) = ki-ru-u Malku II 113ff.; mi-ţir-tú(var. -tum) = mu-sa-ru-u ibid. 116, ir-mu = mi-ţir-tú ibid. 117; [ir]-mu, mi-ţir-ru, mi-[...] = mi-ţir-tum CT 18 2 i 47ff.; mi-ţir-tu[m] = mu-[sa-ru-u] ibid. 50; mi-tra-tum = na-a-ru Malku II 41; mu-sa-ru-ú: ma-[na-ha-tum], mi-ţi-ir-tum: sip-pa-[tu kirî] Uruanna III 549f., [mi-ţi-i]r-tum = sip-pa-tum GIŠ.SAR Uruanna II 522.

mit-ra-ti // ki-ru-ú CT 41 25:2, me-it-ra-tum // GIŠ.SAR ibid. 29 r. 3 (Alu Comm.); mit-rat // n[a-a-ru] Lambert BWL 84:245 (Theodicy Comm.).

1. (a type of field or orchard, characterized by a special irrigation system): šumma ... mimma ša me-ţi-ir-ti (var. mi-ţir-tim) ina la

mițirtu mițītu

adannišu zēra ittaši if something growing on a m.-field bears seed out of season CT 39 8 K.8406:2, dupls. CT 39 10 K.149+:2, AMT 7,8 r. 9, var. from CT 41 22:10 (SB Alu); ana mitra-a-ti šummuhi to let vegetation grow abundantly on the m.-fields OIP 298:89, also ibid. 101:59, 114 viii 25, 124:41 (Senn.); note referring to a plant: zēr mi-ţi-ir-ti Labat Suse 242 iii 16f.

2. (a type of canal or ditch): mi-ti-ir-ta mukinnat napišti māti ābilat nuhši ušpel: kâmma qarbāt ālija ana tamkīri lu aškun I had opened up a m-canal that firmly establishes the prosperity of the country (by) bringing about abundance, and made the fields around my city into irrigated land Weidner Tn. 28 No. 16:103, 31 No. 17:49; qereb miţ-ra-a-te(var. -ti) šâtina ušaḥbiba pattiš I let water murmur through those ditches as through canals OIP 2 124:43; mušahrū nārāte pētū mit-ra-a-ti mušahbib pattāti he who causes the canals to be dug, who opens m-canals for irrigation, (and) makes (all) ditches murmur (with water) ibid. 135:12; ša ... miţ-ra-a-ti upattû uza'izu mê nuḥši who has opened m.-canals (and) distributed water in abundance En. el. VII 60, cf. ša Arahti mit-rat nuhši KAR 360:11, see Borger Esarh. 91; DN GÚ. GAL mit-rat ili Enbilulu, the canal inspector of the m.-canals of the gods En. el. VII 64; pētū quppī u miţ-ra-a-ti muštēšeru nārāti BMS 12:29, see Ebeling Handerhebung 76, cf. muštēšir nagbē nārāti pētū mit-ra-a-te(var. -ti) BA 5 385 No. 3:7, see Ebeling Handerhebung 92; harru u nābali būrāte [...] nārāte mi-iţ-ra-a-ti bērā[ti] depression and dry land, wells, [...], canals, m.-canals (and) swamps K. 3366 r. 10 (SB lit.); išaddad ina miţ-ra-ti(var. -ta) zārû elippa the father and begetter tows the boat along the m.-canal Lambert BWL 84:245 (Theodicy), for comm., see lex. section; mì-it-ra-tu šuhurrat the m.-canals were quiet Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 112 v 33 (SB), cf. (in broken context) mit-ra-tum ibid. 116 BE 39099 r. i 15, mi-it-r[a-tum] ibid. me-ti-ir-tam ki-di-ta-am ... BE 36669:13; ikimuma (the enemy) took the outer canal VAS 16 186:10 (OB let., coll. Frankena, AbB 6).

The spellings with  $t\ell$  and the Greek transcription with tau establish the form mitirtu for "canal"; instead of assuming an almost homophonous \*midirtu, "field," a semantic connection has been assumed for the two meanings of mitirtu. To a different stem belongs midru, q.v. See also mitru,  $ber\bar{a}tu$ , and  $z\bar{a}$ 'ibu s. discussion section. Some of the occs. wr. with the BE sign may have to be connected with  $bir\bar{\imath}tu$  "balk," as shown by be-ra-tu likbus (or likabbis) Weidner Gestirndarstellungen 32 sub Pisces, compared with the occs. cited  $bir\bar{\imath}tu$  mng. 1b and  $b\bar{\imath}ru$  C.

Meissner BAW 2 15; Borger Esarh. p. 91.

miţītu (miṭūtu) s.; 1. shortfall, shortage, deficit, losses, 2. decrease, lessening, 3. humble self; OB, Mari, Nuzi, MA, SB, NA, NB; miṭūtu in Nuzi; ef. maṭū v.

di.bi = du-ú-tu, [d]i.bi.gar = min e-tir-tu, [di.b]i.gar = [mi-ti]-tu Izi C iv 36ff.

1. shortfall, shortage, deficit, losses a) in troops and personnel:  $s\bar{a}bum\ mi-[t]i$ tam [i]ršīma u adi tamlītam sābam umallû sugāgī ul uwaššar the troops have suffered a shortage and I will not release the sheiks before they have restored the full complement of the troops ARM 6 32:13; aššum mi-ti-it ṣābim ... ša ina GN, apqiduma u la ītiqu regarding the shortfall of the troops (of the southern tribes) which I inspected in GN but which did not march on ibid. 30:3, [s]ābam ... apqidma sābum mi-t[l-tam ir-ši] ibid. 14, cf. also ibid. 16; 1030 men, prisoners ša ana mi-tì-it ekallāni ša ah GN which are for (replacements of) the missing (men) of the palace (lands) on the shore of the Euphrates ekallam upaqqidam u kima ARM 5 27:6; ekallum mi-tì-tim išû PN imur PN inspected the palace and observed that the palace has a shortage (of men to do agricultural work) RA 42 73 No. 11:5 (Mari let.), see Finet, RA 53 58; ašar ina panitim 22 ERÍN mi-titum inanna 6 erín imti u ana mi-ti-tim šuāti kanīk šakkanakkim eltegê where in the past there used to be a shortage of 22 men, now they are short (only) six men, also I received a sealed document from the governor

mițītu mițītu

(stating) that shortage TLB 4 3:10f. (OB let.); ardāni ša šarri mi-ṭi(text -KI)-ti ina libbi jānu as to the (Assyrian) subjects of the king, there are no losses among them ABL 262 r. 6 (NB).

- b) in the size of fields: ana mi-ți-i[t]-ti eqlim ša ibaššû aḥum ana aḥ[im ...] one will [not raise a claim] against the other regarding any shortage in the field which may occur PBS 8/2 248:15 (division of inheritance), cf. mi-ți-it eqlim ša ibaššû amtaḥar Fish Letters No. 16:4 (both OB).
- c) in herds: kî la ītabku mi-ți-ti ša șēnu ša DN ša ina pani PN LÚ.SIPA PN, ana DN ittir if he (PN2) does not produce (in court the two slaves who have taken sheep and goats from PN), PN2 will pay to Istar of Uruk (for) the losses in the sheep and goats of Ištar of Uruk, which were in the charge of the shepherd PN YOS 7 189:15; akî mi-ți-ti ša U8.UDU. HI.A kullāk I am detained on account of the losses of sheep TCL 9 113:10; kūm mi-ti-ti ša U<sub>8</sub>.UDU.HI.A ša muhhišu ana Eanna iddin he gave to Eanna (land, etc.) for the shortage in the sheep and goats which was charged against him TCL 12 18:5 (all NB); note the form mițūtu in Nuzi: (a herd of cattle) ana qāt PN nadin u mi-du-ti-šu PN umalla entrusted to PN, and PN will make good any losses in it HSS 13 448:5, also mi-du-ti-šu jānu u mi-du-ti-šu PN umalla HSS 16 428:5 and 7.
- d) in produce: aššum ... 25 A.GAR še'im mi-ti-tim concerning the 25 ugaru of barley, the deficit RA 42 73 No. 11:20 (Mari let.), see Finet, RA 53 58; kî maṣṣarti lapani sirrimi u ṣabīti la ittaṣar pūt mi-ti-ti ša ina tamirti sirrimu išakkanu našū if (any of them) does not keep watch for wild asses and gazelles, they will be responsible for the losses which the wild asses will cause in the meadow YOS 7 156:20 (NB), cf. mi-ti-ti ša ina eqli taššakkanu 1 (adi) 3 tanaddin she will repay threefold the losses which occur in the field SPAW 1889 825 (pl. 7) ii 39 (NB laws), see Landsberger Date Palm p. 33; ZÚ.LUM.MA mi-ti-ti ša MU.13.KAM u MU.14.KAM ina pan LÚ.GIŠ.SAR.

- MEŠ dates, shortage (on the estimate) of the 13th and 14th years, charged to the gardeners CT 2 10b:1, cf. ibid. 21, cf. also 12 mašihu ... ina mi-ți-ti ša suluppī (from the estimate of year x, which were not paid) Moldenke 2 No. 10:2; x barley mi-ți-ti ša LÚ.ENGAR.MEŠ shortage of the farmers ZA 4 140 No. 9:9, cf., wr. mi-ți-i-ti ibid. 8; (the holder of the baker's prebend) 2 sìla mi-ți-is-su imandad will measure out two silas, his m. VAS 6 104:14; [...] mašihu mi-ți-ti ibid. 248:29; note 4½ sìla mi-ți-tum ša mašihu x (barley), the deficit due to (the difference in?) the standard ibid. 79:10 (all NB).
- e) of materials and finished goods 1' in OB, Mari: ana mi-tì-it ihzī sa[lmim] 1 ME GIŠ.IGI.KAK.HI.A KÙ.BABBAR šūpiš have one hundred silver pins made in order to (make good) the missing mountings of the statue ARMT 13 4:6; qitmam u annuharam ana me(!)-te<sub>4</sub>-et ekallim kaspam nittanaddinma ništana'am we keep spending silver to buy black and white paints to (make up for) the shortage of the palace (in these) ibid. 43:6; itti PN ZABAR.GAB alikma mi-te-e-ti leqeamma go with PN, the .... and take for me the missing (metals) UET 5 72:31 (OB let., coll.); KÙ.GI  $mi-\dot{t}i-ta-\langle am \rangle$  [i]  $ra\check{s}\check{s}i$  the amount of gold will diminish ARMT 13 18:14, cf. ibid. 16; GIŠ.IG.HI.A mi-tì-it-ka [la] takalla withhold the doors which you were short (when delivering) ARM 4 72:30.
- 2' in later texts: mi-ti-ti ša gušūri ... inaddin he will deliver the missing beams YOS 7 37:8; mi-ti-ti ša Kuš hi-in-du S<sup>†</sup> 76-11-17,1220:8;  $p\bar{u}t$  mi-ti-ti ša PN PN<sub>2</sub> naši  $m\hat{e}$  ul ikillaššu PN<sub>2</sub> is responsible for any shortage (of water) of PN, he will not keep back the water from him TuM 2-3 195:5 (all NB); uncert.: four textiles ša mi-ti-te Iraq 23 42 ND 2672:30, see Postgate Taxation 388:13.
- f) in work assignment:  $k\hat{\imath}$  ašar šanûmmu ittalku pūt mi-ți-tum ina dullu ša Eanna ina mešhi ša Eanna ... našû if they (the brickmakers) go elsewhere, they will be responsible for any shortage in the assigned stretches for Eanna BIN 1 126:13;  $k\hat{\imath}$  la ittannu 1 ma.na

mițitu mițțu

KÙ.BABBAR kūmu mi-ṭi-tú u iq-bi ša ana muḥḥi PN nadû ... PN2 ... inaddin if they do not deliver (the bricks), then PN2 (the guarantor) will give one mina of silver for the nonfulfillment and .... which are charged against PN TuM 2-3 108:10; kî mi-ṭi-tum ša dullušu u baṭlānu ša LÚ.KU.GAR. MEŠ ša PN šakna if any shortage in his work or any idling of the ....-men of PN occurs VAS 6 99:11; mi-ṭi-tum ša dullu ultu É-ka [t]ušallam you will make good with your own people any shortage in the work Gordon Smith College No. 109:19ff. (all NB).

g) other occs. — 1' with šakānu: nahla u KASKAL ana mi-te,-ti la išakkan he will not impair(?) the (bed of the) wadi and the road (sale of a field) KAJ 151:6f. (MA); mimma ša ana mi-ti-ti ša Ekur šaknu teppuša you do everything that is damaging to Ekur YOS 3 jānû illānuššu mi-ţi-ta-a tašakkan otherwise you will cause me, without this, a deficit CT 22 144:22ff., cf. mi-ti-tum u nušurrā ūmišamma(?) ištanakkanaššu decrease or reduction he will charge to him daily(?) TCL 12 86:14; mi-ti-ti rabītu ša Eanna [iššak]kan there will occur a large shortage for Eanna BIN 1 53:17; umma qāti DN «um-ma den» mi-ti-ti ša PN iltakan the "hand of Bel" caused the losses of PN TCL 9 146:14 (all NB).

2' other occs.: mi-ți-tú uškītu ina muhhi: kunu tadannin (otherwise) the future deficit will be too much for you (pl.) CT 22 112:17, cf. mi-ți-ti ina muhhišu TCL 9 113:20 (NB).

- 2. decrease, lessening: (your mind is) kumurrê gipiš tâmtim ša la išû mi-ți-[ta] the accumulated mass of the sea, which never lessens Lambert BWL 70:24 (Theodicy); (fish and birds) hegal apsî ša la išû mi-ți-ta the abundant yield of the sea, which never lessens Winckler Sar. pl. 36:170, also Lie Sar. 78:10, Borger Esarh. 90 § 59:7; [...] ša nība la išû kaspu hurāṣu ša la išû mi-ṭi-i-tū Bauer Asb. 2 74 K.2524:7; see also (referring to sexual potency) Izi C, in lex. section.
- 3. humble self (NB): since the day that you left I have not seen a message of yours

u la taddalah ana muhhi mi-ti-ti-ia and do not worry about me (lit. my humble self) Thompson Catalogue pl. 2 C 4:6 (= Ebeling Neubab. Briefe No. 294); why have I not heard news from you? enna kî balṭātu idātika mi-ṭe-e-ti lu-bil-ma lurqud now let me (lit. my humble self) acknowledge(?) that you are well and I will dance (for joy) Iraq 18 53 No. 38:12.

For VAB 6 228:19 (= CT 4 19a) see  $m\bar{\imath}tu$  usage a-1'.

mitru s.; (a small canal, ditch); SB; cf. mitirtu.

 $pa_5.$ šità =  $r\bar{a}tu$ , mi-it-ru, mi-ti-ir-tu Hh. XXII Section 8:5 ff.

ú-šu-uš GAx NUN = mi-it-ru Ea IV 247; [ú]-šu-uš Ú.[GAxNUN] = mi-it-ru Diri IV 15; hu-ul-pad(?) IGI.UR.RU.GAR = mi-it-ru Diri II 144; hi-ri-im KI.KAL = mi-it-ru (var. to pitru, q.v.) Diri IV 266.

[a.pa<sub>5</sub>].ra.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) mu.un.dib.dib.bé.eš:  $k\bar{\imath}ma~m\hat{e}~mit$ -ri uşabbitu: they (the demons) seized like the water of the ditches CT 17 27:23.

[ir]-mu, mi-it-ru, mi- $[\dots] = mi$ -tir-tum CT 18 2 i 47ff.

usekkir mi-iṭ- $r[i \dots]$  AfO 18 48 C r. 23 (Tn.-Epic).

See discussion sub *mitirtu*. For *mi-ṭá-ar* MRS 6 47:12 see *mitar*.

miţţu (mēţu, mīţu) s.; mace; OB, MB, SB, NA, Akk. lw. in Sum.; wr. syll. and GIŠ.TUKUL.DINGIR.

mi-tum giš.Tukul.Dingir = ka-ak-ku ša i-lim (var. ka-ak [i]-[lim]), mi-it-tum Proto-Diri 162f., cf. me-iţ-ţu giš.Tukul.Dingir, giš.Tukul.BAD = MIN (= kakku) ša dingir, MIN ša tāḥazi Diri II 258f., see also Ea I 161f., cited kakku lex. section; giš. Tukul.Dingir = mi-it-tu Ai. VI iii 37; Tukul. dingir = mi-[tum] Proto-Aa 26:1; giš.mi.it.tum, [giš.tukul].mi.it.tum = šu-ma Hh. VII A 12f., cf. giš.mi.tum, giš.mi.tum.sag.50 MSL 6 150:85 f. (Forerunner to Hh.).

[guruš] šu.šilig.ga giš.tukul.dingir si.ig : [etl]u ša ina qātišu elletu me-et-ta našū young man holding a mace in his pure hand Lugale I 5; [mi].tum.e (later recension giš.tukul.dingir) kur.šè ka ba.ab.du<sub>8</sub>: mit-tu ana šadī pīšu pi-i-ti Lugale II 35; mi-tum (later recension: giš. tukul.dingir) zú.šeš.e sag im.húb (later recension: sag im.hub.hub): mit-tu ša šinna marru ummānu ukammar Lugale V 21; ud.zú.ninnu.mu mi.tum.an.[...] (later recension: dUd.zú.ninnu giš.tukul.dingir nam.an.na. mu mu.e.da.gál.la.à[m]): dud.zú.ninnu-ú

miţţu miz'u

miţ-ți anūtija našákum[a] Angim III 26; GIŠ. TUKUL.DINGIR an.ta.gál zag nam.lugal.e túm.ma: miţ-ţu saqû sa ana idi šarrūti sūluku 4R 18 No. 3:31f.; mi-ţuGIŠ.TUKUL dur\_x(ŠEN).tab. ba ulgfr.gal mul.mul ni-irNf.clr ak.ak.da.zu: ina mi-ţu pāstu namṣaru u mulmulli ina gitaššuriki RA 12 74:13f.

me-e-tu (var. mi-it-tu) = kak-ku LTBA 2 1 iv 60, dupl. 2:126.

a) as a weapon of gods: mi.tum tukul za.nim sag.pirig the m., a weapon of ....-stone, with the head of a lion SAKI 134 xiii 23, cf. ibid. 128 vii 14 and 24 (Gudea Cyl. B); mu mi.ì.tum sag.ninnu ba.dím.ma the year the m. with the fifty heads was made RTC 197 r. 9, 198 r. 13, 199:5 and r. 3 (year name); for other refs. in Sum., see Falkenstein, ZA 48 110 n. 3; mi.tum sag.ninnu mu.na.dím he made for him a fifty-headed mace PBS 15 46:8 (Išme-Dagan); iškun Anu me-it-ta la pādā Anu provided the unsparing weapon Tn.- Epic "ii" 27, ef. ina mi-ți-šu la pādî ulatti muhha En. el. IV 130; iššima GIŠ.TUKUL.DINGIR (vars. (GIŠ) miţ-ţa) imnašu ušāhiz En. el. IV cf. imittašu mit-ta (var. mi-iţ-ţa) *iṣbat kakkašu rabâ* Cagni Erra IIIc 51; [... me]-lam-me mi-i[t-ti] u u\*p[ari] (in broken context) En. el. V 154; (the demon) ina imittišu giš me-i-tu naši ZA 43 17:49, cf. ša me-tu ina qāti[šu ...] KAR 97 r. 13, also (the lamassu figure) nāšāt giš miţ-ţi u kippate TCL 3 375 (Sar.), Winckler Sar. pl. 45 C 60; tame-eh me-ti KAR 104:29; [mi]-it-tu-uk-ka $ab\bar{u}[bu]$  KAR 337:14 (hymn to Marduk); GIŠ (var. omits) me-ţu ša ana pan me-ţu (var. GIŠ.TUKUL.DINGIR) nanduru tebû (referring to MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ = Sirius) KAR 76:16, see ArOr 21 403, also Iraq 7 116 (= Fig. 5) No. 38:5; tilpānu giš.Tukul.dingir giš.[...] divine emblem) LKU 31:9; dgiš.TUKUL. DINGIR. mi-t[u]. [BAD] (one of the councilors of Ningublaga) CT 25 21:19 (list of gods).

b) other occs.: hatta kippata [GIŠ].TUKUL. DINGIR agâ ... ana šarri [inaddin] RAcc. 145:448, cf. 144:416; HA.ZI.IN mi-it-[tu] u GIŠ. MAR KÙ.BABBAR an ax, a mace, and a spade of silver BE 17 28:16 (MB let.); 1 GIŠ.TUKUL. DINGIR ša par[zi]lli hurāşu uhhuz one mace of iron with gold inlay EA 22 i 38 (list of gifts

of Tušratta), cf. 10 giš.Tukul.dingir.meš ša [siparri] ibid. iii 55, narkabāti kaspi qašti kaspi išpat kaspi miṭ-ṭi kaspi ḥaṭṭi kaspi TCL 3 382; 1 giš.Tukul.dingir dukdi one mace made of dukdu-wood ADD 978 ii 3.

mițu s.; lowness, loss; OB, SB\*; cf. matû v.

ina mīli nāri ēpušanni ina mi-ti nāri ēpušanni she has bewitched me at the height of the flood, she has bewitched me at the low water level of the river Maqlu III 120, also UET 6 410 r. 3, see Iraq 22 224; [ina mīl] nāri ēpušanni ina mi-it nāri ēpušanni BBR No. 16 r. 9; kīma ... ištu GN ana GN<sub>2</sub> mi-ta-am la iraššûma in order that the barley not suffer any loss (in transit) from GN to GN<sub>2</sub> ABIM 28:46 (OB let.).

For Syria 19 123:8 (= ARM 6 8) see mīlu.

mițu see mițtu.

mițūtu see mițītu.

mizkiru see miskiru.

mizru s.; (wool treated in a certain way); lex.\*; cf. mazāru.

[sig ...] = mi-iz-ru, hibšu Hh. XIX 42f.

[hi]-ib- $\delta u = mi$ -iz-[ru], [mi]-iz-ru = ha-ab- $\delta [a$ -na-tum] Malku VI 10f.

Cf. Aram. *mizrān*, see Weisberg, HUCA 39 73.

miz'u (mez'u, mizu) s.; (a type of beer and wine); OB Alalakh, SB, NA; cf. mazû v.

kaš. ť.[sa zíz.] M = dišiptuhhi = me-ez-'u, kaš. hal. hal = hal-hal-ú = min Hg. B VI 72f., in MSL 11 86; geštin me-zu AfO 18 340 ii 11 (Practical Vocabulary Nineveh).

- a) a type of beer: see Hg., in lex. section; tašatti mi-zi-'-ši-na kurunna you (Šamaš) drink their (people's) m., the kurunnu-drink Lambert BWL 136:161 (hymn to Šamaš); 1½ parīsu-measures of emmer wheat ana mi-iz-zi DUMU.MEŠ LUGAL for m.-beer for the king's sons Wiseman Alalakh 269:22, see JCS 13 28.
- b) a type of wine (NA): see AfO 18 340 ii 11, in lex. section, cf. GESTIN me-zi (beside karān

mīzu mû A

 $l\bar{a}ni$ , q.v.) ADD 1010 r. 10, 1024 r. 11, 1029 r. 7; 100 DUG.ŠAB.MEŠ ša mi-zi (for the royal banquet) Iraq 14 35:131 (Asn.).

mizu see miz'u.

mizzi see miz'u.

mu A particle; prefix of the participle; lex.\*

ga = mu-ú Izi V 90, see MSL 4 198; lú = mu-ú Erimhuš I a 3; lú, ga = mu-ú NBGT I 403 f.

The Sum. preformative ga- and the compounding element lú (e.g., in OB Lu) correspond to Akkadian participles; from these the prefix mu- is abstracted in the cited vocabularies. For ga- used to form active participles see Civil, JAOS 88 10.

mu B particle; (mng. unkn.); gramm.\*

LI = ma-a, mu-ú, lu-ma-a, li-ma-a NBGT IX 46-49; mu = lu-u, ša anāku, ni-nu // mu-ú ibid. 121-123; ar = mu-ú ibid. 207f.

mu see muk.

mû A (mā'ū) s. pl. tantum; 1. water, 2. fluid, liquid matter (other than water), 3. mê qātē basin (of metal) for washing the hands (after a meal), 4. wavy line (as ornament); from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and A(MEŠ) (A.HI.A AfO 12 53 r. i 2, MA); cf. ēṣid pān mê, iṣṣūr mê, kalab mê, māmū, mû A in bīt mê, mû A in rab mê ša šarri, mû A in ša mā'īšu, mû A in ša mê, mû A in ša muhhi mê, ummi mê.

a-a A = mu-[ú] A I/1:101; [e] [A] = mu-[ú] ibid. 36; me-e A = mu-ú ibid. 115; a A = mu-ú Ea I 7;  $A^{[mu]-u_4}$  Proto-Kagal 234; [e] [A] =  $[mu]-u_4$  MSL 2 126 i 11 (Proto-Ea), a A = mu- $u_4$  ibid. 15; a, [e] = mu-u Igituh I 292f.; ú. $A^e$  = NINDA ú A bread and water Izi E 279.

eš A = mu- $\acute{u}$  Ea I 6; eš A = mu- $\acute{u}$  Recip. Ea A v 23; še-e šE = mu- $\acute{u}$  A VII/4:38.

[A].ICI mun.na = mu-û ţābtim salty water (i.e., tears) Proto-Kagal Bil. Section E 19; [a.geš]tú. [ga] = mu-û uznim ibid. 20; a.bal = tibik me-e ibid. Section B 12; a.[bal].bal = me-e [ma]-qi<sub>4</sub>-a-tim, a.bal.[ba]l.bi.šè = me-e [ni]-qi<sub>4</sub>-šu ibid. 13f.; [a.sur.ra] = [me]-[e] šu-ri, [a.yar.ra] = [me]-e ha-ar-ri, [a.nim.ma] = [me]-[e] la-wi-ra-ni, [a.sig.ga] = me-e i-pi-ri, [a...] = me-e ša aš-ri-i-tim, me-e ša as-me-a-ti ibid. Section C 5ff.; [a.bi]. ga.zé = me-e [x]-[...], [a.zu].ma.li.li = mu-u<sub>4</sub>

za-ab-x-tum ibid. Section D 1f.; a.naga = me-e  $u_4$ -hu-li ibid. 5; [zid.a].tag.ga = qi-me me-e lap-[zid.a].nu.tag.ga = min min la minHh. XXIII v 15f.; pa<sub>5</sub>.a.dé.ae-ta-a = pal-gu me-e ub-lu,  $pa_5$ . a.  $d\acute{e}$ .  $d\acute{e}$ . a = pal-gu MIN it-ta-nab-ba-luHh. XXII Section 8:10f., cf. ibid. 9a'-b', 11'; a.zé.eb.ba = a.dùg.ga = A.MEŠ ta-bu-tu Emesal Voc. III 70; dug.a.kúm.ma = karpat me-e emmūti jar for hot water Hh. X 71, dug.a.še4.dè = MIN MIN kaṣûti jar for cold water ibid. 72;  $[l\dot{u}.a.k\dot{u}m].ma = \delta a me-e em-mu-tim, [l\dot{u}.a.\dot{s}e_x]$  $(M\dot{U}\dot{S}.DI).d]\dot{e} = \delta a \ me-e \ ka-s\acute{u}-tim \ CBS \ 11071:3f.$ (OB Lu C); il-lu A.KAL = mu-ú dan-nu-tú, mu-ú aš-tu-tú Diri III 138f.; a.bùru.da, a.bùru.da. da = mu - u r[u - qu - tum] Nabnitu O 162f.; a.ga. nu.til.la = me-e ra-bu-te Igituh short version 171; a.mar.ra = a.gar.ra, a.ma.ma = a.gá.gá =A.MEŠ rahāşu Emesal Voc. III 67f.; a.mar.ra = a.gar.ra = A.MEŠ šahātu ibid. 69; a.mar.ra = mu-u[...] OBGT XVII 4.

uš be = sekēru ša A.MEš to dam up, said of water Idu II 246; ni-gi-in NIGIN = [sekēru] šá A.MEŠ Diri I 341;  $[\ldots] = [\min(=[e] \cdot de \cdot [lu]m) \delta]a$  A Nabnitu G 11; nag = šagū ša A Nabnitu L 266; a.KAŠ<sub>4</sub> = šūlū ša A.MEŠ Nabnitu M 161; dé = MIN (= šapāku) ša A Nabnitu K 66;  $[\ldots] = [MIN (= sa-a-bu)]$  me-e to draw water,  $[...] = [a-b]a-lu \delta a$  me-e Antagal D b 19f.,  $ga-al_GAL = MIN (= petû)$  ša me-e Antagal D 63, also ibid. b 35; a.dib.ba =  $es\bar{e}ru \ \&a$  A.[MEŠ] Antagal B 219; hal.hal = min (= ga-ra-ru) ša me-e Antagal III 23; ka.peš, ka.dar, ka.lá, ka. gur<sub>5</sub>.uš, ku.ku.ru = MIN (= kalû) ša me-e Nabnitu X 250-254;  $[\ldots] = ka-lu-u$  ša A.MEŠ Antagal E c 22;  $[\ldots] = sa-la-hu$  ša me-e 5R 16 iv 20 (group voc.); [x].še.ri, [a].íl.e, a.ki.ta.GIM4, a.ki.ta  $DUL+DU.d\dot{e} = MIN (= \bar{\imath}nu) \check{s}a$  A.MEŠ Nabnitu I 181–184; [di-ri] [SI.A] = [...]- $du \delta \hat{a}$ A.MEŠ Diri I 27; e.Ku.ba.sur.sur.ra = MIN  $(= \delta i - in - ta - [tu]) \delta a$  me-e  $x - [\dots]$  Nabnitu Q 93.

a.šà.ga a ib.ta.a[n.dé].e = eqla A.MEŠ išaqqi he will irrigate the field Ai. IV i 51, also ibid. ii 32; a ib.ta.an.ba[l.e] = A.MEŠ idallu he will draw water ibid. ii 35; a šu.na bi.in.sud = A.MEŠ isluhšu he sprinkled water upon him Ai. VI i 44.

ú [nu.un.d]a.an.kú.e a nu.un.da.an. nag.[e]: akala akāla ul ile'i me-e šatā ul ile['i] CT 17 31:25f., cf. a dùg.ga nu.mu.ra.an.nag. ab: me-e ṭābiš ul išatti KBo 7 l r. 11f.; a.bi dug.šè ù.mu.e.ni.ši.in.gi4: me-e šunūti ana karpati tīrma return that water to the pot CT 17 32:9f.; a.ginx(gIM) hé.en.gál.e: kīma me-e litbukušu may they pour him (the demon) out like water CT 17 35:60; É.ul.maš é.bar.ra.zu a mud.da.ginx mu.un.tag.en: ina Eulmaš bīt pirištiki damī kīma me-e innaqqū 4R 19 No. 3:5f.; a.túl.ginx a.gi6.a nu.tuk: kīma me-e būrti agia ul išu CT 4 8a:5f. and 19f. (OB); mul.an. ginx sur.sur.ra a.ginx gi6.a al.du.du: kīma kakkab šamāme iṣarrur kīma a.meš mūši illak CT 17 19:11f.; giš.šinig.ga mú.sar a nu.

mû A 1a mû A 1b

nag.a.mu : bīnu ša ina musarê me-e la ištû 4R 27 No. 1:3, cf. ibid. 12f.; a sag.gá.na.šè u.me.ni.dé: me-e [ana] qaqqadišu [šupuk] pour water on his head 5R 50 ii 65f., cf. a kù a sikil. la a.šen.šen.na ugu.na dé.a : me-e ellūti me-e ebbūti me-e namr[ūti elišu šupuk] ibid. 8f., cf. also JCS 21 11:22; a.nam.šub ka.zu ba.an.sum. ma: me-e šipti ana pīka iddi he has put into your mouth water (over which) an incantation (has been recited) 4R 25 iv 14f.; zu.a.zu a.da hé.mu.e. da.gi<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>4</sub> (later recension: e.da hé.en.da.ab.  $gi_4.gi_4$ ): mudūka ana me-e litīrka (see mudû lex. section) Lugale XI 24; a.túm.ma = ina me-e nēhūti Lambert, JNES 33 290:21; a.bùru.da = ina me-[e] šaplūti ibid. 22; ki.sì.ga a.dé.àm: ana  $kas\bar{a}p \ kisp\bar{\imath} \ u \ na-aq \ me-e \ CT \ 17 \ 37 \ K.3372+ : 7 \ and$ 9; a dMu.bar.ra šu.mu.un.da.ab.ha.za: tāmih Girri u me-e 4R 9:49ff.; gaba.a é ma.an. ni.gub: ina irat me-e bīta īpušamma SBH p. 101 r. 7f.; íd.bi a nu.un.túm.e : nāršu me-e ul ubbal SBH p. 114:9f.; a tu<sub>5</sub> tu<sub>5</sub>.da.a.na: me-e (var. A.MEŠ) rimki ina r[amākišu] JCS 21 6:47; a šu.nu.luh.ha igi im.ma.an.sum : me-e qātī la misâti ītamar CT 17 41 K.4949:10; i.ne.šè a.e (earlier recension omits e) kur da.rí.šè ki.a nu.um.ex(DU6+DU).dè: inanna mu-ú [dāri]š ištu erșeti ana šadî ul illû now forever water will not rise from the underworld to the mountains Lugale VIII 26; for other bil. refs. see dalāhu, ramāku, sâbu, saḥālu, salāḥu, ṣarāru, tabāku, ṭebû.

ba-a, še-u = mu-ú Malku VI 203f.; la-i-ra-nu = A.MEŠ pa-ši-ru-tu, anzananzû, asurrakku,  $ar\bar{u}$ ru = A.MEŠ šap-lu-tum Malku II 51ff.; a-ru-ru = mu-se-e-mu-u ibid. 55f., ma-a-mu = mi ibid. 57; a # e-du-u = A.MEŠ na-šu-u, a-ba-sig-ga = A.MEŠ na-šu-u ibid. 58f.

[kib]-su A TAG-ma = kibis me-e talappatma CT 41 34:2 (Alu Comm., to Tablet CIII); A // me-e 5R 39 No. 4:6; A // me-e Ebeling Wagenpferde 37 Ko 16; \$^440(= Ea) // mu-\u00e4 Biggs, RA 62 54:17 (LB comm.); CIŠ mu-[u] STC 2 pl. 54 K.4406 r. i 11 (comm. to En. el. VII 83); ana A.MEŠ // m\u00e9-e-ma EA 148:31, and passim in EA.

1. water — a) with ref. to drinking: NINDA.HI.A uttû ina ramnija ul ākul A.MEŠ uttû ina ramnija ul ašti the bread I found I did not eat myself, the water I found I did not drink myself MDP 14 p. 47:4 and 6 (= RA 9 66), cf. K.8870:5'f., also OECT 6 22 K.3153 r. 1ff., see Lambert, JNES 33 278:83ff.; ana laqi iṣṣē laqi A.MEŠ ana šitî to get (fire) wood and to get water to drink EA 154:18, cf. EA 151:39, cf. also jānu A.MEŠ u jānu iṣṣē EA 151:43, EA 149:51 (letters of Abimilki); itti nammaššê A.MEŠ iṭīb libbašu he (Enkidu) found pleasure in (drinking) water with the animals Gilg. I

ii 41; ša a.meš dalhūte išattû u a.meš zakûte  $l[a \ išatt\hat{u}]$  AnSt 5 98:27 (Cuthean Legend); samu-[... um] $m\bar{a}nam$  me-e  $i\check{s}aqqi$  rain(?) will provide water for the army YOS 10 42 iv 49 (OB ext.); nakru idukkannima ina Kuš nada-ti.mu a.meš iša[tti] the enemy will defeat me and drink water from my waterskins CT 31 28:21; ummānī ina harrān illaku summû işabbassima A.MEŠ NU DÙG.GA.MEŠ išattīma imat my army will be overcome by thirst on a campaign it will go on, will drink bad water and will die CT 207:24; marsu ne-hu GAR NINDA.HI.A ikkal u A.MEŠ išatti for the sick person there is a respite ahead, he will eat food and drink water Boissier DA 249 iv 9 (all SB ext.); mātu A.MEŠ titalli išatti the country will drink water (that tastes) of ashes ACh Sin 25:43; NINDA u A muttu he has no appetite for food and drink AMT 48,2:2; A.MEŠ ana šatê magal îtenerriš he keeps on asking for water to drink Labat TDP 224:52f.; I sat down upon a mountain boulder and A.MEŠ nādi kaşûti ana şummêja lu ašti drank cold water from a water skin to (quench) my thirst OIP 2 72:40 (Senn.);  $a\check{s}ar n\bar{a}ru la i\check{s}\hat{u} \dots A.ME\check{s}$ būri ina dilûti erín. Hi. A ušašqi where there was no stream I had the troops drink well water (brought up) with a hoisting device Borger Esarh. 112:18; Sippar ... in Purattu issīšuma ... me-e irēgu ana sâbu the Euphrates receded from Sippar and the water was too far away to be drawn VAB 4 64 i 16 (Nabopolassar); akalē ittišunu ul akkal A.MEŠ ittišunu ul ašatti I will not eat bread with them nor drink water with them ABL 1240 cf. ninda.meš u a.meš attadin ABL 1260:10; akalu lu me-e alheme I tasted (no) food or water CT 22 4:12; let them send us silver ana a ninda.meš niddin so we can buy water and food YOS 3 133:34 (all NB letters); ina ersetim ețemmašu me-e lišașmi may he let his spirit thirst for water in the underworld CH xliii 40; ețemmūšu me-e zakûti liltû may his spirit (text pl.) drink pure water VAS 1 54:19; see also 31:25f., etc., in lex. section.

b) with ref. to irrigation: ana PN me-e idimma eqelšu lišqi give water to PN so he

mû A 1b mû A 1b

can irrigate his field Sumer 14 75 No. 48:5; ana itêj[a] me-e tanaddin JCS 24 66 No. 66:12, cf. ibid. 13, 23; šukussam ... me-e lišqû CT 29 18b:14, cf. kunukkī anniam ina amārika me-e idinma eqlam ša PN lišqû YOS 2 115:7; me-e mullīma ana errēšim idinma fill (the canal) with water and supply it to the farmer UCP 9 335 No. 11:6; a good field ša ana me-e which is situated (favorably) for šaknu irrigation TCL 7 1:11; ištu inanna UD.5.KAM mé-e ipettûnim five days from now they will open the water for me ABIM 28:13, cf. ibid. 11 and 14; eqlam ša ... ana me-e elûma la imkuru the field which lies too high for the water and could not be irrigated TCL 7 18:12; ina la me-e še'um ina eqlim la ittabši CH § 48:7; šukussātišunu ša ina la me-e nadia their sustenance fields which are fallow for lack of water TLB 474:30; kima tidû mu-ú ina nārim ul ibaššûma as you know, there is no water in the canal TLB 4 29:5; iD GN the GN canal is sekirma mu-ú ul ibaššû blocked and there is no water VAS 16 115:9; ina šukussātini ašar 1 SAR kirâm me-e nišaqqû ul ibašši there is no spot in our allotted fields where we could use irrigation for even one sar of garden Sumer 14 44 No. 20:8; ina id GN mu-ú matûma the water has gone down in the GN canal (and does not reach our field) TCL 7 39:7; šumma PN me-e iktalāniāšim ana bēlini nišapparam we will write to our lord if PN withholds the water from us ABIM 6:15; me-e ītekmuniāti they took the water away from us A 7455:23, see Rowton, JCS 21 271; ahum aham ina me-e la udarrasu (see darāsu mng. 2) TCL 7 23:28 (all OB letters); mašqīt PA5 me-e PN irrigation through the PN canal MDP 23 209:4; eqelšu ammini me-e la išatti why is his field not getting any water? PBS 1/2 19:18; fD Bini ablat u mu-ú ina libbiša jānu the Tamarisk Canal has dried up and there is no water in it JCS 19 97:14; GN ... ina la me-e nadi GN has been abandoned for lack of water BE 17 24:20; gišimmarū ina me-e ... īlû JCS 19 97:37;  $u \not t a t u \dots b a n \bar{a} t \wedge m u - \dot{u} m a - \dot{a} - d [u] u$ zinnānu ittalku the barley looks good, there is plenty of water, and the rainy season is over BE 17 28:24 (all MB letters); ina A.MEŠ

nār šiqītišu nušurrā la šakāni not to reduce the water in his irrigation canal MDP 2 pl. 22 iii 4, cf. ibid. 7; ša ... eqlēti šināti ana nak: kamti me-e išakkanu MDP 10 pl. 12 iv 4, cf. ibid. ii 6; GIŠ.SAR ... A.MEŠ lišqû let them irrigate the garden HSS 14 33:8, cf. ibid. 10f.; A.MEŠ ina libbi eqlēti muššir release the water into the fields ibid. 31:12; gugallu ša GN A.MEŠ ittadna the canal inspector of GN has assigned the water HSS 9 32:5, cf. AASOR 16 naphar x Túl.meš a.meš i-ša-ka-ú x wells which supply water for irrigation HSS 13 240:23 (all Nuzi); A.MEŠ šunātunu ... ilagge egelšu išaggi he may take that water and irrigate his field KAV 2 vi 16 (Ass. Code B § 17), cf. ibid. 2; note referring to rain water: šumma A.MEŠ ša Adad ša ana šīgi ana šakāni illukūni ibašši ibid. 21 (§ 18); eqel šamaššammī A.MEŠ NU išaggi he must not irrigate a field of flax KAR 177 r. i 12, and passim in hemer.; ina la šalimti šēp A.MEŠ šanīš šēp mīli (if the sign is) in the unfavorable area, sign (lit. foot) sign of a flood of water, alternatively: Boissier DA 211 r. 20, cf. ši-ip(!) ma-e šakin there is a sign of water JAOS 38 82:9 (MB ext. report); ta-mit GIRII A.MEŠ 79-7-8,84 iii 18 (courtesy W. G. Lambert); ana erēbi mār šipri šaqût A.MEŠ u herê nāri šalmat favorable for the coming of a messenger, for irrigation, or for digging a canal TCL 6 6 i 4 (SB ext.); palgu bābil A.MEŠ šurdūti ihrīma TCL 3 203 (Sar.); A.ME ana mīriš šei u šamaššammī ušamkara I provided water for the cultivation of barley and flax OIP 2 80:23 (Senn.), cf. (referring to water for Nineveh) A.MEŠ pattāti ša ušaķrû ibid. 19; see also hegallu, milu, nuhšu; šE. NUMUN ša me-e ultu nār Enlil išattû a field irrigated with water from the Enlil Canal TuM 2-3 143:22, also, wr. A.MEŠ ibid. 12; šaqūtu ša A.MEŠ (among responsibilities enumerated in a contract) ibid. 135:8, cf. pūt šagūtu ša me-e ... naši ibid. 137:10; nārāti iherrûma me-e ušasbatu' they will redig the canals and provide them with water 125:8, and passim; me-e gapnu išaqqu he irrigates the fruit trees VAS 5 49:9; ašar me-e mațû me-e ul ikarrik ul išaqqû where water is insufficient, he does not block the water and does not use it for irrigation YOS 3 84:21;

mû A 1c mû A 1c

kirki me-e ana tamirti ul ilû BIN 1 76:33; ša ultu bābišu adi šilihtišu ašar A.MEŠ-šú illa' from its head to its outlet, wherever the water reaches TuM 2-3 147:4; ina ūmu adi la adannišunu A.MEŠ ildidu' (if) they draw water (from the reservoir) when it is not their turn BE 9 7:18, for other occs. see sibittu mng. 3; me-e ... ana še.numun ša PN ul ikallû they will not shut off the water from PN's field VAS 6 66:21, and passim in texts from NB Nippur and Uruk; ēnu ša A.MEŠ bītu ... laqiu (the palm groves) the spring and the dwelling are sold ADD 468:10; note referring to damage caused by irrigation: aššum eqlam mu-ú ublu because the water ruined the (planted) field TLB 4 7:21, cf. eqelšunu mala mu-ú [i]t[balu] OECT 3 53:17, also bamassu mu-ú itbalu ibid. 9; see also biblu B mng. 1; if a man does not keep his irrigation canal in repair u ugāram me-e uštābil and thus causes water to damage the farmland CH § 53:15, cf. §§ 54:29, 55:36, 56:42, the field ina me-e tebīma panī eqlim ul āmur is completely under water and I could not see the surface of the field 128:23; for officials connected with irrigation note: PN dajānu ša A.MEŠ BE 10 91:17, PN DI.KUD [šá] me-e ša íD.[...] PBS 2/1 2:15 (both LB Nippur); uncert.: Lú șa-bit me-e (among craftsmen) 82-7-14,1946 r. 10, cf. sabit me-e Nbn. 866:2 (both NB).

c) in rit., med., and divinatory contexts: ina ahi nāri qaqqara tašabbit A Kù tasallah you sweep the ground at the edge of the canal and sprinkle holy water 4R 60 K.2587:15, cf. Or. NS 36 34:5, also a kù.ga šub.šub-diBBR No. 58:4, A KÙ.MEŠ tanagqīma Or. NS 36 34:10; LÚ.TUR ša SAL NU ZU-u ina nāri A.MEŠ isabba a youth who has not had sexual relations with a woman will draw water from a canal STT 73:119, see JNES 19 35, cf. ina  $n\bar{a}rim \ [x-p]u-ra \ ma-i \ [\ldots] \ draw(?) \ [pure]$ water from the river JNES 14 17 No. 7:17 (OA inc.); ina A.MEŠ irammuk GIŠ bīnu ana A.MEŠ tanaddi ... zumuršu tumašša' washes with water, you put tamarisk into the water (and) massage his body with it Biggs Šaziga 64 r. 3; ina bāb A.SIKIL.LA me-e tëlilte assalih at the Gate-of-Pure-Water I was sprinkled with water for purification Lambert BWL 60:88 (Ludlul IV); Ištar A.MEŠ balāti isluhšima he sprinkled the water of life upon Ištar CT 15 47 r. 38 (Descent of Ištar); 8-ú pirsu É sa-la me-e (subscript) BMS 48:18, cf. én é rimki én é sa-la-' A.MEŠ BMS p. xix K.2832 + :2 (inc. catalog),  $b\bar{i}t rimki$ bīt ša-la me-e (among rituals performed) ABL 437:18 (NA); PN imâtma PN, mārassa me-e inaqqīši when 'PN dies 'PN2, her (adoptive) daughter, will libate water for her BE 14 40:15 (MB); aplam na-aq me-e likimšuma may (Ninurta) take from him the son who would libate water for him MDP 2 pl. 23 vii 10, for other refs. see naqû, see also CT 17 37:7 and 9, in lex. section; nišē māt Aššur ša adê . . . ana naṣār šarrūtija ina A.MEŠ u šamni itmû the people of Assyria who swore an oath with water and oil to safeguard my rule Borger Esarh. 43 i 51, cf. En. el. VI 98; he will swear ina A(!).ME ì.GIŠ by water and oil Iraq 15 151 ND 3441:9 (NA), also ADD 61:7, wr. ina me-e ina šá-me-ni Iraq 25 pl. 26 BT 128:6, see Deller, Bib. 46 349f.; kirâm legēma šaptija me-e luput take the palm grove and touch my lips with water PBS 7 6:11 (OB šumma ì.giš ana me-e addima u me-e ana ì. GIŠ ina nadėja ì. GIŠ [...] u me-e-šu apir if I put oil on the water and when I put water on the oil the oil [rises] and is coated with water YOS 10 57:3, and passim in OB, SB oil omens, cf. A.MEŠ ana šamni inaddi he (the diviner) puts water on the oil BBR No. 1-20:121, cf. šamna ina A.MEŠ natālu JCS 21 132:17; šumma nāru kīma A bārî šamna şur: rupu if the river is spotted with oil like the water (used for lecanomancy) by the diviner CT 39 14:22 (SB Alu); A.MEŠ nagbi KÙ.MEŠ uštēšera ana pūt alpi STT 73:115, see JNES 19 35; A.MEŠ nāri irammuk he washes in river water RAcc. 133:218 (New Year's rit.); 3-šu me-e ana pan iltim inaddi three times he puts water before the goddess RA 35 2 r. iv 5 and 10 (Mari rit.), cf. me-e ana qat šarrim inaddin ibid. 12; ana ilāni ša šamê A.MEŠ I give water to the gods of the anandin heavens Maqlu I 47, cf. A.MEŠ ana qāt ilāni tanaddin BBR No. 75:4; ilāni ākilu mû A 1d mû A 1g

aklija šātū me-e-a the gods who eat my food (offering) and drink the water of my (libation) KAR 38:16, Wr. NAG A.MU ibid. r. 26; ikrib mār bārî ina A.MEŠ pāšu u gātēšu ulluli prayer for the diviner while (he is) purifying (ritually) his mouth and hands with water BBR No. 96:3 and 97:7; A būrti A nāri A hirīti [A].NÍG.ÀR.RA well water, canal water, ditch water (and) .... (see mundu discussion section) Or. NS 24 262 r. 5, and passim; masha: tum u sasqû[m] ša ina me-e rasnu — mashatuflour and sasqû-flour which have been soaked in water RA 35 2 i 24 (Mari rit.); ina A.MEŠ tanaddīma ana mul tušbât ina ūri taša[kkan] you put (the ingredients) in water and set (them) out in the open on the roof overnight Biggs Šaziga 55 iii 14 (Bogh.), and passim in similar contexts, cf. naphar 11 abnë 10 šammë annûti ana A tanaddi ina UL tušbât 16,3:6; ina A ina tinūri tesekkir you put (the ingredients) in water in an oven AMT 13,1 ii 4, and passim; A u KAŠ ina ŠEN.TUR tušabšal you boil water and beer in a kettle 80,7:2; ina A kasûti išatti he drinks (the medication) in cold water Köcher BAM 92 iii 14, cf. itti A.MEŠ išatti AMT 48,2:14, also ina A balu patān išatti Küchler Beitr. pl. 14 i 14; A.MEŠ kaššāpūti išqûninni they have given me bewitched water to drink KAR 80 r. 30; one of the daughters of Anu A.MEŠ hi-i-li ilput pūssa daubed her forehead with water for (easy) birthgiving Iraq 31 31:60, cf. ibid. 59, and see hâlu C; note referring to the water ordeal: me-e ilqe me-e ušellīma ... ina me-e illima MDP 24 373:5 and 8, for other occs. see elû mngs. 2c-3' and 9f, and see Hirsch, RA 67 75ff.

d) referring to subterranean water: ittagpušu A.MEŠ nagbi the subterranean waters have amassed Lambert BWL 178:27 (fable); 45 NINDA ušappilma ušakšid A.MEŠ nagbi qereb ma-a-me šaplānu aban šadî danni aksīma I dug down 45 measures and reached the water level, in (that) water, at the bottom, I set massive mountain boulder(s) OIP 2 113 viii 9 (Senn.), cf. adi muḥḥi A.MEŠ lu ušappil AKA 220:17 (Asn.); hirīssu aḥrêma šupul mé-e akšud I made an excavation for it (the

wall) and reached the water level VAB 4 74 ii 17 (Nbk.), and passim in similar contexts in Nbk.; (a well) 10 ina ammeti šupulša adi me-e AOB 1 38 No. 1:13 (Aššur-uballit I), cf. ēnum ma-ú-ša AOB 1 8 No. 2 ii 5 (Ilušuma), see ZA 43 115; see also SBH p. 101 r. 7f., Lugale VIII 26, Malku II 51ff., in lex. section.

- e) in mê šamê rain water: šumma ina me-e šamê muṣa'irānū ma'du if there are many frogs in the rain water ACh Adad 31:62, cf. šumma me-e šamê kīma [...] ibid. 55ff.; ummānka ṣamīti Adad A.MEŠ AN-ti NAG-ši Adad will give your thirsty troops rain water to drink TCL 6 2 r. 14 and 21 (SB ext.), dupl. CT 28 44 r. 10 and 19; me-e šamê [i]šatti YOS 10 18:51 (OB ext.).
- f) in  $m\hat{e}$   $m\bar{u}\tilde{s}i$  dew: see CT 17 19:11f., in lex. section.
- g) other occs.: aṣ-ba-sú ki ma-ì ... ápru-uk-šu ki nārim I seized him like water, I blocked him like a canal 3N-T30:1 (OAkk. inc.), cited MAD 3 p. 166; x silver ana gamrim ša ma-e tabākim gamir has been expended for the costs of "pouring" water (list of expenditures en route) TCL 20 155:1; PN ma-e i-zi-ri-šu-nu la išattīma PN .... water (but) does not drink (it) BIN 429:44; SI.A-tim a-ma-e asahhur TCL 20 103:13 (all OA); šumma pani šamê kima me-e ibašši if the surface of the sky looks like water 310:13 (OB astrol.); [n]apištašunu kima A.MEŠ nādi lig[ti] may their life come to an end just as water in a waterskin AfO 18 294:77 (SB inc.); [iša]hhuh dīmtašu kīma A.MEŠ nādi his tears drop like water from a waterskin Lambert BWL 180:9 (fable); napulti ummā: nātišunu rapšāti kīma A.MEŠ lu atbuk AOB 1 120 iii 22 (Shalm. I), cf. napištašu kīma A.MEŠ litbuk MDP 2 pl. 17 iii 34 (MB kudurru), nap: šassu kīma A.MEŠ litbuk Hunger Kolophone No. 234:10; adi ūm baltu šarka u dama kīma me-e lirmuk as long as he lives may he be bathed in blood and gore as with water MDP 2 pl. 23 vii 25, and passim in kudurrus; ummānišu rapšāti ša kīma me-e nāri la ūtaddû nībašun his extensive troops whose number, like water in a river, cannot be discerned 5R 35:16

mû A 2a mû A 2a

(Cyrus), see VAB 34, cf. (offerings) kima me-e nāri la ni-bi-im VAB 4 90 i 26 (Nbk.); ina GIŠ.GIGIR.HI.A ša me-e tazzaz ana me-ma-an tatūrma you stand on chariots of water, you wish you had turned to water KBo 1 11 r.(!) 11 (Uršu story), see ZA 44 120; šapal tibnim mu-ú illaku (proverb?) ARM 10 80:13; bird A.MEŠ  $m\bar{u}ti$  everywhere are the waters of death Gilg. X ii 25; illik āribima garūra ša A.MEŠ *īmurma* the raven went out and saw the receding of the waters Gilg. XI 153; x gur of barley and dates ina muhhi me-e ina mašīļu ša Bēlti ša Uruk ana Bēlti ša Uruk inandinu they will measure out for the Ladyof-Uruk in the measure of the Lady-of-Uruk on the levee AfK 2 107:19, cf. Dar. 110:10, wr. ina muhhi me-e GAL.MEŠ on navigable water TCL 12 73:11, and passim in NB; me-e rabûti kīma gipiš tāmti ... māḥāza uštalmi VAB 4 166 vi 72, for other refs. see gipšu mng. la; ummānī A.MEŠ ikallû water will delay my troops Boissier DA 9 r. 24, cf. ERÍN-ni mu-ú ikallû CT 44 37:14 (OB ext.); ana pan ummān nakri A.MEŠ ubattagma mālak ummān nakri aşabbatma ummān nakri adāk CT 2013 r. 2 and 5 (SB ext.), cf. nakrum me-e ubatta: qamma YOS 10 18:67 (OB ext.); šarru bēlī uda ERÍN.MEŠ A.MEŠ la ila'û the king, my lord, knows that the troops cannot (cross) the water ABL 312:13 (NA); inanna 4 ammātim Habur *īlamma kaluma ana ša me-e-ma itūr* now the Habur has risen four cubits and everything is under water Syria 19 123:28 (Mari let.); note referring to the marsh area: PN ša ina 12 bēr qaqqaru ina A.MEŠ U GI.AMBAR.MEŠ šitkunu šubtu Borger Esarh. 52 iii 73; in the name of a canal: me-e-KAL.KAL MDP 6 32 i 24, Wr. A.MEŠ.KAL.KAL 1R 70 i 3 (Caillou Michaux), see also KÁ.GAL A cited abullu mng. 1b.

2. fluid, liquid matter (other than water)
— a) of human and animal bodies — 1' of
the human body — a' in gen.: ú ma-ú-šu
i-pí-šu-ma illuku and his water will come out
of his mouth Belleten 14 226:43 (Irišum);
šumma amēlu qaqqassu A ukâl if a man's
head contains fluid AMT 2,1:4; if he is sick
for many days A.MEŠ SA5.MEŠ ina šuburrišu
illaku and red water comes out of his rectum

Labat TDP 154:17, cf. šumma ... A NU ušērid ibid. 236:51; A.MEŠ ša zumrišu u musdti ša qātēšu JNES 15 138:101 (lipšur-lit.); difficult: kīma me-e ša-te-e ina nakkapti (vars. kīma i-šat me-e, ki i-šá-at A.MEŠ ina pūti) kīma šīnāti ina birīt purīdi like a suppurating abscess(?) from the temples, like urine between the legs Köcher BAM 398 r. 13, vars. from ibid. 141:9, STT 136 i 43; see also Proto-Kagal Bil. Section E 19f., in lex. section, and see agannutillā, malū adj., and malū v. mngs. 1c-2' and 2a-2'.

b' in the phrase ina mêšu at birth (lit. with its amniotic fluid, OB only): šumma awīlum ṣeḥram ina me-e-šu ana mārūtim ilqēma urtabbīšu if a man adopts a child at birth and rears him CH § 185:33, cf. (a baby) 'PN ištarītu . . . ina me-e-šu u damīšu īzibšuma [an]a 'PN<sub>2</sub> [mušē]niqti taddiššuma (see damu mng. 1a-3') MDP 23 288:8; PN KI PN<sub>2</sub> AD.A. NI ù PN<sub>3</sub> AMA.A.NI.IR PN<sub>4</sub> ina me-e-šu ana mārūtim šu.BA.AN.TI PN<sub>4</sub> adopted PN from PN<sub>2</sub>, his father, and PN<sub>3</sub>, his mother, at birth YOS 12 331:6.

of the animal body — a' in ext.: šumma qutun marti qû sabitma A.MEŠ marti NU È.MEŠ if the neck of the gall bladder is held by a filament and the gall fluid cannot get out CT 30 15 K.3841:13, also TCL 6 2:54; šumma ... A.MEŠ marti ana sihhi A.MEŠ sihhi ana marti uštaddanu if there is an exchange of fluid between the gall bladder and the cyst(?) (and) between the cyst(?) and the gall bladder CT 28 44 r. 7, also TCL 6 2 r. 12, for other refs. see sihhu usages a-1'b'-2'' and a-2'b'-3"; šumma šitta z£.meš-ma maṣraḥ= šina ahê A.MEŠ-ši-na SUM.SUM.MEŠ-ma (see masrahu) KAR 423 iii 23, ef. martum ... šitta mi-ši-na (la) uštanaddana YOS 10 60:3f. and 5 (OB ext.), and passim with šutaddunu (see na: dānu), cf. RA 65 73:61; šumma rēš marti . . . meša uštahaq KUB 472 r. 2 (liver model), and see hâqu A mng. 1; šumma martum mu-ša ana šina zīzu if the fluid of the gall bladder is divided into two YOS 10 31 x 27 (OB ext.); A.MEŠ marti TU.MEŠ u È.MEŠ the fluid of the gall bladder keeps coming in and going out CT 30 50 Sm. 823:18, and passim; martu ...

mû A 2b mû A 4

me-ša la umaššar KUB 37 216:a2 (liver model); šumma martu kīma nādi A.MEŠ-šá išaḥḥal if the gall bladder strains its fluid like a waterskin KAR 423 iii 19; A.MEŠ sāmūti ulu peṣūti Boissier DA 19 iii 49, and passim in SB ext. with various colors; šumma rēš nīri me-e naši if the top of the "yoke" carries fluid YOS 10 42 iv 30, cf. [šumma] GÚ.UR<sub>5</sub> me-e mali if the windpipe is full of fluid YOS 10 36 iv 1 (both OB ext.).

b' referring to broth: ina A.UZU ŠAḤ kab[ri] in fat pork broth(?) KUB 4 51:5 (med.),
cf. A.UZU u UZU kab(!)-ra ikkal AMT 37,1:3,
A.UZU ŠAḤ kabrūti išatti AMT 80,1:13, Wr.
A.UZU GUR4 Küchler Beitr. pl. 8 ii 11, cf. AMT
26,4:6; 2 sussulku ša A.UZU HSS 15 130:19
(Nuzi); ummar A.MEŠ UZU BBSt. No. 36 v 15;
DUG maziu A.MEŠ UZU ADD 1030:8, also ADD
1005:7, and passim in ADD, always wr. A.MEŠ;
see also ummar mê.

b) plant juice or infusion made of medicinal plants, sap of a tree: ana libbi A kasî talâ[š] you knead (the medications) into an infusion of kasû KUB 37 26:3; ina a gazi.sar tarabbak AMT 20,1 obv.(!) i 37, and passim tasammidfor salves, exceptionally in a potion: A GAZI.SAR ... balu patān išattīma Beitr. pl. 9 ii 47, Wr. A.MEŠ GAZI.SAR AMT 68,1:12; \$\frac{1}{2}\$\frac{1} one-half sila of date infusion, one-half sila of kasû-infusion Küchler Beitr. pl. 13 iv 48, cf. for other occs. see kasû AMT 39,1 i 9; usage b-4'; me-e bīni KUB 37 33:4, for other occs. see bīnu A usage c-7'; ina A nurmî kaşûti in cold pomegranate juice Küchler Beitr. pl. 8 ii 14, also Kücher BAM 3 iv 28, for other occs. see nurmû; A Ú urnê AMT 76,1:16; A GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A Köcher BAM 168:40, and see šunû; A Ú lišān kalbi A Ú karān šēlibi AMT 11,2:28; ina A kukri A suluppī AMT 43,1 ii 9; ina ... me-e ú-ru-ul bulug.sar AMT 68,1 r. 2, see also buqlu usage d-5', kanaktu; ina A šim. HI.A šāšunu in infusions of those aromatics AMT 33,1:4, cf. a ú.hur.hur a ú.nu.luh.ha A MUN A ŠIM.HI.A kališunu Köcher BAM 168:46; exceptionally said of the sap of a tree: šumma GIŠ.GIŠIMMAR A-ša illaku CT 41 19:10 (SB Alu).

- c) chemical solutions: [x A bī]ni x A šunî x A MUN ina dišpi u šikari [išatti] he drinks x infusion of tamarisk, x of šunû, and x of salt water with honey and beer Küchler Beitr. pl. 9 ii 51; A NAGA.SI (to wash a sore) AMT 74 ii 36; A MUN u NAGA KUB 37 3:8; see also gaşşu in mê gaşşi.
- 3. mê qāti basin (of metal) for washing the hands (after a meal): 2 DUMU.MEŠ É.GAL A-NA LUGAL SAL.LUGAL ME-E QA-TI pé-eda-an-zi lugal sal.lugal šu.meš-šu-nu ar-ra-an-zi two palace attendants bring the basin for hand-washing to the king and queen, the king and queen wash their hands KBo 4 9 ii 16f., cf. KUB 10 54 ii 6ff., dupl. KUB 10 3 i 31 f., and passim in Hitt. royal rits.; A.MEŠ ištu A.MEŠ ŠU<sup>II</sup> itabbak he pours the water out of the basin MVAG 41/3 62 ii 21; A.MEŠ šu<sup>II</sup> ša uqarrabuni the basin which they bring KAR 219 r. 4, see ZA 51 138:52, cf. Or. NS 21 137:11; A.MEŠ ŠU<sup>II</sup> inandin LKU 51 r. 30; A.MEŠ ŠU<sup>II</sup> ana Anu inaššīma he offers the water basin to Anu RAcc. 90:33, 92 r. 12, and passim in RAcc., A.MEŠ ŠU<sup>II</sup> šarra DIBthey move the water basin in 'u-nim-ma front of the king RAcc. 144:413 (New Year's rit.); me-e šuII u kitinnê a water basin and a linen (towel) YOS 3 194:16 (NB let.); note with ref. to the pitcher for pouring water into the basin: ištēt qabūtu ša A.MEŠ ŠUII 1 MA.NA kaspi šugultaša ABL 438 r. 6 (NA); šulpu ša me-e šu<sup>II</sup> ša ziqqurratu (weighing fifty shekels of silver) Dar. 373:9, cf. kalla ša me-e šuII (weighing eighty shekels of silver) ibid. 7; dug haşbu ša A.MEŠ Šu.MEŠ MVAG 41/3 62 ii 20; note in a divine name: dNa-din-me-e-qá-ti Deimel Pantheon No. 2252, cf. Šurpu VIII 9; in a personal name: <sup>1</sup>Me-e- $\S U^{II}$ -dNa-na-a UET 4 3:15, also ibid. 8 (NB).
- 4. wavy line (as ornament): gissiāni A.MEŠ h[úb]-bu-[ú] the rungs (of the bed) were plated(?) with water ornaments Streck Asb. 298 iii 27, also A.MEŠ ina muhhi hubbû ibid. 296 iii 22, cf. A.MEŠ ibid. 298 iii 26, see Bauer Asb. 2 p. 50 n. 1, and Iraq 12 40; the figurine is painted white u A.MEŠ ina IM.MI uṣṣur and has wavy lines drawn with black paint KAR 298:6; A.MEŠ hurāṣi ša taqbûni

mû A mû B

the golden water-ornaments about which you spoke to me ABL 580:9 (NA); 21\frac{3}{4} shekels of gold 2 me-e ša paššūri ša DN (for) two water-ornaments on the table of Nanâ GCCI 1 370:1, cf. x gold ana batqa ša me-e ša paššūri to repair the water-ornaments on the table ibid. 6; 3 me-e kaspi ina paššūri ša DN LÁ-ti three water-ornaments are missing from the table of Sin YOS 7 185:26 (both NB); ina pīšu mu-ú šuqalluluni from its (the snake-headed purādu-fish monster's) mouth wavy lines hang down Köcher, MIO 1 72 iii 54.

mû A in bit mê s.; 1. bath house, 2. land suitable for flood irrigation; SB, NB; wr. £ A.MEŠ; cf. mû A.

- 1. bath house: ana É A.MEŠ la irrub KAR 177 r. ii 27 (hemer.).
- 2. land suitable for flood irrigation: ina zēri É A.MEŠ ŠU<sup>II</sup> šalšu zitti mê u ina bīt dālu 3-ú zitti mê niddin u ana 1 gur še.numun É A.MEŠ ŠU<sup>II</sup> 1 gín kù.BABBAR ... niddin (for translat. see dālu B in bīt dālu) BE 9 7:9 and 11, cf. É A.MEŠ (beside É nizlu land irrigated by seepage) YOS 6 40:19.

Laessøe, JCS 77 n. 8.

mû A in rab mê ša šarri s.; (a profession); NB\*; cf. mû A.

x silver ša lapan PN bēl piqittu ša PN<sub>2</sub> LÚ.GAL A.MEŠ šá LUGAL ina qātē PN<sub>3</sub> našâ which is with PN, the official, which PN<sub>2</sub>, the overseer of the king's water, had brought from PN<sub>3</sub> Nbn. 245:3.

 $\mathbf{m}\hat{\mathbf{u}} \mathbf{A}$   $(m\hat{a}\hat{u})$  in  $\mathbf{\tilde{s}a}$   $\mathbf{m}\hat{\mathbf{a}}\hat{\mathbf{l}}\mathbf{\tilde{s}u}$  s.; (a fine quality);  $OA^*$ ; cf.  $m\hat{u} \mathbf{A}$ .

- a) referring to textiles: total of x textiles lu SIG<sub>5</sub> lu qabliūtum lu ša qātim lu kusiātum lu ša ma-e-šu Kültepe a/k 629:6, also (in similar enumeration) a/k 524:5; 40 MA.NA URUDU ši-im ša ma-e-šu tal-qė 30 MA.NA i-ši-im kutānim talqe 5 MA.NA i-ši-im ša ma-e-šu talqe Kültepe c/k 182:1 and 5 (all refs. courtesy K. Balkan).
- b) referring to gold: Kù.GI lu ša ma-i-su lu kuburšinnum (do not send me) ša mā'īšu-

quality gold or kuburšinnu-gold (only pašallu-gold) TCL 4 46:17.

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade p. 181.

mû A in ša mê s.; (an occupation); Nuzi\*; cf. mû A.

barley ana ša A.MEŠ HSS 14 48:6, cf. x sìla še ša A.MEŠ (among professions and names of persons) HSS 14 47:22.

Perhaps an occupation dealing with irrigation. For ša mê šūlî "dipper" see elû v. in ša mê šūlî.

mû A in ša muḥhi mê s.; official in charge of the water supply; NA lex.\*; cf. mû A.

[LÚ  $\delta a$ ] [UGU] A.MEŠ (preceded by [LÚ  $\delta$ ]a UGU kanni) STT 385 iii 21, in MSL 12 235.

mû B s. pl. tantum; cult rites, divine orders; OB, Mari, SB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. (A.MEŠ Lambert BWL 40:29).

me.e.zu: me-ki SBH p. 121 r. 17f.

- a) in OB: šarrum ša...ušūpi'u me-e DN (see apū A mng. 4b) CH iv 63; wašib šarrum ša ullulu mu-ū-šu the king whose cult performances are kept pure is present JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 9 vi 16 (OB); atypical: kalušu m[e-e] ša ilimma ukūl everyone obeys the orders of the deity ARM 13:7.
- b) in OB personal names: Mannum-me šu-liṣṣur Who-Could-Follow-His-Divine-Rites BE 6/2 38:9, 14:23, 64:5, wr. -me-e-šu OECT 8 6:6, and passim in OECT 8, see Index; Uṣur-me-e-dṢamaš Follow-the-Rites-of-Ṣamaš CT 8 37a:21; Ellu-mu-ú-šu Pure-Are-His-Rites BE 6/2 36:4, 7f., 13, UET 5 95:3.
- c) in SB: me-e-ki ul aṣṣu[r] I have not followed your prescribed orders AfO 19 51:70; uṣār ana mātija me-e (var. A.MEŠ) ili naṣāri I directed my land to follow the prescribed rites of the god(s) Lambert BWL 40:29 (Ludlul II); me-šú-nu (var. mi-šu-nu) imēšu he despised their (the gods') rites ibid. 38:17, cf. me-e-ka amtēš PBS 1/1 14:26, see Lambert, JNES 33 274:25; ina qereb šamê ellūtu inandin me-e-[šú] in the midst of the

mû C muballittu

shining sky he proclaims (his) rites PSBA 20 156:20.

In AfK 1 27:40 read šu-me-e-ša "her names."

mû C s.; (an object); OB.\*

1 mu-ú (between nalpattu and laḥaruḥšu) UET 5 882:13.

mu'arriru s.; auxiliary force; Mari\*; cf. na'arruru v.

ana kakkī [...] itti mu-ḥa-ri-ri-im iṭḥêma iddūkušu u 5 rēdê ittišu iddūku he approached the battle with an auxiliary force but they killed him, and they killed five soldiers together with him ARM 1 90:12.

mu'āru s.; man, hero; SB.\*

mu-a-ru(var. -ri), a-ja-ru, mu-tum, mu-ru-šu-ú = et-lum Malku I 167 ff., also Malku I App. E 10, see JAOS 83 439.

mu-'-a-ru BU.BU.LU ša emūqān ṣīrāte DN išrukuš experienced hero, to whom Nudimmud has granted superior strength Winckler Sar. pl. 48:6.

\*muāšu see \*mâšu.

muātiš see mâtu mng. lb-l'b'.

muātu see mâtu.

\*muā'u see \* $m\hat{a}$ 'u.

mubabbilu s.; (an acrobat or a juggler); OB, Mari\*; pl. mubabbilūtu; cf. abālu A.

lú.dùg.bad = pe-e-ti bi-ir-ki-im, lú.dùg.lah੍4. lah⁄4.e = mu-ba-bi-i-lum OB Lu A 69f.; lú.dùg. lah⁄4.lah⁄4.e = mu-ba-ab-bi-lum OB Lu B ii 32; dùg.lah⁄4.lah⁄4.e = mu-ba-bi-lu Kagal I 329.

[warki] ākilim mu-ba-ab-bi-lum uba[b]bal warki mu-ba-ab-bi-lim ša humūšim iṭeḥhū after the ākilu-performer (sword swallower or fire eater), the m. performs (and) after the m., the wrestlers come forward RA 35 3 r. iii 16ff. (Maririt.); LÚ.MEŠ mu-ba-bi-li (in obscure context) ARMT 14 82:17; obscure: ZA.HA.DA UD.KA.BAR NA4.KIŠIB ša IPN ù mu-ba-ab-bi-lu-tim CT 48 45:6 (OB).

The Sum. equivalent dùg.bad points to the acrobat represented with bent knees (the so-called Knieläufer), see, e.g., H. Kantor, JNES 21 104ff.

muballițānu s.; person who has kept someone alive; MA; cf. balātu.

šumma ina lumni bal[lu]tat ana mu-bal-li-ta-ni-ša [za]kuat if she was kept alive during the time of starvation, then she belongs to the one who kept her alive KAV 1 v 35 (Ass. Code § 39).

Cardascia Lois assyriennes 200.

muballittu s. masc. and fem.; 1. barrage, weir (in a canal), 2. cage, 3. (a perforated container for aromatic herbs), 4. (a type of boat); OB, Mari, EA; masc. EA 14 i 61 ii 8, pl. muballiţātu; ef. balāţu.

giš.má.ti.la = mu-bal-lit-tum (var.  $\S U$ -u) Hh. IV 268.

- 1. barrage, weir (in a canal): kalakkam mādam anassah ana nārim šâti mu-ba-al-li-ittum ša tēram ana nārim rabītim i-ša-[ah-h]atu ul ibaššīma I am undertaking a large excavation (because) there is no barrage for this canal to let the silt wash into the large ARM 3 79:11; mu-ba-al-li-it-tum ša canal šūrim ... ša aššum nahlim epšet inūma nahlum GN itbukam aššum nahlim mu-ba-al-litam šâtu ušēširu as to the barrage of reeds which was built because of the wadi — when the wadi GN overflowed they arranged this barrage because of the wadi ARM 6 4:5 and 9, cf. šaplam ša  $m[u-b]a-[li-i]t-tim m\hat{u}$ imṣûma 4 qanātim bitqam urtappišu the water has reached the (full) depth of the barrage and they have had to widen the opening by four reeds ibid. 13; MU RN mu-ba-li-itta-am ša abnim ipušu year when Zimrilim built a barrage of stone ARM 9 194:13, 195:11, ARMT 11 255:10, 256:15, 257:13, note the vars. mu-ba-li-it-tam and mu-ba-al-li-taam cited ARMT 12 p. 200 n. 2, cf. also MU RN ša mu-ba-al-l[i-t]à-tim īpušu Studia Mariana 59 No. 31b.
- 2. cage: nēšam šêtu ana mu-ba-al-li-it-tim ša iṣṣī ušēribma I made this lion enter a wooden cage ARM 2 106:20; anāku ana mu-

mubannû mubassiru

ba-al-li-it-tim našėm ana GN ašpur Syria 48 14:15.

- 3. (a perforated container for aromatic herbs): 1 mu-bal-li-it-tù șihru ša hurāși one small golden container for aromatics EA 14 i 61, ii 8, ii 69; 1 mu-lbal-li-it-tù șihirtu ša šin pīri one small container of ivory for aromatics ibid. iv 16; as a feminine personal name: Mu-ba-li-it-tum YOS 5 70:1 (OB).
- 4. (a type of boat): see Hh. IV, in lex. section.

Oppenheim, JNES 11 137.

mubannû s.; cook (who prepares, arranges, and serves food to the gods), temple cook; NB; pl. mubannî (Aram. pl. mubannija Nbn. 579:6); ef. banû B v.

- a) in rits.: imna u šumēla ša mašmāšē 2 Lú mu-ban-nu-ú two temple cooks on the left and right of the conjurers RAcc. 102 iii 16.
- in adm. texts: Lú mu-ban-ni.meš (preceded by Lú.Tu.É.MEŠ) OECT 1 pl. 20:9; LÚ mu-ban-[ni] (in group with LÚ.SIPA.[...], LÚ.MÁ.[LAH4]) ibid. 22, cf. ibid. pl. 21:19; PN LÚ mu-ban-nu-ú PN, LÚ.DÍM (among holders of the ērib bīti-, sirašû-, and tābihu-prebends in the Ištar and Nanâ temple) AnOr 8 44:20, also (in ration list among sirašů, nuhatimmu, ţābihu, bā'iru, lú.É.Dù.MEŠ) lú mu-ban-ni-ia Nbn. 579:6, also Lú mu-ban-ni.meš (beside LÚ.É.DÙ.MEŠ) Nbn. 259:6; LÚ mu-ban-ni-i BBSt. No. 22 i 8; PN [apil] LÚ [nappāhi] u Lý mu(!)-ban-ni-šú VAS 4 122:4; a field ina TIR ša LÚ mu-ban-nu-ú.MEŠ BE 8 108:1; as family name: LÚ Mu-ban-nu-ú VAS 3 157:16, BE 8 108:3, LÚ  $\langle Mu \rangle$ -ban-nu-ú VAS 3 155:11.

The use of bunnû as established sub banû B mng. 4 usages b and especially c determines the meaning of mubannû (and mubannûtu, q.v.).

Refs. wr. Lú.Dím (such as, e.g., Nbn. 27:5, AnOr 98:8, etc.), also "family names" (such as, e.g., TCL 1219:30, 65:13), are cited subitinnu A.

Oppenheim, ArOr 17/2 231 n. 7.

mubannûtu s.; prebend of the temple cook; NB; cf. banû B v.

LÚ sirašūtu LÚ nuhatimmūtu [LÚ m]u-bannu-ú-tu isiq LÚ ērib-bītūtu BBSt. No. 35 r. 14; isiq LÚ mu-ban-ú-tu ša bīt [...] (followed by ṣāḥitūtu maḥrītu) Evetts App. 3:3, cf. (also beside ṣāḥitūtu) isiq LÚ mu-ban-nu-[ú-tu] bīt Šamaš ša Sippar AJSL 27 213 RCT 6:2, cf. 4 ITI LÚ mu-[ban-nu-ú-tu] ina É.BABBAR u 4 ITI.MEŠ [ina ...] ša bīt DN kī pî [...] ibid. 4; GIŠ.ŠUB.BA LÚ mu-ban-ú-tu pani Šamaš bēl Sippar BM 63824:3 (= 1882-9-18,3792); baṭlu ša LÚ mu-ban-nu-ú-tú CT 49 150:16.

Refs. wr. LÚ.DÍM-(nu)- $\dot{u}$ - $t\dot{u}$  (e.g., BRM 1 98:3, 2 22:2, 5, etc., 24:2, etc.), should be read  $itinn\bar{u}tu$ , and added s.v. (CAD 7 (I/J) 298a).

mubarrimu s.; dyer; lex.; ef. barāmu B.

Lứ [mu]-bar-ri-mu, Lứ muṣappi'u Bab. 7 pl. 6 v 14 (NA list of professions), in MSL 12 240.

mubarrû (muberrû) s.; member of the temple personnel who presents offerings, announcer(?); MB, SB, NB, Akkadogram in Hitt.; ef. burrû v.

- a) in MB: (rations for) PN  $\lceil mu \rceil$ -bi-ir-ru- $\lceil \acute{u} \rceil \lceil \ldots \rceil$  PBS 2/2 20:39.
- b) in NB: PN Lú mu-bar-ru-ú (among the prebend holders ērib bīti, sirašû, tābihu of the Ištar and Nanâ temple) AnOr 8 44:16, Lú mu-bar-ru ša našappu m. of the "bowl" ibid. 13 (NB).
- c) in SB: Lứ mu-bar-ru-u ṣalam ddi.kud, Lứ zazakku ṣalam dpa.bil.sag CT 24 50 BM 47406 r. 4 (list of gods); mu-bar-ru-ú (in broken context) Gordon Smith College 110:15 (comm.).
- d) in Bogh.: Lú mu-bar-[...] (in broken context) KUB 3 126:9 (let.); as Akkadogram in Hitt.: GAL LÚ MU-BAR-RI-I KBo 4 10 r. 32, KUB 26 50 r. 27, PN GAL LÚ.MEŠ MU-BAR-RI-I Ugaritica 5 770 No. 1:24.

The MB ref. muberrû possibly represents another word.

Kümmel, UF 1 161.

mubassiru (mupassiru) s.; messenger; Mari, NA; ef. bussuru.

mubattiru mūbû

a) Mari: PN Nuzê u Lú mu-ba-si-ri ana GN [ištan]appar at regular intervals PN sends Nuzians(?) and messengers to GN ARM 517:4; oil ana pašāš mu-ba-si-ri ša ištu maḥar RN illikūnim for ointment for the messengers who came here from Išmedagan ARM 775:3, cf. (presents of gold and silver jewelry to three persons called) 3 Lú.ERÍN.MEŠ mu-ba-si-ru ibid. 156:7f.

b) in NA: maḥḥû ša ina pan DN illakūni Lứ mu-pa-si-ru šû the ecstatic who goes before DN is a messenger ZA 51 134:28, 154:32 (cultic comm.); ša mu-ba-si-ri ša ina UD.10.KAM [...] (in broken context) KAV 202:5.

mubattiru s.; (an insect, a field pest); SB; cf. butturu.

uh.tu.ra = tu-ul-tu Hh. XIV 271, uh.tu.ra = mu-bat-ti-ru ibid. 272; [uh].dúr.ra = mu-bat-ti-ru = a-ki-[lum] Hg. B III 25, in MSL 8/2 47; uh(text +ur).dúr.ra = mu-bat-ti-rum(text -tum) Izi J ii 5.

mu-bat-ti-ir A.ŠA = qu-qa-ni A.ŠA Uruanna III 214, in MSL 8/2 60.

INIM.INIM.MA  $[m\bar{u}]na$   $\bar{a}ki[la$  mu-bat-ti-ra][ṣāṣira samāna] kalmat eqli ina libbi eqli šūlî incantation to remove caterpillar, "eater," m., cricket, red bug, (all) the vermin of the field STT 243 r. 1 (inc.), cf. muna ākila [mu $ba]t-ti-r[a \ldots]$  sāsira samāna [kal]mat eql[i] ...  $\tilde{suli}$  ibid. obv. 9,  $[\tilde{a}ki]lu \ m\bar{u}nu \ mu-bat-ti$ ru arrabu [ina libbi] eqel ugāri ša tarammu *šūlīšunūti* K.8072:11 (unpub. namburbi, courtesy R. Caplice), see Borger, Or. NS 26 3; ākilu mūnu mu-bat-ti-ru ašar šaknu aj ibbanû let the "eater," caterpillar, (and) m. not breed at the place where they are now K.2629:8, dupl. K.5897:11, see Or. NS 40 155, and Reiner, JNES 26 189f., mu-nu a-ki-lu mu-b[at-ti-ru] K.2596 iii 14,  $m\tilde{u}nu$  [ $\bar{a}kilu$ ] mu-bat-ti-ru 79-7-8,84 ii 6 ( $tam\bar{\imath}tu$ ); as medication: mu-batti-ra ša eqli ina lipî tuballal you mix a m. of the field with tallow (and bandage his heels with it) AMT 75 iv 19.

Landsberger Fauna 129.

mubbibu s.; official in charge of clearing from claims; Mari; pl. mubbibū; cf. ebēbu.

[L]Ú.MEŠ mu-ub-bi-bi šarrum ana ṣērika iṭarradam the king will send to you officials in charge of the general clearing ARM 1 129:26; mu-ub-bi-bu š[a ...] (in broken context) ARM 1 87:18.

For the mng. see ebēbu mng. 2c-3' and tēbibtu.

mubbi'u s.; (mng. uncert.); OAkk.\*

mu-bi lu tīda take cognizance of my warning(?) (end of letter) JRAS 1932 296:41 (let.).

Gelb, MAD 3 195.

mube'išu see mubeššu.

mubennû adj.; creator; lex.\*; cf. banû B v.

sag.mú.mú = mu-bé-nu-ú, musěšeru RA 16 166 ii 39f., dupl. CT 18 29 ii 34f. (group voc.).

muberrû see mubarrû.

mubeššu (mube'išu) s.; stirrer; MA; cf. be'ēšu.

šamna ana libbi ta[tabbak] ina mu-be-š[e t]ube'aš you pour oil into it (the mixture for perfume), stir with a stirrer KAR 220 r. iii 9, cf. KAR 222 i 19, ii 17, see Ebeling Parfumrez. p. 30ff., also ibid. p. 25 i 15, 26 ii 1, wr. mu-be-i-še ibid. p. 37 i 4 (= KAR 222 iv).

mubē'û s.; investigator, searcher; Nuzi\*; ef. bu'û v.

 $daj\bar{a}n\bar{u}$  PN LÚ mu-be- $\hat{u}$  ištāluš the judges questioned PN, the one who searched (for the stolen meat, for context see  $bu'\hat{u}$  v. mng. 1b-3') JEN 397:12.

mūbû s.; thickness; NA; cf. ebû.

A plank of wood 26 cubits long, one cubit wide ammar eşemti mu-bu-ú one-third cubit thick ABL 130:12, also, wr. mu-bu-u ibid. r. 5, 8, 12, 15, 18; [x] littētu ... eşemtu rupussu: [nu] x mu-bu-u ša meḥri šina x footstools, one-third cubit wide, x thick, of meḥru wood ABL 467:24 (coll. K. Deller); ina 200 tipkī libitti ša šizû [...] mu-bu-šá elâniš adi pašqišu rēšīšu ulli I made its top higher by

\*mudabaru mudasû

two hundred courses of bricks of one-third [cubit] thickness up to the copings Iraq 7 90:8 (Senn.).

## \*mudabaru see madbaru.

mudādu s.; beloved one; OB (occ. only as personal name); WSem. lw.

Mu-da-du-um BIN 9 39:5, CT 6 48a:15, VAS 8 60:5, CT 48 117:11, and passim in texts from Sippar, also YOS 5 148:48, BIN 7 150:4, UET 5 327:17, 482:8, JCS 14 123 No. 103:17.

Stamm Namengebung 248.

mudaju see amūdaju.

mudakkiu (or mutakkiu) s.; (an object); NA.\*

1 mu-tàk-ki-u MIN  $(= hur\tilde{a}si)$  ... 1 mu-dak(or  $-t\acute{a}k$ )-ki ša  $hur\tilde{a}si$  ADD 933 r.(!) 5, 7.

mudakkû see mudekkû.

mudallihu s.; (an official?); NB\*; cf. dalāhu.

PN LÚ mu-dal-li-hu ša 15 ša Nār Sin PN the m. of the right side of the Sin Canal BE 9 59:6.

## mudammiqatu see mudammiqtu.

mudammiqtu (mudammiqatu) s.; (a broom or sprinkler made from palm tree branches); NA\*; cf. damāqu.

giš.níg.gán.ša<sub>6</sub>.ga.gišimmar, [giš.níg.gán.s]è.ki = mu-dam-me-iq-tu Nabnitu R 192f., cf. giš.níg.gán.sè.ki.gišimmar = [tar-mi-i]k-tum Nabnitu XXIII 290; sag.kud (vars. sag.kud.dar.a, sag.kud.da.a) = ad-du-na-nu-um, mu-dam-mi-qá-tum Silbenvokabular A 60, vars. from Studies Landsberger 23:61 and p. 26.

mu-dam-me-qa-a-ti šiltā $h\bar{\imath}$  nadānu to give the m.-s (and) arrows (is the duty of the alahhinu-official of the Aššur temple) Ebeling Stiftungen 24 ii 10 (NA).

mudammiqu s.; (a skilled craftsman); Mari; cf. damāqu.

awilû šunu ... itti 10 Lú.MEŠ mu-da-mi-qí awilû šunu udammiqu (whether) these men,

together with ten m.-s, have done (us) favors ARM 2 141:14; naphar 48 mu-da-mi-qú <sup>PN</sup> wakil išparātim naph[ar] 49 mu-d[a-mi-qú] in all, 48 m.-s (including 5 LÚ.TÚG.DU<sub>8</sub>, see kāmidu), (and) <sup>PN</sup>, the overseer of the weaver women, in all, 49 m.-s ARM 7 184 r. 3 and 6, cf. ibid. 198 iii 30.

Mng. suggested by etym. and the ARM 7 ref. In ARM 2, *mudammiqu* possibly has the general mng. "person who does good deeds."

mudānūtu in la mudānūtu s.; ignorance; NA; ef.  $id\hat{u}$  v.

lippī ammûte ina la mu-da-nu-te inaššiu they apply those tampons inexpertly ABL 108 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 252; ša ana šarri ... išpura[nni] ina la mu-da-[nu-te] šû he who wrote to the king was ignorant ABL 618:12, see Parpola LAS No. 66, cf. (in broken context) [i]na la mu-da-nu-te ABL 1175 r. 4.

mudasû s.; list (of persons to whom fields are distributed); OB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and MU.DA.SÁ.

im.mu.da.sa<sub>4</sub> =  $\S$ U-u Hh. X 448; im.mu.da. sa<sub>4</sub> =  $\S$ U-u = qa-tum šá tup-pi Hg. A II 121, in MSL 7 113.

MU.DA.SÁ ša s $\bar{a}bim$  š $u\bar{a}[ti]$  ...  $[\check{s}\bar{u}]bilam[ma]$ in]a DUB MU.DA.[SA] ša rēdî linnasih send me the list of this crew so that it can be removed from the list of  $r\bar{e}d\hat{u}$ -soldiers LIH 36:10 and 13; kakkarātim ana mu-da-si-i attadi u mu-da-sa-a ana x x uštērib I have put down (all) the plots on a list and I have brought the list into the .... CT 4 19a:23f., see Frankena, AbB 2 90, cf. eqlum ša ina muda-si šatru PBS 8/2 226 r. 4; DUB MU.DA.SÁe u IGI.DU<sub>8</sub> ša ilkim eššim the m.-list and the IGI.DU<sub>8</sub>-list concerning the newly imposed service duties TCL 7 22:11, cf. GABA.RI DUB MU.DA.SÁ ša MU.NI ša A.ŠÀ YOS 13 12:1, also gaba.ri kanīkātim ... ša ... ana muda-si-e [...] ibid. 522:4; šu $k\bar{u}s$  ERÍN DIDLI ša laputtû u waklū la izzizūma mu-da-sa-am la iddinū BIN 76:9; exceptionally referring to another adm. list: (hides and carcasses) ša PN ana su-si-ik (ma)-tim iššaknuma ina MU.DA.SÁ- <šu>-nu innashu from PN were charged to the knacker of the open country mudâtu muddû

and were removed from their list (i.e., of the shepherds or the authorities) CT 8 1c:7. von Soden, Or. NS 20 164f.

mudâtu s.; (payment due from a mudû); RS\*; cf. idû.

iškunšu ina mu-de<sub>4</sub> šarrati 20 KÙ.BABBAR ubbal mu-da-at-šu ina qāti šarrati bēltišu he (the king) assigned him as an "acquaintance" of the queen, (and) he will pay his m.-tax of twenty (shekels of) silver (annually) to the queen MRS 6 162 RS 16.348:7, cf. mu-da-at-[šu-nu] ana akil ekallim ubbal ibid. 166 RS 16.386:14.

For the status of mudû in RS, see mudû adj. mng. 2b.

muda'u see mudû adj.

mudbaru see madbaru.

\*muddarsu see mundarsu.

muddu see mundu.

muddû (mundu, or muṭṭû) s.; outstanding balance, delivery due, deficit, leftover; Nuzi; mu-un-du HSS 13 478:2.

a) referring to domestic animals: umma PN  $r\bar{e}$ ' $\hat{u}$  1 enzu sal ... 1  $kal\bar{u}mu$  nita hurāpu mu-ud-du-šu ša 'PN<sub>2</sub> ... ina muhhija ašbu ina šatti šanî ana PN2 anandin (declaration of) PN, the shepherd: "I owe one she-goat and one male spring lamb as outstanding balance to fPN2, next year I will return them to 'PN2" HSS 9 26:6; two goats mu-ud-du-šu ša PN ina muhhišu ašbu u ana PN2 umalla outstanding balance of PN, are debited to him, he will return (them) in full to PN<sub>2</sub> HSS 9 45:3, cf. (in similar contexts) ibid. 46:3, 56:5, HSS 14 513:3, 519:2, 5, HSS 16 425:3, 430:2, etc., wr.  $mu-ud-du-\check{s}u-\acute{u}$  HSS 14 631:2, (referring to a cow) HSS 13 386:2, etc.; 24 sheep and goats mu-ud-du-šu ša PN ištu 96 immerē 50 immerē ša imtūtmi (text mītūtmi) balance due from PN from (a total of) 96 sheep, (he declared): "Fifty sheep have died" AASOR 1692:4, cf. x sheep mu-ut-tu ša PN u 79 [...]36[...]-na UDU  $imt\bar{u}$ [tmi] HSS 13 453:5; x sheep mu-ud-du-šu ša PN ina muhhi PN

PN<sub>2</sub> iltakanšunūti balance due from PN, PN<sub>2</sub> placed them on PN's account HSS 13 298:11; 7 immerū annû mu-ud-du-šu ša PN nadnu these seven sheep were handed over as balance due from PN HSS 14 509:8, cf. HSS 13 269:2, wr. mu-un-du-[šu] (with added: he will bring them in at plucking time) 478:2, wr. mu-ut-tum-šu 306:9; tuppātu ša UDU.MEŠ mu-ud-du-šu ša Lú.MEŠ SIPA.MEŠ-ti ša (end of text) tablets concerning the sheep received as balances due from the (listed) shepherds of <...> HSS 13 278:3, cf. napḥar x UDU.MEŠ mu-ud-du-šu-nu ša Lú.MEŠ SIPA-ia-ti HSS 14 590:31.

b) referring to raw materials and finished products:  $1\frac{1}{2}$  minas of copper  $mu-ud-du-\check{s}u$ ša urudu. šen ina muhhi PN irtehe'u balance (received in order to make) a copper kettle, remain charged against PN HSS 14 612:2; x minas of bronze mu-ud-du-šu na-di ša PN PN2 ana sakka ana epēši ilge leftover held by PN, PN<sub>2</sub> has received (it) to make a sakku of it HSS 13 449:2; 13 talents of copper mu-ut-ta-šu ša ekalli HSS 15 162:3; (referring to furniture, etc.) annûtu mu-ud-du ša PN PN2 u PN3 la nadnu these are the outstanding objects which PN, PN, and PN, have not yet delivered (their seals follow) HSS 15 129:31; after list of wooden containers, furnishings, etc.: annûtu mu-ud-du-ú these are (still) outstanding HSS 14 562:22; annûtu šunu mu-ud-du-ú iškaru ša la epšu these are the objects outstanding on which work has not been done (yet) HSS 16 441:10, cf. annûtu mu-ut-ta-šu-nu HSS 15 301:13; thirty shekels (worth) of wool mu-ud-du-šu ša pampali ana PN nadin the leftover from the Babylonian garment given to (the weaver) PN HSS 13 442:17, cf. also (said of garments) mu-ut-tašu ina muhhi ša PN HSS 15 177:2, mu-du*šu ša* PN ibid. 181:3; one wagon mu-ud-du-[šu] ša GN (beside GIŠ.MAR.GÍD.DA ša mah-[ru]) HSS 1570:5, cf. ten wagons mu-ut-tu-u(beside ša mah-rum line 2) ibid. 74:20, cf. also ibid. 96:8; x giš erēnu ša šamni mu-ud-du-ú ina muhhi PN tamkāri irtēh two talents and 15 minas of cedar (resin) for (scenting) oil, outstanding balance charged against the

muddû mudekkû

merchant PN HSS 14 576:3; naphar 4 DAL samni ša SAL.MEŠ ti-bi-is [...] and mu-di-su-nu sa ilqa total: four pots with oil which the .... women took as their outstanding due HSS 16 423:11; exceptional:  $1\frac{1}{2}$  minas of tin mu-ud-du-su sa PN NU.GIŠ.[SAR] HSS 13 196:2 and 5.

c) referring to barley: mu-ud-du-šu ša še'i umalla he will repay in full the deficit in barley with which he is debited 386:41; x še.meš ištu še.meš mu-ut-te-e ina muhhi PN ša ašbu x barley from the outstanding barley is charged against PN HSS 16 97:2; x barley  $mu-ud-du-\check{s}u$  ša PN HSS 15 263:1; 15 LÚ.MEŠ taluhlê x ŠE. MEŠ-sú-nu 36 SÌLA.TA.ÀM ša mu-dì-šu taluhlu-men, their barley (ration) is 67 homers and 24 silas, each has (still) a balance due of 36 silas HSS 167:3, cf. ibid. 5; naphar x še.meš mu-ud-du-ú ša šumēli ... naphar x še.meš mu-ud-du-šu-nu ša imitti . . . naphar  $x \S[E.ME\S] mu-ud-du-u$  total: x barley, balance due from (those of) the left (wing of the army), total: x barley, balance due from those of the right, grand total: x barley, HSS 16 109:17, 32, and 34; x balance due barley ana mu-dì-šu ana 'PN ana PN2 [nadin] given as their (text: his) balance due to 'PN and PN<sub>2</sub> HSS 16 84:7; x šE.MEŠ ana buqli x še.meš (ana) bappira.meš mu-ud-du-šu na[din] ana šukunnâ ana qāt PN ... nadin x barley given for malt, x barley given for beer-bread given as balance due, given to be held for PN (for six months) HSS 13 323:12, cf.  $x \stackrel{\mathsf{FE}}{=} k \overline{i} ma mu$ -ut-tu- $\stackrel{\mathsf{FU}}{=} u$  nadin HSS 16 149:15, also 99:18, HSS 15 278:3, wr. mu-ut-te-šu HSS 14 83:5; x barley kî mu-ut-te-e sīsê in lieu of (the barley) outstanding for the horses HSS 14 83:7.

According to its meaning the word could well be derived from  $mat\hat{u}$ . However, for  $mu(t)t\hat{u}$  one would expect more frequent spellings with a final vowel sign.

(Wilhelm, AOAT 9 46 n. 2.)

muddû see mudû adj.

muddultu see mundultu.

muddulu (mundulu) adj.; salted, pickled (said of meat); OAkk., SB, Akk. lw. in Sum.; cf. madālu.

ad-kin síg+LAM = mu-du-lu, kirrētu Ea I 217f., also A I/4 C 11f.; uzu.ad-kinšéš = šit-tum, kir-ri-e-tum, mu-un-du-lu Hh. XV 304ff.

su-ul NI = mu-du-lu Ea II 13; uzu.[N]I<sup>su-ul</sup>.lá = mu-un-du-lu, sa-a-qu Hh. XV 307f.; [uzu].su.lá = mun-du-lum = ši-i-ru pu-ut-tu-u Hg. B IV 41, Hg. D 44, in MSL 9 35 and 37.

mu.du.li.a šu.gur.gur.ra.bi (var. uzumu.du.li.e túg.gur<sub>4</sub>.gur<sub>4</sub>.ra.bi) sag.bi.šè mu.un.gar: MIN (var. mu-un-du-li-[...]) kubāra ina rēšišu iškun he put (strips of) pickled meat around his head as a turban Wilcke Lugalbanda 96:60, also ibid. 96, vars. from CT 51 181 i 1f.

- in OAkk.: x udu.niga(še) mu mu.du.lum ù uzu.vo.šè x fattened sheep to be salted and dried Legrain TRU 116:2, 117:6, JCS 14 107 No. 2:2, 108 No. 3 r. 3, YOS 4 207 vi 158, cf. also JCS 14 112 No. 17:7, Legrain TRU 356:2, RA 9 57 No. 17:3, Fish Catalogue 114:2; x udu.niga.sig<sub>5</sub> mu.du.lum MAR.TU Selim Levy, Atiqot 4 No. 55:1, cf. also Legrain TRU 325:8; 1 mu.du.lum udu MAR.TU Tell Asmar 1930,747:1 and 3, 1 mu. du.lum udu.ta níg.šu.tak.a (followed by six names) Tell Asmar 1931,148:1, cf.  $\frac{1}{2}$ mu.du.lum udu PN ibid. 8; 2 amar. maš. dà mu.du.lum é.kišib.ba.šè Çiğ-Kizilyay-Salonen Puzriš-Dagan-Texte 102:8, cf. Eames Coll. O 8.
- b) in SB: see Wilcke Lugalbanda in lex. section; šumma ki.min mu-du-ul alpi niginra mu-du-ul nūni nigin-ra [UD] [...] [KAM]. TA.ÀM x.MEŠ (obscure) Köcher BAM 159 iii 3, cf. ibid. 5.
- \*\*muddulu II (AHw. 666a) see madādu, see Lambert, JSS 14 250.

mudekkû (mudakkû) s.; instigator; MB; cf. dekû.

gú.gilim = mu-un-dah-sú = (Hitt.) hu-ul-hu-liia-wa-ar, mu-ti-ik-ku-u = (Hitt.) an-da ha-pa-ti-iawa-ar, ha-a-bi-lu = (Hitt.) dam-me-eš-hi-iš-ki-zi ku-iš Izi Bogh. A 104ff.

bēl dabābija ša zenû mu-dak-ku-ú šû my adversary, who is angry (with me), is an instigator(?) AfO 10 5:8, but read mu-táq-

mudeššû mudû

 $q\acute{u}$ - $\acute{u}$  "subaltern" by Landsberger, ibid. 143 and n. 23.

K. Riemschneider, StBoT 9 66.

mudeššû s.; life-giver; OB lex.\*; cf. dešû. lú.húl.húl = ze-ne-e-u, lú.ti.ti = mu-de-su-u OB Lu C<sub>7</sub> 20f., in MSL 12 197.

Translat. based on Sumerian. For the occs. of mudeššû as part. with object see dešû.

mudidlu (or mudidlû, mudillu/û) s.; isolated, individual line; lex.\*

mu.dili.dili = šu, mu a-hu-u, ki-a-šu Izi G i 59-61.

mudidlû see mudidlu.

mudillu see mudidlu.

mudillû see mudidlu.

mudişşu s.; deceiver; OB lex.\*; cf. dâsu.

lú.lul.sì.sì.ke = mu-di-iş-ş $\acute{u}$  (var. erroneously mu-na-di-iş-ş $\acute{u}$ ) OB Lu Fragm. I 18, in MSL 12 201.

Cf. the equation lú.lul.si.si.ke = mu-nap-pi-[h]u CT 37 24 iv 24', in MSL 12 229.

Landsberger, WO 3 51f. n. 27.

mudrû s.; (a garment worn in mourning); syn. list\*; Sum. lw.

Túg mu-ud-[ru]-[u] (var. mud-ru-u) = kar-ru, u-ra-u Malku VI 92f., var. from An VII 184f.

Loan from Sum. mudra(mu.bu) (also mu.sír.ra), cf. túg.mudra = karru, urāšu Hh. XIX 240f.

mudu see  $mud\hat{u}$  adj. mng. 2.

\*mu'dû in ana mu'dê adv.; in large quantity, amount; NA royal; cf. mâdu.

būšašunu ana mu-'-di-e išlulu they took their possessions as booty in large quantities TCL 3 292; karānšu ana mu-'-di-e akšit I cut down his vines in large quantities ibid. 265, cf. ebūršunu ana mu-'-di-e Levine Stelae 40 r. 53; ana mu-'-di-e qurādišu ša taḥlupti nīš īnē ul arši I did not even glance at his many warriors in armor TCL 3 131; NA4 pīlu peṣû ana mu-'-di-e innamir OIP 2 108:64, 121:51, abnē nasqūti ... ana mu-'-di-e

AfO 20 88:13 (Senn.), cf. nisiqt[i] abnē ana mu-'-[di-e] Lie Sar. 156, restored from abnē ana mu-'-di-e TCL 3 352, cf. also NA4 muš=šaru ana mu-'-di-e Winckler Sar. pl. 35:142; NA4 agurr[i ...] x [x ana] mu-'-di-e Borger Esarh. 101:20; nisirti ekallišu ana mu-'-di-e ašlula Borger Esarh. 48:77; alpī ṣēni u imērī ana mu-'-di-e ibid. 79, also 91-5-9,142:12 (unpub.), see Borger, AfO 18 118; tarbīt šaddišun ina la mēni ana mu-'-di-e ultu qirib x-šu ušēṣūnim they lead (monkeys) native to their mountains away from his .... in numbers (too) large to be counted Streck Asb. 166:4.

The word occurs only in the prepositional phrase ana  $mu'd\hat{e}$ , in uses similar to ana  $ma'd\hat{e}$ , see  $ma'd\hat{u}$ .

mudû (muda'u, muddû, fem. mudûtu, mudūtu) adj.; 1. knowing (something or somebody), expert in a specific craft, wise, competent, learned, knowledgeable, expert, 2. acquaintance, person known (but in no definite relationship), mudē šarri friend of the king; from OAkk. on; muda'u VAB 4 150 Ai 11, pl. mudû, NB mudānê (ABL 795:8), note Ugar. pl. Lú mu-du-ma MRS 12 No. 93:10, fem. stat. const. mudeat Gilg. P. i 15; wr. syll. (fem. pl. mu-te-ti Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 62 iii 8) and zu (GAL ZU in personal names); cf. idû.

zu.zu, NUN.ME.TAG = mu-du-ú Silbenvokabular A 41, cf. NU.NU = mu-du-ú Studies Landsberger 36:15 (RS Silbenvokabular); gal.zu = um-mu-qu, mu-du-ú RA 16 166 AO 7092 ii 4f. (group voc.); ni.zu (var. a.zu) = a-su-ú, me.zu = ba-ru-ú, me.a.zu (var. me.wa.zu) = mu-de-e ter-te Erimhuš V 137-139; me.zu = mu-de-e [pa]r-si, me.[a].zu = min t[e]r-ti, me.wa.zu = min [x]-ti Antagal III 38-40; dub.sar.gal.zu = mu-d[u-u] Lu I 141 l.

gašam = mu-du-ú, eppēšu, hassu, mār ummāni, bēl têrti Lu II iv 9"ff.; ga-šá-am nun.me.tag = enqu, eppēšu, hassu, mu-du-u, bēl têrti, apkallu, mār mumāni Diri IV 74ff.; nun.me.tag = mu-du-u Nabnitu A 289; [nun].me.tag = mu-du-ú, mār ummāni Igituh I 105f.; a.zu, zu.zu, gašam = mu-du-u (in group with tupšarru, enqu) Erimhuš V 140ff.

GAL.AN.ZU,  $\mu U^{pa-a}$ .d ù, NUN.ME.TAG = er-šú, mu-du-ú, ha-as-su Antagal C 251–253; [e-re-eš] [GAL. AN.ZU] = er-[šu], em-[qu], mu-du-[u] Diri VI

D 9'-11'; [GAL].AN.ZU, x.zu, [x].AN.ZU, [x].zu, maš.zu = mu-du-u Nabnitu A 284ff.; [šu].GAL. AN.ZU = er- $\delta u$ , mu-du- $\dot{u}$  Igituh I 108f.;  $\delta u$ .GAL.AN. ZU = MIN (= pa-ha-rum) mu-de-eka-la Antagal A 52.

lú.[ta]b.ba = ta-ap-pu-ú-um, [lú].zu.a = mu-du-ú-um, [lú].kal.la = wa-aq-rum OB Lu B v 18ff., cf. OB Lu A 149.

i.bí.ma.al = mu-du- $\acute{u}$  Antagal F 222, also 5R 16 iii 5 (group voc.) and Emesal Voc. III 26; ur.šè = mu-du- $\acute{u}$  RA 16 166 AO 7092 ii 6 (group voc.); [...] = [m]u-du- $[\acute{u}]$  RA 17 124 K.2044+ 183 D.T. 103 iii 2.

zu.a.zu a.da  $hé.mu.e.da.gi_4.gi_4$  (later recension: e.da hé.en.da.ab.gi4.gi4): mu-duka ana mê litīrka may he who knows you (stone) turn you into water Lugale XI 24; bu.bu.lu mu.un.zu.a : ši-te-'-a mu-du-ú 4R 12:11f. (MB royal); ab.ba inim zu.bi tuš.a.ra èm nam. mu.un.gi4.gi4 : šība mu-de-e amâti ša ašbu la tašabbi[t] do not hit the old man wise in words who sits there S. A. Smith Misc. Assyr. Texts 24:19 (SB lit.), Sum. from dupl. VAS 2 79:19 (OB); URUDU. SIG7. KÍD.ALAN kù.zu kin.gal [mah ...]: gur: gurru enqu mu-de-e šipri rabî [...] CT 16 38 iii 9f. and dupl. BIN 2 22:148f.; zu.a kal.la.ni nu. mu.un.da.an.ti : aqru mu-du-šú [ul ašibšu] he has no aquaintance or dear one living with him Wilcke Lugalbanda 90:5; [...] a.ra zu.zu : mu-de-e alkakāta alik mu-de-e alkakāti CT 17 12:29, restored from KAR 123:7f.; e.lum umun na. ám zu ka.nag.[ga] : kabtu bēlu mu-du-u šīmat māti venerable lord who knows the destiny of the land BA 10/1 97 No. 18:6f.; nar.tur sa (var. šìr) zu.ba : nāra șeḥra mu-de-e pit-ni ZA 31 116:23; [a]b.ba e.ne.èm zu : šībi mu-de-e amâti SBH p. 122 r. 12f.; [nu.nusx(NUNUZ)] mu.lu im.zu me.e ši.in.ga.mèn : sinništu mu-da-atum pīltu anākuma I am a woman who knows meanness SBH p. 106:43f.; [nu.nusx] mu.lu e.ne.èm.zu me.e ši.in.ga.mèn : sinništu mudi-a-at awâ[ti] anāku[ma] ibid. 47f.; li.bi.ir zi. da.mu šu.um.du.um kal.kal.la.bi ka.dib. ba.mu mu.un.zu.a : sukallu kīnu šaptān šūqu: rātuš mu-du-ú pirištija my trustworthy messenger whose words (lit. lips) are exceedingly valuable, (and) who knows my secrets TCL 6 51:41f.; gal i.zu gig.ga: rabītu mu-da-at murși KAR 73 r. 13f.

[...g]eštú da.ma.al.la gal.zu [...]: [rapaš] uznī mu-de-e mimma [šumšu] SBH p. 64:11f.; dUtu gal.zu.maḥ ad.gi₄.gi₄ ní.te.en.na me. en: Šamaš mu-du-ū ṣīru mālik ramanišu (var. muttalku ša ramanišu) attu you, Šamaš, are the wise one who takes counsel with himself 5R 50 i 19f., restoration and var. from LKA 75:4f.; [nin.gal]. zu kù dInanna.kex é.a ḥu.mu.da.an.tar: [be-e]l-ti rabīti mu-du-ti elleti DN ina bīti liprussu CT 16 47:216; gal.zu ud.èš.ku₄.ku₄.dè mi.ni. in.zu li.bi.in.dug₄.ga: mu-du-u šá e-ni e-reb £ idūma la iqabbū BiOr 30 164 i 23f.

GAL.AN.ZU ḤU.dù níg.nam.ma.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID): eršu mu-du-u (var. mu-de-e) mimma šumšu Lugale XI 46; ama ugu.ni šìr.ra GAL.AN.ZU.a: ummu ālittu ša mu-da-at ṣirḥa the mother of (many) children, well experienced in dirges SBH p. 112:29f.; en gal.an.zu šà.ní.te.en.na x [x x] mu.un.da.ab.za: [bēl]u mu-du-ú ina libbi ramaniš[u ...]-im-ma iḥtaššaši STT 151:22f., see Civil, JNES 26 203:27.

 $i[t-p]e-\check{s}u$ ,  $er-\check{s}u$ , ha-as-su, an-ga(var. -gal)-lu,  $igi-g\acute{u}l-lu$ , ta-a-mu=mu-du-u LTBA 2 1 iv 5 ff. and dupls. 2:69 ff., 3 ii 1 ff.;  $\acute{a}s-rak=mu-du-\acute{u}$  Balkan Kassit. Stud. 4 r. 35 (Kassite voc.).

mu(!)-di-e É (var. gloss) MU = nu-us-hu CT 41 27 r. 13f., mu-du-ú, mu-du-ú = ú-du-ú ibid. 15f. (Alu Comm., to Tablet XXX); mu-du-ú # tup-šar-ri Lambert BWL 70:6 Comm. (Theodicy Comm.), cf. mu-du-u (in broken context) ibid. 82:201f.;  $^{4}$ \$\(\delta\).\(\delta\)\(

knowing (something or somebody), expert in a specific craft, etc., wise, competent, learned, knowledgeable, expert — a) knowing (something or somebody): mu-dí-ú pīšunu mahar kārim lipti'u (those) who know (about it) shall open their mouths before the kāru BIN 6 69:23 (OA); awīlî mārī bābtim mu-de-e-šu-nu upahhirma he assembled the residents of the city quarter, those who knew them VAS 7 16:18 (OB); šībī mu-de awâtišunu ligerribunikk[um] PBS 1/2 9:29, cf. LIH No. 92:19; awilê labirūtim mu-[d]a bitišunu (he should bring to you) old men who know their family OECT 3 40:22 (all OB letters); šībī mu-de hulqim witnesses who know the lost objects CH § 9:25, also ibid. 14, § 10:55, § 11:63; 1 suhārka mu-de-šu turdam send me one of your boys who knows him ARM 1 125:9, cf. ibid. 21 r. 12'; tappīšu la mude-e awâtim [t]atrudam (why) did you send here his companions who do not know about the matter? ARM 3 69:8, cf. awīlû mu-du-ú awâtim ARM 10 90:7; awīlam šâti ul amrāku inanna ulu awīlam šâti uluma mu-di awīlim šâti bēlī lišpuram I do not know this person, now my lord should send to me either that man or somebody who can recognize that man ARM 5 49:17; agana Lú mu-te-e ša sinništim šî lillikamma ... likallim some man who knows that woman should

come here and point out (that woman's house) ARM 5 8:13, note ul i-de- $\check{s}i$  ibid. 20; mu-de-eamâti ... išāl he questioned those who knew about the matter BBSt. No. 3 iv 46 (MB); LÚ mu-du-ma (in a list of professions, officials, etc.) MRS 12 93:10; u mu-du-šu ša PN jānu there was nobody who knew PN JEN 321:48, cf. ibid. 41, JEN 355:27f.; amēlû mu-du-ú eqlāteja ubbalammi I will bring people who know my fields JEN 355:15 and 17, JEN 344:17 and 20; dajānū ana jāši iqtabû LÚ.MEŠ mu-te-eka leqâmmi ...[u] LÚ.MEŠ mu-du-ia jānu the judges told me: "Bring persons here who know you," (but) there are none who know me JEN 467:21 and 23, cf. JEN 364:15ff.; as personal name in MA: Mu-du-ú KAJ 214:7, see Saporetti Onomastica 1 329; mu-du-šú ul marusma iqabbi (if) one who knows him says: "He is not sick at all" Labat TDP 72:23; zu-šú la u'adda if he does not recognize one who knows him ibid. 164:73; lu mītu mu-dušu be it (the ghost of) a dead person whom he knew KAR 234 r. 12, see TuL p. 137; [šum: ma] kalbu ana muhhi amēli la mu-de-e-šu šīnātišu ištīn if a dog urinates on a man whom he does not know CT 38 50:53 (SB Alu); ana ēpiš usât dumqi la mu-du-ú [si]lip[ti] for him who does kind deeds and does not know any trickery Lambert BWL 132:122; mu-de-e amâtu [k]î ša ile'û līpuš he who knows about the matter should proceed as best he can ABL 702 r. 9; LÚ mu-de-e māti liš'al should ask a person who knows the country ABL 1237 r. 11; ištēn amēla mu-de-e harrāni ... lišpuru' they should send one person who knows the way BIN 1 11:9 (all NB letters); ina ud.3.kam ina la sābit panî la mu-de girri libbi qišti artedi for three days I proceeded through the forest without a guide and without one who knew the way Scheil Tn. II 51; note with the meaning "knowingly or unknowingly": lu mu-du-u lu la mu-du-u knowingly or not Or. NS 34 108:4; la mudu-ú ana qātēja liškun let them put back into my hands (what I have lost) unknowingly Dream-book p. 342:8; note with the meaning "known or unknown": ana ì.zu-ú nu zu-ú at-ta-[ma]I swore by (a god) known or unknown to me BMS 61:15 and dupl. LKA 153

r. 15; if a man dreams he has eaten UZU ZU known meat (beside UZU NU ZU) Dream-book 315 ii 11'f., cf. ú (NU) ZU ibid. 318 r. ii x+13f., GIŠ.MEŠ (NU) ZU, GIŠ.ŠIM (NU) ZU ibid. 323 i y+20ff., umāme (NU) ZU 324 ii 27'f., KAŠ.SAG ZU NU ZU 325 r. i 11', and passim, note Níg. ZU NU.ZU ibid. 341 Fragm. V ii 8.

b) expert in a specific craft, etc. — 1' in gen.: eršu mu-du tašīmāti the wise one who knows moderation AfO 7 281 r. 7 (Tn.-Epic), cf. VAB 4 176 i 7 (Nbk.), for other refs., see eršu A adj. usage b, also Lugale XI 46, in lex. section; ummânī lē'ûti mu-de-e pirišti skilled artisans who know the secrets Borger Esarh. 83:29, see also mu-du-ú pirištija TCL 6 51:41f., mu-de-e pitni ZA 31 116:23, mu-de-e alkakāti KAR 123:8, CT 17 12:29, in lex. section; ummânī mu-de-e šipri the craftsmen who know (their) trade Lie Sar. 372, cf. OIP 2 109 vi 90, 122:21 (Senn.), AfO 22 5 iv 33 (Nbn.), Lambert BWL 172:26; for mudī ini see inu B s. usage a; [mu]-de-e uzu  $irr\bar{i}$  (diviner) knowledgeable in intestines BBR No. 1-20:25; [mu]-du-u  $t\bar{e}li[lt]i$  who knows the purification rites Iraq 18 61:7 (namburbi); PN LÚ.GAL SAG. MEŠ eršu mu-de-e tugunti PN, the chief ša rēši, the experienced one, the one who knows battle 1R 30 ii 18 (Šamši-Adad V), cf. mu-du-ú tuquntu Gilg. IV vi 30; qurādīja ekdūti mu-duut tāhazi my valiant warriors, who know battle TCL 3 321 (Sar.), ālik panīšunu mudu-ut qabli ibid. 175; šarru ... mu-ud-du-uqabli Borger Esarh. 103 i 10.

2' as an epithet of gods: Ea apkal ilī mu-de mimma šumšu the wise one among the gods, who knows everything CH xlii 102; ummi PN mu-de-a-at kalama the mother of Gilgāmeš, who knows everything Gilg. P. i 15, cf. mu-da-at kalama ibid. 37 (OB); DN enget muda-at(var. -ti) kalama idi Gilg. III i 17, also I v 39f., vi 16f.; apkallat Anunnaki mu-da-at Igigī BMS 4:13; šurbû etel ilī mu-du-ú kalama BA 5 652:1 and 3; bēlu gašru tizgāru mu-du- $\acute{u}$  (var. zu- $\acute{u}$ ) kal[ama] KAR 25 ii 27 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 14, cf. CT 23 11 iii 39, (said of Šamaš) Köcher BAM 234:30; mārī mu-du-u gimri uznu my son, who knows all wisdom En. el. II 116; Nabû mu-

du-u mimma sumsu 1R 35 No. 2:3 (Adn. III), (said of Šamaš) KAR 80:20; dšà.zu (explained as) mu-de-e libbi ilī En. el. VII 35, also BMS 13:15, Thompson Gilg. pl. 31 K.8743:4 and 9 (Adapa); DN attama mu-de-e riksīšunu O Šamaš, you know their traps 4R 17 r. 14; nēnu mu-de-e nēreb šadê we who know the pass through the mountains (have forgotten even the way to them) Cagni Erra I 87; ZU-u nišīšu who knows his people En. el. VI 135; note in a personal name: Hu-un-zu-u = dEn-lu-mude-e-un.meš Enlil-Who-Knows-the-People 5R 44 ii-iii 45, see Lambert, JCS 11 13; eršu mudu-ú têrēt nišī KAR 250 iii 22; DN mu-du-u libbi ilāni VAB 4 66 No. 4:9 (Nabopolassar); Marduk apkallu ša libbi Igigī kalamu mudu-u wise one who knows the heart of all the Igigi VAB 4 214 i 17 (Ner.); [šite]'a muda-a-ta En. el. III 5.

3' as an epithet of kings: RN mu-de igigallim Hammurapi, steeped in wisdom CH iii 17; [RN ... šà.túm.ma.mu ki.bi.šè gar.ra in.zu].a: RN ... ša bibil libbija ana ašrim šakānam mu-du-ú Samsuiluna, who knows how to fulfill my wishes YOS 9 35 i 37 (Samsuiluna), see RA 63 33;  $r\bar{e}$ 'û palhu ša  $a \tilde{s} r \tilde{a} t$  DN  $\tilde{s} i t e^{2} \tilde{a} m u - d u - [\tilde{u}]$  the pious shepherd who knows how to visit the sanctuaries of Enlil JCS 19 122:21 (MB royal); RN ... naklu mu-du-u kal šipri Merodachbaladan, the masterful, the one who knows all tasks VAS 1 37 ii 49 (kudurru); ša palāķ ilī ... who knows well how to rabīš mu-du-u worship the gods OIP 2 144:5, also 135:8 (Senn.), cf. Borger Esarh. 9:12, 66 G 2; jâti ... ša palāha ilāni mu-du-ú VAB 4 210 i 25 (Ner.), also ibid. 100 i 4 (Nbk.), see also 4R 12:11f., in lex. section.

c) (without object) wise, competent, learned, knowledgeable, expert — 1' in gen.: PN u mu-de-e aštālma I questioned PN and the experts ARM 1 6:30; mu-du-u mu-da-a likallim the one who is competent should show (the tablet only) to one who is also competent AMT 105 iv 24, and passim in colophons, see Hunger Kolophone Index p. 163 sub idū, also Borger, RLA 3 188ff.; ajīš mu-du-ū

iššanin ištika where is the expert who could compete with you? Lambert BWL 70:6 (Theodicy); naggāru mu-du-ú the skilled carpenter Lambert BWL 178:33 (SB fable); enqu mu-du-u mithāriš limtalku let the wise (and) the expert take counsel with each other En. el. VII 146; ultu qaqqadišu adi appi zibbatišu ummânu [mu-du]-ú ittanaplassu an experienced master examines him (the bull) from his head to the tip of his tail RAcc. 10:3, cf. BBR No. 24:19; asû mu-du-ú expert physician BA 5 628 No. 4 iv 7 (= Craig ABRT 1 54);  $b\bar{a}r\hat{u}$ apkal šamni itpēšu hassi mu-du-ú [...] MCT 140 V 7, see Borger, BiOr 14 190ff.; um= mânu mu-du-ú ... temenna ihītu experienced masters searched for the foundations VAB 4 kala epšētija ša ina narî 240 ii 56 (Nbn.); ašturu mu-da-a-am (var. mu-da-a) lītammar let the learned read all my deeds which I have written on (this) foundation document VAB 4 76 ii 51 (Nbk.), var. from ibid. 110 iii 5; išmē: ma DN amat mu-de-e mār ummāni Lugalgirra listened to the word of the expert, the master AfO 14 146:107, cf. anāku alsīka mu-du-ú mār ummāni ibid. 144:70; emūqī ša šarri bēlija Lú mu-da-ni-e [...] the troops of the king, my lord, experts (in warfare) ABL 795:8, cf. (in broken contexts) Lú mu-de-[e] ABL 1342 r. 12 and Lú mu- $\lceil du \rceil$  ABL 718:11 (all NB); note: engēk mu-da-a-ka I am wise and full of wisdom BHT pl. 8 v 9; barâkuma mu-daa-ku [u] a-mu-[x-x] Lambert BWL 211:16; atypical: mu-du-ú libbašu iše'â ibra his (Enkidu's) wise heart searches for a companion Gilg. I iv 41.

2' said of gods and kings: DN apkallu ašaredu eršu zu-ú Nabû, highest ranking sage, wise one, experienced one BMS 22:37, see Ebeling Handerhebung 108, also DN muda-a emqa VAB 4 98 i 4 (Nbk.); Ea eršu mudu-u Borger Esarh. 96:4, see also 5R 50 i 19f., in lex. section; [pah]rama eršēte mu-te-ti the wise and the learned (seven birth goddesses) had assembled Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 62 iii 8; [ana] DN [m]u-di-im for the wise Adad JAOS 88 193:2 (MB royal); DN ... NUN zu Adad, the wise prince Ward Seals No. 512:3 (= BE 1 132, MB), see RA 1674; gašru šūpû

(Gilgāmeš) the strong one, the mu-du-ú famous one, the experienced one Gilg. I ii 26; note in OAkk. and OB personal names: Be-li-mu-da My-Lord-Is-Wise MAD 1 187 iii 27, wr. Be-li-GAL.ZU ibid. 163 ix 22; Šar-ru-muda Nikolski 2 35 ii 6, Šar-ru-GAL.ZU Ist. Mus. L. 30262, GAL.ZU.DI.KUD Ist. Mus. L. 30213 (both unpub., courtesy I. J. Gelb), cited Scheil, ZA 12 335;  $\acute{E}$ -a-mu-da OIP 14 101:6 (all OAkk.); den.zu-mu-di VAS 13 66 r. 4, 67 r. 4, also UET 5 825:27, dEn-lil-GAL.ZU RA 27 80:5 (all OB); anāku RN eršu mu-du-ú hasīsu pīt uzni nēmegi I am Aššurnasirpal, the wise one, the experienced one, the knowledgeable one, who is open to wisdom AKA 197 iv 5; RN ...  $l\bar{e}$ ' $\hat{u}$ itpēšu hassu mu-du-ú Esarhaddon, the able one, the energetic one, the wise one, the knowledgeable one Borger Esarh. 45 ii 19; RN ... enqu mu-du-ú hasīs kal šipri Šamaš-šumukin, the wise one, the knowledgeable one, who understands all the works AnOr 12 303 i 9 (NB kudurru); mu-da-'-ú te-le-e VAB 4 150 i 11 (Nbk.); note, addressing the king: emqu mu-de-e mas-si-e RT 19 60 No. 356:3 (MB let., coll.).

2. acquaintance, person known (but in no definite relationship), mudē šarri friend of the king — a) acquaintance, person known (but in no definite relationship): ubārum napṭarum u mu-du-ú šikaršu inaddin if a sojourner, a guest, or an acquaintance sells his surplus beer (the woman innkeeper will sell it for him at the current rate) Goetze LE § 41 A iii 30 (= B iii 14); lu ibru lu tappû lu ahu lu itbāru lu ubāru lu mār āli lu mu-du-u (var. zu-u) lu la zu-u Maqlu IV 80, ef. lu aḥu lu aḥātu lu ardu lu amtu lu kimtu nisûtu sallatu lu zu-u lu la zu-u KAR 228:11; ša gimir kimtija ša qereb mude-e in all my family, among (my) acquaintances Lambert BWL 46:120 (Ludlul II); zēru dārû mu-du ilāni (I am) of old lineage, a friend of the gods AOB 1 120 iii 29 (Shalm. I); appašu sapir mu-ta-a-šú la-a [...] (if) his nose is pinched and he does not [...] his friend KUB 4 14:4, replaced by appašu sapir BE.MEŠ-šú (i.e.,  $m\bar{u}t\bar{a}n\bar{s}u$ ) la [...] KUB 37 187:3, parallel (broken) Labat TDP 82:25; see also aqru mu-du-šú Wilcke Lugalbanda 90:5, in lex. section.

b) mudē šarri friend of the king (RS only): PN [a]na rēṣûti la illa[k] u napṭara la ubbal PN mariannu šarri u mu-du šar[ri] x kaspa ubbal ana šarri PN (the recipient of a royal grant) will not do service nor furnish a replacement (to do his work), PN is (now) a mariannu of the king and an "acquaintance" of the king, he has to pay x silver to the king MRS 6 80 RS 16.239:18; u PN LÚ mu-du-ú šarri x kaspa ina šatti ubbal ištu gāti akil narkabāti u hazanni zaki Lú ubru ana bītišu la ušerribu PN (as) an "acquaintance" of the king pays ten shekels of silver to the king yearly, he is free from claims by the commander of the chariots and by the mayor, they will not quarter a "stranger" in his house ibid. 84 RS 16.157:20, cf. ibid. 82 RS 16.143:21, 85 RS 16.250:16; ištu pilki aširīma šarru unakkiršu u iltakaššu ina Lú.meš mude, šarri the king removed him from service as an aširu and elevated him to the (rank of) "acquaintance" of the king ibid. 134 RS 15.137:12, ef. [un]akkir PN ...  $i[\check{s}]tu$ pil (ki) LÚ.MEŠ mur'i PN u iškuššu ina mu-de, šarrati ibid. 162 RS 16.348:6, see also Lú mu-du-ú šarrati ibid. 114 RS 16.353:31.

Jensen, ZA 35 124ff.; Wilcke, ZA 59 94 n. 98. Ad mng. 2: Goetze LE 110f.; Aistleitner Wörterbuch No. 1517.

mudû in la mudû adj.; 1. foolish, ignorant, stupid, incompetent, 2. (in adverbial use) ina/ana la mudê(ma) inadvertently, stupidly; Mari, MB, SB, NB; ef. idû v.

1. foolish, ignorant, stupid, incompetent: \$\sigma \cdots \cdots akka \sam au \ la mu-da-a uma'aru he who sends a foolish, deaf, inept, or simpleminded man MDP 6 pl. 10 iv 27, also ibid. pl. 11 ii 16, MDP 2 pl. 22 v 50, BBSt. No. 3 v 42, No. 11 ii 19, 1R 70 ii 23, VAS 1 37 v 26 (all kudurus); minsu kî la mu-de-e tātamma atta why do you talk like an ignorant person? Cagni Erra IIIc 42; akî la mu-de-[e] like a stupid person ABL 1334 r. 4 (NB); la mu-de-e amāti ušanzaqa dannu an ignorant (person) bothers even the mighty one ABL 37 r. 5, cf. ibid. r. 3;

mudû mugabbû

jâti la mu-da-a-ka me, the ignorant VAB 4 280 vii 48 (Nbn.); meṣḥerūtī la mu-da-ku-ma due to my youthfulness I was ignorant Schollmeyer No. 18:20; [ni-ṣi]r-ti apkalli la mu-du-ú la immar CT 25 50:20 + CT 46 54:20, also NU ZU-ú NU IGI-mar K.9736:3, KAR 151 r. 67 (ext.), and passim, see Borger, RLA 3 188ff.; for la mudû "unknowingly," "unknown" (beside mudû) see mudû mng. 1a.

2. (in adverbial use) ina/ana la mudê(ma) inadvertently, stupidly: PN ina la mu-de-e-im ana GN ... illikam PN came to GN inadvertently Sem. 1 18:5 (Mari let.); [šumma ṣīru] sinništu ina [asurrê] (ina) la mu-de-e iṣ: bassuma umašširšu if a woman inadvertently touches a snake on the lower course of the wall and then lets it go again (this woman has a protective deity) KAR 386 r. 29, restored from KAR 389 VAT 10905b r. ii 12, see Nötscher, Or. 39-42 p. 90 and 109; although I kept making signs at you [ter]rāta ana la mu-de-e-ma you acted stupidly STT 28 ii 10' (Nergal and Ereškigal), see AnSt 10 112.

## mudû s.; (a garment); OAkk.

1 túg mu.du<sub>8</sub>.um  $SIG_5$  one m. of good quality RTC 197:1, ZA 18 250 No. 6:1, and passim, also túg mu.du<sub>8</sub>.um RTC 219 r. 3, MCS 8 89 BM 100462:3, and passim in ITT, see Gelb, MAD 3 169.

mudû see amūdu.

mudulu s.; pole; lex.\*; Sum. lw.

mu-du-ul GIŠ.BU = mu-du-lu, ma-an-du-ú, maššu-ú, ma-ak-ku-ú, ma-la-lu-ú, nap-pa-şu, ga-ŝi-šu Diri II 315-321; ma-da-al (var. mu-dul) GIŠ.BU = mu-du-lu (in same context) ibid. 322.

mudūtu see mudû adj.

mudûtu s.; knowledge, information, wisdom; OB, Mari, MB, SB, NB; cf. idû v.

a) in gen. — 1' in OB, Mari, MB: šībū mudī hulqim mu-du-sú-nu mahar ilim iqabbû the witnesses who know the lost property will tell what they know before the deity CH § 9:35; 7 ERÍN.ḤI.A ŠU.GI ša ana mu-du-ti-šu-nu aššum alpim illikunim the seven witnesses who came here because of their

knowledge about the ox TCL 1 132:9; mu-du-ti ana ṣēr PN aštapar I have conveyed my knowledge to PN ARM 1 109:52; inūma kakkī luzzizma ša mu-du-ti-ia kiṣrātim lukīn I would like to be present at the time of the battle and set the troops up according to my knowledge ARM 2 31 r. 11; PN GI.PISAN. HI.A ana mu-du-ti-šu-nu [uk]allimšunūti PN has shown them the containers (with the tablets) for their information ARM 10 82:11; ana mu-du-ti ša PN PN2 ušib UET 7 22 r. 5 (MB).

- 2' in SB, NB: mu-du-ut-ki ana ṣalmāt qaqqadi lu[šeš]mi santak I will always proclaim your wisdom to mankind STT 123:2 and 4; ina mu-du-ut-ti (in broken context) ABL 462:7 (NB).
- b) negated: [summa] ... ina la mu-du-ti arrabu suātu lu ana nāri lu ina sūqi ittaddû if this dormouse was thrown inadvertently into the canal or the street AMT 90,1:11, see TuL p. 72.

mu'errētu s. pl.; (mng. unkn.); OB.\*

qāti parṣī PN ... sappī mu-e-re-tim u nāz din mê ana qātim ša Ṣarpānītum list of offices(?) of PN, sappu-containers, m.-s, and a water-dispenser for (washing) the hands of DN CT 45 84:2, parallel CT 4 8b:1-3.

mu'erru see mu'irru.

mu'ertu s.; commissioned goods; OA; cf. dru B v.

šà.BA ... x MA.NA annukum mu-e-er-tum ibašši (seven talents 13\( \) minas of tin) therein are x minas of tin, commissioned goods TCL 19 2:9; [ina] libbišu ša 1 MA.NA mu-e-er(!)-ta-kà 10 GÍN.TA tadin from it—as to the one mina, your commissioned goods, it was sold at the rate of one mina ten shekels TCL 4 23:13, cf. CCT 3 49b:17f., and (in broken context) lu mu-e-[er-t]um CCT 4 50b:37.

\*\*mu'ēru (AHw. 667) to be read ina še-e-re nubatte.

mugabbû see mukabbû.

mugallilu mugillu

mugallilu adj.; ravaging(?), with high waves(?); OB.\*

 $milu\ mu$ -ga-li- $lu\ i$ -[l]a-k[am] a ravaging(?) flood will come RA 38 80 AO 7028:8 (OB ext.), see RA 40 56.

Connect with gallatu, an epithet of the sea, see \*gallu, cf. also mûša ugallalu YOS 10 25:38, cited gullulu v. usage a.

mugallitu adj.; troublemaker, intimidator; OB, Mari, SB; cf. galātu v.

dù.luḥ = mu-gal-[li-tu] Antagal B 209; DÙ. LUḤ // mu-gal-lit-tum AfO 24 79:4 (gramm. comm.), comm. on DÙ.LUḤ NBGT IX 57.

ki.tuš ne.ha.a tuš.ù.dè lú.hu.luh.ha nu. tuku.tuku.dè : *šubat nēḥtim ana šūšubim m[u-gal-li-tam ana la šuršêm*] Sollberger, RA 63 42 ii 30 (Samsuiluna D).

2 awīlû šunu mu-ga-al-li-tu ša pêm ušbal= kit[u] (these) two men are troublemakers who provoked the insurrection (of the troops) ARM 1 116 r. 4'; nišī dadmī aburrī ušarbis mu-gal-li-tam ul ušaršīšināti I let the inhabitants of all settlements lie in safe pastures, I did not permit anyone to harass them CH xl 38, also VAB 4 174 ix 49 (Nbk.), cf. he (Nabonidus) settled the land in peace mu-gal-li-tu aj ušar (ši) šinātu and did not permit anybody to frighten them (the people) CT 46 45 iii 16, see Iraq 27 6, also naphar māt [Šumeri] u Akkadî mu-gal-[l]itim ul ušarši 5R 35:24 (Cyr.), see VAB 34; aj iši nākirī mu-ga-al-li-tu aj arše may I not have an enemy, may I not have to encounter a rebel who makes trouble VAB 4 88 No. 7 ii 31, 120 iii 53, 140 x 16, 188 ii 46 (all Nbk.);  $\delta \tilde{a}$ : ninu u mu-gal-li-tú ul ušabši I did not tolerate the existence of usurpers or intimidators CT 36 18 i 36 (Ner.), see VAB 4 216.

mugammirtu s.; (an epithet for the sea); syn. list\*; cf. gamāru.

mu-gam-mir-t $\acute{u}$ (var. -tum) = ta-am-t $\acute{u}$  Malku II 36, also CT 18 9 K.4233+ :30 (syn. list); mu-gam-mir-t[um] = [...] LBAT 1577 r. ii 2 (astrol. comm.).

mugammiru s.; arresting officer; OB\*; ef. gamāru v.

PN rē'ûm PN<sub>2</sub> šuāti ana Lú mu-ga-am-me-ri ša aṭrudam ul iddin PN, the shepherd, did not hand that PN<sub>2</sub> over to the arresting officer whom I had sent VAS 16 171:15.

mugannisu s.; sneering, arrogant person; OB lex.\*; cf. ganāsu.

lú.im.tag.ga = mu-ga-an-ni-ṣum OB Lu B iii 51.

mugarru see magarru.

mugdašru (mugdešru) adj.; mighty, powerful; SB; cf. gašāru.

lugal.ní.huš, lugal.ní.huš.ak.a = mug-da-áš-ru Lu I 65f.

dIškur ní.huš.ak.ak.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) : [k]īma Adad mug-diš(or -dáš)-ri like the mighty Adad LKA 23 r. 18f.; zi.ma.al gìr.gìr.re : gāmil napišti mug-da-aš-ru (Gibil) who spares life, the mighty one 4R 21 No. 1 B r. 14.

mu-un-ga-ab-ru, mu-un-da-ab-ru = mu-ug-da-[as-ru] Explicit Malku I 144f.

halip rašubbati mug-diš(or -dáš)-ru lutta'id il[ūtk]a (O Nergal) covered with awe, mighty one, I will praise your divinity Böllenrücher Nergal No. 8:2; mug-da-áš-ru(var. -ri) ša ana emūqišu taklu (Lugalbanda) mighty one, who trusts in his own strength Lambert, Or. NS 36 126:153; (Marduk) mug-da-áš-ru (in broken context) BA 5 327:24; Mār-bīti qardu mug-da-aš-ru mighty hero VAS 1 36 i 17 (NB kudurru); ana Adad ... mug-diš(or -dáš)-Iraq 30 141:1 (Adn. III), see Nougayrol, RA 63 9; ana kakkab DN mug-diš(or -dáš)-ru (dedicated) to the star of the mighty Marduk BE 8 142:6 (Šamaš-šum-ukīn), see AfO 18 386; DN qarrādu mug-da-aš-ri (var. mug-da-šar) Lugalmarada, mighty hero RA 11 112 ii 33, var. from CT 36 23:35 (Nbn.).

mugdešru see mugdašru.

muggu see mungu A.

muggušu v.; to neglect(?); OB.\*

tu-ma-ag-ga-áš 5R 45 K.253 iii 12 (gramm.).

x land ša ú-ma-ag-gi-šu-ma iddû which they neglected and left fallow CT 45 52:16 (OB).

mugillu see mugilu.

mugilu mugirru

mugilu (or mugillu) s.; (a basket?); MA.\*

1 mu-gi-lu ša ur-qi one basket(?) with vegetables (beside baskets with azamru-fruit, see zamru, among offerings) VAT 10550 i 16.

mugirru s.; 1. wheel (of a chariot or wagon), 2. chariot (royal or ceremonial); Nuzi, MA, NA; wr. syll. and (GIŠ.)UMBIN (in LÚ.NAGAR.(GIŠ.)UMBIN ADD 328 r. 9, TCL 9 57:20); cf. mugirru in ša mugirri.

- 1. wheel (of a chariot or wagon) a) in Nuzi: iltennu mu-gi-ir-ru-ú ša šuduāti one pair of wheels of/with .... JEN 587:11, for parallel see JEN 212:18 cited magarru.
- b) in MA, NA: GIŠ mu-gi-ru ša Bíl iš-[...] (concerning a new chariot) KAJ 310:5 (MA inv.); GIŠ mu-gir-ri ša GIŠ šadādi ammiu arķiš kaspa [l]i-il-bi-u let them promptly plate the wheels of that carriage with silver Iraq 13 108 No. 421:3 (NA).
- 2. chariot: ašar mu-gi-ru ša ša[rri] ibbalakz kutuni where the royal chariot passes by AfO 13 pl. 7 VAT 8722:18 (MA leg.); hirṣi mu-gi-ir-ri the tracks of the chariot ABL 80 r. 10; arḥiš Giš mu-gir-ra-ka ... lillika ABL 1369 r. 4; šapla Giš mu-gir-ri ša šarri ... la ikannušu will (the hostile kings) not submit under the chariot of the king ABL 385 r. 14, cf. šapla Giš mu-gir ša šarri ABL 620:8; ašar šarrāni abbūa la ētiqa Giš mu-gir-ra-šú-nu aštakan šaknūti I installed governors in places where not even the chariots of the kings who preceded me had passed Tigl. Stela II B 21 (courtesy H. Tadmor).

The word mugirru is the Assyrian by-form of magarru. The reading of the log. GIŠ. GIGIR in NA (and possibly in MA, Nuzi) is more likely to be mugirru than narkabtu, as suggested by mugirru in ša mugirri (q.v.); for refs. see, however, narkabtu. For naggār mugirri "cart- or wheelwright" see naggāru.

Salonen Landfahrzeuge 39f.

mugirru in ša mugirri s.; 1. chariot fighter, owner of the chariot, 2. charioteer, chariot driver; NA; wr. syll. and LÚ.(GIŠ.) GIGIR, GIŠ.GIGIR.

LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR, LÚ.EN.GIŠ.GIGIR Bab. 7 pl. 6 v 11, see MSL 12 240.

- 1. chariot fighter, owner of the chariot: 53 LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR.MEŠ (for 11 mukil appāti, 12 tašlīšāni, and 30 bowmen) Iraq 28 186 No. 89:11; PN LÚ GIŠ.GIGIR ša URU GN 1 KUR-šú de'iq 1 la de'iq PN, the charioteer (under a rab kişir) from GN — one horse of his in good condition, one in unsatisfactory condition KAV 31:2, and passim in this text, also in KAV 32-38, and 131-132 (NA census lists); PN LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR (beside mukīl appāte and Lú qurbūtu) ADD 860 ii 13ff.; mukil appāte ša mu-gir-a-te Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists pl. 29:15, also pl. 17:22; PN GIŠ.GIGIR ša mār šarri (witness) ADD 312 r. 9, also [PN] GIŠ.GIGIR mār šarri ADD 971 ii 12, PN GIŠ. GIGIR nakkamti ADD 177 left edge 3; house adjoining the house of PN LÚ.GIGIR ADD 349:10, also (in legal context) PN LÚ.GIŠ. GIGIR ADD 78:2, 128:5, 509 r. 2, 520:4, (as witness) ADD 151 r. 9, 174 r. 13f., 200 r. 11ff.; ina muhhi ... Lú.GIŠ.GIGIR qurubte Lú pithal qurubte ... eli em[ūqī] dAššur gapšāte u kişir šarrāni abbēja maķrûte ma'diš [uradd]īma in addition to the elite charioteers, the elite cavalry men (and other men) I increased greatly the numerous troops of Aššur and the army of my royal predecessors Borger Esarh. 106 iii 16; tašlīšē LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR.MEŠ urāt [... mukil app]āti (in broken context) ibid. 114 § 80 i 7; mā ša LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR karsī [...] la innakkulū[ni] ABL 607 r. 2; LÚ.GIŠ. GIGIR.MEŠ-ni ADD 1041:13.
- 2. charioteer, chariot driver: a) in gen.: a statue of Ursa showing him itti 2 sīsē pithallišu Lú.GIŠ.GIGIR-šú together with his two cavalry horses and his charioteer TCL 3 403 (Sar.), cf. ibid. 404.
- b) special designations: Lú.GIŠ.GIGIR É.GAL (together with sartennu, abarakku, bēl pāķete ša [...]) ABL 1038:2; napķar 5 Lú.GIŠ.GIGIR šarri (followed by PN ša issišu) ADD 832:11; PN Lú.GIŠ.GIGIR šarri (as witness) ADD 41 r. 1, also (all three same person) ADD 211 edge 2, 308 r. 10, 309 r. 5; PN Lú.GIŠ.GIGIR MIN (= ša rab kisir) (preceded by PN Lú šanê ša rab

mugu muḥaddû

kişir) ADD 308:12; PN LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR rab mugi ADD 24:5, 25:2; PN LÚ GIŠ.GIGIR mār šarri ADD 548 r. 8, (ša turtāni) ADD 261 r. 16, LÚ. GIGIR ša LÚ.GAL.SAG ša mār šarri ADD 325:2; PN LÚ.GIGIR GÌR<sup>II</sup> (driver of the personal royal chariot) ADD 207:2, and (as witness) ibid. r. 14, wr. Lú.giš.gigir gìr<sup>II</sup> ADD 236 r. 8, wr. GIŠ.GIGIR ša GÌR<sup>II</sup> ADD 455 r. 7, 510 r. 3, 612 r. 14; LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR GÌR MAN ADD 150 r. 4; PN LÚ.GIGIR ta-be-rat (witness) ADD 256 r. 6; PN LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR GAB.MEŠ (for  $tahlip(\bar{a}t)e$ ?) ADD 354 edge 2, ADD 421:2, (as witness) ibid. r. 11, ADD 60 r. 4, 185 r. 9, 470 r. 23 f., cf. PN LÚ. GIŠ.GIGIR GAB.MEŠ-te ADD 912:2; LÚ.GIŠ. ADD 435 left edge 2; GIGIR.TAG.GA horses from Kūsu ša Lú.giš.gigir.meš ša belonging to the .... charioteers LÚ GIŠ.GIGIR na-[kam-ti(?)]ABL 374:10: ADD 277 r. 6.

A clear distinction between mngs. 1 and 2 cannot always be made. For EN GIŠ.GIGIR see narkabtu in bēl narkabti.

(Salonen Hippologica 205ff.; Weidner Tell Halaf 11f.); Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists 48ff.

mugu (mungu) in rab mugi (mungi) s.; (a high military official); NA, NB; wr. Lú GAL mu(n)gu (mu-ú-gu VAS 5 117:3).

Lứ GAL mu-gi Bab. 7 pl. 6 v 20 (NA list of professions), see MSL 12 240.

a) in NA: kî RN ... PN LÚ GAL mu-gi ana GN išapparu whether Assurbanipal should send PN, the rab mugi-official, (as a special envoy) to the land Musri Knudtzon Gebete 67 r. 6, cf. ibid. obv. 3, 66:2, 4 and r. 6; ana GN attalka pan lú gal mu-gi agtibi I left for GN (and) spoke before the rab mugi-official ABL 843:12; with respect to the sick man who has hemorrhage of the nose LÚ GAL mu-gi iqtibija mā the rab mugi-official reported as follows to me ABL 108 r. 3; ina LÚ raksu.meš lú šanû ša lú gal mu-gu ... ussēšibi I assigned the second man (on the of the rab mugi-official to the chariot) specially armed soldiers ABL 154:15, cf. PN LÚ GAL mu-gi (followed by PN, LÚ šanû, both witnesses) AJSL 42 235 No. 1188:2; PN LÚ. GIŠ.GIGIR  $\langle \delta a \rangle$  LÚ GAL mu-gi PN, the charioteer of the rab mugi-official ADD 24:5, also ADD 25:2; 1 immeru 1 DUG ŠAB (karāni) LÚ GAL mu-gi ša GIŠ.GIGIR 1 immeru LÚ GAL mugu(text -mu) ša pithalli ADD 1036 iii 15f.; note two rab mugi-officials mentioned together: PN GAL mu-gi PN2 MIN MIN (as witnesses) Tell Halaf 108:19f.; 40 ANŠE MIN MIN GAL mu-gi abarak bit Aššur Johns Doomsday Book No. 5 ii 22; LÚ GAL mu-gi-ka(?) ina šapla abulli ša bīt DN bīt PN liš'al ABL 1217 r. 5, cf. (in broken context) ibid. r. 18, ABL 1343:9.

b) in NB: ša la 30 ma.Na kừ.Babbar ša Lứ GAL mu-un-gu ša ina muḥḥini beside the thirty minas of silver we owe the rab mugi-official Moore Michigan Coll. 67:12; ina eqel Lứ GAL mu-gu BE 10 55:3; house beside Lứ GAL mu-ú-gu VAS 5 117:3, cf. É Lứ GAL mu-un-gu 1882-7-14,127:10; one sheep PN ša bīt Lứ 〈GAL〉 mu-un-gu CT 44 72:10; PN Lứ sepīri ša Lứ GAL mu-un-gu Wiseman Chron. 94 BM 49656:3 (leg.); 500 sīsê u [Lứ] GAL mu-un-ga lillikma ABL 622 + 1279:20, see Dietrich Aramäer 198.

From the texts it seems the *rab mugi* was a high military official who occasionally served as special envoy to foreign rulers. The evidence of the Akk. texts is corroborated by the occurrence of the *rab māg* in Jer. 39:3, 13.

Klauber Beamtentum 52 n. 2; von Soden, ZA 61 86.

mugubbû see immugubbû.

muḥabbiltu s.; (a sign of bad portent); SB\*; cf. habālu A.

ezib ša ... it-tum SUM-ma mu-ha-bil-tum ina šamê u erşetim innammaru disregard the fact that (in this month) a sign is given and a m. appears in the sky or on the earth AfO 11 p. 361 (pl. 3) K.2884:20 (tamītu).

Either an adjective qualifying ittu, or a specific phenomenon, listed among portents of astrological nature.

muḥaddû (fem. muḥaddītu) adj.; who gladdens the heart, causes joy (occ. as personal name only); OB; cf. hadû.

muḫāʾidu muḫḫu

a) muḥaddû: Mu-ḥa-ad-du-um PBS 7
119:13, YOS 2 25:1, 76:1, YOS 8 168:4, UCP 10
122 No. 49:1, TCL 17 10:15, 36 r. 12, UET 5 308:3,
TIM 3 51:15, 101:14, wr. Mu-ḥa-du-um TIM 3
101:14, YOS 8 111:9, VAS 13 104 ii 23, 29,
LIH 29:23, Boyer Contribution 112:19, UCP 10
96 No. 20:13, MDP 22 181:32, MDP 23 181:32,
Mu-ḥa-du-ú Jean Tell Sifr 77:18.

b) muḥaddītu: Mu-ḥa-di-tim CT 6 23a:5, 22, Mu-ḥa-di-tum ibid. 18, YOS 8 66:15 and case 29, BIN 2 75:4, 18, 22, 27, Mu-ḥa-ad-di-tum SLB 1 158:5.

Stamm Namengebung 247.

muḥā'idu s.; man on the lookout; lex.\*; ef. hâţu.

lú šá da.gíl.ti = mu-ha-'-i-du MSL 12 230 iv 28.

See dāgiltu in ša dāgilti.

muḥallû see muḥellû.

muḥālu s.; (mng. uncert.); OA.\*

x gín kaspam ana še'im a[šqu]l x gín kaspam a[na] mu-ha-li-im [ašqul] x gín kaspam ana šamnim [ašq]ul TCL 4 102:3; 1 DUG mu-ha-lu išti PN TCL 4 87:7.

Probably a foodstuff kept in jars.

\*muḥammidu see muḥammişu.

muḥammişu s.; (in muḥammiş/š šurinni) person who removes (the precious material from a divine emblem); lex.\*; cf. ḥamāṣu.

lú.sag.bur.x.x.x = mu-ḥa-am-mi-[šu-ri]-[ni], lú.šu.nir.ak.ak = mu-ḥa-am-mi-iş šu-r[i-ni] OB Lu B iv 33f., also OB Lu A 228; [lú].šu.nir.kar = mu-ḥa-mi-šu-ri-ni-[šu], lú.šu.nir.zil.zil = mu-qá-li-ip šu-ri-ni OB Lu D 139f., in MSL 12 206.

For the mng. cf. bu-úr búr = ħum-mu-ṣum šá šu.nir A VIII/2:180, cited ħamāṣu lex. section.

muḥammišu s.; (a person who processes barley); OB lex.\*; cf. hamāšu A.

lú še.šu.hum.ma = mu-ha-mi- $\langle u\rangle$  OB Lu D 93.

muḥammiṭu adj.; scorching; SB\*; cf. hamātu B.

nablī mu-ḥa-am-me-ṭu-ti mali zumurša her (Lamaštu's) body is full of scorehing flames LKU 33:20, dupl. KAR 239 i 10, cf. [...] mu-ḥa-am-me-ṭu-ti ana šumqut nāki[rī...] CT 35 30 Rm. 2,236:10, see Bauer Asb. 2 82, cf. also aḥḥūka nab-lu mu-ḥa-mi-ṭu MI [...] Lambert BWL 196:20.

muḥarrišu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

lú.murub<sub>2</sub>.duburmu-ru-ub-du-bur = mu-har-ri-\$[u] MSL 12 229 iv 25'.

Compare haršu A adj.

muhattipu s.; (mng. unkn.); OB\*; ef. hatāpu.

nakrum sadīdīka u mu-ḥa-[ṭi]-pí-ka [...] ana libbi ummatika ikammisamma (see kamāsu A mng. 1b) YOS 10 28:10 (ext.).

muḥellû (muḥallû) adj.; warm-natured, merry-making; OB, SB\*; cf. helû.

šumma mu-he-el-li if (a person is) radiating warmth ZA 43 98:39 (Sittenkanon); A.ŠÀ Mu-ha-al-lu-ú (personal name or Flurname) YOS 5 175:28 (OB).

muḥeššû s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

sag.du<sub>8</sub>.du<sub>8</sub> = šab-bi-tu, mu-he-šu-u, mur-tappi-du ZA 9 162:14ff. (group voc.).

muhhelşītu s.; slippery ground; OB\*; cf. nehelşū.

ina mu-úh-he-el-ṣi-tim GìR LÚ ihheleṣṣi the man's foot will slip on slippery ground YOS 10 20:9 (ext.).

muḥhi irti see irtu in muḥhi irti.

muhhu s.; 1. skull, top of the head, topside, upper part, 2. (in prep. use, alone and with ina, ana, ištu (ultu), adi) upon, over, on top, 3. (in adverbial use) thereupon, on this account, in this respect; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. (as preposition at times muh in OAkk., MB, Bogh., NB royal) and UGU; cf. irtu in muhhi irti.

ú-gu A.SAG, ú-gu A.KA, ú-gu U.KA = mu-uh-hu Diri III 141ff.; [U.KA] = [mu-u]h-hu = (Hitt.) tarna-a-[u-wa-ar] to permit KUB 3 103 r. 9 (Diri Bogh.); ú-gu ugu = e-li, mu-u[h-hu] Sb I 274–274a; sa-ag sac = mu-uh-hu Idu I 126; mu-uh sag×dv

**m**սիիս **m**սիիս

mušen.dal.e.bi sag (later recension ugu, var. ugu.bi) íb.ta.an.dù: mušen-šu mu-pa-riš-tu muḥ-ḥa-ša im-ma-ḥi-iş Lugale III 3; [a]b. sag.ga.ta mu.un.da.ab.šú.šú.e.ne: ša ina apti mu-ḥi it-ta-na-sa-ḥa-pu KAR 46:9f., dupl. ab.sag.gá.ta mu.un.da.ab.šú.šú.ne: ša ina apti muḥ-ḥi ittanatbaku CT 17 35:76f.; see also aptu usage d; lú.bi ugu.na: ana ugu amēli śuātu ibid. 32:3f.

UGU = mu-uh-hu Izbu Comm. V 272b, cf. [...] = [mu]-uh-ha-su he-pi ibid. 277b; UGU $^{mu}$ -uh CT 41 42:27 (ext. comm.).

1. skull, top of the head, topside, upper part — a) skull, top of the head of a human being — 1' in gen.: DN mu-uh-ha-su lim[has]may the god Šazi smite his head MDP 24 377:18, also 376:16, and passim in this phrase, also mu-ha-šu Ša-zi x-x-x MDP 22 130:19; mu-uhha-šu mahis kīma mu-uh-hi-šu-ma tēmšu ibašši his skull has been hit, his mind will be exactly like his skull AfO 18 65 ii 29 (OB physiogn., apod.);  $m\bar{a}hismu-uh-hi$  ZA 45 206 iv 10 (Bogh. rit.); limhas muh-ha-ku-nu telītu Ištar AfO 12 143:16 (edin.na.dib.bi.da-rit.); his own son ina kakki qātēšu muh-ha-šu imhas MVAG 21 80:15 (Kedorlaomer text); rebû muhha amhassuma Bauer Asb. 2 88 K.6085:2; ma= haş muh-ha-šu-nu ni'i irtašun PSBA 37 195:11 (lit.); amahhas muh-ha-ki Maqlu III 148; māhis muh-hi Anzê Craig ABRT 1 29:15, also RA 18 165:26 (inc.); with his mittu-weapon ulatti muḥ-ḥa (var. mu-úḥ-ḥa) he split (her) head En. el. IV 130; ana [mu]h-hi-šú-nu u lānišunu lilliku may (their sorceries) affect their heads and figures UET 6 410 r. 6 (inc.), see Iraq 22 224, see also AfO 18 293:57; u muh-hi kīma šikin išātimma hamit and the skull (of the corpse) was as hot as burning coals CT 46 45 iv 19, see Iraq 27 6; with fine oil muh-ha-šú-nu ušašqi I drenched their heads Borger Esarh. 63 Ep. 23 vi 53, cf. ša bahulāte mātija ušašqâ muh-ha-ši-in(var.  $-\check{s}u$ -un) OIP 2 116 viii 75 and 125:51 (Senn.); narqīti i.GIŠ. DÙG.GA mu-uh-ha-šu-nu ušašqi I drenched their heads with ointment made of perfumed oil OECT 1 27 iii 30 (Nbn.); TA muh(!)-hi adi supri (see supru mng. 1a-2') Hunger Kolophone No. 329:4; kaspu UGU-šú his skull is silver KAR 307:12 (description of a representation of a deity); if the intestinal coils look kīma UGU BRM 4 13:47 (SB ext.).

2' in med. contexts: šumma ina ugu-šú mahiş Labat TDP 18:9-12; šumma amēlu ugu-šú umma ukâl if a man's head is feverish CT 23 38:51, and passim, cf. ugu-šú sēta hamitma īnāšu ibarrura Köcher BAM 3 i 20; šumma mu-úh-ha-šu sahir Kraus Texte 4a:5, cf. ibid. 6ff., and dupls. 2a:15ff., 19ff., 24ff., 3a:15f.; *šumma amēlu* ugu-šú nigin-[d]a if a man's head spins Biggs Šaziga 13 ii 12; if UGU-šú išam: mamašu Labat TDP 70:13; šumma UGU UGU iltanassi if he calls out repeatedly: "My head! My head!" ibid. 18:8; šumma šerru UGU-šú ēm ibid. 230:117, also šumma šerru ugu-šú irassu u šašallašu emmu if a small child's head, chest and neck are hot ibid. 228:100; the fontanel(?) of its skull is open and mu-uh-ha-šu irappuš its skull widens ibid. 222:44f.; šumma gātāšu ina UGU-šú la patra if his hands do not let go of his head (parallel: ina panīšu, ina qaqqadišu) ibid. 90:22, wr. qa-ta-a-šu i-na mu-uh-[hi-šu la patra] KUB 4 14:6, ana ugu-šu nu dus KUB 37 187:5; you anoint SAG.KI<sup>II</sup>-šú KI.TA UGU-šú u MURUB<sub>4</sub> UGU-šú AMT 103 ii 22, cf. ištu murub<sub>4</sub> ugu-šú AMT 94,5:2, šumma amēlu murub<sub>4</sub> ugu-šú u sag.ki.meš-šú tag. (catch line) AMT 54,2 r. 1, SAG.  $KI^{II}$ - $\check{s}\acute{u}$  MURUB<sub>4</sub> muh-hi- $\check{s}\acute{u}$  AMT 104:37, etc.; *šumma* TA MURUB<sub>4</sub> UGU-*šú* TAG-su-ma Labat TDP 18:13; qabal UGU-šú sahir Kraus Texte 17:6; šārat ugu-šú gub.gub-az the hair of his head stands on end AMT 31,1 i 4; [šār]at mu-uh-hi-šu zagpat Kraus Texte 3b iii 19; i-te-'-ú muh-hi (parallel:  $[\ldots qaqqad]u$ Lambert BWL 42:59 (Ludlul II); bahra ina muh-hi-šú teggi (see bahra) AMT 51,4:4.

b) skull of an animal — 1' in gen.: šumma izbum irrūšu ina mu-uh-hi-šu šaknu if a malformed animal's intestines are located on its skull YOS 10 56 i 31 (OB Izbu), cf. in[a m]u-uh-hi-šu sihhum šakin ibid. 18, šumma

muḫḫu muḫḫu

izbu UGU-šú [...] Leichty Izbu VII 154'ff.; šumma izbu uznāšu ina UGU-šú kaṣra if a malformed animal's ears are joined to its skull ibid. XI 51'.

- 2' uses: if a man is bewitched you dry mu-ûh-ha ša SILA4 lakî the skull of a tender lamb AMT 85,3:1; to heal him you bray ugu suhur. HA the head of a purādu-fish Köcher BAM 152 iii 9; ugu ša erî the skull of an eagle AMT 13,2 r. 9, cf. ugu ēribi AMT 62,3:22, also Köcher BAM 237 iv 34, and passim.
- c) topside, upper part 1' of an object or a structure: 1 GIŠ.TUKUL UD.KA.BAR mu-ha-šu KÙ.BABBAR uhhuz one bronze mace, its top mounted in silver ARM 7 119:3, cf. Syria 20 112:4 (Mari), cf. also ARM 7 219:6; mu-úh-hi giš.gu.za DN top part of the throne of Ea PBS 8/2 194 i 11 (OB); a set of leather reins mounted in gold mu-uh-ha-šu gabba şalam hurāşi its entire top part is a golden figure (contrast išissu line 24) EA 22 i 26 (list of gifts of Tušratta); muh-ha-šú ugnû its top is lapis lazuli (in broken context) Gilg. VIII iv 49; with precious stones muuh-hi lubušti ilūtišunu rabīti luza'inuma (see zanu usage b-1') 5R 33 ii 46 (Agum-kakrime), cf. mu-hi ir-ti ibid. iii 39; UGU ša eșemti arikti top part of the long bone AMT 17,4 ii 3; kibir muḥ-ḥi-šá the edge of its (the ark's) top deck (is ten NINDA square) Gilg. XI 58; UGU mahru» muh-hi-šu uraddi ukabbir I made (the wall) thicker by increasing its former top (to three hundred courses) Scheil Tn. II r. 57; arammum 1 NINDA DAGAL KI.TA 30 NINDA mu-hu 4 SUKUD a ramp: below the width is one ninda, the top is onehalf ninda, the height four (nindas) TMB 21 No. 45:1; sassum mu-hu-um u sukud minum what is the base, the top and the height? ibid. 23 No. 48:8, cf. also (all referring to a siege wall) ibid. 24ff. No. 48:26, 28, (to dūru) 49:1, (to a truncated cone) 59:1,  $(d\bar{u}ru)$  61:1, 62:2, 5, (hirītu) 72:1, 4, (tamšiātu) 81:2, (nalbantu) 87:4, (a pit) 88:2, (a ramp) wr. UGU ibid. 87:2, 90:2f.; note the expression (a textile) šá UGU GIŠ.GÌR.GUB which is (to be placed) over the

footstool VAS 6 16:5, also 2 GADA ša muh-hi GIŠ.NÁ two linen bedspreads Nbn. 252:4, 1-en TÚG.GADA šá(copy DIŠ) UGU GIŠ.GU.ZA. MEŠ BE 8 154:25 (all NB); exceptional: šumma qutrinnum mu-úh-ha-šu kaṣir if the top of the smoke is concentrated PBS 1/2 99 ii 14, cf. BE NA mu-uh-ha-šu ih-pi if the top of the smoke splits UCP 9 374:17, also (with paṭir) ibid. 19, etc. (all OB smoke omens); for m. as part of a door see Hh. VIII 283, in lex. section.

- 2' of a part of the body: if a woman has given birth UGU SAG.KI-šá aruq and the upper part of her forehead is greenish Labat TDP 200:1ff., also ibid. 230:123 (subscript); mu-úh tulēša the upper part of her breasts ibid. 204:52ff.
- 3' of a part of the exta: šumma martum mu-úh-ha-ša takimma sarip if the top of the gall bladder is spotted and red YOS 10 31 ix 14, cf. mu- $\acute{u}h$ -hi martim ibid. viii 40; if the gall bladder stands up mu-úh-hi ubānim issabat and holds the top of the "finger" ibid. viii 32; if there are three ribs at the right ina qablišina tisbutama mu-ha-ši-na mithar linked in their middle part but their top(s) of equal length ibid. 47:89ff., also diš zi išissina tisbutma mu-ha-ši-na le-ti ibid. 45:50, ef. ibid. 62f.; mu-úh-hi mušen ibid. 51 i 19 and dupl. 52 i 18; mu-úh-hi bāb ekallim ... pater ibid. 26 iii 32, DIŠ GIŠ.TUKUL imittim mu-uh-ha-šu pater ibid. 46 iii 23, cf. ibid. 56 (all OB), ugu-šú patir CT 30 14:12 and 22, dupl. TCL 6 3:23 and 30 (SB); šumma ubānātum šitta mu-ha-ši-na qûm sabit YOS 10 11 iii 32, MAŠ 2 tallū mu-ha-šu-nu ištenma ibid. 42 ii 52, cf. ibid. 50, cf. also ibid. 18:44, 26 ii 26, iv 24, 31 ii 33, etc. (all OB); sikkat sēli ša imitti 2-ta-ma muh-ha-ši-na šutēmud CT 31 17 r.(!) 10, wr. UGU-ši-na ibid. 24:21; šumma ubān hašî qablītu mu-uh-ha-ša šatiq 447:2, cf. ibid. 1 and 3, wr. UGU-šá CT 30 2 K.3689+:20 (all SB ext.).
- 4' other occ.: ašar ... tuppišu u mu-huum ša abini ibaššiuni where his tablet and the m. (possibly: top quality) of our principal are CCT 4 7c:19 (OA).

muḫḫu muḫḫu

- 2. (in prep. use, alone and with ina, ana, ištu (ultu), adi) upon, over, on top a) used alone (only syll. refs. are cited here): Šamaš ... atta mu-uh milki malkī ... rabâta you, Šamaš, surpass the rulers in wisdom ZA 45 204 iii 30 (Bogh. rit.); muh-hi Šamši ammīni la tallika why did you not go to the Sun? MRS 9 191 RS 17.247:8, cf. mārē šiprika muh-hi Šamši ... šupra ibid. 17; ša ina arkāniš ūmē muḥ-ḥi eqlēti . . . idabbubu who, in future days, brings a claim for these fields BBSt. No. 24 r. 31; anumma PN muhhi-ia iktašad KUB 3 56 r. 12; [ša] illakunim mu-hi-ia EA 1:69 (let. from Egypt); biltu ... muh-hi ša pan ušātir elišunu aškun AKA 323 ii 79 (Asn.); muh-hi (var. UGU) kullat nākirī lišamrir kakkēja Borger Esarh. 75:35; mu-úh agurri bīt akīti (inscription) from a brick of the akitu-house Hunger Kolophone No. 443:1 (NB); dates ša PN m[uh-h]i PN<sub>2</sub> belonging to PN are credited to PN2 BRM 1 55:2, and passim; ūmu paqāri muḥ-ḥi kišubbâ ... ittabšû whenever a claim arises against that fallow land TCL 13 235:19, cf. u'ilēti muh-hi-šú-nu illâ TCL 12 43:29; for each mina, twelve shekels of silver muh-hi-šú irabbi will accrue against him BOR 4 2:6; ša arhi muh-hi 1 manê 1 gin kaspu ina muhhi-šú irabbi one shekel of silver for each mina will accrue against him monthly ZA 4 143 No. 14:6.
- b) after ša 1' in border descriptions: bīt makkūri nidinti šarri ša muḥ-ḥi Puratti Nbn. 559:5 and 560:4; URU GN ša muḥ-ḥi nāri ša PN VAS 3 94:16, mostly wr. UGU, e.g., GN ša UGU ÍD GN<sub>2</sub> ABL 336 r. 7, eqlu ša UGU nāri eššu VAS 5 86:1, eqlu ... ša UGU būrti rabīti AnOr 8 17:2, ŠE.NUMUN zaqpu ša UGU bitqa TCL 13 141:1, eqlu ša UGU KASKAL<sup>II</sup> VAS 3 72:3.
- 2' in designations of officials: PN ša UGU KUR GN KAJ 212:3 (MA); PN u PN<sub>2</sub> sepīrī ša PN<sub>3</sub> ša muḥ-ḥi Ar-ba-ia Nbn. 297:6; PN LÚ qurrubūtu ša muḥ-ḥi URU GN VAS 5 2:9 and 12; PN ša muḥ-ḥi kurummāti UCP 9 88 No. 21:4; LÚ ša muḥ-ḥi ša Bēlti ša Uruk TCL 13 139:7; also with ina: PN ša ina muḥ-ḥi sūti ša nār Sin BE 9 14 lower edge; PN u PN<sub>2</sub> tup=

- šarrī ša ina muḥ-hi mašāhu ša ŠE.NUMUN AnOr 8 30:6 (all NB); see also ālu in ša muḥhi āli, bābu in ša muḥhi bābi, bītānu in ša muḥhi bītāni, bītu in ša muḥhi bīti, ešrū in ša muḥhi ešrī (and note the spelling Lú šá muḥ-hi 10.MEŠ Dar. 141:2), iṣṣūru in ša muḥhi iṣṣūrī, quppu in ša muḥhi quppi, rīḥu in ša muḥhi rīḥāni, sūqu in ša muḥhi sūqi, ṣubātu in ša muḥhi ṣubāti.
- c) with preps.: from MB, MA on the preps. ina, ana, ištu, adi are often followed by muḥḥi (parallel to their being followed by libbi with ref. to the inside of a place or an object, etc.) both for the purpose of reinforcing them and for providing a means to add a personal suffix; for such refs. see the preps. and the verbs which are so construed.
- 3. (in adverbial use) thereupon, on this account, in this respect: ina mu-hi-[im]-ma la i[šas]si he will make no claim in this respect JEN 510:32; lu mimma šatra ša UGU ipaššitu or erases anything written thereupon MDP 10 pl. 11 iii 28 (MB kudurru); šumma i-na muḥ-ḥi ti-šu BE 17 76:4, cf. errēšu i-na muuh-hi TA-mu-du CT 43 59:14 (both MB letters); ēda šuma ul uraddi ina (var. ana) muh-hi he did not add one verse to it Cagni Erra V 44; [...] ina ugu tusarraq you scatter [...] over it BA 10/1 106 No. 25:7; ana muh-hi-im-ma ana ekalli altapar ABL 517 r. 1, cf. ana muhhi ana šarri ašpura ABL 477 r. 8 (both NB), ina UGU ana šarri nissapra ABL 78 r. 10; anāku ina muh-hi amuat I am dying because of this ABL 177 r. 4 (both NA), cf. a-na muhhi lumūt ABL 326 r. 13 (NB); dullu ina muh $hi l\bar{e}pu[\check{s}u]$  ABL 391:19 (NA); a-na muh-hitherein we have put our trust nirhus ABL 283 r. 13 (NB);  $dal\bar{a}ti \dots \check{s}a \ le\check{a}ni \dots ina$ muh-hi elûni raspa the doors on which the plates go are finished ABL 452 r. 9; šungalli ša DN ina muh-hi izzazzuni ABL 951:13 (both NA), and passim in NA letters;  $m\hat{e}$  ina UGU tanaddi you sprinkle water over it Oppenheim Glass 43 § 13:110; tēme ša abija ina muh-hi lušme let me hear the opinion of my father in this respect YOS 3 155:11, cf. tēmu ... a-na muh-hi lušmūma ibid. 112:17; ina libbi ša 1-šú 2-šú a-na muh-hi ana bēlija aqbû in

muḫḫūtu muḫḫūtu

view of the fact that I talked to my lord once or twice on this account TCL 9 132:13; kî ana mār šarri a-na muḥ-ḥi la ašpuru ibid. 16, cf. ana PN a-na muḥ-ḥi ašappar RA 11 167:17; ina muḥ-ḥi la tašella' do not be careless in this respect YOS 3 152:24, and passim; rāšû šanâmma a-na muḥ-ḥi ul išallat no other creditor shall have control in this respect TuM 2-3 124:11; lētka a-na ugu la tanandi do not be negligent in this respect YOS 3 142:29; adannu adi qīt ša MN ... a-na muḥ-ḥi iškunuma they set the term for it at the end of MN Moldenke 2 53:6 (all NB).

## muhhû see mahhû.

muhhurtu (mahhurtu) s.; facing, opposite direction; OA, SB; cf. mahāru.

At that time I designated choice stretches, extensive land ina iš-ri-it ālija GN mu-hur-ti IM iltāni in the region of my city Assur (and) in the direction facing the north (wind) Weidner Tn. 12 No. 5:72, also ana mu-hur-ti il-ta-ni ibid. 10 No. 4:11, cf. ibid. 5 No. 1 iv 43, 10 No. 3:22, cf. also pūtu qablītu šanītu mu-uh-hur-ti ša-a-ri a-mur-ri the second inner front facing the west wind OIP 2 102:78 (Senn.); along the Tigris mu-hur-ti ālija GN opposite my city Assur Weidner Tn. 28 No. 16:92 and 31 No. 17:43; [...] ša ma-hu-ur-ti bītim (in broken context) RA 60 135:42 (OA let.).

muhhuru (mahhuru) s.; 1. offering, 2. display, 3. meeting(?); OA, MA, SB; cf. mahāru.

- 1. offering a) with muhhuru or šumzhuru: muh-hu-ru elišunu umahhir karāna aqqā elišun I made an offering over them (the lions killed in a hunt), I poured wine over them (epigraph under a representation of the king making a libation over four dead lions) Streck Asb. p. 304 \( \alpha \) 3, for other refs. see mahāru mngs. 7a, 10a.
- b) other occs.: mu-uh-hu-ru  $taqrib\bar{a}ti$  inneppu[su] RAcc. 42:27, but  $mu-\dot{u}h-ru$  (in same context) ibid. 44:12, cf. mu-uh(var.  $-\dot{u}h$ )-hu-ru taqribtu  $kal\hat{u}$   $ep\bar{e}si$  ul ikalla TuL p. 111:20, restored from dupl. K.3219.

2. display: nikis qaqqadi ša RN ... umahshira mah-hu-riš I exhibited the severed head of RN (before the gate in the center of Nineveh) Streck Asb. 124 vi 58 (= Piepkorn Asb. 74 vi 67), also, wr. muh-hu-riš u[mah]hir AfO 8 180:48.

3. meeting(?) (in the OA month name maḥhur ilī): ITI.KAM ma-hu-ur ì-lí TCL 4 91b:9, wr. ma-hu-ur DINGIR ICK 2 271:6, and passim, note ma-hu-ri-lu TCL 21 235:12, ma-hur(?)-ì-lí ibid. 213:38 (all OA), replaced in MA by ITI mu-hu-ur-DINGIR.MEŠ AOB 1 42:30 (Aššur-uballiṭ I), 70 edge 3 (Adn. I), ITI mu-hur-DINGIR.MEŠ KAR 220 iv 10, KAJ 1:35, Iraq 30 157ff. TR 2014, and passim in MA.

The OA month name is possibly a popular etymology of a foreign (Hurr.?) name \*mah=(h)urillu or the like; the MA form muhur ili seems to represent muhu, q.v. For NB refs., see mahhuru. See also mihhuru.

Ad mng. 3: Langdon Menologies p. 36f.; Hirsch Untersuchungen 54 n. 281.

muḥhuṣu (fem. \*muḥhuṣtu, muḥhuṣtu) adj.; (describing persons and wood or reed objects); lex.\*; cf. maḥāṣu.

lú u<sub>4</sub>.tab.ba =  $[mu-\acute{u}]\rlap/h-h[u-şum]$  OB Lu A 105, cf. lú u<sub>4</sub>.tab.ba = ma-şi ta il [x],  $mu-\acute{u}\rlap/h-\rlap/hu-[şum]$  OB Lu B iii 32 f.

giš.bugin.šid.bar.ra = muḥ-ḥu-ṣu Hh. IV 238; [giš.bugin<sub>2</sub>].ku.bar.ra = muḥ-ḥu-uṣ-ṣu Hh. IX 217; giš.ná.šeš.unu.ki.gá.dam.ta = mundultu, muḥ-ḥu-uṣ-tum Hh. IV 160f.; giš. šitá.ak = muḥ-ḥu-ṣu BRM 4 33 ii 3 (group voc.).

muḥḥūtu (maḥḥūtu, maḥhītu) s.; woman ecstatic; OAkk., OB, Mari, SB; wr. syll. and SAL.GUB.BA; cf. mahû v.

SAL al.è.dè = mah-hu-tu Lu IV 119; SAL lú.gub.ba = mu-hu-t[um] OB Lu A 24, also, wr. mu-úh-hu-tum OB Lu B i 27.

- a) in OAkk.: iškunuši ana mu-hu-tim they elevated her to the status of ecstatic MAD 5 No. 8:31 (OAkk. inc.).
- b) in Mari: SAL mu-uh-hu-tum ina bīt DN itbêma ummami the woman ecstatic rose in the temple of Annunītum, saying as follows ARM 10 50:22, cf. PN šangûm šārtam u sissiktam ša SAL mu-uh-hu-tim ublam PN, the

muḥru muḥtillû

temple administrator, brought me (some of) the hair and the fringe (of the garment) of the woman ecstatic ARM 6 45:9, wr. mu-bu-tim ibid. 15, see Moran, Bib. 50 20; for TCL 10 39:11 see mahhû usage d.

- c) in lit. and omens: aštakkan kurummāti ana zabbi zabbati maḥ-ḥe-e u maḥ-ḥu-ti RA 13 108 i 24, also Craig ABRT 1 16:24, wr. maḥ-ḥi-e maḥ-ḥi-ti (for context see maḥḥū usage c) LKA 70 i 26, see TuL p. 50:27; šumma ina āli SAL.GUB.BA.MEŠ MIN (= maʾda) CT 38 4:82 (SB Alu); maḥ-ḥu-t[a ...] Dreambook 334 K.6768:4; māta ma-ḥi-a-tum DIB.MEŠ woman ecstatics will take over the land Leichty Izbu XI 7, cf. KUR ma-ḥi-a(!)-tum DIB.MEŠ = KUR še-e-ḥu iṣabbat (with comm. mah-hu-ú = še-ha-a-nu) Izbu Comm. W 365d.
- d) maḥḥūtiš emū: maḥ-ḥu-tiš(var. -ti-iš) itemi ušanni ṭēnša she (Tiāmat) became like a woman ecstatic, she lost her reason En. el. IV 88; tīb tāḥazija danni ēmuruma ēmū maḥ-ḥu-tíš Borger Esarh. 44 i 73; uncert.: ina la ṭābi IM DINGIR ma-ḥu-tíš tab(?)-[x] AfO 19 52:151 (lit.).

muḥru s.; 1. (a prayer addressing the deity in a special way), 2. street chapel marking the turning point of a processional circuit; OB, SB; wr. syll. and (in mng. 2) KUN.SAG(.GÁ); cf. maḥāru.

kun.sag.gá = muh-ru (followed by ibratu) Igituh I 330.

- 2. street chapel marking the turning point of a processional circuit: šumma lu sukku lu kun.sag.gá lu māḥāz ili lu bīt ili uddiš if he

repairs either a sukku-shrine, a m., a māḥāzu, or a temple KAR 392 obv.(!) 17, see Labat Calendrier p. 228 and § 33:1, cf. [lu] muḥ-ru lu māḥāz ili īpuš 4R 33\* iv 7, also Labat Calendrier p. 96 n. 2; [lu] KUN.SAG.GÁ lu UB.LÍL.LÁ lu BÁRA lu BÁRA.SI.GA . . . īpuš Labat Calendrier p. 228 and § 30:1, 9 and 11, lu muḥ-ra lu BÁRA ša 3 zamūšu ibid. 4, 8, 10 and 15, cf. ibid. p. 210:17, 218:8; if a man KUN.SAG unakkir changes a m. CT 40 10 i 20, cf. šumma KUN. SAG ana KUN.SAG unakkir ibid. 21 (all iqqur īpuš); lu KUN.SAG.GÁ lu UB.LÍL.LÁ lu BÁRA lu BÁRA.SIG.GA . . . īpuš KAR 177 ii 13 (hemer.).

For the MA month name Muhur-ili see muhhuru s. mng. 3.

Landsberger apud Schott, ZA 43 143 n. 2.

muḥrû adj.; foremost, first; OB, NB; cf. mahāru.

sag.íl hu.tùm: mu-uh-ru-ú li-bil-śú the first one should take him away Nabnitu K 60.

x gold income elat hurāṣi muḥ-ri-i Nbn. 406:2, cf. kaspu muḥ-ru-ú Nbn. 376:5; uncert.: amūt RN ša tebê šalamtum £(?).  $SI[G_4(?)...]$  mu-uḥ-ri-i YOS 10 46 v 14 (OB ext.).

In the NB passages, muḥrû is rather a phon. var. than to be read màh-ru-ú.

muḥtanbu adj.; waxing; SB; cf. hanābu. mu-uḥ-ta-an-bu šūpû (Sin) waxing, brilliant Perry Sin 23 No. 5:3, see pl. 2 ii 18.

muhterkun s.; woman; syn.list\*; Elam. word.

mu-uh-te-er-ku-un = MIN (= SAL) NIM Explicit Malku I 74.

muhtillû s.; (a garment); MB, NB.

ana kaspiša 2 Túg muḥ-til-le-e SIG<sub>5</sub>-tim kî 2 gín kù.gi PN ana PN<sub>2</sub> u ana PN<sub>3</sub> aššatišu iddin toward her (purchase) price PN (the father-in-law) gave two fine m.-s worth two shekels of gold to PN<sub>2</sub> (her father) and to (PN<sub>2</sub>'s) wife, PN<sub>3</sub> CBS 12917:9, see Brinkman MSKH 1 No. 9; 1 Túg muḥ-til-le-e kî 1 gín kù.gi one m.-garment for one shekel of gold Iraq 11 145 No. 5:9; Túg muḥ-til-le-e Peiser Urkunden 95:6, 101:1, cf. UET 7 20:3, 30:6, muḥurrā'u mu'irru

34 r. 4 and, wr. 3 muh-til-li ibid. 23:3, also 1 Tức muh-hi-til-le-e SiG<sub>5</sub> ibid. 35:3 (all MB); 2 Tức muh-til-lu-u kî 12 kaspi two m.-garments for twelve (shekels) of silver BBSt. 7 i 23 (NB kudurru).

For BE 17 34:7, see tillû.

muḥurrā'u s.; receipt, received commodities; OAkk.\*; cf. mahāru v.

6 ŠE.GUR mu-hur-ra-um in GN six gur of barley, received, in Išnun MAD 1 275:2; ŠU.NIGÍN 10 DUG 17 SÌLA Ì.NUN mu-hu-ra-um total: ten jars, seventeen silas of ghee, received goods (end of text) ibid. 323:14; KUŠ.DÙG.GAN mu-hu-ra-um ibid. 268:2 (tag).

mu'irru (mu'erru, muwirru) s.; commander, director; OB, MB, SB; wr. syll. and GAL.UKKIN(.NA); cf. âru v.

kin-gal GAL.UKKIN = mu-'-ir-ru Sb II 125; kin.gal = mu-ir-rum (beside rabû) Izi H App. i 53; [...] [GAL].KINDA = mu-ir-rum, mas-su-û Diri VI D l'f.; GAL.UKKIN, kin.gal, kin.gal.ukkin.na, á.gal, e-ragáx me.en, gal.gáx me.en, gal.zu = mu-'-i-ru Lu I 110-116, cf. gal.ukkin.na, gal. zu.ukkin.na Proto-Lu 14f., for GAL.UKKIN in Pre-Sar. lists see MSL 12 10:16, 17:10.

[á.m]a.al = á.gál = mu-'-ir-ru Emesal Voc. II i 19; á.ág.gá = mu-u-e-ru = (Hitt.) wa-tar-na-ah-ha-an-za commander Izi Bogh. A 27; lú.kin. gi<sub>4</sub>.a, lú.á.ág.gá = mu-ir-ru Nabnitu IV 129f. [ba.ba] = mu-[w]i-ru Studies Landsberger 23:46 (Silbenvokabular).

erin.sag.gi<sub>4</sub>.a = mu-ir şa-bi, re-'i şa-bi Lu II

[sukkal].mah.zu GAL.UKKIN <sup>d</sup>Nusku. [ke<sub>x</sub>(KID)]: [suk]kallaka şīru mu-'-ir-r[u Nusku] may your grand vizier, the commander Nusku (address a prayer to you) OECT 6 pl. 4 K.5992 r. 3f.; kin.gal.mah // mu-'-e-ri [...] AAA 22 88:148f.

 $^{\rm d}$ Šáršá-ár.kin =  $^{\rm d}$ Nin.šubur á.gál.é.an.na. ke<sub>x</sub> = mu-ir bīt  $^{\rm d}A$ -ni CT 24 2:42;  $^{\rm d}$ En.ga.ná gal.ukkin<sup>mu-)-ir</sup> (var. kinda)  $^{\rm d}$ Utu.k[e<sub>x</sub>] CT 25 26:15, var. from CT 24 31:80.

[m]u-i-ru = MIN (= ru-bu-u) Explicit Malku I 32; [mu]-i-ru = MIN (= ra-[a]-[bu-u]) Explicit Malku I App. i 3, in JAOS 83 439.

a) in OB — 1' in gen.: barley ana natbak GN namharti PN GAL.UKKIN.NA for storage in GN, received by PN, the director, (and four other persons, three of them judges, and the kāru of Sippar-Amnānum) BE 6/1 99:12;

sheep ša la kanikim ša PN GAL.UKKIN.NA ina qāti PN2 without pertinent record, belonging to PN, the director, (received) from BE 6/1 79:4, cf. (same person, father of a nadītu) ibid. 119 i 42; four slaves ana še'im ša A.ŠÀ.GUN PN2 GAL.U[KKIN.NA ...] eṣēdim u  $\delta \bar{u}[l]\hat{\imath}[m \ldots]$  (are needed) to harvest and transport the barley of the tax-field of PN2, the director LIH 84:9, cf. ibid. 17; ina GN itti GAL.UKKIN.NA annamir I met with the director in Isin TCL 1734:6, cf. GAL.UKKIN. NA ašālma I asked the director (about a caravan that left before I did and he said: "Nothing passed through Isin") ibid. 10; 'PN ahāti aš-ti gal.ukkin.na kīam igbiam umma šîma ina bulut awīlim GAL.UKKIN.NA kaspam ... addin PN, the sister-in-law of the director, said to me: "In the lifetime of the honorable director I gave silver (to the merchant)" PBS 7 100:10 and 12, gallābum ša awilim GAL.UKKIN.NA ibid. 24; tuppi bēlija ana PN GAL. UKKIN ša Isin aššum suhārija šuāti u PN<sub>2</sub> mu-se-ep-pí-šu ana Bābiliki šūrîm a[š-pu]-ur-ma PN 2 UKU.UŠ iddinamma [...] I sent the letter of my lord to the "director" of Isin concerning the dispatching of that boy of mine and his abductor(?) to Babylon, and PN gave me two soldiers (for this purpose) VAS 16 181:6 (let.); nahlaptu-garments ana rēdê LÚ Hapirī ŠU.TI.A PN GAL.UKKIN.NA for the  $r\bar{e}d\hat{u}$ soldiers who are hapiru, received by PN, the director RA 12 115:4 (from Ur); large amount ŠE GA.RAŠ.SAG.SAR bilat eqlim PN GAL. UKKIN.NA namharti PN2 ŠU PN3 YOS 12 428:3; as witness: (together with šangû and gallābu) Waterman Bus. Doc. 50:3, 4, cf. ibid. 28 r. 12, Szlechter TJA p. 10:12; DUMU.É.DUB.BA.A ša GAL.UKKIN.NA YOS 13 98:15, 207:14; PN DUMU GAL.UKKIN.NA JCS 5 89 MAH 15909:20, see JCS 7 85 No. 7, DUMU.SAL GAL.UKKIN. NA JCS 11 35 No. 26:13; DAM GAL.UKKIN.NA CT 48b:19 (ration list); PN GAL.UKKIN.NA PBS 7 82:7, also TLB 1 195:6; as personal name: Mu-wi-ir-ru-um VAS 13 28 r. 6.

2' acting in connection with court cases: (because of the five lost cattle found in the hands of three persons) tuppi awilê abbū

mu'irru mu'irru

sābim ana PN GAL.UKKIN.NA u PN<sub>2</sub> gallābim illikam a letter of the (military) commanders went to PN, the director, and PN<sub>2</sub>, the "barber" TCL 1 164:9; ana GAL.UKKIN.NA nisniqma ... maḥar GAL.UKKIN.(NA) kiam adbubšumma UD.4.KAM ina bīt GAL.UKKIN.NA aklāšu we came before the "director," and in the presence of the "director" I complained about him thus, and I locked him up for four days in the house of the "director" TCL 1 29:23, 28f.; ana s[ēr m]u-ir-ri-im itrûniššuma they brought him before the director JCS 5 85 MAH 15914:12, see JCS 7 97 No. 24.

3' mu'ir sāb bāb ekalli (wr. gal.ukkin(.na) ERÍN (or ša) KÁ.É.GAL) in charge of the work force of the palace — a' with ref. to the x barley for hiring of harvest workers: harvest workers KI PN GAL.UKKIN.NA ERÍN. KÁ.É.GAL ... ŠU.BA.AN.TI (four men) took as a loan from PN, the director of the palace work force (at harvest time they will do harvest work) Szlechter Tablettes 108 MAH 16.448:3, also (in the same context with the same official) ibid. 110 MAH 16.148:3, 111 MAH 16. 508:3, 112 MAH 16.346:4, 113 MAH 16.381:3, 114 MAH 16.374:3, (with initum, i.e., for seeder plowing) ibid. 118 MAH 16.305:3, ef. (same official) IGI.4.GÁL KÙ.BABBAR ana ŠE.KIN.KUD KI PN GAL.UKKIN.NA ERÍN.KÁ.É.GAL PN2 ŠU.BA.AN. TI VAS 7 60:3; 18 ERÍN ŠE.KIN.KUD ... ša še-e gun PN gal.ukkin erín.ká.é.gal ša A.Š $\lambda$  ... i-si-du YOS 12 411:5, cf. (in the same context) ibid. 415:5, 416:5, 420:5, and (with the same person called GAL. UKKIN. NA only) ibid. 422:5 and 441:6.

b' with ref. to personnel: awilum GAL. UKKIN.NA ERÍN.KÁ.É.GAL ana ṣābim iddalahanni the honorable director of the palace personnel has embarrassed me before the men PBS 7 121:1; ša awilim GAL.UKKIN.NA ERÍN.KÁ.É.GAL TCL 18 104:7; exceptionally wr. syll.: 4 annûtin mu-wi-ir-ri iddinam my director has given me those four (men) Kraus AbB 1 52:27.

c' acting in connection with court cases: aššum būtim ša PN ša PN<sub>2</sub> PN<sub>3</sub> u PN<sub>4</sub> baqrūšu

PN šû maḥar awīlim PN<sub>5</sub> GÁ.DUB.BA u PN<sub>6</sub> GAL.UKKIN.NA ša KÁ.É.GAL idbubuma because of the house of PN, which PN<sub>2</sub>, PN<sub>3</sub>, and PN<sub>4</sub> vindicate from him and said PN has argued before PN<sub>5</sub>, the šandabakku-official, and before PN<sub>6</sub>, the director of the palace personnel VAS 7 56:7, cf. ibid. 10.

d' other occs.: ana qabê PN rabiānum (KI) PN<sub>2</sub> PN<sub>3</sub> ù PN<sub>4</sub> ana qabê PN<sub>5</sub> iššiakkim PN<sub>6</sub> GAL.UKKIN.NA ERÍN KÁ.É.GAL ana errēšūtim . . . íB.TA.AN.È PN<sub>6</sub>, the director of the palace personnel, has rented (land) in tenancy from PN<sub>2</sub>, PN<sub>3</sub>, and PN<sub>4</sub> on orders from PN, the mayor, (and) PN<sub>5</sub>, the iššiakku-farmer BIN 7 211:10; itti PN GAL.UKKIN.NA ERÍN KÁ.É.GAL ana qabê PN<sub>2</sub> PN<sub>3</sub> šU.BA.AN.TI PN<sub>3</sub> received (x barley) as a loan from PN, the director of the palace personnel, on order from PN<sub>2</sub> Szlechter Tablettes 27 MAH 16.536:3; loan of silver to buy barley upon order of the tamkār ekallim from PN GAL.UKKIN.NA ERÍN K]Á.É.GAL VAS 7 119:3, cf. YOS 13 525:4.

- b) in MB kudurrus: lu aklu lu laputtû lu mu-ir-ru šūt têrētim ša māt tâmti u GN mala bašû either an overseer, a military officer, or the "commander," those in charge of the Sea Country or (the province of) Malgium MDP 10 pl. 11 ii 18; lu aklu lu laputtû lu šāpiru lu šākin tēmi lu bēl pīḥati lu ḥazannu lu iššakku lu mu-ir-ru lu itû MDP 6 pl. 10 iv 4; lu šakkanakku lu ḥazannu lu mu-ir-ru lu šakin bīt-PN lu itû ibid. pl. 11 ii 3; PN sukkal mu-ir-ri BBSt. No. 4 i 11; mu-ir-ri akli laputtê šakkanki RA 29 98:15.
- c) in SB 1' in gen.: mu-'-ir-ru ekalli im at the director of the palace will die Thompson Rep. 228:6, also, wr. GAL.UKKIN ibid. 199A:1 (coll.); in broken context mu-i-ir [x(x)] Tn.-Epic "iv" 13.
- 2' said of deities: (Šamaš) [narām En]lil mu-ir(!) tenē[šēti] beloved of Enlil, you who direct the people AMT 71,1:43, see ZA 51 172; mu-ir-ru-um mukīn parṣī director, who establishes the cult regulations UET 1 160:1 (MB inscr. on a statuette); sukkal ilī mu-ir-ru hāmim kullat me-he-e (Papsukkal) messenger

mu'irrūtu muk

of the gods, commander, master of all storms WVDOG 15 p. 68 No. 3:2 and dupl. AJSL 40 227c:1, see Ellis, RA 61 52, emended from Borger, BiOr 30 179:36.

As against the official called rabi puhri (Sum.: gal.zu.ukkin.na, see Lu I 117 in MSL 12 96) who is attested very rarely in OB (e.g., UET 5 247 case 6), the mu'irru, wr. GAL.UKKIN(.NA), has nothing to do with the "assembly." He is well attested for the Pre-Sar. (e.g., Jestin Šuruppak 37) and Sar. periods and reappears in OB letters and in adm. and leg., where he is referred to as a member of the royal household who, as GAL. UKKIN.NA ERÍN KÁ.É.GAL, is mostly concerned with the management of the working force of that organization but also plays a role in the judicial process.

Lautner Gerichtswesen 148ff.; van Dijk Götterlieder 122ff.; for a possible identification with LÚ.KAŠ<sub>4</sub> in MB see Brinkman PKB n. 1967.

mu'irrūtu s.; leadership, command; SB; cf. âru v.

- a) of a country: ana mu-'i-ru-ut kibrāt arba'i šumšu ana dāriš išquru (whom Aššur) named to the leadership of the four quarters of the world forever AKA 33 i 37 (Tigl. I); ana mu-ir-ru-ti-šu epēšu ilāni rabūti ušāliku rēsūssu he (Nusku) let all the great gods come to his (Nabonidus') assistance so that he could exercise his leadership CT 36 21 i 19, and dupl. RA 11 110 i 18 (Nbn.).
- b) of the (divine) assembly: Tiāmat entrusted to Kingu ālikūt maḥri pan umz māni mu-'-ir-ru-ut(var. -tu) puḥ[ru] the leadership of the army, command of the assembly En. el. I 149, II 35, III 97.

mu'irtu (muwirtu) s.; population, people, subjects; SB, Akkadogram in Hitt.; pl. (in Bogh.) mu'irtūtu; cf. âru v.

He will give to you  $L\acute{U}MU$ -IR- $TU_4$  KUB 21 37:23; if the situation becomes bad A-NA  $L\acute{U}$ . MEŠ MU-IR- $TU_4$  for the people (subjects of the province, because of the service obligations they owe to somebody) KUB 21 42 iii 14, dupl. KUB 26 12 iii 14, cf. he took away  $[L\acute{U}]$ .

MEŠ MU-IR-TU<sub>4</sub> KBo 12 24 i 8; note the pl. LÚ.MEŠ MU-IR-TU<sub>4</sub>(var. -DU)-TI MVAG 34/2 28:56, 46 B i 15; IŠ-TU MU-IR-TI KBo 4 14 iv 56; mātu arbūtu illak mu-wi-ir-ta-ša iṣeḥḥir the country will become devastated, its population will diminish Leichty Izbu VII 46.

The meaning people, population, subjects (of a province) is based on the context. See also mu'irtūtu.

(Otten, AfO 18 389.)

mu'irtūtu s.; (provincial) administration; Akkadogram in Hitt.; ef. âru v.

He gave me these empty lands AS-SUM MU-IR-DU-UT-TIM(var. -TI) to administer them (as a province, as opposed to the other areas which were given to Hattušilis to be governed as his own vassal kingdom (iRan-ni) line 62) MVAG 29/3 20:56, cf. lands given AS-SUM MU-IR-DU-UT-TIM to be administered (as a province) KUB 21 17 i 5f.

muk (muku, mu) particle; (introducing direct speech after verbs in the first person sing.); NA; mu-u KAV 214:30; cf. nuk.

a) after verba dicendi: kî ina muhhi šarri ... allakanni aqtibâšu mu-uk alka nillik when I was coming to the king I said: "Come, let us go" Iraq 20 193 No. 43:26, ef. (also after  $qab\hat{u}$ ) ABL 19 r. 8, 25 r. 6, 333:13, r. 6 and 13, 464:7, 471:20, 1116:14, 1148:5, KAV 215:6, wr. muk ABL 314 r. 7 (coll. K. Deller), mu-kuABL 577:10, ABL 620 r. 8, (after  $dab\bar{a}bu$ ABL 84:13, 211 r. 12, wr. mu-ku1070:14, (after  $\delta a \bar{a} lu$ ) ABL 88:10, 590:8, 611:4, wr. mumuk ABL 529:11, wr. mu-ku ABL 174 r. 14, 741:9; ina muhhi šarri ... uşalli [mu]-uk mār šarri bēlī kussī šarrūtu ša bit abišu lisbat I prayed for the king: "May the crown prince, my lord, take possession of his paternal throne" ABL 916:10; tēmu ... ana dajālī ša GN assakanšunu mu-uk tubbala I gave orders to the inspectors of Calah, saying: "You bring (this torch and this censer)" ABL 52 r. 8, cf. ABL 361 r. 13; ina muhhi elippāte ... ša ašpuranni ana ahija mu-uk assapra concerning the boats about which I have sent word to my brother

mukabbiru mukallimtu

saying: "I have sent (them)" ABL 1385:9, also ibid. 15, r. 7, 11, (after šapāru) ABL 20:8, 49 r. 19, 217:9, 685:29, 727 r. 5, Iraq 17 26 No. 2:10, Thompson Rep. 57:2, wr. mu-ku ABL 251:11 and 15, 645 r. 11, wr. mumuk ABL 1347:14.

- b) after other verbs: issu libbi 6 halşu. MEŠ ussēṣišunu muk alik alka I had them leave the six fortresses, saying: "Come here" ABL 208 r. 11; dullu ...ētapaš mu-uk šumī ina pan bēli[ja] lu de'iq I performed the task, thinking: "May my name be well (received) before my lord" ABL 885:6.
- c) muk(u) ... muk(u) (... muk(u)): ina muḥhi PN ... ša ana šarri aqbūni mu-uk lišpuru lūbiluniššu mu-uk lillika concerning PN, about whom I talked to the king, saying: "Let them send word and bring him here, he should come here" ABL 464 r. 6f., ibid. obv. 10ff., cf. ABL 620 r. 8f., 841:11ff., 1148:10ff., 1203:3ff., 1349 r. 7f., Iraq 17 26 No. 2:12ff., wr. mu-ku ... mu-ku ABL 251:15ff., wr. muk ... mu-ku ABL 1264:6f., wr. muk ... muk ABL 342 r. 15f.; note: ašpura nu-uk ... mu-uk ... ABL 330:12 and 14.
- d) without a verb: [lu] tallik mā nakrē ša šarrija ina libbi akaššad mu-uk ša la šarri bēlija kussia la addan (she said:) "you shall go," also "I will catch the enemies of my king," (and) I (said): "Without the permission of the king, my lord, I will not give the throne" ABL 149 r. 9, see Parpola LAS No. 317; umâ ana rab pilkāni mu-ku now thus I (said) to the overseer of the sections ABL 91 r. 5; (I gave the stone to PN) egirtu issēniš mu-uk (and) a letter with it (in which I wrote) as follows ABL 847 r. 7; anāku ēnāja šakna mu-uk mannu memēni la āmur as for me, I observed (but) I have not seen anyone or anything ABL 687:11; do your work and be of good cheer muk urdāni ša šarri attunu you are (good) servants of the king ABL 208 r. 6.

mukabbiru s.; boaster, braggart; lex.\*; cf. kabāru.

gal-gal-ti GAL.GAL.DI = mu-ka-bi-ru-um MSL 2 148 ii 20 (Proto-Ea); dùg.ga = mu-si-qú-um (var. mu-si-iq-qum) = ti-ir-tum, dùg.dùg.ga = mu-ka-bi-rum (var. mu-uk-tab-bi-rum) = mu-um-bi-[u]m Silbenvokabular A 94f., see Studies Landsberger 24 and 27; GAB.GAB = mu-ki(!)-id-du-um, mu-ka-ab-bi-rum (var. adds = pa-qi-du-um) Silbenvokabular A 69a-b, var. from Studies Landsberger 23:69.

mukabbû (mugabbû) s.; clothes mender; NB; wr. syll. and LÚ.TÚG.KAL(.KAL); cf. kubbû v.

[lú.túg.kal.kal.la] = [mu-ka-a]b-bu-ú-um (between ašlāku and mušarriļu) OB Lu B i 3, also, wr. mu-ka-di-da OB Lu D 3; Lú.Túg.Kal.Kal.mu-ga-bu-u MSL 12 234 i 8; Lú.Tu.Kal.Kal (followed by Lú.Tu.Du<sub>8</sub>.Du<sub>8</sub>) ibid. 240 v 26 (both NA lists of professions).

kitû ša ana batqa a[na PN] LÚ mu-ka-bu-ú u PN<sub>2</sub> mupaṣṣû nadna linen (garments) which were given for repair to the mender, PN, and the bleacher, PN2 Nbn. 115:2; three garments decorated with red wool PN išpar birmu ana PN, mu-kab-bu-ú ittadin PN, the weaver of multicolored fabrics, has given to the mender, PN<sub>2</sub> Nbn. 222:4, also 82-7-14, 1126:6, 2580:7, wr. Lú.Túg.KAL.KAL Nbn. 179:2, 415:8, 507:1, 1090:3, LÚ.TÚG.KAL Nbn. 137:9; wool given for repairing garments ana PN u LÚ.TÚG.KAL.KAL Nbn. 467:7, cf. Nbn. 1101:8; 13 kitû ana batqa ina pani LÚ. TÚG.KAL.KAL.MEŠ Nbn. 507:8, also, wr. LÚ  $mu-kab-bu-\acute{u}$  82-7-14,38:5; barley for Lú. TÚG.KAL.MEŠ Nbn. 629:13.

All published texts and nearly all known unpublished ones date from the time of Nbn., with the exception only of 82-7-14,292 (Cyr.) and 82-7-14,1363 (Dar.).

For refs. wr. UR.GAM (= taš-liš), see tašlīšu.

Ungnad, ZA 31 260.

mukallimatu see mukallimu.

mukallimtu s.; 1. commentary, 2. (a general term for a legal document); SB, NB; pl. mukallimēti; wr. syll. and Níg.PAD.DA; cf. kullumu.

[níg].[pàd.da] = mu-kal(!)-lim-tu Igituh I 54; [pàd] = [kul-lu-mu], nígni-ig.[pàd] = [mu-kal-lim-tu] Nabnitu I 253f.

1. commentary — a) in gen.: tāmarti mu-kal-lim-ti niṣirti ummānī to read the m.-

mukallimtu mukallu

commentary is a secret of the masters Ki. 1904-10-9,94:27, see Hunger Kolophone No. 519; kî annî ina mu-kal-lim-t[i šați]r thus it is written in the commentary ABL 37 r. 14; ša mu-kal-lim-te šû this (explanation) is from a m.-commentary ZA 47 244:17; šu=māti mu-kal-lim-da u šūt p[î] (single) lines of a m.-commentary and oral explanations ACh Adad 25:27, see Hunger Kolophone No. 504.

b) with ref. to specific series: DUB.1.KAM šumma Sin ina tāmartišu Níg.PAD.DA Enūma Anu Enlil first tablet of "If the moon, at its first visibility," the m.-commentary to Enuma Anu Enlil ACh Sin 3:143, cf. ACh Ištar 39:10; [...] ša DUB.8.KAM mu-kal-lim-ti AL. TIL ACh Ištar 34:20, cf. ibid. 35:19; NÍG.PAD. DA DUB.69.KAM Enūma Anu Enlil — m.commentary to the 69th tablet of Enuma Anu Enlil ACh Ištar 30:35, also (to the seventieth tablet) ibid. 51; mu-kal-lim-ti Enūma Anu Enlil šūt pî ša pî ummâni ša libbi šumma ūmu *irupma urpatu ilâmma* — m.-commentary to the series Enūma Anu Enlil from an oral tradition from the scholar concerning (the tablet) "If the day is dark and a cloud ACh Adad 30:10, cf. ACh Ištar 5:18, gathers" 11:24, 22:7, 40:8, ACh Adad 7:22, ACh Supp. 44:18; 21 nishu mu-kal-lim-tú Enūma Anu [Enlil] ša libbi šumma Sin ina tāmārtišu tar: basa lami 21 excerpts from a m.-commentary to Enuma Anu Enlil, from (the tablet) "If the moon at its first visibility is surrounded by a halo" ACh Supp. 2 Sin 7 r. 10, see Hunger Kolophone No. 336; [u]ltu libbi le'i labīri ša mu-kal-lim-e-tum ša Enūma Anu Enlil LBAT 1564 r. 7; šumma šumāti šībī u mu-kal-lim-ti ša ubāni ana panīka if you have before you the omen (text), the variants, and the commentary to (the series šumma) ubānu (catch line) CT 30 48 K.3948 r. 13, also CT 20 23 K.4702 r. 4, Boissier DA 11 i 1, LKU 133 r. 8, CT 51 156 r. 12; šumma šumāt lib-bu-ú mu-kal-lim-e-t[i] ša šumma manzāzu larâ irši ana panīka if you have before you the omen text with the commentaries to (the series) "If the "station" has a ramification" TCL 6 6 r. i 9, cf. [...]-at  $\delta ib[\bar{u} \ u \ m]u-kal-lim-t[i \dots]$  LKU 133 r. 7; annû mu-kal-lim-tum(var. -ti) šá šumma na:

plastu [ . . .] (subscript) CT 30 43 Bu 89-4-26,171 r. 6, var. from LKU 133 r. 6; ištēn nishu šībū u mu-kal-lim-tum nişirti bārûti first excerpt (with) textual variants and m.-commentary, secret of the diviners Boissier DA 46 r. 5, cf. CT 51 156 r. 15; DUB.1.KÁM.MA mukal-lim-tu first tablet of the commentary CT 31 49 r. 31, and (referring to the second tablet) mu-kal-lim-tú ša libbi Boissier DA 17 iv 41; šumma amēlu ina libbi āli kišubbā išām m.-commentary selected from (the tablet) "If a man buys an undeveloped lot within the city" RA 13 29:32, ef. ibid. 31:19 (Alu Comm.); iqqur ipuš adi ahûti şâtu mu-kallim-tu the series iqqur īpuš together with the non-canonical tablets, the sâtu lists and the commentaries RA 28 136 Rm. 150:1 (catalog), cf.  $[E-nu-m]a\ e-li\check{s}\ mu-kal-lim-t[u]$  ibid. 22, see W. G. Lambert, Kramer AV 314; maš'alāte ša SA.GIG mu-kal-lim-tú Lugal.[e u] me. lam.bi.nir.gál Köcher BAM 310:5, cf. Lugal.se u, me.lám.bi nir.gál mukal-lim-tu K.11922:3, see W. G. Lambert, Kramer AV 315; mu-kal-lim-tú šá Ludlul bēl nēmeqi — m.-commentary to Ludlul bēl nēmegi Rm. 618:19 (lit. catalog), in Bezold Cat. p. 1627.

- 2. (a general term for a legal document): (PN claimed the field of PN<sub>2</sub> as his own) arki PN<sub>2</sub> mu-kal-lim-tum iššāma (and) afterward PN<sub>2</sub> produced a m.-document Moore Michigan Coll. 49:7 (NB); see kullumu mng. 2b-3'.
  - G. Meier, AfO 12 239f.; Kraus, MVAG 40/2 33.

mukallimu (fem. mukallimatu) adj.; (mng. uncert., occ. only as personal name); MA, NB; ef. kullumu.

'PN mārat Mu-kal-li-me-te KAJ 168:4, cf. (witness) PN<sub>2</sub> mār 'Mu-kal-li-me-te ibid. 21 (MA); as "family name": PN māru ša PN<sub>2</sub> apil mLú mu-kal-lim VAS 6 154:13, cf., wr. Lú mu-kal-lim AnOr 8 7:13 (NB).

Probably a name of a profession. Personal names without the det. Lú are to be read Šumu-líb-ši.

mukallu see mukkallu.

mukannišu mukīl bābi

mukannišu s.; subjugator; Mari, MA (occ. only in personal names); cf. kanāšu.

Aššur-mu-ka-ni-iš KAJ 162:26 (MA), abbr. Mu-ka-an-ni-šum ARMT 13 Nos. 2-24, also (uncert.) JCS 7 127 No. 18:4 (MA Tell Billa).

For the seal of Mukannišum see Parrot Documents p. 255 and pl. 41f. For mukannišu used as a participle see kanāšu mng. 5.

mukānu s.; (part of a loom); OB.\*

giš.ku.ku.uš, giš.níg.gi.na = mu-ka-nu Hh. V 317f.; giš.níg.gi.n[a], ku.ku.uš = [mu-ka-nu] Nabnitu N 253f.; [giš.ku.ku.uš], [giš.níg.gi.na] = [mu]-ka-nu Nabnitu XXII 67f.

2 giš mu-ka-nu (preceded by bukannu) CT 6 20b:19.

Jacobsen, JCS 7 47 n. 79.

mukanzibtu s.; (part of a clepsydra); lex.\*; cf. kazābu.

giš.dib.dib = šv-bu, mu-zib-bu, mu-ši-iḫ-ḫu, mu-kan-zib-tum Hh. IV 6ff.

For discussion see dibdibbu.

mukarrisu (mukarrišu) s.; (a metal bowl for oil and incense); NA, NB; pl. NA mukarrisē, NB mukarrišānu; cf. karāsu.

- a) in NA: 1 mu-kar-ri-su erî one copper m. ADD 1039 iii(!) 10; mu-ka-ri-[su] kaspi Iraq 23 50 (pl. 27) ND 2778:3, cf. ibid. 41 (pl. 21) ND 2650:7, also mu-kar-ri-se (beside azannu-and qabūtu-bowls and censers, as booty from Urartu) TCL 3 361; [mu-ka]r-ri-su ša šamn[i] BBR No. 60:2, cf. ibid. 8, 10, 41 (rit. for the singer).
- b) in NB: one bronze cup and ištēn mu-kar-ri-šú ša šamni ṭābi ina pan PN VAS 6 68:5; 2 šāḥilī siparri mu-kar-ri-šu siparri kisukki siparri two bronze sieves, a bronze m.-vessel (and) a bronze grate (in dowry list) Dar. 530:7, cf. Nbk. 369:3; mu-ka-ri-šu kal-lu UD.KA.BAR (beside kisukku and muqattirtu) Nbn. 761:4; one ingot weighing three minas 11¾ shekels ana mu-kar-ri-šú to (make) a m.-vessel Nbk. 371:7, cf. ibid. 10; ¼ MA.NA KI.LÁ mu-kar-ri-šú (of bronze) 1882-5-22,229:1, cf. mu-kar-ri-šú UD.KA.BAR 1882-9-18a,320:12; 2 mu-kar-ri-šá-a-nu ... irbi ša šarri ana pidānu

ina pan PN u PN<sub>2</sub> kuttimmi YOS 654:2; 3 mu-kar-ri-šú.MEŠ rabbûtu Ner. 28:15; l UD.KA. BAR mu-ka-ri-e-šu VAS 6 246:8; 3 mu-kar-ri-šá-nu siparri (weighing three minas) ibid. 304:4.

Salonen Hausgeräte 2 343f.

mukarrišu see mukarrisu.

mukattimtu s.; (a poetic term for door); syn. list\*; cf. katāmu.

mu-kat-tim-tum = da-al-tum CT 18 4 r. i 32, for context see daltu lex. section.

For mukattimtu in KAR 43:4 and dupl. 63:4 see katāmu mng. 5c.

mukiddu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

GAB.GAB = mu-ki(!)-id-du-um, mu-ka-ab-bi-rum (var. adds pa-qi-du-um) Silbenvokabular A 69a-b, var. from Studies Landsberger 23.

Cf. mukabbiru.

mukīl alê s.; drummer; OB lex.\*; cf. kullu.

lú.al.gar.su.ra = mu-ki-il [a-le-e] OB Lu A 248.

See also alû C in ša alê.

mukīl bābi s.; 1. "gatekeeper" (a word for door), 2. doorkeeper, guard; OB, SB; cf. kullu.

mu-kil ba-a-bi = MIN (= da-al-tum) CT 18 3 r. ii 19.

- 1. "gatekeeper" (a word for door): see lex. section.
- 2. doorkeeper, guard a) in gen.: x eqlam ana PN mu-ki-il bābi ša PN<sub>2</sub> idin give two bur of land to PN, the doorkeeper of PN<sub>2</sub> TCL 7 46:7; DAM.GÀR mu-ki(!)-il ba-bi-im UET 5 615:6; PN mu-ki-il [KÁ] (as witness) CT 29 43:32 (all OB); mār šiprim ša šarrim ša GN mu-ki-il bā[bim ...] ARM 2 23:8; ana PN mu-kil KÁ amata izak[kar] he speaks to PN, the doorkeeper STT 38:25, cf. PN ... ana atî mu-kil KÁ amata izakkar ibid. 65, also 110, 136 (Poor Man of Nippur), see AnSt 6 150ff.

mukīl dalti mukīl rēši

b) referring to representations of protective deities: see OIP 2 104:66, cited bābu A mng. 1b-1', also ibid. 118:9 (Senn.).

mukīl dalti s.; door hasp (lit. which holds the door); SB; cf. kullu.

ni-ir dalti, mu-kil dalti = nu-ku-šu-ú CT 18 4 r. ii 4 f.

erbettašunu markas bābi ... ša 2 gun 12 MA.NA hurāṣi šuqultu ṣabtuma mu-kil-lu dalti all four hinges — weighing 132 minas in gold — which hold the door TCL 3 376.

mukīl qaqqadi s.; headband; syn.list\*; ef. kullu.

pa-tin-nu, mar-kası qaq-qa-di, ri-kis qaq-qa-di, mu kil qaq-qa-di, na-ar-gi-tum, zi-ir-qu-tum = pa-ar-ši-[gu] An VII 230h-m.

mukīl rēši s.; 1. companion, attendant, spirit accompanying a person, 2. (a specific feature or formation on the exta), 3. mukīl rēš damiqti/lemutti (a spirit, demon); from OB on; wr. syll. and (in mng. 3b-2') sag. hul.ha.za; cf. kullu.

sag-aš UD.DU = mu-kil re-ši A III/3:191; sag-[u]š UD.DU = mu-kil re-e-ši Diri I 192, cf. sak-ku-uš UD.DU = mu-kil re-ši Diri RS Recension I Section B 3; sag.uš = mu-[kil re-ši] Kagal B 41; [sag.h]a.za, [sag].[x].PAD.DU.ha.za = mu-kil re-[e-ši] Kagal D Section 13:13f.; sag.uš.iš.zu, sag.ha.za, sag.uš, muš.nu.túm.mu, sag.nu.tag.ga = mu-kil re-ši Lu IV 199ff.

sag.hul.ha.za = mu-kil re-eš HUL-ti Lu Excerpt I 218, Lu IV 200a, Igituh short version 167; [sag.hul.ha.z]a = mu-kil sag HUL-tim (in group with mūtu, namtaru) Antagal III 64.

ur.sag dAsal.lú.hi sag.hul.ha.za igi.bar. ra: qarrādu Marduk mu-kil sac hul-tim ippalisma the hero Marduk looked upon the evil demon BA 10/1 80 No. 6:6f.; sag.hul.ha.za.meš gio ba.ur.u.a.meš: mu-kil sac hul-tim ina mūši ittanarraru šunu the evil demons tremble through the night CT 16 20:102f.; sag.hul.ha.za(var. adds .a).meš ud.šú.uš.e níg.hul.dib.ba: mu-kil sac le-mut-tum (var. hul-tim) ša ūmišamma ana lemutti[...] ibid. 19:8ff., dupl. UET 6 392:26f.

[SAG.UŠ: ka]-a-a-nu // SAG.UŠ: mu-kil re-e8 ROM 991:16, see Leichty Izbu p. 233, cf. [ka-a]-[a]-nu: mu-kil re-e8 BM 37655:6 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).

1. companion, attendant, spirit accompanying a person — a) companion, attendant: GìR.SÈ.GA-u mu-kil re-eš (var. SAG)

LUGAL tuštamīt you have put to death the courtier, the companion of the king Cagni Erra IV 109; mu-ki-il<sub>5</sub> re-ši-im šarram idukku the companions(?) will kill the king (uncert.) RA 27 149:29 (OB ext.), see Riemschneider, ZA 57 130.

- b) spirit accompanying a person: mu-kil sag-šú inat!al imat he will see his own accompanying spirit and will die Labat TDP 188:4 and ibid. 3, cf. mu-ki-il sag IGI-mar CT 40 16:39f., also 18:77; [...] mu-kil sag imur Meloni Saggi pl. 7 K.6530:9, see AfO 18 75 n. 34;  $b\bar{\imath}tu$  šû mu-kil sag iraši CT 38 27:9 (SB Alu), Or. NS 40 134 K.9456:11 (namburbi), cf. also CT 39 47 r. 19, and passim in SB Alu; difficult: mu-ki-il re-ši tibût  $m\bar{a}ri$   $aw\bar{\imath}lim$  YOS 10 11 ii 13 (OB ext.).
- 2. (a specific formation or feature on the exta): ina hašîm mu-ki-il re-ši there is a mu:  $k\bar{\imath}l\,r\bar{e}\check{s}i$  on the lung JCS 21 225 MAH 16274:6; hašûm ašar mu-ki-il re-ši paţer the lung is split where the mukil rēši is JCS 11 96:9; ašar mu-ki-il re-ši kakkum šumēlam tebi at the location of the mukil rēši a "weaponmark" rises on the left ibid. 99 No. 8:20; ina hašîm mu-ki-il re-ši nehelsu ibid. 100 No. 9:10, cf. YOS 10 10:5 (all OB ext. reports); mu-ki-il re-ši šakin KUB 37 217 r. 2 (liver model); šumma šaplānu mu-kil sag šīlu nadi if there is a hole underneath the mukil rēši CT 31 38 i 11, cf. KI mu-kil SAG (in broken context) ibid. i 2 and ii 4, also Boissier DA 229:60 (SB ext.); šumma işşūra tēpušma birīt sēri u mu-kil sag šēpu šaknat KAR 426:16; šumma KI mu-kil SAG AN.TA Sm. 674:16, in Bezold Cat. p. 1425, šumma MIN KI.TA, šumma MIN KAR.KAR, *šumma* AN.TA-nu mu-kil sag u ŠUB, (with [KI.TA]-nu) ibid. 17ff. (all SB ext.).
- 3. mukīl rēš damiqti/lemutti (a spirit, demon) a) mukīl rēš damiqti (lit. who provides good): mu-ki-il ri-iš damiqtim marṣum iballuṭ a good spirit, the sick person will recover CT 3 2:16, cf. mu-ki-il re-eš damiqtim erišti Sin ibid. 3:48 (OB oil omens); mu-ki-il re-eš damiqtim YOS 10 53:12 (OB ext.), also mu-kil SAG SAL.SIG<sub>5</sub> Boissier DA 8 r. 9, for other refs. see kullu mng. 5f-2'.

mukil rēši mukinnu

b) mukīl rēš lemutti (lit. who provides evil) — 1' in apodoses of omens: mu-ki-il re-eš lemuttim marsum imât CT 3 2:17; ti-bu mu-ki-il re-eš lemuttim ana bēl šamnim lumun libbi revolt, an evil demon, for the offerer of the oil: heartbreak CT 5 5:49, cf. CT 3 4:49 ef. zi-bu mu-kil sag (all OB oil omens), lemutti Boissier DA 6:2 (SB ext.); bīt awīli issappa[h] šanû šumšu mu-ki-il re-eš le-[muttim the family of (this) man will be scattered, second interpretation: an evil demon RA 38 80:11, cf. YOS 10 25:27 and 60, 26 iii 35, (opposed to mukīl rēš damiqtim) ibid. 53:13 (all OB ext.); sīt rubê šanīš mu-kilil re-eš lemuttim departure of the "prince," variant: evil demon KAR 150 r. 1; šēp barti mu-kil SAG SAL.HUL CT 30 48 K.3948 r. 12, also TCL 6 3 r. 36, and passim in SB ext.; bītu šû mu-kil SAG HUL-tim irašši CT 38 14:27 (SB Alu), cf. SAG.HUL.HA.ZA [irašši?] KAR 392 r. 11, mukil SAG HUL immar CT 39 46:61 (all SB Alu); mu-kil sag sal.hul si.sá the evil demon will advance (against him) Dream-book 308 i

2' other occs.: SAG.HUL.HA.ZA ina papāhi ina kankanni ittanmar an evil demon was seen in the cella in a stand for vessels CT 29 48:18, cf. ibid. 49:31, 33 (SB prodigies); šumma SAG.HUL.HA.ZA īmur KAR 392 r. 28, cf. šumma ina bīt amēli SAG.HUL.HA.ZA inna: CT 38 25 K.2942+ :4 (all SB Alu), also Labat Calendrier § 57:3; [šumma amēlu] ... bennu isbassu [miqtu] isbassu SAG.HUL.HA.ZA isbassu KAR 42:2, and dupl. AMT 96,3:2, cf. šumma amēlu mu-kíl sag hul-tim isbassu AMT 83,2:2, 8, also miqtu sag.hul.ha.za qāt etemmi [qāt] ištari elišu ibašši KAR 66:2, lemna hajātu mu-kil sag hul-tim ša ina zumrija šīrija šir'ānija ibaššû ittija raksuma LKA 70 iv 9, see TuL p. 56, also PSBA 1909 62:18, and RA 13 109:23, 111:15, 17, 112:21, cf. mu-kil re-ši le-mut-ti KUB 37 64a:18; NA<sub>4</sub>.DÚR.MI.BÀN.DA NA<sub>4</sub> gilittu (u) mu-kíl SAG  $lemutt[i \text{ MIN } (= ana \ am\bar{e}li \ la \ teh\hat{e})]$ Köcher BAM 344:15; lu utukku lemnu [...] lu etemmu lemnu ... lu lamaštu x [...] lu ahhāzu lu lilû lu lilītu lu [ardat lilî] lu SAG. HUL.HA.ZA mu-kil SAG lemutti lu mimma

[lemnu] mala šuma nabû LKA 70 ii 20, see TuL p. 52, cf. (in enumerations of evil demons) SA[G.H]UL.HA.ZA ZA 43 16:45; SAG.HUL.HA. ZA mu-kil SAG lemutti iškununimma AfO 18 290:15, also Maqlu II 62, KAR 88 fragm. 5 iv(!) 4, cf. also BBR No. 45 i 7, cited gallû usage a, BBR No. 49 r. 18; ŠU [mu-kil] SAG lemutti Labat TDP 22:38; lu SAG.HUL.HA.ZA la gāmilu KAR 83 ii 1.

Besides the reading mukīl rēš lemutti, the log. SAG.ḤUL.ḤA.ZA might also have the reading \*sagḥulḥazakku or the like, as a loanword.

Farber, ZA 64 87ff.

mukīl šipri s.; sleeve(?); syn. list; cf. kullu.

mu-kil ši-ip-ri = bīt aḥi (for context see aḥu A 5. lex. section) Malku VI 129, also An VII 213.

See ahu A mng. 4d.

mukil šulbî s.; lock (lit. which holds the bolt); syn. list\*; cf. kullu.

 $\dot{s}i$ -ga-ru, mu-kil  $\dot{s}u$ -ul-bi-i = sik-ku-ru = mi-di-lu CT 18 3 r. ii 32 f.

mukillu s.; (an implement); Mari, Nuzi; cf. kullu.

sag.uš.ha.za = mu-k[i-il-lu] Kagal B 43.

5 DUG.PISAN  $nus\langle hu \rangle$  8 mu-ki-lu five baskets (and) eight m-s ARMT 11 294:2; [ $i\check{s}t\bar{e}n\bar{u}$ ]tu mu-ki-il-lu  $\check{s}a$  sipa[rri] one pair of m-s made of bronze HSS 14 520:5; 12 GIŠ mu-ki-lu [ $\check{s}a$ ]  $er\hat{i}$  38 mu-ki-il-lu HSS 15 130:13 (= RA 36 138); 120 GIŠ mu-ki-[lu . . .] ibid. 295:1, 3 mu-ki-il-lu  $\check{s}a$  du-x-[ . . .] ibid. 3; [x]  $tap\bar{a}lu$  mu-ki-[il-lu] ibid. 319 F 3.

For compounds, see appatu in mukīl appāti, ašātu in mukīl ašāti, mukīl bābi, mukīl dalti, mukīl qaqqadi, mukīl rēši, mukīl šipri, mukīl šulbî, napištu, serretu, see also kullu mngs. 1a, 1b, 4b, 4c, 5a, and 5d.

mukinnu s.; 1. witness, 2. (uncert. mng.); OB, NB; pl. mukinnū; in NB often wr. Lú mu-kin, (mu-GI.NA-e UET 4 113:6); cf. kânu.

mukinnu mukinnūtu

KA.gi.na = mu-ki(var. -kin)-nu, mu-qi-pu Lu IV 272f.; gáb.gi.na = mu-kin-nu Nabnitu N 255.

sag.an(var. omits .an).tuku = mu-ki-in-nu Silbenvokabular A RS D 22, see Studies Landsberger 36, cf. sag.an.tuku ibid. 32:64.

1. witness — a) in OB: šumma mu-ki-innam išā ana pani liqqabīma ... hatītu (m> šī līteddi šumma la kīamma mu-ki-in-nam la išā ina dabābim ša la idim libbum la uštamras if they (these rumors) have a witness, let it be spoken out straightforwardly and that (above mentioned) misdeed should be determined, (but) if this is not so and they have no witness, nobody should be hurt by talk which has no foundation Bagh. Mitt. 2 59 iv 32 and 34 (let.).

b) in NB — 1' in letters: PN LÚ mu-kinni-ka PN is your witness ABL 416:6, cf. ibid. 7; LÝ mu-kin-né-e ana pani šarri nītabka we brought the witnesses before the king ef. Lú mu-kin-[na] uktinnuš ABL 472:10, ABL 912 r. 12, also Lú mu-kin-nu ša ultu bīt kīli ša PN ušēsaššunūtu ABL 736 r. 3; dibbīja la ušašmu u LÚ mu-kin-ni-iá akanna la izzazzi I will not let (anybody) hear my case, nor shall my witnesses stand here ABL 1255 r. 8; LÚ mu-kin-né-e ana muhhija ussabbit he apprehended witnesses against me ABL456:7; šipirtâ lu Lú mu-kin-ni-iá let my letter be my witness YOS 3 135:20, CT 22 84:24, and passim in NB letters, also YOS 7 102:24 (leg.); harrānu u arammu kî ibutā lu lú mukin-ni-ka if the road and the embankment (which you are building) collapse, they will be witnesses against you TCL 9 109:24, cf. lu lú mu-kin-nu ša ūmē ša alţuruka [ina] muhhika YOS 3 25:42.

2' in leg.: (after the listing of witnesses) napharu annûtu Lú mu-kin-nu.MEŠ VAS 170 v 20 (kudurru), also, Wr. Lú mu-kin-nu-ú BRM 122:11; mimma ša . . . iššu'ma Lú mu-kin-nu ukīnšu witnesses have established against him everything he has taken away AnOr 9 18:2, cf. ina ūmu Lú mu-kin-nu ana PN uktinnu UCP 9 100 No. 37:1; ina ūmu Lú mu-kin-nu ittalkamma PN uktinni . . . mimma mala Lú mu-kin-nu ukannuš 1 adi 30

ana DN inandin the day a witness appears and testifies against PN, whatever the witness proves (as stolen), PN pays thirtyfold to the goddess Urukitu YOS 7 26:1 and 5, cf. ibid. 24:1 and 6, mala Lú mu-kin, ukanniš ibid. 115:10, ūmu LÚ mu-kin-nu ittalkamma PN uktinnu TCL 12 50:1, cf. 70:1, for other refs. see bātiqu mng. 2; PN LÚ mu-kin-né-e-šú ana GN ibbakamma ana PN, ukanni PN will bring his witnesses to GN and they will testify against PN<sub>2</sub> Nbk. 366:3, also Nbk. 363:2, for other refs. see abāku A mng. 4c; LÚ mu-kin-nu.MEŠ ša ina panišunu PN ana  $PN_2 \dots iqb\hat{u}$  the witnesses before whom PN made the (following) declaration to PN2 VAS 6 50:1, cf. annûtu Lú mu-kin-né-e ša [ina panišunu] PN ina ušuzzu ša PN2 u PN3 ana PN<sub>4</sub> iqbû VAS 6 82:1, wr. Lú \( mu > -kinné-e Nbn. 69:1, also Lú mu-kin-né-e ša ina panīšunu PN ina Bēl u Nabû ana PN2 itmû VAS 6 35:1, Lú mu-kin-né-e ša ina panīšunu PN ana PN2 upaqqiru VAS 6 45:1, ina pan LÚ mu-kìn. MEŠ Stevenson Ass.-Bab. Contracts 37:10; annûtu Lứ mu-kin-né-e (before the listing of witnesses) Nbn. 5:1, Nbk. 342:1, 344:1, YOS 6 57:6, 64:8, RA 25 80 No. 25:7 (Neirab), TCL 12 4:10, 5:8, 7:15, wr. Lú mukin-ni.MEŠ Nbk. 134:1.

2. (uncert. mng.): KUŠ.GÍD.DA ša ina ŠU<sup>II</sup> epšētu ša ina mu-kin-nu šarri iturru ana muḥḥi nudunnû ša ¹PN ... ša ina mu-kin-nu šarri nubu'û u la nikšudu qabannâšu ša ina MN ... ina mu-kin-nu šarri ša LÚ.E<sup>ki</sup>.MEŠ iturru as to the parchment that was drawn up which had gone back with (or to) the m. of the king, concerning the dowry of ¹PN, and for which we searched with (or in) the m. of the king but which we did not find, we were told that it had returned with (or to) the m. of the king ⟨and?⟩ of the citizens of Babylon on (the 16th of) Kislimu CT 51 72:4, 9 and 13 (= Strassmaier, Actes du 8° Congrès International 32).

In mng. 2 a meaning like "confirmation, order" or, alternately, "register," seems suggested by the context.

mukinnütu s.; testimony; SB, NA, NB; in NB often wr. with det. Lú; cf. kânu.

mukinnūtu mukku

a) in gen.: hamīt zarê kāpiṣu ana mu-kinnu-ù-te ilsûni they summoned the .... wasp to (give) testimony Lambert BWL 220:20.

b) in NA, NB letters: an[a] ... mu-kin-nu-tu šarri ... itti  $ṣāb\bar{\imath}$   $ann\hat{\imath}tu$  lišpuranni may the king send me together with these men to (give) testimony ABL 717 r. 2 (NB), cf. (in broken context) mu-ki-nu-te- $š\acute{\imath}u$  ABL 307 obv.(!) 4 (NA);  $šipirt\hat{\imath}a$  ana Lú mu-kin-nu-tu paqdakka my letter is entrusted to you as proof (for you) YOS 3 44:23; ana Lú mu-kin-nu- $\acute{\imath}u$ -iu ina kunukkika aššabāka I will be present to act as witness for your sealed tablet YOS 3 148:21.

c) in NB leg.: kî pî Lứ mu-kin-nu-tu ša PN ... eli ramnišunu ukin[nu] they have confessed according to the testimony of PN Iraq 13 96:18; kî pî LÚ mu-kin-nu-tu ša PN ina libbi šatir in it is written in accordance with the testimony of PN YOS 7 102:21; dajānū mu-kin-nu-ut-su  $išm[\hat{u}]$  the judges heard his testimony Nbn. 1113:25, ef. TCL 12 122:32; PN DUMU DUMU-ia ana LÚ mu-kin-nu-tú *šutur* 1884-2-11,165, see Kohler u. Peiser Rechtsleben 2 16; concerning the field kî PN LÚ mukin-nu-tu ša PN2 ipušu PN2 illakma about which PN gave evidence for PN2, PN2 will come (to settle the matter with officials of Eanna) TCL 13 222:15; pūt lư mu-kin-nutum ša PN PN2 naši ūmu uktinnuš zaki PN2 is responsible for (seeing that) PN testifies, the day he (PN) testifies he (PN2) will be quit YOS 6 208:17, also ibid. 108:1, 175:1, YOS 7 96:23; pūt Lú mu-kin-nu-tu x uttatu ša ina muhhi PN PN2 u PN3 našû BRM 1 49:12; pūt LÚ mu-kin-nu-tu ša 12 gín [kaspi] ina u'ilti ... ša ina muhhi PN ša PN ana PN, taddin PN PN, ukanni the responsibility to testify about twelve shekels of silver out of a debt (of 24 shekels of silver) which is owed by PN, (and) which (i.e., the twelve shekels) PN gave to PN<sub>2</sub>: PN will testify against PN<sub>2</sub> TCL 12 96:1; PN pūt LÚ mu-kin-nu-tu ša <sup>t</sup>PN<sub>2</sub> ... naši PN guarantees for the testimony of <sup>†</sup>PN<sub>2</sub> Nbn. 343:2; pūt lú mu-kin-nu-ú-tu ša PN ... PN2 LÚ mu-kin-nu kunukki u PN3 tupšarru šātir kunukki našú PN2, a witness of the sealed document, and PN<sub>3</sub>, the scribe who

wrote the sealed document, guarantee for the testimony of PN Cyr. 311:1; PN ... ana Lú mu-kin-nu-tu ina libbi ašib PN was present as witness CT 4 32a:8, cf. (preceding the list of witnesses) PN šatam £.An.na ina Lú mu-kin-nu-ú-[tu] [ašib] TCL 12 34:22, also YOS 6 18:13, PN ana Lú mu-kin-nu-tu ina libbi ašib Nbn. 1111:16, Evetts Ner. 34:7, VAS 5 57:14, etc., wr. mu-kin-ni-tu Nbn. 681:7; ana Lú mu-kin-nu-ú-tu ušeššebu VAS 6 97:12; ana Lú mu-kin-nu-tu ina libbi ušēli Nbn. 442:6.

Falkenstein Gerichtsurkunden 1 68 and n. 1.

mukkallu (mukallu, gukallu) s.; (a priest or exorcist); SB.

mu(var. gu)-kal-lum = ap-kal-lu, a-ši-pu Malku IV 8f.;  $\text{L}\acute{\text{U}}$  ap-kal-lu,  $\text{L}\acute{\text{U}}$  mu- $\{kal(!)\}$ -lu MSL 12 233:17 f.

LÚ mu-uk-kal LÚ [...] lubār hullā[nu ...] tapsû qaqqassu api[r] the m.-priest, the [...]-priest, is clad in hullānu- and lubāru-garments, his head is covered with a tapsû-headdress UVB 15 40:5 (NB rit.); Nabû palkû muk-kal-li ešeštu rapša uznī āšišu šukāmu Nabû, wise one, m. of ...., intelligent, who understands cuneiform writing ZA 4 252 i 9 and 11, see von Soden, ZA 61 50:41 and 43.

mukkidu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*; ef. ukkudu.

peš =  $mi \cdot ik \cdot du$ , peš.peš =  $uk \cdot ku \cdot du$ , peš.sa. peš =  $mu \cdot uk \cdot ki \cdot du$ , sùḥ.sùḥ.peš.gi =  $uk \cdot ki \cdot da$  $an \cdot ni$  ZA 9 163 iii 33 (group voc.).

mukku (or muqqu) s.; 1. (a poor quality of wool), 2. (a garment made from a poor quality of wool); Akkadogram in Hitt.; Sum. lw.

hu-ul HUL = mu-uk-ku, mir-hu Idu I 70f.; mu-ug MUG = mu-uk-ku Sb II 160; [mu-u]g MUG = mu-uk-[ku], nu-qa-rum A VIII/2:98f.; sig.mug = muk-ku, sig.mug.hul = nu-qa-ru Hh. X1X 94f., cf. RS Forerunner 26, and Susa Forerunner 17, in MSL 10 154.

tu-gi-ir  $T\acute{u}G.KAŠ_4 = ŠU-u$ , şu-bat muk-ku Diri V 128f.;  $T\acute{u}G.S^{i-ri}GIR_b = şu-bat muk-ki$  Hh. XIX 153; [...].SAR = muk-kum, [...].L $\acute{u} = naq-rum$  (obscure) 5R 16 i 35f. (group voc.).

mu-uk = MIN (= şu-ba-tu) Malku VI 24, also An VII 134; gur-nu, te-ib-bar = MIN (= şu-bat) MUG mukkulu mullalu

Malku VI 62f.;  $\lceil gur \rceil \cdot n[u]$ ,  $lub \cdot \delta u = \lceil MIN (= su \cdot bat) \rceil$   $\lceil muq \rceil \cdot qu$  An VII 154f.

- 1. (a poor quality of wool): see lex. section; as Akkadogram in Hitt.: síg MU-UK-KU (preceded by entries concerning wool) KUB 42 66 r. 7, also, wr. MUG (among quantities of wool) King Hittite Texts 50 ii 6, 8, KBo 9 89 obv. passim, 90:1f., 4, 9.
- 2. (a garment made from a poor quality of wool): see lex. section.

For Sum. refs. to túg.mug and síg.mug see Oppenheim, Eames Coll. 104ff., and Waetzold Textilindustrie 56f. and Index s.v.

Landsberger, JNES 14 19f.

mukkulu adj.; (mng. unkn.); OB\*; ef. mekēlu.

[ $lu\ m$ ]u-uk-ku-la- $at\ ša$ -ra-as-si let her hair be m. VAS 10 214 v 7 (OB Agušaja).

Restoration based on the use of *mekēlu*, q. v., with ref. to hair, see Groneberg Altbab. literarische Texte p. 78.

mukru (or muqru) s.; (a loincloth); syn. list.\*

mu-uk-ru, ri-ik-su, ešû, etc. = su-ú-nu An VII

muktabbiru s.; boaster, braggart; lex.\*; ef. kabāru.

dùg.dùg.ga = mu-uk-tab-bi-rum (var. mu-kabi-rum) Silbenvokabular A 95, var. from Studies Landsberger 24.

muktaššaššu adj.; overpowering; SB; ef. kašāšu A.

zag.pirig.gá muš.gal eme.è.dè kur. kur.ra si.il.la : emūq labbi mušgalla muktaš-šá-áš-šú mušattir šadî (for translat. see mušgallu lex. section) Lugale I 11; piríg ka.ša.an.ša.ša níg.nam.ma nu.un. tag<sub>4</sub>.tag<sub>1</sub> : [ūmu] mu-uk-taš-šá-áš-šú ša mimma šumšu la izzibu CT 16 25 i 46f.

muku see muk.

mulabbitu s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.

[...] mu-lab-bi-ṭu [...] AfK 1 23:30 (hymn to Šarrat Nippuri).

mulațhišu s.; whisperer (as name of a god); NA\*; cf. lahāšu.

 $^{d}Mu$ - $l\grave{a}h$ (var. -la)- $h\acute{i}$ - $š\acute{u}$  (in the temple of Ištar-Aššurītu) KAV 42 ii 30, see Frankena Tākultu 124:81.

mulammidu s.; teacher; lex.\*; cf. lamādu.

gal.maḥ = um-ma-nu, tup-šar-ru, gal.maḥ.gal
= mu-la-me-du RA 16 166 ii 45ff. (group voc.).

mulappitu s.; (a tool); NA\*; cf. lapātu. 8 giš mu-lap-pi-te ADD 977 ii 16 (list).

mulā'u s.; additional payment or balance (to fill a quota); OA, MA; cf. malû v.

- a) in OA: ina alākija mu-lá-e-šu ubbalam when I come I will bring (with me) what is missing for it TCL 20 97:9, cf. x silver mu-lá kaspišu ... šakšidani CCT 3 15:38, mu-lá kaspim ša ú-šé-ba-⟨la⟩-ku-ni TCL 19 11:5, mu-lá-a kaspim turaddiamma BIN 4 47:14; x silver ša ana mu-lá nēpešim ša šēp PN aṣṣibtim nilqeakkunni which we borrowed on interest for you in order to bring the package transported by PN to the full amount KTS 29a:24.
- b) in MA: two homers of barley mu-la-ú ša ka-ru-e ša ekalli the additional delivery to fill the palace granary(?) (which the people of GN measured out) JCS 7 130 and 158 No. 30:1, cf. [...] mu-la-e ekalli ibid. No. 27:11.

muldamû (muldamulû) s.; (a spider or snail); lex.\*

[mul].da.mul (var. [mul].da.mu) =  $\S U$ - $\acute{u}$  (for context see  $lumm \acute{u}$ ) Hh. XIV 340a.

muldamulû see muldamû.

mulīgu see mulūgu.

mulku s.; kingship; EA\*; WSem. word. šūṭ mu-ul-ka disloyalty to the kingship EA 333:20.

Albright, BASOR 87 35.

mullahtu see mallahtu.

mullalu see mullilu.

mullilu mullû A

mullilu (mullalu) s.; 1. (a sprinkler, used for ritual cleaning), 2. (a cultic functionary); OB, SB, NA; mullalu Diri I 292; wr. syll. and íl. dúb; cf. elēlu.

sanga,  $[x]^{[x]\cdot[(x)]}$ sag,  $[\ldots]\cdot[x] = mul\cdot[li\cdot lu]$  Lu IV 124ff.; sa-an-ga íl.Má.dúb =  $mul\cdot li\cdot lu$  Sb I 93; ma-áš-ma-áš [maš.m]aš =  $mul\cdot li(var.\cdot lil)\cdot lum$  A I/6:109; hi-bi-is [mas.m]s =  $mul\cdot lil\cdot[lu]$  A VI/1:108, also, wr.  $mul\cdot la\cdot lu$  Diri I 292.

šu-luh-hu-u, kāpirum, mul-li-lum = n[im-su-u] An VII 117ff.

- 1. (a sprinkler, used for ritual cleaning): see An VII, in lex. section; 2 mul-li-li ina libbi tašakkanma šarru ina imittišu u šumēlišu mul-li-la íl-ma you put two m.-s into it (the water), and have the king carry a m. in his right and his left (hand) BBR No. 26 v 39f., restored from No. 28:9, cf.  $m\hat{e}$  ša(?) mul(?)li-lu ana  $[q\bar{a}t\bar{e}]$   $\check{s}arri$   $[\dots]$  Or. NS 21 137:3 (NA rit.); ina qātē imittišunu mu-li-la ina gātē šumēlišunu banduddû našû (the figurines) carry a m. in their right hands and a bucket in their left hands KAR 298:12, also, wr. ÍL.DÚB AAA 22 pl. 12 iii 42, and passim in this text and dupls., see ibid. 50ff., 64ff.; DN and DN<sub>2</sub> nāš gamli banduddê mu-li-lu muššipu šamê u erşeti who carry the curved staff and the bucket, the m. (and) the "conjurer" of heaven and earth Surpu VIII 41; mul-lil-lum DN DN is the m. PBS 10/4 12 ii 14; mul-li-lui+cis lu-[...] to [...] the m. with oil (is his duty) Ebeling Stiftungen 24:23 (NA).
- 2. (a cultic functionary): see lex. section; abgal sanga<sub>2</sub>.ma.da: apkallum mu-ul-li-lum ša [...] (in broken context) PBS 1/1 11 iv 96.

mullītu s.; (mng. uncert.); OB\*; cf. elû v. umma Ištar-mu-ul-li-ti-ši-ma Kraus AbB 1 53:3.

The word occurs only in a personal name.

mullû A s.; compensation payment (for a loss caused), desert, reward; RS, Bogh., Nuzi, MB, NB; cf. malû v.

a.ga.zi = [im]-bu-u = mul-lu-u Hg. A I 13, in MSL 5 81.

[im-bi]-[e] inaddin = mul-libipi eisu (i.e., mulle umalla), [im]-bi-e = mul-le-e CT 41 25:18f. (Alu Comm., to Tablet XVIII).

- a) in RS 1' referring to compensations imposed by king or by treaty for the slaying of a man: ša ištēn amēli 3 ma.na kaspa muul-la-a ša damī mārē Ugarit umallûni citizens of Ugarit pay three minas of silver for every person as compensation for blood (shed) MRS 9 156 RS 17.146:34, cf. (in same context) ibid. 43, (replacing umallû by ušallamu) ibid. 12 šumma amīl māt Ugarit ina libbi Kargamis iddâk mu-ul-la-a akannama if a man from Ugarit is killed in Carchemish, the compensation applies likewise ibid. 153 RS 17.230:23; mu-ul-la-a ša tamkāri šâšu ša ina GN dīku lišallimu they pay the compensation for that merchant who was slain in Ugarit cf. 180 gín kaspa ibid. 170 RS 17.158:13, mu-ul-la-a ... ušallimu ibid. 17, also aššum 180 gín kaspi mu-ul-li-šu-nu ... la iraggum ibid. 23; 180 gín kaspa mu-ul-la-a ša ahija iddinuššu ibid. 171 RS 17.42:9 and 18, LÚ.MEŠ GN mu-ul-la-a ša tamkārī ana PN limallûmi ibid. 172 RS 17.145:7; (no legal background given): šarru 140 gín kaspa muul-la-a ana muhhi PN iltakan ibid. 178 RS 17.110:7.
- 2' referring to compensation for thefts: (letter to the king of Ugarit concerning cattle stolen) question your oxherders mu-ul-la-a išima idin levy the fine (to be paid) and give (it to me) MRS 6 11 RS 15.18:14', cf. mu-ul-la-a ileqqe ibid. 18'; (theft of two bronze objects by PN, a Hittite merchant) šarru mu-ul-la-a ana muḥḥi PN 3-šú iltakan u mu-ul-la-a 3-šú limalli MRS 9 179 RS 17.128:9f.; ki-i LÚ.IM.ZU mu-ul-la-a umalla he pays a fine like a thief ibid. 163 RS 17. 341:31'.
- b) in Bogh.: [kasap] mu-ul-le-e ša dīki aḥḥūšu ileqqû (see dīku adj. usage a) KBo 1 10 r. 18 (let. from Hattuša).
- c) in Nuzi 1' referring to a fine imposed by judges for illegal entry or seizure, burglary or theft: dajānē PN ana mu-ul-le-e ana 1 alpi kīmē kunukkašu ša PN, iḥtepi u tibnu ilteqe ana PN, i-na-ta-an-nu-uš the judges fined PN one ox (to be paid) to PN, because he had broken the sealed tag of PN, and taken the

mullû A mulmullu

straw JEN 342:38, cf. (same fine for unlawful entry) JEN 359:14, (same fine for seizure of a field) JEN 348:28, (fine: one ox, one donkey, ten sheep for trespassing in a garden) JEN 138:17, cf. mu-ul-lu-û ša 30 kù.BABBAR 1 GUD 1 ANŠE 10 UDU.MEŠ the thirty shekels of silver damages awarded is (equivalent to) one ox, one donkey, ten sheep HSS 5 52:32, (for robbery) ana 1 MA.NA mu-ul-li-e ana PN HSS 5 47:38; PN ana 2 ìR.MEŠ dajānū ana mu-ul-li-ia ana PN2 ittadûš HSS 5 50:8, wr. ana mu-ul-li-i ibid. 45:8; kīmū mu-ul-le-e ša huluqqā HSS 13 31:7, cf. ša mu-lu4-ni annî ibid. 9 (translit. only).

2' in adm. contexts: ša [mu]-ul-le-e bilammi bring me (one sheep) as fine AASOR 16 3:17; ana mu-ul-le-e ana 140 immerē ana PN mār šarri ittadûninnimi they levied on me a fine of 140 sheep (to pay) to PN, the king's son HSS 5 5:3; 80 UDU.HI.A mu-ul-lu-ú ša Lú.MEŠ SIPA HSS 16 314:1, also 3, 6, 8; ša 8 UDU.MEŠ SÍG.MEŠ-šu-nu ina ṭuppāti ša mu-ul-li-i ša [...] HSS 13 312:7.

3' other occ.: PN aššum mu-ul-le-e ša PN<sub>2</sub> ina arki ša PN<sub>3</sub> la išassi PN will not make any claim against PN<sub>3</sub> on account of the compensation (paid) for PN<sub>2</sub> JEN 559:12.

- d) in MB: prison term for PN aššum LÚ.TUR ... a-na mu-u[l(?)-l]e-e iddinušu PBS 2/2 116:17.
- e) in NB—1' in leg. and adm. contexts:  $k\hat{\imath}$  ... naptanu bīšu ītepā mul-le-e  $k\hat{\imath}$  ša  $q\bar{\imath}p\bar{a}ni$  ... sebā un-dal-lu-ā should they bake a bad meal, they pay a fine according to what the  $q\bar{\imath}pu$ -officials demand TCL 13 221:18; tithe of one talent of wool which PN mul(!)-li-šu ana £.BABBAR.RA ittadin delivered as a fine imposed upon him to the temple Ebabbar Nbn. 882:3; ana mul-le-e [...] (in broken context) Nbn. 64:1.
- 2' with mulli to give somebody his full desert: should PN be seen (again) in the tavern, his brother mul-le-e ana muhhišu un-da-al-lu will give him his just desert YOS 777:7; I swear by Šamaš adi abbakam:

ma mul-le-e  $\acute{u}$ -mal-lu- $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}\acute{u}$  as soon as I bring (him) here, I will give him his just desert YOS 3 151:16.

3' reward: minû mul-le-e ana kūmu ša šarri ... lukallu alla ša ... uṣallû what reward can I obtain for the king but that I pray (daily to the gods)? ABL 521:12, cf. ibid. 8.

mullû B s.; filling; LB; cf. malû v.

NA<sub>4</sub> hiṣṣi ša mu-ul-lu-u u SIG<sub>4</sub>.HI.A ša li-bi-ni-ta rubble for the filling and bricks for the brickwork MDP 21 pl. 1:20 (Xerxes).

mullû C s.; (a pole?); OB\*; Sum lw. mu-ul-la GIS.BU = mu-u[l-lu-u] Diri II 332.

12 mu-ul-lu-ú UET 5 468:28 (list).

For other loans from GIŠ.BU see  $m\bar{a}lalu$ ,  $mand\hat{u}$  B, etc.

\*mulluqu (fem. mulluqtu) adj.; (mng. uncert., occ. only as a personal name); OB.

Mu-ul-lu-uq-tum BE 6/2 85:2; Mu-ul-lu-uq-tim (gen.) CT 6 32a:3.

Holma Quttulu p. 71.

mullušu (fem. mulluštu) adj.; with tornout hair (occ. only as a personal name); OAkk.\*; cf. malāšu.

Mu-lu-šum MDP 14 114 No. 77:4, wr. Mu-lu-uš TCL 2 5508 r. iii 7; Mu-lu-uš-tum MAD 1 96:1.

Holma Quttulu p. 72.

mullutu adj.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

[lú].[i]r(or .[s]a).nu.nu = mul-lu-tu (followed by burruqu) CT 37 24 iv 19, see MSL 12 229 iv 10.

Probably describing a bodily characteristic.

\*mulmul (AHw. 671a) probably to be read kakkabānu, cf. Hh. XVI 64 cited kakka: bānu.

mulmullu (malmallu) s.; arrow; MB, MA, SB, NA.

urudu.gag.UD.tag.ga, [urudu.mul].mul = mul-mul-lum Hh.XI411f.; urudu.gag.UD.tag.

mulmullu multaḥṭu

ga = mu[l-mul-lum] = [...] Hg. A II 228, in MSL 7 171; mu-lu MUL = mul-mul-lum A II/6 ii 37.

mi-tugiš.TUKUL šen.tab.ba ulul4.gal mul.mul ni-irnf.gir.ak.ak.da.zu: ina mittu pāštu namṣaru u mul-mul-li ina gitaššuriki (see gašāru mng. 3) RA 12 74:13f.

mul-mul-lu, uṣ-ṣu, kak-su-u = šil-ta-ḥu Malku III 12ff.; ma-al-ma-al-lu = šil-ta-[hu] An VIII 176; mul-mul-lu = nab-lu LTBA 2 2:96.

mul-mul | \$il-tah Lambert BWL 74:60 Comm. (Theodicy); urudugag.up.tag.e | mul-mul | mul-mul | \$il-ta-hu JNES 33 332:32ff. (med. comm.).

a) as a weapon: mul-mul-lum uštarkiba ukinši matnu he nocked the arrow (on the bow) and fixed the string for it En. el. IV 36; ina qaštija dannate šukūd parzilli u mul-mulli-ia zaqtūte napištašunu ušeqti (see zaqtu mng. 1) AKA 85 vi 66 (Tigl. I); ina ziqit mulmul-li-ia adi tâmti elēnīti lu ardīšunūti (see ziqtu mng. 4c) AKA 68 iv 99 (Tigl. I), cf. AfO 18 350:19, for other refs., see ziqtu mng. 4c, note ina ziqit mal(var. ma-al)-ma-li AOB 1 118 ii 31 (Shalm. I); [ina mu]l-mu-li-ia nah: sute with my pointed arrows Borger Einleitung 137:8 (Aššur-bēl-kala); hamšišu ina mulmul-li amhassu I hit (King Taharka) five times with an arrow Borger Esarh. 86 § 57:9; nabli mul-mu-li elišu ušaznin I made fire and arrows rain on him 3R 8 ii 68 (Shalm. III), also AKA 197 iii 19 (Asn.); issuk mul-mul-la ihtepi karassa he shot the arrow and split her belly En. el. IV 101, cf. issuk mal-mal Tn.-Epic "ii" 34; gīš qarbātim rahhisu itaršu mul-mul the arrow will turn against the fleet (wild donkey) who trampled down the fields Lambert BWL 74:60, for comm., see lex. section; ummānāt nākirī ina ussi mul-mul-li ušaqqir I wounded the enemy troops with ussu-arrows and m.-arrows OIP 2 45 v 80 (Senn.), also TCL 3 139 (Sar.), cf. Lambert BWL 204 b 6 (fable); mul-mul-li la pādû[te] ša išpat  ${}^{\mathrm{d}}B\bar{e}l$  merciless arrows from the quiver of DN CT 15 44:10 (= Pallis Akîtu pl. 5), also CT 35 19 K.5234:10 (Asb.); akkullāt parzilli mul-mullum [...] iron axes, arrows STT 43:33 (Shalm. III); [...]-nu šá gātēšu mul-mul is-sima [...] STC 2 pl. 67:1, cf. (in broken contexts) KAR 260:14, 299:8.

b) as a symbol: ina ūmēšuma mul-mul-lu Ninurta zaq-tu ēpuš (see zaqtu mng. 1) Rost Tigl. III p. 28:160; mul-mul-[lu DN] LKU 31:14 (cultic comm.); [... m]ul-li ana kišādišunu STT 87:13 is uncert., see Deller, Or. NS 34 462.

E. Salonen Waffen 113ff.

multābiltu (\*muštābiltu) s.; (a part of the body); SB; cf. abālu A.

- a) in gen.: mul-ta-bíl-ta-ka dPabilsag your (Ninurta's) m. is DN KAR 102:17; mul-ta-bíl-ta-ka ki šá MUŠ-ta-ki (in fragm. context) LKA 35:6.
- b) in the title of a series dealing with extispicy: DUB.X.KAM iškār šumma mul-tabil-tum xth tablet of the series "If the m." CT 20 48 iv 44, 49:42, also 50 K.10805:1; DUB. X.KÁM.MA šumma mul-ta-biltu(GUN) CT 20 50:7; DUB.17.KÁM mul-ta-bil-tum ibid. 1:32, also Bu. 89-4-26,168, cited ibid. 42 n. 3; šumma šumāt u mu[kallimtu] ša mul-ta-bil-ti [ana panīka] Rm. 2,105:2, cited Bezold Cat. p. 1645; UZU.MEŠ mul-ta-bil-ti (in broken context) CT 20 14 i 10 (all ext.).

multaḥṭu (\*muštaḥṭu) s.; survivor, escapee; NA royal, NB; cf. šaḥāṭu.

a) in NA royal: mul-tah-tu sittāt nišēšu ša lapan kakkēja ipparšidu the survivor(s), the remainder of his people who had fled before my weapons Winckler Sar. pl. 35 No. 74:133, cf. sittāt nišē mul-tah-ţu ibid. pl. 34 No. 73:131; nišē mul-táh-ți ša GN ... ša lapan kakkē DN u DN<sub>2</sub> dannūti innabtu the surviving inhabitants of GN who had fled before the powerful weapons of Aššur and Ištar Streck Asb. 62 vii 58, 196 i 7; ša ina puhur mundah: sēšunu mul-táh-tu la isītuma that not a single one of all their warriors survived (for context see dalilu) TCL 3 176 (Sar.); GN ... ša ana la așê mul-táh-ți ... raksatu GN (an outpost) which was fortified to prevent the escape of any (enemy) survivor ibid. 77; ēdu ul ipparšid mul-táh-tu ul uși ina gātēja none got away, not one survivor escaped from my hands Streck Asb. 36 iv 63, 74 ix 40, also Bauer Asb. 2 70c 15 and dupl. Iraq 13 25:2; la ēziba mul-tah-tu I left not a single survivor Iraq 16 186 vi 62 (Sar.), also Lie Sar. 448, OIP 2 38

multa'ītu multēpiltu

iv 42, 78:32 (Senn.), mul-tah-ti-su-nu (in broken context) ibid. 65:46.

**b)** in NB: Bēl-ibni u ṣābē[šu ...] multaḥ-ṭu la jānu ABL 1342:9.

multa'ītu (\*mušta'ītu) s.; leisure; SB; cf. šuta'û.

ekal taskarinni ana mul-ta-'-it [bēl]ūtija ēpuš AfO 18 352:73 (Tigl. I); 8 ekallāti ana mūšab šarrūtija ana mul-ta-'-it bēlūtija ina qerebša addi on it (an especially constructed terrace) I built eight halls as my royal dwelling for my lordly pleasure Iraq 14 33:27, also AKA 186 r. 20, 221:19, 245 v 13 (all Asn.).

Earlier var. to multa'ûtu, q.v.

multālu see muštālu.

multālūtu see muštālūtu.

multappidu see murtappidu.

multapšiqtu see \*muštapšiqtu.

multaptinnu see muštaptinnu.

multarhu see muštarhu.

multarhūtu (\*muštarhūtu) s.; presumptuousness, boastful attitude; MB; cf. šarāhu.

ma matēma mul-tar-hu-ut-ka ša ginê qabalka [...] Tn.-Epic "iii" 19.

For parallels see multarrihuttu.

multarrihu see muštarrihu.

multarrihuttu (\*muštarrihūtu, multer: rihuttu, muttarrihuttu) s.; presumptuousness, vainglory; Bogh.; ef. šarāhu.

aššum mu-ul-te-ri-hu-ut-ti ša RN because of the presumptuousness of Tušratta (I conducted a razzia against these lands) KBo 1 2:26; attalak ana mu-ul-tar-ri-hu-ut-t[i-š]u ša RN I set out against the presumptuousness of Tušratta ibid. 1:17; dalat kaspi ša ... ana mu-ul-tar-ri-hu-ut-ti ana dannatišu elqû the silver door which (Šauššattar) took away to his fortress in order to boast with it

ibid. 3:9; note aššum mu-ut-tar-ri- $\langle hu \rangle$ -ut-ti-šu ibid. 1:45.

Abstract derivation of muštarrihu, q.v.

multashiptu see \*muštashiptu.

multaškinu (\*muštaškinu) s.; (a pole or lath); lex.\*; cf. šakānu.

[giš.suhur] =  $me \cdot ik \cdot ku \cdot \hat{u}$  =  $mul \cdot ta\dot{s} \cdot ki \cdot nu$ Hg. B II 87, in MSL 6 110; giš.dug.Qa.bur =  $mu\dot{s} \cdot tap \cdot [ti]n \cdot nu$  =  $mu[l \cdot ta]\dot{s} \cdot ki \cdot nu$  ša  $pa\dot{h}\dot{p}\ddot{a}ri$  Hg. A I 36, in MSL 5 187, cf.  $mu\dot{s} \cdot tap \cdot tin \cdot nu$  |  $mul(1) \cdot ta\dot{s} \cdot ki \cdot na$  (catch line) CT 41 43 59596 r. 15 (comm.).

- a) used as a goad: see Hg. B, in lex. section, and see  $mekk\hat{u}$ .
- b) used by the potter as a muddler: see Hg. A, CT 41, in lex. section.

multa'ûtu (\*mušta'ûtu) s.; leisure, pleasure; SB (royal inser. from Tigl. III on); ef. šuta'û.

bīt ķilāni ... ana mul-ta-'u-ti-ia ina qereb Kalhi ēpuš I built a bīt hilāni in Calah for my leisure Rost Tigl. III p. 72:18; bīt appāte ... ana mul-ta-'-u-ti bēlūtija ušēpiša qerebšin in them (the palaces) I had a portico built for my lordly leisure OIP 2 97:82 (Senn.); ekalla ... ana mul-ta-'u-ti-šú ina ahi nārti [ibni] he had a palace built at the bank of a river for his leisure TCL 3 211 (Sar.); ekal= lāti ... ana mūšab šarrūtija u mul-ta-u-ti bēlūtija nakliš ušēpišma I had palaces built artistically for my royal dwelling and my lordly leisure Borger Esarh. 61 vi 11, also ibid. 71 § 43:25; bāb zīqi ana mul-ta-'u-ti-ia ina šumēl bābišu apti I opened an air passage on the left side of its door for my pleasure Winckler Sar. pl. 48:17; (fruit trees) ana multa-u-ti šarrūtija azqupa itātešu I planted around it (the palace) for my royal pleasure Streck Asb. 90 x 105 var.; ina mul-ta-'u-ti-ia ... nēšu ezzu ša sērišu ina uznēšu asbat for my pleasure I seized a wild lion of the desert by his ears Streck Asb. 306 β 1, also 308 ε 2, cf. Bauer Asb. 87 r. 10.

multēmiqu see muštēmiqu.

multēpiltu see muštēpišu s.

multēpišu mulūgu

multēpišu see muštēpišu adj.
multēpišūtu sec \*muštēpišūtu.

multerrihuttu see multarrihuttu.

multēširtu see mušēširtu and \*muštēširtu.

multēširu see muštēširu.

mulțu see mušțu.

mūlû s.; 1. height, 2. hill, high ground, 3. ascent; OB, MB, Bogh., SB, NA, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and DU6; cf. elû v.

[du-ú]  $\text{DU}_6 = mu \cdot lu \cdot \acute{u}$  Idu II 31;  $\text{dul.l} \acute{a} = mu \cdot lu \cdot u$ ,  $mu \acute{s} \cdot pa \cdot lu$  Igituh I 282f.;  $\text{dul} = mu \cdot lu \cdot \acute{u}$ ,  $\text{túl.l} \acute{a} = mu \acute{s} \cdot pa \cdot lu$  Antagal III 12f.

du<sub>6</sub>.du<sub>6</sub> túl.lá mu.un.si.gi<sub>4</sub> a.ga.zi l.hub. bé.e (var.l.dub.ba): mu-la a u mušpāla uštamahs har imbê umalli (see imbû B lex. section) Lugale II 41; íl.lá túl.lá... hi.hi dInanna za.kam: mu-le-e mušpālī... šutābulum kûmma Ištar it is in your power, Ištar, to interchange high and low areas Sumer 13 77:9f.; mu.lu è.e.dè nagar bí.íb.sar.dè.e.x: mu-lu-u ú-áš-[šú] namgari ips patti (obscure) Lambert BWL 245 iv 51.

- 1. height: adi mu-le-e qaqqad ālim eperū la ikšudu ālam ul isbat as long as the earth (ramp) had not reached the height of the city wall, he could not take the city ARM I 4:9; nikkas mu-lu-um the height is three cubits Sumer 7 45 No. 10:4; x ana nikkas mu-li-im iši multiply x by three cubits, the height ibid. 8; 30 tipki mu-la-šu courses of bricks was its (the city wall's) height (beside kubaršu) AOB 176:39 (Adn. I), also WO 2 42:50 (Shalm. III); 4 salam erî . . . 4 KÙŠ mu-la-a- $š\acute{u}$ -nu four bronze statues of four cubits height TCL 3 399 (Sar.);  $\frac{2}{3}$  KÙŠ mu-lu-u the height was two thirds of a cubit (beside mūraku and rupšu, said of furniture) OECT 6 pl. 2 r. 7, see Iraq 12 40, Bauer Asb. 2 50 n. 1 ii 33; 3 kùš mu-lu-u three cubits is the height (beside rupšu, in description of buildings) ABL 457:1ff. (= ADD 756); 88 ina asli rabiti mu-lu-u 788 large cubits is the height ADD 777:5.
- 2. hill, high ground: ša ana mu-le-e ītelû ina ṣūmi imât ša ana mušpāli ittardu imât ina mê mu-la-a u mušpāla kî aḥāmeš tagmur he who went up a hill will die of thirst, he

who went down to a low place will die in the water — you (Erra) have destroyed high and low places alike Cagni Erra IV 85 and 87; šumma DU, u TÙN.LÁ ša eqli uštēšir if he evens off the high and low parts of a field CT 39 4:36 (SB Alu); mu-la-a mušpālu ina aggullāte aḥrâ I dug through high and low areas with pickaxes (to build a straight canal) OIP 2 114 viii 27 (Senn.); šumma ina mu-le-e ašib if (in his dream) he sits on a hill Dreambook 308 ii 8; šumma bītu ina mu-le-e šakin if a house is situated on a hill CT 38 12:73 (SB Alu); 3 ANŠE eqlu ina mu-le-e three AJSL 42 187:13 homers of land on a hill (NA), also ADD 803 r. 5, 413:4, also (beside ina ušalli) Postgate Palace Archive 23:3; dūrāli ešši ... ša mu-le-e the wall of the new city on the hill AOB 1 84 No. 9:29 (Adn. I); note (as Akkadogram in Hitt.) MU-LU-U KUB 19 37 ii 30 and 33, see Goetze, MVAG 38 170.

3. ascent: (mountains) ša mu-lu-ú mūradzdu šupšuqu which are difficult of both ascent and descent TCL 3 128, cf. ša ... paniš u arkiš šumruṣu mu-lu-ú-ša ibid. 20; šadū dannu ša mu-lu-šú kî mēlē simmilti mu-la-a la išú (for translat. see mēlû mng. 3) ibid. 322; mu-lu-ú u mu-rad-du umallā šalmāt muqtablī both slopes (lit. ascent and descent) (of the mountains) I filled with the corpses of the warriors ibid. 144 (Sar.); mu-lu-ú mūrida la išūni (in broken context) RB 59 244 str. 5:31 (OB lit.).

\*mūlu in MUL tâmti see kakkabu mng. 3c.

mulūgu (mulīgu) s.; (a transfer of paternal assets to a daughter on the occasion of her marriage); MB, Nuzi, NB; cf. mulūgūtu.

a) consisting of real estate: (a field) itti mu-lu-gi u nudunnê ana 'PN mārtišu aššatišu ša PN<sub>2</sub> iddin together with m. and the dowry, he gave to 'PN, his daughter, the wife of PN<sub>2</sub> BBSt. No. 9 i 15 (NB); 20 GUR zēru ... eqel mu-li-gi twenty gur of arable land, field for m. 1R 70 i 4 (Caillou Michaux), cf. ša ... eqlu kî mu-lu-gi ul nadinma iqabbû whoever says, "The field was not given as m."

mulūgūtu muma'iru

ibid. ii 17; PN 1 ANŠE A.ŠÀ.MEŠ ... ana mārtišu 'PN<sub>2</sub> ana mu-lu-ki iddinašši PN gave one homer of land to his daughter 'PN<sub>2</sub> as m. (and she gave him articles of clothing and a sheep and a pig as presents) HSS 5 76:5, also ibid. 11:17 (Nuzi).

- b) comprising objects: jewelry ša 1 me SAL.MEŠ mu-lu-ú-ki for one hundred women as m. (comprising 1,440 shekels of silver) EA 25 iii 65, cf. ibid. iv 64, cf. mu-lu-gi.MEŠ annûti gabbašunuma all these m.-objects ibid. iv 65 (list of dowry items from Mitanni).
- c) consisting of personnel: annûtu A.ŠÀ. MEŠ u qaqqaru ... PN ana PN2 LÚ mu-lu-ki ša aššat PN3 mār šarri ittadinšunūti these are the fields and other plots which PN gave to PN2, a person belonging as m. to the wife of PN3, the prince HSS 14 2:17, also HSS 13 93:17 (Nuzi); kūm šitta amēluttu rīḥtu LÚ mu-lulgu ša PN instead of the two slaves, the remainder of the persons belonging to PN as m. VAS 4 46:5; qallašu māru ša PN sal mu-lugi-šú his slave, the son of PN, a woman of his m. VAS 5 43:9; PN mu-lu-gu ... PN2 ana PN3 iddin PN2 has given to PN3 PN, a m.-person (part of the nudunnû) TuM 2-3 1:10 (all NB).

Petschow Pfandrecht 59 n. 170b; C. Zaccagnini, Lo Scambio dei doni nel vicino oriente 25 n. 60.

mulūgūtu s.; (a kind of dowry); Nuzi; cf. mulūgu.

qaqqaru paihu ana mu-lu-ku-ti ana PN ahātija attadin I gave a ....-plot to my sister PN as m. RA 23 149 No. 31:14; minum=mē kaspišu rēhtu ša PN ana mu-lu-ku-ti u ana qannišu ana PN irtaksumi (he said) whatever silver remained for PN, I handed over to her (lit., bound to the hem of her garment) as m. HSS 5 80:13; annûtu É.MEŠ PN ana mu-lu-ku-[ti] šá(?) mārtišu PN2 ana PN3 iddin PN gave these houses to PN3 as m. of his daughter PN2 HSS 19 79:12.

muluḥḥû s.; (mng. unkn.); SB; cf. malāhu v.

mu-lu-uh-hu-u (preceded by  $butuqq\hat{u}$ ) Bab. 6 259 K.4777 iv 7 (astrol.). mulūhu s.; (mng. uncert.); OA.

12 dulbātum 2 mu-lu-hu-ú twelve dulbātu's, two m.-s CCT 1 42b:2, also (always together with dulbātu, q.v.) ibid. 13, 42a:1, 4, 7, 10; ša 1 MA.NA URUDU mu-lu-hu-um one mina of copper's worth of m. TCL 20 178:12.

mulûtu s.; lordship; NB royal; Sum. lw.

Ebabbara ... mūšab mu-lu-ti-šu (var. to bēlūtišu) VAB 4 254 i 17, also (var. to An-ú-ti-šu) ibid. 256 i 39, 258 ii 7; ina papāḥi mu-lu-ti-ka (var. to be-lu-ti-ka) ibid. ii 17, cf. ša (la) šūpušu ana mu-lu-ti-šu (var. to be-lu-ti-šu) ibid. 254 i 20, 256 ii 2 (Nbn.).

Apparently a late learned loanword from Sum. mulu, the Emesal form of lú "man."

mum s.; (an emblem of Ea, consisting of a throne with a ram's head); MB; foreign word(?).

mu-um u suhurmāšu the m. and the goat-fish (the great socle of Ea) MDP 2 pl. 17 iv 5 (MB kudurru).

The drawing of the emblem in question is destroyed on this kudurru (see pl. 19, second row, where, however, some traces are to be seen, according to Zimmern apud Frank, Bilder und Symbole 38), but a corresponding one depicting a throne with a ram's head can be found on another MB kudurru in MDP 2 pl. 24.

muma'irtu see muma'iru.

muma'iru (fem. muma'irtu) s.; commander, ruler, satrap; SB, NA, NB; wr. syll. and (in LB) LÚ.GAL.UKKIN; cf. åru v.

a) commander, ruler (said of gods) — 1' masc.: dKIN.MA mu-ma-'-ir naphar ilī nādin milki DN, who rules all the gods, who gives counsel En. el. VII 107; Nabû mu-ma-'-ir kullat ilī Lyon Sar. 9:59; Ninurta mu-ma-'-ir Igigi JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 2:1; Enlil mu-ma-'-ir šamê u erşeti who governs heaven and earth Hinke Kudurru i 20, also KAR 68:16, BMS 19:7; Šamaš dajān šamê u erşeti mu-ma-'-ir gimri Šamaš, judge of heaven and earth, who rules the universe

muma'irūtu mumarriqānu

KAH 2 84:2 (Adn. II), also AKA 244 i 9 (Asn.), WO 2 144:8, WO 1 389:2 (Shalm. III), (Nabû) JAOS 88 125 i a 6, Lambert BWL 114:53, (Ninurta) 1R 29 i 4 (Šamši-Adad V); Šamaš mu-ma-'-ir te-ni-[še-tim] Or. NS 40 160:5 (namburbi).

- 2' fem.: Ninkarrak labbat uzzat u mu-ma-'-ir-rat Craig ABRT 2 16:15, see JRAS 1929 10; (Ištar) bēlet šamê u erṣeti mu-ma-'i-rat kal ālāni the queen of heaven and earth, who rules all cities Biggs Šaziga 28:28; bēlet kibrāti ilat ilāti mu-ma-'i-[rat] Igigi mistress of the universe, highest of all the goddesses, who rules the Igigi-gods K.2594:2, in Bezold Cat. p. 457.
- b) said of kings and high officials: mure te[ddû] kališ mātāti mu-ma-'-ir gimrēti (see gimirtu mng. le) 1R 29 i 29 (Šamši-Adad V); PN nāgiru ... mu-ma-'-ir ummānātišu PN, the vizier, the commander of his (the Elamite king's) army OIP 2 45 v 83 (Senn.); adi šamê u erşeti dārûni šunu lu mu-ma-'i-ru-te ša kal mātāte as long as heaven and earth exist, let them (the descendants of the king) be the rulers of all the lands ABL 358 r. 21 (NA).
- c) satrap (as title of an official): 20 pīrē ša Lú mu-[m]a-'-ir uru Ba-ah-tar ana šarrī ušēbil twenty elephants which the commander of GN had sent to the king BHT pl. 18 r. 12; Lú mu-ma-'-ir māt Akkadi u Lú paqdū ša šarrī ... Gur.Meš-nī the commander of Babylonia and the appointed officials of the king came back (to Seleucia) ibid. r. 15, also 11 and 17 (diary), wr. Lú.GAL.UKKIN ibid. pl. 15:5, 8, see Grayson Chronicles No. 10, see muma'irūtu.

muma'irūtu s.; office of the satrap; LB; wr. Lú.GAL.UKKIN-ú-tu; cf. âru v.

ana LÚ.GAL.UKKIN-ú-tu GN for the office of the satrap of GN BHT pl. 15:2 (= Grayson Chronicles 10 BM 34660:3), also ibid. r. 30.

Reading suggested from the syll. wr. muma'iru, q.v., in the same text.

mumannû (munammû) adj.; 1. lovely, 2. (in subst. use) loveliness; MB, SB; cf. menû.

lú.al.[hi.li].a = [m]u-ma-nu-{ú-um} OB Lu B ii 46.

- 1. lovely: see lex. section.
- 2. (in subst. use) loveliness: [ina] KÁ.ḤI. LI.SÙ kuzba ulluhat mu-na-me za'nat in the gate (called) ḤI.LI.SÙ she (Bau) is adorned with attractiveness, laden with loveliness (translating ḤI.LI and sừ first with kuzbu and ulluhu, secondly with mu-na-me and zānu) KAR 109:15, cf. ÉN bēlet tašmê ilat mu-na-me BMS 33:1 (restored from dupl. ND 5493 ii 50, courtesy W. G. Lambert), cf. also x-rat mu-na-am-mi BA 5 565 No. 4 i 12 (= Craig ABRT 1 55, hymn to Nanâ); obscure: ṣēru de-ša-ta mu-na-mi ma-li SEM 117 iii 18 (MB lit.).

It is assumed here that there existed a metathesis munammû of mumannû, which came to be used as a substantive with the verbs zânu and malû in phrases in which the normal equivalent of hi.li, kuzbu, occurs. It is possible, however, that the refs. wr. mu-na-me/mi are not to be related to menû "to love."

## mumarraqqānu see mumarriqānu.

mumarriqānu (mumarraqqānu, murqannu, murraqu, murruqūnu, murruqu) s.; guarantor who guarantees that property sold is alienable; NB; Aram. lw.; ef. murruqu v.

pūt ahāmeš ana mu-ur-qu ša bīti šuāti PN LÚ nādinā (n) bīti šuāti u PN, LÚ mu-marrag-an bīti šuāti [... našû] PN, the seller of that house, and PN2, who guarantees that it is alienable, bear joint responsibility for clearing that house from claims **VAS 15** also, wr. lú mu-mar-raq-qa-an-nu 12:17, ibid. 34:19; seal of PN nādin bīti šuāti PN2 PN<sub>3</sub> LÚ mu-mar(text -ru)-raq.meš bīti šuāti ibid. 22 right edge, also, wr. Lú mu-mar-raq-anna ibid. 18 edge, 27 edge, Speleers Recueil 294:42, 299:37, mu-mar-raq-an BRM 2 32 right edge, VAS 15 30 edge, LÚ [mu-m]ar-ri-qa-an ibid. 19 edge, 28 edge, mu-mar-ri-qa-an TCL 13 242 edge, Lú  $\langle mu \rangle$ -mar-ri-qa-an-n[a] ibid. 241 edge, wr. Lú mu-ur-qa-an-nu VAS 15 44 right edge, wr. Lú mu-ur-raq BIN 2 136 right edge, PN mu-ru-qu BRM 2 12 right edge, 28 right edge, mumarrītu \*mummilu

PN LÚ mu-ru-qu-na ibid. 14 right edge, wr. PN mu-ru-qu-nu ibid. 37 right edge.

von Soden, Or. NS 35 18.

mumarritu (mumerritu, namritu) s.; (a scraping or combing tool); EA, Nuzi; cf. arû C.

giš.níg.um[BIN] (var. níg.sík) = mu-mar-ri-ti (var. nam-ri-tu) Hh. VII A 210; giš.tukul.níg. umbin (var. tukul.níg.sík) = min (= kak-ki) mu-mar-ri-ti (var. nam-ri-te) ibid. 27; ni-ig-si-\*ki(text-la) giš.níg.gada.tak $_4$ .úr = m[u-ma-ri-tu] RS 20.203A r. 3' (Diri), cf. ni-si-ki giš.níg.ga[da. tak $_4$ .giš] = [...] Diri II 291.

1 mu-me-e[r]-ri-tum ša pir'azi one m. made of .... EA 22 ii 48; 1 GIŠ [mu]-mar-ri-tum e-la-a-a 6 GIŠ [mu-ma]r-ri-tum e-lu-pa-te-šu ašluļļena HSS 14 562:16f.

mumassû (muwassû, mumaššû) s.; slave inspector(?); lex.\*; wr. bar.šu.gál; cf. mussû v.

ki-in-da-gál GAL.KINDA = mu-wa-sú-ú-um MSL 2 148 ii 16 (Proto-Ea); [...] [GAL].KINDA = mu-wa-su-ú, [kin-d]a-gal GAL.KINDA = a-kil gal·la-bi Diri VI D 3'f.; bar.šu.gál, [kindagal] = mu-mas-su-u (vars. mu-maš-šu-u/ú), kin-d[a][kinda] = gal-la-b[u] Lu I 152-152b, cf. kinda, kindagal Proto-Lu 73f., ki[nda], [nimgir] ED Lu E 16f., in MSL 12 17; note also išib.bar.šu.gál = šu, bar.šu.gál = šu Lu IV 47f.

[dUmun.kar].nun.na = dNin.kar. nun.na = BAR.ŠU.GÁL dNIN.URTA.KE<sub>X</sub>(KID) Emesal Voc. I 11, cf. CT 24 7:23 (list of gods).

See gallābu discussion section.

mumaššihu s.; (a cutting tool); lex.\*

giš.ba.zú.gal.gal = mu-maš-ši-hu (among varieties of giš.ba = suppinnu and other tools of the carpenter) Hh. IV 39.

The derivation from mašāņu "to measure" does not seem to fit the designation of this tool, called in Sum. "large giš.ba.zú," i.e., "large suppinnu surri," see surru A lex. section.

mumaššû see mumassû.

mumbiu s.; boaster, braggart; lex.\*; cf. ebû v.

dùg.dùg.ga = mu-ka-bi-rum = mu-um-bi-[u]m Silbenvokabular A 95, see Studies Landsberger 24. mumerritu see mumarritu.

mumma see mummu.

mummeltu see mummillu.

mummenu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

[...].x = mu-um-me-nu (preceded by muqippu) Lu IV 275.

mummidu s.; (mng. unkn.); OB; cf. emēdu.

lú.x.x.x.gi = mu-[se-el]-lu-u, lú.UD.[ak].kéš = mu-um-mi-du, lú  $u_4$ .da.tuš = a-lu-zi-in-nu OB Lu Fragm. II 7, in MSL 12 202.

Mu-um-mi-du-um (personal name) TCL 17 24:18 (OB let.).

mummillu (fem. mummeltu) s.; dancer, player, actor; MB, SB; cf. mēlulu.

e.ne.du<sub>11</sub>.du<sub>11</sub> = mu-um-mi-lum(text -rum) (between zammiru and raqqidu) Lu IV 236, cf. lú.[e.ne].[dug<sub>4</sub>.dug<sub>4</sub>] = [mu-um-mi-lum] OB Lu A 166.

ittabši ina libbišu e-li-lummu-um-mi-il-lum there is in it (Babylon) song and dance RT 19 59:2 (MB lit.); mu-um-mil-tum Ištar mupaḥḥirat puḥri dancing Ištar, who gathers assemblies STC 2 pl. 78:38, see Ebeling Handerhebung 132 and JCS 21 261.

Since mēlulu is often used in connection with Ištar, her epithet mummiltu is cited here and is considered the fem. of the participle mummillu, instead of the expected \*mummillatu.

\*mummilu (fem. mummiltu) adj.; disturber; SB; ef. ummulu v.

mu-um-mi-il-te ep-ri= MIN (=  $a\check{s}am\check{s}\bar{u}tu$ ) Malku III 195.

- a) describing a storm: see lex. section; qarrādu uštaṣmid [sibit imḥullī] mu-um-mi(var. -mi[l])-lat epri si[bit ašamšāti] the warrior harnessed seven evil winds, seven storms which raised the dust (for dupls. see ašamšūtu usage a-2') RA 48 147:32 (SB Epic of Zu).
- b) describing warrior gods: munakkip susê mu-mil tamhāru (Ninazu) who destroys the canebrakes, stirs up the battle Lambert, Or. NS 36 118:47 (SB hymn to Gula), cf.

mummirtu mummu A

(Zababa) mu-um-mil baltu eṭlūtu ibid. 122:97; Ninurta [mud]ē tuqmāti mu-um-mil-lu aguḥḥu qardu experienced in battle, who disarranges the aguḥḥu-garment (of the enemy), valiant one RA 51 108 K.7257:7.

mummirtu s. fem.; procuress; MA\*; ef. amāru A.

nā'ikāna u mu-um-me-er-ta idukku they will put to death the man who had intercourse (with the woman lured into the house of the procuress) and the procuress KAV 1 iii 35 and 40 (Ass. Code § 23), cf. kî ša ... aš: šassu nīkta eppušuni SAL mu-um-me-er-ta eppušu ibid. 21, cf. also ibid. 24.

Except in the cited participle, there is no attestation of the verb *amāru* in the mng. "to procure."

mummu (mumma) indefinite pron.; someone, something; OB, SB, NB; cf. mannu.

[m]u-um-mu = ia-u-[um-ma] Malku III 95; mu-um-mu(var. -ma) = mi-im-ma An VIII 75.

Open is the gate of well-being and life mu-um-ma qerbuš erub sî lu šalmāta RB 59 246 str. 9:10 (OB lit.); Mount GN ša ina šarrāni abbēja mu-um-ma ina qerebšu la iṭḥû into the interior of which none of my royal predecessors ventured 3R 8 ii 71 (Shalm. III); šupur mu-ú-mu [...]-ma-at-ti ABL 844:12 (NB).

Variant of mamma or mimma.

mummu A s.; 1. craftsman, creator, 2. school for scribes, workshop; SB; wr. syll. and Lú.umún (Or. NS 44 99:44); cf. mummu A in bīt mummi.

ú-mu-un dé = mu-um-mu Sb II 88; ú-mu-un dé = mu-[um-mu] Ea IV 175.

kin.til.la umún.a šu.gal.du<sub>7</sub>.a.na: ina kintillé mu-um-mu rabīš ú-šak-lil (for translat. see kintillé) K.2946 r. 9'f. and dupls. (mīs pî-rit.); é.kur umún dím.dím.ma dingir.lugal.bi šu.x.x me.dè.en: ša £.Kur mu-um-mi bānû ili u šarri [...] nīnu we (the seven sons of Nippur) are ..., creators of god and king LKA 76:7f.

mu-um-mu = be-el-tum, (var.?) na-el-tum An VIII 5f.

- 1. craftsman, creator a) as epithet of Ea and Marduk: ina uz-na sīrti ša Ea muum-mu bān kala iqī[šu]šu with the deep understanding that Ea, the m., creator of everything, gave to him Iraq 15 123:19 (Merodachbaladan), also VAS 1 37 iii 5 (kudurru); [dNi]n-ši-kù mu-um-mu bān binûtu PSBA 20 Ea  $[x m]ud.an.ki.ke_x(KID)$ : mu-um-mu bān šamê u erşeti LKA 77 i 29f., cf. (said of Marduk) En. el. VII 86; la ip-ti-qu dEa mu-um-mu BHT pl. 6 ii 2, cf. ibid. pl. 9 v 16 (Nbn. Verse Account), cf. also [m]u-um $mu pa-ti-iq \lceil nab(?) \rceil -n[i-ti(?)] \text{ K.9902:2}; ušapa$ DUMU mu-um-me Craig ABRT 1 31 r. 23 (= 67) (prayer to Marduk).
- b) as epithet of Tiāmat: Mu-um-mu Tiāmat muallidat gimrišun En. el. I 4, cf. mu-um Tiāmat (in broken context) BA 5 664:15 (hymn to Nanâ).
- c) as epithet of Ištar: Ištar mu-um-mu bān parṣī u šuluḥḥi BMS 5:17 and dupl., see ZA 42 221 and Ebeling Handerhebung 60.
- d) name of the vizier of Apsû, equated with Papsukkal and Ilabrat: dMu-um-mu En. el. I 66, and passim; dMu-um-mu (parallel: Tiāmat) JCS 10 100 D.T. 184:14 (SB rel.); dMu-um-mu (var. dMu-um) = dIl-lab-rat (var. dPap-sukkal) RA 41 30:3, vars. from TCL 6 47 r.; Anu Kinga dMu-um-mu u Belili Kinga dMu-um-mu Apsû u Allatu RA 41 37:25f.; uncert.: Papsukkal [x]-nu-um mu-um-mu šá [...] RA 24 32:7.
- e) other occ.: [x] GÁN 2 [x] É LÚ.UMÚN. AK.A Or. NS 44 99:44 (list of temple property).
- 2. school for scribes, workshop (see also mummu A in bīt mummi) a) school for scribes: [šāṭir] PN ... mār mu-um-mu Hunger Kolophone No. 354:3, No. 402:1; Nabū āšib mu-um-me Köcher BAM 1 iv 35, see Hunger Kolophone No. 234:10.
- b) workshop: see K.2946, in lex. section; TA qereb mu-um-me ina aṣêša when she (Tašmētu) comes out of the m. KAR 122:9.

Heidel, JNES 7 98-105; W. G. Lambert, AfO 18 399; van Dijk Götterlieder 115.

mummu A munaggiru

mummu A in bit mummi s.; workshop (used to make and repair ritual objects); SB, NA; cf. mummu A.

dullu [ša dunug.k]1(!)-i-ti Annunītu u digi.du [ša £ d]mu-um-mu the work on the goddesses DN, DN2 and DN3 in the workshop ABL 476:20, cf. kīma dullu ša DN u ša É dmu-um-mu nigdamar ibid. 25, see Parpola LAS No. 277; ina kisal é mu-um-mu ašar  $ilu \ \delta \hat{u} \ a \delta b u \ TuL \ p. 110:11$ , restored from K.3219, cf. adi ina £ mu-um-mu ir-ru-bu-ma uššabu ibid. 10; enūma šipir ina £ mu-um-mu šurrî (subscript) UVB 15 37 r. 4; ana erēb £ muum-me ... bīru abrêma I had an extispicy performed to (find out about) entering the bīt mummi Borger Esarh. 82 r. 21, cf. ibid. 83 also ina arhi šalmi ūme šemê ... ina É mu-um-me ašar tēdišti ša libbašun ubla ērumma ibid. 28; when you wash the god's mouth ina ūmi magri ina £ mu-um-mu 2 egubbê tukân on a favorable day you set up two egubbû-vessels in the workshop p. 102:1; enūma alpa ana £ mu-um-mu tušerribu when you take the bull into the workshop RAcc. 10:7, also ibid. 32 iv 25 (catch É mu-um-mu tu-ta-am šitta libnāti imnu u šumēlu ša bāb £ mu-um-mu tanaddi RAcc. 10:8f., alpa ana £ mu-um-mu tušerrib ibid. 11 (kalû-rit.); É mu-um-mu È (in broken context) BHT pl. 14 r. iv 6 (Nbn. Chron.); tupšar mināti engūtu āšib £ mu-um-mu nāsir pirišti ilāni rabûti VAB 4 256 i 33 (Nbn.); Nabû u Nisaba bēlē É mu-um-me KAR 31 r. 27, see Hunger Kolophone No. 192.

For mummu used alone instead of bit mummi, see mummu A mng. 2.

mummu B s.; (a curved stick or beam); OB, Nuzi, SB; pl.  $mum(m)\bar{a}tu$ .

giš.šu.mu.un.gi (var. giš.šu.me.gim) = mah-su-ú, giš.ša.mu.un.gi (vars. giš.ša.mu.un.gi, giš.ša.mu.un.gim) = mu-um-mu Hh. VI 4f.; [...].ra(?) = mu-[m]a-at pu-u[k]-ki-im (parallel: giš.MI.HAR.ra = pu-uk-[k]u Erimhuš II 60) Imgidda to Erimhuš A r. 4'.

a) in invs.: 7 GIŠ mu-um-mu CT 6 20b:11; 4 mu-um-m[i UD].KA.BAR (in a list of gifts to a woman) Meissner BAP 7:16; 3 mu-úma-tum (in a list of products used for the construction of a boat) UET 5 468:41 (all OB); 6 GIŠ mu- $\acute{u}$ -um-m[u ...] HSS 15 148:14 (Nuzi).

b) in lit.: mu-um-mu qašti ana qīšātiki (return) frame of the bow, to your forests (beside: arrow to the canebrake, bowstring to the sheep's back, feather to the birds) RA 46 36:42, also ibid. 34:26, dupl. STT 19:79 (Epic of Zu), also RA 46 32:12.

For šumun.gi see *šumakû*. In RA 48 136:4 read *qulmû*, q.v. For ABL 844:12 see *mummu* indefinite pron.

mummu C s.; roar; SB\*; Sum. lw.

mu-um-mu erpēti lištakṣibamma šapliš ana nišē te'ūta liddin let the clouds' m. . . . . and give sustenance to the people below En. el. VII 121, with comm. mu-um-mu // rig-mu CT 13 32 r. 10.

Probably a learned lw. from Sum.  $mu_7$ .  $mu_7 = rigmu$  attested in Diri I 56, etc., see Lambert, JSS 14 250.

mummû see mammû.

mummunû see mammanû.

mumziqu see muziqu.

munabbû see munambû.

munaggiru (munangiru) s.; informer, spy, denouncer; OB, SB; cf. nugguru.

lú.eme.sig.kú.kú= $\bar{a}kil\ karsi$ , lú.ka.šu.[dù]. a = mu-na- $gi_4$ -rum OB Lu D 142f.; lú.ka.šu.dù. dù = mu-na-an- $gi_4$ -ru-um OB Lu Fragm. I 19, in MSL 12 201; l[ú.ka.šu.dug\_4.dug\_4] = [mu-na- $gi_4$ ]-rum OB Lu A 230; ka.šu.dù.dù = mu-na-gi-[ru], eme.ku-kukú.kú = a- $kil\ kar$ -si Lu III i 28f.; ka.šu.dù.a = mu-na-gi-rum Izi F 306.

[mu-na-gi]-ru = a-kil kar-[si] Malku IV 34.

PN, the governor, has sworn by the king alpum u immerum la ibaššúma ana hahhūrim u mu-na-gi-ri-im ša ibbaššú PN šarram ippal should an ox or a sheep be missing, PN will be responsible to the king in case a spy or denouncer (should prove) that they exist Meek, AJSL 33 227 No. 11:9 (OB leg.); if a soldier or fisherman who is ordered to go on an expedition of the king does not go, or

munaggirūtu munaššiku

hires a hireling and sends him as his substitute, that soldier or fisherman will be put to death mu-na-ag-gi-ir-šu bīssu itabbal the one who denounces him will take his house CH § 26:10; PN mu-na-gi-ra-am i-ti-i-šu-nu šūriam VAT 12529:12 (OB, courtesy B. Kiensst); zuqaqīpu amīlam izqut [mi]nā ilqe [mu-na]m-gi-ru amīlam ušmīt [min]ā uttir a scorpion stung a man, what did it get? a denouncer brought about a man's death, what benefit did he receive? Lambert BWL 240 ii 24, cf. (in broken context) ibid. 27 (SB proverbs).

Landsberger, JCS 9 123f.

munaggirūtu s.; denunciation, activity of a denouncer; SB; cf. nugguru.

[lemutta] zīrma [kitta] rām [mu-nam-g]i-ru-tú [la tepp]uš hate evil, love the truth, do not engage in denunciation Lambert BWL 240 ii 31 (SB proverb).

munahhišu adj.; munificent; SB\*; cf. nahāšu.

*šumma mu-na-hi-iš* if he is munificent (followed by *muqallil*) ZA 43 100 iii 2f. (Sittenkanon).

muna'išu s.; veterinarian; SB; cf. nêšu.

[...] mu-na-i-ši Lú.A.BA [...] (in broken context, among craftsmen and specialists deported from Egypt) Borger Esarh. 114 § 80 i 10.

For A.ZU ANŠE, A.ZU GUD, see asû A usage e.

\*munakkimu to be read šēmi pirišti bēlišu see MSL 12 243.

munambû (munabbû) s.; wailer; lex.\*; ef. nabû B v.

i.lu.di = mu-nam-bu-ú Lu Excerpt I 211, also Nabnitu IV 282; balag.i.lu.di = mu-nam-bu-u Lu IV 176; lú.i.lu.dug<sub>4</sub>.ga = mu-nam-bu-u Igituh short version 278; lú.i.lu.di, lú.balag.di = mu-na-bu OB Lu D 250f.; lú.i.lu.di = mu-na-[bu-ú], ša ṣi[rhim] OB Lu A 245f.; lú.balag.di = ṣār[iḥum], mu-n[a-bu-ú] ibid. 252f.

munammiru (munawwiru, fem. munammirtu, munawwirtu) adj.; brightener(?, occ. only as personal name); OB; cf. namāru.

[SAL ...].x = mu-na-mir-tu Lu III ii 5'.

Mu-na-wi-rum (personal name) UCP 10 126 No. 52:26, YOS 2 50:1, 102:1, 123:3, UET 5 77 r. 2, etc., Mu-na-wi-ru-um ibid. 664 i 16, 868:3, TCL 18 119:13, CT 44 58:1, Çiğ-Kizilyay-Kraus Nippur 101 r. 14, YOS 8 64:16, 18, and passim in this volume, BIN 7 11:2, etc.; Mu-na-wi-ir-tum YOS 8 164 seal, TCL 1 26:3 and 15, VAS 16 25:6, BIN 7 217:9, RA 24 91 No. 3:2, as masc. name: Pinches Berens Coll. No. 102 r. 3, Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 35:15.

munammû see mumannû.

munangiru see munaggiru.

munappiḥtu s.; (mng. uncert., possibly bellows); OB\*; ef. napāhu.

1 pūḥtum 1 pūḥtum 1 mu-na-pí-iḥ-tum UET 5 882:21 (word list).

munappihu s.; rumor-monger; lex.\*; ef. napāhu.

lú.gù.di.di, lú.bún.dug $_4$ .dug $_4$  = mu-na-pi-e-hum OB Lu A 344f.; lú.bún.an.zé.a = mu-na-pi-e-hum ibid.350; lú.[bún].dug $_4$ .dug $_4$  = mu-na-ap-pi-hu OB Lu Fragm. I 17, in MSL 12 201; lú.lul.sì.sì.ke = mu-nap-pi-[h]u CT 37 24 iv 24, in MSL 12 229.

Sum. literally "who speaks falsehood," "who blows up (a rumor?)," note Sum. bún = napāḥu. See also mudiṣṣu.

munappilu adj.; digger, wrecker; OB lex.\*; cf. napālu A.

lú.du<sub>6</sub>.ba.al = na-pi-[lum], lú.ki.ba.al = mu-na-pi-[lum] OB Lu A 221 f.

munaqqītu s.; libation bowl; NA\*; cf. naqû.

3-šú ina pî ša qartuppi ina mu-naq-qi-te takarrar with the tip of a stylus you put three drops into the libation bowl Parpola LAS No. 337:4.

munaššiku (fem. munaššiktu) adj.; biting; SB; cf. našāku.

munattiš mundahşu

nig.zú.kud.da = mu-na-šik-tú(vars. -ti, -tum, -tu) biting (bitch) Hh. XIV 102.

ur zú.kud.da <sup>d</sup>En.ki.ga.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) : kalbu mu-na-šik-ku ša Ea KAR 54:5f.

munattiš adv.; awake; SB; cf. munattu.

[... i]m-miš mu-na-at-tiš at-ta-nap-li-sa gi-lit-tii in the daytime(?), awake, I have been experiencing frightening things 79-7-8, 168 r. 9, see Lambert, JSS 14 250.

munattu s.; waking, waking time; SB; pl. munāmātu; ef. munattiš.

[máš].gi, [ù].li, [gìr].UD.ra = šu-ut-tum, hi-il-tum, mu-na-at-tum Erimhuš II 261ff.

mu-na-ma-tu, [§]e-ep UD-me, [§]e-ep UD-me a-lik-tú = mu-na-at-tum Malku VI 208ff.

ina šāt mūši ušabrīšuma kî ša ina mu-naat-ti idbubu ajāmma ul ihti (Išum) revealed it (the poem) to him at night and he did not miss one (line) when he recited (it) in the morning Cagni Erra V 43; šuttu mu-na-at-tú malmāliš šumr[uṣa] dreaming and waking times are equally miserable Lambert BWL 48:8 (Ludlul III); šumma amīlu lu ina šutti lu ina mu-[na-at-ti] lu mudû lu la mudû tulâšu  $\hat{u}$ -[...] if a man, whether in his dream or awake, knowingly or unknowingly, has [...] his breast Or. NS 34 108:3, cf. INIM.INIM. (MA) ŠU.ÍL.LÁ.KAM sibit tulî ša mu-na-at-ti KAR 228 r. 13, see RA 49 146; ša ... etemmu ... ina šutti u mu-na-at-ti ittišu innamru (the man) with whom a ghost has met in a dream or while awake CT 23 20:22, see TuL p. 153; [ina] mu-na-at-ti išpura šipirta at awakening he sent (his) message (cf. ina šutti line 39) Lambert BWL 50:46, difficult: aššu ina mu-na-at-ti ruš-šu-kat ibid. 48:11.

(Oppenheim, Dream-book 225.)

munawwiru see munammiru.

mundabru adj.; mighty, powerful; syn. list\*; cf. dabru adj.

mu-un-ga-ab-rum, mu-un-da-ab-rum = mu-ug-da-[aš-rum] Explicit Malku I 144f.

mundagru adj.; obedient; SB\*; cf magāru.

[ù.gul].gá.gá še.še.ga : [mut]nennû mu-un-dag-ri (Nebuchadnezzar) assiduous in prayer, obedient 4R 20 No. 1:5f.

mundahhişu see mundahsu.

mundaḥṣu (mundaḥḥṣu, muttaḥṣu, muttaḥṣ ḥiṣu) adj.; fighter, combatant; MB, MA, SB, NA, NB; pl. (Ass.) mundaḥṣū, (MB, NB) mundaḥṣūtu; cf. mahāsu.

gú.gilim = mu-u-dab-sú = (Hitt.) hu-ul-hu-li-ia-wa-ar (also = mudekk $\hat{u}$  and  $h\bar{a}bilu$ ) Izi Bogh. A 104.

maš.maš lú.erím.ma šà.ká.ta im.babbar. ra u.me.ni.hur: māšī mu-un-dah-si ša gaṣṣi ina libbi bābi eṣir draw "fighting twins" with gypsum inside the door AfO 14 150:215f., cf. maš.maš lú.erím.ma gešpu zag.du<sub>8</sub>.ká esir.ra á.zi. da á.gùb.bu u.me.ni.gub: māšī mu-un-dah-si ša umāši ša iṭṭê ina sippi bābi imna u šumēla ulziz ibid 217ff.

a) in hist. (from Asn. on): (I killed) 600 erín.meš mu-tah-și-šú-nu (var. mundah-si-šu-nu) six hundred of their fighters AKA 291 i 107, also ibid. 276 i 64, and passim with figures (wr. with ERÍN or LÚ.ERÍN), always referring to enemies, in Asn.; mu-tah-hi-si-a  $k\bar{i}ma$   $Anz\hat{e}$ elišunu iše'u my fighters swept against them like the Anzû-bird AKA 233 r. 25, also, wr. mun-dah-si-a (var. mu-tah-si-a) ibid. 336 ii 107 (all Asn.), cf. WO 2 414:5 (Shalm. III); damē mun-dah-si-šú šadû aşrup I dyed the mountain with the blood of his fighters 3R 8 ii 73; 29000 ālilī mun-daḥ-ḥi-ṣi-šu unīli (see ālilu usage c) WO 1 57:17 (Shalm. III); 300 mundah-ṣi-šú-nu ina kakkī ušamqit 3R 7 i 34, also Iraq 25 54:41, and passim with figures and always referring to the enemy in Shalm. III, also 1R 31 iv 28, and passim in Šamši-Adad V, wr. Lú mundah-hi-si-šú Iraq 24 94:24 (Shalm. III); LÚ mun-dah-si-šu nāši qašti his fighters bearing bows Rost Tigl. III p. 34:198, ef. sittāt LÚ mun-daḥ-ṣe-e-šú-nu rittīšunu unakkisma cut off the hands of the rest of their fighters ibid. 8:38, LÚ mun-dah-șe-šú ana (za)qīpāni  $u\check{s}\bar{e}[li]$  ibid. 10:48; RN malikšunu gadu LÚ mun-dah-şe-e-šú birītu parzilli addīma Lie Sar. 212, also 69 and p. 74:5, Iraq 16 186:45; pagrē LÚ mun-dah-se-sú ina sapān tâmti ugarrinu gurunniš Lyon Sar. 14:33; Lú mun-dah-se*šu lē'ût tāḥazi* TCL 3 104, cf. Lie Sar. p. 54:8;

mundaḥṣūtu mundu

lú mun-daḥ-ṣe-šu tukulti ummānišu nāš qašti azmarē his fighters, the mainstay of his army, carrying bows (and) lances TCL 3 136, and passim in Sar., also (with figures, and referring to the enemy) Winckler Sar. pl. 31:28; LÚ mun-dah-se-ia [n]a-a[s-qu]-ti Lie Sar. 408; LÚ mun-dah-si sāhir dūrišu the fighters manning his wall OIP 2 51:23 (Senn.), LÚ mun-dah-si-ia (referring to Assyrian troops) ibid. 52:34 and dupl.; mun-dah-și ēpiš qabli u (taken prisoner and put in the Assyrian army) Borger Esarh. 106 iii 14; šášu qadu mun-dah-se-e-šú Streck Asb. 32 iii 131, cf. ibid. 26 iii 39; ina kakkī urassip mun-dahse-e-su sirûti ibid. 48 v 110 and Bauer Asb. 2 80:24, cf. (referring to Assyrian troops) Asb. 222 No. 17:9.

b) other occs.: [m]u-un-daḥ-ṣi-šu (in broken context) KAR 303 r. 6 + VAT 12960, see AfO 7 281:16, mu-un-da-[aḥ-ṣi] ibid. 18 (Tn.-Epie); the king saw him ina nakrūti u mun-daḥ-ṣu-ti among the enemy fighters BBSt. No. 6 i 46 (Nbk. I); uṣṣī mu-un-daḥ-ṣi the arrows of the warrior Lambert BWL 178 r. 13 (SB fable); may the king send muṣtaḥalqūti ina muḥḥi mun-daḥ-ṣu-ti raiders in addition to the combatants ABL 1237 r. 13 (NB); kî qarrādi mu-ut-taḥ-iṣ ina damēša ṣallat she (the woman in childbirth) lies in her blood like a hero warrior Iraq 31 31:40 (MA inc.).

mundahşūtu see mundahşu.

mundalku see muntalku.

mundarsu (\*muddarsu) adj.; trampling; SB; ef. darāsu.

giš.tukul zà.KIN(var. .ság).di.dè(var. .di) kur.re(var. .ra) izi ba.ab.sum : kakku mun-dar-su ana šadî išāta iddi the weapon which tramples has set fire to the mountains (translat. of Sum.) Lugale V 20.

From a reciprocal I/2 stem of darāsu, q.v.

mundu (muddu) s.; groats; OAkk., OB, MB, Bogh., Alalakh, Nuzi, SB; wr. syll. and Níg.ÀR.RA.

- a) in OAkk.: x sìla Níg.àr.ra GIN PN imhur PN received x silas of ordinary groats HSS 10 144:1, also 148:3; [x Níg].àr.ra GUR SIG<sub>5</sub> x groats of good quality ibid. 150:11, 13, (without specification) 145 iv 1, 146:1, 147:1, 155 i 1, ii 1; 1 sìla mu.dum (among non-cereal foods) RTC 217:7, r. 2 (provisions for the queen), cf. ITT 4 7100:6 (provisions for the king).
- b) in OB: awīlam ša 1 (PI) ŠE NÍG.ÀR.RA isammudu ... ana x kaspim adbub šumma NÍG.ÀR.RA 1 PI ŠE inaddin u NÍG.ÀR.RA-šu ihappâm I have come to an agreement with a man to grind one-fifth gur of barley into groats for one shekel of silver, if he will deliver the groats produced from the one-fifth gur of barley, and also will place(?) his groats in a sack (send him to me) PBS 7 26:7, 12 and 14, cf. 40 sìla ipram níg.àr.ra nadānšu abušu igbiam his father promised to give him forty silas of groats as food ration ibid. 19 (let.); PN hired PN2 for two months to grind (barley) 1 (PI) NÍG.ÀR.RA.TA.ÀM isammud 10 šuramê ihappû he grinds sixty silas of groats per month, he packs (them) in ten sacks Riftin 38:6; l gi.ma.an.sim níg.àr.ra one sieve for groats Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte x barley ana Níg. AR.RA ana A.GEŠTIN.NA JCS 2 87 No. 12:4, cf. x barley ana mu-di-im Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 160:2, 17, 154 r. 5; 5 SÌLA kasû 1 SÌLA NÍG.ÀR.RA 1 SÌLA samidum SLB 1 30:11; x BAPPÍR.SI.A X GUR NÍG.ÀR.RA SIG<sub>5</sub>.GA er-sú-ú x sprouted beer bread, x fine groats are ready YOS 2 152:4 (let.); x SÌLA NÍG.ÀR.RA X SÌLA ZÍD.DA NÍG.ŠU MUHALDIM YOS 12 43:8, cf. simmānam zíd.še ù simmānam NÍG.ÀR.RA Walters Water for Larsa No. 84:5, also ibid. 12; NÍG.ÀR.RA SIG<sub>5</sub>  $\check{s}_{1M}$   $s_{1G_5}$  and  $munu_3(PAP+\check{s}_{E})$ (beside BIN 7 113:1, cf. TLB 4 110:4; NÍG.ÀR.RA LIBIR

mundu mungu A

YOS 8 105:4; 1 DUG 20 SìLA ša NíG.ÀR.RA one jar of twenty silas capacity with groats TCL 1 199:9, cf. ibid. 7.

- c) in MB: x barley ana Níg.ÀR.RA to make groats BE 15 106:8, cf. ibid. 10, also (in broken context) PBS 1/2 31:5, and, wr. mu-un-du Peiser Urkunden 135:6; x šE.BAR x ZÍD.DA x Níg.ÀR u pappasu x barley, x flour, x groats and gruel BE 15 48c:3, cf. 44:23, also (beside šE, MUNU4(PAP+PAPx ŠE), BAPPIR and DUG) 169:3, PBS 2/2 91:1, (together with ŠE.BAR, ZÍZ.AN.NA, ZÍD.DA, DUG.SAG, DUG.ÚS, MUNU4, BAPPIR) BE 15 16:7, cf. also PBS 2/2 43:4, PBS 13 74:5.
- d) in MB Alalakh, Nuzi: x parīsi šE mu-ud-du JCS 8 16 No. 242:1 (MB Alalakh); barley ana mu-un-ti u ana qēme RA 23 157 No. 60:10; barley ana Níg.ÀR.RA ana qāt PN nadnu HSS 9 127:2; x mu-un-dum ša GN PN ūbila HSS 13 81:2, also 82:1, 102:1; x imēr mu-un-du.MEŠ ša GN ù PN ...ūbila HSS 14 611:1, cf. ibid. 199:1, 203:2, 204:1 and 13, 205:1, 206:1, 207:1ff., HSS 15 77:3, 5, HSS 16 413:1; note: PN ša mu-un-du HSS 14 593:46 (all Nuzi).
- e) in med. and rit.: sudê Níg.àR.RA buqla bappira Ninda abla tuṣaddāšu you provide it (the figurine) with groats, malt, beerwort and dry bread as travel provisions KAR 22:18 (rit.), cf. [...] mu-un-da x.šim pappas MUNU<sub>3</sub> KUB 37 64a:14 (rit.); made of wheat: kasû Níg.àR.RA kibti ina šamni [...] AMT 69,8:16, cf. Köcher BAM 3 iv 44, 168:9, AMT 42,2 ii 4, Küchler Beitr. pl. 2 ii 5, (made of emmer wheat) Köcher BAM 240:36; note: mu-un-da ša kakkî ...ina šizbi litahhihu ibid. 240:12, and, wr. mun-di ibid. 307:6.
- f) other occs.: šumma qēma iṭēn ... šumma qēma inappi ... šumma Níg.ÀR.RA isammud if he grinds flour, if he sifts flour, if he produces groats Dream-book 335 K.9945+:16; níg.àr.ra.zu (with gloss) mu-un-da-ka TuM NF 4 7 iv 156.

A.Níg.HAR.RA in medical texts (Köcher BAM 152 ii 15, 156:4f., 168:17, AMT 22,2 r. 24, 41,1 iii 26, 58,1:12) and in the ritual KAR 234:27, r. 5, 18 (see Castellino, Or. NS 24 262, 264) does not seem to mean "water (extracted from) groats," but rather to be a logogram

for an unknown substance measured in silas (Köcher BAM 152 ii 15) which is usually not the case with liquids in medical texts.

The word mun.du in Pre-Sar. texts (see Bauer Lagasch 411) should not be connected with *mundu* "groats."

For HSS 16 7:3, 5 and 97:2 see muddû.

Oppenheim Beer n. 92; Landsberger, AfO 18 339 f.

mundu see muddû.

mundultu (muddultu) adj. fem.; (describing a bed); lex.\*

giš.ná.šeš.unu.ki.gá.dam.ta = mu-un-dul-tum (var. mu-dul-[tum]), muḥ-ḥu-uš-tum Hh. IV 160f.

mundulu see muddulu.

munedû s.; list; lex.\*; Sum. lw.

im.mu.ni.da =  $\S$ U-u Hh. X 453; im.mu.ne. du<sub>11</sub> =  $\S$ U-u = qa-tum  $\S\acute{a}$  tup-pi Hg. A II 122, in MSL 7 113.

munërtu s.; murderess; lex.\*; cf. nêru.

sil.ta =  $t\hat{u}$ -um-mu-mu = mu-ni-ir-t[um] Silbenvokabular A 75, in Studies Landsberger 23.

munë'u s.; (a bronze part of the harness or trappings of horses, lit. "turner"); NB; cf.  $n\hat{e}'u$ .

They brought three white horses here u tillēšunu ša kaspi [ina muḥ]hi UD.KA.BAR mu-ni-'-e [ina] tilli šaṭir [ša] RN [x]-il teppir šar GN and their trappings were of silver, this is written on the bronze m. of the harness: "Property of Tammariti, the .... 'scribe,' the king of Elam" ABL 268:15 (NB), cf. UD. KA.BAR mu-ni-'-e šaṭāru ina muḥḥi ki āmuru ana šarri bēlija ultēbila as soon as I had read the inscription on it I sent the bronze m. to the king, my lord ibid. r. 9.

mungabru adj.; superior (in strength and ability); syn. list\*; cf. gabru, gubburu.

mu-un-ga-ab-rum, mu-un-da-ab-rum = mu-ug-da-[as-rum] Explicit Malku I 144f.

mungu A (muggu) s.; stiffness, paralysis; NA, SB; ef. magāgu.

mun-ga | mur-şu JNES 33 336:1.

mungu B munnabtu

a) in med.: [šumma] amēlu išikšu mun-ga ukal tatakkipma mun-g[u ...] if a man's testicle has a stiffness you daub (it) several times and the stiffness [will disappear] AMT 61,5:5; šumma amēlu kašipma šīr[ūšu t]abku mun-ga i[šu] u birkāšu ganna if a man is bewitched, (so that) his flesh is flaccid, he has paralysis, his potency is (lit. his knees are) . . . . Köcher BAM 205:7, dupl. Biggs Šaziga 69:9, cf. šumma amēlu kašipma mu-un-ga išu birkāšu gann[a] Biggs Šaziga 53:11; [šumma] burkāšu mun-ga mal $\hat{a}$  if his loins are full of m. Köcher BAM 131 r. 9; umma mu-un-ga li'ba tādirtu irašši (if) he has fever, paralysis, li'bu-disease (and) depression Köcher BAM 231 i 4, cf.  $MURU_A u$  ÚR GIG mun-ga TU[K] (in broken context) AMT 69,3:6+26,5:2.

in lit.: mun-ga işşabat idija lu'ti imtaqut eli birkija paralysis grasped my arms, (and) rottenness affected my loins PBS 1/1 14:10, see Lambert, JNES 33 274; bir=  $kija \ umalli \ mun-g[a]$  BMS 13:24, see Ebeling Handerhebung 86; litbal mun-ga lubāta ša šīrīja MVAG 23/2 22:51; linnasih murşu ša zumrija linnesi mun-gu ša da-[x-x] let the illness of my body be extirpated, the paralysis of my [...] be removed BMS 30:12, see Ebeling Handerhebung 120; UD.24.KAM ... KAŠ.SAG la išatti mu-un-gu ul isabbassu on the 24th he must not drink fine beer, (then) paralysis will not seize him Bab. 4 106:38, also CT 51 161 r. 5 (hemer.); atta ina libbi mu-gi anāku ina libbi u'a (when) you are in m., I am in woe 4R 61 i 26 (NA oracles for Esarh.).

## mungu B s.; (a profession?); syn. list.\*

mu-un-gu = nam-gu-gu (followed by munnerbu, anzanīnu, susapinnu) LTBA 2 1 vi 18 and dupl. 2:354; mu-[un-gu] = na-ma-gu-gu (followed by anzanīnu, susapinnu) An IX 74.

The word mungu occurs among words for persons, and namgugu may have been an attempt by the compilers of the list to "etymologize" the word.

mungu see mugu in rab mugi.

munhiātu s.; (mng. unkn., occ. as Flurname); OB.\*

x ŠE.GUR A.ŠÀ mu-un-hi-a-tum CT 43 90:4, also TCL 17 2:4 and 10, also ša A.ŠÀ mu-un-hi-a-tum ibid. 4:4 (all letters).

munihhu s.; adversary who overpowers, subdues; MB, SB; cf. nahu.

[g]ìr. $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ .ne. $\dot{\mathbf{h}}$ a = še-ep mu-ne-e[ $\dot{\mathbf{h}}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{h}}$ i] Kagal I 312.

- a) with  $i\check{s}\hat{u}$ :  $\check{s}a$  ... mu-ni-ha u GABA.A.RI.A la  $i\check{s}\hat{u}$  who does not have anyone who could overpower him or withstand him Weidner Tn. 13 No. 6:14 and 23 No. 14:18, cf. [m]u-ni-ha ul  $i\check{s}u$  Tn.-Epic "vi" 4, also KAH 2 84:18 (Adn. II), 1R 31 iv 23, and dupl. AfO 9 93 iii 27 (Šamši-Adad V), wr. mu-ni-ih-ha 1R 30 iii 29;  $\check{s}a$  ... mu-ni-ha ina qabli  $\check{s}a$ nina ina  $t\bar{a}hazi$  la  $i\check{s}\hat{u}$  who has no one who could overpower him in battle and no rival in the fight AKA 63 iv 47 (Tigl. I);  $\check{s}a$  ... mu-ni-ha  $\check{s}a$ nina la  $i\check{s}\hat{u}$  Winckler Sar. pl. 48:4 (Nimrud slab).
- b) with amāru: ša ... ina qabli u tāḥazi la ēmuru mu-ni-iḥ-ḥu Lyon Sar. 2:8, Winckler Sar. pl. 30 No. 64:13, Lyon Sar. 20:20, Winckler Sar. pl. 40:10 (back of slabs), Lie Sar. 1:4, TCL 3 420.

In spite of the spelling of the verb  $n\hat{e}$ 'u with  $\mu U$  in the phrase irassunu la  $\acute{u}$ -ni- $\mu U$  AKA 35 i 68 (Tigl. I), the consistent writings mu-ni-(ih)-hu/ha suggest that the word derives from  $n\hat{a}hu$  and not from  $n\hat{e}$ 'u, which is construed with irtu in the mng. "to turn back."

Borger Lesestücke p. 110.

muniqu s.; young sheep or goat; NB; cf. enēqu.

elāt UDU.NITÁ gadû u [UDU.NITÁ] mu-[ni]-qu Nbn. 375:13 and parallel 619:11; 20 [ $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ z] mu-ni-qu [...] 20 [ $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ z] gadî Nbn. 884:3.

The word muniqu is most likely a by-form of uniqu, q.v.

Landsberger, AfO 10 159 n. 81.

### munnabittu see munnabtu.

munnabtu (munnabittu) s.; fugitive, refugee; from OA, OB on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; pl. munnabtū (munnabāti Wiseman

munnabtu munnabtu

Alalakh 3:6 and 12), and  $munnabt\bar{u}tu$ ; cf.  $ab\bar{a}tu$  B.

lú.za $h_x(A.HA) = ha-al-qu[m], mu-na-ab-t[um], na-du-um OB Lu B vi 22ff.; lú.kar.ra, lú.gud, da, lú.er.re.bu, [l]ú.šul = mun-nab-tú CT 37 24 r. iv 14ff., in MSL 12 229:15ff.; lú.ú.gù.dé = mun-nab-tum Nabnitu IV 284; lú.gù.dé.[a] = [mun-nab-tu] Igituh I 191; lú.gù.dù.a = mun-na-ab-tum Antagal G 228.$ 

LÚ.GÙ.DÉ(text MURU<sub>4</sub>) = mun-nab-tú AfO 14 pl. 7 K.4336 ii 9 (Comm. to Enuma Anu Enlil). see AfO 17 78.

a) in OB: awilam u 2 SAL.MEŠ mu-na-ab-ti wuššir free the fugitives, the man and the TIM 2 16:10; m[u-un-n]a-abtwo women tum ištu GN i[nn]abitunimma refugees came from GN (and reported as follows) TCL 18 cf. 2 Lú.meš mu-na-ab-t[u] ištu GN innabitunimma TIM 2 58:6; [ana] mārī muna-ab-tim šūrîm to send the children of the fugitive VAS 16 188:30, cf. (in broken context) ibid. 60:8; ina libbu GABA.DU mu-un-na-ab-tu imīduma šitūlam kīam asbat umma anākuma anna mu-un-na-ab-tu imtīdu among the rakbu's(?) fugitives have become numerous "Indeed, the and I thought to myself: fugitives have become too numerous" Sumer 14 23 No. 5:4 and 7 (Harmal let.), cf. muna-ab-tu i[n]a mātim imiddu RA 67 42:20 (ext.); if the man dislikes his city and flees it aššat mu-na-ab-tim ana mutiša ul itâr the wife of the fugitive does not return to her husband (in case he comes back) CH § 136:71;  $m[u-u]n-na-ab-tu \times x \ m\bar{a}r \ \tilde{s}ipri \ i\tilde{s}tu$ mātim nakartim iţeḥhiakk[um] a fugitive [...] a messenger from a hostile country will reach you RA 27 142:16 (OB ext.).

b) in Mari, Chagar Bazar: aššum SAG.ìR. MEŠ mu-un-na-ab-ti ša PN PN<sub>2</sub> u tappīšu ša bēlī išpuram concerning the fugitive slaves of PN, PN<sub>2</sub>, and his companion, about which my lord wrote to me ARMT 13 118:13; [1] mu-un-na-ab-tum ša innabbitam ... ul ibašši there is not even one fugitive who could escape ARM 5 61:10; aššum mu-un-na-ab-[ti] ša ištu GN innabitunim ARM 4 63:5, ina Lú.MEŠ mu-un-na-[ab]-ti [ša] illakunikkum ibid. 18, cf. (in broken context) ibid. 12; mu-un-na-ab-[tu] ša innabitunimma kiam idabbu:

bunim ummami berû u ana atlukimma ana mātišu[nu] panūšunu šaknu ... annêtim mu-un-na-[ab]-tu idabbubu the refugees who fled complain saying (that) they are hungry and they intend to go back to their country, that is what the refugees complain about ibid. 76:41 and 46; oil ana pašāš mu-na-ab-tim ša ištu GN illiku for the ointment of the fugitive who came from GN ARM 7 33:3, also, wr. Lú mu-na-ab-tim ibid. 35:2.

c) in MB, Bogh., RS, Alalakh, Nuzi: PN NIM.MA.KI mu-un-na-bit-tum ina GN ana šarri uqarribušuma they brought PN, the Elamite, a fugitive, before the king in Babylon Iraq 11 132 No. 2:2; PN mu-un-nabi-it-tum haligalbatû ana muhhi šarri in: PN, the Hanigalbatean fugitive, fled to the king MDP 2 pl. 20:1 (MB); LÚ mu-un-na-ab-tum ištu āli usīma a fugitive left the city KBo 1 11 r.(!) 27 (Uršu-story), see ZA 44 124; šumma Lú mu-un-na-bi-du ištu GN in [nabitu] if a person should flee from Hatti KBo 1 1 r. 9, also, wr. Lú mu-un-nabi-id-du ibid. 10, ef., wr. Lú mu-un-nab-tum KUB 3 16 r. 20; ālāni u mu-nab-di ša ištu GN usahhirunikkununi the cities and the refugees who turned to you from GN 1 20:15, cf. ibid. 17; LÚ mu-un-na-ab-ta [...] ana āli PN ušeššabšu PN allows the fugitive to live in the city KBo 1 1 r. 12, cf. (in broken context) ibid. 4 iii 48; for m. as Akkadogram in Hitt. see Friedrich Staatsverträge 2 199 index s.v.; šumma ... ṣābū GN kî Lú.meš mu-unna-bi-du-ut-ti ina libbi mātika īterbu if soldiers from the land Mukiš entered your country as fugitives MRS 9 37 RS 17.132:41, cf. ša ina mātišu kî mu-un-nab-tu<sub>4</sub>-ti irrubu ibid. 54 RS 17.334:11; šummami ina arki ūmī LÚ.MEŠ mu-un-na-bi-du-ut-tum ša GN ulu ša GN<sub>2</sub> ... ša ištu libbi mātāti uṣṣûni u ina libbi GN3 ina ardutti ša šar GN3 iterbuni if in the future fugitives from GN or GN, who leave (these) countries enter the land of Ugarit and so come under the service of the king of Ugarit ibid. 52 RS 17.369A:8, cf. ibid. 98 RS 17.79+:38' and 41'; tuppu annû ša Lú. meš mu-un-na- $\langle ab \rangle$ -du-ti MRS 12 76:2; šumma mu-un-naab-du ša GN ša ištu pāṭišu ša āli šâšu ša munnabtu munnarbu

ittabitu if a fugitive from Arrapha runs away from the vicinity of this town HSS 15 1:15 (= RA 36 15); šumma LÚ mu-unna-ab-du ardu amtu ša mātija ana mātika inna[bbitu] if a fugitive slave, male or female, flees from my country to your country Wiseman Alalakh 2:22; mu-un-naba-ti ša RN RN, issabatma if Idrimi seizes fugitives of Pillija (he will return them) ibid. 3:8, cf. ibid. 16, 23, 30; u ina ajimmê āli mu-un-na-ab-ta upazzaru and in whatever city they conceal a fugitive (the mayor and five prominent citizens will make a declaration under oath) ibid. 37; u ištu ūmi šuwāti mu-un-na-ab-tum qabi ana turri ibid. 43.

- d) in NA royal: aššu ištēn halgu munnab-tú mār māt Aššur 100-a-a rībišu lurīb I will give a hundredfold compensation for each native Assyrian runaway (and) refugee Borger Esarh. 103:16, cf. ibid. 19; mun-[nab]tú GN ištēn ul akla I did not detain one single refugee from Urartu ibid. 106:34; Arame halqu mun-nab-tu(var. -tú) ... iphu= ruma the runaway Aramean, the fugitive (the murderer and the robber) gathered OIP 2 42 v 22 (Senn.); RN mun-nab-tu ša is: batu šēpē šarrūtija Ummanigaš, the fugitive who had seized my royal feet Streck Asb. 30 iii 101, cf. AfO 8178:3, 182:11 (Asb.); mun-nab-ti ša lapān kakkēja innabtu the people who had fled before my weapons Streck Asb. 74 ix 25; ul addinšu mun-nab-ti šâtunu I did not hand those refugees over to him Piepkorn Asb. 62 v 3, cf. (in broken context) mun-[n]ab-ti ša GN the fugitives from Elam Bauer Asb. 2 88:14; in comparisons: kî mun-nab-ti sajādi ēmida šāhat šadīšu like (an animal) fleeing the hunter, he disappeared TCL 3 150 (Sar.); kî mun-nab-ti rēg[ūssun] itūru mātuššun they returned to their country like refugees, empty-handed AfO 20 94:107 (Senn.).
- e) in SB: ša naphar ilī mun-nab-ti ušēribu ešrētiš who brought back all the refugee gods to the sanctuaries En. el. VII 53, also cited STC 2 pl. 62 Rm. 395 r. 6 (En. el. Comm.); mun-nab-tú(var. -tum) ana šarri záḤ.MEŠ-ni refugees will flee to the king KAR 392 obv.(!) 36, see Labat Calendrier p. 230, var. from UET 6 413:2,

Labat Calendrier § 72:8; elip mun-nab-[ti...] ina kār danna[ti] (in broken context) BMS 16+42:14, see Ebeling Handerhebung 90; exceptional in NB: habtūte u lú mun-nabi-tu ša ana lú Gurasimmu illikū nišē 5 ME-šú-nu the (runaway) captives and the fugitives who went over to the Gurasimmu tribe, five hundred of them ABL 839:16.

f) as personal name: Mu-na-bi-tim BIN 6 250:7 (OA); Mu-un-na-bit-tum MDP 6 pl. 9 iii 9 (MB), and passim in this text; ana Mu-na-bi-it-te KAV 168:1, wr. Mu-na-bi-te ibid. 9 (MA); Mun-na-bit-tum ABL 416:6; Mun-na-bi-tu ABL 928:2, and passim in NA, see Tallqvist APN 139f.; Mun-na-bit-ti BIN 1 134:15, also 107:11, TCL 12 33:4; as family name: Moldenke 2 61:11, Nbk. 256:2, and passim in NB.

munnabtūtu s.; status of a refugee; Bogh.; ef. abātu B.

šumma Lú munnabtu ištu GN ... ana mu-un-na-ab-du-ut-tim illa[k] if a fugitive from Hatti comes to seek refuge KUB 3 16 r. 21; arka ana māt Ḥatti ana Lú.MEŠ mu-un-na-ab-[du]-ti illikumi KBo 1 5 i 16.

munnahzu adj.; flaring-up (said of fire), enthusiastic; SB; ef. ahāzu.

- a) said of fire: DN mun-na-aḥ-zu qāmû lemn[ūti] Girra, flaring-up fire, who burns the wicked JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 2:11 (hymn to Ninurta), cf. (I will send against you, sorceress) Girra mun(var. mu-un)-na-aḥ-zu Maqlu II 191; lišān Girra mun-na-aḥ-[z]i ana GN usaḥḥir (the north wind) turned the flames of the flaring fire back on GN Borger Esarh. 104 ii 6.
- b) in transferred mng.: ina naphar muun-na-ah-zi (var. mun-n[a-...]) šūt ištam: maru DN among all those taken by enthusiasm who praise Marduk AfO 19 65 iii 7.

munnarbu (munnerbu) adj.; 1. runaway, 2. runner, swift; SB; cf. nērubu v.

[lú.ka]r.ra = mun-nar-bu (in group with nasīḥu, ālānû) Antagal D 243; lú.kar.ra = mu-nàr-bu MSL 12 141 iii 10.

munnarbu muntalku

kuš.usàn.ta anše.kar.ra.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) su.zu bí.in.dúb.dúb [x (x)]: ina qinnāzi kīma imēri mun-nar-bi zumurka uṣarri[p] with the whip I made your body burn like (that of) a straying donkey CT 16 29:76f.; mu.lu.kar.ra.bi dib. ba mu.[...]: m[u-u]n-[n]er-rib-šú kamēš i-x-[...] (followed by ša ana napištišu innarbi who fled for his life) LKU 14 ii 7f.; lú.kar.ra.bi gissu.mu. šè ní ḥé.en.ši.ib.te.en.te.en: mu-na-rib-šu-nu[...] may those who fled it (my city) find rest in my shade Angim 176 (from MS. of J. Cooper). mu-un-ner(var. -nar)-bu = la-si-mu LTBA 2 1 vi 19, var. from dupl. 2:355.

- 1. runaway a) referring to enemies: mun-na-rib-šú-nu ša ana napšāte uṣû ašar ikaššadu urassapu ina kakki (my charioteers) slew those among them who were running to save their lives, wherever they could reach them OIP 2 47 vi 34 (Senn.), cf. (in broken context) mu-ner-rib-šú aj u[si] K.4441:5; see also LKU 14, in lex. section.
- b) referring to demons: eṭṭēru mun-nar-bu la mukillu ellā[ti]šu (for translat. see eṭṭēru A) KAR 92:5, cf. mu-un-ner-bu la-as-[mu ...] STT 253:8.
- c) referring to travelers and fugitives: muqerrib nišē rūqāti attunu ... mu-un-nàr-ba munnabta [...] you (Šamaš and Marduk) are the ones who reunite people far away (from each other), [you bring back?] the runaway, the fugitive RA 49 142:15; muštēs šir urḥi mun-nar-bi (Šamaš) who makes the road of the fugitive easy KAR 55:7, see Ebeling Handerhebung 52; mu-un-ner-bu ālik ḥarrāni iše'ēk[a] the runaway on the road seeks you (Šamaš) KAR 7:7, cf. ša ana [m]un-na[r]-bi ālik ḥarrāni kurummas[su i]qiššu (Nabû) who grants food to the runaway on the road STT 71:13.
- d) referring to animals: see CT 16 29:76f., in lex. section.
- 2. runner, swift a) as an epithet of gods: Ninurta mu-nàr-bu ekdu ša la enû qibit pišu swift, fierce, whose command is not changed AKA 256 i 4 (Asn.), cf. (Enlil) ilu mu-un-ner-bu eršu mudû KAR 25 iii 22, see Ebeling Handerhebung 20; (Šamaš) munnar-bu mu-zak-ru lugal gimir [...] Iraq 13

pl. 17 ND 411:5, see Postgate Palace Archive No. 214; mun-nar-bu petān birki ša la āniḥa birkāšu swift one, runner, whose knees do not tire STT 70:5, see RA 53 132.

b) said of kings: šurbāku qar[rādāku muu]n-ner-ba-ku ... ṣīrāku KAH 2 90:18 (Tn. II).

munnerbu see munnarbu.

munnišu adj.; enfeebling; SB\*; cf. enēšu.

mu.lu šìr.ra ud.dè MI.MI.ga ud.dè sír. sír.re : ša şirhi ūmu mušādiru ūmu mu-ni-šú BA 5 617:1f. (coll. W. G. Lambert).

qāt ili mu-un-[ni]-ši dalàd šanê dAnim ana ina qāt ili mu-un-ni-ši eṭēri[šu] (the diagnosis is) "hand" of the enfeebling god (namely) DN, the .... of Anu — in order to save him from the hand of the enfeebling god Iraq 19 41 r. vi 4, cf. ú mu-un-ni-ši dalàd šanê dAnim CT 14 38 K.14081:3 (comm.).

\*\*munnum (AHw. 673b) to be read ma(!)-an-na- $\check{s}u$  (SLT 3 ii 10 = Proto-Kagal Bil. SectionE 37), see mannu.

muntalku (mundalku, muttalku, fem. muttaliktu) adj.; 1. deliberate, judicious, 2. (in substantival use) counselor; SB; cf. malāku A.

lú.kur.ku, lú.ka.mud.gál = mu-ta-al-ku (defective writing for mu-un-ta-al-ku) OB Lu C<sub>7</sub> 17f., in MSL 12 197; ka.sikil.dù.a, ka.dù.dù, ka.sìg = KA [mu]-tal-ku Izi F 309ff.; šà.kúš.[ù] = [mun-tal-ku, muš-ta-lum] Lu II ii 9f.; ta-ar kud = mu-un-tal-ku, šitūlu A III/5:136f.

dIrra á.gal ti.la.zi ki.[ág.gá...]: Nergal ilu mun-tal-ku ša bullut irammu [...] BA 5 583 No. 10 r. 1f.; á.tuk šà.kúš.ù.e: lē'ûm mu-un-tal-ku 5R 62 No. 2:33 (Šamaš-šum-ukīn); [x] gud.dúb(wr. sig.sig.) dPap.nigìn.gar.ra. kex(KID): [x] mu-un-tal-ku ša dPap.nigìn.gar.ra. kex(KID): [x] mu-un-tal-ku ša dPap.nigìn.gir.ra. kA KAV 64 ii 16f. and (in broken line) iii 21f.; dUtu gal.zu mah ad.gi4.gi4 ní.te.[...]: Šamaš mudū şīru mu-tal-ku ša ramanišu atta LKA 75:4f.; um.ma ad.gi4.gi4: puršumti mut-tal-likti ArOr 21 388 iii 86.

[mun]-tal-ku = šar-ru LTBA 2 2:26; mun-tal-ku = e-tel-lum ibid. 47.

1. deliberate, judicious — a) referring to kings, private persons: (Merodachbaladan) rubû mun-tal-ku VAS 137 i 45, also Borger Esarh.

muntalkütu munûtu

80:24, 113 § 79:6; malka itpēšu ... rubû mu-un-tal-ka VAB 4 230 i 6 (Nbn.); lemû u Lú mun-tal-ku šû ... šarru ... limmelikma since he is wise and judicious, let the king consider well ABL 1286 r. 10 (NB); a[li m]un-tal-kúm-ma where is the deliberative person (to whom I can tell my sorrow)? Lambert BWL 70:7 (Theodicy), cf. la mun-tal-k[um-ma ...] (in broken context) ibid. 107 K.13770:6 (Counsels of Wisdom?).

- b) referring to deities: see bil. refs. cited in lex. section; muštāmû mun-tal-ku āḥiz riddi STT 70 r. 10, see W. G. Lambert, RA 53 133; naklu mun-tal-ku Craig ABRT 1 29:7 (hymn to Marduk); mun-tal-ku BA 5 385 No. 3:2, see Ebeling Handerhebung 92; Nergal ... mu-ut-tal-ku VAB 4 234 i 20 (Nbn.).
- 2. (in substantival use) counselor a) referring to the courts of the gods: see KAV 64, in lex. section; 6 GUD. DÚB (summing up a group of gods, among them  $^{d}AD.GI_{4}.GI_{4}$ ) CT 24 26:132, cf. also ibid. 8 r. iii 3f., 7ff., 31 iv 91, etc., and passim in god lists; see also  $daj\bar{a}nu$  usage m-2'.
- b) referring to mythological figures:  $u\ddot{s}=\ddot{s}\ddot{s}\ddot{s}u$  la  $idd\hat{u}$  7 [mun]-tal-ki have not the seven wise men laid its (the wall's) foundations? Gilg. XI 305.

muntalkūtu s.; consideration; MB\*; cf. malāku A.

šapāru ša mun-tal-ku-tu u lē'ûti a missive (full) of consideration and intelligence AfO 10 2:3 (royal let.).

#### muntāqu see muttāqu.

munû A s.; (a disease of the foot); SB.\*

šumma amēlu šēpāšu umma ukallama muni-e mal[â] if a man's feet are hot and full of m.-s Köcher BAM 120 iii 1, cf. šumma amēlu šēpāšu mu-ni-e ukalla ibid. 6, also (if a man's feet are hot and itching and full of sores) mu-ne-e GIG ibid. 9.

munû B s.; bed; syn. list; Sum. lw.

mu-nu- $\acute{u}$ , ma-nu- $\acute{u}$  = er- $\acute{s}u$  CT 18 4 r. ii 21 f., also Malku II 178, see er $\acute{s}u$  lex. section.

From Sum. (Emesal) mu.nú, corresponding to giš.nú, see also gišnû, manû C.

munu interr.; what?; NA; cf. minu interr.

Mu-ni-e-pu-uš-ilī What-Have-I-Done-My-God? ADD 154:12 (case), 153 r. 5 (tablet), wr. Mu-ni-pùš-ilī ADD 391:33, Mu-ni-pi-[iš-ilī] ADD 518 r. 4.

Gelb, BiOr 12 104.

## mūnu s.; caterpillar; SB, NA.

[ú-hu] UH = mu-ú-nu Idu II 16; [ú-šum] BứR = mu-nu ibid. 20; ušu(BứR), ušu.gal, ušu.sim, ušu.sim.ma = mu-nu (var. mu-ú-nu) Hh. XIV 276ff.; ušu, [ušu].sim = mu-nu = a-ki-[lum] Hg. B III 26f., in MSL 8/2 47; za.na = mu-nu (vars. mu-u-[nu], mu-ú-nu, erroneously mu-lu), za.na.mah, za.na.mul, za.na.bal = MIN (= mu-nu) Hh. XIV 273-273c; za.na : mu-nu Uruanna III 250, in MSL 8/2 63; za.na = mu-nu Practical Vocabulary Assur 428a, in MSL 8/2 70. zi-[iz] [BAD] = [mu]-nu A II/3 Part 1 i 8; [níg].[ki] = [mu-nu-ú]-um Nigga Bil. B 110, cf. níg.kimu-nu-um Nigga 141.

[mu]-nu = a-ki-lum, [mu]-nu = er-bu-ú 2R 47 K.4387 ii 40f. (comm.); 'ú mu-ni A.ŠÀ : 'ú da-a-a-e Uruanna III 359, in MSL 8/2 65.

- a) in gen.: kalmutu mu-nu ākilu ālānikunu mātkunu nagīkunu lušākilu may lice, caterpillar(s) (and) ākilu-pest eat bare your cities, your land, your provinces Wiseman Treaties 599; mu-nu u ākilu ina māti ibaššū caterpillar and ākilu-pest will be in the land ACh Šamaš 2:30, also ACh Supp. 2 Šamaš 32:58, also mu-nu zi-ma EBUR[...] K.6227:9 (astrol.).
- b) in incs. against field pests: INIM.INIM. MA mu-na ša eqli šūli incantation to remove caterpillar(s) from the field STT 243 r. 10, cf. (in broken context) mu-na ākila ibid. obv. 8, for other refs. beside mubattiru see s.v.; INIM.INIM.MA mu-nu āki[lu ...] Or. NS 34 108 K.2389:7 (namburbi), cf. STT 243 r. 1, see Reiner, JNES 26 189.

In CT 38 44 Sm. 472+ r. 22ff. read probably  $s\bar{a}[siru]$ .

Landsberger Fauna 128; Reiner, JNES 26 189f.

munûtu s.; 1. number, amount, count, accounting, 2. computed share; OA, OB, Mari, SB; pl. munuātu; cf. manû v.

munûtu munziqqu

- 1. number, amount, count, accounting: 10 MA.NA samruātum 136 mu-nu-sí-na ten minas of nails(?), their count is 136 KT Hahn 18:17, cf. for five shekels of silver sibārātim 2+[x] meat mu-nu-sí-na BIN 6 121:8; PN said Túg.HI.A ašallahma apaggidma mu-nusú-nu ašapparakkum ina mahrija ula išku<n> mu-nu-sú-nu ula iddi "I will separate out the garments, give them in consignment, and notify you of their number" (but) he did not place them with me, did not write down their number HUCA 39 7 L29-556:9 and 12; 2 aza: millān illibbi [mu]-nu-tim OIP 27 58:33 (all OA); MN eli minītim UD.3.KAM illik ūm tuppī annêm ušābilam ina GN ITI.1.KAM UD.3.KAM issuh [m]u-nu-tam ša bēlī [in]a gātišu ukall[u] lišpuram the month MN has gone three days beyond (its) count, at the time I sent this, my letter, in Mari three days of the (next) month had passed, may my lord write me about the way in which he computes ARMT 13 29:9; as apodosis: mu-nu-ut kīsim accounting of the capital YOS 10 36 iv 12 (OB ext.).
- 2. computed share (OA): ana KÙ.BABBAR mu-nu-a-ti-kà ša ina bīt abika nizūzu še'am niš'amakkum we bought barley for you for the silver that is your share resulting from the division we made in your father's house Kienast ATHE 65:4; kaspam lu išša PN lu išša PN2 mu-nu-a-tí-a ù mu-nu-a-tí-kà ana PN ana naruqqim addan I will give silver, the share computed for me and that for you, be it from (the account) of PN or be it from (the account) of PN2, as naruqqu-capital to CCT 4 49b:13f.; mu-nu-a-tí-kà išša PN mala ikaššadukani šīmam nišâma we will buy merchandise with your computed shares which are with PN, as much as they amount to for you (and then send it to you) TCL 4 13:26; annakam ana munu-a-at PN PN<sub>2</sub> u PN<sub>3</sub> ... ana x hurāṣim ... irgumunim PN2 and PN3 have started a lawsuit here concerning the dividends for PN (amounting to) 22½ minas of gold CCT 5 18b:1; mišla atta u PN i-mu-nu-\a>-tim ša bītikunu ikšudka one half accrued to you and PN from the credit balance of your firm KTS 31b:6; in difficult contexts: ina

mu-nu-tim išqulu BIN 6 50:29, cf. TCL 19 77:13, ana x kù.babbar mu-nu-a-tí-šu ICK 1 55:4.

In an unpub. duplicate to CCT 5 18b, line 1 of which is cited sub mng. 2, the phrase iṣṣēr šipkātišu mādam illibbišu išu (CCT 5 18b:8-9) is replaced by iṣṣēr munu=ātišu mādum illibbišu (Metropolitan Museum No. 20, courtesy M. T. Larsen), indicating that at least in some instances munuātu and šip=kātu are synonymous, and that both terms are connected with the procedure of paying dividends on investments in a naruqqu-partnership.

In TCL 9 62:8 read šūmu là-din, see Deller, WZKM 57 36.

Ad mng. 2: J. Lewy, KT Hahn p. 32.

munutukû adj.; 1. without heir, 2. unlabeled(?); OB, MB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and MU.NU.TUKU with phon. complement; cf. munutukûtu.

mu.nu.tuku = šu-u Lu Excerpt II 8.

- 1. without heir: eqel bīt PN MU.NU.TUKU-e ana PN<sub>2</sub> bārî aḥi PN iddinamma he gave the field belonging to the family of PN, who was without heir, to PN<sub>2</sub>, the diviner, the brother of PN BBSt. No. 3 ii 35, cf. ibid. iv 33, PN MU.NU.TUKU-ú aḥūa ibid. iv 23 (MB); obscure: mu.mu.nu.ut.ku.we: aš-šu mu-nu-ut-ke-e Labat Suse 15 iii 24.
- 2. unlabeled(?): 1 GI.PISAN mu-nu-tu-ku one unlabeled(?) basket UCP 10 110 No. 35:1 (OB Ishchali, coll. B. Landsberger).

munutukûtu s.; status of being without heir; MB, SB; Sum. lw.; wr. mu.nu.tuku (also with phon. complement); cf. munutukû.

bīt PN bārî ina šarri RN MU.NU.TUKU-ta illik (for translat. see alāku mng. 4a-2') BBSt. No. 3 i 3; if a dog urinates on the chair of a man MU.NU.TUKU illak he will have no heirs Leichty Izbu XXIII 27.

munzazānu see manzazānu.

munzêtu see musâtu.

munziqqu see muziqu.

munzīqu

munzīqu see muzīqu.

munzirrū see muzzirrū.

munzizu see muzzazu.

munzu'u s.; (mng. uncert.); OB lex.\*

lú.al.he.he.zé.er = mu-un-zu-H[v] OB Lu B iii 29, also OB Lu A 102.

For Sum. henzer(IGI.DIM) see Diri II 163-70 cited  $lak\hat{u}$  lex. section and  $a\check{s}paltu$ .

mupaddû (or mupadû) s.; gift promised; lex.\*; Sum. lw.

udu.mu.p[àd.da] = [MIN (= UDU) mu-pa-di]-e, udu.dingir.mu.p[àd.da] = [...] sheep promised to the god Hh. XIII 127f., ef. [na<sub>4</sub>.mu.pàd.da] = [MIN (= aban) mu-pa-di-e] Hh. XVI 361, restored from na<sub>4</sub>.mu.pàd.da MSL 10 59:137 (Forerunner from Nippur).

For Sum. mu.pàd.da see zakār šumi mng. 1.

Finkelstein, JCS 22 75 n. 5; Renger, Or. NS 42 267ff.

mupadû see  $mupadd\hat{u}$ .

mupahhiru s.; gatherer; OB; cf. paḥāru.

lú.še.šu.kin.a = mu-pa-lpi-rul OB Lu D 92; lú.garadin.du $_{l}$ .du $_{l}$  = mu-pa-pi-ir-rum ibid. 99.

LÚ.ŠE.KIN.KUD LÚ mu-pa-aḥ-ḥi-rum (heading of list of names) A 3538:1, also (omitting det. LÚ) A 3563:1, (adding ḥāmimu) A 3549:1; Mu-pa-ḥi-ru-um (personal name) CT 2 28:29, Mu-pa-hi-rum CT 8 18b:22.

Stamm Namengebung 305.

mupallisu s.; interferer; OB\*; cf. palāsu.

mimma ša qātika ana PN šūbil u šupuršumma arhiš sibûssu līpuš lāma mu-pa-li-[sal-am iršû send to PN whatever you have available and write to him so that he can do business at once before somebody appears to interfere JCS 14 55 No. 91:17 (let.).

mupalliš bīti s.; burglar; lex.\*; cf. palāšu v.

lú.é.bùr = mu-pa-li-iš bi-[(ta)-tim] OB Lu A 259; lú.é.bùr.bùr = mu-pa-li-iš bi-ta-tim OB Lu D 154, cf. lú.é.bùr = pa-[al-li-su] OB Lu B iv 32.

Greengus, HUCA 40-41 36.

mupaşşû

mupaqqirānu s.; elaimant; NB; ef. paqāru.

pūt sēhî u mu-paq-qir-ra-nu arad-šarrūtu u mār-banûtu PN naši PN guarantees that there will be no one requiring dissolution of contract and no claimant, that they (the sold slave girls) have neither the status of royal servant nor the status of a freeborn person Nbk. 100:6 (coll.).

The word *mupaqqirānu* replaces the commonly occurring *pāqirānu*, q.v.

muparritu s.; food server; Akkadogram in Hitt.; ef. parāṭu.

PA LÚ.MEŠ MU-PAR-RI-TI(var. -DI)-ma-ašša-an 1 UZU.ÚR šer dāi the chief of the food servers puts a piece of meat on it (the bread) KUB 2 10 iv 20, cf. nu PA LÚ.MEŠ MU-PAR-RI-TI namma 1 UZU.ÚR LUGAL-i para epzi then the chief of the food servers holds the meat out to the king ibid. 22, var. from Bo. 775 (unpub., courtesy H. G. Güterbock), but GAL/PA LÚ. MEŠ MU-RI-DI KBo 20 67 iii 22, 28, 33; 1 GUD 20 UDU.HI.A LÚ.MEŠ MU-PAR-RI-DI (var. MU-RI-DI) markuwanzi the m.-s dismember one ox and twenty sheep Bo. 670/z i 7, var. from Bo. 2326 vi 17, see Kümmel, UF 1 161 f.

For the var. MU-RI-DI see muridu; although the two titles occur in parallel context, both spellings are attested several times so that an emendation of either does not seem possible. Moreover, muparritu can be connected with parāṭu, "to serve a meal," while no acceptable etymology can be found for muridu.

mupassiru see mubassiru.

mupaṣṣû (mupeṣṣû) s.; bleacher, washerman; NB; cf. peṣû v.

kitû ša ana batqa a[na PN] mukabbû u PN<sub>2</sub> mu-pa-ṣu-ú nadnu linen (garments) which were given for repair to PN, the mender, and PN<sub>2</sub>, the bleacher Nbn. 115:3; [x GUR] PN LÚ mu-pa-ṣu-ú (between PN LÚ ṣābit mê water-carrier and PN LÚ išpar [bir]me) 82-7-14,1946 r. 11, also, wr. LÚ mu-pe-ṣu-ú

mupašširu muppalsihu

82-7-14,319:2, 82-7-14,1268:1; PN mu-pa-ṣu-ú (in broken context) 82-7-14,2092 r. 7 (all unpub. NB ration lists).

The cited refs. come from Sippar, where mupaṣṣū seems to have been the more common term for bleacher although puṣāja, which is the term used in texts from Uruk, also occurs (e.g., Nbn. 281:5, 805:2).

mupašširu s.; 1. (an occupation concerned with textiles), 2. mupaššir šunāti dream interpreter; lex.\*; cf. pašāru.

[lú.túg.šu.búr].ra = mu-pa-še-e-rum OB Lu B i 10, also OB Lu A 8, restored from [lú.túg.š]u. búr.ra = (blank) OB Lu D 7a.

lú.sag.šè.ná.a = mu-pa-še-er šu-na-tim OB Lu C<sub>4</sub> 5, in MSL 12 194, lú.sag.šè.ná.a = [mu-pa-š]e-e[r šu-n]a-tim OB Lu A 358, lú.sag.šè. ná.a = mu-pa-šìr [šu-na-ti] Lu II iii 28'.

- 1. (an occupation concerned with textiles): see OB Lu B i 10 and OB Lu D 7a, in lex. section.
- 2. mupaššir šunāti dream interpreter: see OB Lu C<sub>4</sub> 5, OB Lu A 358, and Lu II iii 28', in lex. section.

Ad mng. 1: Landsberger Date Palm n. 62. Ad mng. 2: Oppenheim, Dream-book 223f.

mupattilu s.; yarn twister; OB lex.\*; cf. patālu.

[lú.túg.ka.s]ur.ra = mu-pa-at-ti-lum OB Lu B i 11, also OB Lu A 9.

Landsberger Date Palm n. 62.

mupattitu see mupettû.

\*mupattû see mupettû.

mupazziru s.; smuggler; OA; cf. pazāru.

Let your instructions come by messenger to PN and me subātīka ana mu-pá-zi-ri-im lu niddinma lublūnikkum then we will give your textiles to a smuggler so that he (text: they) may bring them to you KTS 16:22; tuppam ša x kaspim ša hubul PN mera PN<sub>2</sub> mu-pá-zi-ri-im ana PN<sub>3</sub> kaṣṣār PN<sub>4</sub> ... apqid I entrusted to PN<sub>3</sub>, the transporter of PN<sub>4</sub>, a tablet recording a debt of x shekels of silver to be paid by PN, son of PN<sub>2</sub>, the

smuggler TCL 4 81:17; x silver šīm mu-pá-[zi-ri]-im payment to a smuggler OIP 27 10:8.

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 316ff.

mupeggû s.; slanderer; lex.\*; cf. pagû v.

a.TAR.lál (var. a.lá.lál) = mu-pe-gu- $\acute{u}$ , a-kil kar-si, kar.ta.Aš.Aš = da-bi-bu RA 16 166 ii 8–10 and dupl. CT 18 29 ii 3ff. (group voc.).

von Soden, Or. NS 16 444 n. 2.

mupeşşû see mupaşşû.

mupettů (\*mupattů, fem. mupattītu) adj.; regulating irrigation (lit. opener); OB; cf. petů v.

giš.kak.du<sub>8</sub>, giš.kak.ku<sub>5</sub> = (sikkatu) mu-patti-tum Hh. VI 131f.; giš.kak.du<sub>8</sub>, giš.kak.ku<sub>5</sub> = mu-pat-ti-tum = [x-x-t]um Hg. A I 62f., in MSL 6 76, restored from Hg. B II 15, in MSL 6 77.

lú.[k]ak.a.ku<sub>5</sub> = mu-[p]e-e-t[u- $\acute{u}$ ] (preceded by  $d\vec{a}l\acute{u}$ ) OB Lu A 238.

- a) describing a plug for regulating a sluice gate(?): see Hh., Hg., in lex. section.
- b) person opening a sluice-gate(?): see OB Lu, in lex. section; for lú.kak.a.ku<sub>5</sub> in Pre-Sar. see Deimel, Or. 34-35117f., in Ur III see Eames Coll. 229.
- c) as a personal name: Mu-pé-tu-um PSBA 33 239 No. 27:4 (OB); Mu-pa-at-ti-tum Loretz Chagar Bazar 41:55, 44:56; abbr. (or a WSem. name): Mu-pa-ti-ia RA 65 56 i 12, SAL.TUR Mu-pa-ti-ia ibid. 58 ii 5 (Mari).

mupiu s.; (mng. unkn., occ. only in personal names); OAkk.

ŠEŠ-mu-bi RTC 84:7; ARÁD-mu-bi ITT 1 1119:7; for other refs. see MAD 3 p. 55f.

The element *mupiu* is possibly a participle of (w)apû A v., like *mudû* and *muzzizu*, or it represents a theophoric element.

muppalsihu s.; (an occupation); OB\*; cf. napalsuhu.

Beer rations ana Lú mu-p-pa-[al-si]-hi OBT Tell Rimah No. 270:7, wr. ana [mu]-pa-al-s[i-hi] ibid. No. 271:13, also DUMU.MEŠ SIG<sub>5</sub> mu- $p\acute{a}$ -al-si-hu ibid. No. 267:9f. (all courtesy C. B. F. Walker).

muppalsu muppišānu

muppalsu adj.; observer, favorably inclined; SB; cf. palāsu.

igi.bar.bar = mu-pal-su Izi XV ii 6, also Nabnitu I 202.

[i.bí b]ar.bar i.bí zi bar.mu.un.ši.íb : [m]u-pa[l-sa-ta] kīniš naplisanni JNES 33 290:29, cf. ibid. 30.

- a) observer: stars ša īni la īmurušunūtu mu-pal-su la mu-pal-su la ippalsušunūtu which no eye has seen, (which) no observer has glimpsed AnBi 12 283:42.
- b) favorably inclined (said of gods): [mu]-up-pal-sa-ta kīniš naplisanni you are favorably inclined, (therefore) look steadfastly with favor upon me BMS 2:37, see Ebeling Handerhebung 26, also KAR 39 r. 4 and dupl. JRAS 1929 764 K.8601+9674:8, wr. mu-pal-sa-ta LKA 26 r. 20 and 22; aššum mu-up-pal-sa-ta ātamar panīka because you are one who is favorably inclined, I can see your face Ebeling Handerhebung 114:17; [aššum mu]-up-pal-sa-ta būnūk[a namrūte(?)] lippalsuni because you are one who is favorably inclined (parallel: gammālāta), let your shining countenance look favorably upon me AMT 72,1 r. 9, see ZA 51 174:9.

### mupparkiu see mupparkû.

mupparkû (mupparkiu) in la mupparkû adj.; never ceasing, unfailing; OB, SB; cf. naparkû v.

mùš.nu.[túm.mu] = [la na-par-ku-u], gán. la.nu.dag.[ga] = [l]a m[u-u]p-par-[ku]-u Erimhuš VI 163f.

nun šà.dùg.dùg dEn.líl.dNin.líl.bi ní. tuku gá.la.nu.dag.e.[da]: rubû muţīb libbi Enlil u Ninlil na'du la mu-up-par-ku-û the prince who gladdens the hearts of Enlil and Ninlil, pious without fail 4R 12:10; igi.gál.la ud.da.tum ki.a sù.ud.ág.[gá]: ṣaddu la mu-up-pár-ku-û nūr šaplātu (Šamaš) never-ceasing signal, light for the earth UVB 15 36:6; úš kú.kú.meš mùš. nu.túm.mu.meš: ākil dami la mu-par-ku-ti šunu they (the demons) drink blood without ceasing CT 16 14 iv 34f.

ikkarum kēnum ša GN la mu-pa-ar-ki-um ana GN<sub>2</sub> the reliable farmer of Ur, who does not stop (caring) for Eridu Gadd Early Dynasties pl. 3 i 8, dupl. Sumer 4 57 i 8 (Lipit-Ištar); na'dum la mu-up-pa-ar-ku-ú-um

ana Ezida (Hammurapi) who is always attentive toward Ezida CH iii 14, also VAB 4 88 No. 9 i 5, 144 i 9, Weissbach, WVDOG 59 44 No. 1:9 (all Nbk.); mukīn nindabēki la mupar-ku-u nādinu zībīki (see zību A usage c) ZA 5 79:18; zānin Ešarra la mu-par-ku-u who always takes care of Ešarra 1R 35 No. 1:3 (Adn. III), also 1R 29 i 31 (Šamši-Adad V); šaḥṭu la mu-up-par-ku-u pāliḥ Nabū Marduk the pious, who does not cease to revere Nabū and Marduk TCL 3 156 (Sar.).

mupparšu (fem. mupparištu) adj.; winged; OB, SB; cf. naprušu.

mušen.dal.e.bi sag íb.ta.du á.ba ki mu.un.te.gá.e (later recension: mušen.dal. a(var. .la).bi ugu(var. adds .bi) íb.ta.an.dù á.bi ki.a mu.un.te.gá): iṣṣūršu mu-pa-rištu(var. -ta) muḥḥaša immaḥis kappaša erṣeta imtas [šar] its winged bird's skull has been crushed, its wings swept the ground Lugale III 3.

- a) describing birds: 3 ubānāt šadê ša kīma erpeti ištu šamê šuqallula ša iṣṣūr mupar-šu la iba'a ašaršin three mountain peaks which hang suspended, like a cloud, from the sky, and where not even a winged bird can pass 1R 30 ii 49 (Šamši-Adad V), cf. ša ... iṣṣūr šamê mu-up-par-šu ṣēruš la iba'ûma TCL 3 98 (Sar.); kīma urinni mu-up-pa-ar-ši like a winged eagle Borger Esarh. 44 i 67; note (in broken context): mu-up-pa-a[r-ša iṣṣūr] šamā'i Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 92 III ii 35 (OB).
- b) referring to mythical beings: ša abūbu mu-up-par-šu [šurb]uṣu ṣērušš[u] (a lock) on which a winged dragon was crouching TCL 3 373 (Sar.); [m]u-up-par-šá(var. -šú) Anzâ kumūma put the winged Anzû-bird in fetters RA 46 28:5, var. from STT 21:5; note also Mu-up-par-šá(vars. -šu, -ši) (name of Marduk's horse) En. el. IV 52.

muppišānu s.; practitioner of sorcery; MA\*; cf. epēšu.

mu-up-pi-ša-na ša kišpī idukku they will put to death the man who practiced sorcery (cf. kišpī uppišu vii 2) KAV 1 vii 6 (Ass. Code § 47).

\*muppištu muqattirtu

\*muppištu s.; witcheraft; SB; pl. muppišātu, muppišētu; cf. epēšu.

ittamir ša mu-up-pi-šá-a-tú ša 7 kaššāpāti upaššaru the ittamir-stone which dispels the witchcraft of the seven witches RA 18 165:23 (Lamaštu); ipšīki epšētiki ... epšēt mu-up-pi-še-ti-ki your magic, your sorcery, the result of your witchcraft Maqlu VII 107, for restoration see AfO 21 79.

muppištu see muppišu.

muppišu A (fem. muppištu) s.; 1. slanderer, 2. (uncert. mng.); SB, NA; cf. uppušu.

in.ni.gi = mu-piš-tu, in.dúb.dúb.bu = piš-tu up-pu-šu Nabnitu E 160 f.

- 1. slanderer: šumma mu-up-piš amata irašši if he is a slanderer, he will have a lawsuit (followed by šumma mutappil amata irašši) ZA 43 104:16 (Sittenkanon); see also Nabnitu E 160f., in lex. section.
- 2. (uncert. mng.):  $mu-pi-\check{s}u-u$  LÚ.DAM. GÀR-u KÁ.DINGIR-a-a the m., a merchant from Babylon STT 360:1 and 4, see Deller, Or. NS 34 464f.

In KAV 214:26 read mu  $u_4$ -mu, see Deller, Or. NS 33 260 n. 2.

muppišu B (fem. muppištu) s.; sorcerer, sorceress; SB; cf. epēšu v.

[SAL ...] = mu-pi- $i\dot{s}$ -[tu] Lu III ii 8; [SAL ...]. SAR = mu- $pi\dot{s}$ -tu Lu III ii b 4'.

salam mu-up-pi-ši u mu-pi[š-ti ša ... zi]. KU<sub>5</sub>.RU.DA ḤUL.GIG ipušūni figurines of the sorcerer and the sorceress who practiced evil zikurudū-magic against me LKA 144:29.

\*muppišūtu see muppištu.

mūqā see emūqu in la emūgā.

muqabbû s.; wailer; lex.\*; cf. qubbû v. i.lu, gù.dúb = [qu-ub-bu-u], i.lu.di = m[u-qa-ab-bu-u] Nabnitu IV 71ff.

mūqadu see maqqadu.

muqallilu s.; person who belittles others; SB; ef. qalālu.

lú.šu.pe.el.lá = mu-gá-li-lum OB Lu A 339.

*šumma mu-qa-lil* ZA 43 100 iii 4 (Sitten-kanon).

muqallipu s.; barley husker; OB lex.\*; cf. qalāpu.

lú.še.bir.ak = mu-qá-li-pu-ú OB Lu A 201.

Cf.  $l\acute{u}.\check{s}u.nir.zil.zil = mu-q\acute{a}-li-ip \check{s}u-ri-ni$  OB Lu D 140.

muqallû s.; seller of roast barley; OB lex.\*; cf. qalû v.

[lú].še.sa.sa = mu-[qá]-al-lu-u OB Lu  $C_1$ :4.

muqappil zê s.; dung beetle, scarab (lit. who rolls excrement); pharm.\*; cf. kapālu.

ka-an-zu-zu: mu-qa-pil zi-e Uruanna III 208, in MSL 8/2 59.

muqarribu see muqerribu.

muqāru s.; (mng. uncert.); OB lex., Nuzi(?), SB.

lú.šà.šu.gul.ak =  $\delta a$   $li-ib-[ba-\delta]u$   $mu-q\acute{a}-ra$   $[ma]-[lu]-\acute{u}$  OB Lu B vi 3, restored from unpub. dupl.

šumma sinništu mu-qa(var. -qá)-ra ulid if a woman gives birth to a m. Leichty Izbu I 44, also CT 28 40 K.6286 r. 7 (SB Alu); uncert.: Mu-qá-ru (personal name) JEN 603:40, see OIP 57 99a.

In CT 41 45 76487:15 read  $Gig^{si-im-mu} d_{UTU}$  # si-im-[(x)]-mu qa-ri (coll. von Soden) and delete  $\hbar u^{\lambda}immu$  CAD 6 ( $\Pi$ ) p. 226, cf. [GIG]  $d_{UTU}: sim-mu$   $\delta a[m-\delta i]$  CT 37 27 iii 5. For YOS 10 56 ii 27 see magarru.

muqattirtu s.; censer; SB, NB; pl. muqattirāti; cf. qatāru.

mu-qa-te-rat kaspi (beside níg.na.meš) TCL 3 361 (Sar.); mu-qa-at-ti-ir-tum siparri Nbn. 761:5 (dowry list); mu-qa-tir-a-[ti] našáti she (the goddess) carries(?) censers STT 366:20.

See also muqattiru.

Salonen Hausgeräte 2 264.

## muqattiru

muqattiru s.; (mng. unkn.); NB\*; ef qatāru.

x oil ana  $lap(\bar{a})tu$  mu-qa-[ti]-ru u  $ud\hat{e}$  &a  $L\mathring{u}$ . $T\mathring{u}$ G. $UD.ME\mathring{s}(!)$  for lubricating the m. and the washermen's equipment Camb. 366:2.

muqerribu (muqarribu) s.; guide, escort; OA, OB; cf. qerēbu.

- a) in OA: 2 mu-qá-ri-be dina[šunū]ti give them two guides (to guide them safely from kāru to kāru) BIN 6 120:11; x silver ištu GN adi GN<sub>2</sub> ašša bilātim u mu-qá-ri-bi<sub>4</sub>-a addin I gave to the porters and my escort for a journey from Wašhania to Ulama TCL 20 165:46; copper ana mu-qá-ri-bi<sub>4</sub>-im ša GN addin BIN 4 191:13; [mu-q]á-ri-bu-šu-nu (in broken context) OIP 27 4:6 and 8.
- b) in OB: ana zikrika ihdâm u Lú muqé-ri-bi iškunam he was happy when your name was mentioned, and he also appointed guides for me TCL 17 34:8.

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 252f.

muqippu s.; guarantor; OAkk.; cf. qâpu.

KA.gi.na = mu-ki-nu, mu-qi-pu, [x.x].ta = min Lu IV 272-274; gáb.gi.na, lú.gi.na, ka.dam. ma.ak.e = mu-qi-ip-pu Nabnitu J 85ff., cf. gáb. gi.en(var. .na) Proto-Lu 697, with note.

PN u PN<sub>2</sub> DUMU.NI mu-gi-pu PN and PN<sub>2</sub>, her son, are guarantors Yondorf a:9 (unpub. Ur III, courtesy I. J. Gelb), see MAD 3 222.

muqqadu see maqqadu.

\*muqqalpû see \*muqqelpû.

muqqelpītu in ša muqqelpīti s.; master of a boat going downstream; OB, SB; cf. neqelpû.

lú.má.diri.ga = ša mu-qì-el-pi-tim (followed by ša māḥirtim) OB Lu A 303; [lú.má.diri.ga. ba.baD] = [ša mu-qal-pi-t]i Lu IV 334.

šumma elip ša māḥirtim elip ša mu-uqqé-el-pí-tim imḥaṣma if a boat of a master of a boat going upstream hits a boat of a master of a boat going downstream CH § 240:69; ša māḥirtim ša elip ša mu-uq-qéel-pí-tim uṭebbû the master of the boat

## \*muqqelpû

going upstream who has sunk the boat of the master of the boat going downstream ibid, 77.

\*muqqelpû (\*muqqalpû, fem. muqqelpītu, muqqalpītu) adj.; 1. drifting, gliding (said of clouds), 2. going downstream (said of boats), 3. ana muqqalpīti downward, downstream; OB, SB; cf. neqelpû.

giš.má.diri.ga.ba.bad = mu-qal-pi-tum (var. muq-qal-pi-tum) Hh. IV 349.

IM.DIRI diri.ga.ginx(GIM) á bí.in.sù.sù.ud : kīma [e]rpeti muq-qal-pi-ti ina ram-ni-šú išaddiḥu Lugale VIII 21; [sag.gig] IM.DIRI diri.ga.ginx lú.ra mu.un.na.te : [murus] qaqqadi kīma erpeti muq-qal-pi-ti ana amēli iṭḥi CT 17 20 i 55, cf. CT 17 14 K.8386:3f.

- 1. drifting, gliding (said of clouds): māmīt kīma erpeti muq-qal-pi-t[ú] ina ugāri šanîmma lišaznin let the curse rain down on another field like (rain from) a drifting cloud JNES 15 140:25 (lipšur-lit.); see also Lugale, CT 17, in lex. section, for translat. see erpetu usage c.
- 2. going downstream (said of boats): see Hh. IV, in lex. section; ina elippim muqé-el-pí-tim šurkibamma liblūnim load (the cargo) on a boat going downstream and let them bring it to me YOS 2 4:23; elippam mēḥirtam u mu-qé-el-pí-tam ... nušettiq we let pass boats going upstream and downstream CT 2 20:7 (both OB letters).
- 3. ana muqqalpīti downward, downstream
   a) downward: ana [muq]-qal-pi-ti tumaš:
  ša'šu you massage him downward CT 23
  11:36, also Köcher BAM 248 iv 20 and dupl. AMT
  67 iv 13.
- b) downstream: upunta šuātu ... ana nāri māḥirti u muq-qal-pi-ti lissuk let him throw this flour into the river toward upstream and downstream CT 37 48:16; you throw the refuse ana muq-qal-pi-ti Or.NS 39 148:19 (namburbi); mê ... 7-šú [ana māḥirt]i 7-šú ana muq-qal-pi-te taḥabbūma you draw water from upstream seven times, from downstream seven times Köcher BAM 129 i 9 and dupl. CT 23 6 ii 11, cf. mê 7-šú ana ma-[ḥi]r-ti 7-šú ana muq-q[al-pi-ti] ibbak

muqqu muqtablu

Or. NS 36 290 r. 28 (namburbi); for variants ana qiddati see māhiru mng. 2b.

See also muqqelpītu in ša muqqelpīti.

muqqu adj.; feeble; OB, SB; cf. muqqu v.

hi-bi-is Tur.dis = muq-qu A VI/1:110; lú.ú.lá = mu-uq-qú-um OB Lu B iii 49; ka.šu.dù.a = šu-ta-rù-h[u], mu-na-gi-rum, mu-qum, šu-ma Izi F 305 ff.; mu.ús.sa = mu-qum CT 18 49 ii 25.

seher itti šībūtim u mu-uq-qú-tim ana utūnim nušeššibšu he is a child, we will let him sit at the hearth with the old men and the feeble ones VAS 16 3:13 (OB let.), cf. minsu kî šibi muq-qi tūšib ina āli how does it happen that you stay in the city like an old man (or) a feeble man? Cagni Erra I 47; ipnanni muq-qu arkumma anāku ammerki (parallel: lillu akû iba'anni) the feeble man passed me (and) I myself fell behind STC 2 pl. 80:60, see Ebeling Handerhebung 132; ina epēš pīja mug-q[u it]ebbi upon my command the feeble one stands up (again) Or. NS 36 120:87 (SB hymn to Gula); muq-qu (in broken context) 222:5 (hymn in paragraphs).

muqqu v.; to do slowly, to delay; OB, Mari, SB; II; cf. muqqu adj.

- a) negated: la tu-ma-aq šūbilam do not be slow, send (it) to me JCS 17 77:33; ebūrum qerub la tu-ma-qá-a itti PN alkamma the harvest is imminent, do not delay (pl.), come here together with PN PBS 1/2 2:6, cf. ana alākim la tu-ma-aq do not be slow in going YOS 2 68:19 (all OB letters); bēlī nīš ilī lizkur la ú-ma-aq let my lord take the oath, let him not delay ARMT 13 147:10 and 17; kî la zāqip sippati ana nakāsi ul ú-ma-aq like one who did not plant an orchard, I am quick to cut it down Cagni Erra V 9; ana  $nak\bar{a}s$  napiš[ti] ul  $\acute{u}$ -ma-a[q] he does not hesitate to extinguish life Lambert BWL 268 iii 4 (SB proverbs); obscure: šēretka ana ūmī kališu ul ú-ma-aq I will not ever forgive(?) your misdeed TCL 1 40:9 (OB let.).
- b) other occs.: ana tebê ušuzzi u dabābi mu-uq he is slow in rising, standing up and talking Köcher BAM 231:7, and dupl. K.9216 ii 6, also, wr. muq-qu AMT 21,2:8; muq-qa

kinṣāšu his shanks are sluggish Lambert, AfO 19 51 ii 87 (SB prayer); ummānāt GN ... šū: nuḥa u mu-uq-qa the Assyrian troops were tired and sluggish TCL 3 127 (Sar.); tu-ma-aq kalama la šal-ma Lambert Love Lyrics p. 108:18.

For Gilg. IV vi 36 see Landsberger, RA 62 111. Finet, ARMT 13 p. 173; Goetze, JCS 17 82.

muqqu see mukku.

muqqutu adj.; ailing, sick; OB lex.\*; cf. maqātu.

lú. $\S$ ub. $\S$ ub.ba = ra-ab-\$u, mu-uq-qù-tum OB Lu B iii 52f.

muqqutu s.; (mng. uncert.); Mari\*; cf. maqātu.

3 GUR kukkušu išti PN amhur mu-qú-tum I received from PN three gur of kukkušu-flour, m. (followed by date) RA 46 193 26 r. 2, also ibid. 191 21 r. 1, 193 27 r. 1, 28 r. 1, 29 r. 1 (early OB Mari), see Gelb, RA 50 9.

In the context of these adm. texts, a mng. such as "delivery," "arrival" (opposed to È.A PN or È.A É ... "expenditure from PN" or "expenditure from a storehouse") seems appropriate. The writing with the -tum sign makes it unlikely that the word is muquttû, q.v.

muqru see mukru.

muqtablu s.; fighter, warrior; OB, SB; cf. qablu B s.

lú. DIŠ = muq-tab-[lu] CT 37 25 iii 34, see MSL 12 229 iii 41; kalag.ga.7 =  ${}^{d}Gilg\bar{a}me\bar{s}$ , muq-tab-lu, a-lik pa-na CT 18 30 iv 6ff. (group voc.); [ú.šu-um] Búr = muq-tab-lu VAT 10296 i 8 (text similar to Idu).

mu.lu gil.gil al.ak.ak.eš gi.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) in.DU.DU.a: muq-tab-lu mu-ta-[...] KAR 97:12; [...].ag [...] im.gin<sub>x</sub>: mu'abbit mu-uq-tab-li kīma ṣalam tiddim (Hammurapi) who smashes warriors like clay figurines LIH 60 iv 12ff.

šal-ba-bu, muq-tab-lu = qar-ra-du LTBA 2 2:44f.

a) describing enemy soldiers: I defeated his (i.e., Kaštiliaš's) troops muq-tab-li-šu ušemqit I overthrew his warriors Weidner Tn. 12 No. 5:58, also ibid. 27 No. 16:63; muq-tab-li erin.meš [...] uneppil I blinded the

muqtablu mūr nisqi

warriors, the troops [of Tukulti-Mer] KAH 2 77:9 (Aššur-bēl-kala), cf. AKA 121 K.2817:5; itti 20000 erín.meš mug-tab-li-šu-nu u 5 šarrānišunu ina GN lu altanan I waged war in GN with their 20,000 warriors and their five kings (and I defeated them) AKA 36 i 74ff.; pagar muq-tab-li-šu-nu ana gurunnāte ina gisallāt šadî luqerrin I piled up the corpses of their warriors in heaps on the ledges of the mountain ibid. 40 ii 21f., cf. erín.meš muq-tab-li-šu-nu (in the same phrase) ibid. 61 iv 18; šalmāt qurādišunu m[uq]-tab-li ina ziqit mulmulle eli pirik namê lumeşşi I scattered over the steppe regions the corpses of their valiant warriors (pierced) by the point of the arrow AfO 18 349:19; ERÍN.MEŠ muq-tab-li-šu-nu ina qereb huršāni kīma sermāše lu umessi I spread (the corpses of) their warriors over the mountains like piles of grain AKA 39 ii 13f., also (with šalmāt muq-tab-li-šu-nu) 56 iii 79, cf. erín.meš muqtab-li-šu-nu ina qereb huršāni kīma šūbe ušna'il ibid. 78 vi 4f., 46 ii 79 (all Tigl. I); 1000 LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ muq-tab-li(m)-šú-nu ina qereb šadê marşi unappiş I slew one thousand of his warriors in the difficult mountains AKA 236 r. 32, also, wr. muq-tab-li.meš-nišú-nu ibid. 339 ii 114, cf. 306 ii 36, 324 ii 83, 362 6500 muq-tab-li-šú-nu ina kakkī ušamqit ibid. 356 iii 36; ša ... unakkisu kišād muq-tab-li (the king) who severed the necks of warriors ibid. 224:24, cf. sag.du.meš muq-tab-li- $s\acute{u}$ -nu KUD-is ibid. 301 ii 18f. (all SAG.DU.MEŠ muq-tab-li-šu unakkis Asn.); damī mundahsišu šadû asrup I cut off the heads of his warriors, I dyed the mountain red with the blood of his soldiers (Shalm. III), cf. (in broken context) SAG.DU muq-tab-l[i] KAH 2 87:5 (Adn. II?); Lú muqtab-li-šú-nu unappis ... unakkis lú muqtab-li-šú šalmātišunu pan tâmāti umalli I slew their warriors, I cut down his warriors, with their corpses I covered the surface of the sea Iraq 25 56:43f., cf. WO 2 414 iii 1 (Shalm. III), cf. also mūlû u muraddu umalla šalmāt muq-tab-li TCL 3 144 (Sar.); mudam= miqat paras qarrādi [...] lìb-bi [la] gāmelu muq-tab-li she who elevates the rank of the heroes, [...] heart, who does not spare the warriors BA 5 627 ii 7 (SB lit.), cf. (Adad)  $l\bar{a}'it$  muq-tab-lu BMS 21:42, see Ebeling Handerhebung 102, see also (said of Ningirsu) KAR 97:12, in lex. section.

b) as an epithet of gods: den.líl.kur.ra ur-šá-an-n[u ša]l-ba-bu muq-tab-lum Enlilkurra, the hero, the valiant warrior BMS 46:20 and dupls. K.3376, Si. 79+115, see Ebeling Handerhebung 116.

muquttû s.; claim for a payment due; MB, SB, NB; cf. maqātu.

- a) in MB: PN ina muhhi PN<sub>2</sub> mu-qut-ta-a im-qu-ut-ma PN has lodged a claim against PN<sub>2</sub> UET 7 15:6.
- b) in NB: PN ana mu-qu-tu-ú ana la šalām ana muhhi PN2 illikamma PN appeared against PN2 with regard to a m.-claim on account of default VAS 6 99:6;  $[mu-q]\acute{u}$ te-e-šú undaššir he forsook his claim VAS 6 171:17: x silver mala mu-qut-te-e-šú ina muhhi 'PN iprusuma ana PN, iddinu (the judges deliberated and) made a decision against 'PN (concerning) 35 shekels of silver, as much as his (PN2's) claim was, and awarded it to PN2 Nbn. 13:10, cf. mala mu-qu-te-e-šú inandin BE 8 139:11; kũm ša PN mu-qu-tu-ú ša mār-bānûtu ša PN<sub>2</sub> ana PN<sub>3</sub> tamqutu because 'PN had lodged a claim against PN<sub>3</sub> on grounds that PN2 has the status of a freeborn person Cyr. 332:26, cf. (in broken context) Camb. 316:19; ni-si-hu-e-ti-šú-nu gabbi-šu mu-qut-ta-a' mamma ina muhhi mamma ul etiq the payment due for them (the slaves), in its entirety, is not entered as a claim in the accounting of either (of the two partners) Strassmaier Liverpool 13:18.
- c) in SB: mu-qú-tu-ú eli amēli imaqqut a claim for payment will come upon (that) man KAR 153:15 (SB ext.).

von Soden, Symbolae Koschaker 206 n. 42, Or. NS 15 424.

mūr nisqi s.; thoroughbred horse; SB; cf. mūru.

ANŠE.NITÁ  $^{ur}$  ga.nag ga nu.[ $sub_x(KAXGA)$ ]: mu-ur ni- $\langle is \rangle$ -qí šizbi šizba ul ú-[na-ṣa-ab] the suckling colt does not suck milk 4R 18\* No. 6 r. 1f.

mūr nisqi mūradu

- a) used for pulling the (royal) chariot: lasmūti mur ni-is-qi simitti rukūbija ina damēšunu gapšūti išallû díd-iš the swift, harness-broken thoroughbreds of my chariot plunged into their blood as though it were a OIP 2 46 vi 6, AfO 20 92:90; mur ni-is-qí-ia šuknuše ana nîri in order to train my thoroughbreds to the yoke OIP 2 132:66 (all Senn.);  $k\bar{i}ma\ mur\ ni$ - $i[s-q]i\ asmis$ : sunūti I yoked (the conquered kings to my royal chariot) as if they were thoroughbreds AAA 20 87:121 (Asb.);  $[m]ur \ ni-is-qi-šú \ šut\bar{e}=$  $\delta[i]r[a] \delta ullima \sin di \delta u$  (addressing Ninurta) ZDMG 98 34:6 (Sar.), cf. (Ištar) šullimi mur ni-is-qi sindat niri[šu] BA 5 629 iv 22; mu-ur ni-is-qi-ka lu las[i]m may your thoroughbred be a (swift) runner JRAS 1920 566:17 (list of blessings);  $m\bar{a}r$  GN GN<sub>2</sub> u GN<sub>3</sub>  $imr\hat{a}sunu$  ana mur ni-is-qí šarāki mur ni-is-qí šūt imrášunu īkulu ana simitti ajābi irreddû (if the king) gives the fodder belonging to the citizens of Sippar, Nippur and Babylon to (his) horses, the horses that ate the fodder will be led off for the enemy's yoke Lambert BWL 112:32f.; mūrē mur ni-is-qi sihhirūti ilitti mātišu rapašti ša ana kişir šarrūtišu urabbû TCL 3 171 (Sar.); [...] mu-ur ni-is-qí-ia ina arkat til-lu (in broken context) JNES 17 138 r. 13 (Nbk. I?).
- b) for riding: šitaḥḥuṭāku mur ni-is-qi rakbāk ḥiššāmê šitmarūti I can canter on thoroughbreds, I can ride on fierce thoroughbreds Streck Asb. 256:20; [...m]a-li-ta eli mu-ur ni-is-qí-šú (in broken context) VAS 169:4 (Shalm. IV?).
- c) other occs.: ana ... paqādi mur ni-is-qi parê agāli (for context see agālu A) OIP 2 130 vi 66 (Senn.); ina zagmukki ... kullat Anše mur ni-is-qi(var. -qi) parê gammalê ... lupqida qerebša Borger Esarh. 64 vi 58, cf. 59 v 42; Anše mur ni-is-qi(var. -qi) rabūti takkas uqnî ... ana GN ... iššūnimma they brought to me in Nineveh (from Media) huge thoroughbreds (and) blocks of lapis lazuli Borger Esarh. 54 iv 38; ana mu-ur ni-is-qi ušēlā I had (grain and straw) put on the boats for the thoroughbreds OIP 2 74:68 (Senn.).

Compound from mūru and nisqu, q.v. Poebel, AS 14 43ff.; Borger, Or. NS 26 5.

murabbânu (murabbiānu) s.; foster father, tutor; MA, NA; cf. rabû v.

- a) foster father: zitta ina bīt mu-ra-bi-a-ni-šu la ilaqqe ... ina bīt ālidānišu zitta ... ilaqqe he does not take a share from the estate of his foster father, he takes a share from the estate of his natural father KAV 1 iv 6 (Ass. Code § 28).
- b) tutor: Sa-ma-'a Lú mu-ra-ba-nu ša mār šarri PN, the tutor of the prince (as first witness) ADD 238 r. 4, 427 r. 7, 240 r. 5; IGI PN Lú mu-ra-ba-[...] AJSL 42 265 No. 1248 r. 5 (all NA).

murabbiānu see murabbānu.

murabbitu s.; woman who raises a child not her own; OB\*; cf.  $rab\hat{u}$  v.

ama.e-ḥeá.è = mu-ra-bi-tu Lu III iv 56; aş $\bar{\imath}tu$ , ah $\bar{\imath}tu = mu$ -[ra-bi-tum] Malku I 129 f.

šumma awīlum warki abišu ina sūn (mu>ra-bi-ti-šu ... ittaṣbat if after (the death of) his father a man is caught having intercourse with the woman who raised him (i.e., his father's wife) CH § 158:27.

mūradu (murradu, mūridu) s.; descent, slope; OB, SB, NB; cf. arādu.

- a) beside  $m\bar{u}l\hat{u}$ : mountains ša mul $\hat{u}$  murad-du šupšuqu which are difficult of both ascent and descent TCL 3 128 (Sar.); I followed them through narrow passes  $m\bar{u}l\hat{u}$  u mu-rad-du umall $\hat{u}$  šalm $\bar{u}$  muqtabl $\bar{u}$  (see  $m\bar{u}l\hat{u}$  mng. 3) ibid. 144, cf. mu-lu- $\hat{u}$  mu-ri-da la iš $\hat{u}$ ni RB 59 244 str. 5:31 (OB lit.).
- b) street leading downward: sūqu qatnu mu-rad ín DN the narrow street, the descent to the Ištar Canal (in a description of property) VAS 15 6:9, 12:8, 50:13, Cyr. 345:15, BRM 2 20:4, 21:3, 24:17, 35:8 and 20, wr. mu-ra-d[i] Cyr. 161:29, cf. sūqu qatnu mu-rad šap-pi-šu Bab. 15 188:7; note: ina sūqu ša hurbi (for hubur) mu-ur-ra-du adi ša PN Dar. 435:4.

murakkisu muraqqiu

murakkisu s.; binder of sheaves; lex.\*; cf. rakāsu.

lú.še.ki.kéš.da (var. lú.ka<sup>ki</sup>.kéš.da) = mu-rak-ki-su Hh. II 334.

mūraku (\*murku) s.; length; MB, EA, RS, Nuzi, SB; murukšu HSS 9 114:4, 115:4, JEN 19:6; wr. syll. and Gíd.da; ef. arāku.

- a) in gen.: as to the lock kuburrâ mīs u mu-ra-ku ja'num it is not thick enough and there is not (enough) length BE 17 26:20 (MB); middata GÍD.DA u rupša ultēbilakku I am sending you herewith the measurements, (both) length and width (of the boards needed) MRS 9 194 RS 17.385:7, cf. mala GÍD.DA-ši lu a-ri-ik [mala rupšiši lu rapiš] ibid. 12; difficult (in description of a linen garment): ana mu-ra-ki-šu-nu ša tabarri pa-qa EA 14 iii 32 (list of gifts of Amenophis IV); 50 bēru mu-rak-šu 1 bēru [...] fifty double miles is its (the serpent's) length, one double mile [its width?] CT 13 33:8 (SB lit.); [l]u mithur rupussa u mu-rak-šá its (the ark's) width and length should be the same Gilg. XI 30.
- b) in Nuzi: 1' referring to dimensions of textiles: (a piece of cloth) 15 ina ammati mu-ra-ak-šu 5 ina ammati rupussu 15 cubits in length, five in width HSS 9 152:5, and passim in these proportions, also (with weight 5 MA.NA 55 GÍN added) ibid. 98:17, etc.; note exceptionally: one fine piece of cloth 14 ina ammati u mala kinṣi mu-ra-ak-šu 4 ina ammati u mala kinṣi rupussa (see ammatu A mng. 2f) HSS 9 103:11.
- 2' referring to dimensions of houses or rooms: ina libbi É.HI.A.MEŠ šāšunu 5 ina ammati mu-ra-ak-šu ... 5 ina ammati rupussu HSS 9 110:18; É.HI.A.MEŠ kuppāti ŠU.ŠI [X]+4 ina ammati mu-ra-ak-šu-nu u 37 ina ammati rupussunu JEN 213:7, cf. HSS 19 71:4, 79:9, and passim; note É.MEŠ 25 ammati mu-ru-uk-šu-nu u 15 ammati rupussunu HSS 9 115:4; for other refs. see ammatu A mng. 2b-2'.
- 3' referring to dimensions of gardens:  $kir\hat{u}$  ... 1 šu.ši ina ammati mu-ra-ak-šu u 3 ammati rupussu JEN 169:15;  $kir\hat{u}$  90 ina ammati mu-ra-ak-šu 30 ina ammati rupussu

JEN 255:17; kirû ... 1 māt 10 ina ammati mu-ra-ak-šu 20 ina ammati rupšu ša kirî JEN 76:6, cf. HSS 9 19:6, and passim; note: ina mu-ra-a-ki 20 ina šiddi u ina rupš[i] 7 ina purīdi twenty šiddu in length and seven purīdu in width AASOR 16 15:8.

- 4' referring to dimensions of land: qaqqaru paihu.meš 30 ina [amm]ati mu-ra-ak-šu-nu u 22 ina am[ma]ti rupussunu ina libbi Nuzi JEN 46:6, cf. HSS 19 5:24, 21:7; qaqqaru ša pani bītāti 12 ina ammati mu-ra-ak-šu 9 ammati rupussu lu mād lu ṣeḥer JEN 239:13; note A.ŠÀ 70 ina ammati mu-ru-uk-šu 59 ina ammati rupussu ša eqli HSS 9114:4, also JEN 19:6.
- 5' other occs.: 2 GIŠ.ÙR.MEŠ 12.TA.ÀM ina ammati mu-ra-ak-šu-[nu] u 2 ina ammati liwissunu two beams each twelve cubits long and two cubits in circumference HSS 9 41:2 and 9; 26 tapālu eblu 50.TA.ÀM ina KÙŠ(!) mu-ra-ak-šu-nu 26 sets of ropes, each fifty cubits long HSS 15 79:2 (= RA 36 149), cf. GIŠ.ḤI.A.MEŠ . . . 25 ina ammati mu-ra-ak-šu-nu x ina ammati rupussu (nu) AASOR 16 58:6.

murammiktu s.; (a washbowl); OB\*; ef. ramāku.

1 URUDU mu-ra-am-mi-ik- $\langle tum \rangle$  ša 2 sìla UET 5 792:16 (dowry list).

murammiku (muremmiku) s.; cleaner(?); MB Hana, NB; cf. ramāku.

PN LÚ mu-re-mi-ku (witness) RA 41 43 r. 3 (MB Hana); silver to PN and PN<sub>2</sub> LÚ mu-rem-mi-ki-e.MEŠ ša bīti BRM 1 99:23 (NB), wr. LÚ (mu>-ra-mi-ke-e ša bīti CT 49 150:20.

murammû s.; (an implement used in the fabrication of bricks); NB\*; cf. ramû v.

5 mu-ra-am-mu-ú (among implements used in the fabrication of bricks) YOS 6 146:18; 13 mu-ra-am-mu-ú ša qí-bi-ti ibid. 7.

mūrānu see mīrānu.

muraqqitu see muraqqû.

muraqqiu see muraqqû.

muraqqû murašû A

muraqqû (muraqqiu, fem. muraqqitu) s.; perfume maker; MA, NA, NB; wr. syll. and LÚ.ì.RÁ.RÁ; cf. ruqqû.

lú.ì.rá.rá = mu-raq-qu-u Igituh short version 255, cf. Lú.ì.rá.rá STT 385 v 16, in MSL 12 235; Lú šá dumu mu-raq-qi-u Bab. 7 pl. 6 vi 26, in MSL 12 240.

(sacrifice of a sheep for the king before Serua made on the roof of the palace by) PN mu-ra-qi-ú PN the perfume maker KAJ 192:18 (MA); Ú.ŠIM.ŠEŠ šá Ì.RÁ.RÁ perfume maker's(?) myrrh (for a potion) Köcher note PN (Egyptian name) BAM 1 iii 22; LÚ.Ì.RÁ.RÁ ADD 307 r. 9 (NA); ana SAL [mur]a-qi-a-te KAV 194:9 (NA let.); ina pî 'PN SAL mu-raq-qi-te nasha (these recipes) are excerpted according to 'PN the perfume maker KAR 220 iv 9, see Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 31, also, wr. mu-ra-qi-te Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 45 r. 31; 1 SAL mu-raq-qí-tú (in list of harem personnel) ADD 827 r.(!) 8 + 914 r.(!) 6, see Landsberger, Baumgartner AV 203; 6 SAL muraq-qé-e-tú Mél. Dussaud pl. 1 (after p. 924) i 9 and pl. 2 (after p. 926) ii 11 (NB).

See also luraqqû and raqqû.

Landsberger, AfO 10 150.

muraqqû in rab muraqqiātu s.; chief of the female perfume makers; MA\*; cf. ruqqû.

GAL mu-ra-qi-a-tu VAT 10037 r. ii 11, cited AfO 10 17.

murārītu s.; (a kind of field?); MA.\*

šumma ina panī mu-ra-ri-t[i] la išallim ina zittišu ašar eqelšuni SIG<sub>5</sub>.GA išallim if he does not obtain compensation from the m., he will obtain compensation from his share, wherever his field is good KAJ 148:29, cf. x A.ŠA SIG<sub>5</sub> eqel mēreše ... ana panī mu-ra-ri-ti išallim ibid. 7.

murārtu see murāru.

murāru (marāru, murārtu) s.; bitter lettuce; OB; cf. marāru A.

hi.is.tur.sar = mu-ra-ru (var. [mu-ra-á]r-tum), ú.ma.ra.ru.sar (vars. ma.ra.[...], mu.ra. r[u...]) = [šv] Hh. XVII 329f.; hi.is.tur = mu-ra-[ru] Antagal C 265. ha-as-si SAR mu-ra-ri SAR lettuce, bitter lettuce (among garden plants) Gordon Smith College 74:4 (OB).

KADP (= Köcher Pflanzenkunde) 2 ii 19 and 4:15 (= Köcher Uruanna I 400) should preferably be read  $šam-mu\ x-x-ti\ šass\bar{u}ri$ , but note  $\acute{\mathbf{u}}.\check{\mathbf{s}}\grave{\mathbf{A}}.\check{\mathbf{T}}\grave{\mathbf{u}}\mathtt{R} = mu-ra-nu$ , see  $murr\bar{a}nu$ .

muraššû s.; slanderer; SB\*; cf. ruššû v. emee-me-tu-kut u ku = šu-ú, mu-ra-šu-ú Lu III i 30f.; hur.du = habbātu, mu-ra-áš-šu-ú Izi J ii 2f.

[šumma m]u-ra-aš-ši mušazziq if he is a slanderer (and) a troublemaker ZA 43 92:32 (Sittenkanon).

murašû A s.; wildcat; SB, NB; wr. syll. and sa.a.ri (sa.a.gal CT 40 41 K.4038 r. 8).

sa.a.ri, sa.a.gal = mu-ra-šu-ú Hh. XIV 109 f., cf. sa.a.ri = [...]-x-u (traces do not fit [mu-ra-š]i-u) Practical Vocabulary Assur 377; kuš.sa.a. ri = MIN (= mašak) mu-ra-šú-u Hh. XI 49.

a) in gen.: [šumma SA.A.RI ina] bīt amēli innamir if a wildcat is observed in a man's house CT 39 49 r. 36, also CT 40 41 K.4038 r. 10, (with issi cries, idammum moans) 49 r. 37 f., and passim in this tablet; šumma SA.A. RI ina bīt amēli ulidma u izbil if a wildeat gives birth in a man's house and carries off (its young) ibid. 41; šumma SA.A.RI ana bīt amēli īrubma ibki if a wildcat enters a man's house and cries ibid. 50:11, cf. ibid. 2ff.; šumma ina uššê nadûti lu šēlibu lu SA.A.RI IGI.MEŠ CT 38 11:32, cf. ibid. 41, also K.12504 in Bezold Cat. p. 1247 (all SB Alu); note the writing SA.A.GAL (preceded by SA.A section, followed by SA.A.RI section) CT 40 41 K.4038 r. 8; lumun mu-ra-še-e ša ina bīt amēli ibta: nakk[û] LKA 111 r. 11, cf. obv. 15, also LKA 112:1 and 21, see Ebeling, RA 50 28ff., Caplice, Or. NS 36 14f., cf. lumun SA.A.RI AnBi 12 tamšīl mu-ra-še-e ša tīdi teppuš 285:71: LKA 112:6 and 14; mu-ra-šá-a šuātu ana nāri tanaddīma ibid. r. 11 (all namburbis); in Babylon ina Túg.SIG5 den Lú.Be SA.A.RI i[ttanmar] in the .... of Bel the body of a wildcat was found CT 29 48:21 (SB prodigies); mu-ra-šu-u ša ri-mi-ki (between pizalluru and hamasīru) Lambert Love Lyrics p. 112 K.7924 ii 12; note as a medication: Ú zīm hurāși: murašû B murîdu

AŠ IGI mu-r[a]-še-e Uruanna III 76, also IGI<sup>II</sup> SA.A.RI : Ú ajar hurāsi ibid. 384.

b) as a personal name:  ${}^{\mathbf{m}}Mu$ -ra-šu-u TuM 2-3 34:1, cf. PN  $m\bar{a}r\check{s}u$  ša  ${}^{\mathbf{m}}Mu$ -ra-šu-u BRM 1 77:10, and passim in the Mura $\check{s}u$  archive, wr.  ${}^{\mathbf{m}}Mu$ -ra $\check{s}$ - $\check{s}u$ -u VAS 6 164:11 and 21, wr. L $\dot{u}$ .SA.A.RI S<sup>†</sup> 76-11-17,1220 (unpub. NB from Opis), note  ${}^{\mathbf{f}}Mu$ -ra- $\check{s}i$ -tum Dar. 379:17 and 22, VAS 6 92:1,  $\check{s}a$   ${}^{\mathbf{f}}Mu$ -ra- $\check{s}i$ -ti UET 4 89:2 and 7.

In STT 109:45 read *ir-re-e*, see *irrû* A usage a. Landsberger Fauna 87.

# murašû B s.; (mng. uncert.); NB.\*

Barley PAD.HI.A šá mu-ra-ši-i PN išši PN took as food rations for the m.(-s) (parallel: dates for ten workmen) GCCI 1 210:9, also (parallel: for workmen and for fowls) ibid. 255:7, also 82-7-14,594:7, 730:2, 1755 r. 4, 2769:2; 1 mu-ra-šu-ú ešrû ša PN one m., the tithe of PN (received by PN<sub>2</sub> for Eanna) GCCI 1 126:1.

murašû see murušû.

\*murațțibtu see murattibu.

murațțibu s.; vessel for keeping beer mash moist; MB\*; pl. murațtibātu; ef. rațābu.

dug.sún = MIN (= karpat) mu-rat-ti-bi Hh. X 74.

2 mu-ra-aṭ-ṭi-ba-a-tu ša maltīti lu ruṭṭuba two vessels for keeping the beer mash moist for the drink should be kept well moistened Aro, WZJ 8 567 HS 110:13.

murdabru (or kindabru) s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.\*

ša 6 MUR-da-ab-ru-u-ia 7 āpil kūmūja 8 ša tamētija KAR 61 r. 22 (inc.), see Biggs Šaziga 72.

Possibly to be read as kin-da-ab-ru-u-ia and to be connected with kittabru "side."

murdinnu see amurdinnu.

murdû see murudû.

murdudû s.; (a plant); Bogh., SB\*; wr. syll. and ú/GIŠ.MUR.DÙ.DÙ (MUL.DÙ.DÙ Biggs Šaziga 55 ii 7).

ú.mur.dù.dù = mu-ur-du-du-u, ú.aš.tál.tál = áš-ta-til-lu Hh. XVII 46f. mu-ur-du-da-a ar-ta-ti-la (among plants for dispelling sorcery) KUB 37 43 i 14, wr. mu-ur-du-da a[r-ta-ti-la] ibid. ii 6, cf. ibid. 44:3, mu-ur-du-ta-[a] ibid. 33:2; Ú.MUR.DÙ. DÙ (among plants for dispelling sorcery) AMT 87.5 r. 9, dupl. Ebeling KMI 50 iii(!) 15, cf. AMT 2,1:20, Köcher BAM 311:74, also (to be worn in a phylactery) LKA 146 r. 13; [Ú.MU]R. DÙ.DÙ Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 ii 3 (apothecary's inv.); Ú.MUL.DÙ.DÙ (var. NUMUN GIŠ. MUR.[DÙ.DÙ]) Biggs Šaziga 55 ii 7 (from Bogh.), var. from ibid. 67 iv 4 (SB).

murēdu see murīdu.

muremmiku see murammiku.

murhu (murru, murikua) s.; (a garment); syn. list\*; foreign word.

mu-ur-hu (var. [m]u-ur-ri) = min (= lu-ba-ru) Edin (mistake for su.Edin<sup>ki</sup>) An VII 163, mu-ri-a (var. mu-ri-ku-u-a) = min (= lu-ba-su) Su-bar-[i] Malku VI 72.

muria see murhu.

muribbānu s.; (a profession); NA, NB.

adû PN LÚ mu-ri-ib-ba-nu ša PN<sub>2</sub> mandatti ša GN ina qātīšu našā ana ekalli altapra now, I sent to the palace PN, the m. of PN<sub>2</sub>, carrying the tribute of Dilmun with him ABL 458:6 (NB let.); PN LÚ mu-ri-ba-nu (in list of witnesses between two LÚ MÁ.LAH<sub>4</sub>) ADD 324 r. 15.

Compare rā'ibānu.

murīdu (murēdu) s.; (an occupation); Akkadogram in Hitt.

Sheep for Lú.meš MU-RE-E-DI (preceded by sheep for LÚ.MEŠ NAR singers, SìLA.ŠU.DU. cupbearers, Lú.meš mu cooks, [...], followed by sheep for aluzinnu, tupšarru, and zabar: dabbu) Bo. 1981/u 7; LÚ MU-RI-DI (beside LÚ.MU and LÚ tawalal[aš] maker(?) of tawal-drink) KUB 13 3 iv 19, cf. GAL.LÚ. MEŠ MU-RI-DI-ma-aš-ša-an (in fragm. context) KUB 34 127:3, cf. also KUB 25 1 vi 8, KBo 8 124:9, KBo 17 18 ii 7, IBoT 2 93:15 (refs. courtesy H. G. Güterbock), also [LÚ.M]EŠ MU-Bo. 384/v 10, cited Kümmel, UF 1 162, and note MU-RI-DI as var. to MU-PAR-RI-TI cited muparritu.

mūridu

For discussion see muparritu.

Kümmel, UF 1 161f.

mūridu see mūradu.

murikua see murhu.

murinnāku s.; (mng. unkn.); OB\*; Sum. lw.

x silver pašišum ša mu-ri-in-na-a-ku UET 5 474:5.

From Sum. mu.ri.a.na ... ak, cf. mu.ri.a.na ba.ak UET 3 149:4, etc., see Renger, ZA 59 159 n. 728.

murkigû s.; painful lungs; RS\*; Sum. lw.

sak-ki-ga-a za-ki-ga-a mur-ki-ga-a li-biš-ki-ga-a ... aj iṭḥāšumma may headache, toothache, painful lungs, painful belly not come near him (corr. to Sum. sag.gig, zú.gig, mur.gig, and libiš.gig) Ugaritica 5 17:36 (inc.).

\*murku see mūraku.

murkunaš s.; (a textile); Nuzi.\*

1 TÚG *kabru ša* MUR-*ku-na*-AŠ HSS 15 171:11, cf. 2 TÚG *kabrūtum ša* TÚG MUR-*ku-na*-AŠ HSS 14 6:8.

Reading uncertain.

murqannu see mumarriqānu.

murqu ((w)urqu) s.; understanding; SB\*; cf. murruqu B adj.

u-muš<sub>KU</sub> = *mur-qu* Erimhuš VI 98; nam.mud = *mu-ur-qu* (var. *mur-qú*) Erimhuš IV 148.

kīna ra-áš uzni ša tuštaddinu la mur-qa (var. la ur-qa) (my) good fellow, (so) intelligent, who has given senseless advice Lambert BWL 76:78 (Theodicy), var. from NB copy.

Lambert BWL 306.

murqu see murruqu v. and urqu.

murradu see mūradu.

murrānu s.; 1. (a tree or shrub), 2. (a grass), 3. (a kind of oil), 4. (an ornament); OAkk., SB, NA; wr. syll. and GIŠ.MA.NU. SIG<sub>2</sub>.SIG<sub>2</sub>.

murrihu

giš.ma.nu.mur.ra.nu(var. .an), giš.ma. nu.sig<sub>7</sub>.sig<sub>7</sub> = mur-ra(var. adds -a)-nu Hh. III 167f.; giš.ma.nu = e'ru, giš mur-ra-nu = (blank) Practical Vocabulary Assur 685f.

[ú.š $\lambda$ ].Tur = mu-ra-[nu] Hh. XVII 29, cf. ú.š $\lambda$ .Tur = mu-ra-nu RS Recension 21.

mu-ur-ra-nu = MIN (= GIŠ.MA.NU) CT 18 3 r. i 29; bu-ur-ra-nu (mistake for mu-ur-ra-nu?) = šallūru, GIŠ.MA.NU Malku II 150 f.

- 1. (a tree or shrub) a) the tree: dukdu buṭnu Giš mur-ra-nu miḥru (among trees planted in the royal park) Iraq 14 33:44 (Asn.); Giš mur-ra-nu den.ki aššu d50 du [...] the m.-tree is (the ikkibu of) Ea because Enlil(?) .... [...] LKU 45 r. 3 (cultic comm.).
- b) the wood: 1 GIŠ.PA mur-ra-nu ADD 978 ii 4.
- 2. (a grass): see Hh. XVII, in lex. section; [SUḤUŠ-sul kīma ứ mur-ra-ni sām the root (of the ēdu-plant) is red like (that of) the m-plant STT 93:7 (series šammu šikinšu), cf. šammu šikinšu kīma [G]IŠ.MA.NU.SIG<sub>7</sub>.SIG<sub>7</sub> (is called the ēdu-plant) Köcher BAM 379 ii 7; [DIŠ UD] ứ mur-ra-nu ittabši if m. appears (in the field) CT 39 9:19 (SB Alu); you dry and bray ứ mur-ra-nu MU-šứ CT 23 50:3 (SB med.).
- 3. (a kind of oil, possibly to be read har: rānu, hurrānu): x Sìla Agade ì mur-ra-núm x sila of m.-oil (according to the standard of) Agade BIN 8 317:1, 318:1, 321:1, 327:1, 334:2, 339:1, BRM 3 103:1 and 7, cf. ì šIM mur-ra-núm BIN 8 295:2 (all OAkk. from Umma).
- 4. (an ornament):  $na_4$ . $\mu$ AR.ra.an  $du_8$ .  $\dot{s}$ i.a =  $\mu$ AR-ra-nu Hh. XVI 37, cf. ibid. 102.

Since GIŠ.MA.NU = e'ru denotes the ash tree, murrānu may be a species of ash. In mngs. 3 and 4, the reading is uncert.; harrānu, hurrānu, and murrānu are all possible. Possibly derived from murru, and may mean "the murru-like (plant)."

murraqu see mumarrigānu.

murraqūtu (AHw. 676a) see urraqūtu.

murratu see harratu.

murrihu adj.; early-bearing (date palm); syn. list\*; cf. arāhu A.

murru A murru A

ar-ha-nu-u=mu-ur-ri-hu Malku II 284. See  $arh\bar{a}n\hat{u}$ .

murru A s.; myrrh(?); OA, Bogh., EA, MA, SB, NA, NB; wr. syll. and šim.šeš (also with det. giš or ú); cf. marāru A.

giš.šim.šeš = mur-ru Hh. III 103; [i].šim. šeš = [min (= šaman)] mur-[ri] Hh. XXIV 33. [i]š+bi (read: [š]im!).ZAR.Meš // mu-ur-ru EA 269:16.

- a) in med.: šim.šeš (for a fumigation) AMT 33,1:31; ŠIM.ŠEŠ Iraq 31 29:5 (MA); Ú.ŠIM.ŠEŠ : Ú hiniq elibbuhi : ŠU.BI.DIL.AM myrrh: medication against stricture of the bladder: ditto (= to give to drink in beer, to rub on in oil, or to blow into his penis through a tube) Köcher BAM 1 i 22 and dupls., cf. AMT 59,1:19, mur-ra tahaššal ... ina uppi ina šasurriša i-ta-[...] Köcher BAM 241 ii 9; [šumma amēlu qaqqassu kalm]atu matuqta mali \u00fa mur(var. mu-ur)-ru \u00e8um\u00e8u tubbal tasâk ina mê tuballal if a man's head is full of "sweet" vermin you dry and crush the herb called myrrh and mix it in water CT 23 50:5, var. from AMT 1,2:5, and passim in med. for ointments (TCL 6 34 ii 11, etc.), lotions (AMT 94,2 ii 10, etc.), potions (AMT 59,1 i 34, etc.), enemas (AMT 94,2 i 9, etc.), bandages (AMT 2,1:22, etc.), for ear diseases (AMT 37,2 r. 14, etc.), for loose teeth (CT 14 23 K.259:13, dupl. Köcher BAM 1 i 13, cf. STT 279:2), head diseases (CT 23 33:15), as a laxative (Küchler Beitr. pl. 19 iv 2), etc., see also Thompson DAB 339f.; (rarely in measured quantities) 10 gín šim.šeš (among other aromatics) Köcher BAM 7:2, 168:26, 216:21, Küchler Beitr. pl. 13 iv 40; note: GIŠ. Š[IM].ŠEŠ KUB 37 1:13, see AfO 16 48.
- b) in rit. use: Nfg.NA ŠIM.ŠEŠ ŠIM.LI a censer with myrrh and juniper KAR 72:9, cf. STT 242:23 (namburbi), BMS 33 r. 39, Biggs Šaziga 61:22, and passim in rit., ŠIM.ŠEŠ (in list of items for a rit.) ABL 368:13 (NA), also ADD 1042:9; ŠIM.ŠEŠ ... ina imitti bābi tasarraq LKA 115:4.
- c) in recipes for making perfume: Ú,ŠIM. ŠEŠ šá Ì.RÁ.RÁ myrrh used by the perfume maker(?) Köcher BAM 1 iii 22; 1 MA.NA murra one mina of myrrh (among other ingre-

dients) Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 42:26 (MA), cf. ibid. 28, 35, 50, also 45:26; note 2 sìla mê ša mur-[ri] ibid. 43:48; [x Ma.N]a šim mur-ru (among other aromatics) GCCI 2 258:2, cf. UCP 9 93 No. 27:15 (both NB).

- d) for use in tanning (in NB): (beside alum, oil and hūratu) 22 gín šim.šeš ... ana riṣittu Camb. 155:3, cf. 32 gín šim. šeš ... ana riṣinnētu Nbn. 413:1; kaspu ana šim.šeš nadin Nbn. 920:8.
- e) other occs.: (ša) šitti kaspim sibārātim u mu-ra-am šāmamma buy me .... and myrrh with the balance of the money TuM 1 3c:14, cf. 1 DUG mu-ra-am u DUG ša-bi-tám KTS 3a:4 (both OA); juššira šarru bēlī [I]Š+BI(for [Š]IM).ZAR.MEŠ // mu-ur-ra // ana ripu-ú-ti may the king, my lord, send me some myrrh as a medication EA 269:16; one talent of šim.šeš (as tribute) Scheil Tn. II 77, r. 9 and 25; Ú.ŠIM.ŠEŠ šá KUR mountaingrown myrrh Köcher BAM 1 iii 12; šammu šikinšu kīma ú urnê inibšu kīma giš.ú.gír mi Ú.BI ŠIM.ŠEŠ  $\check{s}um[\check{s}u]$  the plant which looks like the urnû-plant and whose fruit is like black acacia(?) is called myrrh Köcher Pflanzenkunde 33:10 (series šammu šikinšu); [GI].SA ubānāšu giš.šim.šeš nīlu[šu] his fingers are a bundle of reeds, his semen is myrrh LKA 72 r. 13, see TuL p. 47 r. 12.
- f) m.-scented oil: see Hh. XXIV 33, in lex. section; l na4 tābātum ì mur-ri one scent container with oil of myrrh EA 25 iv 51, note l na4 tābāte ša m[u]-u[r]-ri EA 22 iii 29 (both lists of gifts of Tušratta); ì šim.šeš ippaššaš CT 4 5:9, see KB 6/2 42; you mix (various ingredients) ina ì šim.šeš AMT 78,1:32; ì šim.šeš ana pūti[šu ...] you [apply] oil of myrrh to his forehead AMT 33,1:6, cf. ì šim.li ì šim.šeš ì gi.dùg.ga AMT 87,1:12, also ì giš.erin ì šim.šeš ì šim.li ibid. 9.
- **g**) seeds (of the m.-plant): NUMUN ŠIM. ŠEŠ: [...] CT 14 41 Rm. 2,497:1 and dupl. CT 37 26 ii 2; Ú NUMUN ŠIM.ŠEŠ: Ú NUMUN GEŠTIN.[KA<sub>5</sub>.A] CT 14 30 79-7-8,19:14, NUMUN GIŠ.A.AM NUMUN GIŠ mur-ri Köcher BAM 194 iii 16.

murru B murruqu

The translation "myrrh" has been provided with a query for the following reasons: the refs. to the seeds of the murru-plant show clearly that the designation murru does not always nor only refer to the costly imported resin but rather to a native "bitter" plant (see also mountain-grown murru Köcher BAM 1 iii 12). This is confirmed in NB texts by the use of murru for tanning. On the other hand, the refs. to murru-scented oil speak for the use of real myrrh. In most other passages, it cannot be decided whether real myrrh or a plant called murru with a similar astringent quality is meant.

G. Van Beek, Frankincense and Myrrh, BiAr 23 70ff., cf. also JAOS 78 141ff.

murru B s.; bitter taste; SB\*; wr. syll. and šeš; cf. marāru A.

If the wet nurse gives the baby a breast but he refuses to eat tulû šú-ú mur-ra išû ana tulî ešši tunakkaršuma that breast has a bitter taste, you should change him to a different breast Labat TDP 222:37; šumma nāru kīma idri MUN iḥammaṭu KI.MIN ŠEŠ išû if (the water in) a canal glows like saltpeter, variant: has a brackish taste CT 39 14:17 (SB Alu).

For LTBA 1 58 v 15 (= Hh. XXIV 266), see *marru* adj.

\*\*murru (AHw. 676b) in Labat TDP 92:28 and 232:16 (coll.) read  $\acute{u}$ -LAGAB.BE ( $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{h}ab$ -bat?).

murru see murhu.

murrû v.; to be silent, SB\*; II.

mu-ru-u' = qa-lu[m] šá a-w[a-ti] Malku IV 124.

la tu-mar-ri-i(var. -e) ešáku u dalhāku do not keep silent(?) (addressing Ištar), I am troubled and confused KAR 92 r. 20, dupl. LKA 144:10, var. from Rm. 247.

murrû see arû C and D v.

murruqu A (fem. murruqtu) adj.; fine, good quality; NB.\*

[ilt]ēt šir'am e-le-ni-tum mu-ru-qu-ut-tum babbānītu one especially fine outer tunic AJSL 16 73 No. 16:2 and 7; 5 TúG šir'am ina

libbi iltēt mu-ru-uq-[tú] five coats of mail, among (them) one fine one TCL 9 117:7; imēru mur-ru-qu ana abija ašappara I am sending the fine donkey to my father ibid. 127:19, cf. ibid. 16; kaspu mu-ru-qu fine silver (contrasted with ša ginni) CT 22 40:12 (all letters).

murruqu B adj.; clear, intelligible; SB\*; cf. murqu.

ul mur-ru-uq it (the cited omen passage) is not clear CT 41 33 r. 5, also ibid. 28:9, 29:17, 33:3 (all Alu Comm.), also ul mur-ru-[uq] ACh Ištar 30:42 (astrol. comm.).

Lambert BWL 306.

murruqu v.; to clear (a property sold) from claims; NB; II; inf. wr. mu-ur-qu BRM 2 55:18, etc.; cf. mumarriqānu.

ina ūmu paqāri ana muḥḥi dalāti šuāti ittabšû PN PN2 u PN3 dalāti šuāti ina mahar dajānē ú-mar-raq-<ú>-nim-ma ana PN, inan: dinu' when a claim arises concerning those doors, PN, PN2 and PN3 (the sellers) will in the presence of judges clear those doors from such claims and give them to PN<sub>4</sub> (the buyer) PBS 2/1 173:13, cf. (PN and PN<sub>2</sub>, her son) ardu šuātu ú-mar-raq-qu-ú-ma ina pān dajānē u šaļāri anna' ušazzazuma ana ūmu satu ana PN<sub>3</sub> inandinnu' UET 4 28:13, cf. (also in the presence of judges) ibid. 29:17, PBS 2/1 65:18; ina ūmu pagāri ana muhhi ardi šuāti ittabšû PN ardu šuāti ú-mar-ra-ga-am-ma ana PN2 inandin kî la un-dar-ri-qu-ma la ittannu 1 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR inandin when a claim arises about that slave, PN will clear that slave and give him to PN2 (the buyer), should he not be able to clear and return (him), he pays (the buyer) one mina of silver PBS 2/1 113:10f., cf. ūmu pagāri [ana] muhhi PN ardi šuāti 'PN2 [tu]-mar-raq-ma ana PN3 [tanan]din TCL 13 248:7, cf. also CT 4 32a:14, Dar. 537:13, (referring to a bow fief) BE 9 82:20, also ina karīšunu ú-mar-ra-qu-nim-ma (see karû A mng. 2) Dar. 379:68; ahāmeš ušallamu' u ú-mar-raq-u' UET 4 53 r. 18; PN ana PN2 GEMÉ šuāti tu-mar-raq-am-ma ana PN3 tanan: [din] VAS 5 128:14, cf. (also referring to a slave girl) ú-\(mar\ranger-rag-qa-\ranger-ma\) ana PN murruqu murrutu

inandin VAS 595:19; PN u PN2 nādin amēluttu ú-mar- (ra)-qa-ú-nim-ma ana PN, inandinnu' PSBA 5 104:14, note also kî nīdu ina muhhi bīt PN ittabšû PN2 bīta ú-mar-raq-am-ma ana PN<sub>3</sub> inandin YOS 6 143:9 (Nbn.); if a claim should be raised concerning that property PN ú-mar-raq-qa-ma adi 12.TA.AM(!) ana PN<sub>2</sub> ana ūmu sâtu inandin PN will clear (it) and pay PN<sub>2</sub> (the buyer) (a fine) twelve times (the value, against all claims arising) in the future BRM 2 48:18, cf. (referring to a prebend) ibid. 46:19, 22:18, cf. also PN PN<sub>2</sub> u PN<sub>3</sub> mārūšu ú-mar-raq-ú-ma adi 12.TA.ÀM ana PN, ana ūmu ṣâtu inandinu ibid. 49:15, cf. Bab. 15 189:15, Speleers Recueil 296:12, wr. ú-mar-raq. MEŠ BRM 2 36:24, VAS 15 38:14, cf. also adi 12.TA.ÀM ú-mar-raq-' ana PN ana ūmu sâtu inandinu' BRM 2 32:16, also 22:18, 26:18; they have not sold and will not sell any of that land to anyone but their sister PN u kî iddin u kî ittannu a-ki-i x-x-lu-ú ú-marrag-ma-' adi 12.TA.ÀM ana 'PN ... inandinu' and should they have sold (it) .... they will clear (it) and pay 'PN (a fine of) twelve times (the value) TCL 13 239:17, also BRM 1 98:15; pūt la arad-šarrūtu la mār-banûtu muru-qa u la paqāru ... PN naši VAS 5 73:7; pūt ahāmeš ana mu-ru-qu ana ūmu ṣâtu našû they bear mutual responsibility in perpetuity to vindicate (their right to sell) VAS 15 46:25, also TCL 13 235:24, (with ša kišubbā šuātu) VAS 15 44:15, (of a slave girl) BRM 2 10:14, wr. mur-ru-uq-[qu] BRM 2 49:16, wr. mu-urraq ša [... našû] BIN 2 136:22, pūt ahāmeš ana mu-ur-ru-qu ša kurummati šuātu . . . našû BRM 2 33:23, ana mu-ru-uq ša bīti VAS 15 27:21, pūt ahāmeš ana mu-ur-qu ša isgāti MU.MEŠ ... našú BRM 2 55:18, also, wr. mu-ur-qu ibid. 32:18, 39:23, VAS 15 12:16, 19:16, 39:52, 49:24.

The use of murruqu in NB corresponds to that of  $zukk\hat{u}$ , see  $zak\hat{u}$  mng. 5c.

Koschaker Bürgschaftsrecht 192–198; Landsberger, ZA 39 286ff.; Petschow Die neubabylonischen Kaufformulare 62; von Soden, Or. NS 35 18; Y. Muffs, Aramaic Legal Papyri from Elephantine p. 187f. n. 4.

murruqu see mumarriqānu.

murruqunu see mumarriqanu.

\*murruru A (marruru) adj.; bitter; OA\*; cf. marāru A.

3 kursānum rēštúm 2 kursānum ma-ru-ruum three kursānu-bags for fine (oil), two kursānu-bags for bitter (oil?) CCT 1 42b:7, cf. 1 Sìla.ta(?) ma-ru-ra-am u saḥirtam ibid. 14.

\*murruru B (marruru) adj.; castrated (lit. checked); MA\*; cf. murruru v.

If an official of the palace mazziz pani la-a mar-ru-ra ana ekalli ultēribu lets a mazziz pani-official who is not castrated (lit. checked) enter the palace AfO 17 286:100 (harem edicts).

murruru v.; to check; MA, MB, NB; II, II/2; cf. \*murruru B adj.

- a) in gen.: if he says to you, "I am not a thief," do not listen to him si-el-šú mu-ur-riir-šu-ma anše.meš ni-di-na-ak-ku check him with regard to his .... and we will give you the donkeys CT 43 60:22 (MB let.); kalûtu ugdam[mir i]škaru un-der-ri-ir I have finished the kalûtu-series, I have checked the ABL 1321 + 82-5-22,123:10, cf. UZU. I have checked the sá.gig un-der-ri-ir diagnostic omen(?) series ibid. 13, for the cf. uzu.di agâ join see Dietrich, WO 4 96, mur-[ru-ur] K.15789:5 (NB let., courtesy M. Dietrich).
- b) to check whether a person is castrated: kī mazziz pa-ni.Meš iḥīruni lu ša rēš šarri lu mazziz pani ša la mar-ru-ru-ni iqabbiu ša šanut[tēšu] ana mazziz panūtte iddunuš when they inspect (the harem) personnel, (various officials and a physician) will announce (if they find) a eunuch or a mazziz pani who has not been castrated (lit. checked), and they will hand him over a second time to be turned into a eunuch AfO 17 276:50 (harem edicts), cf. šumma la mar-ru-ur ša šanuttēšu ana mazziz panutte uta[rr]ušu ibid. 286:98.

(Biggs, History of Science 8 100); Oppenheim, Gaster Festschrift 330 n. 17.

murrutu s.; (an edible plant); NB.\*

ina zíd.da šá mur-ru-tu u zēri ša sungirti ša sirrīmū [l]a(?) ikkalu kabēšunu iḥaššaluma inappûma ... ina libbi balļu they live on murșu murșu

flour of m. and seeds of the sungirtu-plant which wild donkeys would not eat, crushing and sifting their pods ABL 1000:8 (NB let.); 3 BÁN qé-me mur-ru-tu(?) GCCI 2 149:1, but note zíd.da mur-ru (or harru, see harru B adj.) Nbk. 427:1.

A reading ha/urrutu is also possible.

murşu s.; 1. illness, 2. muruş libbi worry, preoccupation; from OA, OB on; pl. murşānu; wr. syll. (ma-ru-uş MRS 9 126 RS 17.159:7) and GIG (NÍG.GIG Iraq 31 87:49, TU.RA Ebeling KMI 55:14, Köcher BAM 159 vi 37, etc.); cf. marāşu.

tu.ra = mur-şu Igituh short version 67; du-ur TU = mu-ur-şu, mar-şu, ma-ra-şu A VII/4:62ff.; [du-ur] [KU] = [mu]-ur-şú = (Hitt.) GIC-an Sa Voc. G 9'; du-urTU = mur-şu CT 41 45:6 (Uruanna Comm.); [gi-e] [GI]G = mur-şu Recip. Ea A ii 20'; nig.gig = [mu-u]r-şú = (Hitt.) GIC-aš Izi Bogh. A 232; hu-ul HUL = mur-şu Idu I 63, also Sa Voc. AA 30; ta-ab TAB, TAB-tenû (oblique) = mur-şu Ea II Excerpt ii 17'f.; [di-ri] Aš = arratu, şibûtu, mur-şu Ugaritica 5 137 ii 46ff.

[di-ri] [si.A] = na-[s]a-hu šá GIG Diri I 31; zu. è.a =  $nap\bar{a}$ šu ša mu-u-si-im Nabnitu A 67, cf. [e] [DU<sub>6</sub>]+DU = pašāhu ša GIG Diri I 216; uzu. lugud.dé.a = šarāku ša GIG Nabnitu J 53; hu.tu.ul = ha-tu-u ša GIG Antagal E c 15; [šed<sub>7</sub>] = ndhu ša mur-si Antagal E b 4; Lù lu-lu \(\tilde{u}\) = naq-lu ša mur-si Nabnitu M 182; nam.tar = mur-[su] Izi Q 274; hu-uz Lum = pa-a-su šá GIG A V/1:31; hu-um Lum = hu-ur-pi GIG A V/1:13; [HAR].gig = mu-ru-us hasé, [šà].gig = mu lib-bi Antagal Fragm. e ii 4'f.

[tu].ra šèg.[ginx(GIM)] mu.un.šèg.gá.ta: [ultu] mu-úr-şú-u k[īma na]lši iznunu after disease had fallen like rain KAR 375 r. iv 25f.; tu.ra kala.ga.bi níg.ki ki.a šu.u.me.ni.te.gá : mu-ru-us-su danna zērmandi qaqqari lišamhiršu Šurpu VII 69f.; tu.ra.zu hé.en.sig.ga (var. hé.en.ib.sig.ga) : mu-ru-uş-ka lipšahma STT 179:33f., var. from CT 17 33:19; tu.ra nu.dùg. ga bar.bi zag sìg.ba.ni.ib : mur-şa(var. -şu) la ţābu ina zumrišu uk[kiš] 5R 50 ii 6, see Borger, JCS 21 6:45, cf. CT 17 22:123f., tu.ra nu.dùg. ga: mur-şu la ţābu STT 161:29f.; lú.bi tu.ra.a. ni dNammu.kex(KID) igi im.ma.an.sum : ša amēli šuātu mu-ru-us-su dmin īmurma 11,1:20f.; tu.ra nam.úš líl.lá.en.na ki. sikil.líl.lá.en.na : lu mur-şu mūtu lilû lilītu CT 16 4:155f.; [tu.r]a gi $_{\bf 5}$ .u $_{\bf 4}$ .na : mu-ru-uş  $m\bar{u}$ ši u urra ibid. 25:8; but tu.ra.gi, ù.na: mu-ru-uş kaşáti ASKT p. 84-85:56; gig.bi tu.ra ba.ná: marșiš ina mur-și nil he lies suffering from illness 4R 17:51f.; ki tu.ra ba.ná: ašar mur-și irtabșu UET 6 391:1; tu.ra en.gi.ša, níg im.gig.ga: mur-ș $\dot{u}$  tādiru ša ana m[a-r]u-u $\dot{s}$ -t[i ...] KUB 37 106:19 and dupl., see Cooper, ZA 61 15:20.

gal ì.zu gig.ga : rabītu mu-da-at mur-şi great lady who understands illness KAR 73 r. 13f., cf. ibid. 19f.; sag.gig  $gu_4.gin_x$  in. $du_7.du_7.e.d$ è: mu-ru-uş qaqqadi kīma alpi ittakkip the head illness gores like an ox CT 17 21:113f.; sag.gig zú.gig šà.gig : mu-ru-uş qaqqadi min šinni min libbi STT 161:33f.; [šà.gig lipiš.gig] tu.ra sag. gig: [mu-ru-uş lib]bi kīs libbi mur-şu di-'-i CT 16 24:8f., cf. šà.gig lipiš.gig sag.gig zú.gig: mu-ru-uş libbi kīs libbi mu-ru-uş qaqqadi min sinni CT 17 11:99f., also ASKT p. 82-83:23f., 84-85:55, and passim; lú.tu.ra gig.ga.a.ni ķé.im.ma. ra.ab.[è]: ša mar-și mu-ru-us-su (var. mu-ra-assu) littași 4R 29 No. 1 r. 19f., var. from STT 182 r. 5f.; na.ám.tag.ga gig.ga hul.àm : anni mur-şu lemnu BA 5 639 No. 8:7f.; gig nam su.bi.šè gál.la : ša mur-su ina zumrišu bašû in whose body there is illness AfO 14 150:227ff.

kimkimmu, li'bu, [m]angu, šikṣu, raḥhatu, e'ēlu = mur-ṣu Malku IV 56ff.; hattu = mu-ur-ṣu An IX 39

[TU.R]A KÌLIB.BA =  $nap\cdot har$   $mur\cdot su$  BRM 4 32:18 (med. comm.);  $lu\cdot rum = mur\cdot su$  CT 41 31:33 (Alu Comm.);  $su\cdot ul$  ŠUL =  $li\cdot e\cdot bu$  ||  $mur\cdot su$  aššum [...] A VIII/3 Comm. r. 23; [...] || šá·ba-tu ša ra-pa-di || MIN ||  $mur\cdot sa$  ||  $e\cdot k[e(?)\cdot m]i(?)$  šá ha-ba-l[u] A II/1 Comm. r. 9;  $si\cdot ik\cdot su = mur\cdot su$  — siksu (predicts) illness (commenting on summa martu  $si\cdot ik\cdot s[i$  ...]) CT 20 41 r. 19 (ext. comm.), dupl. CT 18 24 K.6842:6;  $mun\cdot ga$  ||  $mur\cdot su$  JNES 33 336:1 (med. comm.).

1. illness — a) in gen.: annakam mu-ursa(!)-am ša PN ašme ammakam šumma šalim amuršuma here I have heard about PN's illness, check there whether he is well AAA 1 pl. 26 No. 13:3, ef. u játi mu-ur-sú-um TCL 19 25:9, also (uncert.) *imqutamma*  $ass\bar{e}r \ mur-si-a$  TCL 20 112:19 (all OA); [ina] GN mu-[u]r-sa-nu-ma  $m\bar{u}tum$  wagar there are many cases of illness in GN, but a death is rare Finet, AIPHOS 14 128:8 (Mari let.); mu-ur-sú-um isbatannimma ina napištim an: nadi TCL 1 43:17 (OB let.); šībāti u mur-șú dannu ana šīr ramānija I am old and very ill EA 137:29, cf. u mur- $s\acute{u}$ - $\acute{u}$  magal ibid. 32; PN mu-ru-sà itaššīšima (see marāsu mng. 1a-2') Waterman Bus. Doc. 42:3 (OB); šumma libbi bēlija warkat mu-ur-sí-im annîm liprus if my lord is willing, he should inquire (by extispicy) about this illness (I suffer) ARM 10 87:22; aššum mu-ur-sí-ka ammīnim la taš: puram why did you not write me about your

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illness? ARM 10 169:8, cf. ibid. 12; PN imras u mu-ru-us-sú ša awīlim šâti iqbêmma PN fell ill and he told me about that man's illness Laessøe Shemshara Tablets 33 SH 920:30, tēm mur-si-ša kî iš'aluši BE 17 22:8 (MB let.); [mu]-ur-sa amrasu the sickness I have contracted Ugaritica 5 162:22, cf. ul iqbû a-damur-si-ia (for adan mursija) they could set no limit on my illness ibid. 8 (wisdom); u GIG kî ipādaššu when illness befell him KBo 1 10 r. 35 (let.); mu-ur-sú iktabit the sickness became more severe Atiqot 2 122 r. 10 (Gilg. Megiddo); inanna ištu GIG-ia abtalut MRS 9 222 RS 17.383:34; mur-si arhiš iggamir my illness was quickly put to an end Lambert BWL 50:49 (Ludlul III);  $ul\ mu$ -ur-su- $um \ll [u]l$ mimma» mimma hitītum ul ibašši there is no sickness and no absence ARM 2 118:6, cf. ibid. 24 r. 25'; mu-ur-sa immiduniāti will they put sickness upon us? Lambert-Millard Atrahasis 68 I 371 (OB); aklu u mê ina pīšu iprusma mu-ru-uș la tebê ēmid ramanšu he refused food and water and thus brought a permanent illness upon himself TCL 3 151 (Sar.); la a[kā]lu la šatû ţēmu ušašša mur-şu uradda not eating or drinking confuses the mind, adds sickness ABL 5 r. 18, see Parpola LAS No. 143; ašar mur-si u ta-ku-li-e aškun š[u-a-a] wherever there is sickness or wounds(?) I (the physician) have applied my hands STT 38:123, see AnSt 6 156 (Poor Man of Nippur); ul ušāpi āšipu šikin mur-și-ia the exorcist was unable to diagnose my illness Lambert BWL 44:110 (Ludlul II), cf. atâ šikin GIGia anniju la tammar bultēšu la teppaš why do you not check on the nature of this illness of mine and effect a cure for it? ABL 391:9 (NA), cf. also (you, Šamaš, know) šikin gig-šú iṣi u ma'du the nature of his (Assurbanipal's) illness, slight or serious PRT 106:19.

b) in med. contexts: šumma amēlu IGI. SIG7.SIG7 GIG-ma GIG-su ana libbi īnīšu illā if a man is sick with jaundice and his sickness moves into his eyes Küchler Beitr. pl. 18 i 4, cf. NA.BI GIG la tēbū iṣbassu that man has contracted an incurable disease CT 23 46:28, also Köcher BAM 66:25; GIG-su ana qaqqadišu

ippuš Köcher BAM 3 iii 37; ana x GIG-ša NU GÍD.DA so that her illnes does not last long ibid. 237 iv 30, ef. ana GIG-šu NU GÍD.DA ibid. 66:14, AMT 101,3 i 21, ana GIG-su NU GÍD.DA Köcher BAM 416:2, 9, etc.; GIG iltazaz ina zumrišu ul ippattar the illness persists and does not leave his body ibid. 124 ii 7; šumma GIG ša nība la išû mahiş if he is afflicted with an illness that has no name KUB 4 62:4; GIG DÙ.A.BI (ina) SU NA DU. every illness will leave the man's body Köcher BAM 253:39, cf. the imhur-limu-plant ana GIG DÙ.A.BI damiq ibid. 379 i 33 (series šammu šikinšu); šū mur-su-um-ma inaššar it (the lotion) will remove the illness ABL 391 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 246; mu-ru-us-su ussa ABL 348 r. 6 (NA); ina qāt asî tūrti GIG irši AMT 101,3 i 15, dupl. AMT 2,7:4, cf. ana GIG- $\check{s}\check{u}$  GUR.GUR AMT 41,1:33; [ana] ... mu-ru-u $\check{s}$ DÙ.A.BI BÚR Köcher BAM 232 i 23, cf. kal GIG ibid. 216:28, Wr. TU.RA.KILIB.BA ibid. 159 vi 37, 183:22, 197:41.

- c) referring to specific ailments: ēntu gig nīkti imāt the ēntu-priestess will die of a venereal disease KAR 153 r.(!) 8 (SB ext.), cf. GIG naki GIG Labat TDP 110:10; GIG nah= šāti marsat KAR 153 r.(!) 12 (SB ext.), also ekkētu, midru, ruţibtu, ṣētu; with parts of the body: GIG ini [ana ini]ša GIG ahi a[na ahi]ša gig šēpī a[na šēpī]ša gig libbi a[na libbiša] GIG qaqqadi [ . . . ] CT 15 46:70ff. (Descent of Ištar), cf. GIG SAG.KI.MU ana SAG.KI-ka Köcher BAM 212:9, dupls. ibid. 213:2, LKU 37:4ff., and passim; lazzu GIG qaqqadi persistent illness of the head Lambert BWL 52:14 (Ludlul III); GIG qabli ibaššīšu KAR 177 r. ii 24, dupl. KAR 147 r. 10, also KAR 177 r. ii 13, 17 and dupls. Iraq 21 50:35 and 52:40 (SB hemer.); note mur-si šat(!)-ti [š $\hat{u}$ ] it is a seasonal disease ABL 663:11, see Parpola LAS No. 182.
- d) in omen apodoses: rubûm mu-ur-ṣa-am dannam imarraṣ the prince will contract a serious illness CT 44 37 r. 15 (OB ext.); mu-ur-ṣa-am «mu-ur-ṣa-am» ú-ub-[ba-al?] (the feature of the exta) brings illness RA 44 13:13 (OB ext.); Lứ ina mu-ur-ṣi-šu arhiš imât Or. NS 32 383:5, cf. Lứ mar-ṣu mu-r[u-s]ú

murşu murşu

i[rri]kma iballut ibid. 4 (OB flour omens); mu-ru-us-sú irrik TLB 2 27:5 (OB diagn.), wr. GIG-su GÍD-ma Labat TDP 72:15, and passim, wr. gig-us-su PRT 138:2, also gig.bi gig-su GÍD.DA CT 40 48:34 (SB Alu); GIG.BI GIG-su izzibšu the sick man's illness will leave him awīlam mu-ur-şum CT 38 39:21 (SB Alu); isabbassuma iballut YOS 10 59:2 (OB oil omens), cf. GIG isabbassu CT 38 27:10 (SB Alu), KAR 178 iv 36 (hemer.), GIG dannu isabbassu Labat Calendrier § 41':20; marşum mu-ru-ussú inandišu CT 3 3:45; marşam mu-ru-ussú išannišu CT 5 5:46 (both OB oil omens), also YOS 10 25 r. 58; mar-sum ina mu-ur-síšu ilum usannaqšum[a] BM 87635:15' and lower edge 1 (OB oil omens, courtesy A. Sachs), cf. YOS 10 46 v 28; lumun libbim i-bi-us-sú ù mu-ur-sú trouble, losses and illness YOS 10 31 iii 40 (OB ext.); lu mēsir gig lu mēsir ekalli DIB-su Labat Calendrier § 49:9, cf. lu GIG lu mēsir ekalli DIB-su ibid. § 44:9, lu gig lu kīlu dannu işabbassu CT 38 33:6, 34:24 (SB Alu); gihlû u gig [ina bīt amēli ibaššû] there will be mourning and sickness in the man's house KUB 4 45 ii 7; kal šatti gig nu itehhīšu he will have no illness for the entire year KAR 177 r. i 44 (both hemer.); note the pl. mu-ur-ṣa-nu ibbaššû YOS 10 42 i 27 (OB ext.), wr. GIG.MEŠ ina māti imandu Labat Calendrier § 75:5, also KAR 152 r. 17f., etc.

e) in curses and blessings: may Ninkarrak make erupt in him mur-sa-am kabtam asakkam lemnam simmam marşam CH xliv 55, cf. mu-ur-sa da[nna?] MDP 6 p. 45 v 5 (kudurru); Gula azugallutu rabītu GIG tānihu simmu lazzu ina zu-um- (ri)-ku-nu liškun Wiseman Treaties 461, cf. ina qātē Gula azugallatu rabītu GIG la pādû ina libbišu li[bši(?)] KAR 111 r. 8, see Hunger Kolophone No. 233; ana ... NU GÁL-e GIG-šú in order not to have any illness AfO 14 pl. 6 r. 13, see Hunger Kolophone No. 91, TCL 6 37 iv 48, see Hunger Kolophone No. 106, for other refs., see Hunger Kolophone index s.v. also ana ... la GÁL GIG-šú No. 2:11 (Adn. III); note (in greeting formula) ana balāt napšāti tūb libbi tūb šēri la bašê muur-şu u panī hadûtu ša šarri u mār šarri ana muhhi bēlija usallu YOS 3 194:8 (NB let.).

- f) with ref. to gods as healers: I (Gula) hold all the herbs unessi mur-su I remove illness Or. NS 36 120:80; Ištar checks on the people GIG itabbal GIG išakkan LKA 69:7 and dupl. 70 i 6f., see TuL p. 49; usuh GIG-su RA 16 78 No. 260:5 (MB seal), see Limet Sceaux Cassites 7.10, cf. Haupt Nimrodepos No. 53:15 (hymn to Gilg.); ZI-ih GIG ša zumrija BMS 30:12, see Ebeling Handerhebung 120; u[k]-kiš GIG. MU (var. mur-si) qibi balati LKA 43 r. 8 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 34:32; [GIG] ša zumrija tablama KAR 267 r. 23, cf. GIG.MU litbal ibid. r. 21; he says: GIG KA-ia tabli AMT 21,7:5; linnessi GIG ša zumrija may my body's illness be put far off BMS 33:28, dupl. BMS 1:45, see Ebeling Handerhebung 124, cf. ana nasāh GIG-ia ana šupšur ma-me-ti-i[a] (I pray to you) to take away my illness, to dissolve the effects of a broken taboo KUB 4 47 r. 14, cf. nāsih mur-și Craig ABRT 1 59 K.8961:8, cf. KAR 74 r. 11, 17f.; Níg.gig (var. [mur-s]u) marṣāku <ša> ilī atta tīd[û] anāku la idû BMS 12:49, see von Soden, Iraq 31 87, cf. lu mimma GIG ša anāku la idû LKU 57 r. 3; Ningirsu ... lihalliq mur-su Šurpu IV 101, cf. Adad ... likkiš mur-su ibid. 94, Papsukkal ... lirīq mur-su ibid. 97.
- g) in enumeration of ills and rituals for dispelling them: GIG lumun libbi uddû huluq: qû ritkusa ittija Streck Asb. 252 No. 8 r. 4; x-nu gig kabta ra-kis(giš) [ina] su-i[a(?)]Lambert BWL 48:5 (Ludlul III); aššum upiš lemutti GIG la țābi arni gillati hițīti ša ina zumrija [ibaššû] BMS 50:17, see Ebeling Handerhebung 146, cf. GIG tānihi arni šērti gillati GIG di-hu Surpu V-VI 108 and 118; diliptu KAR 298 r. 40, cf. GIG tānihu di'u diliptu nissatu la tūb šēri Wiseman Treaties 418a, see Borger, ZA 54 187, cf. AfO 19 58:125, di'um mu-ur-șu šuruppû CT 51 142:4, and passim in similar enumerations; GIG NU DUG.GA (var. [mur-s]u la ta-a-bu) BMS 12:52, see Iraq 31 87; lu mimma mur-șu ša mamma la idû or any illness which nobody knows KAR 73:5, cf. lu mimma mur-șu ša marṣākuma ibid. 20; aj ithišu gig may illness not come near him RA 18 18 ii 17, cf. Tu. RA ul ițehhīšu KMI 55:14; māmātušu liptaššira GIG.MEŠ-šú (= mursātušu

murta'imu murtappidu

or murṣānušu) littakkiša (see akāšu mng. 4) Šurpu IV 88, JNES 15 136:79; luddikkum TU<sub>6</sub> ṭāridat kala mu-úr-ṣ[i] I would "cast" upon you the incantation which drives away every illness CT 42 No. 32:1, cf. ibid. 21 (OB inc.), see von Soden, BiOr 18 71; ṣalam mur-ṣi ša ṭīdi teppuš you make a clay representation of the illness KAR 66:8, cf. ibid. 19 (SB rit.).

murus libbi worry, preoccupation:  $a\check{s}\check{s}um$  mu-ru-u $\check{s}$  [li]-ib-bi-ia . . . a[na  $\check{s}\bar{e}]r$ bēlija ašpuramma I have written to my lord about my concern ARM 10 74:4, cf. ibid. 11 and 30, ARM 2 32:29, also mu-ru-us li-ib-bi-im ša SAL šâti ileqqûnim ARM 10 153:13; aššum ina mu-ru-(us) li-ib-bi-ka kiam tašpuram TLB 4 79:5, cf. Kraus AbB 1 53:13, 88:6, mu-ru-iş li-bi-ka AJSL 32 278:12; țēmim ša mu-ru-uș(text -tum) li-bi-ia maḥrika aškunu Sumer 14 69 No. 44:5, cf. TCL 1 18:7, also mu-ru-uş [li-ib-bi-ia] maḥar PN ašak[kan] ARM 1 108:25; mu-ru- $\lceil u_{\bar{s}} \rceil$  li-ib-bi-im Boyer Contribution No. 106:26, cf. mu-ru-us li-ib-[bi]ka tušēliamma libbaka unappiš ibid. 8; muru-is li-ib-bi-im ahum ana ahim irašši Sumer 14 38 No. 16:9 (all OB letters); mu-ru-u[s] li-ib- $[bi-ia\ e]li\ ša\ panānu\ imti[dma]\ ARM\ 2\ 113:25;$ mu-ru-uş šà itanmuru KBo 1 14 r. 16, [mu-ru]-uş šà immar ibid. 18 (let.); matimaabuka ša mu-ru-iș l[i-ib-bi-im] ul išû ARM 5 76:8; mu-ru-us šà-bi-ia ugdammera ABL 1285 r. 4 (NB); ūmešam mu-ru-uṣ šà-šú ana DN [ . . .] he should [tell?] his worries every day before Samaš AMT 87,2:8, cf. mu-ru-uş šà-ka ana Samaš DUG<sub>4</sub>.[x] ibid. 3, also mu-ru-us šà-šú lidbub AMT 90,1:14; note with gaggadu: ana muhhi RN ma-ru-uş qaqqadiğu ubta'i she tried to cause trouble for RN MRS 9 126 RS 17.159:7.

In LBAT 1598:1ff. (LB astrol.) read  $\mu$ UL.GIG (=  $z\bar{\imath}ru$ ).

murta'imu s.; thunderer(?) (a name of Adad); god list.\*

 ${}^{d}Ra$ -mi-mu,  ${}^{d}Ra$ -gi-mu,  ${}^{d}Murta$ snu,  ${}^{d}Mur$ -ta-i-mu =  ${}^{d}IM$  CT 25 16:24 ff.

Since a verb \*ra'āmu of a suitable meaning is not attested, and from ramāmu a form \*murtammimu would be expected even in

NA, it is possible that this entry should be read mur-ta-aṣ(!)-mu and represents a variant murtaṣmu to murtaṣnu, q.v., with the sign Az taken by the scribe as the sign I.

murtâmū (muštâmū) s. pl.; lovers; OB, MB, SB; ef. râmu.

 $mu\ddot{s}$ -ta-mu (var.  $mu\ddot{s}$ -ta-mu-u) =  $\ddot{s}u$ -da-[d]u (var.  $\ddot{s}u$ -ta-[x], cf.  $\ddot{s}u$ -da-du = ra-i-mu An VIII 65) Malku III 40.

- a) said of gods: DN u DN<sub>2</sub> DINGIR.MEŠ  $m\acute{u}r$ -ta-mu Šuqamuna and Šumalija, the gods who love each other MDP 2 pl. 17 iv 22 (MB kudurru), see Balkan Kassit. Stud. 118, cf.  $B\bar{e}l$  u  $B\bar{e}ltija$  DINGIR.MEŠ mur-ta-a-me Borger Esarh. 88 r. 11.
- b) said of human beings: ÉŠ.GÀR mur-ta-mi composition: The Lovers KAR 158 viii 4 (catalog of songs); mur-ta-mu i-ze-nu-ú lovers will have a quarrel PRT 138:10, mun-zi-rù (= muzzirrū) irtammu mu-úr-ta-mu izzirru those who hate each other will love each other, lovers will hate each other Susa XII/2:15, cited Labat, BiOr 30 58b; ana mu-ur-ta-am libbi ajar kīni tabanni atta you create the spring flowers(?) for the lovers KUB 4 4:7, for Hitt. version see Friedrich, ZA 49 248 n. 1 and Laroche, RA 58 73.
- c) said of animals: [MUŠ.MEŠ mur]-ta-mi ša ina bīti innamru copulating snakes which were seen in the house RA 65 163:6 (namburbi), see Nougayrol, ibid. 162.

In BBSt. pl. xcviii case 2:2 read possibly <sup>d</sup>MUŠ  $\langle u \rangle$  ti-mi, see  $bir\bar{i}t$  mng. 1d.

murtappidu (multappidu) adj.; roving; OB, MB, Bogh., SB; cf. rapādu.

 $sag.du_8.du_8 = \delta ab$ -bi-țu, muḥeš $\delta a$ , mur-tap-pi-du ZA 9 162 iii 15 (group voc.).

sag.tab.sila.šub.šub gi.dim me sag nu. ti.la: rēṣ eṭemmu mur-tap-pi-du(var.-di) ša dūtu la paqdu (Šamaš) the helper of the roving ghost who has no virility UVB 15 36:10.

a) referring to ghosts: dGIDIM mur-tappi-du<sub>4</sub> DIB-uš la idû without his knowing it a roving ghost has seized him ZA 45 206 iv 4 (Bogh.); GIDIM mur-tap-pi-du ina ṣēri iṣbassu (diagnosis) Labat TDP 192:36, cf.  $q\bar{a}t$  GIDIM murtaşnu mur'u

mur-tap-pi-du ina sēri isbassu ibid. 76:62, also gāt gidim mur-ta[p-pi]-du imât it is "hand of a roving ghost," he will die ibid. 182:47; GIDIM mur(text MA)-tap-pi(!)-du ina şēri işbassu Köcher BAM 216:56, also 385:17, AMT 96,8:3 + 94,2 ii 22; ipqidanni ana GIDIM ahî mur-tap-pi-du ša la išû nišūtu she (the witch) has handed me over to the roving ghost of a stranger which has no family BRM 4 18:7 and 16, see Ebeling, Or. NS 22 359 and Weidner, AfO 16 72, cf. ana GIDIM murtap-pi-du ša pāqida la išû tapqidainni Maqlu IV 21, cf. KAR 32:11; mītu mur-tap-pi-du etem: mu halqu Šamaš imhuruka talteme kalama the wandering dead, the vagrant ghost confront you, Šamaš, you hear all Lambert BWL 134:145 (hymn to Šamaš); lu etemmu ša ina dīkti diku lu gidim mur-tap-pi-du annû šû annû salamšu either a ghost of one killed in a massacre or a roving ghost — this is he, this is a figurine of him BMS 53:10, dupl. KAR 267 r. 10, see TuL p. 141, cf. lu GIDIM mur-tap-pidu lu gidim muttaggišu LKA 84:23, see TuL p. 145; note GIDIM  $mu-\dot{u}[r(\text{or }-u[\check{s}])-tap-pi$ du ...] AMT 85,2:5.

b) other occs.: kakkum mu-úr-ta-ap-pi-du elišu līšir may the roving weapon go straight at him Bab. 12 pl. 13:3 (OB Etana), also, wr. mur-tap-pi-du ibid. pl. 1:15 (SB version), wr. mul-tap-pi-du AfO 14 299 (pl. 9) i 4; u ša akkannu mur-tap-p[i-d]u namū [na]rbassu the steppe is the habitat of the roving wild ass Lambert BWL 144:28, cf. akkannu mur-tap-pi-du (in broken context) ibid. 22 (Dialogue of Pessimism); uncert.: mur-tap-di (in broken context) AfO 18 50 Rm. 142:14 (Tn.-Epic).

murtașnu s.; roaring; SB\*; cf. rașānu.

 $u_4$  ib.ba.ru.ru.gú :  $\bar{u}mu$  mur-ta-aş-nu K.10270:8f. (courtesy W. G. Lambert);  ${}^dMur-ta-aş-nu=min$  (= Adad) CT 25 16 i 26 (list of gods).

Adad [mur]-ta-aṣ-nu šūpū ilu gašru Adad, the roaring, the superb one, the mighty god BMS 21:76, see Ebeling Handerhebung 104:26; Adad...mur-ta-aṣ-nu KAV 171:17 (Sin-šarra-iškun), cf. tanīd... Adad lussaqar ila mu-ur-ta-aṣ-na (incipit) KAR 158 i 29.

See murta'imu discussion section.

murtaššû s.; offender(?); lex.\*; cf. ruššû v.

gab.te.te = mur-taš-šu-u (beside forms of ruššů) ZA 9 160 i 25 (group voc.); lú.te.te = mu-ur-taš-šu-u ibid. 28.

murteddû (fem. murteddītu) adj.; 1. persecuting, persecutor, 2. follower, retainer; MB, SB; cf. redû.

lugal.a.rá.ús.sa = šu-ú, mu-ur-te-du-ú (var. mur-te-du-u) Lugal Lu IV 156f.; ga.ab.ús = mur-te-du-ú Izi V 124.

- 1. persecuting, persecutor: igi.ús eme. ús ... su.bar.ra hé.zi.zi : i-nu-um muur(or uš)-te-di-tum ... ina zumrišu lit[bû] may the persecuting (evil) eye, (persecuting tongue, evil tongue) leave his body van Dijk, Studien Falkenstein 262:53 (MB(?) rit.); in independent use: Šamaš ina dīnika mur-te(text-tu)du-u aj uṣi O Šamaš, let the persecutor not escape your judgment Lambert BWL 200:17 (fable).
  - 2. follower, retainer: see Lu, in lex. section.

murtu (order) see urtu.

murtu see hartu.

mūrtu see mūru.

mur'u s.; (an official); RS, Nuzi; foreign word.

a) in RS: 3 kù. BABBAR ša Lú a-ši-ru-ma 3 KÙ.BABBAR ša LÚ mur-ú-ma three (shekels of) silver for the aširu's, three (shekels of) silver for the m.-s MRS 12 116:5;  $18\frac{1}{2}$  shekels of silver ina qāt PN LÚ mur-u MRS 6 195 RS 11.839:22; LÚ.MEŠ mur- $\acute{u}$ -ma (among other professions) MRS 12 131:5; LÚ mur-ú PN ibid. 93:16, also MRS 6 203 RS 16.257+ iv 21; (the king removed PN) ištu pilki LÚ.MEŠ mur-i PN<sub>2</sub> from the service of the m.-s of PN<sub>2</sub> MRS 6 162 RS 16.348:5; pilkama LÚ.MEŠ mur-ú lú.maškim ubbal he will perform the service of the m.-s of the rābisu ibid. 146 RS 16.139:14; L[ $\acute{\mathbf{u}}$  mu]r- $\acute{\mathbf{u}}$   $\check{\mathbf{s}}$  arri 5 five are the m.-s of the king MRS 12 93:2; Lứ mur-ứ Lứ sākini 3 ibid. 9.

murû müru

b) in Nuzi: PN LÚ.SIPA ša PN<sub>2</sub> ana muru-ti īteli AASOR 16 6:7, cf. PN (same person) LÚ mu-ru ibid. 16; PN itti PN<sub>2</sub> mu-ri ana huršān illak PN will go to the ordeal with PN<sub>2</sub>, the m. HSS 5 50:11.

In Nuzi, mu-ru may be a designation for a shepherd, and not related to the mur'u-persons in RS. For Ugar. refs. see Aistleitner Wörterbuch 194 s.v. mr<sup>y</sup>.

R. Haase, ZA 58 202 n. 25 (with previous lit.).

murû s.; rainstorm; RS lex.\*; Sum. lw.

[mu-ru] IM.DUGUD = mu-ru-ú, im(!)-ba-rum, šal-gum Diri RS Recension III 53, parallel (without m.) Diri IV 119f., Proto-Diri 397, cited imbaru lex. section.

mūru (fem. mūrtu, mūštu) s.; 1. foal (donkey or horse), 2. calf, 3. mūr mê (an insect); from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and Anše.nita/nitá; cf. mūr nisqi.

ANŠE<sup>du-ur</sup>NITÁ = mu-ú-ri (followed by nāgigu, šāgigu, raqqidu) Hh. XIII 376; du-ur ANŠE.NITÁ = mu-ú-[ru] A VI/3 ii 8'; ANŠE.NITÁ = [mu]-rum Proto-Diri 433.

ama.a = mu- $\acute{u}r$  me-e, ummi  $m\acute{e}$  (name of an insect) Hh. XIV 346-346a, cf. [ama].a = um- $m\grave{i}$  A.MEŠ m[u-ur A.MEŠ] A 3476 r. 4 (Uruanna).

ANŠE.NITÁ gù di nab.šám.šám (OB version: ANŠE.NITA r gù di na ab.ta.šám.šám): mu-ú-ra na-[gi-ga...] one should not buy a donkey that brays too much Lambert BWL 95:7, Sum. from RA 60 3 (Instructions of Šuruppak).

[sa]-ar-hu = mu- $\acute{u}$ -rum Malku V 38; mu- $\acute{u}$ -ru = ma-a-ru Explicit Malku I 190.

- 1. foal (donkey or horse) a) referring specifically to donkeys 1' in econ.: grain for mu-ru-ú (beside pa-ru-ú mules) PBS 2/2 61:7 (MB); barley ana mu-re-e HSS 13 382:2; 20 kuš.meš ša mu-ú-ru-ú ša anše.meš twenty hides of donkey foals HSS 16 432:3; x anše. meš qadu mu-re-e x donkeys with foals ibid. 434:13, also ibid. 8ff., cf. l anše.sal itti mu-ri-šu-ma sal AASOR 16 45:6, also HSS 19 63:12 and 23; uncert.: 2 mu-re-e [...] HSS 13 384:1 (all Nuzi).
- 2' in lit. and omens: laḥrum puḥādaš atānum mu-ra-áš (as) the ewe (....-s) her lamb, the she-donkey, her foal MAD 5 No. 8:24 (OAkk.); [i]dūša mu-ri-ši-na SAL.ANŠE.

MEŠ [i]zīra būrīšina ÁB.GAL.MEŠ she-donkeys trampled their foals, cows repulsed their calves Thompson Gilg. pl. 59:7 (SB lit.); Ištar went forth to battle šulmu ana mu-ri-ša 4R 61 v 29 (NA oracles for Esarh.); šumma ANŠE iššegūma anše.nita-šu(var. -ša) gaz if a donkey goes mad and kills its young CT 40 33:10f., restoration and var. from TCL 6 8:9f. (SB Alu); exceptionally referring to a mature donkey: kīma DN irhû būlšu lahru immerša just as Šakkan has SAL.ANŠE mu-ur-ša impregnated his cattle, its ram, the ewe, its stallion, the she-donkey Maqlu VII 25, cf.  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ irh\hat{\imath}l\ \hat{S}akkan\ b\bar{\imath}ll\dot{s}u\ \dots\ U_{8}\ im(!)-mi-ra-\dot{s}a$ SAL.ANŠE mu-ra-ša-am AMT 67,3:5 (inc.), see Landsberger, MSL 8/1 p. 31.

b) referring specifically to horses — 1' in econ.: mu-ru mu-ur-tum puhālu (as heading of a list) Aro, WZJ 8 572:5 (MB); 1 ANŠE. KUR.RA mu-ú-ru NITA ana PN JEN 264:11, ef. 1 anše.kur.ra ... 2 mu-ú-ru ša qāt [PN] HSS 15 117:2, and passim in this text; 1 mu-ru (in text listing horses with age and sex qualifications) ibid. 104:1 (all Nuzi); [ANŠE. KUR.R]A.MEŠ puhālī mu-re-e šaqûti šūbila KBo 1 10 r. 62, cf. [...] mu-re-e šūbila sīsê ... ina mātija ma'du send me foals, there are many (full-grown) horses in my country ibid. r. 65 (let.); as Akkadogram: 1 ANŠE.KUR. RA SAL, AL, LAL I ANŠE, KUR, RA MU-RU SAL, AL. LAL 2 ANŠE.KUR.RA.NITA 2 ANŠE.KUR.RA TUR StBoT 1 20 i 5; ANŠE mu-uš-ti BM 30913 edge

2' in lit.: sīsû āliku mu-ur-šú ... ušaddi ArOr 17/1 204:12; [m]u- $\acute{u}$ -ru ša [tu-ul-li]-di  $k\hat{i}$ jāti lu lāsim let the colt you bear be a swift runner like me (the horse) Lambert BWL 218 iv 17; the gods of Sumer and Akkad kima mu-re-e anhūte panuššu (n) ittanakkaru were sad in appearance like tired foals Streck Asb. 268 iii 18, ef. ilāni GN u GN, harr [ān Bābili işbatu kima mu-re-e anhūti ša [...] Borger Esarh. 91 § 60:3; atta la tapallah mu-u-ri ša anāku urabbûni be not afraid, my colt, whom I have reared Craig ABRT 127 r. 11 (NA oracles); šamrūte mu-re-e simdat nīrišu elišu anzâniš ušparrišma (for translat. see anzâniš) RA 27 18:16 (Til-Barsip), cf. mu-re-e mur nimūru murzīnu

is-qi (see mūr nisqi usage a) TCL 3 171 (Sar.); šumma SAL.ANŠE (var. adds ANŠE.KUR.RA) ANŠE.NITA-ša ù lu silīs[sa] īkul if a mare devours her foal or her afterbirth CT 40 34:31 (SB Alu).

- 2. calf (domesticated and wild) a) in econ.: 1 GUD.SAL Ù.TU itti mu-ri-šu NITA ša waldu one cow who has (just) given birth together with the bull calf she bore HSS 13 425:2 (Nuzi); 33 GÍN.MEŠ ina libbi 2 GUD.APIN. MEŠ 8 GÍN.MEŠ ina libbi GUD mu-u-ru 33 shekels for two draft oxen, eight shekels for a young ox AnSt 3 23 r. 6 (NA); 67 mu-ru ša MU 67 calves, yearlings (preceded by GUD. NITÁ of various ages) KAJ 289:11, cf. x mu-ra-tum ša MU (preceded by GUD.ÁB's) ibid.4.
- b) in lit.: (x) mu-ri.Meš balţūte ša AM.Meš uṣabbita I captured x (number left blank) young wild oxen alive AKA 139 iv 6 (Tigl. I); AB mu(!)-ur-ša u si-li-[is-sa īkul] (if) a cow eats her calf and her afterbirth Leichty Izbu p. 198 K.6743:13 (Alu excerpt?).
- 3. mūr mê (an insect): see Hh. XIV 346, in lex. section.

The sign combination ANŠE.NITA/NITÁ does not everywhere stand for  $m\bar{u}ru$ ; in such passages as LKU 124 r. 15–20, ArOr 17/1 204:10, AnSt 7 128:22, KAJ 311:5ff., Iraq 18 41:17, 20, ADD 1036 ii 11, Borger Esarh. 54 iv 17, Gilg. VI 19, etc., it means "(mature) male donkey" and its reading is unknown.

For KTS 3a:4 see murru.

mūru see mīru C discussion section.

murudû (murdû) s.; (a kind of grating or fence); OB, MB, SB; Sum. lw.

giš.murú.dù =  $\S$ U-u (var. mu-ru-du-u) Hh. VII B 135.

gi.gur<sub>5</sub>.uš.bi mu.lu šà.gig.ga.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) šu ma.al.[gur<sub>4</sub>.gur<sub>4</sub>.re]: mur-du-5u kima sa kis libbi it-ta-na-a[g-ra-ar] its fence is rolled up like a man suffering from kis libbi-disease K.4985:6, see ASKT p. 180, restored from (Sum. only) SBH p. 80:24.

a) grating: ina pī nārātika [m]ur-de-e uratta I shall fix m.-s in the mouths of your canals STT 41:37 (let. of Gilgāmeš), see AnSt 7 130.

b) as ornament: girrātum mu-ru-du-ú u lanuqānu Kù.GI Sumer 9 34ff. No. 25 iv 20 (MB), and passim in this text, see Sumer 9 p. 28 s.v.; nine garments ša nibḥī ḥurāṣi jār ḥurāṣi ši-bit-su-nu ina mu-ur-di-e ṣubbutu (for translat. see ṣabātu mng. 10i-3') TCL 3 386 (Sar.).

c) uncert. mngs.: šumma zī ša imittim kīma mu-ru-di-im ša pa-aš-tim ab(or du)-ri šaknat if the false rib of the right side has wings(?) (or strings, see abru B) like the m. of an ax YOS 10 45:44, also 46 (OB ext.); šumma nūnu ... lišānšu kīma mu-ru-da-a šaknat if a fish has a tongue like a m. Bab. 4 109:10, see Oppenheim, JNES 33 199.

For MSL 3 221  $G_7$  ii 4' (Proto-Aa 382:1f.), see mundu.

murūma s. pl.; (a textile); RS\*; foreign word(?).

2 TÚG.MEŠ mu-ru- $\acute{u}$ -ma.MEŠ two m.-textiles MRS 12 126:3.

muruš s.; (a foreign(?) word for bed); syn. list.\*

mu-ru- $u\check{s} = min (= er$ - $\check{s}u)$  Malku II 179.

murušû (murašû) s.; man, hero; syn. list.\*

mu-a-ru, a-ia-ru, mu-tum, mu-ru(var. -ra)-šu-ú = et-lum Malku I 167ff., also Malku I App. E 7, see JAOS 83 439.

Connected possibly with muraššû, q.v., or a lw. from Sum. guruš.

murūtu s.; shepherdship(?); Nuzi.

PN LÚ.SIPA ša PN<sub>2</sub> ana mu-ru-ti īteli AASOR 16 6:7.

For Lú mu-ru referring to the same person, see mur'u usage b.

murzānu see murzīnu.

murzīnu (murzānu) s.; (an object); Ur III (Akk. lw. in Sum.).

giš.TE.UNU.za.nu.um = šu-u, za-x-[x-x]-x Hh. IV 223f., cf. giš.mur.zi.nu.um LTBA 1 79 ii 18, wr. giš.muru<sub>5</sub>.za.nu.um SLT 136:14 (Forerunners to Hh. IV).

giš.muru<sub>5</sub>.za.nu.um SLT 148:3 (leg.). Landsberger, MSL 5 169. murzumurza musallihtu

murzumurza s.; (a garden plant); SB.\*

mur-zu-mur-za SAR CT 14 50:14 (list of plants in Merodachbaladan's garden).

Reading uncertain. The sign read mur may also be read as har or hur.

musabbiktu s.; female plaiter(?); lex.\*

[SAL . . . ] .ak .a = mu-sab-bi-i[k-tu] (preceded by  $t\bar{a}m\bar{v}tu$  weaver) Lu III ii 17'.

musaḥḥiptu s.; net for gazelle hunting; lex.\*; cf. saḥāpu.

giš.sa.maš.dà = mu-saḥ-ḥi-ip-tum, pa-qa-tum Hh.VI 181f.; giš.sa.maš.dà = mu-sa-ḥi-ip-tum = še-e-tum Hg. B II 31, in MSL 6 78.

musaḥḥirtu s.; (mng. uncert.); OB\*; ef. saḥāru.

[...] ana rugbim uštērib ša mu-sà-hi-ir-tiim hitajjat I brought [...] into the upper story, take good care of .... UET 5 60:11 (let.).

Probably "safekeeping," or the like.

musaḥḥiru s.; agent, deputy, representative (of a higher official); NB; cf. saḥāru.

- a) with the official specified: atta u PN LÚ mu-saḥ-ḥi-ri LÚ bēl piqittu ša Gubāru you and PN, the deputy and commissioner of Gobryas (brought širku's of Ištar of Uruk) YOS 7 70:6; rations for PN LÚ mu-sah-hi-ru ša šatammi the deputy of the šatammu AnOr 9 9 ii 5, 7f., also BIN 1 131:12, YOS 6 229:4, YOS 7 16:7, GCCI 2 127:8; napharu 10 LÚ mu-sah-hi-re-e šá LÚ. [ŠID?] É ina pan PN total, ten agents of the temple administrator(?) under the orders of PN GCCI 2 215:11; PAD.HI.A.MEŠ ša LÚ mu-sah-hi-re-e ša qīpi rations for the agents of the commissioner TCL 12 102:1, also ibid. 59:33, YOS 7 120:4, UCP 9 107 No. 51:1, YOS 3 178:9, GCCI 2 325:2; LÚ mu-sah-hir.MEŠ ša~qipi~YOS 6~229:17;~LÚ mu-sah-hi-ru ša kabšarri GCCI 2 331:3.
- b) other occs.: PN LÚ.SAG u PN<sub>2</sub> LÚ mu-sah-hi-ri iltennû masihu and LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ ittannu the officer PN and the deputy PN<sub>2</sub> have given one measure to each of the workmen YOS 3 41:11;  $\frac{1}{3}$  šiqil kaspa ana LÚ mu-sah-hir-e anandin kaspa  $a_4$   $\frac{1}{3}$  GÍN ana muhhi LÚ mu-sah-[hir]-e šut[ra] I will give one-

third shekel of silver to the agents, write down this one-third shekel of silver as a debit for the agents BIN 185:19,23; PN širku ša Bēlti ša Uruk Lú mu-sah-hi-ri ša Edin PN, an oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk, the m. of the outskirts(?) YOS 7 20:17; síg.hi.a mun.hi.a sahlê u šamna ša Lú mu-sah-hi-[ri] ša PN u PN<sub>2</sub> ittî ana PN<sub>3</sub> inna give to PN<sub>3</sub> in addition the wool, salt, cress, and oil for the agent of PN and PN<sub>2</sub> BIN 1 16:17, cf. PN Lú mu-sah-hiru ša PN Moore Michigan Coll. 89:19; harû šû ša Lú mu-sah-hi-ri u harû attūa u harû ša PN ina muhhi harê tābû TCL 9 115:9; 2 mašīh ina NINDA.HI.A ša LÚ mu-sah-hi-re-e measures (of barley) for the agents' bread BIN 1 150:9, also 131:12; PAD.HI.A.MEŠ PN LÚ *mu-saḥ-ḥi-ri* rations for the agent PN BIN 1 174:14, also YOS 6 17:2, 32:14, 23, 229:31, UCP 9 98 No. 35:19; 21 hilipu PN Lú musah-hi-ri 21 pieces of willow wood to the agent PN (in list of timber) BIN 1 165:1, also 6; (tax) ša hadri ša lú mu-sa-hi-ri.meš from the association of agents BE 10 96:3.

(von Soden, Or. NS 35 19f.)

musaḥḥiru in rab musaḥḥirī s.; chief agent; NB\*; cf. saḥāru.

PN LÚ GAL mu-sah-hi-re-e YOS 3 159:8 and 13.

musaḥḥû s.; (mng. uncert., occ. only as personal name); OB.

Mu-sa-ah-hu-um UET 5 722:11; Mu-sa-hu-um ibid. 222 r. 2 and 4, see also ibid. index p. 50 s.v. Mu-sa-hu-um (all the same person).

Possibly derived from sehû and meaning "troublemaker."

musāḥum (AHw. 677b) see musaḥḥû.

\*musakkiltu s.; (mng. unkn.); NA\*; pl. musakkilātu.

(field)  $t\bar{e}h$  mu-sa-kil-a-te adjacent to the m.-s ADD 383:8.

musallihtu s.; (a vessel used for sprinkling); MB, NA, NB; pl. musallihātu; cf. salāhu.

2 DUG mu-sa-lìh-a-te ihiqqu ina pan Šamaš itabbuku they mix (wine in?) two m.-vessels,

\*musallimu musarû A

pour (it) out before Šamaš ZA 45 42:13 (NA rit.); [x mu-s]a-li-ḥa-tu kaspi EA 13 r. 11 (MB); mu-sa-li-iḥ(text -ḤI)-tú ša kaspi Iraq 23 50 (pl. 27) ND 2778:3 (NA); 3 mu-sal-ḥi-e-tum UD.KA.BAR 82-9-18,320a:9 (NB).

\*musallimu see mušallimu adj.; for the personal name Musallimu see salāmu.

musammihtu s.; (mng. uncert., name of a canal?); NB; cf. samāhu.

ina bāb mu-sa-am-me-h[e(?)]-e-tú inandinu they will pay at the gate of the m.-s VAS 4 29:6, also ultu bāb mu-sa-am- $\langle me(?) \rangle$ -he-e-ti  $a[di \ KA(?)]$  in Sumandar Dar. 9:19.

The word occurs only in the name of a gate, probably referring either to a part of a canal or to the name of a canal, see for similar terms  $b\bar{a}bu$  A mng. 3a, and compare summuhu used in connection with the fisherman's prebend TuM 2-3 206:9.

musannipu see muzannibu.

musarru see miserru.

musaru see mušaru.

musarû A (mušarû, muššarû) s.; 1. object bearing a royal inscription, 2. inscription; MB, SB, NA; Sum. lw.; mušarû in Ass.; wr. syll. and MU.SAR; cf. mušarûtu.

im.sar.šub.ba =  $\S$ U-u = MIN (= qa-tum) mu-sa-ru-u Hg. A II 119, in MSL 7 113.

1. object bearing a royal inscription a) in foundation documents: ša šumī šatra *ipaššitu u mu-šá-ri-ia unakkaru* he who erases the inscription with my name or displaces my inscribed object (referring to a limestone prism) AOB 1 50 No. 2:7 (Arik-dēn-ili), cf. ša MU.SAR-u šitir šumija unakkaru Böhl Leiden Coll. p. 36:40 (Sin-šar-iškun), cf. also munakkir MU.SAR-a-aOIP 2 139:66, 147:35, 148:27 (Senn.); lītu kišitti qātēja ... ina mu.sar-re-e ušaštir I had (my) triumph and my achievements written upon (this) inscribed object (small marble slab) AAA 18 96 r. 17, cf. ibid. 20f. (Asn.); eli MU.SAR-ri-e hurāși kaspi uqnî ašpê parūtu erî annaki parzilli abāri . . . dunnuššin addi I laid their (the palaces') foundations upon inscribed tablets of gold, silver, lapis

lazuli, jasper, alabaster, copper, tin, iron and lead Winckler Sar. pl. 36 No. 76:159, note m. replaced by tuppu in the parallels Lyon Sar. 24:32, 26:40, cf. (in broken context) [MU]. SAR-e šarrāni abbēja Winckler Sar. pl. 46 K.4818:5 (Nineveh Prism viii); MU.SAR-a abnīma lītu u danānu ... ušaštir [gerebšu] itti mu. SAR-e malkī ālikūt [maḥrija] ina dūri qabal āli ša GN ... ana šarrāni mārēja ēzib ah[râtaš] I fashioned an inscribed object and had (my) triumph and (my) might written on it, and left it in the wall of the citadel of Nineveh beside the inscribed objects of my royal predecessors for the future kings of my lineage OIP 2 154:11 and 14; MU.SAR-e (var. MU.SAR-ri-e) šiţir šumija . . . alturma šaplānu ina uššēšu ēzib ahrâtaš I inscribed an object with my own name (placed it 160 layers deep in the terrace) and left it there deep in the foundations for future times (referring to a barrel cylinder) ibid. 100:53, cf. (referring to a prism) ibid. 130 vi 77;  $mu-\check{s}\acute{a}-ru-\acute{u}$ ušēpišma lītu u danānu . . . sēruššu ušaštirma qereb dūri ukin (referring to a limestone tablet) AfO 20 96:120, also, wr. MU.SAR-a OIP 2 102:91 (all Senn.);  $k\hat{i}$  ša anāku MU.SAR- $\acute{u}$ (var. mu-šá-ru-u) šitir šumi šarri abi bānija itti MU.SAR-e šiţir šumija aškunuma atta kî játima Mu. SAR-ú(var. -u) šitir šumija amurma šamna pušuš nigâ iqi itti MU.SAR-e šiţir šumika šukun just as I placed the inscribed object bearing the name of my own royal father beside the inscribed object bearing my name, so you should read the inscribed object bearing my name, anoint it, make a libation (before it) and place it beside the inscribed object bearing your name Borger Esarh. 64 vi 69ff., 73, also JCS 17 130:19f., wr. MU.SAR Borger Esarh. 72:31 and 37, and passim in Esarh., AfO 20 96:124f. (Senn.), also Streck Asb. 90 x 111ff., Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 p. 35:37f. (Sin-šarnote m replaced by  $nar\hat{u}$  (referring to a prism) Borger Esarh. 6 viii 9; narê kaspi hurāsi siparri ugnī ... MU.SAR-e ţiddi sarpūti lumāše tamšīl šiţir šumija ēsiq ṣēruššun (I had) foundation documents (made) of gold, silver, bronze, lapis lazuli (and also) inscribed objects of fired clay, and I depicted on them in lumāšu-symbols the writing of my name musarû A musarû B

(referring to prisms) ibid. 27 Ep. 40:9; narê MU.SAR-e ēpušma epšēt ēteppušu gerebšun altur I had foundation and (other) inscribed objects made, and I wrote on them all that I had accomplished ibid. 6 vii 36; ša šumē šatru ... ipaššitu mu.sar-ru-u-a (var. mu. SAR-ú-a) i'abbat he who erases my name, destroys my inscribed object (referring to a barrel cylinder) ibid. 76:23, cf. ibid. 75:40, Streck Asb. 90 x 116; ilāni rabûti mala ina MU. SAR-e (var. MU.SAR-re-e) annê šatru the great gods, as many as are written on this inscribed object (referring to a clay prism) Asb. 90 x 114, also Piepkorn Asb. p. 88 viii 88; MU.SAR-e šarri ālik maḥrija ... āmurma MU. SAR-šú la unakkirma itti mu.sar-e-a ukīn mannu arkû ... mu.sar šuātu līmurma itti MU.SAR-šú-ma lukīn a[hr]ātaš I saw my royal predecessor's inscribed object, I did not remove it but left his inscribed object beside my own — whoever later on finds this my inscribed object should leave it beside his own forever Iraq 15 124:37 and 40 (Merodachbaladan); uddå temenšu šitir šumi ... appalis qerbuššu mu.sar-ú labīri ša PN ... appalisma I traced its (the building's) foundation and discovered in it an inscription (of my ancient royal predecessors) and discovered an ancient inscribed object (with the name) of Enanedu YOS 1 45 ii 1 (Nbn.); musa-ru-u šițir šum ša RN āmurma la unakkir ... itti mu-sa-re-e-a aškunma uta'ir ašruššu I found the object inscribed with the name of Assurbanipal and did not change its place but deposited it (again) in its (original) location beside my own inscribed object VAB 4 224 ii 43 and 46 (Nbn.); šitir šumija amurma itti MU.SAR-ri-e-ka šukun ibid. 68:39 (Nabopolassar), cf. ibid. 228 iii 45 and 47 (Nbn.), šiţir šum ša RN āmurma . . . itti MU.SAR-ri-e-a aškun I found the royal inscription of Narām-Sin and deposited it beside my own inscription (referring to a barrel cylinder) ibid. 226 iii 10; ina kušarti šâtu [...] mu-sa-re-e Samsuiluni ... āmurma (see kušartu usage b) PSBA 11 86 ii 4 (NB cone).

b) in other texts — 1' in letters: PN ... issapra mā muš-šá-ra-ni-i laššu PN has

written as follows: "There is no inscription available (which we could deposit in the wall of the temple)" ABL 157:19, cf. muš-šá-ru-u lišturu ibid. r. 3; let them construct the quay of Ezida MU.SAR-ru-u ša šarri... ina libbi laškun and let me deposit in it the object inscribed with the king's name ABL 1214:16 (both NA).

2' in subscripts: ša muḥḥi Mu.Sar-e ša É... ša RN (copy of what was written) on an inscription of Hammurapi from the temple (Enamtila) LIH 59:24 (NB); GABA.RI MU. SAR-e šūbulti ekal māt Aššur šaṭirma bari YOS 1 38 ii 39 (Sar.); Mu.Sar ša ašrukkati ša dūru Ezida inscribed (prism) for the (foundation of the) storehouse at the wall of Ezida (subscript on a clay prism) JAOS 88 127 ii b 33; 94 TA.ÀM MU.ŠID.BI MU.SAR-e OIP 2 98:95 (Senn.); MU.S[AR] Agum 5R 33 viii 23 (Agum-kakrime).

2. inscription: MU.SAR-ra la tapaššit do not efface the inscription (part of a colophon, see Hunger Kolophone No. 43) VAT 9534 iv 24 (Assur, library of Tigl. I); ša pî MU.SAR-e-ia annê eppašu tamētu šitrija la uštennû he who acts according to the wording of this inscription of mine and does not change the words I inscribed on it (referring to an obelisk of AKA 248 v 45, also ibid. 249 v 54; ša ... ina pan mu.sar.meš-ia mamma kî lama-a-ri u la šasê iparriku who prevents anyone (from coming) before my inscription so that (no one) sees or reads (it) AKA 250 v 65 (Asn.); narūa ... la tadakki ... MU.SAR la tapaššit do not remove the stela and do not erase the inscription Unger Bel-harran-beliussur 26; ina mu-sa-re-e ša RN u RN, mārišu āmurma ša ziqqurrat šuāti RN īpušuma ... RN<sub>2</sub> ... šipiršu ušaklil I read in the inscriptions of Ur-Nammu and his son Šulgi that Ur-Nammu built that temple tower and that Sulgi finished it VAB 4 250 i 12, cf. Sumer 20 71:11 (Nbn.).

musarû B (mušarû, mušaru) s.; garden;

mu.MIN(=sa-ri)<sub>SAR</sub> = [mu]-sa-[ru-u] (var. šu-u) Hh. XVII 246; mu.sar = šu-u = ma-na-ḥa-tum Hg. B IV 201, Hg. D 229, in MSL 10 104 and 105. musarû B musâtu

giš.gán.ùr.mu.sar = MIN (= maš-ka-ka-tu) mu-ša-re-e Hh. V 174, also Ai. IV ii 26, giš.lul. bi.du mu.sar.re = kur-sin-nu mu-sar-re-e Hh. VII A 244; mu.sar = mu-sa-ru-ú, LI = MIN šá A.šà Antagal E d 14f.; ki.mu.sar.ra = a-šar mu-[sa-re-e] Izi C ii 30.

 $pa_5.sikil.la$   $giš.sar.ke_x(KID)$ mú.sar.ra é.tu<sub>5</sub>.a šu mu.un.dù : ina mu-sa-re-e palag kirî elli bit rimki epušm[a] in the garden, at the canal of the pure garden, he built a bit rimki STT 200:58; giš.šinig.ga mú.sar a nu.nag.a.mu : bīnu ša ina mu-sa-re-e mê la ištû the tamarisk that has not drunk water in the garden 4R 27 No. 1:4f., also ibid. 12f.; pa<sub>b</sub>.šita<sub>4</sub> mú.sar.re a.hi.li.a túm.a: rāļum ša ana mu-uš-ša-a-ri (var. mu-ša-ri) mê kuzba ubba[lu] a canal which brings abundant water to the garden beds JNES 23 2:38 (Sum. lit. from Bogh.), var. from Ugaritica 5 169:44, for Hitt. version, see ibid. 774 No. 2:44-46, cf. also ra-at mu-sa-re-e (Sum. broken) Lambert BWL 265 r. 3; e.sír.bi mu.sar.ra hi.l[i ...] : su-uqšú mu-sa-re-e ku-u[z-bi ...] K.5321:5f., cf. mú. sar.ra : ina mu-sa-re-e (in broken context) BIN 2 22:23f.

mi-țir-tu = mu-sa-ru-u (var. mu-šá-ru) Malku II 116; mu-sa-ru-u = ma-na-ḥa-a-t[um] ibid. 118; mu-sa-ru-ú = ma-[na-ḥa-tum] (followed by mițirtu) Uruanna III 549; mu-šá-ru-u = ki-ru-u RA 28 134 ii 3 (med. comm.).

ittūr mātu ana mu-sa-re-e the land became (as small as) a garden Bab. 12 pl. 11 r. 5 (Etana), cf. [a]-na mu-šá-ri GAR-nu-ma AfO 14 pl. 12 VAT 10137:11 (Etana); arqū dešûti lalâ mu-sare-e abundant vegetables, the delicacies of the garden (for offerings) VAB 4 168 B vii 22, also 160 A iii 11, Iraq 27 7 v 10 (all Nbk.); mu-sa-re-e kuzbi itâtišu ušalme I surrounded its (the palace's) sides with luxuriant gardens OIP 2 137:35 (Senn.), also Streck Asb. 268 iii 19; ina şippat kirê palgi mu-sar-e ša Ekarzaginna (the gods entered) the orchards, the canals, and the gardens of Ekarzaginna Borger Esarh. 89 r. 22; kīma šūmu annû ... ina mu-sa-re-e la innerrisu just as this garlic will not be planted in a garden Šurpu V-VI 62, cf. ú e-riš-ti mu-šá-ri-i : šam-ba-lil-tum Uruanna I 157b (= STT 391 i 28); BAR = MIN (=  $ki\check{s}-\check{s}\acute{u}$ )  $\dot{s}\dot{a}$  Sar.meš, bar.bar = min  $\dot{s}\dot{a}$  mu-sa-re-e Antagal G 38f.; šumma ana mu-sa-re-e illik if (a man in his dream) goes into a garden Dream-book 313:8; māmīt ... miṣru kudurru u mu-sa-re-e (possibly to musarû A "inscription") Šurpu VIII 51.

musarû C s.; (an intestinal disease?); SB. dúr.gig = MIN (= mu-sa-ru-ú) ma-ru-uş Antagal E d 16.

In Igituh short version 173 and MSL 9 77:30 (OB list of diseases), dúr.gig is translated by *suburru marşu*.

musassiānu s.; person who has a proclamation made; MA\*; cf. šasû.

The field and house ana mu-sa-as-si-a-ni ša nāgiri zaku are cleared for the benefit of the person who had the herald make the proclamation (about the sale) (note nāgira usassû line 36) KAV 2 iii 46 (Ass. Code B § 6).

musâtu (munzêtu) s. pl.; 1. washwater, 2. lavatory; SB, NB; cf. mesû v.

- 1. washwater: itti mê ša zumrišu u musa-a-ti ša qātēšu liššahiṭma let (the evil) be swept away together with the water from his body and with the washwater from his hands JNES 15 138:101 (lipšur-lit.), also Šurpu VIII 89, Maqlu VII 81, 136; kīma mê mu-sa-a-ti asurrā umallāšunūti (see asurrū mng. 1c) Maqlu II 178, also ibid. 167, VIII 80b, see AfO 21 80.
- 2. lavatory a) musâtu: lu ša ina musa-at biti [iz]zazzu be it (a demon) who stands in the lavatory of the house AfO 14 146:97 and dupls. (bīt mēsiri); ina bāb mu-sa-a-te you bury (the imitta u šumēla tetemmir figurines) to the right and to the left at the door of the lavatory KAR 298 r. 16; amēlu šû rābis mu-sa-a-ti isbassu the demon of the lavatory has seized that man W. 22307/14:8, cf. comm. rābis mu-sa-a-ti // dŠu-lak W. 22307/35:2 (med. comm., courtesy H. Hunger); qāt dŠu-lak rābis mu-sa-a-ti "hand of Šulak," the demon of the lavatory Labat TDP 188:13, dupl. AMT 77,1 r.(!) 10; note dŠulak ša muun-ze-e-ti CT 51 142:14 and dupl. CBS 11304 (inc., courtesy M. Ellis).
- b) bīt musāti: ana bīt mu-sa-a-ti (var. mu-sa-te) la irrub dŠulak imaḥḥassu (on that day) he must not enter the lavatory, (otherwise) Šulak will afflict him KAR 177 r. ii 29, also ibid. r. ii 10, Iraq 21 50:34, 52:44, Bab.

musazkiru mussû

4 107:16 (all hemer.), W. 22307/35:3 (med. comm.), (with rābiṣu imaḥḥassu) KAR 177 r. i 29; (rations for) Lứ šá bĩt mu-sa-a(?)-[ti] AnOr 9 8:37 (NB).

musazkiru see \*mušazkiru.

musellû s.; prayerful person; OB lex.\*; cf. sullû.

lú.x.x.x.gi = mu-[se-el]-lu-ú (preceded by  $musepp[\hat{u}]$ ) OB Lu Fragm. II 6, in MSL 12 202.

museppitu see museppû.

museppû (fem. museppītu) s.; abductor; OB; cf. suppû B v.

lú  $\mu$ I.UD.ak = mu-se-ep-p[u- $\acute{u}$ ] OB Lu Fragm. II 5, in MSL 12 201.

ezêr la mu-se-ep-p[i-ti ...] ul aḥaššiḥ la[lâša] I reject a woman who does not seduce me, I do not desire her charm JCS 15 7 ii 10 (OB lit.); for other refs. to the participle see suppû B v.

musiqqu s.; one who makes narrow(?); lex.\*; cf. saqu.

dùg.ga = mu-si-iq-qum (var. mu-si-qú-um = mu-um-bi-[u]m) (followed by muktabbiru) Silben-vokabular A 94, var. from Studies Landsberger 24.

musku s.; evil(?); OB\*; cf. masāku.

lú.ti.rí.da.nu.um = ša mu-ús-ku la teḥûšu OB Lu A 130, ef. lú ti.rí.da.nu.tuku = ša [mu]su-ku la ibaššû (error) OB Lu D 72.

ru-ub-bu mu-ús-ki my evil has increased RB 59 244 str. 6:28, see von Soden, Or. NS 26 317.

musku see mušku.

mussahhiru see mussahru.

\*\*mussahliqtu (referred to in CAD 6 H. p. 37 s.v. halāqu) to be read muttalliktu.

mussaḥru (mussaḥḥiru) adj.; merciful; SB; cf. saḥāru.

ti-ra-nu, šà-gur-ru-ú, kiš-šu = tajāru, ti-ra-nu = mu-us-sah(text -ta)-ru Malku V 71 ff.

mu-us-saḥ-ḥir karassu kabattašu tajarat his heart is merciful, his mind forgiving Lambert BWL 343:8 (Ludlul I); mu-us-saḥ-ḥira-a-ti ana kanši you (Bau) are merciful toward the reverent STT 123:7. mussaḥru s.; (a household utensil); OB Elam\*; cf. saḥāru.

[x] mu-saḥ-ru (followed by ḥasappu, nēpītu, itqurītu in an enumeration of household utensils) MDP 22 151:7.

mussipu s.; (a scoop); MA; cf. esēpu.

1 mu-s[i-pu š]a siparri ritti a'ilutte one bronze scoop, in the shape of a human hand AfO 18 308 iv 23 (inv.); ina mu-si-pi[...] with a scoop [...] Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 23:21.

mussiru A s.; 1. (a connecting part between team and yoke), 2. (part of a brazier); MA: cf. esēru.

giš.sal.la.apin = mu-si-ru, giš.kak.sal.la. apin = sik-kàt ki.min Hh. V 161f.

- 1. (a connecting part between team and yoke): see lex. section.
- 2. (part of a brazier): 1 kanūnu ša siparri ša muhhušu ša 4 mu-si-ri 5.TA.ÀM ubānāti mu-si-ru-šu-nu rappušu (see kinūnu mng. 1b-1') AfO 18 306 iv 12f. (MA inv.).

mussiru B s.; (a cultic functionary); lex.\*

lú.gàm.šu.du<sub>7</sub>,lú.nam.tag.ga.du<sub>8</sub> (var.adds .a) = mu-us-si-ru (var. mu-si-ru) Lu IV 158 f.

Cf. lú. $^{gi\delta}$ gàm. $^{s}$ u. $^{d}$ u<sub>7</sub> =  $mu\dot{s}$ - $^{s}i$ -pu Lu Excerpt I 208.

\*mussû (massu'u) adj.; refined; OA\*; cf. mesû v.

ana GN ettiqma 5 ūmē la asaḥhur u ana GN<sub>2</sub> ula ana 1 GÚ URUDU ma-sú-im ettiq I will go over to GN and will not return for five days, but to GN<sub>2</sub> I shall not go over (even?) for one talent of refined copper ICK 1 85:8.

mussů (\*wussû, muššû) v.; 1. to distinguish, to identify, to find out, 2. II/2 to be distinguished; MB, SB, NA, NB; II, II/2; cf. massûtu s., mumassû.

 $zv = m[u \cdot u]s \cdot su \cdot u$  STC 2 pl. 51 iii 11 (comm. to En. el. VII 40).

1. to distinguish, to identify, to find out a) to identify a person or object: PN PN<sub>2</sub> ana me-es-su-ti ša PN<sub>3</sub> ilqāšumma ... PN<sub>3</sub> PN<sub>2</sub> úmi-is-si-ma ana PN<sub>4</sub> iddin PN<sub>2</sub> took PN for mussû \*mussuḫu

the identification of PN<sub>3</sub>, PN<sub>2</sub> identified PN<sub>3</sub> and handed him over to PN, BE 148:21, cf. [...]-sa-a išāluma ibid. 20, cf. also PN  $\acute{u}$ -maas-si (referring to identification of a family of four) ibid. 126:10 (both MB); in broken šarru ze-'-ir-šú [...] lu-mas-si context: let the king identify the one who hates him ABL 589 r. 7 (NA); šarru  $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$  [...]  $\acute{u}$ -mas-su-u ABL 702 r. 9 (NB); ma'diš unnut adinnu ul išaggamma ul ú-mas-si (the star) is very dim, and until now it did not rise high (enough), so that I could not identify it Thompson Rep. 181 r. 6; salmānišunu amur . . . ina libbi tu-ma-si-iš-šu-nu-tú look at their representations (on the relief) and you will recognize them (the conquered peoples) from it VAB 3 91 § 4:27 (Dar. Na); mamma la ú-ma-as-sa-nu ša la Barzija anāku nobody must find out that I am not Barzija VAB 3 19 § 13:21 (Dar.), see JCS 10 4.

- b) to distinguish good and evil: tašemme tebêršināti ša ruggugu tu-mas-si (var. tu-maš- $\dot{s}\dot{a}$ )  $d\bar{\imath}n\dot{s}u$  (var.  $d\bar{\imath}n\dot{s}i[na]$ ) you hear and examine them (the people), you discern (the merit of) the case of the wronged Lambert BWL 134:127 (hymn to Šamaš); šarru lu-mi-is-su ša dibbī ša kittu ana šarri bēlija ašpur the king will find out that I have written true words to the king, my lord ABL 1006 r. 15 (NB); kēnu u raggu ul ú-maš-šá-a (var. ú-massa-a) ušamqat I do not distinguish between the just and the criminal, I destroy (both) Cagni Erra V 10; apkallat bārât muššipat muus-sa-at kalama she (Gula) is wise, a diviner, an exorcist, one who finds out everything Craig ABRT 2 18 r. 27, see JRAS 1929 17:29; dīni idabbubma dīnšunu ú-mas-su-ú 85-4-30, (unpub. NB, first year of Šamaš-šumukin), ef. dinšunu ú-mas-su-ma TCL 12 4:5, for other NB refs. see dabābu mng. 4d.
- c) to recognize an emplacement: ašaršu ú-me-es-si ištu uššīšu adi gabadibbīšu ina agurri arṣip I identified its site and rebuilt it with baked bricks from its foundations to its parapet AKA 100 viii 5 (Tigl. I); ašaršu ú-me-si dannassu akšud I identified its (former) place and reached its rock foundation Scheil Tn. II r. 56, and passim in royal insers. up

to Sar., cf. ašaršu ú-ma-si-ma Winckler Sar. pl. 48:16, note ajumma ... ašaršu ul ú-mašši-i-ma šūšubšu ul ilmadu Lyon Sar. 7:46, also ibid. 15:45; qaqqarāte mādāte lu ú-me-es-si Weidner Tn. 12 No. 5:75; for dannatu as object, see dannatu mng. 3b, also qaqqaršu ú-me-si AKA 96 vii 76 (Tigl. I); aššu ahrât ūmī qaqqar āli ... la muš-ši i-na māmi ušharmissuma in order that the site of the city be indistinguishable for all time, I had it washed away with water OIP 2 84:54 (Senn.); ana muš-ši-e tēsêti la ēziba šūbultu I did not leave even one ear (of barley) to identify the destruction (i.e., the site of the cultivated fields) TCL 3 228 (Sar.).

2. II/2 to be distinguished: dšà.zu... ša sarti u k[it]tu um-tas-sa-a ašruššu Marduk before whom lie and truth are distinguished En. el. VII 40, for comm., see lex. section.

Landsberger apud Falkenstein, LKU p. 13; Y. Muffs Aramaic Legal Papyri from Elephantine p. 200 (with previous lit.).

\*mussuhu (massuhu, maššuhu) adj.; of bad quality; OA; cf. \*mussuhu v.

- a) silver: 10 gín sibtum kaspum ma-sú-hu-um ibbišīma ten shekels of bad silver turned up as interest TCL 19 41:9;  $\frac{2}{3}$  MA.NA 5 gín ma-sú-hu-um ja'ûm 45 shekels of bad (silver) is my share TCL 20 174:3; kaspum ma-sú-hu-u[m] ēliamma silver of bad quality turned up ICK 182:21; x gín ma-sú-hu-um ibašši there are x shekels (of silver) of bad quality BIN 4 169:6, KTS 29a:8, cf. ibid. 57d:8; 3 MA.NA KÙ ma-sú-ha-am ilqe he took three minas of silver of bad quality ICK 1 194:6.
- b) copper: 55 Ma.Na urudu ši-kam sig<sub>5</sub> 12 Ma.Na urudu ma-si-ha-am ... ana PN addin I gave 55 minas of good šiku-copper and twelve minas of bad copper to PN Kienast ATHE 38:26.
- c) other occ.: ana awâtim ma-šu-ḥa-tim  $\delta a-\dot{a}[\delta \ldots]$  (uncert.) CCT 2 13:33.
- \*mussuhu (massuhu) v.; 1. to treat with contempt, 2. (in the stative) to be of bad quality; OA; II; cf. \*mussuhu adj.

mussuku musukkannu

1. to treat with contempt: umma attama suhārija ú-ma-sí-ih ša suhārīka la ú-ma-sí-hu you said as follows: "He treated my servants with contempt," while I did not treat your servants with contempt VAT 9234:8f., see J. Lewy, Or. NS 26 29; uzakkunu nipti ālikam e ú-ma-sí-hu we have informed you (herewith), they must not insult any traveler kt f/k 183:28, also 18, see Garelli Les Assyriens 334f.; mīnum ša ammakam ahātī merū PN ú-ma-sú-hu-ni-ma how is it possible that the sons of PN insult my sister there (while you keep silent)? BIN 6 69:14.

2. (in the stative) to be of bad quality: annakka ma-sú-úḥ šumma abī atta annakam dammiqamma šēbilam your tin is of bad quality, if you are really my father, send me a better quality tin TCL 14 42:6, cf. annukum ma-sú-ùḥ-ma BIN 4 15:17; kīma erû ma-sú-ḥu(?)-ma mamman laqām la imūšu that the copper is of bad quality and that nobody wants to take it BIN 4 151:21.

For BIN 4 22:5 see mihşu mng. 4. In ACh Sin 25:70 (coll.), read šarru ana ha-ba-ti i-ma-as-ma EBUR K[UR ...], see mâsu. For Oxf. 1933,1050:31, see maŝā'u mng. 1b.

mussuku (massuku) adj.; (mng. uncert.); MA, SB; ef. masāku.

šumma sinništu mu-us-su-ka ulid if a woman gives birth to a m. (child) Leichty Izbu I 70; Ma-su-ku (personal name) AfO 13 pl. 5:13 (MA).

For possible interpretations see  $mas\bar{a}ku$  mng. 2. The personal names in the gen. wr. Ma-si-ki cited Saporetti Onomastica 1 321f. must represent a name \*Massaku, and are not to be connected with mussuku.

\*mustaru see mussahru.

mūsu see mūsu B.

musukkannu (mesukannu, meskannu, mismakannu, usukannu) s.; (a tree imported from the East, and its wood); OB, Mari, MB, SB, NA, NB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and (GIŠ.) MES.MÁ.GAN.NA.

giš.mes.má.gan.na = mu-su-ka-nu Hh. III 204; giš.gu.za.giš.mes.má.gan.na = (kussů) šá mu-su[k-ka-ni] Hh. IV 114. ú-su-kan-nu : Ú me-su-kan-nu (var. mu-su-ka-nu) Uruanna II 509.

- a) the tree: [šumma ina mu]špāl āli giš. MES.MÁ.GAN.NA innamir if a m.-tree is seen in a low place in a city CT 39 11:54, dupl. 12:26 (SB Alu); (I brought back from the lands where I had passed) iṣṣī zērāni ša ātammara erēnu šurmēnu ... Giš.mes.má.gan.na trees and seeds which I had seen in different places, cedar, cypress, m.-trees Iraq 14 33:43 (Asn.); (I created an artificial marsh) *šurmēnu* giš. MES.MÁ.GAN.NA naphar işşē išīhuma uşarrišu papallu cypresses, m.-trees and all kinds of trees grew well in it and sent out shoots OIP 2 115 viii 53, ef. GIŠ.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA šur: mēna tarbīt sippāti ... akšiţma ana šipri hišihti ekallāt bēlūtija lu ēpuš I felled m.-trees and cypresses, products of the orchards, and used them for the required work in my royal palaces ibid. viii 60 (Senn.); [GIŠ.MES]. MÁ.GAN.NA u erēnī [ša] ik[kisa] qātāja m.-trees and cedars which my own hands felled VAS 1 45:4 (Nbk.); GIŠ.SAR GIŠ musuk-kan-ni ša ţēḥ dūrišu akkisma ištēn ul ēzib I cut down the grove of m. adjacent to his city wall, I left not a single (tree) Rost Tigl. III p. 60:24; kisittu ša me-suk-kan-nu trunk of a m.-tree (in broken context) Nbn. 1099:16; PA GIŠ.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA twigs of m-wood (among other ingredients) CT 23 33:17, also BMS No. 12:5, Köcher BAM 11:30, 173:9; 2 BÁN GIŠ.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA (among herbs) ADD 1042:3; Ú GIŠ.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA: A.DAR:  $m\bar{a}tu \ mimmaša \ izzib - m.$  (predicts) ...., the country will forsake everything it owns Köcher BAM 1 iv 18.
- b) the wood 1' used for decoration of buildings: ekallāti šinni pīri ušî taskarinni Giš mu-suk-kan-ni (var. Giš.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA) erēni šurmēni daprāni burāši buṭni ina qerbišu ēpuš (see ekallu mng. 1a-3') Lyon Sar. p. 25:23, p. 10:63, and passim in Sar., also OIP 2 96:79, 100:56 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 61 vi 10, wr. Giš.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA Winckler Sar. pl. 40:19; ekal Giš mes-kan-ni ... ana mūšab šarrūtija ... ina libbi addi (see ekallu mng. 1a-3') AKA 220:18, also Iraq 14 33:25 (Asn.); ina kaspi hurāṣi nisiqti abni erā Giš.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA

musukkannu musukkannu

erēni ušaklil šipiršu I completed its (the temple Ezida's) building, using silver, gold, precious stones, copper, m.-wood, cedarwood VAB 4 126 iii 41, also ibid. 98 i 21, YOS 1 44 i 17, and passim in Nbk., cf. Rost Tigl. III p. 74:23; erēnī paglūti giš.mes.má.gan.na rabiūti sipar: ra uhallipma I covered thick cedar-beams and big m.-beams with bronze VAB 4 148 iii 28, also 158 vi 11, PBS 15 79 i 54 (Nbk.), VAB 4 also erēnē paglūtu ... šurēnī işsī damqūtu giš.mes.má.gan.na issi dārā ibid. 256 ii 4 (both Nbn.); dalāt erēni šurmēni daprāni giš mes-kan-ni ina bābiša uretti I fixed doorleaves of cedar, cypress, juniper and m-wood into its doorways AKA 187 r. 24, also ibid. 221:21 (Asn.); dalāt šurmēni GIŠ mu-suk-kan-ni (vars. mis-si-kan-na, Mes.má.gan.na) mēsir erî namri urakkisma urattâ nërebšin I joined door-leaves of cypress and m.-wood with a band of shining copper and fixed them in their entrance Winckler Sar. pl. 37:26, also Lyon Sar. 24:33, and passim in Sar., also Streck dalāt GIŠ.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA u Asb. 246:61; erēni ihiz kaspi ebbi uhhizma I had the doorleaves of m.-wood and cedarwood covered with a sheet of shining silver VAB 4 158 vi 39, also 138 ix 9, 118 ii 43, PBS 15 79 i 62 (Nbk.).

2' used for furniture: 40 giš kablāte ša giš mes-kan-ni eršu giš mes-kan-ni 6 paššūrē ša giš mes-kan-ni forty furniture legs of m.wood, a bed of m-wood, six tables of m-Scheil Tn. II 71; [ereš Giš].MES.MÁ. GAN.NA ișși dārê ... nakliš ēpuš (see dārû mng. 2b) Thompson Esarh. pl. 14 i 46 (Asb.), cf. Craig ABRT 1 76 i 13, see Streck Asb. 300; a bed of MES.MÁ.[GAN.NA] CT 47 83:4f. (OB), cf. eršu ša giš memes-kan-nu Dar. 189:7 and 14, also, wr. GIŠ.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA Dar. 530:4, (in broken context) TuM 2-3 218:5, wr. GIŠ mes-VAS 4 167:8, wr. giš. (MES).MÁ. kan-nu Dar. 418:5; 1  $pašš\bar{u}ru$  ... kabluGAN.NA giltû giš. (mes).má.g[an.n]a (see gištû) 8/2 159:6, also BE 14 163:20 (both MB); 5 GIŠ. GU.ZA MES.MÁ.GAN.NA (in dowry list) CT 47 83:6 (OB); 6 GIŠ.GU.ZA GIŠ mi-is-ma-ka-ni O 342 ii 18 (unpub. OB, courtesy K. R. Veenhof), also (a table) ibid. 20, (1 giš.šv.i) ibid. 22; kussî MES.MA.GAN.NA (priced at two gur of barley,

paid to a carpenter) BE 15 6:4, also 11 (MB); irmeānu Giš.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA [iṣṣi dār]ê a canopy of m.-wood, the lasting wood Thompson Esarh. pl. 14 i 31 (Asb.), for KI.DÚR throne, šamû canopy see dārû mng. 2b; zarati Giš. MES.MÁ.GAN.NA u 2 Giš karê erēni šīḥūti ḥurāṣa ruššā ušalbiš (see zaratu mng. 1c) VAB 4 160 A vii 25 (Nbk.); iltēn šiddatu ša mes-kan-na ša pani ṣabitti iltēn Giš būt nūr ša mes-kan-na one chest of m.-wood, with the head of a gazelle (as ornament), one lamp of m.-wood TuM 2-3 2:24, 26 (list of household items), also, wr. Giš mes-kan-na-nu 82-9-18,320a:8; Giš mes-kan-nu ... ana epēšu ša Giš.NUNUZ (see erimmatu mng. 3) Nbn. 171:1.

in ceremonial and ritual use: inanalbanāt šinni pīri ušî taskarinni giš.mes. MÁ.GAN.NA ušalbina libnāti I had (ceremonial) bricks made in brick molds made of ivory, ebony, boxwood, and m.-wood Borger Esarh. 84 r. 45, also ibid. 20 Ep. 22:13, cf. alli marrī nalbanāti ina šinni pīri ušî u giš.mes. MÁ.GAN.NA lu abnima I made hoes, spades, and brick molds of ivory, ebony, and m. wood VAB 4 60 i 44 (Nabopolassar); sixtv spindle whorls 30 ša bīni 30 ša GIŠ.MES.MÁ. GAN.[NA] thirty of tamarisk-wood, thirty of m.-wood KAR 223:2; sikkāti ša GIŠ.MES.MÁ. GAN.NA taskarinni erēni ušī pegs of m.-wood, boxwood, cedar, ebony RAcc. 14:27, also ibid. 18 iv 22.

4' as imported timber: maddattu ša ... mār Dakkūri ... ušû giš.mes-kan-nu.meš amhur I received ebony and m.-wood as tribute from the Dakkurian Iraq 25 56:49 (Shalm. III); ša PN qīpi Ḥararāte hurāṣa kaspa giš mu-suk-kan-ni rabûte ... tāmartašu kabittu amhur from PN, the commander of GN, I received gold, silver, and large m.trees as substantial tribute OIP 2 26 i 55, also ibid. 57:17 (Senn.); GIŠ.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA ša akanna epšu ultu māt Gandari u māt [Kar: mana] našâ the m.-wood which was used there was brought from the countries Gandara and Karmana Herzfeld API 15 No. 5:24 (Dar. Sf), see Stève, Studia Iranica 3 157, cf. GIŠ.MES.MÁ. GAN.NA ušû Syria 48 pl. 4:14 (Dar. Saa).

musukkā'u musukku

5' other occs.: GIŠ.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA [... ša] ... ubbaluninni gabbu ratbu all the m.wood that they bring us is fresh ABL 1066 r. 2. cf. ibid. 6 and 11 (NA); GIŠ, MES, MÁ, GAN. NA ana dullu a' mala ukallamuka ina 1-et elippi bēlī lušēlā for this work, my lord should send in a boat the m.-wood which I have shown you CT 22 158:8 (NB let.); ana muhhi giš me-suk-kan-nu ša bēlī iqbannašu itti PN ana GN nittalak to get the m.-wood, of which my lord has spoken, we left for GN with PN TCL 9 74 r. 4; kî ašmû GIŠ.MES.MÁ. GAN.NA šû ša itti husābīšunu tamhuru ina panī abīja ibašši as I hear, that m.-timber which you have received, together with its (text: their) twigs, is now at your (lit. my father's) disposal UET 4 185:4 (NB letters); 10 giš.mes.má.gan.na ša 2 sìla-a-a kabbarūni ten m.-logs which are each two silas thick ABL 566:12 (NA), cf. ibid. 9; GIŠ.HI.A MES.MÁ. GAN.AN.NA (as timber?) ARM 2 47:5, cf., wr. GIŠ.MES me-ša-ka-an-nim (uncert.) ARMT 13 [... GIŠ.LI].U<sub>5</sub>.UM GIŠ.MES.GÁN.NA [copy of] a tablet made of m-wood 222:1 (colophon).

c) as name of a canal(?): gišra ša GIŠ.MES. MÁ.GAN.NA ina GN kî ušbalkita when I crossed the bridge of the m.-(canal?) in GN PBS 1/2 54:31 (MB let.); bitqa ša GIŠ.MES. MÁ.GAN.NA Nbn. 947:4, also Cyr. 175:3, Wr. GIŠ.MES.GAN.NA Cyr. 166:4; ina muḥḥi butiz qēti ša GIŠ.MES.MÁ.GAN.NA ABL 941:6 (NA).

For VAS 6 246:2 see maškanu mng. 4.

(Gershevitch, BSOAS 19 317ff.; Thompson DAB 316.)

## musukkā'u see musukkû.

musukku (usukku, fem. musukkatu, usukz katu) s.; unclean man or woman, person under a (temporary) taboo; OB, SB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and (sal.) ú.ka.

[ú]-zu-ug  $\circ$ .[K]A, [ú-zu-u]g  $\circ$ .[SAG] =  $\circ$ -su-uk Diri IV 44f.;  $\circ$ .KA = mu-su-uk-[kum],  $\circ$ .SAG = mu-sú-uk-[kum], mu-sú-uk-k[a-tum] Proto-Diri 185–185b;  $\circ$ .Zu $\circ$ (KA) =  $\circ$ -s[uk-ku],  $\circ$ -s[uk-ka-tu] Izi E 255f.;  $\circ$ -k $\circ$ -gal. $\circ$ .Zu $\circ$ -g = 3 (= abul) mu-su-ka-tim Kagal I 4; [dil-mu-un] [NI.TUK.KI] = mu-suk-[ku] Diri VI C 13'; SAL.LI. $\circ$ g: mu-sú-uk-ka-tum UET 6 365:5f. (OB school text).

dEn.líl ú.zug<sub>x</sub>(KAXLI).ge uru.ta ba.ra.è: MIN mu-su-uk-ku ina āli līṣi may Enlil, who is unclean, go out of the city RA 19 72:24f., see Jacobsen, JNES 5 133 n. 9; ká.gal.ú.zuḥ bar. šèg.gá.bi tu.ra.[zu.dè]: ina abul ú-suk-ki sarbiš ina erēbi[ka] when you enter the M.-Gate like a storm Lambert BWL 120 r. 14f., cf. sila. dagal ká.gal.ú.zuḥ: ina rebīt abul ú-suk-ki ibid. 16f. (hymn to Ninurta).

- a) usukku 1' in gen.: [šār]at pūtišu tanassahma lu ana muḥḥi ú.KA lu ana muḥḥi ša saḥaršubbā [mal]ū tanaddi you pull wool from its (the sheep's) forehead and put it on either a m. or a person with saḥaršubbūdisease BMS 12:97, see Ebeling Handerhebung 82; see also RA 19, in lex. section.
- 2' in abul usukki: see Lambert BWL, in lex. section.
- b) musukkatu 1' in gen.: harīmtum mu-suk-ka-tum ana 191-šú if an unclean harimtu-woman (comes) toward him AfO 18 76 Tablet Funck 3:26 (OB), also, wr. DIŠ KAR.KID mu-suk-ka- $t[i \dots]$ Sm. 332:18, DIŠ SAL mu-suk-ka-t[e...] ibid. 77 K.8927:7 (SB omens); [šumma amēlu] mu-suuk-ka-ta ētiqtu ilput 6 ūmē ul [...] if a man touches a m.-woman who is passing by, for six days he will not [be pure] KAR 300 r. 6, see MAOG 4 28f.;  $m\hat{e}$  ... ša harištu la ūridu ana libbi mu-suk-ka-tú la imsû qātīša water into which no menstruating woman has descended, no m. has washed her hands AMT 10,1:2, parallel CT 23 3:8, cf. urruštu la  $ims\hat{u}$   $q\bar{a}t\bar{i}sa$  ... [mu-suk-k]a-tum la  $ims\hat{u}$ TÚG.HI.A.MEŠ-ŠÚ Köcher BAM 29:27, dupl. AMT 54,3 ii 3; GA(!) SAL.  $\langle \acute{\mathbf{U}} \rangle$ . KA-ti ša ma-[ra(?)]υ.τυ tuballal you mix (various products) with milk of a m.-woman who has borne a son(?) Iraq 18 pl. 25 i 7 (med.), see Iraq 19 40; [... ina] šizib SAL.Ú.KA malmališ tuballal you mix [the medication] with milk of a m.-AMT 13,6:13, also AMT 8,1:22, 33, woman 13.2 r. 9, 16.3:11 + 12.3 i 5, 57.10:5,SAL.Ú.KA šá NITA Ù.TU K.8080:10; uncert.: dNin-geštin-na ú-suk-ka-tum [...]BAM 323:47.
- 2' in abul musukkati: KÁ.GAL mu-sú-ukka-tim Kramer From the Tablets of Sumer 274 No. 10 (map of Nippur).

musukkû A muşa'irānu

The term *musukku* refers to a woman in the period after she has given birth (note the mention of the (first) milk of a *m*.-woman) when she is in tabooed state until she has taken a ritual bath; it may also refer to a menstruating woman.

For AnSt 10 122 v 7 and 23 see mūtu usage a.

musukkû A (musukkā'u) s.; (a bad quality of silver); OA, OB; cf. masāku.

lú.kù.kala.ga.ak.ak = e-pi-iš mu-su-ke-e OB Lu A 132 and, wr. mu-[su]-ki OB Lu D 73.

18 MA.NA kaspam kunukkika PN ublam . . . 13\frac{2}{3} GÍN 15 ŠE mu-sú-kà-ú kunukkini ina bīt PN, ibašši PN brought 18 minas of silver sealed by you,  $13\frac{2}{3}$  shekels and 15 grains of m. are in PN2's house under our seal Kienast ATHE 28:10; šitti kaspim  $3\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA  $1\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN ina libbišu  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA mu-sú-kà-ú(text -zu) the rest of the silver is three and one-third minas one and one-half shekels, of which one-third mina is m. BIN 4 30:27;  $1\frac{1}{3}$  GÍN mu-sú-kà-ú I have one and one-third ištija ibaššiu shekels of m. CCT 5 34b:26, cf. mu-sú-kà-ú (in broken context) KTS 33b:32; mu-sú-kà $e-\check{s}u$  ... uta'er $\check{s}um$  I have returned his m. to him OIP 27 62:48, also ibid. 46; lu kaspam lu subātī lu ša mu-sú-kà-e mimma ša PN ula tëzibam you left here neither the silver nor the garments nor that of the m, nothing of PN's CCT 5 46b:35;  $\frac{1}{3}$  GÍN  $7\frac{1}{2}$  ŠE KÙ.BABBAR mu-sú-kà-e ilge he took x silver as m. Contenau Trente Tablettes Cappadociennes 16:17; kaspam 1 gín 15 še PN ublamma 1 gín ana šipātim addimma ullûm mu-su-ku-ú ½ gín 5 šE kaspam PN<sub>2</sub> ublamma 10 šE mu-su-ku-ú PN brought me one shekel and 15 grains of silver, one-half shekel I spent on wool, the rest(?) was m., PN2 brought me one-half shekel and five grains, and there was a m. of ten grains UET 5 34:10, 14 (OB).

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade p. 48 n. 91.

## musukkû B s.; (mng. unkn.); OB.\*

2 sìla ana mu-sú-[k]i-i ana DN 3 sìla ana mu-sú-ki]-[i] ša bābātim two silas (of tap: pinnu-flour) for m. for DN, three silas for m. of the gates(?) Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 155:5 and 7.

muşabbittu see muşabbitu.

muṣabbitu (fem. muṣabbittu) s.; 1. (part of a loom), 2. (an implement); NB; cf. sabātu.

giš.nir.ra = aşītu, şişītu, mu-şa-bit(var. -bi-it)-tu Hh. V 311; [ni-ir] [NIR] = [šá giš.N]IR.ra mu-şab-bit-tum A V/3:54.

- 1. muşabbittu (part of a loom): see lex. section.
- 2. muṣabbitu (an implement): 2 mu-ṣa-bi-ta-nu (of bronze) 82-9-18,719:10 (NB).

muşa'irānu (muṣârānu) s.; frog; Qatna, SB; wr. syll. and BIL/BÍL.ZA.ZA.

bil.za.za = mu-ṣa-ra-nu (var. mu-ṣa-ra-nu) Hh. XIV 376; bil.za.za = mu-ṣa-i-ra-[nu] Practical Vocabulary Assur 408, see MSL 8/2 p. 69; bil.z[a.za  $KU_6$ ] = [mu-ṣa]-i-[ra-nu] Hh. XVIII 102;  $na_4$ -bil.za.za.za.gìn =  $\S U$ -[u], mu-ṣa-ra-[nu], kin-tur-[ru], hu-du- $u\check{s}$ - $[\check{s}u]$ , ap-sa-su- $\acute{u}$  Hh. XVI 80-84.

BIL.ZA.ZA | mu-ṣa-'-ir-ra-nu TCL 6 17 r. 23 (astrol. comm.), see usage b; BIL.ZA.ZA | mu-ṣa-'i-ra-ni | pu-ru-un-z[a-ḥu] | pu-ru-un-za-ḥu | x-x-x-hu W. 22307/17:3f. (courtesy H. Hunger); IR.IR = bi-ni-lum | mu-ṣa-'-i-[ra-nu] | MIN | pi-ri-in-za-ḥu : śum-ma mu-ṣa-'-i-r[a-nu ina fD] iš-ta-na-as-su-ú VAT 4955:18f. (Comm. to A II/2).

- a) in gen.: šumma nāru mûša BIL.ZA.ZA malû if the water in a canal is full of frogs CT 39 15:27 (SB Alu); šumma ina mê šamê BIL.ZA.ZA ma'du if there are many frogs in rainwater ACh Adad 31:62, also Supp. 2 Adad 103a:7, 104:9; [šumma BIL].ZA.ZA ina bīt amēli IGI if a frog is seen in a man's house CT 41 13:25, also (with other protases) ibid 26-30; šum= ma enzu BIL.ZA.ZA Ù.TU if a goat gives birth to a frog Leichty Izbu XVIII 26, cf. ina libbi BIL.ZA.ZA GAR [...] (obscure) ibid. p. 200:16; [NAM.BÚR.B]I HUL BIL.ZA.ZA apotropaic ritual against evil portended by a frog LKA 118:1 (namburbi); šumma mu-ṣa-'-[ra-nu] BA 3 521 K.8321 ii 4 (SB lit.), cf. ibid. 7 (to TuL p. 15 r. i 17ff.), cited VAT 4955:18f. (Comm. to A II/2), in lex. section.
- b) referring to frogs raining down: \*summa BIL.ZA.ZA ina āli iznuna if it rains frogs in a town CT 38 8:39 (SB Alu); note

muşa'irānu muşarrirtu

summa TÙR IM.DUGUD lami: ina antalî IM. DUGUD ibaššīma [B]IL.ZA.ZA IM.DIRI ana šamê DUL+DU (var. ina IM.DUGUD TÙR lamīma) if (the moon) is surrounded by a hazy halo (that means) there will be a haze during the eclipse, "cloud frogs" will go up to the sky LBAT 1530 r. 10, dupl. ACh Supp. 2 Sin 1a iv 3, variant from TCL 6 17 r. 23, for comm. see lex. section.

- c) in comparisons: šumma izbu kīma šikin BIL.ZA.ZA if the malformed animal is shaped like a frog Leichty Izbu XVII 51; abnu šikinšu kīma šašalli BIL.ZA.ZA NA<sub>4</sub> kurzgarrānu šumšu the stone which is like the back of a frog is called kurgarrānu STT 109:46, dupl. Köcher BAM 378 iii 12, see JCS 21 153:43; šumma tīrānu kīma BIL.ZA.ZA if the intestines look like a frog BRM 4 13:61.
- d) in med. and rit.: BIL.ZA.ZA SIG, teleggi ana pan nāri kīam taqabbi you take a green frog and recite as follows before the river AMT 88,2:16; BIL.ZA.ZA SIG, ina mê taşabbat you catch a green frog in the water K.2581:21, dupl. K.6732:2, note inc. addressed to BIL. ZA.ZA K.6732:4; BIL.ZA.ZA TI-[qi...] SA.MUD BIL.ZA.ZA ša šumēli [...] you take a frog, you [take(?)] the tendon from the frog's left foot K.11705:6f.;  $[\ldots m]u$ -sa-'-i-ra-nu annâ şabatma K.10863:6, cf. ina libbi mê šunūti mu-sa-[i-ra-nu ...] ibid. 4 (rit., courtesy W. G. Lambert); BIL.ZA.ZA SIG7.SIG7 Sm. 529:3 and Sm. 1049:11, AMT 103:6, dupl. AMT 94,3; BIL.ZA.ZA SIG, ta-za-bah marrassu ina himēti tuballal you .... a green frog and mix its gall with ghee (for an eye salve) AMT 8,1:13; [î].UDU BIL.ZA.ZA ina himēti tuballal 4,2:10, cf. itti ì.udu Bíl.za.za tuballal Köcher BAM 17:3; [...BIL].ZA.ZA turrar AMT 36,1:16; BIL.ZA.ZA ana libbi uznīšu tunattak you drip bile of a frog into his ears Köcher BAM 3 iv 24, AMT 36,1:4, AMT 12,2:5, also, wr. BIL.ZA.ZA SIG<sub>7</sub>.SIG<sub>7</sub> AMT 37,10:6; Ú baqqu, [Ú].ŠIM.GÚR.GÚR : AŠ BIL.ZA.ZA SIG Uruanna III 40-40a; BIL.ZA.ZA ša ŠÀ NA<sub>4</sub>. PEŠ.ÍD (see išqillatu mng. 1a) Köcher BAM 264 ii 15; at-ma BIL.ZA.ZA SIG, Köcher BAM 205:14, dupl. Biggs Šaziga 69:16.

e) representations: see Hh. XVI, in lex. section; [giš.bán.bíl.za.za.ta]g(?).ga.ta =  $ina \ s\bar{u}ti \ \check{s}a$  Bíl.za.za mahsat in the seahmeasure which is marked with (a drawing of) a frog Ai. III i 34; mu-sa-ra-nu za.gìn sig5 a fine lapis lazuli frog RA 43 180:13 (Qatna inv.); 1 [BIL].ZA.ZA  $s\bar{a}mti$  ibid. 154:170.

Landsberger Fauna 140.

muşallu see muşlalu.

muşallû s.; liar, evildoer; syn. list\*; cf. selû B.

mu-şal-lu-u, raggu, ajābu = sa-ar-ru Malku VIII 35 ff.

For Lambert BWL 134:143 see sullû v.

muşappirtu s.; woman hairdresser, lady's attendant; lex.\*; cf. şepēru.

[SAL.MIN(=ga-ga)].gá.gá, [SAL.K]U.gub.ba = mu-ṣa-pir-tu Lu III ii 13f.; SAL.gá.gá = mu-ṣap-pir-tum Lu Excerpt II 15; [SAL.gá].gá = mu-ṣap-pir-[tu] Lanu I iv 10.

See *ṣepēru* discussion section. Note that ME-rat in SBH p. 146:44f. should be read *ṣip<sub>X</sub>-rat* "hairdresser(s)" because Ṣilluš-ṭāb and dKA.TUN.NA are attested as SAL.ŠU.I of Ṣarpānītu, see CT 24 15:11f. and 28:66f., cf. dṢilluš-ṭāb, dKA.DI KAV 65 r. ii 11f.

muşappiu s.; dyer; NA\*; cf. sabû v.

Lú [mu]-şap-pi-u (preceded by mubarrimu) Bab. 7 pl. 6 v 15, see MSL 12 240.

PN LÚ mu-sap-pi-u ADD 775:3.

muşârānu see muşa'irānu.

muşarrihtu s.; wailing woman; OB\*; cf. şarāhu B.

Iphur-Kiš DUMU Ṣú-m[i-r]a-sa-at-Ēś<sub>4</sub>-tár ṣa-ar-ri-iħ-tim (var. sa-ri-iħ-tim) the son of PN, the wailing woman RA 16 163:22, var. from Grayson and Sollberger, RA 70 112:16.

Correct CAD 16 (S) p. 114b \*sarrihu accordingly.

muşarrirtu (muşarristu) s.; (a flat dish); OB, Mari, NA; pl. muşarrirātu; cf. şarāru A.

[d]ug.níg.lú.ux(GIŠGAL).lu = mu-şar- $ri\bar{s}$ -tum = [...] Hg. A II 95, in MSL 7 111; urudu.šen.

muṣarrištu muṣiptu

ugu.dil = mu-şar-riš-tum Hh. XI 394; urudu. šen.gú.dil = mu-şar-riš-tu[m] = [...] Hg. B III 199a, in MSL 7 154.

[mu]-sar-ri-ir- $t\acute{u} = MIN (= ka$ -a-s[u]) Malku V 207.

1 mu-ṣa-ri-ir-tum UD.KA.BAR one bronze m. UET 5 792:11, also VAS 18 101:12; 4\frac{2}{3} MA. NA [...] KI.LÁ.[BI] 1 ŠU.UŠ.GAR.RA 1 mu-ṣa-ri-ir-tum x minas [of copper?], the weight for one .... (and) one m. RA 64 26 No. 11:4 (Mari), cf. 1 šu-úš-[gur(?)]-ru-ú 1 mu-ṣa-ri-[ir]-t[um ...] ARM 9 20:16, also 7 šU(!).ÚŠ.GAR. RA UD.KA.BAR 5 mu-ṣa-ri-ra-tum ibid. 50:2; 1 mu-ṣa-ri-[ir-tum] 3 GÍN KÙ.[BABBAR(?) ...] one m., three shekels of [silver(?) ...] ARM 7 265:3; 62 mu-ṣa-ri-ir-te kaspi (among precious objects taken as booty from Urartu) TCL 3 381 (Sar.); 1 mu-ṣar-ri-ir-tú [KÙ. BABBAR] Iraq 23 33 (pl. 17) ND 2490+:27 (NA inv.).

Thureau-Dangin, TCL 3 60 n. 2.

muşarrištu see muşarrirtu.

\*muṣārum see miserru.

mūṣā'u see mūṣû A.

muşihhu s.; (a clown); lex.\*; cf. sahu v. [zú.NE.NE].re = mu-si-ih-hu (followed by aluzinnu) Lu IV 244a; [lú...] = [m]u-si-ih-hu-um MSL 12 202 Fragm. II 12 (OB Lu).

muṣiptu s.; (standard size) piece of cloth; SB, NB; pl. muṣipēti.

a) handed out as part of compensation for slaves, workmen, etc.: mu-sip-tum PN ana 'PN2 ukat[tam] PN will provide 'PN2 (his slave girl) with a m.-garment 575:10; a-kal  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}\acute{a}$ -kal(!)- $\acute{s}u$  mu- $\acute{s}ip$ -ta ukat= tam[...] TuM 2-3 271:7; PN u PN<sub>2</sub> mu-siptum PN<sub>3</sub> ... ukattimu Camb. 315:25, kurum: matu u mu-sip-tum (for a mother) Nbn. 65:17, (for a shepherd) BE 8 106:13, wr. Túg musip-tum (for an apprentice) Zeitschrift für die Kunde des Morgenlandes 2 pl. after p. 324:15; kurummassu eţir [...] adi qīt šanāti u [...] TÚG mu-sip-tum PN [inandin] he has been paid his food, [...] for the years and [months of his apprenticeship, PN will provide the

clothing Camb. 245:11, cf. kî mu-șip-tum PN ana PN2 [la] ukattam kî la ultammiduš Cyr. 325:9, cf. also Petschow Pfandrecht 112:9 (= Böhl Leiden Coll. 3 p. 53);  $\bar{u}mu$  1 Sìla NINDA.HI.A u mu-sip-tum 'PN ana PN, tanan: din daily PN will give one sila of bread and clothing to PN<sub>2</sub> (the apprentice) Cyr. 64:8; akala šikara tābta sahlê šamna mu-sip-tum food, drink, salt, cress-seeds, oil (and) clothing (paid in silver) AnOr 8 14:15, Túg sad-ra Túg mu-[sip-tum] Túg ša [qabli] Túg ti-[il-li] TCL 9 85:16; rarely counted: naphar 135 TA TÚG mu-sip-ti ina u'ilti ša Eanna ina muhhi Lú.GAL.MEŠ 50.MEŠ adi qīt ša MN ana Eanna inandinu GCCI 2 349:10, cf. ibid. 1; 14 TÚG mu-sip-ti BIN 1 42:10; 3 TÚG musip-ti UET 4 202:6.

- b) as part of a dowry: 2 šāhilī siparri muqarrišu siparri kisukki siparri arannu mu-și-pe-e-tum ki-iš-ki two bronze strainers, a bronze ewer, a bronze grate, a chest (with) a roll of m.-garments Dar. 530:8 (= Peiser Verträge Nos. 101 and 122), cf. Túg mu-și-pe-ti karkēti ša síg.sag ABL 511:8; kerka túg. HUM.HUM TÚG mu-și-pe-ti Nbk. 369:2 (coll. E. insabtu hurāși u mu-sip-e-ti ša Leichty); PN Cyr. 381:11 (coll.); kaspu udû TÚG musip-tum rikistu nudunnû ša 'PN Strassmaier, Actes du 8º Congrès International No. 27:1, also TÚG mu-sip-e-ti udê É Strassmaier Liverpool No. 32:8, TÚG mu-sip-ti u udê parzilli TuM 2-3 268 r. 8 and 13;  $ud\hat{e} \ u \ \text{TÚG} \ mu\text{-}sip\text{-}t[i \dots]$ Nbk. 431:1; mu-și-pe-e-ti-iá u udêja CT 22 230:8; mu-si-pe-e-ti-[šu] u udešu ibid. 17, also mu-sip-ti-šú u udêšu ibid. 21; (after an enumeration of tools of iron) u rúg mu-sipe-tum AnOr 8 27:11; note 1-et Túg mu-siptum ša sinništi BE 8 151:41.
- c) for gods and kings: [LÚ(?)] muma'ir GN kaspu TÚG mu-ṣip-tum būšu u unātu ... ana šarri ušēbil the satrap(?) of Akkad sent silver, cloth, valuable goods, and utensils to the king BHT pl. 18:11 (chron. of Antiochus); as a garment of divine statues: 700 rosettes and x tenšia-ornaments of gold 23 MA.NA adi TÚG mu-ṣip-ti KI.LÁ.BI.E.NE.NE ša ana muḥḥi DN illû their weight, including the clothes, is 23 minas, which are to be mounted

mūṣiu muṣlalu

upon (the garment of) Nanâ GCCI 2 69:3, cf. ibid. 133:6, 367:5.

- d) with indications of value: if you want a ram 5 Túg mu-sip-pe-<ti>sūbilam send me five m.-garments (and I will bring you the ram) YOS 3 104:10; two minas of silver sīm mu-sip-tum Peiser Verträge 95:2, cf. (same amount) BRM 1 80:2; ina 33 gín kaspi ša ana mu-sip-tum nadin Evetts Lab. 6:2; 5 gín ... šīm mu-sip-ti YOS 6 91:1, 2 gín 4-tú šá mu-sip-e-tum VAS 6 58:5.
- e) used as a wrapping or compress: ina Túg mu-ṣip-ti ebbeti (wrap) in a clean piece of cloth BIN 16:7, also AfO 178:28; mu-ṣip-ti labīrta ina šizbi li-taḥ-ḥi-ḥu let them sprinkle milk on an old cloth Köcher BAM 240:13.
- f) other occs.: akalu ina libbi ikkalu u mu-sip-tum ina libbi ikkattemu elat udê bīti ša ina panīšunu they cover expenses for food and clothing from that (amount), besides household utensils which are at their disposal Nbn. 572:13, cf. two shekels of silver per year PN ultu harrāni ana Túg musip-tum inaššu PN will draw from the business capital for (his) clothing Moldenke 15:7; ēpiš nikkassī ša kaspi uttati suluppī u VAS 6 58:13; your fishermen mu-sip-tumthere entered the house of PN Túg mu-sippe-e-ti ši-i-na ultu libbi ittaš[û] and took away the .... m-garments CT 22 56:8, cf. ašar Túg mu-sip-pe-e-ti iddinu' išamma take the m-garments from where they gave them ibid. 14, also kūmu ... Túg mu-sip-pe-e-ti ša iššú YOS 3 73:22; when he came here Túg mu-sip-ti-ia kî addaššu I gave him my mgarment (saying: give it to the fisherman, he stole an ordinary garment and disappeared) TCL 9 83:11; in fragm. contexts: [...] [TÚG] mu-sip-ti ikkalu they (animals?) eat clothing CT 41 28:16 (Alu Comm., to Tablet XL); ina la mu-sip-tum CT 22 53:22, pūt mu-sip-tum [...] VAS 6 86:10, cf. YOS 3 160:9, TuM 2-3 257:10, Camb. 379:15, 428:11, TCL 9 144:24.

For Camb. 435:5 see *mušēzibu* mng. 2. Oppenheim, JCS 4 188f. and n. 7.

mūṣiu see  $m\bar{u}$ ṣû.

muşlalu (muşallu) s.; midday, afternoon, siesta time; OAkk., OB, Mari, Nuzi, SB, NA; NA muşallu; wr. syll. and AN.BAR<sub>x</sub>(NE); cf. salālu v., šumsulu.

[an].bar<sub>x</sub>(NE) = mu-uṣ-la-lum Proto-Izi I Bil. Section B 2'; [an-bi-ir] [AN.NE] = mu-uṣ-la-lum Proto-Diri 597b; ANan-bi-ir<sub>NE</sub> = mu-uṣ-la-lum Erimhuš III 89; [an].bar<sub>x</sub> = mu-uṣ-la-lu Igituh I 409; an.bar<sub>x</sub> = mu-uṣ-la-lum Igituh short version 114; [N]E.AN.NE = ser mu-uṣ-la-lum Nabnitu XXII 207; u-u[d] UD = mu-uṣ-la-lum A III/3:35; [zi gi<sub>6</sub> an.bar<sub>x</sub>].ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) : [nīš m]u-šu u mu-uṣ-la-lu (be conjured by) the night and the day PBS 1/2 115 i 3f., cf. gi<sub>6</sub> an.bar<sub>x</sub> : mu-ša u ur-ra CT 16 20:66f.; [x] gi<sub>6</sub> an.bar<sub>x</sub>. gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) mu.un.zalag.g[a.e.ne] : mu-u-šá ki-ma mu-uṣ-la-li u-lna-ma-ru] they make the night bright like the day JRAS 1932 557:4f.

ka-ma-aş-şu, ka-ra-ru-u, a-si-tum = mu-uş-la-lu Malku III 159ff.; EN.NUN MURU<sub>4</sub> // mu-uş-la-lu BM 46241:10; AN.NE.GIM = GIM mu-uş-la-li 2R 47 ii 29 (both astrol. comm.).

a) in relation to other parts of the day: awīlum ša ina egel muškēnim ina kurullim ina mu-uş-la-lim işşabbatu 10 gin kù.babbar ì.LA.E ša ina mūšim ina kurullim issabbatu imât a man who is seized among the shocks in the field of a private person during noontime will pay ten shekels of silver, he who is seized at night among the shocks will die Goetze LE § 12 A i 38, cf. ibid. 41; ina mu-šíim ù ina mu-uṣ-la-li-im maṣṣartum ina dūrim la urradam the guard must not leave the fort during the night or the day Tell Asmar 1933,7:13 (early OB let.); see also muslalu beside mūšu PBS 1/2 115, etc., in lex. section; [ina] šēri dumgi [ina] mu-uṣ-la-li nēmeli [ina] šumšė kušīru (may the gods let you achieve) good fortune in the morning, profit in the afternoon, success when night falls 1920 567:19 (SB); ultu šer[im] adi AN.BAR<sub>x</sub> mamman ul ittulšu from dawn to midday no one saw him CT 46 45 iv 7, see Iraq 27 6; ina AN.BAR<sub>x</sub> ina kašādu šalamtuš ultu nāri īlamma when midday arrived his corpse came up from the river ibid. iv 17; ina UD.19.KAM ina šērim ana Bau ina an.bar, ana dingir.mah ina kin.s[ig] ana Adad ina tamhâte ana Ištar likrub on the 19th day, let him pray to DN in the morning, to DN<sub>2</sub> in the afternoon, to DN<sub>3</sub> in the evening, to DN<sub>4</sub> at dusk 3R 55

muşlalu muşlalu

No. 5 r. 49, cf. 4R 33\* ii 46 (hemer.); let him chew ....-twigs in the morning ina mu-usla-li ý imhur-līmu ý imhur-ešrā līkul let him eat imhur-limu and  $imhur-e\check{s}r\bar{a}$ —herbs at Boissier DA 42:4 (rit.), cf. AMT midday 90,1:16f.; [ina] šērti AN.[BA]Rx u šimētān tapaššassu you anoint him in the morning, at noon, and at dusk AMT 86,1 iii 11f., ef. 4R 55 No. 1 r. 24 še-ru an.bar, ši-me-tan (Lamaštu), see ZA 16 192;  $\check{s}e$ -ra an.bar<sub>x</sub> uAN.USÁN  $/\!\!/ ur-ra$  [...] ACh Adad 25:6 (comm.), cf.  $\delta e$ -ra AN.BAR<sub>x</sub> [...] AMT 99,2:31 and 32, note ud an.bar<sub>x</sub> u an.maš.gú.gàr 61:19; ina [m]u-uṣ-la-li-im nakram tasakkip you will rout the enemy at midday (between ina šihit šamši and [ina kins]ikkim) YOS 10 46 i 19, cf. the enemy will have a battle with you ina mu-us(text -si)-la-lim (between ina șilli tamhê at dusk, and ina șit šamši at RA 27 142:27, 29, 31 (both OB ext.); sunrise) qat DN ina AN.BAR<sub>x</sub> mahis imat it is the "hand of Adad," he has been hit at midday, (and) he will die Labat TDP 236:52, cf. qāt DN, ina šāt urri maķis imât ibid. 53, cf. also 140:45ff., 232:21; note the sequence ina  $l\bar{\imath}l\bar{a}ti$ , ina AN.BARx, ina mišil ūmi at evening time, in the afternoon, at noon LKU 126:15ff.; if a ghost appears in a man's house and it cries during the evening watch, the midnight watch, the morning watch ina AN.BARx, ina AN.BARX.BABBAR, ina Á.U. TE.NA, ina Á.GÚ. ZI.GA (var. omits AN.BAR<sub>X</sub>.BABBAR and Á.GÚ. ZI.GA) at midday, at ...., at evening, in the morning CT 38 26:36ff., var. from KAR 396 ii 9ff. (Alu); ina AN.BARx u li-lat Lambert Love Lyrics 104 ii 22, cf. ibid. 102 i 22.

b) in astrol. omens: šumma [...] šūturum ša erpētim [s]āmtim [naw]irtim u ṣal[imtim ina] mu-uṣ-la-li-im ittazizma [ūma]m uštetebrû if a large [...] of clouds, of a red, a white and a black one, becomes stationary in the afternoon and (they?) remain visible the next day ZA 43 310:21ff.; ina [m]u-uṣ-la-li-i[m] (in broken context) LKU 106:14 (both OB); [...] x mu-uṣ-la-li (apod.) AfO 19 pl. 33 v 6, with comm. [... / m]u-uṣ-la-lu ibid. 7; [šumma] Sin ina AN.BARx uṣima qarnāšu erseta inattala if the moon rises in

the afternoon and its horns point to the ACh Supp. Sin 7:1f.; šumma Šamaš ina AN.BARx ippuh if the sun gets bright in the afternoon, with explanation: Zibānītu ina qabal [ūm]i ippuh Libra rises in the middle of the day ACh Supp. 2 Šamaš 40:14f.; šumma ina MN Šamaš ina NE AN. BAR<sub>x</sub> izziz if the sun becomes stationary in MN during the heat(?) of the afternoon ACh Šamaš 14:73ff., cf. Nabnitu XXII 207, in lex. šumma antalû ina šērtim ušarrīma section: NAM AN.BAR<sub>x</sub> uštānih if the eclipse begins in the morning and lasts until the afternoon KUB 4 63 ii 30, cf. iv 5 and ii 21, see RA 50 14ff.; Samaš [i-na m]u-su-la-li [AN.MI] issakan ABL 908:6, see Parpola LAS No. 83; note: ina AN.NE / ina AN.ÚR ACh Supp. 2 Sin 2:27; for other refs. (partly to be read kararû) see Weidner, Bab. 6 65ff.

c) other occs.: nakru ina AN.BARx KUM-ni the enemy will defeat me at midday CT 31 19:17, cf.  $nakra\ ina\ AN.BAR_{x}\ ad\hat{a}k$  ibid. 9:8 and 10; šumma kalbū ina sūqi ina puhrišunu ina AN.BAR, ištanassû if dogs in a pack in the street bark constantly during midday CT 38 49:6; šumma amīlu ina immi AN.BARx sadir if a man habitually (has intercourse) in the daytime during siesta time CT 39 44:16; ipiš NAM.SAL.A mu-uṣ-la-la sig, ki.ná mūši dalih copulating during siesta time is good, (while) the sleeping place at night is troublesome(?), with comm. mu-uṣ-la-la sig, ina ūmi ilāni milik māti imalliku ibid. 4 (both SB Alu); ša mu-us-la-[li] (in broken context) KUB 37 65:3 (inc.); u ina mu-uş-la-li i[na kirî] uşşab= tuš they caught him in the orchard during the midday SMN 2495:17 (unpub., Nuzi); ina mu-sal-li (in broken context) ABL 951 r. 10 (NA); ina MN UD.23.KAM RN šar GN ina AN.BAR<sub>x</sub> mahişma ina ribê šamši imūt on the 23rd day of Tašrītu Humban-haltaš, the king of Elam, was afflicted at midday and he died at sunset CT 34 50 iii 30 (Babyl. Chron.), see Labat, ArOr 17/2 1ff.; note in adverbial acc.: mu-uṣ-la-lam ina bīt nap[ṭariš]u ušar: bimma at siesta time he rested(?) in his lodging ARM 2 129:15; mu-uṣ-la-lam akšu= damma at siesta time I arrived here (and he mușrītu mușû

entered the house thinking that I was asleep) ibid. 19, cf. ARMT 14 37:8.

For an.ne see also kararû.

Landsberger, OLZ 1916 36ff.

muṣrītu adj. fem.; from the land Muṣri; plant list.\*

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$  [UKÚŠ.TI.GI.LUM SAR] : mu-us-ri- $t\dot{u}$  Egyptian (cucumber),  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$  MIN KUR.RA : ti-g[i-lu]-u KUR-i foreign (cucumber) Uruanna I 251f., cf. ukúš.ti. gi.lum sar =  $\dot{\mathbf{s}}$ υ-u =  $g[i\dot{s}]$ - $\dot{s}$ u-u me-is-ru-u Hg. D 249, in MSL 10 105.

muṣṣabru adj.; rapidly moving, prattling, gossiping, malicious; SB; cf. sabāru A.

an.[kúr] = muš-tap-tum, an.kúr.kúr = mu-uṣ-ṣab-rum Izi A ii 21f.; [an].kúr = mu-uš-tap-tum, [an].kúr.kúr = mu-ṣab-ru Erimhuš II 258f.; igi.kurkúr = muš-tap-tum, igi.kúrkur-kurkúr = mu-ṣa-⟨ab⟩-rum Izi XV A ii 13'f.; ga.ga = mu-ṣa-ab-ru Izi V 170.

su<sub>6</sub>.uš<sub>x</sub>(KA×BAD).búr.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) gù.dé ka.kéš. bi hé.en.du<sub>8</sub>.a : šaptān mu-uṣ-ṣab-ra-tum ša itammā rikissina lippaṭir may the bonds of the (formerly) rapidly moving lips which used to converse be broken CT 17 32:19f.

ša ana hulluq mu-uṣ-ṣab-ri uma'irušu DN (Nusku) whom DN has sent out to annihilate the malicious Bauer Asb. 2 38:11; šumma mu-ṣap-pir (possibly predicative of \*muṣ-ṣappiru) CT 51 147 r. 8 (Sittenkanon); lišān mu-ṣab-ra-tum(var. -ti) tuhallaq arhiš (see lišānu mng. 1c) BA 5 385:12, cf. mu-ṣab-ra šap-pi-ta la dagāl ēnēšu te-rim(?) you strike with blindness(?) the one who looks askance and cross ibid. 11, var. from Scheil Sippar p. 97 (coll. W. von Soden, incomplete text in Ebeling Handerhebung 92); [...] mu-uṣ-ṣab-ru (in broken context) Šurpu II 9.

See sabāru A and sabru A discussion section.

muşşallu see muşşālu.

muşşāltu see muşşālu.

muṣṣālu (muṣṣallu, muṣṣēlu, fem. muṣṣāltu, muṣṣēltu) adj.; quarrelsome, hostile, choleric; SB; cf. sālu.

LÚ×NE.mú.mú = mu-sa-lum OB Lu A 502; ad.gi.gi = da-ia-nu, ma-li-ku, mu-sal-lu RA 16 166 ii 21 ff., dupl. CT 18 29 ii 16 ff. (group voc.).

na<sub>4</sub>.ša.ma.a.a.tum = (blank) = mu-si-iltum(var. -tú) Hg. B IV 110 and dupls., in MSL 10 33;  $NA_4$  ša-ma-a-a-tum =  $NA_4$  mu-[s]al-tum MSL 10 69:13;  $NA_4$  šim-ma-ia-tú =  $NA_4$  mu-ṣal-[tu] ibid. 72:78, also Uruanna III 187;  $NA_4$  a-lal-lum =  $NA_4$  mu-ṣal-tú Köcher Pflanzenkunde 4:51, see MSL 10 72 Recension E;  $NA_4$  bahrê:  $NA_4$  hur-hum-ba-šir  $/\!\!/$   $/\!\!/$   $/\!\!/$  MSL 10 69:6, also, wr. (with gloss)  $NA_4$  mu-ṣal-tú MSL 10 69:6, also, wr.

geštú.tuku Lú×NE.me.en : rāš uzni mu-uşşa-lu atta you (elallu-stone) are clever but quarrelsome Lugale XI 27.

ha-mi-ṭa-at libbi, mu-ṣi-il-tum(var. -tú) = mar-tú Malku IV 54f.

- a) referring to persons: eli šarhi mu-ṣa-li-ia azziza I stood victorious over the proud one who was hostile to me TCL 3 157 (Sar.); if he has fox-eyes (LUL.A) mu-ṣal-li parriṣ he is quarrelsome (and) a liar Kraus Texte 21:17', also 7 r. 4'; mu-ṣe-el he is quarrelsome (apodosis) AfO 11 224:58, cf. šumma mu-ṣal CT 51 147 r. 11 (all physiogn.).
- b) describing a stone: see Hg., MSL 10, etc., in lex. section.
- c) describing bile (lit. choleric, beside inflaming): see Malku, in lex. section.

F. R. Kraus, AfO 11 228f.

muşşēltu see muşşālu.

muşşēlu see muşşālu.

muşşû (to spread) see ussû.

muşşû see mūsû A.

muşşuru v.; to fix a borderline; SB; II; cf. misru A.

uaddi šatta miṣrāta ú-ma-aṣ-ṣir (var. ú-aṣ-ṣir) (see iṣratu usage a) En. el. V 3; uštaš: nīma alkakāt erṣeti ú-aṣ-ṣir (var. ú-ma-aṣ-ṣir) (see alaktu mng. 3a) En. el. VI 43.

muşşuşu see muzzuzu.

muşû (uşû) s.; (a woven fabric); Mari, MB, EA, SB, NB.

ga-da-rum, ú-at-lum, ú-su-ú = mu-su-u An VII 251ff., it-lu-pu-ti = min ez-hu-ti, ti0. $nfg.dara_2$  = min ibid. 254f.;  $r\tilde{e}s$  mu-si-e = adamu red garment ibid. 256; [...] = mu-su-u (followed by kuzippu) Uruanna III 543.

a) muşû: I am dressed in a rent garment (for mourning) mu-şe-e-a šaqqumma my m.

mūṣu A mūṣu A

is sackcloth AnSt 8 46 i 25 (Nbn.); you sprinkle holy water ana muhhi erši u Túg mu-și-e over the bed and the m. Or. NS 39 144 r. 6 (namburbi); ana mannu giš.NA ana mannu mu-șe-e PSBA 23 pl. after p. 192 (lament.), see Langdon SBP p. 264:10, cf. ana mannu ki-i-x nakri mu-șe-e šuḥarrurūtu ibid. 11; 3 Túg mu-șu-ú UET 7 20:6 (MB); see also ARM 9 20:24, cited usage b.

b) (ša) pan (m)uṣê: 1 Túg ša pa-an ú-ṣíim 1 τύς taktīmum 2 ú-sú-ú ARM 9 20:22ff.; 1 Túg pa-an mu-si-e (beside tunšu, etc., for use in a mīs pî-rit.) Aro Kleidertexte 18 HS 165:3 (MB); colored wool IGI mu-si-e Nbn. 664:4, 6, and 8, cf. inzahurētu- and gabû-dyes given to the weaver ana dullu ša pa-ni mușe-e ša Šamaš for work on the ša pani mușê of Samaš 82-9-18,4068; colored wool for a cover for the pedestal and 4 sfg.bar.si.meš ša  $\langle IGI \rangle$  mu-si-e four wool streamers(?) for the ša pan muse VAS 6 16:6 and 10 (all NB); uncert.: [1 GADA] lubāru ša pa-ni KUŠ.NÍG.NA mu-uṣ-ṣi-e (beside a large tunšu for the king's bed) EA 14 iii 26, also one fine linen lubāru ša pa-ni Kuš.níg.na, mu-și-e ibid. 29.

The woven fabric, probably a cover and related to (w)ussû "to spread," had a part with colored decoration, called ša pan musê.

Aro Kleidertexte 29.

mūṣu A s.; 1. (a disease of the urinary tract), 2. (a stone); MB, Bogh., SB, NB; wr. with det. NA<sub>4</sub> and UZU.

NA4 X.X: NA4 mu-şu, NA4 mu-şu NITÁ: NA4 muşu šá libbi ušari, NA4 mu-şu SAL: NA4 mu-şu šá libbi ūri MSL 10 70:19ff. and 71:59ff. (= Uruanna III 159aff.); NA4 mu-şu ša ú-ru-la-ti-šú: pappaltu ša cìš (var. iški) amēlūti Uruanna III 171, see MSL 10 70:32; [ú u]r-nu-qu: Aš mu-ú-şu Uruanna III 25.

NA<sub>4</sub> za-gi-in-du-ru-u: NA<sub>4</sub> [mu-şu SAL] MSL 10 70:21, restored from NA<sub>4</sub> mu-şu SAL<sup>\$in-ni-\$ii</sup>: NA<sub>4</sub> za-gi-id-du-ru-u Köcher Pflanzenkunde 4:54.

uzu.mu.ú.şú (var. NA<sub>4</sub> mu-şú) = šá libbi urulz lātišu = pappaltu ša birki amēli Hg. B IV 70, in MSL 9 35, also Hg. D 75, in MSL 9 38, variant from CT 14 14 K.4936:9.

mu-sa # hi-nlq-tum JNES 33 337:22 (med. comm.).

1. (a disease of the urinary tract) — a) referring to the disease: šumma amēlu kalīssu ikkalšu MURU<sub>4</sub>-šú TAG.TAG-šú u šīnā=

tušu kīma šīnāt anše babbar egir šīnātušu dama ukallama na.bi mu-sa-am marus if a man's kidney hurts him, his flanks keep paining him and his urine is as white as a donkey's urine, afterward his urine has blood in it, that man is sick with m-disease Köcher BAM 396 i 24 (MB); [šumma amē]lu Gìš-šú uzaqqassu enūma šīnātišu išattinu rīhūssu šub-a [nīš] libbišu sabitma ana sin: ništi alāka muṭṭu úš.BABBAR ginâ ina Gìš-šú illak [amēlu š]û mu-şa maruş if a man's penis gives him sharp pains, he discharges semen when he urinates, his potency is "seized" and he has no desire to have intercourse with a woman, pus keeps coming out of his penis, that man is ill with m-disease Köcher BAM 112 i 19 and 36, dupl. AMT 58,6:3, cf. [šumma amēlu] šīnātušu kīma šīnāt imēri NA.BI mu-sa marus if a man's urine is like the urine of a donkey, that man is sick with m-disease Köcher BAM 112 i 13, also (with: like beer dregs, like wine dregs, like ....-paint) ibid. 14ff., and (with other symptoms) AMT 58,4:1ff., NA4 mu-șa maruș ibid. 15, šumma amelu muşa maruş Köcher BAM 161 v 3; lu mu-şu lu hiniqtu lu dúr.gig lu tattīkāte ša šīnāti either m.-disease, stricture, "sick anus" or incontinence of urine KAR 73:2 and 18; lu mu-su lu dúr.gig lu mimma murşu AMT 62,1 iii 4.

- c) referring to the discharge or the eliminated calculus:  $mu \cdot \dot{u} \cdot \dot{s}u$  ša libbi  $urull\bar{a}ti\dot{s}u$  ikkib  $il\bar{\imath}$  kalama ZA 61 58:183 (hymn to Nabû), cf. pan salmi  $l\bar{\imath}\dot{s}i$   $mu \cdot \dot{s}a$  sa libbi  $urull\bar{a}ti\dot{s}u$   $tapa\dot{s}\dot{s}a\dot{s}$  you smear the figurine made of dough with the discharge from his urethra(?) KAR 92:20, dupl. K.9334:6'.
- d) referring to a woman's disease: see mūṣu ša libbi ūri, mūṣu sinnišu Uruanna III 161, etc., in lex. section.
- 2. (a stone) a) in gen.: 14 NA<sub>4</sub> mu-ṣa teleqqi ina DUR síg SA<sub>5</sub>.A tašakkak you take 14 m.-s and string them on a multicolored

mūşu B mūşû A

thread BE 31 60 i 19, also, wr. NA, mu-sú AMT 47,3 iv 9; mu-sa-am AN.ZAH NA<sub>4</sub>.PEŠ<sub>4</sub>. ANŠE Köcher BAM 396 iii 21 (MB); NA, mu-șú ŠIM. $^{
m d}$ MAŠ  $imb\hat{u}$   $t\hat{a}mti$  AMT 20,1 obv.(!) 15, NA $_{
m 4}$ mu-şu nikiptu imbû tâmti ZA 45 210 vi 1 (Bogh. rit.), cf. ibid. v 31; [NA<sub>4</sub>] mu-sa nikiptu NITÁ *u* SAL AMT 34,6:8, cf. AMT 82,4:3, also nikipta nitá u sal na $_4$  mu-otin a  $[\dots]$  AMT nikiptu mu-sa imbû tâmti ruttītu 2,1:15, (against "anything evil") Köcher BAM 311:42, and passim beside nikiptu; NA4 mu-sa NA4 KA A.AB.BA Biggs Šaziga 53:15; NA<sub>4</sub> mu-ṣa NA<sub>4</sub>.ZÚ.BABBAR UET 4 151:2, cf. NA<sub>4</sub> mu-ṣa NA<sub>4</sub>.AN.ZAH ibid. 150:4, cf. ibid. 12, also RA 54 174:2, BE 31 60 r. ii 14, Köcher BAM 216:44, AMT 97,4:26, and passim beside anzahhu; [...] ti na<sub>4</sub> mu-și mê bīni AMT 14,3:8; na<sub>4</sub> mu-șa (among stones for a charm to conciliate Enlil) Köcher BAM 375 ii 16, cf., wr. mu-su Köcher BAM 376 i 17, wr.  $NA_4$  mu-su STT 275 ii 8, 401 iii 10, note, wr. 4 mu-și Köcher BAM 366 ii 9 (inv.); note, wr. with det. Ú: Ú mu-sú Köcher BAM 216:68, dupl. NA [musa?] AMT 94,7:6 + 70,2:19.

b) "male" m.-stone: NA<sub>4</sub> mu-sa NITÁ NA<sub>4</sub>.URUDU CT 23 22 iv 38, see Or. NS 24 270; [NA<sub>4</sub>.MUŠ].GÍR NITA mu-sa NITÁ NA<sub>4</sub>.URUDU NITÁ AMT 7,1 i 10, cf. LKU 32:18, also 1 MUŠ. GÍR NITÁ 1 mu-sa NITÁ 1 nikiptu NITÁ Köcher BAM 366 iv 16, 230:13.

The  $m\bar{u}$ su-disease is possibly to be identified with urinary schistosomiasis or bilharzia, see Kinnier Wilson, JNES 27 246, and/or ordinary kidney stones. The term  $m\bar{u}$ su-stone may refer to the calculus, and the name could have been transferred to some mineral.

KUR E NA<sub>4</sub> mu-ṣi KB 1 182:37 (= 1R 30 iii 37, Šamši-Adad V), is a geographic name which is not deciphered.

mūṣu B (or mūsu) s.; (mng. unkn.); OA.\*

mu-ZA-am ù e-wa-za-tim ša ēzibu šaṣṣirima

šēbilišina send (fem.) under guard the m.

and the ....-s which I have left TCL 14 47:12,

cf. URUDU ma-as-am u e-wa-za-[tim] BIN 6

94:14, cited s.v. ewasu.

mūṣû A  $(m\bar{u}$ ṣiu,  $m\bar{u}$ ṣā'u, muṣṣû) s.; 1. rightof-way (a strip of land to be used as the exit from a house across land held by another person), 2. exit, egress, passage, escape, exit dues, outflow of water, rising of celestial bodies, 3. opening (in an object or in a structure), 4. land irrigated from special outlets of a canal(?), 5. mūṣē šatti (mng. uncert., perhaps the end of the year), 6. produce; from OB, MA on; NB pl. mūṣânê; wr. syll. and (in OB) ki.è, zag.è(.A); cf. aṣû v.

GAB.GAB = mu- $\hat{si}$ - $\hat{u}$  Studies Landsberger 37:28' (Silbenvokabular A from Ugarit), cf. [...]  $^{GAB}_{GAB} = mu$ - $\hat{su}$ - $\hat{u}$  VAT 10223:3 (type of Diri); [giš.  $\hat{s}$ ID×A] =  $\alpha$ -lal-lum = MIN (= x-x- $\hat{u}$ ) [ $\hat{s}$  $\hat{a}$  m]u- $\hat{si}$ -iHg. B II 101, in MSL 6 111.

a-ru-ru = mu-șe-e me-e, mu-u Malku II 55f.; mu-șu-u [...] LBAT 1531:11 and 12 (astrol. comm.).

1. right-of-way (a strip of land to be used as the exit from a house across land held by another person) — a) in OB: mu-sa-a-am ana ribītim iškunu they made a right-of-way toward the square JCS 5 80 MAH 15970:28, cf. ana ribītim ana mu-se-e-em CT 6 7b:9; mu-sú-šu SILA.DAGAL TCL 1 77:4, cf. Waterman Bus. Doc. 26:6, mu-sú-šu ana SILA.DAGAL. LA VAS 9 165:4, CT 4 48a:10, CT 8 13b:4; 3 KÙŠ mu- $s\acute{u}(!)$ - $\check{s}u$  and  $s\~{u}qi$  three cubits (width) is his right-of-way to the street Pinches Peek 13:12f., also (two cubits) Meissner BAP 104:4, cf.  $(2\frac{1}{2} \text{ cubits})$  CT 6 36b:3, SAG.BI SILA mu-sú-umCT 4 11b:4, mu-sú-šu ana SILA Meissner BAP 103:4, mu- $s\acute{u}$ - $s\acute{u}$  su- $q\acute{u}$ - $\acute{u}$ -um CT 4 50b:5, also (with ana SILA Ištar) ibid. 45b:8; atypical: (a house) DA mu-sú-ú-um ša PN Dilbat 16:4, DA mu-se-e-am ša PN CT 47 6:2; mu-sú-šu ana bāb PN ussi he uses the gate of PN as his right-of-way CT 8 49b:8, cf. CT 6 31a:5, also 2 [É] mahīrātim mu-s[ú]-ši-na ana rebītim uṣṣi BE 6/1 13:11, also ina mu-ṣe-e ša PN ... ussia TCL 1 104:19, and passim; mu-şu-um ina birišunu the right-of-way they TCL 1 65:40; ba-ma-at have in common mu-si-im half the right-of-way CT 47 23:6; wr. ki.ta.è.a: da 2 kùš ki.ta.è.a Jean Tell Sifr 66:2, cf. ibid. 47:2, 55:3, 5; wr. KI.È: ki.è.bi šà sila.dagal.la.šè its rightof-way is toward the square PBS 12/1 23:4, cf. YOS 12 214:6, cf. also ki.è.bi e.sír.ra OECT 8 17:2, BE 6/2 12:7; é.dù.a ki.è.dil.a

mūşû A mūşû A

àm.è.dè the house has an exit by a single right-of-way BE 6/2 43:4 and 8; wr. ZAG. È(.A): ZAG.È itti PN u PN<sub>2</sub> PN<sub>3</sub> uṣṣi PN<sub>3</sub> will use the right-of-way with PN and PN<sub>2</sub> CT 6 45:6, cf. a house ezub ZAG.GA.È.A TCL 1 104:16, a house whose front SILA ZAG.È.A ibid. 98:3, also BE 6/1 65:3.

- b) in Elam: a house u mu- $s\acute{u}$ - $\mathring{u}$ - $\mathring{s}u$  and its right-of-way MDP 28 413:3, cf. £.D $\mathring{u}$ .A PN mu- $s\acute{u}$ - $\mathring{u}$  DA DN MDP 23 172:8 and 10, qadu mu- $s\acute{e}$ -e MDP 24 382 $^{\mathrm{bis}}$ :5.
- c) in MA: É tarbaşi ša mu-şa-i-ša [DA] É PN KAJ 20:9; [a-d]i mu-şa-e [ša] abulli KAJ 175:13.
- d) in NA: É... mu-ṣu adi tarbaṣi ADD 328:2, cf. mu-ṣu-ú ADD 329:5, also ADD 409:3, mu-ṣu-ú is-sa-ḥe-iš AJSL 42 267 No. 1252 edge (after line 5, coll. J. N. Postgate).
- e) in NB: PN u PN2 ina mu-su-šú-nu ana muhhi palgi uṣṣû ana muhhi mu-ṣu-ú ša kutal bīt PN3 ul išallat mu-su-ú ša kutal bīt PN3 ša PN, šû PN and PN, will use the right-of-way toward the ditch, they(!) have no right to the right-of-way toward the rear of the house of PN<sub>3</sub>, the right-of-way toward the rear of the house of PN, belongs to PN, exclusively (entire text) Nbn. 53:3f. and 7; 3 KÙŠ musu- $\acute{u}$   $\check{s}a$  [bi-ri(t)- $\check{s}\acute{u}$ -nu] three cubits (width) of the right-of-way held in common TCL 13 240:17, cf. 3 kùš dagal mu-şu-ú ša bīti šuātu BRM 2 54:8, 1 GI mu-șu-ú sūqu qatnu BRM 1 34:16; sūqu qatnu mu-su-ú Cyr. 361:8; musu- $\acute{u}$   $\check{s}a$  bi-ri(t)- $\check{s}\acute{u}$ -nu VAS 15 39:23; bīt ruggubu ina muḥḥi mu-ṣu-ú ša ikkaššidu ana PN apart from the loft above the rightof-way which belongs to PN ibid. 27:11 and 24, also (with sullulu, see sullulu A mng. 1a-1') ibid. 39:24; note É mu-șu-ú ša É VAS 5 65:3; ribû ina mu-su-ú one-fourth (share) of the right-of-way VAS 15 38:20, cf. mišil ina mu-șu-ú ibid. 27:9f.; É tarbași u mu-șu-ú-šú BRM 2 54:10; ½ NINDA 2 KÙŠ 20 ŠU.SI.TA.ÀM UŠ.MEŠ mu-su-ú Camb. 233:12; mu-su-ú libbi eqli ibid. 5, cf. Nbk. 164:5; sūqu la āşû ša ina libbi mu-su-ú Speleers Recueil 298:7, cf. sūqu qatnu la āṣû mu-ṣi-e É.MEŠ VAS 5 38:13,

also Bab. 15 188f.:5, Nbn. 1128:23; adjacent to GI.MEŠ mu-ṣe-e bābāni CT 49 137:6; a house ša ina mu-ṣu-ú lāṣû ša DA É PN which is in the dead-end right-of-way, adjacent to the house of PN (for rent) VAS 5 67:2; mu-ṣu-ú birītu la āṣītu the right-of-way is through a dead-end alleyway Cyr. 128:20, cf. DA birītu mu-ṣu-ú É.MEŠ CT 49 130:4; a house kišubbāšu u mu-ṣu-ú-šú Dù-uš-ú-tú its empty lot and its improved right-of-way BRM 2 42:3; exceptional: mu-ṣu-ú ù mu-[...] ana aḥāmeš ul i-ki-le-e they will not withhold the right-of-way(?) and [...] from each other TuM 2-3 2:20.

- 2. exit, egress, passage, escape, exit dues, outflow of water, rising of celestial bodies a) exit, egress, passage, escape — 1' in gen.: concerning the affair of the house about which you and PN quarreled mu-sa-ša ešteme I have heard about her leaving 57:34 (OB let.); mu-se-e  $t\bar{a}nih[u]$  my going out (has become) pain Lambert BWL 44:95 (Ludlul II), cf. (in broken context) [...] hurru mu-su-ku-nu ul ib- $[\dots]$  ibid. 206 H 10; the open roads (variant: gates) of the city will be closed mu-sa-a nu tuk-a they will have no egress Leichty Izbu VIII 86, also Labat Calendrier § 72:9; mu-su-a ana GN ABL 1315:5 (NA); the criminal ša ... mu-sí-šu isahhuru who is trying to make his escape ARM 3 18:14, cf. kî ... pan ša mu-se-e-šú uba'ēma he wants to make his escape ABL 292 r. 15 (NB); I seized the gates ša la mu-se-e so there should be no escape. Lie Sar. 219, cf. ana la mu-se-e pirišt[i ...] so that the secret of [...] should not come out Tn.-Epic "v" 3; girra[ka] la mu-se-e [...] (in broken conibid. "iv" 3; ēma má.ì.dub-šu-nu kalûma mu-ṣa-a-am la išû lišēlûnimma wherever their cargo boats stopped, there being no passage (through the shallow water) for them, they should draw them up (on the embankment) LIH 40:19 (OB let.).
- 2' beside erēbu, etc.: anāku mu-ṣu-u u erēbi ša GN ul idi I do not know about the coming or going in GN ABL 1237 r. 9 (NB); bāb ... mu-ṣe-e nērebi mār bēli ilāni the door of the (processional) exit and entry of

mūşû A \*mūşû B

the Son of the Lord of Gods CT 37 10 ii 4 and dupl. PBS 15 79 i 68 (Nbk.).

- 3' with sabātu: they besieged PN isbatu mu-su-šú and prevented his escape OIP 2 62 iv 78 (Senn.), for refs. from Esarh. and Asb. see sabātu mng. 4b; he surrounded these people isbata mu-uṣ-ṣa-šu-un Streck Asb. 14 ii 26 and (with uṣabbit) ibid. 32 iii 132.
- b) exit dues: gimir ša adi GN inandin mu-su-ú ša GN<sub>2</sub> etra he will pay the expenses as far as Babylon, the exit dues of Borsippa were paid Nbn. 280:7; (after a list of oil deliveries) šá mu-se-e Nbn. 737:6, cf. three silas of oil ša mu-ṣu-ú ša ud.3.Kam (given to the confectioner) Nbn. 893:2, cf. mu-su-e ša UD.[x.KAM] Cyr. 279:8, note (in similar context)  $\acute{u}$ -su-un  $\acute{s}a$  2 iti.me BIN 1 96:3, also UD.8.KAM ša mu-«su»-si-e Camb. 47:4; dates [ša mu]-ṣa-ni-e ša mu.5.kam CT 49 38:6, cf. ša mu-su-ni-e ša ITI.DU6 ibid. 37:5, ša musu-ni.meš ša ina igi ká.gal dim ibid. 41:5; dates ša mu-uṣ-ṣa-ni-e ša bīt PN YOS 3 79:36.
- c) outflow of water: I changed the course of the Tebiltu River appu ušṭībma ušēšir mu-su(var. adds -u)-ša qereb katimti asurrakz kīša improved the levee and directed its flow through an underground channel OIP 2 99:48, cf. ibid. 96:75, 118:15, also mālakša ... aprusma ... ušēšir mu-su-ša ibid. 105:87; referring to the aqueduct: mālak mê ... mu-su-šú-un ušēšira ana tamirti GN I directed the flow of the water course toward the plain around Nineveh ibid. 115 viii 38 (all Senn.).
- d) rising of celestial bodies: ana mu-ṣi šamši u erbi šamši EA 288:6; KI mu-ṣu-k[a] (addressing a star, context broken) KAR 374:15.
- 3. opening (in an object or in a structure): summa martum appaša mu-ṣa-am la išu if the tip of the gall bladder has no opening YOS 10 31 iii 7 (OB ext.); mu-ṣi bāb zinniša la ikassir he will not block the openings of its (the palace's) rain gutters AKA 247 v 33 (Asn.); I went ana rēš ēni ša íD GN ašar mu-

şa-ú ša mê šaknu to the source of the Tigris where the water openings are WO 1 464:38, also WO 2 32:30, wr. mu-su-u 148:69, etc. (Shalm. III); in broken context: [...]-ti šit= kunuma mu-ṣa-š[u...] Rost Tigl. III p. 18:115; [mu]-se-e māmi ušaklim he (the king) showed them the opening (where) water (came out) TCL 3 202 (Sar.); la šutēšuru mu-se-e mêša its (the temple tower's) drainage openings were not kept in order VAB 4 98 i 32; aššum ina în mu-se-e mêša habbāti ... la erēbi so that robbers do not enter through its water outlet VAB 4 84 No. 5 ii 1, cf. in parzillu ... asbat mu-sa-a-šá ibid. 6, also íd mu-si mêšu asnigma ibid. i 25 and 162 B v 49 (all Nbk.); see also Hg. VII A 101, Malku II 55, in lex. section.

- 4. land irrigated from special outlets of a canal(?) (NB only): ultu GN adi GN<sub>2</sub> mu-ṣa-ni-e ša šarri BE 9 65:3; the GN Canal itti mu-ṣa-ni-e [...] ša ikkaššidaššu together with the m.-s which pertain to it PBS 2/1 83:2; note PN ša ina muḥḥi mu-ṣa-ni-e ša Bēlti ša Uruk Oberhuber Florenz 155 obv.(!) 10, ina še.numun ša DN ša mu-ṣa-ni-e ša B[ēlti ša Uruk] ibid. 14 (Nbn.); Mu-uṣ-ṣe-e ša Nabû (as geogr. name) TuM 2-3 105:17.
- 5. mūṣē šatti (mng. uncert., perhaps the end of the year): mu-ṣe-e šattim awīlum ina šulmi [...] ušeṣṣi YOS 10 25:36 (OB ext.).
- 6. produce (WSem. only): juddana ana [ardišu] mu-ú-ṣa ša KUR GN his servant should be given the (barley) produce from Jarimuta EA 86:33, cf. še-im.HI.A mu-[ú-ṣa] KUR GN EA 85:35.

For ki.è (see mng. la) (followed by ki.ku<sub>4</sub>) see Nigga 575.

Laessøe, JCS 5 23 n. 12; ad mng. 4: Cardaseia Murašû 130.

\*mūşû B  $(m\bar{u}$ șiu) s.; (an official); OA\*; cf. aşû v.

kaspam 1 MA.NA ša wāṣītika ša tušēbilanni mu-ṣi-um ērišunima the m. asked me for the export duty on every mina of silver which you sent me RA 59 159 MAH 16209:19; kīma mu-ṣi-um kaspam batqam išaqqulu umma anākuma since the m. will pay a poor price, \*mūṣû B mūšabu

I said CCT 4 4a:12; one shekel expended akkirrim inūmi a-mu-ṣi PN ištikunu ištiu for a jar (of beer) when PN drank with you (pl.) for the m.-s Hecker Giessen 26:28, cf. one garment inūmi ana £ mu-ṣi-im iqrūšuni when they invited him to the house of the m. TCL 20 161:5; silver ana mu-ṣi-šu ša alpam niṭbuḥuni BIN 6 149:7.

See also \*mūṣû B in rabi mūṣê.

For the possibility of reading mu-zi-zu instead of mu-zi-um in RA 59 159 MAH 16209:19 and CCT 4 4a:12, see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 197 n. 24.

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade n. 362.

\*mūşû B  $(m\bar{u}siu)$  in rabi mūşê s.; chief  $m\bar{u}s\hat{u}$ -official; OA\*; cf.  $as\hat{u}$  v.

2 naruq še'am É GAL mu-și-e ublūnim CCT 1 38c:6.

\* $\mathbf{m\bar{u}}$ \$\tilde{\mathbf{u}} \text{ (\$m\bar{u}\$, \$iu\$) s.; (a due, exit due); OA\*; cf. \$a\$\sigma^{\text{cf.}} a\$\sigma^{\text{u}} \text{ v.}

x silver ana mu-și-ni addin I paid as our due OIP 27 10:17, cf. așṣēr mu-ș[i-e] 1 GIN KÙ.BABBAR išaqqal BIN 4 179:11, cf. also šumma ... mu-și-e(!) ... la išqul ibid. 7; ina naruq PN 15 MA.NA mu-și-kà nilqe KT Hahn 9:6; obscure: mu-și-šu-nu ha-pu ICK 2 271:17.

\*muşuşû see  $m\bar{u}$ sû mng. 2b.

mūša (mūšam, mūšamma) adv.; 1. at night, tonight, 2. last night, yesterday; OB, Mari, Bogh., EA, SB; cf. mūšu.

gi.a = mu-ša-am (between amšali and barāri) OBGT I 796; gi.bi.ta u.te.en.šè = mu-ša-ama-di ur-ri-im ibid. 811; šà.du<sub>11</sub>.ba = mu-šam-ma (var. amšala, q.v.) Erimhuš V 106; i.ti.la = mu-ša-ma (var. [tu-uš]-ša-ma) Izi V 89.

am-ša-la = mu-šam-ma Malku III 152; ti-ma-li(var. -lu) = mu-šam-ma ibid. 154.

1. at night, tonight — a) at night:  $m[u-\check{s}]a-am-ma$  ... ana sēr aššātišunu irrubu uṣṣū at night they visit their wives ARM 3 16:13, cf.  $mu-\check{s}a-am$  ibid. 21;  $mu-[\check{s}]a-am-[ma]$  igartam ... aplušma at night I made a hole in the wall ibid. 71:15; the messengers  $mu-\check{s}a$  tubaluna u  $mu-\check{s}a$  tutėruna take out (news) at night and bring (it back likewise) at night EA 108:52f.; adi  $mu-\check{s}a$  šūrib ana GN EA

112:49, cf. mu-š[a šū]ribtišunu EA 116:24; difficult: mu-ša jišmu u [mu-š]a jiltiqu (parallel: [UD].KAM.MEŠ jišmu ... [UD]. KAM.MEŠ jiltiqu line 16f.) EA 109:18f.; mu-u-ša ahsuskama tonight I thought only of you (incipit of a song) KAR 158 r. vii 46, cf. mu-u-ša maru u-ša maru u-šamsāu this night I will pass with you, (my) darling ibid. 13; illik mu-ša-m (in broken context) CT 15 2 vii 14 (OB lit.); mu-ša marṣu inihhu KBo 1 12 r.(!) 9, see Or. NS 23 214.

- b) tonight: PN mu-ša-am [...] iqbiam VAS 16 194:27 (OB let.); for  $m\bar{u}$ šam u kaş $\hat{a}$ tam see kas $\hat{a}$ tam.
- 2. last night, yesterday: see Erimhuš V, Malku, in lex. section.

For  $m\bar{u}$ ša beside urra see  $m\bar{u}$ šu usage c. Landsberger, ZA 41 112 n. 2.

mušabbištu s. fem.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\* [SAL ...] = mu-[ $\delta$ ]a- $bi\delta$ -tu Lu III ii 6.

mušabšītu see mušabšû.

mušabšû (fem. mušabšītu) s.; creator, provider; SB; cf. bašû v.

an.da.gál = mu-šab-šu-ú, mušmīdu Izi A iii 14'.

As a divine name:  ${}^{d}Mu$ - $\dot{s}ib$ - $\dot{s}i$ - $t\acute{u}$  (var.  ${}^{d}Mu$ - $\dot{s}ab$ - $\dot{s}i$ - $t\acute{u}$ ) 3R 66 iii 26, var. from K.9925 i 6, see Frankena Tākultu 9.

The lex. ref. may represent an attempt to translate the element an.da.gál in Sum. personal names, see also bašû v. mng. 3a-2'.

mūšabtu s.; (part of a house); SB\*; cf. ašābu.

šumma kalbatu ina mu-šab-ti bīt amēli ulid if a dog gives birth in the m. of a man's house (preceded by ina bāb bīt amēli) Boissier DA 105 r. 7 (SB Alu).

mūšabu s.; 1. dwelling, domicile, 2. seat; OB, SB, NA; ef. ašābu.

tu-uš tuš = mu-ša-bu-um MSL 2 151:23 (Proto-Ea); [du-ur] [ku] = [mu]-ša-bu, [tu-uš] [ku] = [mu-š]a-bu = (Hitt.) za-ha[r-ti]-iš Sa Voc. G 8', 12', see RA 59 85; [x-x]-x-x k[I.Tuš] = šub-tum, mu-šá-bu Diri IV 305f., cf. Proto-Diri 312f.; [pa-ra]

mūšabu mūšabu

[BARÁ] = mu-šá-bu A I/2:357; te-er TIR =  $\delta ub$ -tum, a-šá-bu, mu-šá-bu A VII/4:85-87; ú-r[u] ùR = [mu]-ša-bu, ru-ub-şu A IV/4:116f.; [ú-nu] [TE.UNU] =  $\delta ub$ -tum, mu-šá-bu Diri VI B 11'f.; [g]á.da = mu-ša-[bu], [g]á.dNin.imma = MIN d[x], [g]á.da. lu.ug = 3 d[x] Kagal F 103ff.; aš.te =  $\delta u$ -ub-tu, ku-si-ú, mu- $\delta a$ -bu Izi E 178ff.; DI = mu- $\delta a$ -bu CT 19 6 K.11155:9, dupl. CT 19 12 K.4143:7 (text similar to Idu); [...] = [mu]- $\delta a$ -bu (followed by takkannu) Erimhuš IV 45; [zag x (x)] = [mu(?)- $\delta a$ - $\delta$ 

mu-šá-bu = ku-us-su-u CT 18 4 r. ii 72; mu-šá-bu = [šubtu] Explicit Malku II 142; mu-šá-[bu] = [š]u-u-bu Izbu Comm. 435; daggan # šu-ub-tum, mu-šá-bu TCL 6 17:12 (astrol. comm.).

1. dwelling, domicile — a) of gods: kima anāku bīta ella atmāna sīra ana mu-šab Anim  $u Adad \dots akpudu$  when I planned a holy house, a lofty sanctuary for Anu and Adad to dwell in AKA 102 viii 18 (Tigl. I); bīti elli mu-šab Anim u Ištar to the holy house, the dwelling of Anu and Istar Gilg. I iv 37, also ibid. iv 44, wr. mu-ša-bi ša Anim Gilg. P. ii 16, 18; bīt akīt mu-šab Aššur bēlija the akītu-temple, the dwelling place of my lord Aššur OIP 2 142 d 5 (Senn.), also Borger Esarh. 3 iii 36, cf. Streek Asb. 248:6, CT 34 32:71, VAB 4 236 ii 15 (Nbn.), 204 No. 44:3 (Nbk.); ana mu-šab Šamaš bēli rabû u Aja kallat narāmtišu bīta ēpuš for the dwelling of Šamaš, the great lord, and of his beloved bride Aja, I built a temple CT 34 28:57, also VAB 4 236 i 50, ana mu-ša-bu ilūtišu ibid. 258 ii 7 (all Nbn.), cf. papāhi Šamaš ... the chapel of Šamaš, his mu-šab ilūtišu divine dwelling place VAB 4 256 i 38, cf. ibid. 254 i 17 (Nbn.); ana mu-šab ilūtišunu ra: bīti ašpuk Borger Esarh. 23 Ep. 30:29; ašar mu-ša-bi-šu kīma gišti hašurri eressu uštīb I provided a fine smell like that of a forest of hašurru-trees at his (Šamaš's) dwelling place OECT 1 pl. 27 iii 14 (Nbn.); note referring to cities, regions: GN māḥāzu rabû mu-šab ilānišun Susa, the great city, the dwelling place of their gods Streck Asb. 50 v 128; šubat hidâtešunu mu-šab tašīltišunu the abode which they (the gods) enjoy, the dwelling place in which they delight AKA 97 vii 92 (Tigl. I), cf. mu-šab hidâti Arba'il LKA 32:10; ireddanni ana bīt ikleti mu-šab (var. šubat) Irkalla he leads me to the house of darkness, the dwelling place of Irkalla Gilg. VII iv 33; mu-ša-ab Enunnaki the dwelling place of the Anunnaku-gods JNES 16 256 r. 20 (Gilg.); emmaru šadû erēni mu-šab ilī parak Irnini they look at the cedar forest, the dwelling place of gods, the sanctuary of Irnini Gilg. V i 6.

b) of the king: ina qibitisunu sirti ana mu-šab šarrūtija abnīma according to their (the gods') command, I built (a palace) for my royal dwelling Lyon Sar. 10:63, also Lie Sar. 76:14, and passim in Sar.; ekallāti ana mu-šab šarrūtija . . . ina qerebša addi Iraq 14 33:26 (Asn.); ekalla mu-šab šarrūtija [ina libbi addi] I erected a palace, my royal dwelling place, in it Rost Tigl. p. 2:9, 6:21, also Lie Sar. 375 var., OIP 2 110 vii 39 (Senn.), Streck Asb. 88 x 103, cf. āl mu-šab bēlūtišu ibid. 44 v 19, 48 v 104, Thompson Esarh. pl. 17 iv 44 (Asb.), VAB 4 200 No. 37:2, and passim in Nbk., 212 ii 15 (Ner.); ekalla ša šānina la išú ana mu-šab šarrūtija ušēpiša I had a palace without equal made for my royal dwelling OIP 2 100:56 (Senn.), also ibid. 126 b 4, and passim; eli tamlê šuātu ekallāti rabbâti ana mu-šab bēlūtija abtani sēruššu I built on top of that terrace huge palaces for my lordly dwelling Borger Esarh. 61 vi 3, also ibid. vi 11, cf. OIP 2 119:21, 106 vi 19 (Senn.); ša RN . . . ēpušu ana mu-šab šarrūtišu (the bit ridûti) which Sennacherib had built for his royal dwelling Streck Asb. 84 x 54; enūma ekalla ana mu-ša-ab šarrūtija ina erset Bābili ... ēpušma when I built a palace for my royal dwelling in the district of Babylon VAB 4 200 No. 36:2 (Nbk.); kummu mu-ša-bi-ia VAB 4 136 viii 28; ina ekalli mu-šab RN etelliš ušib I sat down in the palace, the dwelling place of Urzana, as a victor TCL 3 350 (Sar.); [...] mu-šab rubê bēlutti [...] LKA 35:7.

c) other occs.: dajāna muštālu... ugammar ekalla šubat rubė mu-šab-šú a circumspect judge controls the palace and lives among the princes Lambert BWL 132:102 (hymn to Šamaš); kultarī mu-šá-bi-šu-nu ina girri aq=mūma I set fire to the tents in which they

mušadbibu mušaddinu

lived OIP 2 27 i 79 (Senn.), also Streck Asb. 66 vii 121, 200 iv 15; askuppatu lu mu-ša-bu-ú-ka (var. mu-ša-ba-ka) let the threshold be your dwelling place CT 15 47 r. 27 (Descent of Ištar), var. from KAR 1 r. 23; cf. harrānu lu mu-šá-bu-ki Gilg. VII iii 19; šarru ... itta: [qar mu-šá]-bi-šú-nu the king tore down their dwellings STT 43 r. 42, see AnSt 11 150 (SB lit.); bītum mu-ša-ab-ša qadu enātišu the house, her dwelling place, together with its furniture MDP 22 131:4.

2. seat: see Izi E 178ff. and CT 18 4 r. ii 72, in lex. section; ana Ea ... arattê hurāṣi ... ēpušma ... ukīn ana mu-ša-bi-šú I made for Ea an excellent (throne) of gold and installed it (in the temple) as his seat VAB 4 280 viii 25, cf. kusṣī arattê [... mu]-šab DN bēltišu Bauer Asb. 2 47 K.3136:6, also AAA 19 pl. 87:36 (Asn.); 1-en GIŠ mu-ša-b[u] (beside GIŠ.NÁ) KBo 18 168:3; (enumeration of persons) PAP 3 ša mu-še-[bi] in all, three with(?) seats ADD 841:7 and r. 4, cf. PAP x mu-še-bi ADD 860 i 16, 20, and passim in this text.

Occs. wr. dag or ki.tuš should be read šubtu in the phrase mātu šubat nēhti uššab.

mušadbibu (mušedbibu) s.; 1. person who initiates a legal procedure, who induces somebody to make a claim, 2. instigator, one who misleads; MB, SB, NA, NB; pl. mušadbibūtu; cf. dabābu.

1. person who initiates a legal procedure, who induces somebody to make a claim: egel ana zērija ašruku la itabbal zakūt aškunu ana ilki la ušerreb kî pî rabûti mālikišu šakkanakki ša pīhati u mu-ša-ad-bi-bi la ippušma amâti ša ina narî annî ašţuruma ēzibu la inni he must not take away the field which I gave as a gift to my descendants, he must not abolish the exemption which I established (with regard to it) by returning (it) under an ilku-obligation, he must not take action (with regard to the field) on the basis of a recommendation of advisors in his entourage, of provincial governors, or anybody (else) who induces somebody to make a claim (with regard to this field), and he

must not change the words which I have handed down in writing on this stela MDP 2 pl. 22 iv 38, also, wr. mu-še-ed-bi-bi ibid. iv 17, wr. mu-šad-bi-bi ibid. v 12 (MB kudurru); any official ša tāta qišta u šulmāna ina qāt mu-šad-«šad»-bi-bi u pāqirān eqli imaķ-baruma idabbubu ušadbabu who would accept a bribe or gift from a m. or a claimant to the field and who would initiate a claim or have someone else initiate a claim BBSt. No. 11 ii 7.

2. instigator, one who misleads: PN ... mu-šad-bi-ib-šu ša lemuttu ušakpidu ana RN PN, who misled him, who instigated him to plot against Urtaku Piepkorn Asb. 60 iv 64; šumma mušamķiṣūtu mu-šad-bi-bu-tu liḥšu ... nišammûni if we hear about people who plot an assassination or who create rumors (we will not conceal it) Wiseman Treaties 500 (NA); Lú mu-šad-bi-bu ša amat la ṭābti ana muḥķi RN iqabbû an instigator who speaks unfriendly words against Assurbanipal ABL 1105:13 (NB).

mušaddinu s.; collector, collecting agent (of dues, taxes, and other payments); OB; cf. nadānu.

a) in official context: Lú mu-ša-ad-di-nuum [a]na bīt nāši biltim ul išassi the collector may not demand payment from the household of any crown tributary RA 63 48:10 (Edict of Ammişaduqa § 2), also Studies Landsberger 227:15 (Edict of Samsuiluna), cf. RA 63  $48:25 (= \text{Kraus Edikt } 1':6); [ribba]t babbili \check{s}[a]$ ana Lú mu-ša-[ad-d]i-nim ana šuddunim nadnu uššur ul uštaddan the arrears of the tenant farmers which were submitted to the collector for collecting are remitted, they will not be collected Kraus Edikt § 11':27; ana ribbātišunu lú mu-ša-ad-di-nu ul išassi the collector will not collect the arrears stemming from those (transactions, i.e., credits given by the innkeeper) Kraus Edikt § 14':9, cf. (in broken context) RA 63 48:14; ūm mu-ša-ad-di-ni ekallim ana kaspim išassû when the collectors of the palace demand payment of the silver CT 6 37c:8; wool namharti ekallim níg.šu PN ki PN2 PN3 u PN4

mušaddinu mušahhinu

ŠU.BA.AN.TI.MEŠ ūm mu-ša-ad-di-nu ekallim išassû x kù.babbar ì.lá.e.meš Waterman Bus. Doc. 19:8; dates ribbāt nukaribbim ... ša PN ana PN, iddinu mu-ša-di-nam ippal arrears of the gardener (for the named year), which PN gave to PN2, he will pay the collector YOS 12 112:35; n[a]mharti PN mu[z]:  $zaz \ b\bar{a}[bim] \ mu$ -ša-ad-d[i- $in] \ pu[h\bar{a}d\bar{i}] \ mu$ -šaad-[d]i-[nim] received by PN, the muzzaz bābim, the collector of lambs, acting as collector (in this case) BE 6/1 80:12f., ef. BE 6/1 69:13, Boyer Contribution 139:7, BA 5 500 26 r. 6; x silver ša ana PN dajānim ana šuddunim nadnu ... namharti PN2 u PN3 kanīk mu-ša-ad-di-nim ubbalunimma kanīk: šunu ileqqû which was submitted for collecting to PN, the judge, received by PN, and PN<sub>3</sub>, they will bring the sealed document of the collector (PN) and will take in turn their sealed receipt CT 4 15b:11; PN mu-ša-ad-di-in puḥādī kīma puḥādī nēmet: taka ana ekallim la tublam iqbiam PN, the lamb collector, reports to me that you have not brought to the palace the lambs which are due as your nēmettu-tax LIH 82:4, cf., wr. Lú mu-ša-ad-di-in  $puh\bar{a}d\bar{i}$  ibid. 93:8; Lú mu-ša-ad-di-in šārtim kīam ulammidanni um: ma šûma ana wakil tamkārī GN aššum šārtim nēmettišu ana GN<sub>2</sub> šūbulim aštanappar collector of goat hair informs me thus: "I am writing constantly to the overseer of the merchants of Sippar-Jahrurum to have the goat hair which is due as his nëmettu-tax sent to Babylon LIH 55:4; dates nikkas mu-ša-ad-di-ni-šu iššakkan will be assigned to the account(ing) of the person acting as collector in his case YOS 12 182:17; aššum PN ... ša ana mu-ša-di-in-ni-im tašpuranni adīni idī mu-ša-di-in-ni ul ikūna: ma concerning PN, with regard to whom you have sent me to the collector — so far the compensations of the collector have not come into effect CT 4 12a:25 and 27; la bi ki [it] ti mu-ša-[d]i-ni rēšam likīl (in obscure TCL 17 16:24; kasap kurummat šukkalli u mu-ša-ad-di-nim ana uppuštišu ì.Lá.E Szlechter TJA p. 49:20; x flour muša-di-nu (in list of expenditures) UCP 10 85 No. 10:8.

b) in private context: for a house of x SAR 3 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR PN abī ana LÚ mu-ša-ad-di-ni-ka iddin atta tīde PN<sub>2</sub> kīam ippalma umma šûma KÙ.BABBAR anāku u aḥḥūja ul nimḥur u x ša mu-ša-ad-di-ni-ia ul addin PN, my father, has paid three minas of silver to your collecting agent, you know it — PN<sub>2</sub> replies as follows: "Neither I myself nor (any of) my brothers has accepted (any) money, and (moreover) I have not given a .... to/of my collecting agent" CT 45 88:6 and 11.

According to the Edict of Ammisaduqa (cf. §§ 2 and 15) there seems to be a difference in the kind of taxes or dues collected by the *mušaddinu* and the *mākisu*.

For Kraus Edikt 28:23 see qā'ipānu.

Kraus Edikt 50ff.; Frankena, Symbolae Böhl 155f.

mušaddû s.; person who causes negligence(?); SB; cf. nadû v.

mālika nīd aḥi u mu-šad-da-a la irašši he must not attract a (bad) advisor, he must not be negligent nor attract a person who causes him to be negligent(?) K.2617+ ii 16 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

mušadgilu s.; person who legally hands over property; LB; cf. dagālu v.

unqu PN ... mu-šad-gil an-na šu-du-gultum sealing ring of PN, who handed over this object of transaction CT 49 131 top; PN (seller) mu-šad-gil É-šú ibid. 8, cf. [ana] PN ú-šad-gil ibid. 14.

For the mng. see dagālu mng. 5d.

mušādiru adj.; frightening; SB; cf. adāru A v.

mu.lu šìr.ra u<sub>4</sub>.dè MI.MI.ga u<sub>4</sub>.dè sír.sír. re: ša ṣirḥi ūmu mu-šá-[di-ru] ūmu munnišu the mourner, the frightening demon, the weakening demon BA 5 617:1f. (coll. W. G. Lambert).

mušaggišu s.; murderer; lex.\*; cf. šagāšu v.

nin.gab = mu-ša-ag-gi-šum, mu-ša-ap-pi-lum Silbenvokabular A 70, cf.  $[lug_x(PA).gá] = ru$ -tum, mu-ša-gi-šu Studies Landsberger 24:108.

mušahhinu (mušehhinu) s.; (a metal cooking vessel); SB, NB; pl. mušahhinānu;

\*mušaḫḫītu mušākilu A

wr. syll. and (in VAS 6 246:5f.) UD.KA.BAR ŠEN.DIL.KÚM.MA; cf. šahānu.

urudu. šen. dil. kúm. ma = mu-šah-hi-nu (var. mu-še-hi-in-ni) Hh. XI 393; urudu. š[en . . .] = [. . .] = [mu]-šah-hi-nu Hg. A II 199, in MSL 7 154.

šamna ina mu-šá-hi-ni tušabšal you cook AMT 55,1:12; mu-šah-hi-nuoil in a m. siparri ša ginê tabnîtu ina libbi kî nubannû patihi allānuššu mu-šah-<hi>nu qalla ina Ekur jānu the bronze kettle in which we usually prepare the regular offerings has sprung a leak, there is no small kettle in the temple other than it YOS 3 191:25 and 29, cf. ibid. 32; u'ilti ša mu-šah-in-nu ša 4 MA.NA si: parri šuqultašu document concerning a bronze weighing four minas VAS 6 112:1; 2 mu-šah-hi-na-nu UD.KA.BAR two bronze m.-s RA 14 158:11, GCCI 2 249:7, Nbn. 761:6, Camb. 331:3, cf. 2-ta mu-šah-hi-nu.meš ud.ka.bar TuM 2-3 249:2; 1-en UD.KA.BAR ŠEN.DIL. KÚM.MA ša simid one m. of three-seah capacity VAS 6 246:5, also (with ša talammu) ibid. 6; bīt nūri qalla UD.KA.BAR šá-ši-tum UD.KA.BAR mu-šah-hi-nu UD.KA.BAR a small bronze lamp, a bronze  $\dots$ , a bronze m. (beside *kišukku*) Dar. 530:5, also Nbn. 310:1 and 10, Peiser Verträge 121:12 (coll.), also kīru A; 1-et mu-šah-hi-nu ud.ka.bar Dar. 301:6; 1-et U<sub>8</sub> ikkisu KUŠ šihtu UZU.HI.A u mu-šah-hi-nu UD.KA.BAR one ewe which has been slaughtered, the hide, the meat, and a bronze m. YOS 6 137:9; UD.KA.BAR mušah-hi-nu Nbn. 241:1, Moldenke No. 14:10, 1-en UD.KA.BAR mu-šah-hi-nu Evetts Ner. 28:14, wr. 1-et ud.ka.bar mu-šá-hi-nu Nbk. 441:3, 1-et urudu mu-šah-hi-[nu] u 1-en  $b\bar{\imath}t$   $n\bar{u}ri$ TuM 2-3 1:12; 1-en URUDU mu-šah-hi-nu VAS 4 79:16, UET 4 142:2; 1 mu-šah-hi-nu Camb. 330:5 (all NB); for VAS 6 166:2, see \*mušehhittu.

\*mušaḥḥītu s. fem.; (mng. unkn.); Mari\*; pl. mušaḥḥētu.

[x+]5 mu-ša-he-tum x m.(women?) (in list of women receiving meat portions) ARM 7 206 r. 2.

Note that the det. SAL is lacking before this word, and therefore it may denote an object.

mušāhizu s.; trainer, instructor; OB (Chagar Bazar), MB, NB; cf. ahāzu v.

- a) in OB (Chagar Bazar): ŠE.BA 5 LÚ kartappi ... NíG.ŠU LÚ mu-ša-hi-zi rations (given to) five grooms, subordinate to the trainers Iraq 7 53 A. 968:12 (= Loretz Chagar Bazar 30), cf. ibid. 51 A. 946; NíG.ŠU LÚ mu-ša-hi-zi (in broken context) Loretz Chagar Bazar 17:6.
- b) in MB, NB: written in the presence of PN according to the copy of PN<sub>2</sub> PN<sub>3</sub> mu-ša-hi-zi tuppa īmur PN<sub>3</sub>, the m., examined(?) the tablet TCL 9 53:10 (MB); do not neglect the work of the farmers ul tīdê nišē mu-ša-hi-iz-e šunu do you not know that they are people (in need) of an instructor(?) YOS 3 9:52 (NB).

mušahlilu see alālu B v. lex. section.

mušaḥripu adj.; early-bearing; lex.\*; cf. harāpu A.

giš.gišimmar.šu.nim.ma = *mu-šá-aḥ-ri-pu* Hh. III 317.

Landsberger, AfO 3 168.

mušākilu A s.; 1. purveyor (as title of an official), 2. feeder, fattener; OB, MB, MA, NA, NB, LB; cf. akālu v.

LÚ mu-šá-kil iṣ-ṣ[ur], LÚ mu-šá-kil Mušen.Meš Bab. 7 pl. 6 iv 1f. (NA list of professions), see MSL 12 239; [gír.x.x].zabar = pa-tar mu-šá-ki-lu (preceded by tābihu) Hh. XII 55, in MSL 9 204; lú še.bal.ak = mu-ša-ki-lum(text -rum) (among agricultural occupations) OB Lu D 89.

LÚ mu-šá-ki- $l\bar{i}$  =  $^{d}$ NIN.SA[R] BM 38564:20 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).

- 1. purveyor (as title of an official)—a) in OB: one-half shekel of silver šà kù. (BABBAR) IGI.SÁ LÚ mu-ša-ki-li(?) from the silver, the igisû-tax of the m.-officials YOS 13 393:2; DUMU.SAL mu-ša-ki-li-im the daughter of a m. VAS 9 177:16; DAM PA mu-ša-ki-li the wife of the chief m. CT 4 8b:20 (both lists of women); PN mu-ša-ki-lum (first witness) FLP 1340:1 (courtesy D. I. Owen).
- b) in MB: mu-ša-ki-li [li]ltersi let him provide feeders Aro, WZJ 8 565 HS 108:24; kî tīdû ul mu-ša-ki-lu anāku lu manzaz

mušākilu A mušālittu

pāni anāku as you (i.e., my lord) know, I am not a m., but I am a palace official BE 17 48:27 (both letters).

- c) in SB: šūt rēšē manzaz panīšu kitkittū mu-ša-ki-le-e-šu ... šallatiš amnu I took prisoner the officials, the men at his court, the engineers, his m.-s (preceded by members of his family and singers) Piepkorn Asb. 70 vi 32.
- d) NB: (a large amount of barley) PN Lú mu-šá-kil ina GN YOS 713:15.
- 2. feeder, fattener a) of cattle 1' in gen.: fodder for cattle Níg.šu mu-ša-ki-li Loretz Chagar Bazar 12:6 (= Iraq 7 48 A. 930).
- 2' mušākil alpi: (seal impressions of PN and PN<sub>2</sub>) LÚ mu-(šá)-kil GUD.MEŠ ša É.GAL the ox feeders of the palace ADD 358:3 (NA); x shekels (of silver) for x gur (of barley) for PN LÚ mu-šá-kil GUD.ME ša šarri Moore Michigan Coll. 89:18; PN LÚ širku DN LÚ mu-šá-kil gud.me ša šarri ša GUD.ME ša šarri umašširu u ihliq PN, the temple oblate of Ištar of Uruk, the feeder of the king's oxen, who abandoned the oxen of the king and disappeared YOS 7 146:11, cf. 20 lú širkū ša DN lú mu-šá-kil gud ša šarri YOS 7 172:2; lú mu-šá-kil gud ša šarri (in lists of barley distributions) AnOr 9 9 ii 1ff.; PN u PN<sub>2</sub> LÚ mu-šá-ki-li GU[D] ša šarri (acting as guarantors) RA 14 155:3; (barley) ana ballu ša alpī ... PN LÚ mušá-kil GUD.ME ittaši for fodder for the oxen, received by PN, the ox feeder GCCI 1 53:6; (barley) ina PAD.HI.A.ME ša LÚ mu-šá-kil GUD.ME ša ultu MN ana PN from the provisions of the ox feeder(s) from Nisannu on, for PN YOS 6 32:16, TCL 12 59:23, ZA 4 145 No. 17:11, UCP 9 65 No. 39:6; LÚ mušá-kil GUD [LÚ.ÌR] PN AnOr 9 9 iii 1; mu-šá-kil GUD BIN 1 174:24; three iron sickles for reaping grass (as fodder for cattle) GCCI 1 71:5, cf. ibid. PN LÚ mu-šá-kil gud 100:2 (all NB).
- b) of sheep: x udu.dam.gàr PN lú mu-šá-k[i-il ...] AfO 10 43 No. 101:16 (MA), see

Landsberger, ibid. p. 151; beer ana Lú mu-šá-kil GUD u Lú mu-šá-kil UDU.NITÁ GCCI 1 100:3 (NB), also GCCI 2 201:2; PN PN<sub>2</sub> Lú 〈mu〉-šá-ki-il UDU.NITÁ.MEŠ ša KI.LAM PN (and) PN<sub>2</sub>, the feeders of the sheep bought ZA 3 143 No. 1:5 (all NB).

mušākil issūri fattener of fowl: (barley) ina muhhi PN mu-ša-kil mušen. MEŠ ana PAD MUŠEN.MEŠ tadnašu charged to PN the fowl feeder, given to him as provisions for the fowl KAJ 218:6 (MA); seal impression of PN, son of PN<sub>2</sub> mu-šá-kil MUŠEN Iraq 15 151 ND 3441:2; witnesses 3 LÚ mu-šá-kil MUŠEN.MEŠ (beside usandû) ibid. ND 3426:41ff.; PAP 8 mu-ša-kil MUŠEN. ME 153 ND 3476 r. 2, cf. Iraq 23 pl. 29 ND 2803 i 6, 16, 26 (all NA); (barley for ducks and doves received by) PN LÚ mu-šá-kil mušen. HI.A GCCI 2 90:12, cf. (cress for doves) PN LÚ mu-šá-kil is-sur UCP 9 76 No. 94:11; dead marratu-birds and doves received by PN LÚ mu-šá-kil mušen.me GCCI 1 23:5; ducks ina pani Taddannu LÚ mu-šá-kil UZ.TUR. MUŠEN pagda entrusted to Taddannu, the feeder of ducks Nbn. 306:3, cf. Taddannu mu-šá-ki-il iṣ-ṣur ibid. 714:6, Taddannu ša É MUŠEN 1049:9; barley for the fodder of ducks received by PN mu-šá-kil mušen. HI.A UCP 9 68 No. 51:5, cf. (barley) ana kissat ša issūr PN lú mu-šá-kil is-sur giš GCCI 1 234:6, cf. LÚ mu-šá-k[il] MUŠEN.HI.A AnOr 8 26:22, also AnOr 9 9 iii 23, BIN 1 174:26, for other refs. in NB see Landsberger, WO 3 252f.

mušākilu B s.; (an implement used in eating); Mari, Akkadogram in Hitt.; cf. akālu v.

1 mu-ša-ki-l[um] kù.BABBAR (followed by 1 šukūdum kù.BABBAR) ARM 9 267:2; 1-EN MU-ŠA-KI-LU KÙ.GI KUB 12 1 iv 28 (inv.).

mušākilūtu s.; feeding (of animals); OB; cf. akālu v.

160 silas of barley ana mu-ša-ki-lu-tim (delivered by PN and PN<sub>2</sub>) YOS 13 85:2.

mušālittu s.; midwife; syn. list\*; cf. alādu v.

mu-šá-lit-[tu] = šab-su-tum Malku I 127.

mušallilu mušālu A

mušallilu s.; plunderer; lex.\*; cf. šalālu. lú.šu.a.ak = mu-ša-li-lum OB Lu A 223.

mušallimānu s.; 1. (a craftsman), 2. (uncert. mng.); MA, NA, NB; cf. šalāmu v.

- 1. (a craftsman, NB):  $7 mu-\check{s}al-\langle lim \rangle -a-nu$ (among craftsmen and the oblates who work in Eanna) AnOr 9 8:22; Lú mu-šal-li-ma-anu (between bleachers and door carpenters) AnOr 8 26:17; mu-šal-li-ma-nu bleachers, seal cutters, and door carpenters) YOS 74:11 (all ration lists); 15 šumatu-trees for PN LÚ mu-šal-lim-a-nu BIN 1 165:8: note in ration lists for oblates (širaku): LÚ mu-šal-lim-an-nu YOS 6 229:19, LÚ mu- $\check{s}al$ - $\langle lim \rangle$ -a-n[u] BIN 2 133:61, Lú mu- $\check{s}al$ lim-a-n[u] YOS 7 13:21, LÚ mu-šal-lim-nuAnOr 9 9 iii 3, also Lú mu-šal-lim-mu UCP 9 98 No. 35:18 (all referring to the same person); PN LÚ mu-šal-lim-nu AnOr 9 9 iii 10; uncert.: x shekels of bronze urākē ša mu-šalli-[(x-x)] Nbn. 206:5.
- 2. (uncert. mng., MA, NA): (sheep received by PN) PN mu-šal-lim-a-nu PN is the responsible person(?) KAJ 92:10 (MA), see Frankena Tākultu 53 n. 8; mu-šal-li-ma-[nu] issēniš ussēbi[la] mu-šal-li-ma-nu ina erši ša [gu bur i ku] [...] (I sent herbs to the king) at the same time I am sending a "healer(?)," the "healer(?)" [...] in the bed of .... ABL 1370 r. 18ff., see Parpola LAS No. 247:23ff.

mušallimu adj.; 1. who keeps (a person) safe and healthy, 2. bringing (pregnancy) to term; SB; cf. šalāmu v.

dingir silim.ma.mu <sup>d</sup>[Asal.lú.hi]: DINGIR «MEŠ» mu-šal-li-mu Marduk O god who keeps me safe, Marduk (may the place where I walk be safe) CT 16 8:289.

1. who keeps (a person) safe and healthy (as an epithet of gods): DN šarru lu nāṣirka mu-šal-lim-ka lu DN₂ qarrādu mukīl napištika lu DN₃ may Sin, the king, be your guardian, Ninurta, the hero, the one who safeguards you, Marduk, the one who protects your life JRAS 1920 567:13; aššum dajānāta attaziz panīka u mu-šal-li-ma-[ta at]tanasharakka because you are the judge, I stand before you,

and (because) you keep (me) safe, I turn constantly to you Surpu V-VI 197f.; note as an epithet of Marduk on amulets: dingir silim.ma.mu: DINGIR mu-SILIM Marduk: dAsal.lú.hi KAR 37:14ff. and parallels, see Reiner, JNES 19 152 Field 1; as an invocation at the end of NB letters: DINGIR SILIM.MU dAsalluhi BIN 1 91:24f., YOS 3 195:11f., see also lex. section.

2. bringing (pregnancy) to term: šumma ālittu šēpāša ṣeḥḥera e-ra-at u mu-šal-li-mat if the feet of a pregnant woman are small, she will bring her pregnancy to term Labat TDP 210:99, cf. Kraus Texte 11c vii 10 and 13, also la mu-šal-li-mat ibid. 11f., KAR 466:6, 472 ii 9 (all physiogn.).

mušallimu s.; safe-conduct, escort; Mari; cf. šalāmu v.

Entrust 52 minas and ten shekels of silver (i.e., the bride price) to PN u LÚ.MEŠ muš[a-l]i-mi ana kaspim šáti šuknamma ana sērija liblam but appoint safe-conducts for that silver so that he (i.e., PN) may bring it to me ARM 1 46:24; (I have sent couriers) sābam mu-ša-al-li-mi aškunšunūšimma ana ṣēr PN alākam līpušu I placed an escort at their disposition so let them travel to Zimrilim Syria 19 119:12 (let. to Buqāqum), cf. 1 LÚ mu-ša-al-li-im-šu ašku[nma] ARMT 14 120:22, also 20 LÚ.MEŠ mu-ša-al-li-me-šu-nu ibid. 105:14.

mušallû (muššallû) s.; pipe; NB.

150 muš-šal-lu-ú ša 1 kỳš 2 šu.si ina 1 kỳš šarri ša PN ina muḥḥi PN<sub>2</sub> adi qīt ša MN igammarma muš-šal-lu-ú a' 150 inaddin 150 pipes of one-cubit (length) and two-fingers (width) according to the royal cubit, belonging to PN, owed by PN<sub>2</sub>, he (PN<sub>2</sub>) will finish and deliver these 150 pipes by the end of MN Dar. 391:1 and 6;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN ana DUG mu-šal-li-e VAS 6 311:10.

mušalmû see mušelmû.

mušālu A (mašālu, mešēlu) s.; 1. mirror, 2. palette for cosmetics; from OAkk. on; mašālu in OAkk.; wr. syll. (for MI-URU, i.e.,

mušālu A mušamhisu

muš-ālu, see mng. 2) and níg.šu.zabar; cf. mašālu.

Iníg].šu.zabar = mu-šá-[lu] Hh. XII 35, in MSL 9 203, cf. urudu.níg.šu.zabar = mu-šá-lu = [...] Hg. B III 197a, in MSL 7 154; ma.ša. [lum] zabar MDP 27 254:1 (forerunner to Hh.?); za-bar ud.ka.bar = mu-šá-[lu] Diri I 132, also A III/3:203; zabar = mu-[šá-lu] = [...] Hg. A II 227, in MSL 7 171; mu.ša.lum = šu, salmu, gurrū Izi G 56ff.

mu-ša-lu $m = nam\bar{a}ru$  An VII 95; [mu]-šá-lum = siparru ibid. 52.

ZA.BAR  $\langle /\!\!/ \rangle$  muš-šá-lu (comm. on AGA ZA.BAR apir) ACh Supp. Sin 2:27, also ZA.BAR  $\langle /\!\!/ \rangle$  mu-šá-lu ACh Supp. 2 Sin 17:16 (comm.).

- 1. mirror a) in OAkk. 1' mašālu: l ma.ša.lum zabar PN sìla.šu.du, šu. ba.ti OIP 14 100:1; 5 ma.ša.lum zabar gal 10 ma.ša.lum zabar tur ... šu. nigin x zabar.hi.a PN.ra an.na.sum he has given (among other things) five large and ten small mirrors of bronze, a total of x bronze utensils, to PN ibid. 103:7 and 9, note l šu.níg zabar (for níg.šu.zabar?) ibid. 1; 1 ma.ša.lum sag×du áb.za.za na za.gìn one mirror (decorated with) a knob of lapis lazuli (in the shape of) an apsasû UET 3 415:1, ma.ša.lum zabar RA 12 61:2, ITT 2/2 p. 2 2839 (catalog), for other OAkk. refs. see Gelb, MAD 3 185f., Salonen Hausgeräte 1 111f.
- 2' mušālu: UD.KA.BAR mu.ša.lum ITT 5 9262:6, 9302:4, cf. 3 mu.ša.lum BIN 8 145:2.
- b) in OA: mu-ša-lam ... arzallam ... ublūnikkim they brought you a mirror, (oil and) an arzallu-implement BIN 6 84:19.
- c) in OB: 4 mu-ša-lu UD.KA.BAR UET 5
  792:18; 2 mu-ša-lu-um UD.KA.BAR.RA ibid.
  793:6; 2 mu-ša-lu CT 45 21:6 (all OB dowry lists); 1 mu-ša-lum UD.KA.BAR YOS 8 98:25, 54 (OB division of inheritance); 1 Níg.ŠU.ZABAR OECT 3 74:26 (let.), cf. ibid. 25.
- d) in MB, EA: 1 Níg.šu.zabar PBS 2/2 110:4 (MB); 25 šu mu-šá-lu qadu nakt[ami: šunu] 25 pairs of mirrors together with their covers EA 25 iii 18, also ibid. 16, 20, 22;

tâmta ina mé-še-li inšilma the sea was like a mirror EA 356:51 (Adapa).

- e) in NA: mu-šá-lu (in broken context, beside 3 mulţāte line 4) Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 23:3.
- f) in NB: 1 mu-šá-lu hurāṣi (among precious objects, belonging to divine statues, received by goldsmiths) TCL 12 39:2.
- palette for cosmetics: ina šaman šurmēni mu-šal taskarinni tessip you decant (the concoction) into cypress oil onto a spatula of boxwood BMS 30 r. 26, see Ebeling Handerhebung 120; šamna ina MI-URU (i.e., muš-āli) taskarinni teleqqi you take oil from a boxwood palette KAR 43:15 and dupl. KAR 63:14; ina GIŠ MI-URU (muš-āli) taskarinni šaman šurmēni lipšuš he shall anoint himself with cypress oil from a boxwood palette CT 4 5:24 (rit.); multu u mu-šá-lu ša ina qātēšu kakku sakku šû muš: šulu ša TE.LÚ.BAD the comb and palette which are in her (Ašratu's) hands, this is hidden and obscure — the likeness(?) of the "Dead Body" constellation ZA 6 242:12 (comm.), see M. Falkner, AfO 16 28, cf. muštu GIŠ mu-šá-lu ZA 16 184:6, and dupl. K.8736:4 (Lamaštu III); šumma ... ubān hašî qablīti kīma mu-šá-lu(var. -lim) if the middle "finger" of the lung looks like a palette TCL 65 r. 9, var. from dupl. CT 20 15 ii 42 (SB ext.).

In KAR 444 read GAB NUN aššum (MU) ša-la-ti fissure (pertaining to) the prince, on account of booty.

## mušālu B s.; esophagus; lex.\*

mu-ša-a-lu = (Hitt.) pa-[ap-pa-šal-la-aš] KBo 1 51 ii 4, also ibid. 5 (Akkado-Hitt. voc.).

Connect perhaps with mušallû, mašallu "pipe." For Hitt. pappašalla- see Alp, Anatolia 2 14f., also Friedrich Heth. Wb. Erg. 2 s.v.

mušalwû see mušelmû.

 $m\bar{u}$ šam see  $m\bar{u}$ ša.

mušamhisu (mušanhisu) s.; troublemaker, agent provocateur; NA, NB; pl. mušamhisūtu and mušamhisū; cf. mahāsu.

mūšamma mušannītu

ERÍN.MEŠ mu-šam-hi-is-su-u-te ... ina birtukkunu the agents provocateurs in your midst ABL 1239 r. 19; mu-šam-hi-su-u-tú mušadbibūtu lihšu the agents provocateurs (and) those who spread rumors Wiseman Treaties 500; the king, my lord, ordered: lemnu u mu-ša-an-hi-su la māti kula keep criminals and agents provocateurs out of the country ABL 1341:7 (NB);  $m\bar{a}r\bar{e}$  ša PN  $m\bar{a}r\bar{e}$   $b\bar{e}l$ dabāba [mārē] mu-šam-hi-su the sons of PN, the sons of (that) enemy, the sons of (that) troublemaker (whom I have arrested on the way to Babylon) ABL 326:5 (NB); mu-šá-anhi-se-e šunu u PN ul rāimānu ša māt Aššur they are troublemakers and PN (himself) is not one who loves Assyria ABL 752 r. 20 (NB); 5 6 Lú mu-šá-an-hi-[se-e] five or six agents provocateurs ABL 754:18 (NB), cf. [Lú mu- $\dot{s}\dot{a}$ -a]n- $\dot{h}$ - $\dot{s}e$ -e  $m\bar{a}d\bar{u}tu$  ibid. 20; in broken context: mu-šam-hi-is-su-ú ABL 1310 r. 10 (NA).

## mūšamma see mūša.

mušamqittu (or mušamqitu) s.; 1. strainer, 2. pitfall; OB, SB; pl. mušamqitātu; ef. maqātu.

lú.in.nu.ri = ša mu-ša-a[m- $qi_4$ -tim] OB Lu A 206.

gi.ma.an.sim.gam.ma = pa-qa-tum (sieve) with narrow mesh = mu-šam-qit-tum, gi.ma.an. sim.šu.gál = mi-ik-ku-u = MIN Hg. A II 29 f., also Hg. B II 52e-f, in MSL 7 68 and 70, cf. giš.sa. maš.dà =  $p\bar{a}q\bar{a}tu$  net for catching gazelles Hh. VI 182.

ur.sag a.Ru.ub sa.šú.uš.gal mė.a: [qar]s rādu mu-šam-[qi(t)-tú š]uškal tāḥazi hero, pitfall, net of the battle Lugale III 32, see ZA 54 81; a.Ru.ub maškim.hul: mu-šam-qit rābişu lemnu AfO 14 151:241 (būt mēsiri), cf. a.Ru.ub Proto-Kagal 347f.

- 1. strainer a) in gen.: see (explaining "sieve") Hg., in lex. section.
- b) strainer of the funnel of the seed plow: 5 emû 1 ittûm e-ši-tu-um 2 mašqarātum 1 quppum 1 mu-ša-am-qí-tu-um 1 madānum five plowshares, one new seeder for the plow, two mašqaru's, one basket, one m., one mandanu-basket A 21934:6; 10 pānū 8 mazrû 2 maslaḥū 6 rapšū 8 mu-ša-am-qí-ta-tum [6] būbātum PN ikkarum ana GN ten

pānu-baskets, eight seed-baskets, two ....-s, six winnowing-shovels, eight strainers, six ....-s, PN, the farm inspector, for GN A 21931:5, also (beside mazrū, maslahu, and rapšu) A 21929:4 (all OB Ishchali).

2. pitfall: see Lugale, AfO 14, in lex. section.

Ad mng. 1b: The differentiation from usage a is based on the fact that the refs. for the latter seem to point to their use in the field rather than to their use in the process of grinding grain.

mušamqitu see mušamqittu.

mušamšû adj.; wakeful, wandering at night; SB; cf. šumšû v.

udug. hul a.lá. hul lú gi $_6$ . bar.a. šè sila. a gib $_{\rm X}$ (GIL). ba: utukku lemnu alû lemnu ša ana mu-šam-ši-i ina sūqa parku evil utukku-ghost, evil alû-ghost, who block the street for those who go about at night CT 16 25 i 42f., cf. gidim. hul gal $_5$ . lá. hul lú gi $_6$ . bar.a. šè e. sír gib $_{\rm X}$ . ba: etemmu lemnu gallû lemnu ša ana mu-šam-ši-i ina sulâ par[ku] ibid. 44f., also K. 255 r. vi 340 and dupl. ETT 215 r. v 52 (courtesy I. L. Finkel).

mušanhisu see mušamhisu.

mušānihu adj.; taking pains; SB; cf. anāhu A v.

šumma mu-šá-ni-iħ if he is a man who takes pains ZA 43 100:15 (Sittenkanon), cf. mu-ša(m)-ni-iħ (apodosis, parallel: marrāṣ line 10) CT 28 33:6, 11, 15 (physiogn.).

For *šūnuhu* to have a hard time, see anāhu A mng. 5a.

mušanmirtu s.; lamp, lighting device; NA; pl. mušanmirātu; cf. namāru v.

nu-mu-[ri] uqtarrib ina birīt bābi DU ittaz ziz mu-šá-an-mir-a-ti uq-tar-[rib] he brought torches, he went to the middle of the gate, he halted, he brought lamps van Driel Cult of Aššur 126 ii 11.

mušannītu (mušennītu) s.; (a dam or dike to regulate the flow of water); NB; pl. mušennētu; cf. šanû v.

mušannītu mušapšiqtu

A field ultu bāb Nār-Sin adi mu-šá-nitum ša ina šupal uru GN íd.ud.kib.nun.ki-EN.LÍL.KI ÍÐ Šal-la u ÍÐ Šappa-DN 59:3, also ibid. 13; bāb nārātekunu u mišaļu: kunu ša ina mu-šá-ni-tum ša Nār-Sin ša ina karammari putinna' bitqa ina nārātikunu u ina mišahkunu ša ina mu-šá-ni-tum ša Nār-Sin ša ikkaššidakkunūši ana zērija ... la ibattaq reinforce the sluice of your canals and your stretches on the m. of the Sin Canal which is in the karammari (district) so that there should be no diverting of water into my fields from your canals and from those stretches on the m. of the Sin Canal which pertain to you BE 9 55:4 and 6, cf. ibid. 16; a field ša ultu mu-šen-ni-i-tum šá x šá Abul DN a[di] mu-šen-ni-i-tum šupa= litu ša PN iššû which (stretches) from the m. of .... of the Uraš Gate to the lower m. of PN TCL 13 223:5f., cf. ultu mu-šenni-i-tum qablītu ibid. 6; beams delivered ina muhhi mu-šá-an-ni-tum ša Karri-DN VAS 6 148:9; edūtu ša muhhi mu-šá-ni-tum ša PN the "single plot" (of date palms) which is situated alongside the m. of PN Nbn. 6:3; mu-šá-an-ni-tum gabbūtu (see gab: TuM 2-3 7:7, 11, cf. ibid. 15, 17, Dar. 316:11; territory [ša m]uhhi mu-šá-ni-tum eššetu VAS 5 26:10; silver ina muhhi dullu ša šarri ša mu-šen-ni-ti nadnašunūtu given to them on account of the work of the king to be performed on the m. AnOr 8 13:23, cf. silver ana dullu ša mu-šá-ni-tum Nbn. 1002:6, also 910:4, Camb. 146:7, Cyr. 180:10, wr. mu-še-ni-tú CT 22 128:7;  $agr\bar{u}$ ša dullu ina muhhi mu-šá-an-ni-tum ša GN *ipuš* the hired workers who did the work on the m. of GN Nbn. 770:2, cf. Nbn. 1080:2; 149 KÙŠ [m]išhu ša mu-še-ni-ti [u] eperi ina muhhija I am confronted with the task of doing my assigned stretch of work of x cubits on the m., including the earthwork TCL 9 102:8; šissinnu ul etir u 1 kùš miš[hu] ša mu-še-in-ni-e-ti ul ni-ih-hi-is(?) the share of the gardener has not been paid, not even one cubit of the stretch of the m. assigned to him for work is withdrawn Dar. 527:13; X AN.BAR marri ištēt AN.BAR našhiptu ša ana muhhi mu-šá-an-ni-tum ša GN našû Nbn. 784:3, cf.

(in similar context) ana muḥḥi mu-šá-ni-ti ana maḥrija lilliku TCL 9 92:23; ṭi-pi itti mu-šá-ni-tum CT 22 65:16.

Salonen, Or. NS 32 449ff.

mušannû s.; (mng. unkn.); NB\*; cf. šanû v.

lú.še.[bal]=[mu]-ša-nu-um (replaces muštablak: kitu, q.v.) OB Lu D 88.

šunu mu-ša-an-ni-ia [...] (in broken context) ABL 589 r. 9.

The NB ref. is perhaps to be connected with mušannī tēmi.

mušānu s.; (a wooden utensil); OB.\*

4 GIŠ mu-ša-nu CT 6 20b:30 (inv. or dowry list).

mušappiktu s.; (a pitcher); lex.\*; cf. šapāku v.

dug.kír.sig, dug.kír.šà.sig = mu-šap-piik-tum Hh. X 164f.; [dug.kír.sig] = [mu-šappi]-ik-tum = nam-ṣar-tum Hg. II 79a, in MSL 7 111.

mušappilu (fem. mušappiltu) adj.; who lowers; SB; cf. šapālu v.

 ${\tt GAB.NIN} = mu$ -ša-ap-pi-lum Studies Landsberger p. 26:70a (Silbenvokabular).

Tašmētu mušaqqītu mu-šá-píl-tú [ru]bāt Ezida who raises (and) lowers (people), princess of Ezida KAR 122:7.

mušapšihu s.; supporting arch(?); NB\*; cf. pašāhu.

1 kờš hitti ... 1 kờš hitti šá mu-šap-ši-hi one cubit is (the height of) the architrave, one cubit (the height of) the architrave of the supporting arch(?) (description of a temple doorway) Pinches, PSBA 33 pl. 21:6, see Röllig, WZKM 62 299.

mušapšiqtu adj. fem.; having difficulty in childbirth; Bogh., SB; cf. pašāqu.

līlid ardatu mu-šap-šiq-tum may the woman having difficulty in childbirth give birth Köcher BAM 248 iii 34, parallel: lu-ù.tu-id ardatu SAL.LA.RA.AH.MEŠ Iraq 31 31:62, cf. INIM.INIM.MA ÉN mu-šap-ši-i[q-tum ...] KUB 4 13:13; mu-šap-šiq-tú (in broken con-

mušarzirtu mušarkisu

text) BMS 16+42:16, see Ebeling Handerhebung 90 (prayer to Marduk).

For occs. wr. SAL.LA.RA.AH see \*muštap: šiqtu.

mušapzirtu s.; (a poetic term for door, lit. the one which hides); syn. list\*; cf. pazāru.

na-şi-ir-tum, mu-kat-tim-tum, mu-šap-zi-ir-tum, pe-ti-tum = da-al-tum CT 18 4 r. i 66f.; mu-šap-zi-ir-tum = [d]a-al-tum Malku II 167.

mušaqqiltu s.; balance; SB\*; cf. šaqālu.

MÚL Zibānī[tu kakkab Šamaš] ša kīnātu // mu-šaq-qil-tum CT 41 39:7 (comm. to iqqur īpuš).

mušaqqītu adj. fem.; who raises; SB; cf. šaqû A v.

Tašmētu mu-šá-qi-tú mušappiltu [ru]bāt Ezida (see mušappilu) KAR 122:7.

mušaqqû s.; person who gives water to animals; Mari\*; ef. šaqû B v.

2 LÚ mu-ša-qú-ú ARM 9 26:9.

mušarbidu s.; (a soft leather hide); syn. list.\*

mu-šar-bi-du = kuš lab-ku CT 18 9 K.4233+ ii 22.

mušardû adj.; leaking; SB\*; cf. redû.

[MIN] x pisannu mu-šar-di-i ina būrti iškunam[a...] they (the sorceresses) placed into a well (figurines of me) like(?) a leaking (i.e., not watertight) basket AfO 18 292:39, cf. kīma pisanni šurdî Köcher BAM 248 ii 59.

mušāridu (or mušarrit/tu) s.; (an occupation); OA.

KIŠIB PN mu-ša-ri-TIM seal of PN, the m. TCL 21 264 B 2; (silver) illibbi PN mu-ša-ri-Tí-im charged to PN, the m. Contenau Trentes Tablettes Cappadociennes 13:8; (copper) [išti] PN mu-ša-ri-TIM ICK 2 304:9; (copper) KI PN mu-ša-ri-TIM Kultepe c/k 515:23 and 630:25, cf. c/k 117:9, cited Balkan, OLZ 1965 158; (silver) PN mu-ša(text -TA)-ri-TUM (uncert.) Kienast ATHE 14:14; mu-ša-ri-TI[M] (in broken context) ICK 2 128a:54.

Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 155f.; Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 318 n. 439.

mušarišam s.; (mng. uncert.); OB\*; cf. mušaru.

[...] mu-ša-ri-ša-am (in broken context) Sumer 7 143 (pl. after p. 154) IM 52916 r. 37 (math.).

For the derivation cf. ugārišam.

mušarkisu s.; (an official connected with the mounted guards); NA, NB; pl. mušarz kisāni; ef. rakāsu.

lớ mu-šár-kis, lớ mu-šar-kis Bab. 7 pl. 6 v 3 f., see MSL 12 239.

- a) supervising the royal chariotry: an: nūrig Lú mu-šár-kis.meš-ni i-da-tú-u-a idullu tibnu ana aşap.meš laššu now the m.officials are bustling around me (but) there is no straw for (their) pack animals ABL 122:6;  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}\ u\ s[\bar{\imath}s]\hat{e}\ ina\ muhhija\ l[u\ \ldots\ ]\ L\acute{\mathbf{U}}$ mu-šar-ki-s[u.meš] lu la  $immark[\bar{u}ni]$ them [send] the troops and the horses to me, let the m.-officials not delay ABL 153 r. 8, cf. ABL 1012 r. 3; PAP 14 LÚ mu-šar-[k]is. [MEŠ] ša pithalli total: fourteen m.-officials of the cavalry (list of m.-s and the places Iraq 23 23 ND where they were stationed) 2386+ ii 15, cf. r. i 14; PAP 370 [X] KUR.MEŠ LÚ mu-šar-kis.meš ša giš.gigir é.gal total: x horses (issued to) the m-officials of the palace chariotry Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists pl. 53 ND 10001 v 5, cf. LÚ šaknūte [ša m]a'assi men in charge of the stable ibid. 12-13, see p. 55; [LÚ mu-šar-k]i-su EN GI[Š].GIGIR ibid. pl. 21 ND 10057:13 (all NA).
- b) in relation to other authorities: letter to the king by LÚ.GÚ.EN.NA u LÚ mu-šar-ki-si.MEŠ the šandabakku and the m.-officials ABL 344:3, cf. šipirti ... ana LÚ mu-šar-ki-si.MEŠ iltaprunu (the people of the Sea Country) have sent a message to the m.-officials ibid. 8 (NB), cf. also [LÚ] mu-šar-ki-sa-a-ni (as the senders of a letter to the king) ABL 1036:2; PN DUMU PN<sub>2</sub> mu-šar-kis abat šarri ina panīja izzakar PN, the son of the m.-official PN<sub>2</sub>, appealed to me for royal intervention ABL 186:12; LÚ qurbūti pan LÚ.A.BA pan LÚ mu-šar-kis.MEŠ lip-qid-

mušarkisu mušaru

du let them appoint officers (to be) at the disposal of the scribe (and) the m.-officials ABL 127:6, ef. Lú tarbiāni ... pan Lú mu-šar-kis. MEŠ aptigissunu ibid. r. 6, cf. also r. 10, (beside Lú A.BA) ABL 153 r. 2; rab urāte šummu šaknu šummu lú mu-šar-ki-sa-[ni] the team commanders, whether an officer or m.-officials ABL 630:14; lu mu-šar-ki-sal-a-ni GAL- $[\acute{u}]$ -[ti] (among other officials) Knudtzon ma-a [LÚ] mu-[šar-kis-a-ni Gebete 108:6; igl-tí-bu-neš-šú (in broken context) 1115:14 (coll. K. Deller); PN PN, PN, PAP 3 LÚ mu-šar-ki-sa-[n]i ša šarru bēlī išpuranni Iraq 21 166 ND 2462:23 (all NA); I installed in GN PN LÚ mu-šár-kis-ia Borger Esarh. 114 § 80 ii 9.

- c) in lists: [PN] rab kişir šarri [PN LÚ] (in list of mu-šár-kis [PN mu]kīl appāti officials entitled to seats) ADD 860 i 8; in lists of witnesses: (fourth witness, before qurbu) ADD 34 r. 3, (among ša  $gir^{II}$ ) 105 r. 8, (first witnesses, before hazannu) 261 r. 3 and 4, (four persons) 4 LÚ mu-šar-kis. MEŠ-ni AJSL 42 202 No. 1179 r. 5; note [LÚ] mu-šar-ki-su EN Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists pl. 20:15, cf. pl. 40 ND 10042/3:2, also (in other wine lists) pl. 15:30, pl. 31:19, pl. 36:15, pl. 43 ND 10058:4; note [LÚ] mu-šár-[k]i-su, LÚ. MIN ša DINGIR.MEŠ Iraq 23 pl. 16 ND 2489 i 3f. (all NA).
- d) other occs.: ina muhhi é.meš ša lú mu-šar-ki-sa-a-ni ša šarru bēlī išpuranni mā É.MEŠ raspāte šina concerning the houses of the m.-officials about which the king, my lord, wrote me: "The houses have been built" ABL 190:4, cf. ibid. 12 (NA); PN itti PN, kî uşâ PN<sub>3</sub> LÚ *mu-šar-ki-su iddūk u* TÚG.HI.A.MEŠšú ittašu u ultu itbâmma ultu GN inqutu ina madaktu iqabbu umma kubšu ša ina qaqqadija šaknu ša PN3 LÚ mu-šar-ki-su šû when PN set out with Šamaš-šum-ukīn, he killed PN<sub>3</sub>, the m-official, and took away his clothes, and after he had left and arrived from Babylon he used to say in the (royal) camp: "The headgear which is on my head is that of PNs the m.-official" ABL 326 r. 4 and 8, cf. r. 10 (NB); PN LÚ mu-šar-ki-su (buys a plot) ADD

415:7; slave of PN Lú mu-šar-kis Iraq 36 220 No. 105:13 (NB?).

Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists 55f.; Postgate Taxation 135ff.

mušarkisūtu s.; office of the mušarkisu; NA; ef. rakāsu.

PN BE ša  $q\bar{a}t$  PN<sub>2</sub> PN<sub>3</sub> ana LÚ mu-šar-kis- $\langle u \rangle$ -te PN<sub>4</sub> BE PAP 2  $q\bar{a}t$  PN<sub>5</sub> PN<sub>6</sub> BE  $q\bar{a}t$  PN<sub>7</sub> PAP 4 LÚ GAL [kal]-lap-pa-ni Iraq 23 45 ND 2706:4 (translit. only).

mušarqidu adj.; dizzying(?); SB\*; ef. raqādu.

tīb nakkapte mu-šar-qí-du tušpaššah you soothe the dizzying(?) ....-disease (lit. the pulsation of the temple) KAR 321 r. 5.

mušarritu see mušāridu.

mušarritu s.; person who tears garments to shreds; lex.\*; cf. šarātu v.

 $[l\dot{\mathbf{u}}.t\dot{\mathbf{u}}g.bir.bir.ra] = [mu]-\delta a-ar-ri-t\dot{u}$  OB Lu B i 4.

For OA mušarrit/tum see mušāridu.

mušarritu see mušāridu.

mušaru (musaru) s.; 1. surface measure of one square ninda (= twelve cubits square), 2. volume measure of one square ninda by one cubit; OB, SB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and SAR; cf. mušarišam.

ki.lsar 1sar = MIN (= ašar) [iš-ten mu-ša-ri] Izi C ii 27; 5 sar é.dù.a: ha-mul-tu mu-sa-ru bītu epšu five m.-s (of land) with a house built on it Hh. II 65.

1. surface measure of one square ninda (= twelve cubits square): kisal Ištar u Zababa 2 sar the courtyard of Ištar and Zababa is two m.-s TCL 632:2, and passim in this text (Esagila tablet), also, wr. mu-šar ibid. r. 9; 57,36 igigubbû ša sar Or. NS 29 284 I A (list of coefficients); ina šukūsātini ašar 1 sar kirâm mê nišqû ul ibašši in the fields allocated to us there is no place where we could irrigate a garden of a single m. Sumer 14 44 No. 20:8, cf. 1 sar eqlam ... la tušes[si] do not rent out a single m. of land UCP 9 354 No. 25:15, and passim, wr. sar, in OB.

mušaru mušāţu

2. volume measure of one square ninda by one cubit: mu-ša-ar u  $z\bar{u}z$  mu-ša-ri  $eper\bar{i}$  assuh I have dug out one and one-half m.-s of earth Sumer 7 30 No. 1:3;  $e\check{s}eret$  mu-ša-ri libittika your ten m.-s of bricks Sumer 7 33 No. 3 r. 1, cf. ibid. obv. 2; 50 SAR.MEŠ ziqpa  $[u\check{s}\bar{e}l]\hat{a}$  I had fifty m.-s dug out vertically Weidner Tn. 5 No. 1 iv 49, also, wr. mu-š $\acute{a}$ -ri ibid. 12 No. 5:76, cf. 20 mu-š $\acute{a}$ -ri ana š $up\bar{a}lu$   $m\hat{e}$  nagbe lu  $ak\check{s}ud$  ibid. 32 No. 18:8.

Weidner Tn. p. 5, with previous literature; Powell, ZA 62 188ff.

mušaru (penis) see ušaru.

mušaru see musarû B.

mušarū (or  $m\bar{u}$ šar $\bar{u}$ ) s. pl. tantum; (a technical term for planting a field); OB.

aššum A.ŠÀ mu-ša-ri šakānim ... ina egel bamātim mu-ša-ri šakānam ul tele'e as for planting the field m.-fashion — you cannot plant m.-fashion in the high-lying field TLB 4 11:38ff., also ibid. 44; PN ana mu-ša-ri šakānim ÍB.TA.È.A PN rented (a field) to plant m. fashion TLB 1 142:5, cf. a field PN ù PN<sub>2</sub> a-na ši-ki-in mu-ša-ri ú-še-sú BM 81595:7; ana x.HI.A ši-ki-in mu-ša-ri TLB 1 205:3; eqlam ša warkātim ēteriš [ši]kin mu-ša-ri ša ina inītišu ina qātika ahuka ītekim I planted the field at the rear(?), (but) your brother took away from you the m. planting which is part of his task TCL 18 87:36; barley from the rent of the field ša ši-ki-in mu-ša-ri (owed by a gardener) YOS 13 405:2; note with šakānu omitted: field given to PN ana mu-ša-ri GA.RAŠ.SAR RA 24 96 Kish 1927-2:5, cf. ana mu-ša-ri a-na [gi(?)]-ir(?)-ša-tim VAS 18 35:2.

Whenever the tenant of a field to which the terms mušarī šakānu and šikin mušarī apply is specified, as in YOS 13 405:2 and VAS 18 35:2, he is a gardener; the crop is leeks in RA 24 96 and probably in VAS 18 35, but the rent in all cases is barley. In the difficult letter Kraus AbB 1 81:33, see von Soden, BiOr 23 54, 7 ši-in mu-ša-ar may have to be emended to 7(?) ši-⟨ki⟩-in mu-ša-ar(or -ri).

mušarû see musarû A and B.

mušarūtu see muššarruttu.

\*mušašnû (fem. mušašnītu) adj.; regulated (said of water or canals); NA\*; cf. šanû v.

alka ín mu-šá-áš-ni-tú nipti come, let us open the canal which has (just) been regulated ABL 503 r. 12.

mušatpilu s.; calumniator, denouncer; SB; cf. tapālu v.

ina amat mu-šaṭ-pi-li (followed by ina amat bēl ikki, bēl dabābi) according to the words of the calumniators D.T. 144:10; ana šakni bēl pāḥati u mu-šaṭ-pi-lim ša āli annî qāta la ubbalu they will not lay hands on the prefect, the governor, and the denouncer (living in) this (conquered) city IM 67692:88 (both tamītu, courtesy W.G. Lambert).

mušāţu s.; hair combings; OB, MB, SB; wr. syll. and síg.šab; cf. mašādu.

síg.šab = mu-ša-a-du Proto-Diri 414; hu-muzèr sí[g.šab] (var. rúg.[síg.ša]b) = mu-šá-[tu] Diri V 147.

alam mu.un.dím síc.šab(var. adds .re) šu [...] (var. a.la.am mu.un.gi.im ḥa.ma.a[n. zé.er] šu.ma.an.g[u ...]) : (blank) i-pu-uš-ma mu-ša-ţe4 [...] PBS 1/2 122:9f., var. from KUB 30 1 i 8, see Wilcke, AfO 24 10:5; [em]e.[n]i(?) síg.sag.šab in.gar.ra á.šu.gìr(!).bi in.kéš. kéš.de5: [l]i-šá-an-šu mu-šá-ţu ú-ka-rik mešrētišu uktessi he gagged his tongue with combings, he bound his limbs ZA 45 26 K.1289+:3f.

INIM.INIM.MA šārat qaqqadi sinništi išahhuh AG.AG.BI mu-šá-di-šá(var.-šú) telegge kuništam tasappir incantation (for the case) the hair of a woman falls out, its treatment: you take combings from her (hair), strand it into a AMT 3,2:7, var. from Köcher BAM 3 ii 24, ef. [AG.A]G.BI mu-šá-ti-šá ina lib-[bi ... <math>mu]šá-ti-šá ta-qal-lu AMT 46,3 ii 1f., cf. rēhti mu-šá-ti ... telegge DUR NU.NU ibid. 3 + AMT 3,2:2; ubānka mu-šá-ti talammi you wrap combings around your finger AMT 43,1 ii 3, cf. i-na síg.šab [t]a-la-wi VAT 1156 iii 8f. (OB rit.), cited Falkenstein, ZA 45 25; sahli ulāpu lupputu mu-šá-di uhūlu qarnānu ina išāti tuqattaršu you fumigate him with cress, soiled rags, combings (and) horned alkali in a fire Köcher BAM 183:15, cf. ibid. 17, 150:15, wr. mu-šá-tí ibid. 66:19; mu-šá-ta  $z\bar{e}r$  kitî \*mušazkiru mušēkilu

adi tulladu ina išāti tuqattarši you fumigate her with combings (and) flax seed until she gives birth KAR 223:15; six figurines of wax, six figurines of bitumen you throw(!) into a hot bitumen kiln mu-šá-ți tulab: bassunuti you cover them with combings K.888:17; sfg.šAB (var. mu-šá-ți, as the last item in a list of materia medica for fumigation) 4R 55 No. 1:37 (Lamaštu), var. from 4R 58 i 33, see ZA 16 188; ù hu-ur-ru mu-ša-ți-ka bi-la (obscure) HS 1893:29 in RT 19 59 No. 341 (MB lit.).

In MSL 7 162 (= Hh. XII) 55 read *mušākilu*, q.v. Falkenstein, ZA 45 25ff.

\*mušazkiru (musazkiru) s.; person who administers oaths; Mari\*; cf. zakāru.

LÚ mu-sa-áz-ki-ri lušpuramma bēlī nīš ilim lizkurma u itti wardīja LÚ mu-sa-áz-ki-[r]i [š]a ašapparu haziān bēlija lillikamma let me send persons who administer the oath so that my lord can take the oath and then let the mayor of my lord come here with my servants, the men who administer the oath, whom I will send ARMT 13 143 r. 15 and 17.

mušazziqu s.; troublemaker; SB\*; cf. nazāqu.

[šumma m]urašši mu-ša-zi-iq (see muraššû) ZA 43 92:32 (Sittenkanon), ef. if he has a long chin mu-ša-ziq Or. NS 16 187:11.

mušazzizu s.; (mng. uncert.); OA\*; cf. uzuzzu.

tuppušu ša mu-ša-zi-zi-im hirma enclose (pl.) the tablet drawn up in his name for (?) the m. BIN 6 67:23, cf. mu-ša-z[i-zu-um] DUMU ummiānim ibid. 19; mu-ša-zi-za-am (in broken context) TCL 4 41 r. 2 and 3.

mušdu see muštu.

\*mušēbirtu s.; (a topographical feature); NA\*; pl. mušēbirētu; cf. ebēru A.

(a garden) tehi harrāni šá ina GN illakuni tehi šá ana mu-še-bi-rit illakuni adjacent to the road which leads through GN, adjacent

to (the road) which leads to the m.-s ADD 360:5.

See also mušēbiru.

mušēbiru s.; 1. ferryman, 2. (a construction to convey water); OB, MB; cf. ebēru A.

- 1. ferryman: šūt abnimma PN mu-še-biru-ú-ia the "stone implements," O Gilgāmeš, are those which ferry me over (the waters of death) CT 46 16 iv 7, cf. šūt abnim [ašš]um šūburim šunu ittija ibid. 10 (OB Gilg.), see ZA 58 190.
- 2. (a construction to convey water): ina kirikti A.MEŠ ša mu-še-bi-ri ša îD GN u îD GN<sub>2</sub> ina A.MEŠ îD šiqītišu nušurrā la šakāni not to cause diminishing of water in his irrigation canal through blocking the water of the m. of the canals GN and GN<sub>2</sub> MDP 2 pl. 22 iii 1 (MB kudurru).

Ad mng. 2: mušēbiru cannot be taken as a qualifier of a canal, because in that case a fem. form would be expected.

mušedbibu see mušadbibu.

mušēdû s.; informer, adviser; god list\*; ef.  $id\hat{u}$  v.

 $^{d}$ En.nu.un.silim.ma =  $^{s}$ U,  $^{d}$ Giš.[x.x].silim. ma =  $^{s}$ U,  $^{2}$ èn.tar.tar An.na.ke $_{x}$ (KID) = mu- $^{s}$ edu-u  $^{s}$ 6 $^{d}$ 4 $^{d}$ -ni CT 24 3:28 and dupl. 21:60 (An = Anum I 95a).

mušehhinu see mušahhinu and \*mušeh: hittu.

mušehhittu (or mušehhinu) s.; stove; pl. mušehhinētu; NB; cf. šahānu.

410 bricks ana dullu ša mu-še-hi-ni-e-ti(or .MEŠ) ša bīt DN ina iškari ša PN rab utūni for (repair) work on the stoves of the temple of DN, from the work assignment of PN, the man in charge of the stoves VAS 6 166:2.

mušēkilu s.; (mng. uncert., lit. he who makes dark); OB Elam; cf. ekēlu.

DN ina šutti awata iqabbi [izz]az ana muše-ki-li-im-ma issaqar Šušinak speaks a word in a dream, he approaches him who mušelbû mušēlû A

darkens(?) and says (end of text) MDP 18 251:4, cf. ibid. 252:7 (OB lit.).

Scheil, RA 13 170 n. 5.

mušelbû see mušelmû.

mušēlītu see mušēlû B and C.

mušelmû (mušelwû, mušelbû, mušalmû, mušalwû) s.; person acting as surveyor of real estate; Nuzi; cf. lamû.

- a) in gen.: (after a list of names) 6 ame= lūti mu-šal-[mu] ša egli u tēma ana dajānī utirru umma šunuma eqla nimtadadma 2 ANŠE 2 GIŠ.APIN eqlu the six men acted as surveyors of the field, and they reported to the judges as follows: we have surveyed the field and the field is two homers and two awiharu's JEN 662:77; annûti Lú. MEŠ šībūtu u šunuma mu-še-el-mu-ú ša bītāti JEN 234:36, annâ amēlūti mu-šal-wu-u [eqli] RA 23 151 No. 38:25; IGI PN IGI PN $_2$  2 LÚ mušal-we ša eqli HSS 9 98:38, and passim; atypical spellings: annûtu amēlūtu mu-še-li-mu ša bītāti ša eqlāti ... u ša kirâti JEN 206:41; annûtu LÚ mu-še-li-mu eglāti JEN 426:22; note annûtu amēlūtu li-mu-ú AASOR 16 18:26, also annûtu šunu lú.meš ú-šal-mi-nu ša eqli nādinānu ša kaspī JEN 9:33, 4 LÚ.MEŠ šībūtu ša eqlāti mu-še-el-bu-ú JEN 13:30, 14 LÚ.MEŠ šībūti annûti u šunuma eqla muše-el-mu-ú JEN 21:32; 4 amēlūtu annûtu ša eqla mu-šal-ú HSS 9 102:37, and see lamû mng. 8b.
- b) with ref. to the transfer of the compensation: 5 amēlūti annūti šībūti mu-še-el-mu ša eqli u nādinānu ša kaspī šunuma these five men are witnesses (acting as) surveyors of the field, and they are also the ones who handed over the silver HSS 9 104:35, cf. 2 amēlūtu annūtu ša eqli mu-šal-wu šunūti u kasap eqli iddinu ibid. 97:36, 7 amīlūtu ša Gīš.MĒŠ mu-šal-wu-ú nādinānu ša kaspī AASOR 16 58:56; annūtu amēlūtu mu-šal-mu-ú ša qaqqari u nādinānu ša subāti u ša hullanni RA 23 149 No. 31:41, see ibid. p. 109; 9 amēlūtu annūtu šībūtu šunuma erā iddinu u šunuma mu-še-el-wu-ú ša eqli JEN 48:30;

annûtu Lú.MEŠ šībūtu nādinānu ša kaspi u mu-šal-wu ša eqlāti HSS 5 75:32, and passim.

Koschaker NRUA p. 67ff.

mušēltu see mešēltu.

mušēlů A s.; 1. (a plow), 2. (a stick or strap used for lifting), 3. (part of the lock of a door or canal); MB, SB, NB; cf. elû v.

giš.apin.zu., giš.apin.zu.e<sub>x</sub>(DU<sub>6</sub>+DU), giš.apin.zu.zu = mu-še-lu- $\acute{u}$  (var. mu-še-su(!)- $[\acute{u}]$ ) Hh. V 111 ff.

giš.níg.bar.e<sub>x</sub>.dè, giš.níg.bar.zi.da = mu- $\delta e$ -lu-u Hh. VI 41f.; kuš.níg.bar.da.[x], kuš. níg.bar.zi.[da] = [mu- $\delta e$ -lu-u] Hh. XI 220f.; giš.[bar.dù.a] =  $[\S u]$  = mu- $\delta e$ -[lu-u] Hg. II 103, in MSL 6 111;  $\dot{\epsilon}$ s.x.e<sub>x</sub>.dè = mu- $\dot{\delta} e$ -lu-u, MIN sa- $par_4$ -ri Hh. XXII Section 11:21'.

giš. $e_x = up-pu$ , nam-za-qu, mu-še-lu-u Hh. V 290 ff.

ni-ip-tu-u = mu-se-lu-u CT 18 4 K.4375 r. ii 49.

- 1. (a plow): see Hh. V 111ff., in lex. section.
- 2. (a stick or strap used for lifting): see Hh. VI 41f., Hh. XI 220f., Hg. II 103, Hh. XXII, in lex. section; mu-še-lu- $\dot{u}$ - $\lceil a \rceil$  my m-s (said by a boat, between  $\dot{s}\bar{a}didu$  and  $gi\dot{s}allu$ ) Lambert Love Lyrics 112 K.4247:6.
- 3. (part of the lock of a door or canal) —
  a) of a door: see Hh. V 292, CT 18 4, in lex. section; without you, Šamaš, no god [opens] up-pa nam-za-qa mu-še-[la-a] dalāt šamē KAR 7:5 (hymn to Šamaš); mu-še-lu-ú hurāṣi (among precious objects) PBS 2/2 120:52, cf. mu-še-x-[x] ibid. 93:2 (MB); mu-še-lu-ú AN. BAR (among household implements) Nbn. 258:36, also (in a dowry list) Cyr. 183:15.
- b) of a canal: ina ārittu ša PN PN<sub>2</sub> mê ibbak mu-še(text -te)-li-e ina libbi pir-ku ša nāri labīri inaṣṣar PN<sub>2</sub> has the right to divert water from PN's branch canal, he will take care of the locks(?) in the dam(?) of the old canal TuM 2-3 195:3 (NB).

Ad mng. 3a: probably the instrument to lift the bit of the key, cf. šumma sikkat namzāqi šūlāt CT 40 12:10, cited CAD 4 (E) p. 133. See also mušēlû B mng. 2.

mušēlû B mušēniqtu

mušēlû B (fem. mušēlītu) s.; 1. winnower, 2. doorkeeper, 3. necromancer; lex.\*; cf. elû v.

lú.še.bal(var. adds .lá) = [m]u-še-lu-u, lú.še.bal.ki.ta = min šá-pil-ti Hh. II 342f.

kak.1. $du_8 = mu$ -še-lu-ú GIŠ.KAK Lu II i 7; sukkal.1. $du_8 = mu$ -še-lu-ú Lu I 95; [giš.kak.  $du_8$ ]+du-dè = du-še-lu-u sik-ka-ti Lu Excerpt I 166.

lú.balag.gá = mu-še-lu-ú [e-tim-me] Lu II iii 27'; [lú.balag.gá] = [mu-še-lu-u] e-tim-me Lu Excerpt I 183; lú.sag.bulug.[g]a = mu-še-l[i] [e]- $[te_4]$ -[mi] OB Lu A 357, C<sub>4</sub> 4; lú.sag.bulug.ga = mu-še-lu-u e-tim-mu = fD x x x (vars. fD še-x-[x], fD [he-ru-u]?) Hg. B IV 149, in MSL 12 226; lú.giš.mi. $\dot{e}$ .d $\dot{e}$  = mu-še-li  $\dot{s}$ i-el-li OB Lu C<sub>4</sub> 6; SAL.IGI.ŠID. $\dot{e}$ x (DU<sub>6</sub>+DU). $\dot{e}$ .d $\dot{e}$  = mu-še-li-tum Lu Excerpt II 19.

- 1. winnower: see Hh II 342f., in lex. section.
- 2. doorkeeper: see Lu I 95, II 7, Lu Excerpt I 166, in lex. section.
- 3. necromancer: see OB Lu A 357, Lu II iii 27', Lu Excerpt I 183, Hg. B IV 149, Lu Excerpt II 19, in lex. section.

Ad mng. 1: Landsberger, MSL 1 170 n. 3.

mušēlû C (mušēlītu) s.; (a cloud formation); SB; cf. elû v.

šumma ... IM.DIRI na- $a\check{s}$ - $kat_5$  u mu- $\check{s}e$ -lušá mi.meš if a cloud is normal(?) but its m.-s are black K.6445:13, cf. mu-še-lu-šá  $SIG_7$  ibid. 8, [ $\check{s}umma$  ...]  $mu-\check{s}e-lu-\acute{u}$  MI.MEŠ [...] BM 36836:4; šumma 3 mu-še-lu-ú  $SA_5.MEŠ$  KI AN-e [...] BM 36671 last line, cf. šumma 3 mu-še-lu-ú sa<sub>5</sub>.meš ki dutu [...] ACh Adad 28:13, 2 mu-še-lu-ú SA<sub>5</sub>.MEŠ GAR. ACh Supp. 2 Adad 110:5 and dupl.; (a cloud) mu-še-li-i sig, uddu is covered with a network of yellow m.-s K.6445:9, and passim in this text, also mu-še-lu-šá ina IM.KUR raksu ibid. 14, (with ina IM.MAR KUR-ma raksu) BM 36836:2; šumma ina išid šamê mu-še-l[u-u...] ACh Supp. 64:4, cf. šummamu-še-lu- $\acute{u}$  [...] Supp. 2 Adad 113:21; šummaerpetu ša im.kur ana im.kur mu-še-lu-[ $\acute{u}$  ...] ACh Adad 28:8, and passim in broken contexts in meteor. omens; if a cloud floats toward the south IGI.BAR-ma mu-še-[lu-ú ...]

1976:6', also (as catch line) Craig AAT 35 Bu. 91-5-9,97 r. 5, (as incipit) RA 17 175 Sm. 9+ ii 8 (comm.); note ina ZI IM.U<sub>x</sub>(GIŠGAL) mu-še-li-tum šaknat ACh Supp. 2 Adad 117:13.

mušelwû see mušelmû.

mušēniqtu s. fem.; wet nurse; from OA, OB on; pl. mušēniqātu (Alalakh mušēniqtāti); wr. syll. and UM.ME.GA.LÁ; cf. enēqu.

um.me.ga.lá = mu-še-niq-tum Lu Excerpt II 41, cf. um.me.ga.lá = [mu-še-niq-tum] Lu III iv 67; [um.m]e.ga.lá = mu-še-niq-[tu] Lanu I iv 12.

um.me.ga.lá.šè mi.ni.in.sum : ana muše-niq-ti iddinšu he gave him (the child) to a wet nurse Ai. III iii 45; dumu um.me.ga.lá nu. tuš.a nė.ga i.kú.e : māru ša ana mu-še-nigti(var. -tum) la ušbu emūq šizbi e(var. in)-ni-qu (the asakku is) a child who did not stay with a wet nurse, it sucked the strength of the milk Lugale I 28; um.me.da.a.ni si.si (var. um.me.ga.lá šeš.a) ga su.ub. «ù.tu.da».a.meš : ša mu-šeniq-tum(var. -ti) lemuttu šizib inniqu šunu UET 6 392:10, var. from CT 16 9:5f.; [um.me.ga.lá] um.me.da.bi ba.an.du<sub>8</sub>.eš : [mu-še-n]iq-ti tarīti ipturu CT 16 43:58f.; um.me.ga.lá: muše-niq-tú, um.me.ga.lá ga làl.e : MIN ša tulúša tābu, um.me.ga.lá ga šeš.a : MIN ša tulûša marru, um.me.ga.lá ga sìg.ga: MIN ša tulûša maḥṣu, um.me.ga.lá ga sìg.ga ug, ga : MIN ša ina mihis tulė imūt (for sequel with Sum. correspondence um.me.da see kirimmu lex. section) ASKT p. 84-85:35ff., see Borger, AOAT

ha r[i-i]š-tu = mu-še-niq-tum (followed by musā: lit[tu] =šabsûtu) Malku I 126.

a) in leg.: šumma awīlum mārašu ana mu-še-ni-iq-tim iddinma mārum šú ina gāt mu-še-ni-iq-tim imtūt mu-še-ni-iq-tum balum abišu u ummišu māram šaniamma irtakas ukannušima if a man turns his son over to a wet nurse and that child dies in the hands of the wet nurse, if they convict the wet nurse of having accepted another child without (the consent of) its (the first child's) father and mother (they will cut off her breasts) CH § 194:23ff.; aššum PN ... ša PN<sub>2</sub> AD.DA PN<sub>3</sub> ana mu-še-ni-iq-tim iddinušu u urabbûšu ana tarbītišu u mu-še-ni-iq-tim ... ana PN<sub>2</sub> x še iddinušum on account of (the child) PN whom PN2, the father of PN3 (the child's mother), had given to a wet nurse and had him brought up, (the parents) gave

mušēniqtu mušēpišu A

x barley to PN<sub>2</sub> (to compensate him) for the fee of raising him and of the nurse Gordon Smith College 42:6 and 10 (OB), cf. x silver níg.um.me.ga ù um.me.ga.lá šà PN u PN<sub>2</sub> al.dùg UET 5 97:9 (OB adoption contract); um.me.ga.lá.a.ni.šè mu.3.kam še.ba ì.ba síg.ba túg.ba.bi in.na.ni. ib.kal: ana mu-še-niq-ti-šu 3 šanāte ipra piššata lubušta udannin he made a contract with its (the adopted child's) wet nurse to provide her for three years with food rations, oil rations, wool rations, and a clothing allowance Ai. III iii 47; aššum PN ša PN2 KI PN<sub>3</sub> mu-ši-ni-iq-ti-ša ina pīti abullim ša GN ilqûši regarding PN, whom PN2 took in adoption (or bought) from PN3, her wet nurse, at the opening of the Larsa Gate Contribution 143:3, cf. mu-še-ni-iq-ta-ša ana kaspim iddinši VAS 16 80:4 (all OB); PN PN, ištarītu ... ina mėšu u damīšu īzibšuma [an]a <sup>1</sup>PN<sub>3</sub> [mu-še]-ni-iq-ti taddiššuma (see ezēbu mng. la-l') MDP 23 288:11; note (in a contract with a wet nurse) mu-še-ni-iq-qí-ti BE 8/1 47:2 (NB), see San Nicolò, ArOr 7 22.

b) in adm.: 3 sal.meš mu-še-ni-qa-tum u 3 SAL.MEŠ ta-ri-tum RÉS 1939 68 n. 3 (Mari); one and one-half shekels of silver, expenses mu-šé-ni-iq-tum TCL 21 207:24 (OA); x še.giš.ì šu.ti.a PN mu-ši-ni-iq-tum UET 5 588:3, cf. 2 sìla ì.giš mu-še-ni-iq-tum ibid. x barley mu-ši-ni-iq-ti mPN Birot Tablettes 50:13 (all OB); x barley PN mu-še-BE 15 184:15, ef. ibid. 200 i 31, ii 24; (a garment) PN mu-še-niq-lum ša PN<sub>2</sub> BE 14 46:2 (MB); barley ana mu-še-ni-iq-ti HSS 16 234:19, cf. barley and Salmes muše-ni-qa-ti HSS 14 102:6, PN mu-še-ni-iqtum HSS 13 391:33; a zijanatu-garment ana mu-še-ni-iq-ti HSS 13 165:5; wool ana muše-ni-iq-tum HSS 13 227:14; 8 SAL.MEŠ muše-ni-qa-ti HSS 16 400:6; wr. mu-še-ni-iq-DU HSS 15 247:5 (all Nuzi); PN mu-še-ni-iq-ti (as witness) MDP 23 313:13; x GUR uttatu ša PN mu-še-ni-iq-tum ša 'PN2 mārat šarri Evetts App. 2:2, cf. [SA]L mu-še-niq-tum 79:7 (NB); SAL.MEŠ mu-še-ni-iq-tum Wiseman Alalakh 238:29, SAL mu-še-ni-iq-ta-ti JCS 8 16 247:10, 22 272:8, SAL.MEŠ mu-še-ni-iq-ta-ti ibid. 274:28, see Wiseman, JCS 13 19ff., for other Alalakh refs. see Wiseman Alalakh p. 158.

c) other occs.:  $\S{umma} \dots tul[\hat{u}]\S{a} la$ damiq ana mu-še-ni-iq-ti šanītimma suhāram idni if her breast is not satisfactory, give the child to another wet nurse Kraus AbB 1 31 r. 8 (let. of a nadītu); mu-še-niq-ta-šú tulâ sīgat tulâ inaššûšumma la ikkal (if) his (the baby's) wet nurse has small breasts (and) when they give him the breast, he does not eat Labat TDP 220:36; sa-ab-su-ut(!)-ta-ka rabītu anāku mu-še-niq(text -ṣu)-ta-ka de'iqtu anāku I (Ištar of Arbela) was the great midwife (who helped you into the world), I was the excellent wet nurse 4R 61 iii 25 (oracles for Esarhaddon), see Biggs, Pritchard ANET<sup>3</sup> 605 n. 5; šumma amēlu māršu ana mu-še-niq-te i-[...] K.15222:10f., cited Bezold Cat. Supp. p. 168; UM.ME.GA.LÁ ša Bēl ši-i-ma she is the wet nurse of Bel KAR 307:19, see TuL p. 32; SAL mu-še-nig-ta-šú (in broken context) No. 1 r. 39 (Lamaštu III); mu-še-niq-te broken context, between tarītu and erītu) STT 346:4; note, said of animals: bakru suhīru būru puhādu ina muhhi 7.ta. Am muše-ni-qa-a-te(var. -ti) ēniguma šizbu la ušabbû karassun (see bakru usage a) Streck Asb. 78 ix 66, 378 ii 14;  $[\ldots]$  U<sub>8</sub> mu-še-niq-ti KÉŠ (= tarakkas?) you put [a lamb at the udder of] a ewe giving suck (note šumma U8 ši puḥāssa izīr, irâm in following line) STT 323:67 (SB Alu).

mušennītu see mušannītu.

mušēpišu A s.; 1. foreman, 2. liturgist; OB, SB; cf. epēšu.

1. foreman (OB only): I sent PN, the overseer of [...] of Larsa ERÍN epiš[tam] ša GN piqissumma itti Lú mu-še-pí-ši tappīšu [li]šēpiš entrust to him the work crew of Larsa so that he, together with the foremen, his colleagues, can have the work done LIH 7:10; do not let the canal engineers do the work, let them have it done (by others) ù ina [S]AG.NÍG.GA ša Lú mu-še-pí-ši-šu-nu usuḥšunuti and remove them from the list of their available foremen LIH 77:11, see AbB 5 136; for x days eleven harvesters under

mušēpišu B mušērittu

PN reaped the field of PN<sub>2</sub> mu-ši-pi-iš PN<sub>3</sub> PN<sub>3</sub> was the m. Pinches Berens Coll. 96 r. 2; mu-še-pi-šum (in broken context) VAS 16 50:32.

2. liturgist: mu-še-pi-šu elišu GUB-ma the liturgist stands over him Or. NS 34 117:21 (namburbi).

For the suggested meaning "foreman" or the like, see *epēšu* mng. 5c-1' and *mušēpišūtu*.

Ad mng. 2: Caplice, Or. NS 34 120.

mušēpišu B s.; (a locality, workshop?); NB; cf. epēšu.

He will deliver (date-palm products) ina mu-še-pi-šú ša bīt mār šarri to the workshop of the house of the son of the king 135:7; (a house) ša ina sūqi ša mu-še-pi-šú ša hubūr which is in the street of the beer vat shop Dar. 474:4 (both texts from Babylon); he will deliver (the dates) ina muhhi nāri ina mu-še-pi-šú ša hubūr at the river, in the beer vat shop Dar. 214:5 (from Hursagkalamma); x bricks for six layers ina itê ša ekalli ana sūq mu-še-pi-ši UCP 9 74 No. 82:11; he will deliver the dates ina E.KI ina muhhi nāri ina mu-še-pe-e-šú ša ITI.ŠE.GA Dar. 484:6; karmu ša ina bāb [m]u-še-piš ina birit kāri u šalhi the storage area which is at the door of the workshop between the quay and the city wall Babylon 23369, cited Unger Babylon 77 and Weidner, Mél. Dussaud 924 n. 5.

mušēpišūtu s.; 1. mušēpišūta epēšu to act as head of a working group, 2. performance of a ritual; OB, SB; cf. epēšu.

- 1. mušēpišūta epēšu to act as head of a working group (see mušēpišu A): [kīmul PN ša mu-še-pí-šu-ta īpušu ina qibīt šarri mu-še-pí-š[u-t]a ēpuš še'am amdud u ... irbī šarra umaḥḥir in lieu of PN, who used to perform the m., I acted as an overseer upon orders of the king, I measured out the barley and presented the king with the income PBS 783:22f. (OB let.), cf. PN mu-še-p[í-š]u-ta-am īpušma VAS 13 68:3.
- 2. performance of a ritual (cf. epēšu mng. 2f-3'): ana mu-še-piš-ú-ti hantiš nasha

quickly excerpted for the performance of a ritual KAR 38 r. 41, see Hunger Kolophone No. 198; isniqma ana mu-še-pi-šu-ti issuha he checked and excerpted (it) for the performance (of the lecanomancy) KAR 151 r. 48; ana mu-še-piš-ú-ti-šú šaṭirma ba[ri] K.7841:3 (= Hunger Kolophone No. 341); ana mu-še-piš-ut-[ti] STT 299 r. 2 (all colophons).

\*mušeqqilu see mušēkilu.

mušēribtu s.; duct, feeder canal; OB; cf. erēbu.

- a) as a part of the intestines: šumma ina qerbī ašar mu-še-ri-ib-ti irru atru ittabši if in the intestines, at the entrance tract, there are additional intestines (between qerbū qattanūtu and kabbarūtu) RA 65 71:15; [šumma qerbū aša]r mu-še-ri-ib-ti dakšu if the intestines are severed at the entrance tract ibid. 7.
- b) a canal: ina tēlīt apparim x A.ŠÀ ... ištu mu-ši-ri-ib-tim ana GN iddinūnim from the high (dry) land of the swamps they gave me x land (stretching) from the feeder canal to GN OECT 3 72:22 (let.); (list of orchard lots) 903\frac{1}{3} SAR GIŠ.SAR ÍD mu-še-ri-ib-tum UET 5 669:10.

mušēridu adj.; conveying down; OB; cf. arādu A.

The GN Canal will be opened for you, organize a working group and ikī u pattātim mu-še-ri-da-tim lištassiqu let them put in good order the dikes and the canals which convey down (the water to the fields) JCS 24 67 No. 68:9 (Harmal let.).

mušērišu s.; official responsible for cultivation of fields; MB; cf. erēšu B.

lu mu-še-ri-šu lu gugallu MDP 2 pl. 23 vi 10; lu hazannu lu mu-še-ri-šu lu gugallu BBSt. No. 7 i 32, also ibid. No. 14:13 (all kudurrus); mu-še-ri-iš pīhati URU GN Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 6 r. 1.

mušērittu s.; gullet; SB; cf. arādu.

kurká bu'ura tatabbah damēšu ur'ussu muše-rit-ta-šú . . . teleqqe (for translat. see kurkû mušērtu \*mušētiqu

usage c) AMT 102 i 3; ur'uda mu-še-rit-tú (in similar context) Köcher BAM 216:39.

von Soden, Or. NS 16 67f.

mušērtu see mušīrtu.

mušēru s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

 $[\ldots] = [m]u$ -še-ru (in group with še-ru šá bur-ti, še-ru šá še-im) VAT 10426 i a 5 (Erimhuš a).

Possibly from *šurru* "to bend down."

mušēṣītu s.; drainage canal; OB; cf. aṣû.

(a field) SAG.BI 2.KAM mu-še-ṣi-tum BE 6/1 119 ii 15, also ibid. i 38, ii 7, cf., wr. mu-še-ṣi-tum CT 4 34c:7; [la] naṭû ana mu-še-ṣi-tim mê ruddû it is not proper to bring water into a drainage canal (proverb) CT 29 23:12, see Deller, AfO 21 118.

mušēşi'u see mušēşû.

mušēşû (mušēṣi'u, fem. mušēṣitu) adj.; protruding(?); SB, NA; cf. aṣû.

nēkimtu la mu-še-ṣi-ti šumšu (this feature on the lung) is called an atrophied part that is not protruding(?) PRT 129:4, cf. nēkimtu la šūṣūtu CT 31 42 r.(!) 16f., etc.; 3 šu.si mu-še-ṣi-'hurāṣi ibtatqu (the ērib būti-priests) cut off (illegally) three fingers' width from the protruding part(?) of gold (alongside the gold-plated beams beside the image of Ninurta) ABL 493:15 (NA).

mušēşû A s.; 1. landlord, 2. outlet canal; OB, NB; NB pl. mušēṣānû; cf. aṣû.

- 2. outlet canal (NB): kî ša šāḥili ina Kā mu-še-ṣi-i išakkanuma huṣābu sipru u galālu išahhalu appitte tašahhala just as one places a filter at the opening of the outlet canal and thus filters out the pieces of twigs, trash,

and pebbles, you will screen (the people at the gate) ABL 292:15; uncert.: ina mu-še-ṣa-ni-e (in broken context) ABL 239 r. 4.

mušēsû B s.; (an official); OB, Mari, NB; cf. aşû.

mu-še-ṣú-um šaknanniāšimma ana nashurim ul iddi[nan]niāti a m. has been appointed over us and he did not permit us to move about TLB 4 66:1 (OB let.); 2 Lú... muše-ṣ[i]-i aškun... ina ūmišuma Lú Ḥa-na.MEŠ kalašu ušēṣû I appointed two m.-s and the same day they evicted(?) all the Hanians ARMT 14 80:10; Lú mu-še-ṣi [...] (in broken context) ABL 1138 r. 3 (NB).

mušēširtu (multēširtu) s.; broom; lex.; cf. ešēru.

giš.níg.šu.luḥ.ḥa gišimmar = mu-še-šìr-[tu] (var. mul-te-šìr-tu) Hh. III 407.

Landsberger Date Palm 19 sub c.

mušēširu adj.; freely moving, which can take its course; SB; cf. ešēru.

si.si = mu-še-še-ru CT 18 30 iv 18, dupl. RA 16 167 iv 22 (group voc.).

When crossing the square rumīkāt mê la mu-še-ši-ru-tú lu akbus I stepped in (dirty) washwater which had not drained away JNES 15 142:43' (lipšur-lit.).

mušēširu s.; 1. sweeper (or caretaker), 2. (uncert. mng.); LB; cf. ešēru.

sag.mú.mú = mu-bé-nu-ú, mu-še-še-ru RA 16 166 ii 39f., dupl. CT 18 29 ii 34f. (group voc.).

- 1. sweeper (or caretaker): NINDA.ḤI.A ginû ša bit DN MU.A.MU u ša Lú mu-še-ši-ir ša bābāti ša Esagila bread, regular dues of the temple of Gula .... and of the sweepers(?) of the gates of Esagila BRM 1 99:29, also CT 49 150:26.
- 2. (uncert. mng.): see (beside mubennû creator) lex. section, possibly with ref. to childbirth, see ešēru mng. 6a-2'.

Ad mng. 2: W. G. Lambert, JSS 14 250.

\*mušētiqu (fem. mušētiqtu) adj.; (mng. uncert.); NB; cf. etēqu A v.

mušettiqu mušhalsitu

1-en  $\forall z(!)$  mu-še-ti-iq-ti (he sold) one m.-goat BIN 1 37:13, also ibid. 19 (NB let.).

mušettiqu adj.; (describing a person); lex.\*; cf. etēqu.

ga.ab.bi.ib.dib.dib = mu-še-et-ti- $\lceil qu \rceil$  Izi V 128.

mušēzibtu see mušēzibu.

mušēzibu (fem. mušēzibtu) s.; 1. helper, rescuer, 2. mušēzib qāti (mušēzibtu qāti) cover, protector (on furniture); OB, Mari, MB, MA, SB, NB; wr. syll. and (in personal names) kar; cf. ezēbu v.

 $[x-x]^{-ga}_{GAB \times GAB} = mu-\delta e-zi-bu$  VAT 10223:2 (tablet of "complicated signs").

- 1. helper, rescuer a) in gen.: make peace aššum mu-še-zi-ba-a[m la išū ...] because [I have no] helper ARM 11:5, cf. r. 1, cf. mu-še-zi-bi (in broken context) ARM 6 13:10; your (Šamaš's) weapon will charge him mu-še-zi-bu ul [išu] he will have no one to rescue him Lambert BWL 130:91.
- b) in personal names: dAdad-mu-še-zi-ib Meissner BAP 51:2 (OB); dŠamaš-mu-ši-zi-ib Jean Tell Sifr 44a:32 (OB); for MA, see Saporetti Onomastica 2 120, cf. Stamm Namengebung 221, see also ezēbu mng. 6b-4', KAR-dBēl VAS 4 17:13 (NB); Mu-še-zi-bu Sumer 9 after p. 34 No. 1:4, 16 (MB), also VAS 5 37:21 (NB).
- 2. mušēzib qāti (mušēzibtu qāti) cover, protector (on furniture): one threadbare piece of linen ša ana bitqa ina panīja ana mu-še-zib šu<sup>II</sup>.MEŠ ša erši ša DN which I have had for repairing (to be made into strips) to protect the sides(?) of the bed of the Lady-of-Sippar CT 2 2:4 (NB), see Oppenheim, JCS 21 250 n. 77, cf. ana mu-⟨še⟩-zib-tum Šu<sup>II</sup> Camb. 435:5, kulūlu u mu-še-zib-t[u qāti] Moldenke 2 64:2.

See also mušēzibu in ša mušēzibāte.

mušēzibu in ša mušēzibāte s.; archers protected by a wooden shield; NA; cf. ezēbu.

700 qašāte 100 ša mu-še-zib-a-te seven hundred bows, one hundred archers Iraq 23

pl. 19 ND 2612:2; 6 sìla ša GIŠ mu-še-zib.MEŠ six silas for the archers Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists pl. 25 ND 10027/28:9, ef. LÚ MIN (= A.SIG. MEŠ) ša GIŠ m[u-...] ibid. pl. 23 ND 10050/51:6; ša GIŠ mu-še-zib-a-ti ibid. pl. 14 ND 6219:15, pl. 30 ND 10052:4.

Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists 61f.

mušgallu (muššugallu) s.; (a mythical serpent, lit. "great serpent"); SB; Sum. lw.

muš.gal =  $\S v$ -lum (var.  $\S v$ -gal) Hh. XIV 4.

zag.pirig.gá muš.gal eme.è.dè kur.kur. ra si.il.lá: emūq labbi muš-gal-la(var. -li) muk: taššaššu mušattir šadī (Ninurta) who has the strength of a lion, great serpent who holds everything in sway, who cleaves the mountains (Sum. who has the power of a lion, who in the mountains cut the great serpent with the bared fangs) Lugale I 11.

- a) in gen.: sēru šikinšu kīma humsiri Muš.BI muš-gal-lu Mu.NI the appearance of the snake is like that of a mouse, this snake is called m. Landsberger Fauna 52 K.4206+:10; Muš.Maš.Dà... šanīš Muš.GAL Tablet Funck 2:12 (Alu Comm., see AfO 21 pl. 9), see Landsberger Fauna 51; šumma muš-gal-lum innamir if the "great serpent" is seen (after bašmu) CT 40 24 K.6294:2, also ibid. K.8038:13, Wr. Muš.GAL ibid. 23:31, followed by šumma 2 SAG.DU.ME-šú, šumma 7 SAG.DU.ME-šú, šumma 7 SAG.DU.ME-šú, šumma 7 EME.ME-šú if it has two heads, if it has seven heads, if it has seven tongues ibid. 32-34 (all SB Alu).
- b) in med. use:  $\circ$  hal-dap-pa-a-nu: Aš muš-šu-gal-lu(var. -li) Uruanna III 81.

Landsberger Fauna 59.

\*mušgarru see muššaru.

mušhalsītu (mušhelsītu) s.; slippery ground; SB; cf. nehelsû v.

ki.ma.an.zé.er = [mu-uš-ḥa-al-ṣi-tum] Proto-Izi I Bil. D iv 10, cf. Proto-Izi I 498; [ki.m]a.an. zé.er = muš-ḥal-ṣi-tum Lu Excerpt II 87; ki.ma. an.zé.er = muš-ḥal-ṣi-[tum], sig<sub>4</sub>o-rum<sub>BAD</sub> = in-[du], nam.ús = ni-mit-[tum] Antagal C 49-51.

[x]  $mu\ddot{s}$ -hal- $\dot{s}i$ -tum-ma u[l ...] Thompson Gilg. pl. 18 K.3252 ii 22; [x (x) m] $u\ddot{s}$ -hal- $\dot{s}i$ -tum-ma u[l ...] CT 46 21 r. 1 (Gilg.), see Lands-

mušķelşītu mušķuššu

berger, RA 62 108f.; if the I+LU (= askuppa: tu?) of the "gate of the palace" is divided and loose mu-uš-he-\ellower-i-it I+LU-ti ZI.GA umāmi Labat Suse 139 iii 24.

See also muhhelsītu.

mušhelsītu see mušhalsītu.

mušhīštu adj. fem.; (mng. uncert.); OB\*; cf. hāšu A v.

mu- $u\check{s}$ (text -da)-hi- $i\check{s}$ -tum (gloss to sag. sum) UET 6 72:5.

For sag.sum me.te dBa.ú "...., befitting DN" see Sjöberg, JCS 26 163. While sag.sum corresponds to hāšu "to hurry," no stem III of this verb is attested, apart from this unique occ. of the participle.

mušhuššu s.; (a serpent or dragon); OB, SB, NA, NB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and muš.huš.

muš. $h[uš] = \S U-\S u$  Hh. XIV 2; muš. $hul = hul-mit-tu = muš-hu[s-\S u]$  Hg. A II 264, in MSL 8/2 45.

muš.huš.a.ab.ba.gin $_{\mathbf{x}}$ (GIM) igi.na lú.erí[m. gál nu.gub.bu]: ša kīma muš-huš támti ajābu ina pa[nīšu la izzazzu] (my weapon with fifty heads) before which, as if it were a dragon from the sea, the enemy cannot stand still Angim III 39.

- a) as a serpent: in omens: [šumma MU]š.ḤUŠ ina bīt ili innamru if m.-snakes are seen in the temple KAR 384 r. 11, cf. šumma MUŠ.ḤUŠ innamir CT 40 23 r. 1, AfO 21 pl. 10 Tablet Funck 2:19, see ibid. p. 46; imaggar MUŠ.ḤUŠ LÚ habbātu can a m.-snake and a desert tramp come to an agreement? JTVI 29 84:14, see MVAG 21 94 (Kedorlaomer text); note as a fabulous animal: bašmu MUŠ.ḤUŠ GAL CT 22 48:5 (mappa mundi).
- b) as the name of a constellation (OB): (the constellations) qaštum nīrum šitaddarum mu-uš-hu-uš-šu-um (var. Muš.huš) eriqqum enzum ZA 43 306:18, var. from dupl. RA 32 182:18 (OB prayer).
- c) as a monstrous creature: ušziz bašmu muš. Huš u dLahamu she (Tiāmat) arrayed a serpent-monster, a dragon, and a lahmu-

d) representations: MU muš-hu-šu (var. URUDU MUŠ.HUŠ) ina KA.HUŠ ušzizu (year name of Narām-Sin of Eshnunna) JCS 13 111 No. 17:18, var. from ibid. 76 (i);  $mu\mathring{s}-\mathring{h}u\mathring{s}-\mathring{s}\mathring{u}$ nalbubu şēr NA, alallu aban qabê u magāri tamšīl balţi ušarbişa I carved a raging dragon couchant (looking as) if it were alive, on an elallu-stone, the stone which makes wishes come true Borger Esarh. 85 r. 50; ina sippī abullātišu rīmī erî ekdūti u muš. Huš šēzuzūti abnīma ušzizma I had fierce wild bulls of bronze and raging dragons fashioned and set up at the sides of its (Babylon's) gates VAB 4 72 i 21, 106 i 59, 90 i 45, cf. ibid. 86 ii 9, 132 vi 17, 162 B v 11, CT 37 12:26; I embellished the palace ina agurri NA, uqnî elleti ša rīmū u muš. Huš banû qerbušša shining blue-glazed bricks on which wild bulls and dragons were depicted VAB 4 132 vi 5, cf. PBS 15 77:18 (all Nbk.); I decorated the boat of Marduk marri u muš. Huš 14 gun 12 MA.NA KÙ.GI ruššâ ... uza'inšuma spades and dragons (using) fourteen talents twelve minas of shining gold PBS 15 79 ii 22, cf. [mar]ru u muš. huš. meš sarīri ušalbiš VAB 4 156 v 23 (Nbk.); Muš. Huš erî ša ina kisî KA.KA Esagila ... nanzuzu the copper dragons that were erected at the wall of the gates of Esagila VAB 4 210 i 21; eptiqma 7 MUŠ.HUŠ erî šēzuzūti ša lemni u ajābī izannu imat mūti tīri kaspi ebbi ušalbiš I cast seven raging dragons of bronze, who spatter deadly venom on the foe and enemy, and I covered them with a coating of shining silver ibid. 26 (Ner.), cf. 282 viii 57 (Nbn.); 🕺 KÙŠ DAGALšú ku-up-te a-di muš. Huš (see kuptu B) OECT 6 pl. 3 K.8664 r. 8 and dupl.; used as a figurine in magic: [NU].MEŠ MUŠ.HUŠ tidi ga[ssa] labšu figurines of dragons, made of clay and coated with gypsum (you bury in the threshold of the house) KAR 298 r. 3, cf.

\*mušidimmu mušitu

2 NU MUŠ.ŠÀ.TUR 2 NU MUŠ.ḤUŠ AAA 22 pl. 12 iii 50, see ibid. p. 52.

Landsberger Fauna 48f., 55.

## \*mušidimmu (AHw. 683b).

Probably to be read mušmītu, q.v.

mušihhu s.; (a part of the clepsydra, lit. lengthener); lex.\*; cf. šâhu.

giš.dib.dib = šu-bu, muzibbu, mu-ši-ih-hu, mukanzibtu Hh. IV 6ff.

For discussion see dibdibbu.

mušīrtu (mušērtu) s. fem.; (a demon, lit. she who leans into the window); SB; cf. šurru.

é.lá.a =  $[mu-\check{s}i]$ -[ir-tum(?)] Proto-Kagal Bil. Section A 12.

ab.igi.lá.ta gù mu.un.na.an.dé.e: sa ina apti mu-ŝir-ti išessi who calls in the window of the m. CT 17 35:73f., restored from KAR 46:6f.; ab.lá.a.ta nam. (mu.un.da.ku<sub>4</sub>.ku<sub>4</sub>.dè): ina apti mu-ŝir-ti la terrubšu do not enter to him through the window of the m. ASKT p. 92-93:26, see Borger, AOAT 1 10:171, cf. ina apti mu-ŝir-ti la terrabšu || apti mu-ĥir (with comm.) the top window AfO 12 241:9, for full ref. see aptu mng. 1d.

[dki]lili šarratu ša apāti dkilili mu-ši-ir-tum ša apāti the kilili-demon, the queen of the windows, the kilili-demon who leans into the windows Craig ABRT 1 57:32.

G. Meier, AfO 12 243.

mūšiš adv.; at night; SB; cf. mūšu.

urriš (var. urra) la šupšuhāku mu-ši-iš la sallāku (see salālu mng. 1a-2') En. el. I 38 and 50; mu-ſšeš lihliqma he fled at night Rost Tigl. III p. 14:67, cf. ippariš mu-šiš Winckler Sar. pl. 34:126, mu-šiš uṣṣi Lie Sar. 365.

mušīta (mušītam, mušītamma) adv.; at night, tonight, overnight; OB, Mari, MB, Bogh., SB; ef. mūšu.

mu-ši-tam alākam la takallāninni do not prevent me from leaving tonight TLB 4 66:19; mu-ši-tam alākam ītepšam he departed tonight for here YOS 2 78:9; mu-ši-ta liṣbatuniššunūtima [...] la uṣṣū they should seize them tonight, [...] they must not leave

Kraus AbB 1 52:36; mu-ši-ta-am (beside kala u<sub>4</sub>-mi-im) VAS 16 179:16 (all OB letters); the Turukkians mu-ši-tam-ma ībiru crossed (the river) at night ARM 4 23:21, cf. 29:23, also ARM 1 97:18, ARM 2 50 r. 4'; mu-ši-tam amhur ARM 2 24 r. 7'; Túg ša mu-ši-ta iṣam=miduši (see ṣamādu mng. 1d) BE 17 47:11 (MB let.); mu-ši-ta tušbât (see bâtu mng. 3b) KUB 37 43 iv 2, 45 i 4, 46 ii 7; mu-ši-tam i niṣ=lal Biggs Šaziga 37:4; mu-ši-ta(!) ālānišunu almi I surrounded their towns by night MAOG 6/1-2 p. 12:27 (Asn. I).

mušītam see mušīta.

mušitamma see mušita.

mušītan see mušītaš.

mušītaš (or mušītiš, mušītan) adv.; at night; SB; ef. mūšu.

mu-še-taš ihliqma Rost Tigl. III p. 52:35, cf. ipparšidu mu-ši-taš TCL 3 214 (Sar.).

Possibly to be read mu-ši-tàn, cf. sītan, etc.

mušītiš see mušītaš.

mušītu s.; night, nighttime; from OA, OB on; pl. mušiātu, mušātu; cf. mūšu.

 $gi_6.\dot{u}.na = mu-\dot{s}i-tum$  Lanu F ii 15, also Izi I RS Recension 36.

giš.nu mi.mu.na.mu (Emesal for gi, ù.na. mu) a.ši.ir.ra si.a : i[na ma]jāl mu-ši-ti-ia ša tāniḥa [m]a-lu-<ú> VAS 10 179:1f., cf. [mu.n]á gi, ù.na a.še.er mu.un.dè.lá : ma-ia-a-al mu-ši-ti-ia ta-ne-ḥa tu-ma-al-[li] CT 44 24 r. 6 (OB).

 $\sin p - p a - t u = m u - \delta i - t u m$  (var.  $[m] u - u - \delta u$ ) Malku III 47.

a) in gen.: mu-ši-it-ka awat tahaddû liblamma may the night bring you tidings over which you will be happy Gilg. Y. 262 (OB); šutta aṭṭula mu-ši-ti-ia I had a dream at night Gilg. I v 26, cf. šunāta aṭṭul (var. adds ša) mu-ši-ti-ia ibid. VII iv 14, var. from dupl. UET 6 394:60, cf. ina šutti aṭṭulu mu-ši-t[i-ia] Lambert BWL 48:30 (Ludlul III); ana ina mu-ši-ti-šu it-ti SAL [...] damiq LB 1002:8 (courtesy K. Veenhof); itti il-ta-a-at mu-ši-ti with one single night (incipit of

mušītu muškēnu

a song) KAR 158 r. vii 12, cf. ana mu-ši-ti annīti ana līlāti annāti for this night, for this evening ibid. 23; mu-ši-tu puluhtu ša līlāti KAR 58 r. 11; Nusku nūru namru munammir mu-ši-ti shining light that illuminates the night Craig ABRT 1 35:2; mithara mu-šá-tum ša DN kališina ina qātēšu šak-nu (see mithāru mng. 1a-1'd') AfO 14 144:54; difficult: ina mu-ši-te salimt[i] AfO 9 93 iii 27 (Šamši-Adad V).

- b) in adverbial use 1' in the pl.: ana bīt abiša mu-ši-a-tim tattanallakma she keeps going to her father's house every night AAA 1 pl. 19 No. 1 r. 19 (OA); issakpu rē'û mu-ši-a-tim the shepherds could (then) sleep nights Gilg. P. iii 30 (OB); [k]ali mu-ši-a-tim ula ṣallāku I cannot sleep at all at night OECT 3 66:17 (OB let.); ina niziqtika mu-ši-a-tim ul aṣallal out of worry for you I do not sleep nights TCL 18 152:33 (OB let.).
- 2' in the sing.: at the mountain passes aktašad mu-ši-tú I arrived at night Gilg. IX i 8, cf. Nusku ša tadlipu mu-ši-tu (see dalāpu A mng. 1a) KAR 58 r. 35; mu-ši-tu kalaša ardēma allik Streck Asb. 74 ix 13; see also mušītam.
- c) personified: mu-ši-tum kallatu kuttumtu night, veiled bride Maqlu I 2 and dupls., also JNES 19 32:45 and 53, LKA 135 r. 9; pussumat mu-ši-i-tum veiled is the night ZA 43 306:9, also RA 32 181:9 and see kallatu usage c-2'; mu-ši-tu hadāt the night rejoices Perry Sin No. 5a:8; mu-ši-tum eli awīlim ikribī išu (see ikribu mng. 2c) YOS 10 51 i 35 and dupl. 52 i 33 (OB ext.).
- d) parts of the night: 3 maṣṣarāti ša GI<sub>6</sub>-ti KAR 58 r. 12; ina SA<sub>9</sub> mu-ši-ti KUB 4 12 obv.(!) 7 (Gilg.), cf. ina qa-bal mu-ši-ti AfO 14 142:41 (bīt mēsiri); ina qereb mu-ši-ti KAR 26:31, also Streck Asb. 104 iv 8; kal mu-ši-te during the entire night AKA 232 r. 22 and 335 ii 104 (Asn.); ina ša-a-at mu-ši-ti-ia Gilg. P. i 3 (OB).
- e) nouns qualified by mušitu: rabûtum ili mu-ši-i-ti ZA 43 306:14 (OB), cf. ilāni mu-ši-tim AfO 17 89:4 (astrol.), ilāni GI<sub>6</sub>-ti

BBR No. 31-37:17, also BA 5 698 K.3853 r. 6, STT 231 r. 31, see also ilu mng. 1a-2'b'; maltaktum ša mu-ši-tim MCT 135 Ud 60; manz zaz mu-ši-tim u kakkabim CT 3 2:9 (OB oil omens); see also ikribu mng. 3; NA4 mu-ši-tu Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 18:6, also Köcher BAM 376 i 23, and see aban mūši cited mūšu lex. section; [MUL.MEŠ] mu-ši-tum napharšunu PBS 1/2 115 i 6, see ArOr 21 379, see also kakkabu mng. 1d-2'.

f) beside \$\bar{u}mu\$: sibit \$\bar{u}mim u sibi mu-\bar{s}i-a-tim \text{ Gilg. M. ii 8, cf. 7 \$\bar{u}m\bar{i}\$ 7 \$mu-\bar{s}[i-a-tim]\$ Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis III iv 24, UD [6] \$\bar{u}\$ 7 \$mu-\bar{s}i-a-tim \text{ Gilg. P. ii 6 (all OB), also 6 \$ur-ri u\$ 7 \$mu-\bar{s}a-a-ti \text{ Gilg. XI 127 and 199; \$wara\bar{b}\$ 30 \$\bar{u}m\bar{i}\$ u 30 \$mu-\bar{s}e-tim \text{ JCS 21 228:8 (Mari let.); the army plundered 3 \$\bar{u}m\bar{e}\$ \$mu-\bar{s}i-tu\$ for three days and nights Winckler Sar. pl. 26 No. 55:7; \$ultu \$\bar{u}mi\$ ann\bar{i}\$ UD.X.KAM \$\bar{s}a\$ MN ... \$adi UD.X.KAM \$\bar{s}a\$ MN\_2 ... \$ana 40 UD.ME\bar{s} 40 \$GI\_6.ME\bar{s}[\bar{s}ikin adanni]\$ PRT 1:5, also 7:3, 28 r. 3, and passim in these texts.

muškallimu see kullumu mng. 8.

muškallu s.; (a large fish net); syn. list.\*

mu-uš-kal-lu (possibly error for šu-uš-kal-lu) =
šά-pár-kal šά [κυ<sub>6</sub>] CT 18 9 K.4233+ ii 19.

Cf. giš.sa.šu.uš.kal =  $\delta u$ -[ $u\delta -kal$ -lum] =  $\delta a$ -par-gal-lu  $\delta \acute{a}$   $L\acute{u}.\check{s}[v].\check{H}[A]$  Hg. A I 92, in MSL 6 76.

mūškaṣāt see kaṣātu lex. section.

muškēnu (maškēnu) s.; 1. commoner, person not liable for service, 2. poor, destitute; from OAkk., OB on; maškēnu Hh. II 36, Wiseman Alalakh 180:31, 182:29, pl. muškēnūtu; wr. syll. and Maš.EN.KAK, Maš. KAK.EN; cf. muškēnūtu.

ma-áš-da maš.kak, maš.en.kak = muš-ke-nu A I/6:130f.; maš.en.kak = mu-uš-ke-nu-um Proto-Diri 496; [maš.en.kak] = [mu-u]š-ke-nu-um Proto-Izi I Bil. D iv 31; maš.en.kak = maš-ke-nu (var. [maš-ke]-e-nu) Hh. II 36; Lú maš.en.kak (preceded by Lú.níg.tuk.meš, i.e., šārû) Bab. 7 pl. 5 ii 14, see MSL 12 238; [Lú maš.en.kak<sup>muš-ke]-e-nu</sup> MSL 12 237 viii 32, cf. maš.en.kak ibid. 19:172 (Pre-Sar.); [maš] = mu-uš-ke-nu MSL 9 128:241 (Proto-Aa).

muškēnu muškēnu

sig = en-šu ša muš-[ke-ni] (for context see enšu lex. section) Antagal E b 19; GIŠ.SAR.MAŠ.EN.KAK = MIN (= kirû) muš-ke-ni Ai. IV iii 21; sag.kur.ta = muš-kè-nu Studies Landsberger 36:25, also sag. kur.ta(var. .tá) ibid. 32:67, cf. [sag.kur.ta] = [muš-kè-nu-u]m ibid. 23 iii 66 (all Silbenvokabular A).

lú lú.MAŠ.EN.KAK.e nam.gú bí.in.ak.a lú. nam.kalag.ga si.ga sag.e.éš bí.in.rig.ga: ša muš-ke-na iḥabbilu enša ana danni išarrak[u] he who oppresses the poor man, he who hands over the weak to the powerful Lambert BWL 119:11f.

la i-šá-nu-u = muš-ke-nu (followed by akû, lillu, enšu, ulālu) Malku IV 44, also Malku VIII 15; lú.la.la.nu.u, lú. $\{x.x.m\dot{v}\}\}$  = muš-ke-nu CT 37 25 iii 30f., see MSL 12 228 iii 37f.; [...]-nu || ka-tu-u || muš-ke(!)-nu Lambert BWL 76:75 comm. (Theodicy); [x-x]-gu = la išānû, muš-ke-nu Izbu Comm. Z 13'f.

1. commoner, person not liable for service — a) in gen. — 1' in Pre-Sar., OAkk., Ur III, early OB: animals níg.ga maš.en.kak lú.Ki.is.mar<sup>ki</sup> ù Maš.gán.šar.ru.um<sup>ki</sup>. ke<sub>x</sub>(KID).ne Legrain TRU 144:11, for other refs. see MAD 3 266f.; note, wr. maš.kak Edzard Sumerische Rechtsurkunden 174 No. 112 "oben" ("Figure aux plumes"); distribution of barley ŠÀ MAŠ.KAK.EN A 21969:5 (early OB Ishchali), and passim, note ŠÀ KÁ.GAL ŠÀ MAŠ.KAK.EN A 21979:3.

2' in OB: (the tax due from) nāši biltim x [x] rabî LÚ mu-uš-ke-nim rēdîm bā'irim u ilkim ahîm ša GN the tenant farmers, the ..., the m., the soldiers, the  $b\bar{a}$ 'iru-soldiers, and the persons of GN liable for (other) unspecified services Kraus Edikt § 13':38; hubulli ša  $r\bar{e}d\hat{e}$   $b\bar{a}$ 'iri u mu-uš-[ke]-ni TCL 17 76:14 (let. of Samsuiluna), cf. ibid. 18; [kīma] abī idû mu-uš-ke-ne-ku as my father knows, I am a m. TCL 17 37:36; they have established in the Samaš-temple kīma mu-uš-ke-ne-e-ku that I am a m. (and thus not liable for service as susikku) BM 80341:10, cited Kraus Vom mesopotamischen Menschen p. 123; awiltum mu-uš-ke-ne-et VAS 16 148:11; awîlê ša atrudakku mu-uš-ke-nu-ú the men whom I sent to you are m.-s AbB 5 166:7; ahulam= ma mu-uš-ke-num OECT 3 76:24, see Kraus, AbB 4 No. 154; maš.kak.en kīma šanassu niqiašu liqqima let the m. give his offering as every year Sumer 14 46 No. 22:14; [DUMU] mu-uš-ke-nim ša ana tēniqim [ilq]\$\vartheta\$ the child of a m., whom she took for nursing Kraus AbB 1 6:26; L\vartheta\$ mu-u\vartheta\$-ke-e-nam la i\(\sigma\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\$\tau\) ibid. 100:21; ma\(\rho\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\$\vartheta\$ anu-u\vartheta\$-ke-nim simmam na\(\vartheta\vartheta\$\ta\$ there is with me one ox of a m., it has an injury YOS 2 71:6, cf. itti elip mu-u\vartheta\$-ke-nim ibid. 117 r. 25; a field ina \(\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\$ mu-u\vartheta\$-ke-nu-um ina \(\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\vartheta\$ nu in the area (called) "that of the m." (and) in the area (called) "that of PN" CT 2 23:1.

3' in Mari: la naklim u Lú mu-úš-ke-nim la berêm šipram ša kīnātim ušeppeš (see ajānu mng. 1b) ARM 3 79 r. 9', ef. [x ta/na]ak-la-am ù maš.en.kak mala PN ukallamuka la tezzibam tarâm A 21901:13 (Ishchali let.); UDU.HI.A ša Hana.MEŠ u mu-uš-ke-nim ša ah Puratti the sheep of the Hanians and (the sheep) of the commoners living on the bank(s) of the Euphrates ARM 581:5; LÚ. MEŠ mu-úš-ke-num dumu.meš GN the commoners, (that is) the inhabitants of GN Bottéro Habiru p. 22 No. 27:10, cf. mu-úš-kenu-um ša ālāni ARM 5 25:7; [in]anna pî [ša] mu-úš-ke-n[im] ušbalkit now he has instigated revolt among the commoners ARM 10 152 r. 10; A.ŠÀ.HI.A mu-úš-ke-nim ina itát eqlim šâtu ibašši the fields of the commoner are situated beside the above-mentioned field ARM 10 151:19, cf. ARM 6 2:8, 3:11, and see ARMT 14 index s.v.

4' in Elam: maḥar 8 šībī mu-uš-ke-nu MDP 23 327:13; 6 annūtu mu-uš-ke-nu ibid. 4; a field ša atap mu-uš-ke-ni MDP 24 371:2; GN u maš.en.kak (in broken context) MDP 18 159:18.

5' in EA: minde mārat ištēn mu-uš-ke-nu u šumma ištēn GN šumma mārat GN<sub>2</sub>... ša īmuru perhaps it was the daughter of a commoner, or of a Gagian, or the daughter of a Hanigalbatian whom they saw EA 1:37 (let. from Egypt).

6' in RS: Lú.MEŠ muš-ke-nu-tum Lú.MEŠ. UN.TU (as recipients of rations) MRS 6 203 RS 16.257 iv 17, cf. [Lú.MEŠ muš-ke-nu]-tum Lú.MEŠ aširuma ibid. iii 30.

7' in MB Alalakh: ERÍN.MEŠ maš-ke-en (beside soldiers, charioteers, fugitives) Wise-

muškēnu muškēnu

man Alalakh 180:31, and 182:29; note É.DIDLI. MEŠ MAŠ.EN.KAK.MEŠ ibid. 188, cited in catalog p. 73.

- b) contrasted with the king or palace -1' in OB: lu warad ekallim lu amat ekallim lu warad maš.en.kak lu amat maš.en.kak be it a slave or a slave girl of the palace, be it a slave or slave girl of an ordinary man CH § 15:33f., cf. §§ 8:65, 175:59, 176:70, 78, 85; UD.KÚR.ŠÈ UD.NA.M[E].A INIM.GÁL.LA SAG.ÌR ša ekallim u mu-uš-ke-ni-im PN u PN, izzazzu for all time PN and PN, guarantee against a claim concerning the slave brought by either the palace or a commoner TIM 5 9:14; awīlum ša ina eqel maš.kak.en ina kurullim ina muşlalim işşabbatu a person who is apprehended during the day in the field of a commoner with a sheaf (in his possession) Goetze LE § 12 A i 37; awilum ša ina bītim ša MAŠ.EN.KAK ina bītim ina muşlalim işşabbatu ibid. § 13 B i 4.
- 2' in Mari: šumma eqel mu-uš-ke-ni[m] eqel ekallim ugīr ana mīnim ugirru if I once have allotted fields belonging to the commoners or the palace, for what reason do they allot (them again)? ARM 2 61:25; inanna še'um ša ekallim u LÚ.MEŠ mu-úš-kenim ina aharātim nadi and now the barley belonging to the palace and that belonging to the commoners is left on the far side of the river ARM 2 80:10; pî mu-uš-ke-nim wāšibūt ālim eštenemmīma ul kêm ummami Lú awili ekallim inassahu I will have to listen on and on to the complaints of the commoners living in Mari, will they not say as follows: "They transfer the men of the palace (but we must stay)"? RA 53 58:24; [...] ekallim u LÚ mu-úš-ke-nim š[a ...] (in broken context) ARMT 13 117:7, ef. ARM 6 3:17, cf. also Jean, RÉS 1939 p. 66 n. 4 cited kinattu mng. la; ana ikkarim ašpurma warkat eqlim liprus eqlāt mu-uš-ke-nim li: bērma [eqel] ekallim ša ramanija mali maşû [ana] PN liddinu I wrote to the field-administrator that he should investigate the matter (and) select fields of the commoners, and they should give to PN from the fields belonging to the palace (reserved) for me as

- much as there is available ARM 10 151:25; ummašunu ahāt PN ul amat ekallim [u] ina qātija ul šaṭrat [u] abušunu [x] mu-úš-ke-e[n] their (the two boys') mother, the sister of PN, is not a slave woman of the palace, she is not on my list, and their father is a m. ARMT 13 141:12; šumma bēlī iqabbi ummami lu ṣeḥḥeru u 〈l>u mu-úš-ke-nu litrūniššunūti if my lord should say: "Whether they are young(?) or whether they are m.-s, they should bring them to me" ibid. 22, cf. also ibid. 27.
- 3' in omens: ina mu-uš-ke-ni ajûmma ta[ggir]tam ana šarrim ušerre[b] someone among the commoners will bring a denunciation before the king YOS 10 46 iii 12 (OB ana mu-uš-ke-nim bīssu unêti[šu] ext.); ekallum ireddi for a commoner: the palace will take away his house and his movable property ibid. 56 i 19 (OB Izbu); ana mu-uške-ni-im imâtma [b]īssu issappah commoner: he will die and his house will be destroyed RA 44 30:52, also YOS 10 17:88 (both OB ext.), and, wr. MAŠ.EN.KAK Boissier DA 226:22 (SB ext.), cf. šumma ana MAŠ.EN. KAK X.X [UŠ].MEŠ-Šú CT 20 30 r. i 15; DUMU mu-uš-ke-ni kussā isabbat RA 65 71:9 (OB ext.), cf.  $m\bar{a}r$  maš.en.kak  $kuss[\hat{a}]$  [isabbat] Leichty Izbu XX 42, cf. also sungu ina māti ibašši lugal-tú maš.en.kak dù-[uš] LBAT 1521:9 (astrol.); ana šarri bartu ana MAŠ.EN. KAK la mitgurtu for the king: rebellion, for the people: discord CT 20 3:22; āl birtija nakru ipallaš ana maš.en.kak palāš tarbaşi the enemy will breach my stronghold, for the subjects: breach in the fold 20:22; šarru qātu ikaššad ana MAŠ.EN.KAK kišpī issanabbassu CT 30 16 r. 8; ummānija iššakkan šumma ina «ina» nigê MAŠ.EN.KAK DI-um tīb nakri there will be .... of my army, if (the sign is found) in the sheep of a m., ..., attack of an enemy BRM 4 12:72, cf. KAR 423 r. i 47 (all SB ext.); MAŠ.EN.KAK māti kalama iqallilu the commoners of the entire country will become impoverished Leichty Izbu XXI 16.
- c) contrasted with awilu (OB only): anāku mār awilim šû mār mu-uš-ke-nim ina

muškēnu muškēnu

mīnim gimillī utâr I am a member of the awīlu-class, he is (only) a member of the m.-class, how can he repay me a favor? TLB 4 33:22 (OB let.), see Frankena, Symbolae Böhl 156f., cf. also CH §§ 198:54ff., 140:30, 201:72, and passim, for mār muškēnim in opposition to mār awīlim, cf. §§ 208:20, 216:67, and passim.

2. poor, destitute (contrasted with rich or influential) — a) in omens: ana kabti dumuqšu ana maš.en.kak lumunšu izzibšu for a powerful person (it means) his good fortune will leave him, for a poor man (it means) his bad luck will leave him Dreambook 329:25, cf. šārā mašrāšu maš.en.kak lumunšu izzibšu ibid. 26, ana kabti lumun(šu) ana šā[rî] dumuqšu izzibšu ana maš.en.kak A.HUL-šú ište(ne)'ēma māhiršu šetūssu ileggi for an important person: his bad luck, for a rich man: his good luck will leave him, for a poor man, he will seek his own misfortune, his rival will despise him ibid. 22; ana kabti lupnu ana maš.en.kak mašrû ibid. 322:25; ana kabti dumqu ana Maš.En.Kak CT 38 13:100, 15:55 (both SB Alu); kabtu lá-lil maš.en.kak mašrá irašši important person will come to shame, a poor man will acquire wealth Dream-book 322:27, cf. (in broken context) ana kabti u MAŠ.EN.KAK CT 20 44 i 49 (8B ext.); ana kabti labār ūme ana maš.en.kak tajārat ilī immar for the important person: he will have a long life, for the poor man: he will find pardon of the gods CT 38 26:41 (SB Alu); ana maš.en.kak tamtātu saltu sadrassu for a poor man: losses, quarrels will occur for him continually CT 39 2:100 (SB Alu); ana šārî dumgu ana maš.en.kak ina lalīšu imât for the rich man: good luck, for the poor man: he will die in the prime of life CT 38 33:10, cf. šārû ilappin maš.en.kak ina lalīšu imât ibid. 12 (SB Alu); note: MAŠ.EN.KAK ZI.GA dumqi ana lapni ZI.GA *lupni* for a m.: loss of good luck, for a poor man: loss of poverty MDP 14 55 r. i 14 (MB dream omens): ana amēli šuāti lamassu ițehhēšu lu maš.en.kak mīli irti inahhi[š] for this man (it means): the protective deity

will draw near to him, or (if he is) a poor man: he will have success, he will prosper CT 38 39:16, cf. lu Maš.En.Kak lumunšu ipattar Or. NS 40 164:6 (namburbi); šumma šārū ilappin šumma Maš.En.Kak išarru KAR 389b (p. 353) r. i 5; muš-ke-nu išar[ru] Kraus Texte 6 r. 27; lu šārū ilappin lu Maš.En.Kak idammiq CT 38 36:61, cf. ibid. 32:14, STT 321:26, KAR 389b ii 31; note the late contrast: DUMU.MEŠ banī ana DUMU.MEŠ MAŠ.KAK. MEŠ qāssunu imakkaku (see magāgu mng. 2) BiOr 28 8 ii 5 (SB prophecies).

- b) in lit.: išassūkama dannu muš-ke-nu u šārū ūmišamma daily the powerful, the poor and the rich are calling to you (Marduk) KAR 26:29; ulālu enšu hubbulu muš-ke-nu the feeble, the weak, the oppressed, the poor (address you, Šamaš, every day) Lambert BWL 134:133; eli kabti u muš-ke-ni šakin [...] Lambert BWL 166:8; šumma muš-ke-nu šū libbi immeri iqallu if he is a poor man, he burns (only) a sheep's heart (as offering, beside rubū who makes a burnt offering with a dove) BBR No. 60:31.
- c) other occs.: whoever in the future lu kabtu lu maš.en.kak AAA 20 pl. 99 No. 105 r. 4 (Adn. III); lu ina DUMU.SIG<sub>5</sub>.MEŠ lu ina dumu muš-ke-nu-ti whether they are of good family or poor people Wiseman Treaties 220; mamma Lú muš-ke-na piški inneppuš ina libbi mār banî (see mār banî mng. 2) Herzfeld API 6:5, cf. ibid. 7; ša kabtu ana LÚ muš-ke-na la idukku u la ihabbilu so that a man of high rank shall not kill or oppress the poor ibid. 19f. § 4, see ZA 44 163:29 (all Dar.); šarru muš-ke-e-nu (the king has been fasting for three days) — is the king a poor man? ABL 78:15; the king knows kî muš-ke-nu anākuni that I am a poor man ABL 421:18 (NA), cf. anāku muš-ke-né-ku I am a poor man ABL 1059:6 (NB); exceptional: mārē Bābili muš-ke-e-nu-te ša memēnišunu laššūni the inhabitants of Babylon, people who are (subservient) to nobody ABL 340 r. 10 (NA).

For discussion of the status of the muškē: nu in OB see F. R. Kraus, Vom mesopotamischen Menschen pp. 92ff. (with previous literature), esp. pp. 108f. See also von Soden, ZA 56 133ff. muškēnūtu mušlahhu

The relation between Akk. muškēnu and the early spellings MAŠ.KAK(.EN), MAŠ.EN.KAK is not clear, see Kraus, op. cit. pp. 110ff.

muškēnūtu s.; 1. status of a muškēnu, 2. poverty; OB, Mari, Bogh., SB, NA; wr. syll. and MAŠ.EN.KAK-tú (King Hittite Texts 41:3); cf. muškēnu.

- 1. status of a muškēnu (OB): usātam annītam elija riši ṭēmī u alaktī u mu-uš-kenu-ti ul tīdê let me have this usātu-loan, do you not know my character, my habit(s) and the fact that I am a muškēnu? Kraus AbB 1 89:29, cf. mu-uš-ke-nu-ti atti ul [tīdē] VAS 16 1:40; ana mu-uš-ke-e-nu-ti-ia ina bāb bēlija izuzza ele'e I am able to serve in the quarters of my lord according to my status as a muškēnu PBS 7 82:17.
- 2. poverty: inanna ša mu-úš-ke-nu-sti-ial bēlī liqūl now, my lord should keep in mind that I am only a poor woman ARM 10 89:11; may these gods mu-uš-ke-nu-ut-ta u erīšutta liddinkunūši allot to you poverty and destitution KBo 1 1 r. 63, 3 r. 12; when the king of Hatti mu-uš-ke-nu-sú ša GN kî išmû heard about the poverty of Mitanni ibid. 1:52; muš-ke-nu-tam illak (this man) will become poor ZA 43 94:69 (Sittenkanon), also, wr. Maš.en.kak-tú King Hittite Texts 41:3, also ACh Ištar 20:30 cited alāku mng. 4a-2'; dēnu ša muš-ke-nu-tú epuš make a decision based on the fact that (we are) poor KAV 197:22 (NA let.).

For CT 8 1c:7 see mudasû.

von Soden, ZA 56 138; Souček, MIO 8 371ff.

muškinnu s.; (part of a hindu-bag);
lex.\*

[kuš.E.fB.x].x = me-sir hi-in-di = muš-kin-nu Hg. A II 177, in MSL 7 151; [túg.E.fB.x] = [me-sir hi-in-di] = [mu] $\delta$ -kin-nu Hg. C r. 3, in MSL 10 138.

mušku (musku) s.; (a tree); NA.

Ú ur-zi-nu : Ú mu-uš-ku Uruanna II 508.

ina muḥḥi GIŠ mu-us-ki GIŠ. DR.MEŠ ša rab kāri ... imattaḥuni as for the beams of(?) m.-wood which the customs official is carrying ABL 467 r. 17.

muškû s.; (a long-legged bird); lex.; Sum. lw

[muš.kú mušen] = [muš-ku-u] Hh. XVIII 281, cf. muš.ga mušen ibid. 148a (from RS); gìr.gíd.da mušen = sa-qa-tum = muš-ku-[u], gìr.gíd.da mušen = še-ep a-ri-ik = MIN, gàm. gàm mušen = gam-gam-mu = MIN Hg. B IV 275ff., cf. [gìr.gíd.da mušen] =  $sa-qa-t\dot{u}$  =  $mu\dot{s}-ku-u$ , [gìr.gíd].da mušen =  $še-ep-s\dot{u}$  a-rik = MIN Hg. D III 324f., in MSL 8/2 169 and 175; uncert.: Hůl.nim mušen =  $mu\dot{s}-k[u(?)-u(?)]$  Hh. XVIII 354.

For Muš ki-ki-it-ti CT 19 31 iii 7 see kikittu s.

mušlahhatu (mušlalahhatu) s. fem.; 1. female snake charmer, 2. (a small insect); SB; Sum. lw.; wr. Muš.Lah.(.lah.4) with phon. complement; cf. mušlahhu, mušlah. hūtu.

 $mu\dot{s}$ -la-lá-ha-tu (var.  $mu\dot{s}$ -la-a-ha-tu) =  $\dot{s}$ e-ni-tú a-la-[ak-t]u Uruanna III 211, see MSL 8/2 59.

- 1. female snake charmer: elēnītu nars šindatu āšiptu eššebūti Muš.LaḤ4-tu4 agugiltu (as enumeration of witches and sorceresses) Maqlu III 43, wr. Muš.LaḤ4-LaḤ4-tum STT 82:43; kaššāptu Muš.LaḤ4-LaḤ4-at anā[ku pāširāk] the sorceress is a snake charmer, but I am one who dispels (the sorcery) Maqlu IV 126; note designating a goddess: dGašan.ma.da=dNin.ma.da=muš.laḥ4 dE[n.líl.l]á.kex(KID) Emesal Voc. I 29, cf. CT 24 11:33 and dupl. 24:50.
- 2. (a small insect): see Uruanna III 211, in lex. section, and delete CAD 16 (S) p. 209b sirtu B and add this ref. to ibid. p. 127b (sennītu).

mušlahhu (mušlalahhu) s.; snake charmer; OB, SB; Sum. lw.; wr. Muš.Lah; cf. mušlahhatu, mušlahhūtu.

nigru(KA×AD.K $\dot{v}$ ), muš.la $\dot{h}_4$  = Muš.La $\dot{h}_4$  Lu IV 154f., cf. muš.la $\dot{h}_4$  MSL 12 17:28 (ED List E); muš.Du<sup>la-la-a $\dot{v}$ </sup>Du = muš-la-la-a $\dot{h}$ - $\dot{h}$ u (var. Šu- $\dot{h}$ u) Lu Excerpt I 207; lú.muš.la-a $\dot{v}$ la $\dot{h}_4$  = muš-la- $\dot{h}$ u (var. šu- $\dot{h}$ u) Igituh short version 261.

a) in econ.: PN muš.la $b_4$ (DU.DU) Deimel Fara 3 22 iii 9 (Pre-Sar.), and passim in Ur III; PN muš.la $b_4$  (witness) VAS 13 56 r. 9, TIM 4 18:20, UET 5 349:11 (OB).

mušlahhūtu mušmahhu

b) in royal insers.: u Esagil mithāriš MUŠ.LAH, lu ulliluma and a snake charmer purified Esagil all over 5R 33 v 15 (Agumkakrime); [...] LÚ.MUŠ.LAH, MEŠ (among diviners and sorcerers) Borger Esarh. 114 § 80 i 11.

c) in lit.: Muš.Lah. Meš līpušuki rikiski aheppi let the snake charmers put a spell on you (sorceress) so I can break your spell Maqlu VII 99, cf. IV 84; ina baluka āšipu ešž šebū Muš.Lah. ul iba'ū sūqa without you (Šamaš) the exorcist, the ecstatic, the snake charmer cannot go about in the streets KAR 26:25; a mouse (fleeing) from a mongoose entered the hole of a snake um-ma Muš.Lah. išpuranni šulmu he said "A snake charmer sent me, greetings!" Lambert BWL 216:20; said of gods: [d]IGI.DU MUŠ.Lah. (DU) KAR 6 ii 30.

mušlahhūtu s.; art of the snake charmer; lex.\*; cf. mušlahhatu, mušlahhu.

 $[\texttt{nam}].\texttt{muš.lah}_4(\texttt{du.du.du.du}) = \textit{muš-la-h}[u-tu]$  Izi Q 3'.

mušlalahhatu see mušlahhatu.

mušlalahhu see mušlahhu.

mušlālu s.; (a gate or gatehouse); OA, OB, NA.

- a) with specific ref. to justice dispensed there: let your instructions come to me  $d\bar{\imath}n$  mu-u $\check{s}$ -la-li-im itti $\check{s}u$   $lud\bar{\imath}n$ so that I can go to court with him at the m. Kraus AbB 5 156:17 (early OB let., possibly sent from Assur); a-ma-la dí-in da-a-ni ša i-na mu-uš-lá-liim di-nam i-di-nu-ni (see dânu mng. 1b-2') Kültepe c/k 904:4 (unpub., OA, courtesy K. Balkan); (seven gods) naphurum 7 da-a-anu-ú ša mu-uš-lá-li all the seven judges of the m. Belleten 14 226:30 (OA Irišum), cf. ibid. 49, cited dânu mng. la; qābi watartim ina mu-uš-lá-li whoever speaks untrustworthy words in the m. ibid. 45, cf. ibid. 39.
- b) in OA, MA royal: he built for his life and the life of his town *i-za-ri u mu-uš-la-lam* AOB 1 14 No. 8a:13; siḥirti i-za-ri u mu-uš-la-lam ša DN ipuš he built the iṣāru- and

m.-complex of Aššur ibid. No. 8b:14; sihirti i-za-ri ša bīt Aššur u mu-uš-la-lam kaššam watmānam ša Aššur īpuš ibid. 16 No. 8c:15, also 8d:14, 8e:12, [mu-uš-lá]-lam kaššam watmānam [ana b]ēlija ē[pu]š I built the m., the ...., the cella for my lord (Aššur) Belleten 14 224:5 (all Irišum); dūrum ša muuš-la-lim ēnaķma uddiš the wall of the m. had fallen into disrepair and I restored (it) AOB 1 32 No. 3:7 (Puzur-Aššur IV); enūma muš-la-la ša bīt Aššur ... ēnaķma when the m. of the temple of Aššur had fallen into disrepair (I rebuilt it, using limestone and mortar) ibid. 66 No. 3:35 (Adn. nāmarī ša bāb dkal.kal u nāmarīma ša ištu muš-la-li ana kisal DN ina erābe the towers of the DN-gate, and also the towers which (are) where one enters from the m. to the courtyard of Nunnamnir (describing the enlargement of the temple of Aššur) ibid. 130 No. 3:24 (Shalm. I).

in NA royal: muš-la-lum ekalli ša gereb Aššur ina pīlu aban šadî uššēšu addi (as to) the m. of the palace which is in Assur, I built its foundation of mountain-quarried limestone OIP 2 151 No. XII:3; muš-la-lum ša ekalli, muš-la-lum ša kirî, muš-la-lum ekal māšarti (all preceded by their names) Iraq 7 90 B 31, 32, 35; mušēsāt šēr asakki (is the name of) Ká.GAL muš-la-lum (in Nineveh) ibid. 20 and OIP 2 112:80 (Senn.), see van Driel Cult of Aššur 30; KÁ.GAL nērab šarri muš-la-li (the gate's name follows) BA 6/1 153:42 (Shalm. III), also Frankena Tākultu 124:121; É mušla-lu ša gereb ekalli GN ana erēbi u aṣê eššiš ušēpiš I had the m. which is in the palace of Assur rebuilt for free traffic Borger Esarh. 9 § 8:5.

The refs. listed sub usages a and b probably refer to one specific building in OA Assur, where, originally, justice was dispensed.

Weidner, AOB 1 67f. n. 9; Landsberger, Belleten 14 232f.; van Driel Cult of Aššur 29ff.; Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 58.

mušmaḥḥu s.; (a mythical snake); SB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and мuš.ман.

muš.mah = šu-hu Hh. XIV 3.

mušmīdu mušpalu

muš.mah.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) sag.imin.na sag.giš. ra.ra: *ša kīma muš-mah-hi siba qaqqadašu nīrta* inar[ru] (my weapon) which has seven heads like a m., which kills everything Angim III 38.

The snake which has scutes of pappare dillu-stone, a snout of sāmtu-stone, eyes of muššaru, a face(?) of lapis lazuli and gold [MU]Š.BI MUŠ.MAḤ MU.<NI> that snake is called m. CT 14 7 K.4206+:13, see Landsberger Fauna 53; ittalad MUŠ.MAḤ.MEŠ zaqtuma šinnu la pādû atta'i imtu kīma damī zumurz šunu ušmalla she (Tiāmat) bore monster snakes, with sharp teeth, merciless fangs(?), instead of blood she filled their bodies with venom En. el. I 134, II 20, III 24, 82, with var. muš-ma-hu II 20, MUŠ.MAḤ-i III 82.

mušmīdu s.; increaser; lex.\*; cf. madu an.da.gál = mu-šab-šu-ú, muš-me-du Izi A iii 14f.

mušmītu adj.; murderous, death-bearing; SB; cf. mātu.

imin.bi.e.ne dingir.hul.a.meš lú.ug<sub>5</sub>.ga. meš ní nu.te.gá.da.meš : sibittišunu ilū lems nūtu muš-mi-tú-ti (var. muš-mi-tu-tu) la ūdirūti šunu they are the Seven Ones, evil gods, death-bearing, impudent CT 16 21:140f.

- a) in incantations: šiptu ša dandannu <sup>d</sup>U kaškaš dingir.Meš muš-mit dingir.Meš anāz ku incantation: I am from the powerful Adad, the overpowering one among the gods, the death bearer among the gods (avenger of Enlil, his father) Craig ABRT 2 14:18 and dupl. STT 215 i 46, cf. ibid. 53, also (said of Nergal) KAR 76:24, (said of Ninurta) Craig ABRT 2 14:8, see Ebeling, ArOr 21 404ff.
- b) in colophons (Sultantepe only): dLus galgirra dandan dingir.Meš kaškaš dingir.Meš muš-mit dingir.Meš (may) Lugalgirra, the most powerful of the gods, the most overpowering among the gods, the death bearer among the gods (kill him with his fierce weapons) Lambert BWL 62:5, also STT 159 r. 4 (= Hunger Kolophone No. 351 and 352).

Lambert, JSS 14 250f.

mušnigu s.; (mng. unkn.); OB.\*

*šumma ţulīmum mu-uš-ni-gi mali* if the spleen is full of m.-s YOS 10 41:65.

Note that the parallel omen RA 67 42:24 has ša-ru-ri mali, see Nougayrol, ibid. p. 48.

mušpalu s.; 1. low-lying place, depression, 2. depth; OB, MB, SB; wr. syll. and Túl.lá (Tùn.lá CT 39 4:36); cf. šapālu v.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{du_6.l} \& = mu\text{-}lu\text{-}u, \; mu\$\text{-}pa\text{-}lu & \mathrm{Igituh} \; \mathrm{I} \; 282\mathrm{f.}; \\ \mathrm{du_6} = mu\text{-}lu\text{-}\acute{u}, \; \mathrm{t\acute{u}l.l} \& = mu\$\text{-}pa\text{-}lu \; \mathrm{Antagal} \; \mathrm{III} \; 12\mathrm{f.}; \\ \mathrm{[si-d]ug} \; \mathrm{Lagab} \times \mathrm{dag} = mu\$\text{-}pa\text{-}lu \; \; \mathrm{A} \; \mathrm{I/2} : 243. \end{array}$ 

du<sub>6</sub>.du<sub>6</sub>.túl.lá (var. du<sub>6</sub>.du<sub>6</sub>.lá) mu.un.si.ge : mu-la-a u muš-pa-la uštamaḥḥar he makes high and low places level Lugale II 41; íl.lá túl.lá ... ḥi.ḥi dInanna za.kam : mu-le-e mu-uš-pa-li ... šutābulum kūmma Ištar (see mūlū lex. section) Sumer 13 77:9f. (OB).

- 1. low-lying place, depression a) in royal insers.: I defeated them damēšunu hurrī u muš-pa-li ša šadî lu umekkir I drenched with their blood the wadies and depressions of the mountains Weidner Tn. 12 No. 5 ii 43, cf. ibid. 2 No. 1 ii 32; mūlâ muš-pa-lum ina aqqullāte aḥrâ (for translat. see mūlû mng. 2) OIP 2 114 viii 27.
- b) in omen texts: šumma ālu ina muš-pa-li šakin if a town is located in a low-lying place (opp. ina mēlê) CT 38 1:2; šumma bītu ina muš-pa-li šakin (opp. ina mūlê) ibid. 12:74; šumma DU<sub>6</sub> u TÙN.LÁ ša eqli uštēšir if he evens off the high and low parts of a field CT 39 4:36; šumma ina TÚL.LÁ URU elpetu innamir if rushes are found in the low ground of a city ibid. 11:45, also (with other plants and trees) ibid. 46ff. and dupls. 10:29ff., 12:1ff., etc.; šumma KU.KU TÚL.LÁ KI ṣarbati innamir CT 39 11:34, also (with other trees) ibid. 35ff. and dupl. 12:4ff., 13 K.9163:1 (all Alu).
- c) other occs.: qarbāti u tamirāti [... mu]š-pa-li ša aḥi Idiglat 79-7-8,84 iii 24 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); for occs. beside mūlû see mūlû mng. 2.
- 2. depth: I removed the ancient mound adi muḥḥi mê lu aḥṭuṭ (var. ušappili) 120 tikpī ana muš-pa-li lu uṭabbi I excavated (variant:

mušpīšu muššaru

deepened) it down to water level, I sank (the foundation) 120 layers deep AKA 176 r. 11, also 186 r. 17, 209:16, 220:17, 345 ii 132, 387 iii 136 (all Asn.).

mušpišu s.; conjurer(?); SB.\*

 ${}^{\rm d}{\rm Mu_7.m\,u_7}=$  mu-uš-pi-iš dingir.meš STC 2 pl. 61 ii 23.

The expected equivalent of Sum. mu<sub>7</sub>.mu<sub>7</sub> would be muššipu, from (w)uššupu "to conjure"; the form mušpiš may have resulted from a conflation of muššipu and muppišu, q.v., also attested in this meaning.

mušqalpītu see \*mušqelpītu.

\*mušqelpītu (mušqalpītu) s.; (mng. uncert.); SB; cf. neqelpû v.

Ninurta and Nusku DINGIR.MEŠ ša it-i-[x] (x) u muš-qa-al-pi-ti DINGIR.MEŠ ša  $qidd\bar{a}ti$  u  $m\bar{a}hirti$  the gods of .... and drifting(?), the gods of downstream and upstream Craig ABRT 1 56:18 and dupls., see JNES 15 144.

muššakku (maššakku) s.; incense used for libanomancy; OB, SB.

azu(UZÚ).e máš.a.ta si nu.mu.ni.íb.sá.e EN.ME.LI.e še.e.ta i.bí.a nu.mu.un.na.an. bad.dè: bārû ina bīri ul ušteššeršu šā'ilu ina mu-uš-šá-ak-ka ul ipettīšu the diviner does not enlighten him by means of divination, the dream interpreter does not reveal (the fate) to him by means of libanomancy 4R 22 No. 2:8ff., see Lambert BWL 288.

 $maš-šak-ku = sur-qí-nu šá šā'ilī Lambert BWL 38:7 Comm. (Ludlul II); <math>muš-šak-ku = [\ldots]$  Malku III 207.

bārû ina bīr arkat ul iprus ina ma-áš-šak-ka šā'ilu ul ušāpi dīnī the diviner, through divination, has not investigated (my) situation, the dream interpreter, through libanomancy, has not elucidated my case Lambert BWL 38:7 (Ludlul II), for comm. see lex. section; I have honored the gods, I have revered the spirits of the dead igdamra maššak-ki-ia šā'ilātu the female dream interpreters have used up all the incense for me Bab. 12 pl. 3:37, dupl. pl. 6 r. 11, see p. 34 (Etana), cf. mu-uš-ša-ak-ku šā'ilu bārû puḥādī igdamru Ugaritica 5 162:6; ūmišamma ib-ta-[...] maš-

šak-ka [i-zab]-bi-x x-[...] every day he wails, brings incense offerings Lambert-Millard Atrahasīs 116:14, cf. [m]u-uš-ša-ak-ki i-za-ab-bi-il [in]a šērēti ibid. 76 II iii 5; mu-uš-ša-ak-ku [...] (in broken context, obscure) CT 15 6 vi 2 and 4 (OB lit.), see Römer, JAOS 86 139.

In KAJ 277:3 read probably DUG 1 BÁN

Oppenheim, Dream-book 222.

muššallů see mušallů.

muššarruttu (\*mušarūtu) s.; craft of the engraver; Bogh. lex.\*; cf. musarû A.

[nam.mu.s]ar = mu-uš-šar-ut-tum = (Hitt.) [x]-[...-(a)-tar] (between kabšarr $\bar{u}$ tu and tupšar= $r\bar{u}$ tu) Izi Bogh. C 6, in MSL 13 145.

muššaru (\*mušgarru) s.; (a semiprecious stone); from OB on; wr. syll. and NA<sub>4</sub>.NíR. MUŠ.GÍR, (NA<sub>4</sub>.)MUŠ.GÍR.

 $[na_4.ni]r.muš.gir = muš-šá-ru, [na_4.ni]r.igi.$  muš.gir = ini muš.šá-ri Hh. XVI 149f., cf.  $na_4.$  nir.muš.gir = m[u·uš-ša]-rum,  $na_4.nir.igi.muš.$  gir(var...šal) = IGI.MEŠ m[u·uš-ša]-[ri] (var. ša i-ni muš-ša-ri) RS Recension 114f. in MSL 10 41, cf. also  $na_4.nir.muš.gir,$   $na_4.nir.igi.muš.gir$  MSL 10 51:51f. and 56:61 (Forerunners to Hh.).

na<sub>4</sub>.nír.igi na<sub>4</sub>.nír.muš.gír: hulāl i-ni muššá-ru 4R 18\* No. 3 iv 5 and 8; [n]a<sub>4</sub>.[d]u<sub>8</sub>.[š]i.a
na<sub>4</sub>.nír [na<sub>4</sub>.nír.igi na<sub>4</sub>].zA+\TÙN\.muš.gír:
[dušá hulāla hulāl īni muš-ša]-ra ZA 45 14:27
(Bogh. inc.), restored from na<sub>4</sub>.du<sub>8</sub>.ši.a na<sub>4</sub>.nír.
igi na<sub>4</sub>.nír.muš.gír: dušá muš-šá-ru hu-la-la
CT 17 39:48 and 50, and passim in similar enumerations; x na<sub>4</sub>.nír.igi.muš.gír: x i-ni Na<sub>4</sub> muššá-ri Sm. 2030+ edge 1f., cf. x na<sub>4</sub>.nír.igi ù
IM.DU.UG.MA na<sub>4</sub>.muš.gír: x i-ni muš-šá-ri ù
Ši-na Na<sub>4</sub> muš-šá-ri ibid. 3f.; [6]00 + 600 + 600
na<sub>4</sub>.n[ír.muš.gír]: x-šet ni-i-ri muš-šá-ri three(?)
times 600 m.-s Lambert, Symbolae Böhl 279
K.6727:1f.

a) in gen.: abnu šikinšu kima saḥir (var. siḥir) tabar[ri] pūṣa karik NA4.MUŠ.GÍR šumšu STT 108:10, var. from STT 109:11; abnu šikinz šu sūma pūṣa ṣulma ediḥ NA4.MUŠ.[GÍR] šumšu STT 108:11, cf. ibid. 12ff., and see Landsberger, JCS 21 153; KUR Ia-kab, [KUR A]k-ka-la = KUR NA4.NÍR.MUŠ.[GÍ]R Mount GN, Mount GN2 (are) the home of m. Hh. XXII Section 1:30f., restored from JNES 15 132:28f. (lipšurlit.); [...] NA4 mu-ša-ar GUG A 21998:19 (OB

muššaru muššaru muššaru

Ishchali); ina muḥḥi NA4.Muš.GÍR.MEŠ ša ina bīt laḥḥini ... NA4.MEŠ uttari emmuru as to the m.-stones which are in the house of the alaḥḥinu, they will check on the additional stones KAV 114:8 (NA let.); 31.TA.A4 bušlu ša NA4.BABBAR.DIL ù NA4.MUŠ.GÍR 31 each of raw glass in the color of pappardillu-stone and m.-stone AfO 18 302 i 28 (MA inv.), cf. ibid. 304 ii 22; IGI.MEŠ-šú NA4.NÍR.MUŠ.[GÍR] (the snake's) eyes are m. Landsberger Fauna p. 53:11.

- b) seals made of muššaru: 1 NA<sub>4</sub>.KIŠIB MUŠ.GÍR ihzu hurāṣi one seal of m.-stone inlaid with gold PBS 13 80:16 (MB inv.); 1 NA<sub>4</sub>.KIŠIB MUŠ.GÍR ṣibat hurāṣi Iraq 32 156 No. 25:7 (NA inv.); [šumma] NA<sub>4</sub>.KIŠIB NA<sub>4</sub>. NÍR.MUŠ.GÍR šakin KI illaku ŠE.GA u ŠE.GA iššakkanšu if he wears a seal of m.-stone, he will have good luck and good fortune wherever he may go Köcher BAM 194 viii 13.
- used for jewelry and decorations: the processional chariot na<sub>4</sub>.nír.muš.gír na.igi.me.luh.ha ak.a decorated with m. and Meluhha-beads (year name of Irdanene) Bagh. Mitt. 210 No. 12; gold ana 1 inbi GAL ŠÀ.BA 1 mu-uš-ša-ru to be made into one large inbu-ornament inset with a m. ARM 7 ef. 4 nalbanātim ša ina mu-úš-ša-ri ippairu four "brickmolds" (of gold) which have become detached(?) from the m. ibid. 3, cf. also ibid. 12; [...] NA4 uqnû NA4. MUŠ.GÍR u  $hur[\bar{a}su]$  [...] of lapis lazuli, m.stone, and gold EA 13:11, also ibid. 7, 9, 12, 14 (MB); 2 tuditti NA4.MUŠ.GÍR PBS 13 80:23, also (hirsu) ibid. 21, (uhinu) r. 12; NA<sub>4</sub>.NÍR NA<sub>4</sub>.MUŠ.GÍR . . . ina muhhi agîšu lu uza'inu (see hulālu usage b) 5R 33 ii 8 (Agum-kakrime), cf. NA<sub>4</sub>.NíR.IGI NA<sub>4</sub>.NíR.MUŠ.GÍR precious stones) ibid. ii 37, also ina muhhi agêšu na<sub>4</sub>.nír.igi <na<sub>4</sub>>.muš.gír abnē nisiqti lu aškunu ibid. iii 5; 4 IGI NA4. MUŠ. GÍR ihzu  $hur\bar{a}$  four beads of m, set in gold (beside beads of pappardillu) PBS 13 80:20 (MB inv.), 5 IGI MUŠ.GÍR ibid. 6; 13 IGI.MEŠ NA<sub>4</sub>.NÍR. MUŠ.GÍR hurāşu uhhuzu ša qāti EA 25 ii 19; [x]  $IGI.MEŠ NA_4.MUŠ.G[ÍR] EA 13:4 (MB); 26$ IGIII.MEŠ ša NA4.MUŠ.GÍR (for the tiara of Nabû) ABL 340:12 (NA); [... ša] abni rēssu

- NA<sub>4</sub>.MuŠ.[GÍR] EA 22 i 62, wr. NA<sub>4</sub>.NíR.MuŠ. GÍR EA 25 ii 13, 16 (both lists of gifts of Tušratta); NA<sub>4</sub>.MuŠ.GÍR (among stones as a votive offering) OIP 2 81:27, also (for a foundation deposit) ibid. 138:52 (Senn.), cf. (among items of booty) Winckler Sar. pl. 35:142; one small bag with 4 NA<sub>4</sub>.MuŠ.GÍR PBS 2/2 105:8 (MB inv.); 52 NA<sub>4</sub>.MuŠ.GÍR (among other stones for jewelry) Nbn. 321:5.
- d) in med. and rit.: NA4.MUŠ.GÍR (among beads to string) CT 23 34:30, also Köcher BAM 375 i 20, and passim in this text, ibid. 3 ii 21, AMT 20,1 r. 31, 102:30, BE 31 60 r. i 9, and passim in this text, LKA 114 r. 17, and passim, (to place in the holy water vessel) AMT 71,1:20, see Ebeling, ZA 51 170, also (to crush for a salve for the eyes) AMT 16,3:11; MUŠ.GÍR (among stones to appease an angry god or goddess) Köcher BAM 376 i 15, also ibid. 21, (for mimma lemnu) ibid. ii 19, and passim in this text without det., parallel NA<sub>4</sub>.MUŠ.GÍR ibid. 185 iv 7; NA<sub>4</sub>.MUŠ. GÍR CT 14 16 BM 93084:1 (list of items to use against various demons), NA4.MUŠ.GÍR (in broken context) BMS 8 r. 25, see Ebeling Handerhebung 62; NA<sub>4</sub>.MUŠ.GÍR (in list of stones) UET 4 150:2, 5, and 15, also 152:1.
- e) varieties 1' muššar za $q\bar{a}$ nu: mu-ušša-ar za- $q\acute{a}$ -na CT 44 23:13 (OB lit., coll.), see Landsberger, JCS 21 152f. n. 76; NA<sub>4</sub>.MUŠ.GÍR, NA<sub>4</sub>.MIN za[q-qa]-[ni](or -[a]-[ni]) STT 401 iv 7f., cf. ibid. 273 iv 10; for other refs. see za $q\bar{a}$ nu.
- 2' "male" muššaru: 1 MUŠ.GÍR NITÁ 1 mu-sa NITÁ 1 nikiptu NITÁ Köcher BAM 366 iv 15, also ibid. 376 iii 8, (in same sequence but with det. NA<sub>4</sub>) ibid. 230:13.
- 3' ini muššari "eye of m.": see Hh. XVI 150, RS Recension 115, Sm. 2030+, in lex. section; 6 IGI MUŠ.GÍR ša bīt PN PBS 2/2 105:59 (MB inv.), cf. ibid. 16, 24, 43, 52, 61; note also NA<sub>4</sub>.MUŠ.GÍR IGI Köcher BAM 351:3 and 352 i 2.

The sign group MUS GÍR in ki pi GABA.RI sir-pi x [x] MUS GÍR CT 44 36:19, see Hunger Kolophone No. 157:1, is most likely a cryptogram for satirma bari or the like, see sirpu B.

muššarû muššuru

Landsberger, JCS 21 152ff. and n. 76; MSL 10 19 ad line 149.

muššarû see musarû A.

muššipu s.; exorcist; SB; cf. uššupu v.

lú. $\mathfrak{s}^{i\mathfrak{s}}$ gàm. $\check{\mathfrak{s}}$ u.du $_{7}=mu\check{s}$ - $\check{s}i$ -pu Lu Excerpt I 208, cf. lú. $\mathfrak{g}$ àm. $\check{\mathfrak{s}}$ u.du $_{7}$ , lú. $\mathfrak{n}$ am. $\mathfrak{t}$ ag. $\mathfrak{g}$ a.du $_{8}=mu$ -us-si-ru Lu IV 158f.;  $\mathfrak{s}^{i}$ - $\mathfrak{p}^{i}$ - $r^{i}$ - $\mathfrak{q}$ apix  $\mathfrak{p}_{I}=mu$ - $\check{s}i$ -pu VAT 10223 r. 8.

- a) describing an exorcist using a curved staff (gamlu): see Lu, in lex. section.
- b) indicating the exorcist's staff itself: d[MAR].TU (var. dKUR.GAL) dAN.MAR.TU nāš gamli banduddê mullilu muš-ši-pu ša šamê u erşeti DN (and) DN<sub>2</sub>, who carry the curved staff (and) the basket, the purifier and exorcizer of heaven and earth Surpu VIII 41, var. from UET 6 408:28.

muššu s.; breast, breast-shaped object; Qatna, MB, SB.

[...] [DA]G.[KISIM<sub>5</sub>×GA] =  $mu\tilde{s}-\tilde{s}[u]$  (preceded by ubur =  $tul\tilde{u}$  and agan = sirtu) A VIII/4:182.

[ki.sikil DAG].KISIM<sub>5</sub>×GA.a.ni [...]: MIN (= ardatu) ša ina muš-ši-šá šizbu la ibšů the girl who never had milk in her breasts Bab. 4 pl. 4 K.4355+ iv 25f., see S. Lackenbacher, RA 65 136.

- a) breast: see lex. section; ardāti ša muš- $[\check{s}]u\ i-ki-\check{s}u$  girls whose breasts are left unused Perry Sin pl. 4:13, see Ebeling Handerhebung 128.
- b) breast-shaped object 1' a piece of jewelry: 10 mu-šu hurāṣi RA 43 209:9 (Qatna inv.).
- 2' breast-shaped loaf: 3 PAD.MEŠ šá muuš-ši tašakkan you place three portions of breast-shaped loaves(?) (on the offering table) Lenormant Choix No. 99 r. 21 and parallels, see ZA 32 176:68, cf. x mu-uš-šu UET 7 52:3, 7f. (MB).

In CT 28 29 r. 20 read sir-su (pustule), read sir-sú (not Muš.GAR) in CT 38 30:24, var. CT 40 1:19, Köcher Pflanzenkunde 22 i 28, sir-ši ACh Supp. Sin 7:14 and BBSt. pl. 98 case 3:2, see ibid. p. 121 n. 3, and correct CAD 16 (\$) p. 127 b sennītu lex. section accordingly and add these refs. to siršu. The reading of Muš.GAR in Muš.GAR û IZI.A.ŠÀ.GA māta

işabbat CT 39 19:121, ina māti MUŠ.GAR (LÚ. GIŠGAL) ibašši ibid. 14:9 and 10 is unknown.

muššû see mussû.

muššugallu see mušgallu.

\*muššultu s.; replica, representation; SB; pl. muššulātu; ef. mašālu.

7 muš-šu-la-ti ša tiddi teppuš you make seven replicas of clay KAR 90:6, see TuL p. 117, also (in broken context) [7?] muš-šu-la-a-ti ša tiddi teppuš AMT 81,5 r. 11 (both rit. to ilī ul idi).

The attested forms are possibly the pl. of  $mu\check{s}\check{s}ulu$ , q.v.

muššulu s.; 1. likeness, 2. mirror; OAkk., Bogh., SB, NA; ef. mašālu.

mu-ša-lum, muš-šu-lum = na-ma-rum An VII 96f.

- 1. likeness a) referring to persons: ištu ūmi annî pūḥ [amēli] u mu-uš-šu-li-šu zu-[...] from this day on the substitute of the man and his likeness [...] ZA 45 204 iii 10 (Bogh. rit.); [m]a-a mu-uš-šu-li ša ili (in obscure context, perhaps as a gloss to sillu shadow) ABL 652 r. 13 (= Parpola LAS No. 145); as personal name: Mu-šu-lum ITT 2/2 p. 27 No. 4492 (OAkk.).
- b) other occs.: multu u mušālu ša ina qātēšu kakku sakku šû muš-šu-lu ša Te.lú. Bad the comb and palette which are in her hand, this is hidden and obscure, they are the likeness of the constellation "Dead Body" ZA 6 242:12; see also Iraq 5, in lex. section.
- 2. mirror: see An VII 97, in lex. section; muš-[šu]-li kaspi MIN hurāşi mirror of silver, mirror of gold (incipit) LKA 94 ii 17, see Biggs Šaziga 13.

See also \*muššultu.

For Iraq 5 56:15 see pašāhu lex. section.

muššuru adj.; (mng. unkn.); EA.

salmāni ša hurāsi uppuqūtu muš-[šu-ru]-tu[m] statues of solid gold, m.-ones EA 29:162, also ibid. 50, 109, 136, 138, 145.

muššuru muštābiltu

muššuru (to release) see uššuru.

\*muššu'tu s.; medication used for rubbing; SB\*; pl. muššuātu; cf. muššu'u.

[šēpē]šu tapaššašma muš-šú-a-te tubbal taz haššal ... šēpēšu tapaššaš you put a salve on his feet, you dry and grind the medications used for rubbing, you put the salve on his feet Köcher BAM 122 r. 14.

muššu'u v.; to rub, to rub with liniments; SB; II, II/3; cf. \*muššu'tu.

mur, gú ti.ti íb háš.gal sa.sal lú.bi. ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) u.me.ni.ùr.ùr: būdi pandi qabli šāpula šašalla ša amēli šuātu muš-še-'-ma (see būdu A lex. section) JRAS 1927 538:9f., see Lambert, AfO 23 43.

tu-maš-šá-a' 5R 45 K.253 vi 26 (gramm.).

a) II: šipat balāti iddā ú-maš-ši-' zumrī he uttered the life-giving incantation, he rubbed my body Lambert BWL 48:28 (Ludlul III), cf. zumuršu tu-maš-šá- LKA 102 r. 4, see Biggs Šaziga 64; enūma Lú. Tur tu-maš-šá-'-ú 4R 55 No. 1:38, dupl. Sm. 2056:7 (Lamaštu); šikara ... sūnša ú-maš-šá-' she will rub her lap with beer Köcher BAM 240:57; šamna uppi ahīšu tu-maš-šá-' you rub his elbows with oil ibid. 194 iv 14, also AMT 91,3:9; mê šunūti šēpēšu tu-maš-šá-'-ma you rub his feet with these liquids AMT 75 iv 3, cf. šēpēšu [tu-ma]-aš-ša-ah KUB 37 55 i 19; ina ...  $m\hat{e}$ sekrūti tu-maš-šá-'-šú AMT 79,1:15; irassu ina šamni tu-ma-áš-šá-' you rub his chest with oil Craig ABRT 2 19:15; ištu elâniš ana šaplāniš tu-maš-šá-'-ma you rub from above downward Köcher BAM 248 iii 9, cf. ištu elēnu ana šaplānu tu-maš-šaibid. 53; šunūti šēpēšu ana māhirti ú-maš-šá-' he rubs his legs upward with these kinds of dust AMT 74 ii 30, cf. ana muqqalpīti tu-maš-šá-'-šú CT 23 11:36; kajāna tu-maš-ša-'-šu-ma iballut you rub him regularly, and he will recover BE 31 56 r. 37 (= Köcher BAM 398); kišāssu u zumuršu li-maš-šá-' he should rub his neck and his body AMT 97,4:21; A šumēlišu limaš-šá-' he should rub his left arm AMT 93,3:13; šēpēšu tu-maš-šá-' you rub his feet AMT 74 iii 7, and passim with different parts of the body in med.; nakkaptēšu tu-maš-a' you

rub his temples AfO 21 16:5, and passim in this text (ritual tablet to the series muššu'u "rubbing"), see Köcher, AfO 21 14f., note 8 muš-šu-'u eight (tablets?) of (the series) m. ibid. 14 VAT 13723+ i 28, also K.5275 subscript, ÉŠ.GÀR muš-šu-û CT 17 13 r. 26.

b) II/3: qātēšu u šēpēšu un-da-na-áš-šá-' he keeps rubbing his hands and his feet LKU 62 r. 8.

muštabbabbu s.; flasher (as name of a demon); OA, OB, SB; ef. šabābu.

appulat mu-uš-ta-ba-ba-at she (Lamaštu) is a . . . . , she is a flashing demon BIN 4 126:3 (OA inc.); aj īšir mu-uš-ta-ab-ba-ab-bu-um the flashing demon shall not attack (you) Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 4:17 (OB inc. against Lamaštu); dug. dib. bi. huš, dMaškim. gi<sub>6</sub>. lú. har.ra. an.na = dMuš-tab-ba-ab-bu CT 25 22:47f. (An = Anum VI 123f.), dupl. ibid. 33 K.13666:5f.

Kienast, Or. NS 26 48; Hirsch Untersuchungen 71.

muštābiltu s.; (a kind of tax or dues); OB; ef. abālu A.

a) in muštābilti āli: 5 gín kù. BABBAR muuš-ta-bi-il-ti ālim ... Mu.túm PN PN, ... u ERÍN rā'ibānū tappêšunu five shekels of silver, city dues, brought by PN, PN2, and the rā'ibānu's, their colleagues (received by a rakbu and a šāpiru) YOS 13 276:1; 5 GÍN KÙ.[BABBAR] mu-uš-ta-bi-il-[ti a]-lim ilik DUMU.MEŠ PN ša MU ... ša ana ŠÁM UDU.ŠU. GI.NA PAD DN GN five shekels of silver, city dues, ilku-obligation of the sons of PN for the (31st) year (of Ammiditana), which is for buying sacrificial sheep, as provisions for Adad of Babylon ibid. 374:2; 1 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR mu-uš-ta-bi-il-ti a-lim šà 6 ma.na 15 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ša ana tašbīt GUD.APIN GUN GUD.APIN AL.DÙ tadninti u nudunnê ana PN šu.i innadnu twenty shekels of silver, city dues, out of 375 shekels of silver, which were given to PN, the "barber," for compensation(?) for plow oxen, the tax(?) of the plow oxen, the aldû-stores, the .... and for dowry (brought by a PA DAM.GAR) BM 80939:2; 1 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR NA, dutu(?) mu-uš-ta\*muštābiltu muštālu

bi-il-ti a-lim ša PN ana PN<sub>2</sub> u PN<sub>3</sub> ana TAB.BA iddinušunūši one mina of silver measured according to the weightstone of Šamaš(?), city dues, which PN (a nadītu-woman) gave to PN<sub>2</sub> and PN<sub>3</sub> as a partnership loan VAT 806:2 (translit. only), see Peiser, KB 4 42f. and Lautner, Festschrift Paul Koschaker 3 27 n. 8b; 10 gín kù.BABBAR mu-uš-ta-bi-il-ti uru(or:-šu) ki PN PN<sub>2</sub> GN DUMU PN<sub>3</sub> ana ša šê Lú. DIN.NA.MEŠ ŠU.BA.AN.TI PN<sub>2</sub> (from) Kikalla, son of PN<sub>3</sub>, borrowed ten shekels of silver, city(?) dues, from PN for the barley (provisioning?) of the brewers YOS 13 23:2.

b) other occs.: ina šalām girrišunu 1 MA. NA KÙ.[BABBAR] mu-uš-ta-bi-il-ti [x x] (possibly ālim to be restored) É.GAL ippaluma bāšiam mithāriš izuzzu after the completion of their business they will pay back to the palace one-half mina of silver, [the city's] dues, (and) they will divide into equal parts whatever is available YOS 13 44:13, cf.  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR mu-uš-tab[i-il-ti] É.GAL i-ip-pa-a[l] ibid. 326:8, also mu-uš-ta-bi-il-[ti  $\bar{a}lim(?)]$   $\pm$ .GAL i-ip-p[a-al](in a rental of a *harrānu*) Szlechter TJA 83 UMM G 18:20; uncert.: še'am ša mu-uš-ta(!)bil-tim (or mu-uš-k[e]-ne-tim) ša ina bīt PN šapku imšuhu they pillaged the barley of the m. which was stored in PN's house 103:20.

The exact mng. of *muštābiltu*, occurring only in late OB texts from Sippar and Kish, cannot be established.

\*muštābiltu see multābiltu.

muštābilu s.; discussant(?); lex.\*; ef.  $ab\bar{a}lu$  A.

inim.šár.[šár] = [muš-ta-bi-lu], [muš-ta-ad-di-nu] Lu II ii 12f.

Possibly to be restored muštābil amâti after Nabnitu IV 36, see abālu A mng. 10c-1'.

muštablakkitu s.; (an agricultural worker); OB lex.\*; cf. nabalkutu.

lú.še.bal = mu-uš-tab-la-ki-tum OB Lu A 186, also ibid. 460; lú níg.bal.bal = [mu-uš-tab-la]-ki-tum OB Lu D 83.

muštabrītu see muttabrītu.

muštadallu see muštarīlu.

muštaddinu s.; reflective person; lex.\*; ef. nadānu.

šà.kúš.ù, inim.šár.šár = muš-ta-ad-di-nu Nabnitu J 39f., cf. inim.šár.[šár] = [...] (preceded by šà.kúš.[ù]) Lu II ii 13.

muštaggišu see muttaggišu.

muštaḥalqu s.; (mng. uncert.); NB\*; cf. halāqu.

šarru akî ša ile'û ana emūqīšu lišpur muuš-ta-ḥal-qú-ti ina muḥḥi mundaḥṣūti ... līrubu may the king, as he wishes, send word to his armed forces that demolition(?) troops in addition to fighting men should enter ABL 1237 r. 13.

muštahhizu adj.; infectious, contagious; Mari\*; cf. ahāzu.

(nobody should come into contact with her) [simm]um šû mu-uš-ta-aḥ-ḥi-iz that illness is contagious ARM 10 129:20.

muštahlilu see muttahlilu.

muštahmitu adj.; blazing; SB\*; ef. hamātu B.

nablu muš-taḥ-me-ṭu zumuršu umtalli he filled his body with a blazing flame En. el. IV 40; nablu muš-taḥ-me-ṭu dGirru la āniḥu blazing flame, restless fire Borger Esarh. 97 r. 14.

\*muštahtu see multahtu.

\*mušta'ītu see multa'ītu.

muštālu (multālu, muštēlu, fem. muštāltu) adj.; judicious, thoughtful, circumspect, deliberate, full of concern; OB, MB, SB, NB; muštēlu TIM 4 46:20 (OB); cf. šálu A v.

za.ra.dug<sub>4</sub>.dug<sub>4</sub> =  $mu\delta$ -ta-lu (between  $mu\delta$ tar: rihu and  $e\delta$ talů) Lu IV 242, cf. Lu Excerpt I 225; [...] =  $mu\delta$ -t[a-lu] (preceded by  $mu\delta$ ta[rrihu]) CT 11 44 K.14938:11 (text similar to Idu).

ù.mu.un šà.kúš.ù di.mar.mar dim.me.er gal.gal.e.ne: bēlu muš-ta-lum mālik milki ša ilī rabūti lord, judicious one, who gives counsel to the great gods 4R 26 No. 3:28f.; umun šà.kúš.ù

muštālu muštālūtu

dingir.m[eš]: bēlu muš(text Uz)-ta-lu ša [ilī] SBH p. 61:10f.; [...i]dim ne.tar.ri.in: [...] ru-bu-u muš-tal-lum JCS 21129:33f.; AMA.dINANNA. a.ni šà.kúš.ù bar.šè ba.da.gub: ištaršu muš-tal-tum ina ahāti ittaziz his goddess, full of concern, has stepped aside Šurpu V-VI 13f.

a) referring to gods — 1' in gen.: šadû Igigi malku Anunnaki rubû muš-ta-lum (Enlil) mountain of the Igigi, king of the Anunnaki, judicious prince PBS 1/1 17:2, also KAR 68:9, see Ebeling Handerhebung 20:29; rubû muš-ta-lu apil DN (Sin) judicious prince, son of Enlil Perry Sin pl. 2 ii 28; Marduk apkal ili rubû muš-ta-lum the sage of the gods, the judicious prince Lambert BWL 112:26 (Fürstenspiegel); tāmiḥ qān ṭuppi āḥizu šukāmi rēmēnû muš-ta-lu (Nabû) who holds the stylus, who knows the (cuneiform) signs, the merciful, full of concern 1R 35 No. 2:4 (Adn. III); nāši haţţi elleti ilu mul-ta-lu (Nusku) who holds the pure staff, the circumspect god KAH 2 84:3 (Adn. II), also WO 1 389:4, 2 144:12 (Shalm. III); nāṣir napšāti ilu muš-ta-lum (Marduk) the guardian of life, the circumspect god AfO 1956:26, 28, cf. ibid. 62:31, 63:67, wr. [m]u-uš-ta-lum CT 44 21 i 19 (OB version); rubû mu-uš-ta-li apkallu (Marduk) the judicious prince, the sage VAB 4 214 No. 2:16 (Ner.), cf. Šamaš [bēl ki]tti u mēšari muš-ta-a-lum la tāti 4R 60:31 (namburbi), see RA 49 38; rubû muš-ta-lu rappu ša nišī (Gilgāmeš) the judicious prince, the bridle of the peoples Haupt Nimrodepos No. 53:2, see Garelli Gilg. 40; šîma muš-ta-lat she (Gula) is judicious, māṣât malakat self-reliant, (and) queenly Craig ABRT 2 17 r. 21, see JRAS 1929 15, cf. sāniqat rē'ata āširat muš-ta-lat ibid. r. 30; mu-tib gērî mušta-lu rā'im tenēšēti (Aššur) who overwhelms(?) the foes, the judicious (god) who loves mankind Winckler Sammlung 2 1:10 (Charter dMer.šà.kúš.ù eziz u muš-tal sabus u tajjār DN (a name of Marduk) is fierce and circumspect, angry and forgiving (explaining the Sum. name) En. el. VI 137.

2' in personal names: dSin-mu-uš-ta-al LIH 33:5, 24, YOS 8 54:2; Mu-uš-ta-al-dSin ibid. 143:5; dŠamaš-mu-uš-ta-al TCL 1 134:23; dNIN.ŠUBUR-mu-uš-ta-al VAS 7 36:19;

note <sup>d</sup>Sin-mu-uš-te-el TIM 4 46:20 (all OB); <sup>d</sup>Adad-muš-tá[l] BE 1419:52; Muš-tál-<sup>d</sup>Nergal BE 15 200 iii 19; Muš-ta-li (genitive) BE 17 31:11, MDP 10 pl. 12 viii 8; Mul-ta-lu PBS 1/2 51:3, UET 7 34:3 (all MB); Bēl-muš-tal VAS 5 87:12 (NB); for Nuzi see NPN 314b.

- b) referring to kings: (Hammurapi) mu-uš-ta-lum gitmālum CH iii 36; (Merodachbaladan II) [...] šar Bābili rubû muš-t[a]-lu BBSt. No. 35:1 (NB kudurru); (Šamaš-šumukīn) LUGAL mīšarum muš-ta-lum AnOr 12 303 i 1 (NB); narām DN mu-uš-ta-lam āḥiz nēmeqi (Nebuchadnezzar II) the beloved of Nabû, the judicious one, full of wisdom VAB 4 122:7 (= WVDOG 59 44 No. 1), cf. ibid. 88 No. 9:4; rē'û mu-uš-ta-lu ibid. 234 No. 3 i 11 (Nbn.); note in a personal name: Šar<sub>x</sub>(3,20)-ru-mu-uš-ta-al MDP 23 176:2 (OB Elam).
- c) referring to high officials 1' used as an adjective: dajāna muš-ta-lum ša dīn mēšari idīnu the thoughtful judge who gives just verdicts (controls the palace) Lambert BWL 132:101 (hymn to Šamaš).
- 2' used independently: LUGAL  $mu\check{s}$ -ta-li- $\check{s}\check{u}$  ina x [...] the king will [...] his counselors ACh Supp. Sin 1:36.

In view of its context, muštālu in Lu IV 242, etc., cited in lex. section, could be a different word meaning "who utters aggressive words," to be related to šālu "to attack."

muštālūtu (multālūtu) s.; consideration, deliberation; Mari, SB; cf. šálu A v.

[...].ra.zu nu.un.um.kin.n[a.me]š(?) KI. MIN: mul-ta-lu-ut-ka la [...] KAR 128 r. 9.

bēlī lištālma ana ki-(ma) mu-uš-ta-lu-tim ša bēlī ištalluma išapparam lūpuš let my lord consider, and I will act according to the considerations which my lord will take and write me ARM 3 16:30, cf. [an]a kīma mu-uš-ta-lu-tim ša bēli ištallu u išapparam ibid. 84:29; bēli ana kīma mu-uš-ta-lu-ti-šu ša elišu tābat līpuš let my lord do what seems good to him according to his considerations ARM 2 90:27; (the sheiks gathered and) [m]u-uš-ta-lu-us-(sú)-nu ana ṣēr bēlija ašpuram I sent word to my lord about their deliberations

muštamkiru muštaptinnu

CRRA 18 58 A.2741:12; mu-uš-ta-lu-tam ni-[iš-ta-al] we have deliberated ARM 6 60 r. 5', ef. ibid. 6'; ina mu-uš-ta-lu-ti-ku-nu (in broken context) ARMT 14 65:10.

muštamkiru s.; merchant, trader; lex.\*; ef. makāru B.

gaga-ra-áš raš = ka-eš-šu, ga.raš = muš-tam-ki-ru Lu IV 267 f.

muštamsû s.; one who makes a great effort; SB\*; cf. maṣû.

ana lāsime birkī ana muš-tam-ṣi-i tanittu šaknat for the messenger (it means) speed, for the one who makes every effort, (it means) there will be fame CT 20 49:18 (SB ext.).

muštāmû adj.; considerate, talkative; SB; cf. amû v.

ini $\mathbf{m}^{\mathbf{i}-\mathbf{n}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{m}-\mathbf{n}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{m}}$ ini $\mathbf{m}$ .d $\mathbf{u}_{11}$ .d $\mathbf{u}_{11}=mu$ -uš-ta-mu-u(preceded by  $d\bar{a}bibu$ ,  $\bar{a}m\bar{a}n\hat{u}$ ) Lu III i 33f.; DI. d $\mathbf{u}_{11}$ .d $\mathbf{u}_{11}=mu$ š-ta-mu-u(var. to muštarrihu, q.v.) Lu IV 241.

muš-ta-mu-ú mundalku āḥiz riddi (DN) considerate, deliberate, well-mannered STT 70 r. 10, see RA 53 133.

For LTBA 2 1 xi 10 (= Malku III 40), see  $murt\hat{a}z$   $m\tilde{u}$ .

muštâmū see murtâmū.

muštannû s.; enemy; SB\*; cf. šanû v. muš-ta-nu-u = Lú.Kúr Izbu Comm. 290; muš-ta-nu-u = lum-nu ibid. 360.

muš-ta-nu-ú ana rubê itebbûni — m.-s will revolt against the prince Leichty Izbu X 37, cf. muš-ta-nu-[u ...] ibid. 60, for comm. lumnu, see lex. section; muš-ta-an-nu [...] zI-am ibid. VIII 5 and (in broken context) 10, for comm. nakru, see lex. section.

muštappitu adj.; treacherous; SB\*; ef. šapātu.

šumma muš-tap-pit ukulli pīšu imaṭṭi (followed by muṣṣabru, q.v.) CT 51 147 r. 7.

muštaprišu adj.; flying, winging; SB; cf. naprušu v.

The mountain has a cutting edge like the blade of a sword u issur šamê muš-tap-ri-[šú]

(var. mut-tap-ri-šú) qerebšu la i'irru and not even a flying winged bird penetrates it AKA 270 i 49 (Asn.); Mount Išrun ašar hulqi erû šamê muš-tap-ri-šú qerebšu l[a i'irru] a forsaken place (where) not even the flying eagle of the sky penetrates Scheil Tn. II 38, see Schramm, BiOr 27 149.

See also muttaprišu.

muštaprītu see muttabrītu.

muštapsu s.; wrestler; Mari\*; cf. ša: pāṣu v.

li-rum šu.kal = mu-uš-tap-ṣ[ú-um], lē'ûm Proto-Diri 296f.; li-ri Å.kal = muš-tap-ṣu, šit-pu-ṣu Diri VI E 60f.; [lú.šu.kal] = [mu-u]š-ta-ap-ṣú OB Lu A 321; lú.lirum(šu.kal) = ša a-ba-rum, lú.šu.kal = mu-uš-tap-ṣú OB Lu D 223f., cf. C<sub>3</sub> 5; lirum = mu-uš-ta-ap-ṣú Nigga Bil. B 212.

You and the enemy continually devise stratagems for killing each other kīma Lứ mu-uš-ta-ap-ṣi aḥum ana aḥim šibqī ištene'e just like wrestlers, one seeking stratagems against the other ARM 15:8.

For Sum. lirum, see Landsberger, WZKM 56 113 n. 17.

\*muštapšiqtu (multapšiqtu) s.; woman having difficulty in childbirth; MA, SB; wr. syll. and SAL.LA.RA.AH; cf. pašāqu.

šiptu ša mu-ul-tap-ši-iq-te incantation for a woman having difficulty in giving birth Iraq 31 31:50 (MA inc.), cf. SAL.LA.RA.AH-tu (text SAL.SAL.LA.AH-tu) šupšuqat alāda ibid. 33, cf. inim.inim.ma munus la.ra.ah. a.kám Köcher BAM 248 i 51, 67, etc. (subscript), also cited JNES 33 332:26 (comm.), also (incantations for) munus peš<sub>4</sub>.kéš.da munus la.ra.ah KAR 44:15; lūlid ardatu SAL.LA. RA.AH.MEŠ Iraq 31 31:62, parallel: līlid ardatu mu-šap-šiq-tum Köcher BAM 248 iii 34.

The reading of the log. SAL.LA.RA.AH may be in some cases *šupšuqtu*, q.v., as suggested by Köcher BAM 248 i 36. See also *mušapšiqtu*.

muštaptinnu (multaptinnu) s.; (a pole or lath); lex.\*; foreign word.

gi-muš giš.dug.qa.bur = [muš-tap-tin-nu], muš-tap-tin giš.gi.muš = pa-ri-s[u] Diri II 305f.,

muštaptu muštarīlu

giš. muš-tap-tin<sub>DUG.QA.BUR</sub> = muš(var. mu[l])-tap-tin-nu Hh. IV 23; Giš.DUG.QA.BUR = muš-tap-[ti]n-nu = mul-[ta]š-ki-nu ša pahhāri Hg. A I 36, in MSL 5 187, cf. muš-tap-tin-nu || mul(!)-taš-ki-na (catch line) CT 41 43 59596 r. 15 (comm.).

- a) used as a punting pole: see Diri II 306, in lex. section.
- b) used by the potter as a muddler: see Diri II 305, Hh., Hg., in lex. section.

muštaptu s.; treacherous; lex.; cf. šapātu.

[an].kúr = mu-uš-tap-tum, [an].kúr.kúr = mu-şab-ru, [igi].an.kúr.kúr = mu-tir i-na-a-ti Erimhuš II 258ff.; an.[kúr] = muš-tap-tum, an.kúr.[kúr] = mu-uṣ-ṣab-rum Izi A ii 21f.; igi. kurkúr = muš-tap-tum, igi.kúrkur-kurkúr = mu-ṣa-⟨ab⟩-rum Izi XV ii 13f.

See also muštappitu.

muštaptūtu s.; treachery; SB\*; cf. šapātu.

an.kúr (var. an.kur.kur) za.ra si hu. mu.ni.in.búru NA<sub>4</sub>.Kù.GAN.šè ná.a: ana muš-tap-tu-ti-ka qar-ni li-šal-liṭ-ka-ma a-na lu-le-e na-an-di for your treachery (O obsidian) may he (the skilled craftsman) cut your horns, be used for (cutting?) antimony Lugale XII 38.

See also muštaptu and muštappitu.

muštaqqitu s.; (a profession); OA\*; cf. šaqātu.

ezib ša ištu ellat PN mu-uš-ta-qí-tim apart from what (comes) from the caravan of PN, the m. CCT 1 19a:9, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade p. 273.

muštarhu (multarhu) s.; vainglorious, proud person; OB, SB; pl. muštarhū; ef. šarāhu.

a) said of enemies (in a pejorative sense):  $d\tilde{a}$ 'iš muš-tar-[hi] who tramples down the proud AOB 1 134:9;  $k\tilde{a}$ 'šid mul-tar-hi who conquers the proud ibid. 146 No. 11:4 (both Shalm. I), also  $k\tilde{a}$ 'šid mul-tar-hi la māgiri Weidner Tn. 13 No. 6:2, 18 No. 9 i 6, 21 No. 12 i 8, 23 No. 14:3; akšud kullat nākiri multar-hi Borger Esarh. 57 iv 79, cf. ibid. 105:26;

DN šāgiš mul-tar-hi Weidner Tn. 54 No. 60:5 variant (Aššur-rēš-īši); ša ... ušamqitu kališ mul-tar-hi AKA 93 vii 41; mušarbibu kališ mul-tar-hi ibid. 75 v 66 (both Tigl. I); muparriru kisri mul-tar-hi who broke up the armies of the boastful AKA 178:10, 191 ii 1, 214:4, 223:13, 259 i 15, 381 iii 116,  $\delta a \dots$ uparriru kişir (var. kişri) mul-tar-hi 267 i 40 (all Asn.), muparrir kişri mul-tar-hi Iraq 25 52:8 (Shalm. III); aššu hatām pî muštar-hi that the mouth of the boastful be silenced TCL 3 9 (Sar.); akkis qaqqad RN ... mul-tar-hu ša ikpuda lemuttu I cut off the head of Te'umman, the boaster, who had planned evil things Streck Asb. 26 iii 37; RN . . .  $mu\check{s}$ -tar- $[hu]\check{s}a\ pal\bar{a}h\ DN\ la\ id\hat{u}\ AAA\ 20\ 88:146$ (Asb.); DN ...  $\bar{e}$   $sil mu-u\check{s}$ -ta-ar-[hi] (I will praise) Papulegarra who lames the boastful JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 7 iv 11 (OB lit.); (Nergal) mušaknišu muš-t[ar-lii] Böllenrücher Nergal 50:5; Samaš nēr mul-tar-hi Šamaš, who kills the boastful (name of the Šamaš gate) Frankena Tākultu 124:125; kakkaka ana Elamê (in broken context, said of muš-tar-hi Marduk) BA 5 386:16 (hymn to Marduk); (Adad)  $\check{s}\bar{a}gi\check{s}\ ga\check{s}r\bar{u}ti\ [\ldots]\ i\text{-}di\ mu\check{s}\text{-}tar\text{-}[hi]$ (in broken context) Ebeling Handerhebung 102:43.

b) said of gods (with a positive connotation): ettum mu-uš-ta-ar-ha-at u kanât she (Nanâ), the unique one, is proud and honored VAS 10 215:19 (OB lit.); ana DN ... dEnlil ilāni mu-uš-tar-ha for Marduk, the lord of the gods, the proud one VAB 4 60 i 2 (Nabopolassar), cf. (Marduk) rubû mu-uš-ta-ar-ha ibid. 120 iii 36, 140 ix 48; (Marduk) mudû ilāni mu-uš-ta-ar-hu the wise one among the gods, the proud one ibid. 96 i 8; (Marduk) Enlil ilāni šaqû muš-tar-ha CT 37 6:15 (all Nbk.); (Nabû) igigalla ilāni muš-tar-hu the wisest among the gods, the proud one VAB 3 132:17 (Antiochus I).

\*muštarhūtu see multarhūtu.

muštarīlu (or muštadallu) s.; (a name of Mercury); lex.\*

 $^{d}Mu\&-ta-ri-lu$ ,  $^{d}_{IM\times IM}$ me-er-me-er =  $^{d}_{UDU.BAD}$ . GUD.UD 2R 47 ii 21f., dupl. KAV 178:5f. (astrol. comm.).

muštarištu muštašnintu

The word occurs only in the cited comm. and is not listed in any of the star lists or omens. The etymology proposed by von Soden, WZKM 62 83ff. (\* $muštar\bar{i} + ilu$ ), is not convincing, as the refs. cited AHw. from LBAT 1495:4 and 14 (instructions for making a gnomon) are to be read te-es-sir ta tal-lu 'you draw a line from the altitude (of Cancer)." Neither can a reading \*muštadallu be based on *šitadallu* (*šidallu*, see Hh. XXII Section 10:4' and Hg. B VI 44 in MSL 11 39) because šitadallu was considered a loan from Sum. šita<sub>2</sub>.dara (Akk. ša ina kakki mahsu), a name of Sipazianna. The reading of d(UDU. BAD.)GUD.UD "Mercury" is probably šihtu, see A. Sachs, LBAT p. xxxvii ad No. 1611. Note, however, dis mul Mu-us-[...] Rm. 2,309 ii 6', beside diš mul ši-ta-d[a-lu...] ibid. 9'.

muštarištu see muštarrištu.

muštarqu s.; secret lover; SB\*; cf. šarāqu.

DAM LÚ ana muš-tar-qí-ša ištanappar DAM GAZ-ma jâši ahzanni (for var. and translat. see muštarriqu) BRM 4 12:79.

muštarrihu (multarrihu) s.; vainglorious, proud person; Bogh., MB, SB, Akkadogram in Hitt.; cf. šarāhu.

lú.silim.dug<sub>4</sub>.dug<sub>4</sub>, lú.silim.dug<sub>4</sub>.ak = mu-us-ta-ri-hum OB Lu A 347f.; lú.ka.dr.dug<sub>4</sub>.dug<sub>4</sub> = mu-us-ta-ri-hum ibid. 76; lú.al.[dl.dug<sub>4</sub>.dug<sub>4</sub>] = [mu-us-ta-ri-hum ibid. 76; lú.al.[dl.dug<sub>4</sub>.dug<sub>4</sub>] = [mu-us-ta-ri-hu (var. mus-ta-mu-u) Lu IV 241; dl.gar = mus-ta-ri-hu CT 18 30 iv 17 (group voc.); ka.si-lim dl = tas-ri-th-tum, eme.ta-tum dl.dlsi-tum Antagal G 59 f.; [dl.dl] = tus-ta[tu-tus-t

- a) said of human beings (with a pejorative connotation): muš-tar-ri-ih (the man) is a boaster (apodosis) Kraus Texte 22 i 18.
- b) said of gods (with a positive connotation): *Ištar mul-tar-ri-hu* (in an enumeration of oath deities) KBo 1 1 r. 45, also as Akkadogram in Hitt.: du MUL(var. MU-UL)-TAR-RI-HU KUB 14 13+ i 1, 16 i 28, ii 18, 40 53 i 7; dÉ-a-

muš-tar-rih Ea-Is-the-Proud-One (personal name) CBS 10713:13, cited Clay PN 70 (MB).

The word muštarrihu (II/2 part.) represents a by-form of muštarhu (I/2 part.). See Edzard, Studies Landsberger 117.

\*muštarrihūtu see multarrihuttu.

muštarriqu s.; secret lover (lit. who enters stealthily); SB; cf. šarāqu.

DAM LÚ ana muš-tar-ri-qí-šá (var. muštar = qiša) ištanappar DAM GAZ-ma jáši ahzanni the man's wife will again and again send word to her secret lover: "Kill (my) husband and marry me!" Boissier DA 220:12, var. from BRM 4 12:79, also, wr. muš-tar-ri-qí-šá ibid 33, note the parallel: DAM LÚ ana GAZ DAM-šá ištanappar DAM GAZ-ma ia-a-ši ahza-ni Boissier Choix 63:4 (SB ext., coll. C. B. F. Walker); DAM(!) NA muš-tar-ri-qa(text-LIŠ) irašši STT 330:4.

muštarrištu (or muštarištu) s.; (a bird); Bogh. lex.\*; cf. šarāṣu v.

[buru<sub>5</sub>.bú.bú (x) mušen] =  $[mu\bar{s}$ -ta-ri $\bar{s}$ -tu] Hh. XVIII 184, restored from [buru<sub>5</sub>].bú.bú (x) [mušen] =  $mu\bar{s}$ -ta-ri- $e\bar{s}$ -du MSL 8/2 160:22 (Forerunner from Bogh.).

\*muštashiptu (multashiptu) adj.; (qualifying a stone); stone list\*; cf. sahāpu v.

 $na_4$  bur.šu.sal.la :  $p\bar{u}ru$  ša si-li,  $na_4$ .sal.la = abnu mul(var. mu-ul)-ta-as-hi-ip- $t\acute{u}$  Uruanna III 172 f., see MSI 10 69:16, 71:69, 73:52.

For NA<sub>4</sub>.SAL.LA, see sīlu.

\*muštaškinu see multaškinu.

muštašnintu s.; (a part of the exta); SB; cf. šanānu.

muš-taš-nin-tum imitti elîtu ṣēr ḤAR ša imitti ībir the upper right m. crosses the back of the lung(?) at the right CT 31 36 K.4029:11 and 14; birīt pan gipše šumēli u muš-taš-nin-ti šumēli CT 31 2 K.70+ ii 4 and dupl. 4 r. i 21, cf. birīt ummati u muš-taš-nin-ti ibid. 2 K.70+ ii 7 and dupl. 4 r. i 24; muš-taš-nin-tum imitti ina qablišu par(or pir)-kám ekmet the right m. is atrophied crosswise(?) in its middle TCL 6 5:8; rēš muš-taš-nin-ti gùbbar-ma the top of the left m. is divided(?)

\*mušta'û muštēpišu

CT 31 3 r. i 17, also 8 r. i 32, cf. rēš muš-taš-nin-ti, qabal muš-taš-nin-ti, išid muš-taš-nin-ti CT 31 3 r. i 14-16, 8 r. i 28-30, 33-35; la'ab muš-taš-nin-ti paṭirma (see la'bu mng. 2) AfO 16 pl. 13:10, cf. muš-taš-ni[n-ti] (in broken context) K.8865 r.(!) 16, see Borger, BiOr 14 194; note, wr. muš-tan-nin-ti imitti (šumēli) Labat Suse 65 r. 8 and 13.

Note that similar descriptions apply to the part of the exta called *māt ubāni*, see *mātu* mng. 2d-1'.

\*mušta'û (fem. mušta'ītu) adj.; idle; MB\*; ef. šuta'û.

Muš-ta-i-tum (personal name) CBS 3640 r. ii' 16', in Clay PN 109.

\*mušta'ûtu see multa'ûtu.

muštēbilu adj.; (mng. unkn.); OA\*; cf. abālu A.

rādiam mu-uš-té-bi-lam ša-«ša»-lá-ma u šīm pirdim watrim dinama ask the m.-agent and pay the price for the additional pirduanimal JSOR 11 112 No. 3:7.

muštēlu see muštālu.

muštēmiqu (multēmiqu) s.; suppliant, prayerful person; OB, SB; cf. šutēmuqu.

[lú.inim.šag<sub>5</sub>.ga] = [m]u-uš-te-mi-qum OB Lu A 165; lú.x.x.ge = mu-uš-te-[mi-qum] (followed by museppů, musellů) OB Lu Fragm. II 4; sag. kir<sub>4</sub>.šu.gál = mul-te-mi-qu RA 16 166 ii 43 (group voc.).

munahhiš GN wašrum mu-uš-te-mi-qum (Hammurapi) who provides abundance for Ur, the humble, the suppliant CH ii 19 (prologue), cf. nādu mu-uš-te-mi-qu (var. mu-uš-te-me-qa) VAB 4 70 No. 1 i 8, 104 i 17, var. from 176 i 17, PBS 15 79 i 12, CT 37 5 i 7 (all Nbk.); (the king) i-[ši(?)]-[pu-um] mu-uš-te-[mi-qum] OIP 43 143 No. 6:15 (OB seal, coll.); leqe unninnīja muḥur labān appi ša muš-te-me-qu-te Craig ABRT 1 31 r. 12 (SB hymn to Marduk).

muštēniu see muštēnû s.

muštennû see muštēnû adj.

muštēnû (muštennû) adj.; having reached puberty, nubile; SB; cf. enû.

ki.sikil nu.un.zu.àm hé.me.en guruš á nu.u[n].lá.e hé.me.en : lu ardatu la lamittu atta [lu et]lu la muš-te-en-nu-ú atta be you an innocent young woman, be you a young man who has not (yet) changed (to adulthood) CT 16 10 iv 46, cf. ibid. 50:21, see Falkenstein Haupttypen 38 n. 2; muš-te-na-at (u) mu-sap-pi-(ha)-at she has become nubile but is a wastrel (apodosis) Kraus Texte No. 11c v 4, also ibid. 7; m[u]š-[t]e-na-a[t] [ta]-ar-ṣa-at she has become nubile (and) is honest ibid. 6.

muštēnû (muštēniu) s.; (a vessel); lex.\*; cf. enû.

dug.mu.uš(!).te.ni.um MSL 7 207 x 31 (Tell Harmal Forerunner to Hh. X).

muštēpištu see muštēpišu s.

muštēpišu (multēpišu) adj.; crafty; OB, MA, SB; cf. epēšu.

- a) in gen.: emqu muš-te-pi-šu lidūku šēlibu let them kill the wise, crafty fox Lambert BWL 200 i 18 (Fable of the Fox), cf. šarrāqu muš-te-pi-šu ibid 12.
- b) in personal names:  ${}^{d}\check{S}ama\check{s}-mu-u\check{s}-te-pi\check{s}$  TIM 4 33:1 (OB);  $Mu\check{s}-te-pi\check{s}$ -DINGIR KAJ 173:3;  ${}^{d}A-\check{s}ur-mu\check{s}-ti-pi\check{s}$  KAJ 41:24, cf.  ${}^{d}A-\check{s}ur-mul-te-pi\check{s}$  KAJ 54:20 (all MA).

Mng. based on aḥkunu la tanaddia šutēpi: šama ... epša do not be negligent, take action and do (what is necessary?) Sumer 14 18 No. 2:17 (OB let.).

muštēpišu (fem. muštēpištu, multēpiltu) s.; bewitcher, sorcerer, sorceress; SB; cf. epēšu.

- a) muštēpišu: annûtu ēpišūa ... annûtu muš-te-piš-ú-a these are the ones who use witchcraft against me, these are the ones who bewitch me AfO 18 289:1 (inc.).
- b) muštēpištu: ēpištī u muš-te-piš-ti ašbat ina silli amari ša libitti my witch and my sorceress sits in the shade of the brick pile

\*muštēpišūtu muštēširu

Maqlu V 1, and passim in Maqlu, also cited Maqlu IX 183, BBR No. 16 r. 8; muš-te-piš-tu tēpu: šanni a sorceress has bewitched me Maglu I upšāšê lemnūti ša kaššāpi kaššāpti 130:  $\bar{e}pi\check{s}tu$   $mu\check{s}-te-pi\check{s}-tum$  KAR 35:26; ēpuš salam LÚ kaššāpija u SAL kaššāptija ša ēpišija u muš-te-piš-ti-ia, I made a figurine of my enchanter and my enchantress, of my sorcerer and my sorceress Maqlu I 16, and passim in Maglu, also AfO 18 289:2, 293:55, LKA 144 r. 5, mul-te-piš-ti (in broken context) KAR 269 i 4; [X] NU.MEŠ ēpiši u SAL mul-te-pil-ti teppuš you make x figurines of the sorcerer and the sorceress BBR No. 52:5, wr. [mul]-te-pi-il-ti Sm. 1804 r. 10 and AMT 32,1:13.

\*muštēpišūtu (multēpišūtu) s.; performance of a ritual; SB; cf. epēšu.

ana mul-te-piš-u-ti zamar [nasha] hurriedly excerpted for the performance of a ritual CT 17 30 K.3518 r. 16, see Hunger Kolophone No. 332; [ana] ṣabāt mul-te-piš-u-te ú-[...] KAR 65 r. 20, see Hunger Kolophone No. 288.

See also mušēpišūtu.

muštērtu s.; early morning, time of awakening; OB Mari\*; cf. êru v.

sābum ina GN bīt mu-uš-te-er-tam-ma ana GN<sub>2</sub> isanniqum the troops are spending the night in Der, they will reach Mari early in the morning ARMT 13 33:10, cf. Lú.meš šunūti mu-uš-te-er-tam ana GN [...] ARM 3 51:13;  $an\bar{a}ku$  urram  $m[u-u\check{s}-te-er-tam]$  anas |  $\tilde{e}r$   $b\tilde{e}lija$  a[llak] ARM 6 13:26, cf. ibid. 69 r. 3', ARMT 14 1:6; urram ina mu-uš-t[e-er-tim] etebbēma I will start early tomorrow morning ARM 4 64:6; ūmam ištu mu-uš-te-er-tim ina GN wašbāku I have been in GN since early this morning ARM 6 36:6; ina mu $u\check{s}$ -te-er-tim  $\check{s}ipra[m]$   $l\bar{\imath}pu\check{s}$  u ina  $m\bar{u}\check{s}i[m]$ massartašu lissur ARM 2 3:14; note with suffix: MN UD.16.KAM ina mu-uš-te-er-ti-šu tuppī annêm ana sēr bēlija ušābilam ARM 6 33:39.

\*muštēširtu (multēširtu) s.; repair; MA; cf. ešēru.

(metals, hides, tendons) ina muhhi PN Lú. AŠGAB ana mu-ul-te-še-er-te ša GIŠ.GIGIR mahir charged to PN, the leatherworker, received for the repair of a wagon KAJ 130:15; ištu ūme annêma mul-te-šìr(text -ṣI)-tu-šu-nu (ša GIŠ.GIGIR added in the margin) kî panītiz šunuma (iddanu added in the margin) from this day on their repair(s) will be what they were previously ibid. 307:14.

For muštēširtu "broom" see mušēširtu s.

muštēširu (multēširu, fem. muštēširtu) adj.; 1. keeping in good order, giving good guidance, 2. in la muštēširtu woman who does not give birth easily; OB, MB, SB; wr. syll. and si.sá; ef. ešēru.

za.e.na dìm.me.er si.sá nu.tuk.àm : ela kâti i-lim muš-te-še-ru ul iši I have no other god than you who directs correctly 4R 29\*\* r. 1f. (= ASKT p. 115), see OECT 6 p. 81.

- 1. keeping in good order, giving good guidance a) said of deities 1' in gen.: you (Ištar) are judge, judge my case mušte-ši-ra-a-ti alakti lim[di(?)] you give correct judgment, understand my behavior BMS 30:9, see Ebeling Handerhebung 120, cf. mul-te-še-ru ilu attama Tn.-Epic "v" 18, cited ešēru mng. 12d-3'; see also lex. section.
- 2' in personal names: Šamaš-mu-uš-te-še-er CT 4 25b:20, CT 8 41c:5, cf. YOS 8 80:8; Marduk-mùš-te-še-er VAS 13 14:2 (all OB); Šušinak-mu-uš-te-ši-ir MDP 23 325:3; Adad-muš-te-šir PBS 2/2 99:6 (MB), for other refs. see Clay PN 177a; Muš-te-ši-ir-Marduk BE 14 10:40, abbr. Mul-te-ši-rum BE 14 112:15, cf. BE 15 194:3 (all MB), see Stamm Namengebung 224f.
- b) said of human beings: māḥir ṭa'ti la muš-te-še-ru tušazbal arna you (Šamaš) make (the judge) who accepts presents and does not give correct judgment suffer punishment for his sin Lambert BWL 132:98 (hymn to Šamaš); šumma múš-te-ši-ir ultabbar if he is a person who keeps things in good order, he will have a long life ZA 43 98 ii 37 (Sitten-kanon).

muštē'û mušţu

2. in la muštēširtu woman who does not give birth easily: la muš-te-šir(var. -šir)-tú ušteššir (see ešēru mng. 10) Boissier DA 96:25, var. from CT 30 30 K.1454:5, wr. NU.SI.SÁ SI.[SÁ] Kraus Texte 6 r. 32; NA<sub>4</sub>.MEŠ MURU<sub>4</sub>. MEŠ ša SAL NU.SI.SÁ ittišunu taṣammid you tie together with them stones worn around the waist of a woman who does not give birth easily KAR 223:5.

For transitive use (with following genitive or suffix) see *ešēru* mng. 12.

muštē'û s.; solicitous person; SB; cf. še'û.

muš-te-'-u(var. -u) = ha-ṣa-nu Malku III 39.

Aššur mālik ramanišu muš-te-'-u his own adviser, the solicitous OECT 6 pl. 2 K.8664:3.

muštezzibu adj.; always quick to help; SB; cf. ezēbu.

šumma múš-te-zib dingir.meš [... uš.u]š. Meš-šú if he is always quick to help, the gods will constantly lead him [to/in ...] Kraus Texte 56 i 3 (= ZA 43 94:57).

- muštinnu A s.; 1. urethra, 2. aban muštinni bladder stone; OB, SB; ef. šánu v.
- múš-tin-ni-šú  $\parallel$  mu-uš-tin-ni  $\parallel$  pi-il-šú šá ú-ša-ri JNES 33 337 : 24 (med. comm.).
- 1. urethra a) of animals: šumma izbum mu-uš-ti-n[am] la išū if a malformed lamb has no urethra YOS 10 56 i 23 (OB Izbu), see Leichty Izbu p. 202, cf. šumma izbu muš-[tinnu NU TUK // muš-tin-nu // ...], muš-tinnu // pi-i[l-šu] Izbu Comm. 446 f. (coll. E. Leichty).
- b) of human beings 1' referring to men: ina uppi siparri ana múš-tin-ni-šú tanappah you blow (the medication) into his urethra through a bronze tube AMT 59,1 i 19, 22f., also ina uppi siparri ana mùš-tin-ni-šu(text -SU) tanappah Köcher BAM 396 ii 10 and 17, but ana Gìš-šú (ušarišu) tanappah in the parallel text ibid. 111 iii 12; (the materia medica) mišlam ina uppi siparri [an]a mùš-tin-ni-šu(text -SU) tašappak half of it you pour into his urethra through a bronze tube (the

other half you mix with beer) ibid. 396 i 29, ina uppi siparri ana mùš-tin-ni-šu tašappak ibid. iv 10, dupl. AMT 61,1:11, parallel: ina uppi siparri ana libbi ušarišu tašappak Köcher BAM 111 ii 25; ina múš-tin-[ni]-šú dama ukal: lam (if) he shows blood in his urethra (among symptoms of hiniqti šuburri) AMT 40,5 iii 15, restored from 56,1:3; IGI mùš-tin-ni-šu(text-su) NU tuš-bat (obscure) Köcher BAM 396 ii 28.

- 2' referring to women: Ú.BABBAR tasák ina šamni tuballal ina uppi siparri ana muštin-ni-ša tatabbak you bray ....-plant, mix it with oil, (and) you pour it into her urethra through a bronze tube Köcher BAM 237 iv 12,
- ibid. 11, and note ina uppi ina šasurriša itabbak he pours it into her vagina through a tube ibid. 241 ii 10.
- 2. aban muštinni bladder stone: DIŠ NA<sub>4</sub> muš-tin-ni šakinšu DIŠ NA.BI KAŠ NAG [NA<sub>4</sub>.BI iš]aḥḥuḥ that man has a bladder stone if that man drinks beer, that stone will dissolve (see abnu A s. mng 7) Labat TDP 172 r. 7.

muštinnu B s.; (mng. unkn.); OAkk.\*

1 NIM  $\hat{u}$  mu-uš-ti-num Gelb OAIC 40:4.

mūštu see mūru.

mušținnu s.; (a plant); plant list\*; foreign word.

ύ muš-μ-in : ύ min (= murdinnu) ina Šú-ba-ri Uruanna I 599.

Probably var. to amurdinnu, q.v.

mušţu (mulţu, mušdu) s. fem.; comb; from OA, OB on; pl. mušţātu; wr. syll. and GIŠ.GA.RÍG; cf. mašādu.

giš.ga.ríg, Múš, Múš.sar =  $m[u-u\delta]$ -du Nabnitu XXIII 274ff.; [giš.g]a.ríg = mul- $\mu$ , [giš.ga.ríg].síg =  $\delta a$   $\delta i$ -pa-a-ti, [giš.ga.ríg.s]ac.du =  $\delta a$  qaq-qa-di, [giš.ga.ríg.pa.muš]en.na =  $\delta a$  kap-pi i s-su-ri, [giš.ga.ríg. $\delta u$ ].I =  $\delta a$  gal-la-bi Hh. VI 12ff.

mù s ga.mu.ra.d[u<sub>8</sub>] : mu-uš-ta-ti-ki lupațțir I will loosen your combs TuM NF 3 25:21, see Wilcke, AfO 23 86.

ga.<br/>ríg # mul-tu Ebeling Wagenpferde 38 Ko r. 21a.

mušțu mūšu

a) in gen. — 1' in OA: 2 meat kipunannī 1 meat mu-uš-ṭá-tim OIP 27 55:29, and dupl. TCL 20 159:9, cf. mu-uš-ṭa-tim (beside 5 šikkātum) TCL 21 193:3, also 1 mu-uš-ṭum CCT 3 31:29.

2' in OB: 1 GA.RÍG ZÚ.AM.SI one ivory comb UET 5 678:12 (inv.); 2 GIŠ.GA.RÍG Šā SÍG 3 GIŠ.GA.RÍG SAG.DU BE 6/1 84:24f., note also 4 GA.RÍG SÍG X.PA.X 5 GA.RÍG SAG.DU GIŠ.KU CT 47 83:10f. (dowry lists); šīm GIŠ.GA.RÍG.HI.A SÍG PBS 7 94:27, and see the varieties listed in Hh. VI, in lex. section; note (among different kinds of foodstuff) 2 mu-uš-tà-tum VAS 16 22:35 (OB let.).

3' in OB Elam: 1 GÍN mu-uš-ṭa-tu ša šinni one shekel (of silver for) combs made of ivory MDP 23 310:9.

4' in Bogh., EA: ù GIŠ mu-ul-ta-te [...] (in broken context) KBo 8 17:15 (let.); 1 GA. RÍG ša hurāṣi [...] (in broken context) KUB 34 2 r. 3 (let. from Egypt); 19 GIŠ.GA.RÍG ša šinni pīri EA 14 iv 9; 10 GA.RÍG.MEŠ GAL. MEŠ ša NA4.MEŠ EA 22:61; x GA.RÍG kaspi EA 25 ii 65-73; 1 GA.RÍG hurāṣi tamlû KUR SAG burḥiš (for translat., see burḥiš) EA 29:182 (let. of Tušratta); 1 GA.RÍG ša NA4 bu-u[š-lu] EA 25 ii 62.

5' in Alalakh, Nuzi, MA: ištēn GA.RíG ša siparri ša ša-hu-ku-uz-zi HSS 14 pl. 107 No. 261:8; 30.TA.ÀM GIŠ.GA.RíG.MEŠ ša LÚ.MEŠ NAGAR.MEŠ Wiseman Alalakh 417:8; obscure: NA<sub>4</sub>.MEŠ ù mul-tu ša il-da sa-si the stones and the "comb" of the base of (?) the footboard (of the chariot) KAJ 310:6 (MA); see also Ebeling Wagenpferde, in lex. section.

b) in magic and rit.: liddinki mašmāšu āšipu Marduk... GIŠ.GA.RÍG dudittu pilakku šiddu u kirissu let Marduk, the conjurer, the exorcist, give you a comb, a pectoral, a distaff, a šiddu-comb, and a hair clasp 4R 56 iii 50, dupl. KAR 239 ii 22 (Lamaštu I); GIŠ.GA.RÍG pilakku šiqqat šamni tanaddišši you give her a comb, a distaff, and an oil flask 4R 55 No. 1 r. 28 (Lamaštu III); GIŠ. G[A.RÍG] pilakku šiddittu kirissu šiqqatu šamni ţābi tanaddišši Köcher BAM 234:16;

libilakki qallatu sehertu giš.ga.Ríg šebertu let a young slave girl bring you a broken comb 4R 58 ii 40 (Lamaštu II); muhri ša naggāri giš.ga.Ríg pilakku u duditiki RA 18 163:28 (Lamaštu); giš.ga.Ríg pilakku dudittu ù(?) šiddi kirissu K.888:24; you make a figurine of a sal.lamma [G]iš.ga.Ríg Dugmi-[...] KUB 37 66:7; note also (in broken context) 3 mul-ta-te Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 23:4 (NA list of women's appurtenances).

c) in comparisons: [šumma nīru] mehret sibti kīma šinni mu-uš-ți puțțur if the "yoke" opposite the excrescence is fissured like the teeth of a comb RA 44 13:3f. (OB ext.), cf. šumma kubuš hašî kīma šinni GIŠ.GA.RÍG puṭṭur CT 30 29:6 (SB ext.); mul-ṭu u mušālu ša ina qātēšu kakku sakku šû muššulu ša TE.LÚ.BAD (see mušālu) ZA 6 242:12.

In AS 16 266:10 read sir-du on the basis of the Hurrian gloss zi-ir-te in Ugaritica 5 p. 466:14f., see Laroche, RA 67 125. For the reading ga.ríg see Civil, JNES 26 210f.

Meissner BAW 1 53ff.

muš'u s.; (an animal); pharm.\*

ku-şu-'u : mu-'u Uruanna III 259, in MSL 8/2 p. 64.

mūšu s. masc.; night, nighttime; from OA, OB on; Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and MI; cf. mūša, mūšiš, mušīta, mušītaš, mušītu, mūšumma, šumšû.

gi-e MI = mu-sử Sb II 148, also Recip. Ea A ii 19′; gi<sub>6</sub> = mu-sử Igituh I 416; ci<sub>6</sub> = mu-sử A II/1 Comm. 19′; gi<sub>6</sub>, gi<sub>6</sub>, ba = mu-sử Izi I RS Recension 34f.; gi<sub>6</sub>.an. Maš = mu-sử ma-sử ii ibid. 39; gi<sub>6</sub>. ù.na, gi<sub>6</sub>. u<sub>4</sub>. da = mu-sử ur-rử OBGT I 809f.; gi<sub>6</sub>. šu.àm. [ri] = mu-sử ma-sử ur-rử OBGT I 809f.; gi<sub>6</sub>. šu.àm. [ri] = mu-sử ma-sử ur-sử ur-sử

muš.gi<sub>6</sub>.a = se-er mu-si Hh. XIV 34, also =  $s\bar{e}ru$  salmu Hg. A II 266, in MSL 8/2 45; [g]i<sub>6</sub>.a mušen = is-sur mu-si = sa-lam-du Hg. B IV 261, in MSL 8/2 168; ná.a mušen = is-sur mu-si Hh. XVIII 242; [kin].sig = min (= a-ka-lum) mu-u-si Izi H App. 26; [na<sub>4</sub>.dur.mi.na] = [na<sub>4</sub> mu-si] Hh. XVI 180, restored from na<sub>4</sub>.dur.mi. na = ab-nu mu-si RS Recension 140; see also  $mass\bar{ga}ru$ .

mūšu mūšu

[gi-e] [g]  $I = \delta um - \delta u - u \delta a$  mu- $\delta i$  CT 12 29 iv 12 (text similar to Idu); u - u[d] UD =  $mu - \delta u$  A III/3:37; [ $\delta . . . .$ ] =  $[mu - \delta]i \dot{u}$  ur-ri(!) Izi M iii 8.

nin.kur.kur.ra.kex(KID) gis ši.in.babbar. ra.kex: dbēlet mātāti munammirat mu-ši (Ištar) the mistress of all countries, who brightens the night CT 16 14 iii 35f.; ám.u<sub>4</sub>.zal.la.ke<sub>x</sub> gi<sub>6</sub>. gar.ra.zu : ša urri ana mu-ši taškunu you who have changed the day into night SBH p. 77:18f.; gia.sag.àm ù.di dùg.ga.kex(var. .bi) ki.ná ... hé.en.gub.bu.uš : ina mu-ši ma-šal (var. ma-áš-li) ina šitti tābti ina majālu ... lu kajān let it be present in the middle of the night when (he is in) sweet sleep at the bed (of the afflicted person) CT 16 45:153f.; gù gie.ga ambar.ra diri.ga(!): ina rigim mu-ši ša appari malû in the nocturnal noises which fill the canebrake SBH p. 104 obv.(!):22f.;  $gi_6.\dot{u}.na.ke_x$ : ina šat mu-ši (for context see butuqtu A lex. section) 4R 26 No. 2:18f.;  $gi_6.\dot{u}.na.gin_x(GIM)$  igi.du<sub>8</sub> nu. tuk.a: ša kīma mu-ši niţla la išû (the demon) who, like (something in) the night, cannot be seen CT 16 28:42f.; (the headache) šèg.gi<sub>6</sub>.du<sub>8</sub>.ba. gin, ha.ba.ra.an.zi.[zi] : ša kīma zunni mu-ši kitmuru (see kamāru v. lex. section) CT 17 26:78f.; you are lú hul.gál gaba.gi.gi.bi : ša lemni ina mu-ši mutīr irtišu the one who chases away the evil one at night ASKT p. 79:22f.; [sila sìg.ga gi,].ta.kex mu.un.sus.sus.gi.[eš] : [ina sūqi ša-q]u-um-meš ina mu-ši ittanal[laku] PBS 1/2 116:33f., restored from CT 169ii 12f.; úr.ra.a.ni gia.dùg.ga.bi nu.til.la.e.da.ni ù.sá.na.nam : ina utlu mu-ši ṭābu la uqattâ šitti I did not get (all) my sleep in the sweet lap of the night 4R 20:7f.; a.gin<sub>x</sub> gi<sub>6</sub>.a al.gin.gin: kīma mê mu-ši illak (the headache) goes about (as swiftly) as the water (runs) at night CT 17 19 i 11f.; zi dUtu ud.da dGiš.nux(šīr) gi6.da: nīš Šamaš ša ūmu Sin šá mu-šu PBS 1/2 115:11f., see ArOr 21 379;  $u_4$ .ri.a.ta ...  $gi_6$ .ri.a.ta :  $ina \ \bar{u}m\bar{i}$ ullûti ... îna mu-ši ul-lu-ti OECT 6 pl. 16 K.2168:1ff.

MI<sup>gi</sup>.ud.da:  $u_4$ -mu u mu-ši (for context see bašāmu v. lex. section) TCL 6 51 r. 3f., cf. gi<sub>6</sub>.u<sub>4</sub>. zal(var. adds .la): mu-ši(var. -šá) u ur-ri 4R 26 No. 8:7f., u<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>6</sub>.ga: mu-šam u ur-ri 4R 19 No. 3:49f., gi<sub>6</sub>.u<sub>4</sub>.na: mu-ši u ur-ra CT 17 25:8, u<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>6</sub>.bi: mu-ši u ur-ra CT 16 45:149f.; u<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>6</sub>.ba: mu-ši u ur-ra Šurpu VII 35f., u<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>6</sub>.na.ta: ur-ra u mu-ù-šá KAR 4 r. 22, níg.u<sub>4</sub>.[gi<sub>6</sub>]: ú-mi ú mu-ši Genouillac Kich 2 C 1:9, u<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>6</sub>.a: mu-šu u ur-ra BIN 2 22:142f., gi<sub>6</sub>.an.bar<sub>x</sub>(NE): mu-ša u ur-ra CT 16 20:66f., [gi<sub>6</sub>].ù.na.ta: [ur-r]i mu-ši KAR 333 r. 10f.; for other refs. see majālu, maṣṣāru, muttalliku, nāgiru.

im-ma(!) [u mu-ša] = UD-mu u MI Malku III 135; sip-pa-tú = [m]u-u-šu (var. mu-ši-tum), húp-húp-pu = mu-u-[šu] Malku III 47f.; pa-qa-du = [...]-ú šá MI CT 18 18 K.4587 ii 3; [MUL].MI = kak-kab mu-ši CT 41 25 r. 4 (Alu Comm., to CT 38 27:13); šid

(var. x) mu-ši (var. [...]-šu) = šu-ut-tum Malku III 51.

a) in gen. — 1' in letters and leg.: i-muší-im bītam šassiri watch (fem.) the house at night BIN 6 6:16 (OA); (flour) and NINDA. DU<sub>8</sub>.A ša i-na mu-ši-im igi DN u DN<sub>2</sub> UET 3 270 iv 23 (OB); i-na mu-ší-im u i-na mu-uşla-li-im mașșartum ina dūrim la urradam the watch will not descend from the wall during the night or siesta time Tell Asmar 1933,7:12 (early OB let.), cf. [ina mu- $\delta$ ]i-im(parallel to ina muslalim) Goetze LE § 12 A i 39 and § 13 A i 42, also [nīš m]u-šu u muslalu (Sum. destroyed) PBS 1/2 115:4, see ArOr 21 379; bread and beer ina mu-ši-im (parallel: ina kaşâtim line 16) Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 152:14, see also kaṣâtu; ina mu-ši-im ajumma laḥanna issukšumma (see lahannu usage a) VAS 16 153:6; ina kisalli ina mu-ši-i[m] lu salil he should sleep at night in the courtyard YOS 2 144:22, cf. ina mu-ši-im ibid. 117:14, also TCL 10 103:16, ina mu-ši-im šuāti PBS 1/2 12:18, and passim in OB; ūmam ana mu-ši-im litēršum may he (the god) turn day into night for him CH xliii 88 (epilogue); aššum 2 išātātim ina mu-ši-im taššû as you have made two fire signals during the night ARM 4 31:6, cf. ARM 2 24 r. 5' and 20', and passim in Mari, note MN UD.X.KAM ina mu-šišu ARMT 13 133:6; ina mu-šim-ma šuātu in that night PBS 1/2 60:3; UD.28.KAM ša mu- $\delta[i]$  on the 28th in the night BE 17 33:7, cf. ina mu-ši ša UD.X.KAM ibid. 4:15 (all MB); mu-šu ikaššadamma as soon as the night falls MDP 4 pl. 18 No. 3:4; if a man seizes a girl ina mu-še ina ribēte KAV 1 viii 17 (Ass. Code § 54); I-NA MU-ŠI MU-ŠI-ia (Akkadogram in Hitt.) KBo 3 5 i 32, see A. Kammenhuber Hippologica Hethitica p. 82; šumma PN ina mu-ši ina kirî ša PN2 la ittarad PN entered the garden of PN2 at night (oath) HSS 9 7:4 and 13, cf. (referring to crimes) ibid. 141:7 and 13, AASOR 16 8:40; NA<sub>4</sub>.HAR hašimur ša PN ... ina sartu ina mu-ši PN<sub>2</sub> ... ittasah PN<sub>2</sub> unlawfully removed the cumin mill of PN by night YOS 7 10:7, cf. (also referring to crimes) ibid. 78:2, 8f., 97:3, YOS 6 108:3, 137:6, PSBA 9 273:4, AnOr 8 27:7, YOS 3 74:22, (to a breakout of fire) 91:8 (NB); ina šiāri ina nubatti

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mu-šú ša UD.15.KAM tomorrow evening (and) on the night of the 15th ABL 23 r. 1; mu-šu an-ni-u this night Thompson Rep. 21A:3, also 94:1, ABL 371 r. 6, 433 r. 13, 625:12, 669:8, 869:4, 1426:3 (all NA).

2' in lit.: 7 mu-ši-šu iqbīšu (the sand clock) predicted (the flood) for him (Atra-hasīs) for the seventh day Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 90 III i 37, ef. mu- $\check{s}u$  i-zu-uz [...] ibid. 116 r. i 16; šittu ra-hi-it mu-ši iktaldaš[šunūti] creature of the night, overpowered them KUB 4 12 obv.(!) 6 (Gilg.); he caused the moon to shine forth mu-šá iqtīpa he entrusted the night to it En. el. V 12, ef. šuknat mu-ši (the moon) the jewel of the night ibid. 13; kīma urru u mu-šú izūzu just as day and night are separated CT 23 4 K.2551 r. 18; tazzaz ina mu-ši-ma nišī tabarri you (Nusku) are present at night observing man cf. [tuš]tabarri ina mu-ši-im-ma tušahmit [...] by night, you (Šamaš) keep on hurrying [along your road?] Lambert BWL 128:42; ina mi uqaja rēška at night I am waiting for you (Samaš) JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 3 r. 4; (in difficult context) mu-ši mūtu namtar arurtu AnSt 5 102:94 (Cuthean Legend); nablu muhammitu MI [...] Lambert BWL 196:20 (SB fable);  $b\bar{\imath}t$  PN i-na mu- $\dot{s}i$ - $\dot{s}u$ -miBarsipaja ... ilmûmi the natives of Borsippa surrounded the house of PN on this night JAOS 88 126 ii A 6 (= JRAS 1892 350).

3' in omens and hemer.: the frontier town of the enemy rubû ina mi ina pilši ilammīma isabbat the prince will surround at night and take through a breach TCL 6 1 r. 38, cf. ibid. 37, BRM 4 12:50, CT 20 33:82; ina mi-šú la ta-qer-ru-ub do not approach (a ruined wall) at night (an evil rābiṣu will beat your army) BRM 4 12:60, and passim in ext.; if a lizard ina bīt amēli ina mī rigimšu ittanaddi utters its cry repeatedly in a house during the night KAR 382 r. 52; if a man ina MI-šú iglut (see galātu mng. 1b) CT 39 45:25, and passim in Alu; if a woman is sick and her sickness ina MI issanabbassi always attacks her at night Labat TDP 214:12, also 14, 18, etc.; disregard the fact that ina MI gilittu pirittu āmuru (see gilittu usage b) PRT 26 r. 4; ina mi rē'û

nišē rabāti qāssu ana niqē lišēšir ana DN DN<sub>2</sub> nindabāšu ukān at night the "shepherd of the numerous people" should perform a sacrifice, he places his food offering for Nabû (and) Tašmētu K.2809 i 10, and passim in hemer., cf., e.g., 4R 32 ii 3; DIš ina mu-ši išātu ana bīt amēli imqut KAR 212 iii 45.

4' in med. and rit.: [if a man] does not see [during] the entire [day] MI DÙ.A.BI IGI. DU<sub>8</sub> dSin-lu-ur-ma-a (but) sees (well) during the entire night: Sin-lurma-disease 13,1:6+18,2:8,also with MI DÙ.A.BI NU IGI.DU<sub>8</sub> ibid. 7; ina MI ... tušahhat 98,3:6, dupl. AMT 76,2:6, and passim referring to the treatment of patients; Samaš līmuršu ina mi kakkabāni līmurušu the sun should shine upon it (the container with medication), at night, the stars Köcher BAM 323:10; ina MI ina kakkabi tušbât (see bâtu mng. 3b) ibid. 152 iv 8, and passim in rit.; ina MI ana pani DN ūra tašabbit at night you sweep the roof when (the planet) Venus (is shining) BMS 31 r. 8, and passim in this context; ina MI abra ana DN u DN<sub>2</sub> unammaruma (see abru A usage b) RAcc. 41:4; ina mi tidda ina nāri takarriş (see karāşu mng. 1a) UET 6 410:29; ana Sin kurummassu ina mi.bi išakkan AMT 90,1:3, and passim in rits., cf. ina MI anni-e CT 23 36:53; note: ina mi kīma Šamaš  $e[r\bar{e}bi]$  AMT 83,2 ii 4, mu-šu š $\hat{a}ti$  in that night AMT 83,2 ii 7.

b) length and parts of the night — 1' in gen.: ūmu u mu-ši šitqulu 6 KASKAL.GÍD ūmu 6 KASKAL.GÍD mu-ši day and night were equal (in length): six double hours of day, six double hours of night 1428:2 and 5, also ABL 1429:2 and 5, etc.; for bēru used to measure parts of the night see bēru A mng. 2a; šumma qarnāšu kepâ kal(!) MI-ma if its (the moon's) "horns" are bent all night LBAT 1529:9; ka-li mu-ši-im the entire night JCS 15 7 ii 9 (OB lit.), ka-la MI CT 38 39:30, kal mu-ši Iraq 27 6 iii 24 (SB lit.), and passim; MI gab-bi-šú Iraq 21 166 No. 56:6 (NA let.), cf. mu-ši gabbi YOS 3 100:10 (NB let.); MI ša UD.11.KAM ina nubatti dullu the ritual is for the night of the eleventh in the evening ABL 15 r. 8 (NA), cf. MN MI UD.

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11.KAM BHT pl. 14 iii 22; UD.10.KAM ina MI ... ina ZALAG (= namāri) RAcc. 92 r. 10; ana pa-ni mu-ši-im at the beginning of the night ARM 2 83:16, cf. Syria 48 10:10; ina mu-ši-im (beside ina muštērtim) ARM 2 3:16; mu-šu adi namāri all night until dawn AKA 312 ii 53 (Asn.), cf. KAR 58:48; mu-šu ka-[l]a-na-ri-šú (for kallamārišu?) ABL 707:7 (coll. K. Deller); for MI denoting length, duration of the night, the time between sunset and the rise of the full moon, time after sunset, mišil MI half night, etc., in astron. see Neugebauer ACT p. 474 Gloss. s.v. ge 6.

2' midnight: ištu mu-šu me-še-li BE 17 47:5 (MB let.); ina mu-ši ma-[aš-li] VAS 16 186:5 (OB let.); ina MI ma-šil Labat TDP 166:91; ina qablītim ša mu-ši-im ARM 10 91 r. 5'; ina qa-bal mu-ši EA 29:85; ina UD-me u MI qab-li KAJ 249:14 (MA).

3' watches of the night: mu-šu-um šaz lušti maṣṣarti [...] VAS 16 186:7 (OB let.); mišil maṣṣarti mu-šu-um ibašši Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 46 I 70 and 72 (OB); 3 maṣṣarāti ša mu-ši Maqlu I 30, maṣṣarāti ša MI Gilg. III ii 21, LKA 29d:3, for other refs. see maṣɛṣartu.

4' šāt mūši "time of the night": ina sa-at MI ina nāri tanaddīma KAR 178 r. vi 26 (hemer.); ina ša-at mu-ši ina šutti 15:35 (SB lit.), ina ša-a[t mu-š]i LKA 123:8; ina šat mu-ši ipparšu[m]a Lie Sar. p. 48:2; ina šat mu-ši ana ummānāteja šutta ušabrīma Streck Asb. 48 v 97, cf. ina šat mu-ši utulma ibid. 32 iii 119, and passim in Asb.; ina šutti ina šat mu-ši ... tušabranni CT 34 35:36; anālma ina šat mu-ši DN ... appalisma VAB 4 278 vii 11 (both Nbn.); ina šat mu-ši kīma šarrāqiš JAOS 88 126 II a 1 (= JRAS 1892 350); ina šat mu-ši uštāpā nannariš SBH p. 145 ii 16; ina šat MI putur arnīja BMS 1:26, cf. ina šat mu-ši lidmiga šunātūa BMS 22 r. 63, etc.; ša ina šat mu-ši ibrû bī[ra] Lambert BWL 50:38 (Ludlul III); ša Sin ina šat mu-ši ukattam panu[ššu] Cagni Erra IIc 15; ina šat mu-ši ušabrīšuma ibid. V 43, cf. Hunger Kolophone No. 290:2 (= LKA 36:6); note:  $kal \ \bar{u}mu$ ... ina šat mu-ši all day long — during the

night Lambert BWL 44 103 (Ludlul II), cf. lu ina kal ūme lu ina šat MI PRT 44:16.

c) day and night — 1' in gen.:  $\bar{u}mu$ šutānuļu mu-šu girrāni (see anāļu A mng. 6a) Lambert BWL 36:105 (Ludlul I); you, Samaš, are on the go ša urra tallika u mu-šá tassahra by day you go your way, at night you come back ibid. 128:44; urra ú-tak-ka-ak mu-šá inahhi[s] by day he ...., by night he sheds tears AfO 19 52:148; lib(i)lakki urru hidūta mu-šú tapšu[hta] may the day bring you joy, the night, relaxation AfK 1 29 r. iii 50; [m]u= karrū ūmē murriku mi.meš (see karû mng. 2a-1') Lambert BWL 136:180; ša mu-ši-ia êrāk . . . ša kal ūme hilpaka addan (see êru v. usage b) Craig ABRT 1 27 r. 9 (NA oracles); Sin ša MI Šamaš ša kal ūmi Sin during the night, Samaš in the daytime PBS 1/2 106 r. 4, see ArOr 17/1 179; ina kal ūmi ireddânni ina kal MI uptallihanni during the day he persecutes me, during the night he frightens me BMS 53:8; ša MI ippušanimma ša kal ūmu apaššaršināti what they do against me (by tying knots) by night, I undo against them in the daytime Maqlu IV 110, cf. 113; lu ina kal ūmi lu ina kal MI either during the day or at night CT 38 34:21, also KAR 212 r. i 9, Or. NS 34 108:1 (namburbi), Wiseman Treaties 199 and 201, Köcher BAM 191:2, 192:2; mu-ši . . . kala  $\bar{u}mi$ MIO 12 53:5f. (OB lit.); mu-še kal  $\bar{u}me$  Scheil Tn. II 63, but  $kal \bar{u}me u mu-\check{s}e$  ibid. 48; MI u $kal \, \bar{u}m[u]$  ABL 1068 r. 7 (NA); mu-ši  $u \, kal \, \bar{u}me$ BIN 1 94:27, cf. Aro Kleidertexte 39 No. 10:14, also TCL 9 76:11 (all NB letters); ša kal ūme ša MI ABL 22 r. 10 (NA).

2' in the mng. "always": ur-ri u mu-ši Gilg. M. ii 5, iii 7 and 9, JCS 15 8 iii 15 (all OB), ef. [urr]am u mu-ša-am ARM 10 93:18, ur-ra u mu-ša KUB 4 56 ii 2, also PBS 1/2 54:2 (MB), EA 69:13, 73:20, and passim in EA, ur-ra u mu-ša BBSt. No. 6 ii 44, and passim in kudurrus; ur-ra u MI Gilg. I v 19, En. el. I 109, and passim in lit., KAR 228:20, and passim in incs., Küchler Beitr. pl. 12 iv 31, and passim in med.; ur-ru u mu-šu Lyon Sar. 7:43, and passim in Sar., also OIP 2 134:94 (Senn.), Streck Asb. 252 r. 12, also 214 r. 11, VAB 4 260 ii 28 (Nbn.);  $\bar{u}ma$  u  $m\bar{u}$  $\bar{s}a$ : UD.KAM u mu- $\bar{s}a$  EA 136:37, UD.KAM u mu-u

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ša // l[e-e]l EA 243:13; UD.KAM-ma u UD EA 293:13, UD.KAM-ma u mu-ša mu-ša EA 294:34. KAM.UD  $u \, mu$ -ša EA 315:11 and  $326:22(!); \ \overline{u}mu \ u \ mu-[\check{s}u] \ \text{K\"{o}cher BAM } 234:32,$ and passim in med., hist., and lit., also ABL 5 r. 1, 28 r. 6, Wr. UD u MI BBR No. 26 i 4, and passim;  $\bar{u}mu$  u mu- $\dot{s}i$  YOS 3 79:5, 182:15, etc.; UD-mu u mu-ši VAB 4 288 i 2, but muši u urri ibid. 4 (Nbn.); for imma u mūša see immu usage a; mu-ši u urri OECT 3 6:6, cf. LIH No. 39:16, etc., wr. mu-šu  $\acute{u}r(!)$ -ri UCP 9 298 No. 14:31, A XII 67:11 and 13 (Susa let., courtesy J. Bottéro), [m]u-ša-a[m]u urra[m] Kraus AbB 1 116:6; mu-ši u urrim YOS 10 54 r. 28, mu-ši u urri MIO 12 53:2 and 4, also Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 44 I 38 (all OB); mu-šá EA 362:33 (= RA 19 103), EA 155:30; mu-šú u urra Gilg. VIII i 8, mu-šá u urra Cagni Erra IIb 22; MI u urra Maqlu I 8, and passim in SB lit., also Biggs Šaziga 44:15, etc.; mu-šu u urru Lie Sar. p. 70:4, mu-ši u urra VAB 4 230 i 12 (Nbn.); note: mu-ši u UD.DA. KAM VAB 4 150 A ii 12 (Nbk.); pūt la halāqu ina mu-ši kal-la  $u_4$ -mu 77-4-17,16 : 8 (NB); MI u im-mu Biggs Šaziga 44:23, cf. En. el. V 46, mu-še im-ma (uncert.) AfO 17 268:3 (MA harem edicts), for other refs. see immu usage b.

- d) nouns qualified by  $m\bar{u}\dot{s}u$ : oil for EZEN mu-ši CT 45 103:22 (OB), ef. ina  $u_4$ -mi GAR mu-ši-im Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 180:7; ilāni ša mu- $\dot{s}i$  Craig ABRT 2 8 i 13, also 1 57:23, etc.; Nusku lugal mu-ši KAR 58:39; nalši mu-[š]i night dew Lambert BWL 52:15 (Ludlul III); ina šār mu-ú-[ši] in the cool of the night (incipit of a song) KAR 158 r. vii 54; MUL MI (with comm. kak-kab mu-ši 25 r. 4) CT 38 27:13 (SB Alu); É.ZI.DA É mu-ši  $\check{s}\hat{u}$  (as against  $Esagil\ b\bar{\imath}t\ \bar{u}mu$  line 9) ZA 6 241:7; uncert.: Lú GAR.MEŠ MI (see zakkû usage a) PRT 44:6; see also muttallik mūši cited alāku lex. section and mng. 6a-2', and see majāltu, majālu, manzazu, naptanu, qultu, sirqu, tabrītu, tāramu.
- e) other occs.:  $40~u_4$ -mu a-na MI na-pa-lu (math. coefficient) Or. NS 29 298, cf. 40 MI a-na  $u_4$ -mu na-pa-lu ibid., also 40~nap-pal-ti UD u MI ibid.;  $5~u_4$ -me u MI OIP 2 74:76 (Senn.), etc.; 6~ur-ri u 7 MI.MEŠ Gilg. I iv 21;

2 UD-mu.meš 2 mi.meš mê ut-ru-te išatti ADD 360:36 (NA).

Ad usage b-4': Meissner BAW 2 69f.

mūšumma adv.; at twilight(?); syn. list\*; cf. mūšu.

še-e-ri = na-ma-ru, mu-šu-ma Malku VI 212f.

In ABIM 20:62 mu-šu-um-ma ul eptēma should probably be related to mašû v. and could mean "out of forgetfulness."

muta'imu see mute'emu.

mutakkiltu see mutakkilu.

mutakkilu (fem. mutakkiltu) s.; person who inspires trust, who encourages; from OB on; cf. takālu.

- a) in gen.: šumi ilika u mu-ta-ki-li-ka ša kâta u aḥaka ašariš ušēšibu liblî should the name of your god and of your supporter, who settled you and your brother there, cease to exist? TCL 1 40:22 (OB let.); mu-ta-ak-ki-il-ta-ki lilqê ru'ām ki> let her (the goddess) who supports you take away your (fem.) charm JCS 15 6 i 29 (OB lit.), see JCS 16 38.
- b) in personal names: Aššur-mu-ta-ki-il KAJ 177:19 (MA), for other refs. see Saporetti Onomastica 2 164; Mu-tak-ki-lu-Nergal Peiser Urkunden 97:10 (MB); Nabû-mu-tak-kil VAS 1 36 ii 1 (NA), for other refs. see Tallqvist APN 142; Mu-tak-kil-Adad Nbn. 1098:12; note the abbr. Mu-tak-ki-li CT 4 8b:20 (OB), Mu-tak-kil-lu VAS 3 131:7 (NB).

mutakkiu see mudakkiu.

mūtamû (mūtawî) adj.; eloquent, talkative; SB; cf. amî v.

[lú.inim.bal.bal] = mu-ta-wu-û OB Lu A 164; inim.bal.bal = mu-ta-mu-û Lu IV 244; lú.inim. dug<sub>4</sub>.dug<sub>4</sub>, inim.bal.bal = mu-ta-mu-u Nabnitu IV 106f.; inim.bal.bal.e = mu-ta-mu-u ibid. 322; lú.inim.dug<sub>1</sub>.dug<sub>4</sub> = mu-ta-wu-û OB Lu C<sub>4</sub> 8; lú.níg.kúr.dug<sub>4</sub>.dug<sub>4</sub> = mu-ta-wi ša-ni-a-tim OB Lu A 118, also OB Lu B iv 9; uncert.: [ga]l.di.di = mu-ta-[...] Proto-Izi I Bil, Section C 13.

mūtānu mūtānu

gidim.sig<sub>5</sub>.ga dingir.inim.ma.mu sag.an. na gub.bu.dè: *šēdu damqa ilu mu-ta-mu-u* nanzaza maḥrija the good *šēdu*, the eloquent god, who is standing in front of me RA 12 75:45f.; ka.ḥul.gál eme.ḥul.gál lú.nam.erím.ma. ke<sub>x</sub>(KID): pû lemnu lišānu lemuttu mu-ta-[mu]-ú evil mouth, evil tongue.... CT 16 33:177f.

For AS 16 69a 10 (= OB Lu  $C_7$  18) see muttalku.

mūtānu s. pl.; cases of death, epidemic, pestilence, plague; from OB on; wr. syll. and NAM.BAD.MEŠ, BAD.MEŠ (in EA also BA.BAD); cf. mātu.

nam.BAD = mu-ta-nu Antagal VIII 5.

nam.gilim.ma = na[span]tu, šahluqtu, muta-a-nu STT 402 ii 5ff. (comm.); mul Ṣal-bat-a-nu = muš-ta-ba-ru-ú mu-ta-nu (i.e., interpreting zal as muštabarrā and Bad-a-nu as mūtānu) 5R 46 No. 1:42; abūbu la a.meš // mu-ta-nu BM 47447:4 (astrol. comm.).

a) in gen.: mu-ta-a-nu anumma ina ālim ibbaššû mu-ta-a-nu ula(!) ša Nergal there is now an epidemic in the town, but the epidemic is not from DN CT 29 1b:5 and 9, cf. ibid. 11 (OB let.), see Frankena, AbB 2 118; mu-ta-nu-mi ina GN mu-ta-nu-ú eli Lú.meš-ú ù ina [muḥḥi] imēri (you said) there is an epidemic in GN, does the epidemic affect the people or the donkeys? EA 96:10 and 12, cf. ibid. 14 (let. to Rib-Addi); jānumi mu-ta-na ana KUR.MEŠ šalim ištu panā <n>um there is no more pestilence in the area, it is healthier than before RA 19 93:50 (EA), but BA.BAD / mu-tu-mi ibid. 47, cf. gamratme URU.KI ina BA.BAD [//] ina mu-ta-a-an the town is finished because of the epidemic EA 244:32; and muh mu-ta-ni la tu- $[\dots]$  do not [worry(?)]about the epidemic Aro, WZJ 8 571 HS 113:4; [ina] mu-ta-ni  $m\bar{i}ta[t]$  she died during an epidemic EA 11:14 (both MB); BAD.MEŠ ina there was pestilence in Assyria CT 34 44 ii 19 (Babyl. Chron.), cf. mu-ta-nu RLA 2 430 r. 5, 11, also ibid. 432 r. 12 and 18 (eponym lists): uncert.: mu-ta-a-nu it-te-ni-ip-pušu an epidemic has come about KUB 3 76:8; ina līmu mu-ta-ni šarru ubtal[liṭanni] many (lit. a thousand) illnesses the king has kept me alive ABL 992 r. 16 (coll. K. Deller); INIM.INIM.MA ina NAM.BAD.MEŠ ina pan abri [...] incantation [to be recited] in front of a brush pile in case of pestilence OECT 6 pl. 12:7, see TuL p. 163.

b) in omens: mu-ta-nu dannūtum ibbaš: šûma ahum ana bīt ahim ul irrub there will be a serious epidemic and people will not enter each other's houses YOS 10 56 iii 3 (OB cf. mu-ta-nu-ú ina mātim ibbaššû YOS 10 20:24, also, wr. mu-ta-a-nu-um ibid. 33 i 14; amūt DN u DN<sub>2</sub> ša ina idi um= mānija illaku šanû šumšu mu-ta-a-nu ina  $m\bar{a}tim \quad i-ba-a\check{s}-\ll\check{s}i\gg-\check{s}u$ omen concerning Lugalgirra and Meslamtaea (i.e., the gods of plague) who will march along with the troops, alternate interpretation: there will be an epidemic in the land YOS 10 17:37, cf. amūt Lu[galgirra] u Meslamtaea ša mu-ta-[n]i ina [mātim] YOS 10 15:24, cf. also amūt Nergal u Ningišzida ša mu-ta-ni u maglâtim 216:3 (all OB ext.), note GIŠ.TUKUL DINGIR.MEŠ DUMU.MEŠ.KE<sub>x</sub>(KID) ana mu-ta-nu TCL 6 6 i 10 (SB ext.); DINGIR KÚ =  $BAD^{mu-ta-nu}MEŠ$ Izbu Comm. 22; mu-ta-nu i[na  $m\tilde{a}ti$   $ibašš\hat{u}]$ Leichty Izbu XVII 77, wr. NAM.BAD.MEŠ ina KUR GÁL.MEŠ ibid. XX 29, Wr. BAD.MEŠ ina KUR DÙ.A.BI GÁL.MEŠ-ma ibid. 27, BAD.MEŠ (var. BAD.MEŠ) ina māti GÁL.MEŠma ibid. XXI 7; NAM.BAD dannūtu ina māti GÁL.MEŠ CT 39 33:50 (SB Alu), Wr. BAD.MEŠ KAL.MEŠ GAR.MEŠ CT 39 10:22; NAM.BAD.MEŠ GAR.MEŠ ACh Ištar 20:16, šiptātu u BAD.MEŠ (var. NAM.BAD.MEŠ) ina māti ibaššû Šamaš 10:6, NAM.BAD.MEŠ ina māti GÁL-ši TCL 6 9:15, 20, Thompson Rep. 163:5 and r. 1, and passim in Alu, ext., and astrol., ina māti sag.uš epidemics will be constant in the country Thompson Rep. 274M:1; NAM. BAD.MEŠ UD.1.KAM GÁL.MEŠ there will be cases of death every day ibid. 269 r. 4, BAD.MEŠ ina KUR GÁL Köcher BAM 1 iv 24; ana mu-ta-ni qabi (explanation of majāl qurādi irappiš) Thompson Rep. 232:3; BAD.MEŠ imandu there will be many deaths ibid. 270 r. 5, 271:5; URU.BI BAD.MEŠ ŠUB-šu an epidemic will befall that town CT 38 2:32 (SB Alu); RI.RI. GA nišī a-pí-e-tim mu-ta-nu tuk-ú death of human beings, they will contract a deadly disease KUB 4 63 iii 14, see Leibovici, RA 50 16 (astrol.).

mūtaplu mūtaqu

mütappilu

c) beside other calamities: mul.gig = MUL  $\dot{sip}$ - $\dot{ti}$  NAM.BAD.MEŠ = d $\dot{S}albat\bar{a}nu$  Hg. B VI 38, in MSL 11 40; sunqa bubūta hušahha BAD.MEŠ ana mātišu liddi may he (Adad) inflict hunger, famine, want (and) pestilence on his land AKA 108 viii 86 (Tigl. I), cf. sunqu hušahhu bubūtu nam.bad.meš issu panīkunu aj ippițir Wiseman Treaties 480, cf. also šag: gaštu mu-t[a-a]-nu ina libbikunu liškun ibid. 456: lumun nam.bad.meš mursu šuruppû usahhir nišē Bauer Asb. 1 pl. 11 ix 10; ina šašme gabli u tāhazu di'u šipţi lipit Irra muta-ni (for translat. see di'u usage a) Unger Bel-harran-beli-ussur 27; you perform the ritual and then murşu di'u diliptu u BAD.MEŠ ana amēli u bītišu mu.l.kam nu te-šú illness, headache, distress, and pestilence will not come near the man or his house for one year KAR 298 r. 40, ef. šēp lemutti [...] BAD.MEŠ ana bīt amēli NU TE-ú K.10333:5 (namburbi, courtesy R. Caplice); d[i]u] šiptu mu-ta-nu ana É L[Ú NU TE-e] (incipit of a ritual) 977:12, see Parpola LAS No. 218, note the incipit di'u šipta NAM.BAD.MEŠ šūtuqi 44:20, cf. nam.búr.bi.meš ér.šà.hun.gá.meš  $[n\bar{e}p]e\check{s}e(!)$  ša di-hu mu-ta-a-ni ana šarri[bēlija] u mārē šarri bēlēa lu[balli]ţu lēpu[šu] ABL 629 r. 15 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 279; note the enumeration lu mimma la țābu ša šuma la nabû [lu na]m.bad.meš lu šaggāšu lu šiptu AAA 22 42 (pl. 11) i 11.

F. R. Kraus, RA 65 97ff.

mūtaplu s.; requiter (occ. only in personal names); OB, MB, MA; cf. apālu A.

Î-li-mu-tap-li My-God-Is-My-Requiter Waterman Bus. Doc. 4:7, VAS 9 37:3; Sin-mu-ta-ap-li Sin-Is-My-Requiter UET 5 401:19; Šamaš-mu-tap-li TLB 1 66:13 (all OB), also ARM 9 26:7, dA-šur-mu-tap-li KAJ 4:30, 165:14 (MA), Nusku-mu-tap-li PBS 2/2 95:16 (MB), dŠamaš-mu-ta-bi-il-šu CT 8 43b:18 (OB); abbr. Mu-ta-ap-lum CT 8 12c:31 (OB).

For the type DN-atpalam DN-Reciprocate-with-Me, see apālu A mng. 5a.

Stamm Namengebung 213f.

apālu A.

dŠamaš-mu-tap-pil Grant Smith College 260:9 (OB); Mu-tap-pil-DINGIR BE 15 198:21 (MB); DINGIR-mu-da-pil Delaporte Catalogue Bibliothèque Nationale No. 91, cf. DINGIR-mu-ta-[pil] Or. NS 40 400:1, for other OAkk. refs. and for Be-li-mu-da-pil see Gelb, MAD 3 p. 13f.; A-šur-mu-ta-pi-el ICK 1 2:4, and passim in OA, see Stephens PNC p. 20; DINGIR-mu-

personal names); OAkk., OA, OB, MB; cf.

s.; requiter (occ. only in

By-form of mūtaplu, q.v., cf. the pairs muštarhu and muštarrihu, etc.

ta-pil Tell Asmar 1931,295:4 (OB).

mutaqqinu s.; (an implement used in the fabrication of bricks); NB\*; cf. taqānu.

21 GIŠ mu-taq-qí-nu (among implements used in the fabrication of bricks) YOS 6 146:6, also 6 mu-taq-qí-nu ibid. 19.

mutāqu see muttāqu.

mūtaqu s.; thoroughfare, walkway, passage, street; SB, NB, LB; pl. mūtaqātu (VAS 1 70 iv 30); cf. etēqu.

 $[\ldots] = [m]u \cdot [t]a \cdot [qu]$  (followed by  $m\bar{e}tequ$ ) CT 19 28 K.10090:1 (Nabnitu).

- a) in gen.:  $s\bar{u}qu \ rap\check{s}u \ mu$ -taq(var. -ta-qu)  $b\bar{e}li \ rab\hat{\imath} \ Marduk$  the wide street, the thoroughfare of the great Lord Marduk VAB 4 160 vii 46, cf. ibid. 50;  $s\bar{u}qu \ mu$ -ta-qa-tu (house adjoining) the street of the walkways VAS 1 70 iv 30 (NB kudurru).
- b) mūtaq nišē: house DA sūqu qatnu mutaq nišē adjoining a narrow lane (used as) passageway for people TCL 12 33:8, AnOr 9 15:4, BIN 1 127:11, Speleers Receuil 293:4, 299:3, BRM 2 18:6, 10, 13, 45:20, 23, TCL 13 239:4, VDI 54 (1955/4) 143:10, VAS 15 17:7, and passim in this volume, wr. mu-taq-qa ibid. 8:4, 39:43, 49 r. 17, for further refs. see Falkenstein Topographie 50 ff. (all texts from Uruk), also (in Kish) Dar. 245:5, (in Ur) UET 4 11:10, 38:3, 52:24; note exceptionally sūqu rapšu mu-ta-qu nišē BIN 2 130:4 (Uruk), sūqu mu-taq nišē BE 8 149:4 (Nippur).

mutāqūtu mutinnu

- c) mūtaq ilī u šarri: a house DA sūqu rapšu mu-taq ilī u šarri adjoining the wide street, the thoroughfare for the gods and the king Bagh. Mitt. 5 198:10, AnOr 8 2:6, BIN 2 135:16, 27, TCL 13 241:5, BRM 2 49:3, 6, VAS 15 30:6, 46:14, 50:8f., Speleers Recueil 295:6, (beside mūtaq nišē line 4) ibid. 293:6 (all LB Uruk), also UET 4 11:4, (in Kish) Camb. 233:22, 349:13, (in Borsippa) VAS 5 96:5, (in Babylon) Strassmaier, Actes du 8° Congrès International 5:4.
- d) mūtaq DN: a house adjoining harrānu ša akītu mu-ta-qu DN the procession way of the akītu-festival, the thoroughfare (leading to the temple of) Uraš VAS 5 105:8; house adjoining sūqu la <ā>sū mu-ta-qu DN u DN<sub>2</sub> the dead-end street, the access route leading to (the temples of) Nabû and Nanâ VAS 5 64:3, 78:2, 84:2, 131:2, also sūqu rapšu mu-ta-qu Nabû u Nanâ ibid. 82:2; house DA sūqu rapšu mu-taq Nergal UET 4 38:4, also, with mu-ta-qu Nergal ša hadê Camb. 423:3, Weissbach Misc. pl. 15 No. 2:9, sūqu qat(a)nu mu-ta-qu Nergal ša ha-di-e(text-di) Dar. 275:2, wr. mu-ta-aq VAS 5 32:4.
- e) other occ.: mu-taq ša É ša rēš.meš BRM 2 52:4.

In all known cases mūtaqu is used as an attribute to sūqu (qualified as qatnu with mūtaq nišē and as rapšu with mūtaq ilī u šarri and mūtaq DN, except Dar. 275:2 and VAS 5 32:4). Its exact meaning in the context of descriptions of the boundaries of houses in texts dealing with sale or other kinds of alienation of real estate is not known.

Falkenstein Topographie 50ff.

mutāqūtu see muttāqūtu.

mūtawû see mūtamû.

muterat îni see mutir înāti.

muterru see mutirru.

mu-te-ti see mudû mng. 1c-2'.

muthummu (mithummu) s.; fruit (of a garden or orchard); SB; foreign word; wr. syll. and Nig.SA.SA.HI.A (MUD.HUM.MEŠ Sumer 9 170:24).

[ú] [mut.hul.um giš.sar = mut-[hu-mu] Hh. XVII 120; [mud-hu-um] ú.[...] = mut-hu-um-mu Diri IV 19.

GIŠ.SAR.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) níg.sa.ha (vars. níg.sa. PEŠ, níg.sa.sa.hi.a) šu hu.mu.ra.ni.ib.tag: [ki-ma ki-re-e mut-hu-um-ma l]i-za-in-ki let (the mountain) be covered (Akk. cover you) with fruit like a garden Lugale IX 26; gurun.zag.mu.a nì.tu.hu.um (vars. ú.GIŠ.SAR, GIŠ.Ú.SAR, mu.ut.hu) nisag.gá (vars. ba.ra.za.an.kar, [itu b]ár.zag.gar): inbu pan šatti mu-ut-hu-mu(var.-mi) nisanni (my mother is) a fruit of spring, first fruit of the season JNES 23 2:37, for vars. see p. 8f., 11, and Ugaritica 5 169:41ff.

[mut]-hu-um-mu = in-bu giš.sar CT 18 2 K.4375 iii 12; mit-hu-mu (var. mut-hu-um-mu) = gurun giš.sar (var. ki-re-e) LTBA 2 1 v 35, var. from 2:243; ú mu-ut-hu-mi giš.meš : ú ina giš.meš šá giš.sar Uruanna II 518.

Above the city and below the city I laid out gardens mut-hum-me (var. MUD.HUM. MEŠ) šadî u mātitān kullat riqqī māt Hatti uharriša gerebšun I planted in them fruitbearing trees of the mountains and of all the lands, and all aromatic trees of Syria OIP 2 113 viii 17, var. from Sumer 9 170:24; GIŠ.SAR nuhši sippat níg.sa.sa.hi.a ušas: hiršuma I surrounded it (the bit akiti) with a luxuriant garden, an orchard with fruit OIP 2 137:35 (both Senn.); kirimāhu ša gimir ișșē gurun níg.sa.sa.hi.a kalamu azqupa itātešu I planted around it (the bīt ridûti) an arboretum containing all kinds of trees (bearing) various fruits Streck Asb. 90 x 105;  $\dot{s}a$ -bu-lu mut- $\dot{s}a$ (var.  $-\dot{s}a$ ) Lamaštu touches the tree) its fruits become dried up PBS 1/2 113:22 (Lamaštu, restored from unpub. dupl., courtesy F. Köcher).

Meissner, MAOG 1/2 39f.

mutima (\*immuti, \*immutima) adv.; ever; OA, Bogh.; cf. mati interr.

É... a-na mu-ti-ma ēpuš he built the house (to last) forever AOB 1 4:10 (Šalimahum); the tablet of the treaty e-em-mu-ti e-em-mu-ti-ma ana pani šarri ... liltassû they should read to the king for ever and ever KBo 1 1 r. 36.

mutinnu s.; wine; SB; Sum. lw.

ina šamni ṭābi dišpi himēti kurunnu mutin-ni šikar šadî ablula šallaru I mixed the mutir mutir ţēmi

mortar with fine oil, honey, ghee, kurunnu-beverage, wine, the mountain drink Borger Esarh. 85 r. 46, cf. ina šamni ṭābi dišpi himēti kurunni mu-tin-ni(var. -nu) šikar šadî elli ibid. 20 Ep. 20:10; ana mullê muttin-ni maqqî DN for filling the libation vessel of DN with wine KAR 362:11 (hymn).

Loan from Sum. (Emesal) mu.tin, for main dialect geštin.

mutir s.; (name of the sixth month in Adab); OAkk.

ITI Mu-tir OIP 14 83:6, 96:7, 108:6.

mutīr bikīti s.; (mng. uncert.); lex.\*; cf. târu.

ír.ga.ra.[gi] = [mu-tir bi-ki-tim] (preceded by mutīr īnāti) Nabnitu O 203.

mutir gimilli s.; 1. avenger, 2. returning kindness (in personal names only); OB, MB, SB, NB, LB; wr. syll. and mu-tir šu (mu-GUR gi-mil MSL 4 191 colophon I g); cf. târu.

- 1. avenger a) said of gods: [ap]lu gašra mu-tir gi-mil-lu a-b[i-šu] (Marduk) the powerful son, the avenger of his fathers En. el. II 94, ef. dmin (= Marduk) = mu-tir gi-mil AD.[MEŠ-šu] CT 25 47:16 (list of gods); Marduk attama mu-ter-ru gi-mil-li-ni O Marduk, you are our avenger En. el. IV 13, cf. VI 105, 163; šummama anāku mu-tir gi-mil-li-ku-un if I am really your (pl.) avenger ibid. II 123, III 58, cf. Marduk mu-tir gi-mil-li-šú-nu ibid. III 10, 138; for other refs. see gimillu mng. 2b.
- b) said of kings:  $k\bar{a}\check{s}id$  GN GN<sub>2</sub> u GN<sub>3</sub> mu-tir gi-mil-li  $m\bar{a}ti\check{s}u$  (Sargon) who conquered the Mannians, Karallu, and Paddiri, the avenger of his land Winckler Sar. pl. 48:12, cf.  $k\bar{a}\check{s}id$   $m\bar{a}t\bar{a}ti$  mu-tir gi-mil KUR  $A\check{s}$ - $\check{s}ur$  Weidner Tn. 54 No. 60:8 (Aš $\check{s}$ ur- $r\check{e}\check{s}$ - $i\check{s}i$ ).
- 2. returning kindness (in personal names only): En-lil-mu-ti-ir-gi<sub>4</sub>-mi-li-šu BIN 9 234:11 (early OB); Mu-te-er-gi-mil-lim TCL 1 31:6; Mu-te-er-gi-mil-li-ia Meissner BAP 56:16 (both OB); Ninurta-mu-tir-šu BE 15

88:4, 199:9 (MB), also JNES 15 139 colophon; Nabû-mu-tir-gi-mil VAS 5 35:15, Nbk. 65:11; Nabû-mu-ti[r]-šu TuM 2-3 12:29 (all NB); Ninurta-mu-GUR-gi-mil MSL 4 191 colophon I g (LB).

For lex. and bil. refs. see gimillu lex. section, see also  $t\hat{a}ru$ .

mutīr īnāti (mutīr ini, fem. mutērat ini) s.; false person (lit. who turns the eyes); OB; cf. târu.

lú.igi.bal = mu-[te-er i-nim], lú igi.nigín.na = mu-te-e[r i-nim] OB Lu A 288f.; [igi].an.kúr.kúr = mu-tir i-na-a-ti (in group with muštaptu, muṣṣabru) Erimhuš II 260; igi.kúr.[kúr], igi.nigín.[nigín], igi.an.kúr.r[a], igi.an.nigín.[na] = [mu-tir i-na-ti] Nabnitu O 199ff.

igi an.kúr.kúr 5 ì.lul : mu-te-ra-at i-[nim] ki-ma ha-mi-i[š] sà-ra-at she who turns the eye(s) is as false as five RA 60 6:5 (OB).

mutīr īni see mutīr īnāti.

mutīr ţēmi s.; agent; SB, NA, NB; wr. syll. and mutēr umuš(ku); cf. târu v.

Lú mu-GUR ŠU (= ţēmi) (preceded by lú.kù.dím, lú.bur.gul) Bab. 7 pl. 5 ii 3ff. (NA list of professions), see MSL 12 238.

kár.kár á.Ku.na ki.a.a nu.zu : mu-tir ţe-me ša ilī rabûti (Sum. obscure) RAcc. 129:9f.

PN [...] É u PN, LÚ mu-tir tè-e-mu ša PN, ša GN kaspu ma'du ina gātīšunu našûni idabbubu PN, the [...] of the house, and PN<sub>2</sub>, the agent of PN<sub>3</sub> of Bīt-Dakuru, who carry much silver with them, say ("Let us go and look for horses") ABL 336:4; PN LÚ.SAG LÚ qīpi ša GN u PN, Lú mu-tir tè-e-m[i] ša PN, ša itti PN, izzizuma PN, isbatu PN, the officer, prefect of Dur-Ellil, and PN2, the agent of PN<sub>3</sub>, who served with PN<sub>3</sub> and arrested PN<sub>4</sub> ABL 963:6 (both NB), cf. PN Lú mu-ter, tè-me ša PN<sub>2</sub> ADD 463:10f.; Lú mu-tír UMUŠ(KU) ša mār šarri ADD 50 r. 7, PN LÚ mu-tir-ri  $t\hat{e}$ -e-mu ša LÚ GAL  $ur\bar{a}tu$  VAS 6 252:11 (NB); PN LÚ mu-tír tè-me (witness) ADD 112 r. 6, also ADD 34 edge 1f., 276 r. 3. Postgate Taxation 384 ND 2631:20, LÚ mu-tír UMUŠ-me ADD 253 r. 5f. and 9.

mutirru mutirtu

mutirru (muterru) s.; 1. (a bolt or lock of a door), 2. (a wooden part of the net of a fowler), 3. fire rake(?); MA, NA; cf. târu.

giš.sag.kul, giš.sag.kul.NIM.ma = si-ik-kuru, giš.sag.kul.NIM.ma(var. adds .ki) = mutir-ru (var. erroneously mur-di-in-nu), sik-kur šáqi-li Hh. V 270ff.; giš.sa.mušen.dù = a-hu, mu-tir-ru Hh. VI 187f.; giš.sa.mušen.dù = mu-tir-ru = še-e-tum šá LÚ.MUŠEN.DÙ Hg. B II 28, in MSL 6 78.

- 1. (a bolt or lock of a door): see Hh. V 272, in lex. section.
- 2. (a wooden part of the net of a fowler): see Hh. VI 188 and Hg. B II 28, in lex. section; see also mutirtu.
- 3. fire rake(?)—a) for a brazier: nēsup[u parzilli] mu-te-er-ru maššānu parzilli ina qātišu (the servant stands beside the brazier with) an iron shovel, a rake(?), (and) iron tongs in his hand MVAG 41/3 62 ii 8 (MA rit.).
- b) used for testing liquid glass: as soon as the zukû-glass becomes mixed into the surface of the copper compound and the copper compound settles underneath the "metal" ina mu-ter-ri 1-šú 2-šú 3-šú tabehheš you stir it one, two, three times with a m. Oppenheim Glass 34 B § 2:42, also ibid. 37 § 5:55, 38 § 5:24; ina ap-pi mu-ter-ri TA IGI mamm[a tammar] you will see some drops (form) on the tip of the m. ibid. 37 A § 5:56 and (omitting appi) C § 5:25, cf. ibid. 34 A § 2:28; ina mu-ter-ri 3-šú tada'ip you perforate (the cover of the crucible) in three places with the m. ibid. 43 § 13:106.

Ad mng. 3: Salonen, Bagh. Mitt. 3 113; Oppenheim Glass 64f.

mutīrtu s.; 1. double door, 2. (a net of a fowler or part of it); MB, SB, NB, LB; pl. muterrētu; cf. târu.

giš.ig.maš.tab.ba = tu-'a-ma-tu, mu-ter-re-tum (var. mu-ut-ter-re-tu) Hh. V 218f.; giš.ig.gú.gi.[a], giš.ig.maš.tab.[ba] = [mu-(ut)-ter-re-tu] Nabnitu O 204f.

dig.gal.la = dnin.šubur lú gisig.maš.tab.ba.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) (with late translat. ša mu-ter-re-e-ti) An = Anum I 33.

tu-'a-a-ma-ti = mu-ter-re-e-tum CT 18 3 r. ii 24. mu-tir-tum, a-hu = sa šá mušen.[dù] CT 18 9 ii 20 f.

- double door (occ. mostly in the pl.  $muterr\bar{e}tu$ ) — a) in gen.:  $[x \ x \ (x)] \ x \ ultu$ É.SAL.HI.A adi mu-ter-re-ti qablāti ina šanê ug(!)-da-am-mi-irI have just finished changing [the doors?] (beginning) from the women's rooms to the middle double doors PBS 1/2 44:4 (MB let.); ultu  $b\bar{a}bi$  ša PN adimu-tir-ti qablīti massartu ša PN2 LÚ.Ì.DU8 ša mu-tir-ti ša kīli ana mu-te-er-ti ussamma itti šanêmma idabbumma the guard duty of PN<sub>2</sub>, the doorkeeper of the double door of the prison, (extends) from the gate of PN to the middle double door, if he goes outside the double door and talks to a stranger (PN<sub>2</sub> will be punished) BE 14 129:1ff. (MB); dalāti ašūhi [mu]-te-er-re-ti sīrāti eššēti ēpuš ina mīsir siparri usebbit I made doors of fir, tall new double doors, I fastened (them) with a copper band (and I erected them in the gate of Anu and Adad) AOB 1 96:8 1 sikkūr hurāsi ritte amēlūti rikis (Adn. I); mu-tir-te ša abūbu mupparšu šurbusu sīruššu a golden lock in the shape of a human hand, securing the double door, on which a winged Deluge monster is represented couchant TCL 3 373 (Sar.); dIg.gal.la = dPapsukkal ša mu-te-re-ti CT 24 40:55, cf. An = Anum I 33 in lex. section;  $[(x)] \times mu\text{-}tir(\text{text -}\text{ŠE+E})\text{-}re$ e-ti (preceded by [IGI.D]UB(?) ig.maš.tab. ba.kex KUB 3 118 iv 13 (both lists of gods).
- b) with bābu (KÁ): KÁ mu-ter-re-e-ti ša Eanna akî labīri libbū ša ina pani RN sīri šukun plaster the Eanna Gate with the double doors just as it was of old at the time of Nebuchadnezzar YOS 6 10:16; x GUR PAD.HI.A šá KÁ mu-ter-re-e-tú PN x gur allowance for the gate with the double door: PN BIN 2 133:11 (both NB).
- 2. (a net of a fowler or part of it): see CT 18 9 ii 20, in lex. section, and see mutirru.

(Weidhaas, ZA 45 135f.)

mutīrtu in bīt mutīrti (muterrēti) s.; portico; SB, NB; cf. târu.

\*\*mutittu mutqu A

a) as part of the palace in Nineveh: É mu-ter-re-ti tamšīl ekal Ḥatti meḥret bābāti ušēpiš I had the House with Double Doors built, patterned after a Syrian palace, in front of the doors OIP 2 106 vi 20, cf. É mu-ter-re-te (var. ap-pa-a-ti) tamšīl ekal Ḥatti meḥret bābāti ušēpiš ibid. 119:22, for var. see appātu in bīt appāti.

b) in Sel. Uruk: ina muḥḥi [É] qāti šâti šā ina É mu-tir-tum šā KÁ GAL-ú VAS 15 48:3, also W 521 i 2, cited Falkenstein Topographie 14; DA É mu-ter-tum šā KÁ GAL-ú VAS 15 36:4, 48:4; DA IM kuburrû šā É mu-ter-tum šā É LÚ.SIRAŠ.MEŠ BRM 2 30:3, see Falkenstein Topographie 37, cf. ibid. 38 No. 5:4.

## \*\*mutittu (AHw. 688b).

Read in HSS 19 44:25f. [ina mu-t] i  $\grave{u}$  mu-ti it-ti še-er-ri-šu; see šattu.

mutkû s.; (mng. unkn.); syn. list.\*

[... -t]um = mut-ku-u (between šenu kuš. šuhub and limitu) CT 18 9 K.4233 ii 38.

mutlellû adj.; exalted, sublime; SB; cf. utlellû v.

dNin.urta nita ní.íl.íl.la alam.bi húl.la:
dMIN zikaru mut-lel-lu-u ša ana lānišu hadû Ninurta,
the exalted young man who rejoices in his stature
Lugale I 31, cf. [...] alim.ma ní.íl.íl.i: [...]
[a(?)]-ši-šú e-tel-lum kab-ti mut-le-li-i BA 5 646
No. 12:1f.; la.bar dim4.gá ... [... ní.í]l.íl:
ana sukkalli šurbî ... [...] mut-le-li(text -i)-e
(addressing Nabû) StOr 1 32:1f.

mut-le-lu-u =  $\delta \acute{a}$ -qu-u Malku VIII 154.

[...] mut-lel-lu-ú ša zikiršu šaḥtu (Aššur) the exalted [...], whose word is feared BA 5 652 No. 16:18; Lugalmaradda qarrādu muttallu eṭlu mu-ut-li-il-lu-ú the sublime hero, the exalted man CT 36 23:17, cf. RA 11 113 (Nbn.); (Nabû) PA(?) mut-le-lu-ú ša Ṣarpānītu KAR 104:5.

For CT 19 49 b 8 (= Nabnitu R 205) see elēsu.

mutnennû adj.; pious, prayerful; SB; cf. enēnu A v.

gú.ki.gál ní bí.in.tur.[tur]: kanšu mutnin-nu-[ú] submissive, pious BiOr 7 43:4 (Nbk. I); [ù.gul].gá.gá še.še.ga: [mut]-nin-nu-ú mundaz gri 4R 20:5f. + AJSL 35 139 Ki. 1904-10-9,96:1 (hymn of Nbk. I?).

- a) with ref. to kings 1' in royal insers.: for earliest occ. (Nbk. I) see lex. section; rē'û mut-nin-nu-ú pālih ilī rabûti OIP 2 48:1, 55:1 (Senn.); rēšu mut-nin-nu-ú pious slave Borger Esarh. 4:28, also ibid. 12 Ep. 1:16, Streek Asb. 64 vii 95, AfO 13 205:2, note rēšu mut-Streck Asb. 300:6; šakkanakku nin-nu-ka m[u]t-nin-nu-uAAA 20 81:14 (all Asb.), CT 34 2 Ki. 1904-10-9,352+:2 (Sin-šariškun); šahtu mut-nin-nu-ú AnOr 12 303 i 4, BBSt. pl. 7 i 9 (both Šamaš-šum-ukin); ašri kanšu mu-ut-ni-en-nu-ú VAB 4 96 i 2; jâti enqu mu-ut-ni-en-nu-u ibid. 196 No. 29:3; emqumu-ut-nin-nu-u ibid. 298:1; emqa mu-ut-nien-nu-ù zānin Esagila u Ezida ibid. 86 i 11, and passim in insers. of Nbk., also ibid. 214:4 (Ner.).
- 2' in rel. texts: šaḥtu mut-nin-nu-u idallal d[alīlīka] the humble and pious one praises you Craig ABRT 1 31 r. 23; [ru]bû šaḥtu mut-nin-nu-u idallal [...] ZA 4 232 D.T. 363 r. 18 (both prayers of Asb.).
- b) other occs.:  $r\bar{e}d\hat{u}$  mut-nin-nu- $\hat{u}$  (the governor of Borsippa) the pious soldier JAOS 88 126 i b:12;  $r\bar{e}su$  palk $\hat{u}$  mut-nin-nu- $\hat{u}$  anāku I, the understanding and pious slave Lambert BWL 88:289 (Theodicy).

von Soden, ZA 50 181.

mutqītu s.; (a sweet bread or cake); NA\*; ef. matāqu.

40 mut-qi-i-tú aššurītu 40 MIN armeītu ADD 969:7f. (coll. from photograph); ša nūnī ša iṣṣūrī mut(!)-qi-tú zamru van Driel Cult of Aššur 102 x 38, coll. W. G. Lambert, Or. NS 40 91.

mutqītu in ša mutqītišu s.; sweet cake peddler; NA\*; cf. matāqu.

PN LÚ šá mut-qi-ti-šú ADD 26:4 (coll.).

mutqu A s.; head louse; SB.

uḥ.sag.du.ì.kú.e = mut-qu Hh. XIV 255; uḥ.sag.du.[i].kú.e = mut-qu = up-[lu] Hg. B III 20, in MSL 8/2 47.

mut- $qa \parallel kal$ -ma-t[u] CT 41 29 r. 16 (Alu Comm., to Tablet XLVI).

mutqu B muttabbilu

mātu mut-qu iṣabbat (a plague caused by) head lice will seize the country CT 41 16:30 (coll. D. J. Wiseman); [mut-qu] (in broken context) CT 40 14 K.7030+ r. 2' (both SB Alu); mut-qu p[u(?)-u]l(?)-hu iktabit elēnuššu (obscure) ZA 61 54:114.

Landsberger Fauna 126.

mutqu B s.; sweetness; lex.\*; cf. matāqu. ku-uk-ku ku<sub>7</sub>.ku<sub>7</sub> = matqum, matāqum, mu-ut-qum Proto-Diri 39-39b.

mutqû s.; sweet cake or bread; OB, Mari, Nuzi, SB; often wr. with det. NINDA; cf. matāqu.

- a) in gen.: 3 sìla mu-ut-qú-ú ana pan DN Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 153:4, cf. (tappinnu-flour) ibid. 15, tappinnu-flour ana mu-ut-qú-ú ibid. 158:3 and r. 3; x sìla NINDA mu-ut-qú-ú (as part of the naptan šarrim "royal meal") ARM 9 221 iii 5, vi 3, ARMT 11 3:9, 52:2, ARMT 12 121:2, wr. mu-ut-qú-ú ARMT 11 4:10, ARMT 12 4:10, 302:4, wr. mu-ut-qú ARM 7 94:4; wheat ana mu-ut-qú-ú HSS 14 181:7 (Nuzi).
- **b)** in rit.: DN  $na\check{s}i\langle\bar{a}\rangle kkum\ mu$ -ut- $q\acute{i}$ -i 7 u 7 O Šamaš, I bring you seven and seven Goetze, JCS 22 26:42 (OB ext. sweet cakes prayer); ina muḥḥi paṭīrī aklēšunu mut-qe-e tarakkas you arrange their breads, the sweet cakes, on the portable altars TuL p. 112:39, also (in broken context) [NINDA.MEŠ] mutqé-e tarakkas ibid. 113:1; NINDA mut-qí(var. -gi) zíz.àm 12.ta.àm ... tarakkas prepare twelve sweet breads from emmer for each (altar) BBR No. 1-20:33, also ibid. 45, wr. mut-gi ibid. 43; karānē ša 13 sìla (var. ana riksi) [ana NINDA] mut-qí-i tusammah you mix wine in the amount of 13 silas (variant: for the offering preparation) with the sweet cakes ibid. 47; 7 NINDA.GUR4.RA mu-ut-qi-i rabûti OECT 6 pl. 12 K.3507:26, see TuL p. 164:26.

In TuL p. 113:15 read [ina up-mi] [ar](!)-ki-e.

muttabbiltu s.; 1. vessels, furnishings, 2. (a type of net), 3. (part of a battering ram); SB; cf. abālu A.

- vessels, furnishings: unūtu mut-tabbil-ti ekallātešu kalama ša ina muhhi ūšibu ittilu ina libbi ēkulu ištū irmuku ippaššu ... ašlula I took as booty all the implements and furnishings of his palaces, whatever they used to sit and lieon, whatever they used to eat and drink from, whatever they bathed in and anointed themselves from Streck Asb. 52 vi 19; šumma zugagīpu ina  $\lceil mut$ -tab- $bil \rceil$ -ti  $b\bar{\imath}t$   $am\bar{e}li$  ulid if a scorpion gives birth in one of the vessels in somebody's house CT 40 26:26, cf. KAR 376 r. 14, and dupl. Boissier DA 2:15, KAR 382 r. 61; šumma nap: pillu ina mut-tab-bil-ti bīti innamir caterpillar is seen in a vessel in somebody's house CT 38 44 Sm. 472+:15, cf. ibid. 19:39, 39:35, CT 40 22 K.3674 r. 25, and passim; note šumma kulbābī ina bīt amēli ina muhhi mut-tab-bil-ti innamru KAR 376 r. 13; šumma ur.me ina mut-tab-bil-ti bīt amēli ittabšû BRM 4 21:13; šumma pizalluru ina mut-tab-bil-ti bīt amēli imqut CT 38 41:28, see Borger, BiOr 11 88; [šumma ... lu ana] muttab-bil-ti KAŠ [lu] ana namhari ša [mê] [imqut] CT 38 32:31 (all SB Alu); note in broken context: mut-tab-bil-t[um...] Lambert Love Lyrics 112 K.4247:4.
- 2. (a type of net): see Hg. II 29, Hh. VI 184, in lex. section.
- 3. (part of a battering ram): see Hh. VII A 95, in lex. section.

muttabbilu (fem. muttabbiltu) adj.; active, handling, (in substantival use) (one) who fetches and carries, servant; OB, SB; cf. abālu A.

ga.túm.túm = mut-tab-bi-lu Izi V 130.

a) in gen.: iṣbat idēja mut-tab-bil-a-ti she has seized my active hands Maqlu II 35, also III 98; emqum mu-tab(var. -ta)-bi-lum šu ikšudu nagab uršim the wise, the organizmuttablakkatu muttaggišu

er, who has achieved all wisdom CH iv 8, see also  $ab\bar{a}lu$  A mngs. 7a and 7b.

b) (in substantival use) (one) who fetches and carries, servant: šātu tūr nērma mu-ta[bbi]-il- $\check{s}u$   $n\bar{e}r$   $[x \ x \ x]$ give him another blow to kill him for certain, and afterward kill his servant [...] Gilg. O.I. lower edge 3 ana mut-tab-bi-li-iá qātuššu ipq[id] he (Marduk) had entrusted me to the hands of my servant Lambert BWL 50:45 (Ludlul III); [m]alāhī mut-tab-bi-li-[šá] ana libbiša ušel[la] he will let sailors, those who serve on it (the boat), embark on it Borger, BiOr 28 9 ii 31 (Marduk prophecy); aššassu SAL.UN. MEŠ ekallišu tīrē manzaz panī sihirti ummāni mala bašú mut-tab-bi-lu-tú ekalli ušēṣâmma šallatiš amnu I brought out his (Merodachbaladan's) wife, his palace women, the courtiers, the attendants, all the craftsmen, as many as there were, (and) all who do service (lit. fetch and carry) in (his) palace, and listed them as booty OIP 2 56:9, also (in similar context) mut-tab-bi-lu-ut ekalluš ibid. 24 i 34, mut-tab-bi-lu-ut ekallišu 52:33; Gilgāmeš ana mut-tab-bi-la-ti (var. mu $tap(LU)-pi-la-\langle ti \rangle \ \ \delta \acute{a}) \ \ [\ldots] \ \ amata \ \ izak[kar]$ Gilgāmeš speaks to the people (of Uruk) running back and forth (cf. pahra nišē ša Uruk line 179) Gilg. VI 180, possibly the var. mutappilu (belittler, or the like) is to be preferred.

muttablakkatu s.; rebellious person; OB\*; cf. nabalkutu.

sarrū mu-ut-ta-ab-la-ka-tu they are treacherous and rebellious Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 57 SH 861:13.

muttabriqu see barāqu mng. 3.

muttabrītu (muštabrītu, or muš/ttaprītu) adj. fem.; (qualifying a boat); lex.\*

[giš.má.peš<sub>6</sub>].peš<sub>6</sub>(var. .peš.peš) = mut-tab-ri-tum (var. mus-tab-ri-tum) Hh. IV 275, vars. from RS school text.

See also mutteritu.

muttaddinu s.; seller, merchant; lex.\*; ef. nadānu.

lú.kù.šè.ab.sum.sum.mu = mut-ta-di-nu Nabnitu J 41.

mutta'du see muttādu.

muttādu (mutta'du) adj.; attentive, careful; SB\*; cf. na'ādu.

[...].gál = mu-ta-'-du (in group with mu-šeb-ru-u, i-da šá-qa-lu) CT 51 168 i 21 (group voc. A).

šumma mu-ut-ta-id if he is attentive ZA 43 100:14 (Sittenkanon); šumma šamur mu-ta-id (var. mu-ut-ta-id) if he is careful and attentive ibid. 102:56, var. from Or. NS 16 201:8.

For discussion see mutta'idu.

muttādu see mutta'idu.

muttaggišu (muštaggišu) adj.; roaming (around); OB, Bogh., SB; cf. nagāšu.

DIN = ha-a-a-tu, lú.DIN = mut-tag-gi-šu 2R 44 No. 2:4 f. (group voc.).

gidim.gá.la na.an.dag.dag.ge $_4$ : elemmu mut-tag-gi-šú ASKT p. 86-87:9, see Borger, AOAT l p. 6:82; ir.uš bar.dag.dag.ge ka.ab. ba.a.meš (var. ka.bi du $_8$ .a): laššūti mut-tag-gi-šú-ti ša pīšunu petû šunu they are foreigners and roamers whose mouths are open UET 6 391:22, dupl. KAR 24:12f. (utukkī lemnūti), var. from VAT 4955:13f. (Comm. to A III/2).

DAG // mut-[tag-gi-šu] A VIII/1 Comm. 21.

- a) in independent use (said of travelers):  $tamk\bar{a}r\bar{u}$   $n\bar{a}s\hat{u}$   $k\bar{i}si$  mu-ta-gi-su-u  $\bar{a}lik$  arh[i...] the merchants who carry the purse, the travelers who walk the roads Studies Landsberger 286:14 (inc.), cf. ina  $sul\hat{e}$   $s\bar{e}ri$  mut-tag-gi- $s\hat{u}$  imahharka (even) the roamer along the roads in the steppe prays to you (Šamaš) Lambert BWL 134:144; mu-ut-ta-ag-gi-sum-ma BM 13928:7 (OB lit.); Lú mut-tag-gi-sum-tag-
- b) in adjectival use (said of demons): ețemmu mu-ut-tág-gi<sub>5</sub>-šu ṣabtuš (whether) a roaming ghost has seized him ZA 45 206 iv 3 (Bogh. rit.), also ibid. 20, cf. [e]ţemmu mut-tag-gi-šú iṣbassu Labat TDP 184 r. 3, also LKA 84:23, see TuL p. 145, wr. mu-ut-ta-ag-gi-šu CT 51 142:5; māmīt rābiṣē mut-tag-gi-šu-ti (vars. muš-ta-[g]i-šu-te, m[ut-ta]k-ki-šu-ti) the

muttaḥallilu muttakpu

"oath" by the *rābiṣu*-demons who roam around Šurpu III 87; *šēdu mu-ut-ta-gi*(text -zi)-šu Labat Suse 134 i 36.

muttahallilu see muttahlilu.

muttahhişu see mundahşu.

muttaḥlilu (muttaḥallilu, muštaḥlilu) s.; sneak thief; SB; cf. halālu A.

li-li-ib šī.šī = habbātum, sà-ar-ru-um, mu-ut-ta-ah-li-lum Proto-Diri 99ff.; li-lib šī.šī = sarr[u], šarr[āqu], hab[bātu], mu-t[a-ah-li-lu] Diri II 75ff.; [...] šī.šī = mut-tah-lil-lum Diri RS Recension I Section E 16; šī.šī = šarrāqum, šī.šī.šī = mu-ta-ah-li-lu-um OBGT XIII 26f.; [šu-ḥa-da] [šu.ḤA] = sarru, šarrāqu, pallišu, habbātu, mut-tah-li-lu Diri V 101ff., cf. šī.šī = šarrāqum, habbātum, mut-tah-li-lum Studies Landsberger 35:12 (Silbenvokabular A from RS); me.me = mu-ut-ha-li-lum ibid. 34:8.

mut-taḥ-li-lu (var. muš-taḥ-li-lu) šarrāqu muṣallû ša Šamaš the sneak thief, the thief are petitioners of Šamaš Lambert BWL 134:143; aššum in fid mūṣē mêša ḥabbāti mu-ut-taḥa-li-lum la erēbi lest a robber (or) a sneak thief enter the outlet of its (the canal's) water VAB 4 84 No. 5 ii 3 (Nbk.); [šar]rāq ṣēri šēlibu mut-taḥ-l[il ...] the fox, the thief of the desert, the sneak thief of [...] Lambert BWL 204:8 (fable).

The form muttahallilu VAB 4 84 No. 5 ii 3 is possibly to be considered a IV/3 participle.

von Soden, Or. NS 20 259.

muttahşu see mundahşu.

mutta'idu (muttādu) adj.; famous(?) mighty(?); SB; cf. nâdu.

na, // iá àm.me.ri mu.un.g[ul]: abnu mutta-'i-di tābut // abnu ina uzzi tābut you (Nergal) have crushed the famous(?) stone (variant: you have crushed the stone in (your) anger) 4R 30 No. 1:17ff.

ištu ... ajābu mut-ta-'i-du (var. mut-ta-du) ušāpû šu-ri-šam after he had .... the mighty(?) enemy, with comm. [mut]-ta-du | dan-nu En. el. IV 124; rubû šagapuru mut-ta-'-id [...] (Ninurta) the mighty prince, famous(?) [in battle?] KAR 83 r. i 8.

The context calls for a term like "famous, mighty" from  $n\hat{a}du$  "to praise" (I/3 part.); while mutta'du ( $mutt\bar{a}du$ ), q.v., is derived from  $na'\bar{a}du$  "to be attentive" (I/2 part.). The variant  $mutt\bar{a}du$  in En. el. IV 124 represents a mistake based on a confusion between the two words.

mutta'ilu s.; (mng. uncert.); SB\*; cf. utūlu v.

šumma ina āli mut-ta-'i-lu-tum ma'du if in a city the performers of incubation(?) are numerous (between LÚ.DINGIR.RE.E.NE. MEŠ and huppû) CT 38 4:90 (Alu).

muttakkipu adj.; goring; SB; ef. nakāpu.

 $u_4$  al.d $u_7$ .d $u_7$  [KA׊ID] al.[g]i<sub>4</sub>.[gi<sub>4</sub>] (var.  $u_4$  al.d $u_7$ .d $u_7$  še.eg al.gi<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>4</sub>): muttak-ki-pu šá(text a)-gi-mu(?) storm demon, butting, thundering SBH p. 127 No. 82:11, var. from UET 6 203:17.

See also muttakpu.

muttaklu adj.; ravaging; SB\*; ef. akālu.

 $q\bar{a}t$  DINGIR mut-tak-li dalàd šá- $\langle ni \rangle$ -e dni[n.x] (the diagnosis is:) "hand of the ravaging god," the  $\delta\bar{e}du$ -spirit, the .... of DN Köcher BAM 407:7, cf. [ana ina  $q\bar{a}t$  DINGIR] mut-tak-li  $et\bar{e}ri\delta u$  ibid. 8.

The designation ilu muttaklu occurs between ilu nadru and ilu šamru, and hence the etymological connection with  $ak\bar{a}lu$  in the meaning "to ravage, consume" (see  $ak\bar{a}lu$  mng. 5 and, for I/2, mng. 8) is the most likely. For emendation see the similar text Iraq 19 41 r. 1-20.

muttakpu adj.; goring; SB; cf. nakāpu. [udu.du<sub>2</sub>.du<sub>7</sub>] = mut-[tak-pu] Hh. XIII 49.

 $u_4.du_7.du_7.meš$  dingir.hul.a.meš: $\bar{u}m\bar{u}$  muttak-pu-tum ilū lemnūtu šunu they are goring storms, evil demons CT 16 19:1f.; ur.sag.dib.dib.mu gud.du<sub>7</sub>.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) saman (£š.sū.Nun.ku. TU) ha.ma.šub: $qarr\bar{a}[d\bar{u}]$  ša akmû kīma alpi muták-pi šummāni lit[taddů] (see alpu lex. section) Angim IV 6.

lillid UNUG.KI rīmu mut-tak-pu the native of Uruk, the butting wild bull Iraq 37 160 i 28 (Gilg. I).

See also muttakkipu.

muttalku muttalliktu

muttalku see muntalku.

muttallik panî (fem. muttallikti panî) adj.; leading the way; OB\*; cf. alāku v.

- a) muttallik panî: KASKAL GIŠ.TUKUL ša  $^{d}$ UTU  $eb\bar{u}r$  še-e mu-ut-ta-al-li-ik pa-ni-i GN journey of the weapon of Šamaš, at barley harvest (time), leading the way, (for) GN (PN<sub>2</sub>, the  $gudaps\hat{u}$ -priest, rented the journey from PN for one year, see girru A mng. 5a) CT 4 29a:3.
- b) muttallikti panî: KASKAL GIŠ.TUKUL ša dutu buru<sub>x</sub>(en×gán-tenû).Šè še.GIŠ GN mu-ut-ta-al-li-ik-ti pa-ni-i CT 4 18c:4, also, with added lú: KASKAL GIŠ.TUKUL ša dutu U<sub>4</sub>.Buru<sub>x</sub>.Šè še-e GN lú mu-ut-ta-al-li-ik-tim pa-ni-i-im (rented by an overseer) CT 4 23c:4.

Although muttallik panî is an attribute of the weapon of Šamaš, its meaning (see girru A mng. 5a) was no longer understood in these late OB texts. The word order varies, and the fem. form muttalliktu was used because it was understood as qualifying KASKAL. See also alāku mng. 4c-1'b', and ālik pani.

R. Harris, Studies Landsberger 221 n. 42.

muttalliktu s.; 1. (regular) service, 2. (a type of pavement), 3. (movable part of an implement), 4. commerce(?), 5. (a door, swinging door?); OA, OB, Mari, SB, NB; pl. muttallikātu; cf. alāku v.

giš.DU.DU.gud.si.dili = mut-tal-li-kàt (var. a-ra-a-tú) a-šu-bu, mu-ta-bi-lat a-šu-bu Hh. VII A 94f.

mut-tal-lik-tum = [MIN (= da-al-tum)] CT 18 4 K.4375 iv 70.

 $^{\Phi}$ U = mut-tal-lik-t $\acute{u}$  Izbu Comm. 218; mut-tal-lik-t $\acute{u}$  = x x x], mut-tal-lik-t $\acute{u}$  = pu-lum (or bu-lum) ibid. 482.

1. (regular) service (OB): ālum halṣum u mu-ut-ta-li-ka-t[um] ša bēlija šalma the city, the fortress, and the (regular) services of my lord are in good order TCL 18 78:5; warkat alpī u mu-ta-lik-tim mamman ul iparras nobody looks after the oxen and the m-service TCL 17 40:4; ana mu-ut-ta-al-li-ik-ti-ia mimma libbaka la inaḥḥid ana mu-ut-ta-al-l[i]-ik-ti-ka-a-ma libbī inaḥhid [L]Ú.MEŠ

- ša ittika ittanallaku damāqumma damqu mīnam luqbî ana mu-ut-ta-al-li-ik-ti-ia īnka lu nawrat do not worry about my m.-service; I do worry, however, about your m.-service: the men who serve with you are very good, so what can I say? But you should keep a keen eye on my m.-service ARM 4 34:7, 10 and 16; šulmī u mu-ta-li-[ik-ti] aštanapparakz kum I frequently write to you about my well-being and my m.-service ibid. 67:24.
- 2. (a type of pavement): mu-ta-li-ik-ta ša kisal abāri ša bīt DN bēlišu ikšir he repaired the m.-pavement of the "lead courtyard" of the temple of Aššur, his lord AOB 1 106 No. 27:3 (Adn. I), cf. mu-ta-li[k-t]a ša kisal abāri cited AOB 1 107 n. 6 (Shalm. III), see WO 1 395f.; mu-[t]a-lik-tu hiburnu (var. hiburnu) u rāṭāte the m.-pavement, the (sacred) hiburnu-container, and the (sacred) pipes KAR 214 i 39, var. from 325:5 (tākultu-rit.), see Frankena Tākultu 25; mu-ta-li-ik-ta [la . . .] askuppata la [. . .] [do not . . .] the pavement(?), do not [cross] the threshold KUB 4 16:4 (inc.), for askuppatu beside tallaktu see askuppatu usage a and askuppu mng. 2a.
- 3. (movable part of an implement) a) part of a battering ram: see Hh. VII A 94f., in lex. section.
- b) other occs.: 45 IGI.GUB mu-ut-ta-al-li-i[k]-tum (var. mu-ta-li-ik-tim) 45 is the coefficient of a m. (preceded by coefficients of bricks) MCT pl. 18 Ud 39, var. from Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 236:16; mu-tal-li-ik(text-TA?)-tum UD.KA.BAR (bought for one and one-third shekels of silver) TuM 2-3 21:1 and 8 (NB).
- 4. commerce(?): mut-ta-lik-ti māt nakri iṣaḥhir the commerce(?) of the country of the enemy will decrease KAR 426:10 (SB ext.), cf. ibid. 9, cf. also mut(text GI)-tal-lik-ti KUR NI-[...] ima'idma CT 30 38 ii 20, see also Izbu Comm. 482, in lex. section; uncert.: ana kaspim ù mu-ta-lik-tí-šu lu ina Alim lu ina eqlim PN ilaqqe KBo 9 40:11 (OA).
- 5. (a door, swinging door?): see CT 18 4 K.4375 iv 70, in lex. section.

muttalliku muttallu

Ad mng. 2: The term possibly refers to the stone tracks ("Steinbahn") found in Assyrian palaces, see G. Turner, Iraq 32 186, also Andrae Das wiedererstandene Assur p. 154 and fig. 10.

muttalliku (fem. muttalliktu) adj.; 1. movable, portable (objects and furnishings), 2. roaming, restless (demons and persons), 3. muttallik mūši one who roams around at night; OB, SB; wr. syll. and PAP.HAL, DU.DU; cf. alāku.

KI.NE.gin.gin = (kinūnu) mut-tal-li-ku portable stove Hh. X 338; im.šu.rin.na.gin.gin = (tinūru) mut-tal-li-ku ibid. 340; NE.DU<sup>kl(?)-im(?)</sup>. DU<sup>kl-im</sup> = MIN (= kinūnu) mu-ut-tal-li-ku Izi I 189. [igi.h]ul.dim.ma pap.hal.la.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) : i-

ni(var. -nu) lemuttu mut-tal-lik-tum (var. a-na mut-tal-[x-(x)]) CT 17 33:5, vars. from STT 179:9f.

 ${\tt l\acute{u}.u_x(GI\check{s}GAL).lu~pap.\mathring{h}al.la~t\acute{u}g.gin_x(GIM)}$ ba.an.dul : Lú mut-tál-li-ka(var. -ku) kīma şubāti iktatam he (the asakku-demon) enveloped the restless man like a garment CT 17 6:31f., cf., wr. mu-ut-ta-al-li-kam PBS 1/2 122:19f.; lú.ux. lu pap.hal.la gaba.ri.a.ni ba.an.gar : ana a-me-li mut-tal-li-ki mehris sakinma blocking (the way of) the restless man CT 17 19 i 13f.; a.rá arhuš.sud lú.ux.lu pap.hal.la dumu dingir. ra.na: alakti rēmu ša a-me-lu mut-tal-li-ki mār ilišu a procedure for obtaining mercy for the restless person, the son of his personal god BIN 2 22:181f., and passim in this text; nam.ti.la lú.ux.lu pap. hal.la.kex: [an]a bullut a-me-lu mut(var. mu)-talli-ki in order to heal the restless man 5R 50 ii 3f. and dupls. (= Schollmeyer No. 1), see Borger, JCS 21 5:42; ki.ná sag lú.ux.lu pap.hal.la.kex hé.en.gub.bu.uš : ina majālu ina rēš a-me-lu mut-tal-li-ka(var. -ki) lu kajān let him remain constantly in the bedroom, beside the restless man CT 16 45:153f.; su lú.ux.lu pap.hal.la.kex hé.ib.ta.an.zi.zi : zumri a-me-li mut-tal-li-ki lišatbû let (the gods) make the body of the restless man rise (again) CT 17 23:166f., and passim in bil. texts; [lú.du(?)].du u4.ginx mu. un.da.ru.uš : a-me-lu mut-tal-lik kīma ūmu ihmūšuma CT 16 24:10f., dupl. UET 6 392:5.

1. movable, portable (objects and furnishings): see Hh. X, Izi, in lex. section; x sila of oil for DUG mu-ta-li-ik-tum the portable(?) vessel Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 111:2; hussa mu-tal-li-ki ina ekal šarri remember the furnishings made of me (the tamarisk) (that are) in the king's palace Lambert BWL 158:21, cf. mimmaki mu-ta-li-ka-am ina ekallim hussi

ibid. 156 r. 3 (OB), also ha-sa-ku(?) mu-tal-li-ka ina ekalli šarri ibid. 162:31 (Assur recension).

- 2. roaming, restless (demons and persons) a) roaming (said of animals or demons): nammaššū ṣēri mut-tal-li-ku the roaming creatures of the plain KAR 165:18; uncert.: [ina] ì a-si mut-tal-li-ki t[ēteneqqi] you daub (the patient's wound) with fat from a dancing(?) bear AMT 101,3:3; mu-ut-tal-liktu [ša sūqāti?] (said of the sorceress, see alāku mng. 6a-2') KAR 226 ii 12, var. to Maqlu III 54.
- b) restless (said of persons persecuted by demons): see bil. refs., in lex. section; [...] LÚ.HUŠ.A šā LÚ.DU.DU u mi-tum [...] dHu-mu-uţ-ta-bal šá LÚ.DU.DU-ku u mi-tum K.8328:22f.; [mu]-tál-lik-ta [...] (in broken context, Sum. broken) Lambert BWL 261:17 (bil. proverbs).
- 3. muttallik mūši one who roams around at night a) as the name of a plant: Ú.KUR.KUR: AŠ mu-tal-lik mu-ši Uruanna III 94, cf. Ú.KUR.KUR: Ú DU.DU mu-ši ibid. II 24a; Ú MIN (= pi-zir) DU.DU: Ú pi-zir Uruanna II 60; Ú pi-zir DU.DU (among materia medica) AMT 84,4 iii 4.
- **b)** other occs.: see  $al\bar{a}ku$  lex. section and mng. 6a-2'.

muttallu (muttallû, muttellu, fem. muttalz latu, muttelletu) adj.; noble; OB, SB; cf. muttallūtu.

nir.gál = mu-ta-al-lu CT 51 168 i 10 (group voc. A).

za-al NI = šá KA.NI mu-tál-lum A II/1 iii 16', also cited A II/1 Comm. r. 4; KA.zal<sup>za-al</sup> = pu-ú mu-ta-lum YBC 9868 iii 47 (OB Kagal, courtesy H. Hoffner); [si-li-ig] silig = [mu-ut-t]al-lu, ašaridu, šagapuru VAT 10296 i 1ff. (text similar to Idu).

[nu.nun]uz.mèn šul ka.zal me.e ši.in. ga.mèn : sinnišāku eļlu mu-tál-lum anāku[ma] though I am a woman, I am a noble young man SBH p. 106:39f.; sur.dùmušen mušen ka.zal.la igi.hul.gál.zu.eš á.gùb.bu.mu bí.in.uš : MIN (= surdû) iṣṣūra mu-tál-la ina panīka lemnūti ina šumēlija erdīšu I drove away the falcon, the noble bird, from your evil face, with my left (hand) CT 16 28:66f.; en.na du.uš.ka.ra ka.za.al iš.kur (syllabic Sum.) : bēlu ša ina ḥegalli ašbu

muttallu muttanbiţu

mu-ti-el-lu <sup>d</sup>U RA 58 72:11f. (Bogh.); peš.tur.zi KA.zal.maḥ šeš.KI.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID) : liblibbi mut-tal-li ṣīri ša Uri (Ningublaga) noble first offshoot of Ur RA 17 152 ii 6, dupl. KAR 48 fragm. 2 ii 7, see ArOr 21 374.

KA.za.al: mu-te-le-tum (for context, see kadru lex. section) Sumer 13 69:1f. (OB lit.); ur.sag. gal dug<sub>4</sub>.ga.ni KA.zal: ša qibīssu mut-tál(!)-la-at SBH p. 38:24.

šul ka.tar.ra.ra ka.a šú.dè mèn : ša etlu mut-tal-lum pāsimat pīšu anāku I am the one who covers the mouth of the noble young man ASKT p. 129:17f., cf. šul ka.tar.a.ra.zu (mistake for ka.tar.ra.a.zu) íd nu.bal.e : etlu mut-tal-lu nāri ul ibbir BRM 4 8:27f., see Falkenstein, ZA 56 119 n. 38.

[§á-ga-pu]-rum, mut-tal-lu = da-a[p-nu] CT 18 44 K.7699:1f. (syn. list).

a) as an attribute of deities: d[Ir]-na-na mu-tal-la-tum (var. mut-tal-la-a-ti) rabāt Igigi you, DN, are noble, greatest among the Igigi KUB 37 36:7, var. from STC pl. 75:3, see JCS 21 cf. mu-tál-la-tum šurbûtum Irnini KAR 144:14 and dupls., see Zimmern, ZA 32 172:23; Ištar *mu-tal-la-at ilī* Biggs Šaziga Šamaš mu-tál Anunnaki etel Igigi Köcher BAM 323:19; Ninurta mut-tal-li Igigi 1R 29 i 5 (Šamši-Adad V),  $[Nab\hat{u}]$  ... [mut]tal-lum narām Erua RA 18 31:3; Marduk bēlī šagapur ilī mu-ut-ta-al-lum VAB 4 148 iv 5 (Nbk.), dupl. WVDOG 59 46 No. 5:7, cf. mär Ea apkal ili mut-tal-lum ArOr 17/1 183:11, also STC 1 205:1, see Ebeling Handerhebung 94, also BMS 12:20, see von Soden, Iraq 3185; (Asalluhi) apkal ilī mut-tal-lu AfO 17 312:7 (Marduk's address to the demons), also (referring to Ninurta) AKA 256:5 (Asn.); [apkal?] ilī mut-tal-lum JCS 16 64 iii 6 (catalog), (Nabû)  $[ap]kal \ ili \ mu$ -tál(var. -tal)-lu KAR 25 ii 32 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 16:6, also (referring to Aššur) BA 5 652 No. 16:14 (hymn of Asb.), and Langdon Tammuz pl. 6:3 (Esarh.?); Zababa mu-ut-ta-al-lum RA 11 109 i 15, cf. Lugalmaradda qarrādu mu-ut-ta-al-lum ibid. 111 ii 16, dupl. CT 36 21ff. (Nbn.); Nabû ... šaqû mut-tal-lum Lehmann Šamaš-šumukin pl. 8:1, see Pinckert Nebo p. 29, also ABL 1240:13, cf. (Dumuzi) šaqû mut-tal-lu-ú at= tama Köcher BAM 339:37; bēla dLAMMA,KA,KA mu-tál-la bānka sullīma RA 17 121 i 22 (bil. lit., Sum. broken); Samaš rē'û ša nišē ilu muttal-lu KAR 55:5, see Ebeling Handerhebung 52;

Nusku ilu mu-tal-lu AKA 243 i 7 (Asn.); UR. SAG ilī mut-tal-lum Köcher BAM 322:80.

- b) qualifying men: see ASKT p. 129:17f., BRM 48:27f., in lex. section; uncert.: ana bēlija asmi lullî mu-ta-a[l-li(?)] (see lullû adj.) BE 17 24:1 (MB let.); in personal names: A-li-mu-ta-al-li A.7552:23 (OB let.); the name Muttallu borne by foreign princes (see Tallqvist APN 142) is probably not related to Akk. muttallu.
- c) qualifying the falcon: see CT 16 28:66f., in lex. section.
- d) said of speech: ina epēš pi-i mut-tal-li ša DN DN<sub>2</sub> in following the noble command of DN, DN<sub>2</sub> Streck Asb. 2 i 13; mut-tál-lu pi-ia a-pa-tíš īteš'û they have muzzled my noble mouth like . . . . Lambert BWL 34:70 (Ludlul I); rubû pâ mu-tál-la [GAR] the prince will have a noble command (cf. pâ maṭâ GAR, see maṭû adj. mng. lc) KAR 460:22 (SB ext.), cf. KA mu-tal-li GAR LKU 123:15 (Alu?); uncert.: [x]II-šú mu-tál-la-ti (in broken context) KAR 253 i 18, see Ebeling, ArOr 17/1 196; see also YBC 9868, SBH p. 38:24, in lex. section.

Landsberger, JCS 8 132f.; Sjöberg, ZA 55 1f.

muttallû see muttallu.

muttallūtu s.; distinction, superiority; lex.\*; cf. muttallu.

nam.nir.gál = mu-ta-lu-tu CT 51 168 i 11 (group voc. A).

muttanbițu (muttananbițu) adj.; bright, shining; SB\*; cf. nabāţu.

si.mul.an.na.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID): nūr mut-ta-an-bi-tu (var. mut-ta-na-an-bi-tu) ša šamē the sparkling light of the heavens SBH p. 19 r. 8f., dupl. p. 22:66f.; mul (var. id) nun.<sup>4</sup>bi.ir.du pa mul. bi na.nam: MIN palagšu mut-ta-an-bi-tum-ma the Nunbirdu-canal is its shining canal JRAS 1919 190:8 (Enlil and Ninlil), see Falkenstein, ZA 47 194.

MUL.SAG.ME.GAR mut-tan-bi-ṭu (var. ib-il-ma) ... ina MN uqarribma ašar Šamaš uštappā izziz the bright Jupiter came close in Simānu and stood in the place where the sun appears Borger Esarh. 17:34; cf. (said of Nergal as Mars) [...] išid šamê mut-tan-na-

## muttaparšidu

muttaprišu

an-bi-ţu BiOr 6 166:9; [x-x]-tum mu-ut-ta-anbi-ţum CT 23 7:36 (inc.).

muttaparšidu see muttapraššidu.

muttaphu adj.; incendiary; SB\*; cf. na: pāhu.

ù.bu.bu dè.dal.la ki.bal.a šèg.gá. mèn : ša nablūša mut-tap-hu(text -ri)-tum ana māt nukurti izannunu anāku I (Ištar) am the one whose incendiary arrows rain down on the enemy country ASKT p. 129:15f.

Either the sign RI has to be emended to hu, or a sign has to be inserted after -ri-, e.g., mut-tap-ri- $\langle \delta u \rangle$ -tum, see  $muttapri\delta u$ .

muttaplisu s.; inspector, controller; OB lex.\*; cf. palāsu.

lú.igi.bar.ra = [mu]-ut-ta-ap-li-su OB Lu A 349.

muttapraššidu (muttaparšidu) adj.; roaming, roving; SB, NA; cf. naparšudu v.

ša amēli mut-tap-raš-ši-di mali karassu kalbu dajālu eṣemta iḥeppi [ḥaḥḥur]u mut-tap-raš-ši-di iqannun qinna akkannu murtap-pidu išebb[i EDI]N the belly of the roving man is filled, the wandering dog crunches bones, the roaming falcon makes his nest, the roving wild ass has his fill of the plain Lambert BWL 144:19ff., cf. ibid. 25 and 27 (Dialogue); Mušen.meš mut-ta-par-ši-du (in broken context) Bauer Asb. pl. 61 83-1-18,475 r. 1, see p. 73 (NA).

muttapriru adj.; roaming around; SB; cf. parāru.

ga.ba.u $R_4$ .u $R_4$  = mut-tap-ri-r[u] Izi V 131; a.giš.šul.šul = mut-tap-ri-ir-rum ZA 9 161:27 (group voc.).

[...] x bar.bar.[ra][...] mu.un.su<sub>8</sub>.su<sub>8</sub>.ge. eš: mut-tap-ri-ir-ru [ina li]bbi ālu ittanallaku CT 17 15:2f.; ur.sag gaba kin.kin (with gloss) muut-tap-ri-rum Kramer Two Elegies 52:12 (coll.).

mītu mu-ut-tap-ri-ru a roaming dead man KAR 32:12.

muttaprišu (fem. muttaprištu) adj.; flying, winged; SB; wr. syll. and RI.RI; cf. naprušu.

kiši<sub>8</sub>.RI.RI.ga = (kulbābu) mu-ut-tap-ri-šu (var. mu-tap-ri-[šu]) winged ant Hh. XIV 359; kiši<sub>8</sub>. RI.RI.meš = (kulbābī) mu-tap-ri-šú-[te] Practical Vocabulary Assur 418; gír.tab.RI.RI.ga = (zuqaqīpu) mu-ut-tap-ri-šu (vars. mu-tap-ri-šu, muš-tap-rit-tu) Hh. XIV 370.

ύ pi-zir RI.RI: ύ pi-in-zi-ir mut-tap-ri-šú CT 41 45 BM 76487:13 (Uruanna IIIb Comm.).

a) said of birds — 1' in royal insers.: (my troops marched on difficult paths) pirikšun mušen.meš šamė mut-tap-ri-š[u-ti] (var. R[I.RI.MEŠ]) la ētiqu a region where not even flying birds of the sky pass AfO 6 82:30 (Aššur-bēl-kala);  $[e]qlu\ iss\bar{u}r\ sam\hat{e}\ mut-tap-ri-slpha$ qerebšu la i' \langle ir \rangle ru terrain where not even a winged bird penetrates KAH 284:83 (Adn. II). cf. mut-tap-ri-šú (var. muš-tap-ri-[šú]) AKA 270 i 49 (Asn.), cited muštaprišu; būl Šakkan gimirta u işşūr šamê mut-tap-ri-[ša] hunted) all wild animals and the birds flying in the sky AKA 86 vi 83, cf. sitet umāme ma'di u mušen.meš šamê mut-tap-ri-šá 142 iv 31 (Tigl. I); sheep whose wool is dyed purple issūr šamê mut-tap-ri-šú-ti ša agap: pišunu ana takilte sarpu (and) flying birds whose wings are dyed takiltu-purple (in a list of tribute) Rost Tigl. III p. 26:156; big bulls, kurkê paspasē mušen.meš fattened sheep šamê mut-tap-riš-ú-te maharšun aqqi geese, ducks, flying birds of the sky I offered before Winckler Sar. pl. 48:20; šášu qadu mundahşišu kima erî mut-tap-ri-ši abāršu ina šēti him, together with his warriors, I caught like a flying eagle in the net Iraq 16 186 vi 46 (Sar.).

2' in lit.: kunšillu kīnu āribi mut-tap-ri-šu iram[mu] can the firmly rooted kunšilluthorn and the flying crow love each other? JTVI 29 84:11, see MVAG 21 92:11 (Kedorlaomer text); [a-šar iṣ-ṣu]-ru mut-tap-ri-ši la ú-šal-la-[mu(?)...] where the flying bird does not keep [...] safe(?) CT 22 48 r. 7 (mappa mundi); I bring to you (Šamaš and Adad) as offering ... ha-ṣi-ba-ra-am [m]u-ut-tap-ri-iš-t[u] a flying hāṣibaru-bird Gray Šamaš pl. 8 K.5900+K.13973:5.

b) said of insects: [šumma x x x] KI.NE KIŠI<sub>8</sub> RI.RI IGI if a flying ant is seen [on the top of?] the brazier CT 40 44 K.3821:13, cf.

muttaprītu muttāqūtu

[šumma KIŠI8.MEŠ] ina bīt amēli ina SAG KI.NE RI.RI IGI.MEŠ KAR 376 r. 30 (both SB Alu); Ú MIN (= pi-zir) RI.RI = Ú da-a-a-i Uruanna II 61, see also CT 41 45, in lex. section; for flying scorpion see Hh. XIV 370, in lex. section.

- c) said of burning arrows and fire:  $[m\bar{a}m]it$   $k\bar{i}ma$  nabli mut-tap-ri- $\dot{s}i$  littapra $\dot{s}$  may the "oath" fly away like a flying flame JNES 15 140:27 and dupl. STT 75:13, cf. ASKT p. 129:15f., cited mut-taphu; i- $\dot{s}\dot{a}$ -a[t p]e-e mut-tap- $ri\dot{s}$ - $t\dot{u}$  the flying fire of (burning) chaff STT 136 iii 34, wr. IZI I[N.BUL.BUL(?) m]ut(!)-tap(!)- $r[i\dot{s}$ - $t\dot{u}$ ] ibid. 44.
- d) other occs.:  $NA_4$  mut-tap-ri-šu eli amēli x [...] a flying stone will hit(?) the man KAR 153 obv.(!) 18 (SB ext.); [ $\circ$ ] kukru:  $\circ$  a-ši-i mu-tap-ri-e $\circ$ : sāku ina šikari rēštī šaq $\circ$  kukru-plant: medication for the "flying" a $\circ$  disease: to crush and to give to drink in beer of first quality Kocher BAM 1 i 67; for a $\circ$  RI.RI (= a $\circ$  muttapri $\circ$  u r  $\circ$  n $\circ$  tu) AMT 26,1:6 and 17 see  $\circ$  n $\circ$  tu.

## muttaprītu see muttabrītu.

muttāqu (mutāqu, muntāqu) s.; sweet cake; MA, MB, SB, NB; wr. syll. and NINDA.KU<sub>7</sub>.KU<sub>7</sub>; cf. matāqu.

a) in leg. and econ.: 3 silas of linseed oil ana mu-ut-ta-qí for sweet cakes BE 14 148:51 (MB econ.); NINDA mu-ta-qi  $\frac{1}{2}$  SÌLA ŠE.GIŠ.Ì VAT 10550 ii 22' (MA, courtesy F. Köcher); nine silas of linseed oil ana mu-ta-qu ana PN ēpišāna ša PN, nadnu Nbn. 859:5, cf. ana mu-taq-qu ana sattuk ša MN ana PN ēpišānu  $\delta a [PN_2 \ nadnu]$  (same person) Nbn. 683:2, cf. Nbn. 200:3, Cyr. 238:4; 10 mašīhi zíz.Am ana mut-ta-qu PN ten measures of emmer for sweet cakes (received by/given to) PN (same person) Nbn. 592:2, also Nbn. 620:1; silver ana zíz. Am ša mu-ut-ta-qu Nbn. 161:5, also Cyr. 206:7; x silver ša ana [mu-ta]-qu ana PN [nadnu] Nbn. 749:2; 72 Sìla (barley) mut-ta-qu MU.16.KÁM PN UCP 9 59 No. 8:9; 13 mu-taq-qu ša kal šatti šalām bītānu (text concerning sāhitūtu-prebend) 82-9-18,227a:4; 13 mut-ta-qu ša £ [...] (in broken context mentioning mubannûtu- and sāhitūtu-prebends) Evetts App. 3:4 (Xerxes); 3 NINDA.HI.A ina Làl.HI.A ša mut-ta-qu PN išši GCCI 1 289:6; 7 NINDA.HI.A LÀL ša 7 UD.ÈŠ.ÈŠ.ME ša mut-ta-qu ša MN GCCI 1 193:2; 3 NINDA. HI.A LÀL ina LÀL ša mut-ta-qa ša MN Moore Michigan Coll. 85:2; oil, dates 2 NINDA.HI.A MUN.HI.A ZÍD.X.KUM ù mut-ta-qu (followed by meat portions, fowls) ina PAD.HI.A LUGAL GCCI 1 238:5; linseed oil ša 9 UD. ÈŠ. ÈŠ. ME ša TCL 13 233:3, also Freydank Wirtschaftstexte No. 2 r. 20; x linseed oil ša mutta-qu sattuk ša PN riqqû Cyr. 69:2; 36 Sìla še.giš.ì ša ana 24 sìla zíz.àm sattuk ša mut-[ta]-qu ša MN ana PN nadna Pinches Peek 6:2, wr. ša mu-ta.meš Camb. 324:15, cf. sattuk ša Camb. 178:2, 7, 188:3, Dar. 90:7, mu-ta-qu 92:12, note the atypical x mašihi ša sattuk x [...] pappasu ša mu-ut-ta-qu Nbn. 649:2, also ten measures ana mu-ut-ta-qu ... 10 KI.MIN ana pappasu ša mu-ta-qu Nbn. 476:11f.

b) in kudurrus, hist. and lit.: NINDA. KU7.KU7 (in a list of food offerings) VAS 1 36 ii 6, wr. mut-ta-qu AnOr 12 305 ii 3 (both NB kudurrus); mu-ut-ta-qu (beside honey, ghee, milk, and first quality oil) VAB 4 154 iv 46, 168 vii 26, 170 vii 50, RA 14 161:4, mu-ut-ta-qa VAB 4 160 vii 15 (all Nbk.), wr. munta-qu (among other cakes, for translat. see kubbušu) RAcc. 77:38.

For TS 112:7 (= Proto-Diri 39b) see mutqu.

muttāqu in ša muttāqi (ša muttāqišu) s.; confectioner, maker of sweetmeats; MB, NA; wr. syll. and (Lú.)NINDA.KU<sub>7</sub>.KU<sub>7</sub>; ef. matāqu.

muḥaldim.ninda.ku<sub>7</sub>.ku<sub>7</sub> = ša mut-ta-qi Lu I 159; lú.ninda.ku<sub>7</sub>.ku<sub>7</sub> = šá mu-ta-qi-šu Igituh short version 240; Lú.NINDA.KU<sub>7</sub>.KU<sub>7</sub> MSL 12 239 iv 12 (NA list of professions).

PN LÚ.NINDA.KU7.KU7 PBS 2/2 18:12; PN  $\S a$  NINDA.KU7.KU7 ibid. 106:21 (both MB ration lists);  $[\S a \ m]u$ -ta-qí (preceded by  $[L\acute{u}]$ .DIN, followed by mu- $\S \acute{a}r$ -[k]i-su) Iraq 23 pl. 16 ND 2489 i 3 (NA).

muttāqūtu (mutāqūtu) s.; office, prebend of the confectioner or maker of sweetmeats; NB; cf. matāqu.

muttarrihuttu muttatu A

1 mašīhi zíz. Àm ú 42 sìla še. Giš. Ì ša 3 UD-mu. Meš mu-ta-qu-ú-tu ša mārī ša PN ana PN2 nadnu one measure of emmer (and) 42 silas of linseed oil for three days of pastry-baker service of the sons of PN are given to PN2 (the confectioner, same person Camb. 188:4, 324:16, cited muttāqu) Cyr. 282:3; x oil ša mu-ta-QA-ú-tu (referring to a ṣāḥitūtu-prebend, see also line 4, cited muttāqu) 82-9-18,227a:13.

muttarrihuttu see multarrihuttu.

muttarrittu s.; perpendicular; OB, MB; pl. muttarridātu; cf. arādu.

UŠ.AN.TA UŠ.EGIR<sub>x</sub>(LUM) UŠ.KI.TA u mutar-ri-it-tum minum what are the upper side, the rear side, the lower side, and the perpendicular? Sumer 6 42:5, see ZA 50 151; mu-tarri-da-t[um u pi]rkum mīnum what are the perpendiculars and the transversal? 102 No. 206:4, also ibid. 20; mu-tar-ri-tum AN. TA A.ŠÀ AN.TA mīnum ibid. 34; mu-tar-ri-tum KI.TA A.ŠÀ KI.TA minum ibid. 39, and passim in this text, cf. also MCT 48 Ca:8 (all OB math. referring to a right-angled triangle); pirkū u mu-ut-ta-ri-da-tu mīnu what are the circumference, the transversals, and the perpendiculars? TMB 74 No. 150:3, abbr. mu-ut-\langle ta-ri-tu \rangle KI.TA ibid. 30, also ibid. 33, 36, mu-ut- $\langle ta$ -ri-da- $tum \rangle$  ibid. 37 (MB).

Neugebauer, AfO 9 200.

muttarrītu s. fem.; hairdresser; lex.\*; ef, arû A v.

 $[SAL]^{[ga]-ga}gá.gá = mu-tar-ri-tu, muşappirtu Lu III ii 12 f.$ 

Meaning proposed on the basis of the occ. beside *musappirtu*.

muttarriu see muttarrû.

muttarrû (muttarriu) s.; ruler, caravan leader; OAkk., OA, Mari, SB; cf. arû A v. ga.du.du = mu-tar-ru-û Izi V 129.

a) ruler: [RN] ... mu-dar-ri ERÍN URU DN RN, the leader of the people of the city of the god Ilaba RA 9 34 ii 10 (OB copy of an OAkk. royal inser.); for SB refs. see arû A mng. 2a.

b) caravan leader: ½ gín kỳ.gi ana muta-ri-e-šu one-half shekel of gold for his caravan leader (i.e., of the rubā'um of Timilkia) TuM 1 24e:7 (OA); 6 L[Ú].MEŠ muut-ta-ar-ri-i ša Aššur<sup>[k1]</sup> u PN ālik panišu[nu] (in broken context) ARM 2 42 r. 14.

muttašrabbitu adj.: drifting; SB\*; ef. našarbutu.

e.ne.ne.ne líl.lá bú.bú.meš (var. bu.bu.meš): šunu zaq $iq\bar{u}$  mut-ta $\bar{s}$ -ra-bi-ṭu-ti (var. -tu) šunu they (the demons) are drifting phantoms CT 16 15 v 4f., also, wr. mut-ta $\bar{s}$ -rab-bi-ṭu-ti (var. -tú) ibid. 39f.; a.a bu.bu: a-[x x x] KI.GAL mut-ta $\bar{s}$ -rab-bi-iṭ (var. -ṭu) SBH p. 19 No. 9:38f., var. from SBH 22 No. 10:40.

muttaššitu adj.; arrogant(?); SB; cf. aštu, aštūtu, uššutu.

*šumma mu-ta-ši-iţ* if he is arrogant(?) ZA 43 100 iii 16 (Sittenkanon).

For an etym. connection with  $(w)a\dot{s}tu$ ,  $u\dot{s}\dot{s}utu$ , see Kraus, ZA 43 112.

muttatiku s.; habitual fornicator; lex.\*; ef. nāku.

For the irregular formation of the IV/3 participle, see also muttetendu.

muttatu A (muttutu) s.; 1. half, 2. half-pack, 3. headband(?); from OA, OB on; NA muttutu, pl. muttātu.

ki-[ši] kiš $_4$  = mut-ta-tum Sb I 243; kiš $_4$  = mut-ta-tum Erimhuš V 226;  $k^{1-8i}$ Kiš $_4$  = m[ut-ta-tu] Antagal III 100; [ki]-ši  $[KI.KIŠ}_4]$  = [mut]-ta-tum, [ba]ntum Diri IV 300f.; ki-ši  $KIŠ}_4$  = mut-ta-tum Ea III 53, also Recip. Ea A iii 20'; ki. $k^{1-es}$ Kiš $_4$  = mu-ut-ta-tu Izi C iii 9; ki\* $_4$ .ak.a = min (= gullubu) ša mut-ta-[ti] Nabnitu H 259; [ki\* $_4$ .mu] = [mu-ut]-ta-[ti] Nabnitu H 259; [ki\* $_4$ .mu] = [mu-[ta-[ti]] ba-a [ti]0 = [ti]1 = [ti]2 = [ti]3 = [ti]4: [ti]5 = [ti]6 = [ti]7 = [ti]8 = [ti]9 = [

 $[gi_6.sa_9].a = mut-ta-at \ m\vec{u}\dot{s}i$  Antagal III 285, also Lanu F ii 14.

kiš<sub>4</sub>.a.ni umbin ù.bí.in.si.eš : mu-ut-ta-as-su ú-gal-<la>-bu-ma Ai. VII iii 31.

mut-ta-tum | meš-lu Izbu Comm. 42; mut-ta-tú [// ...] CT 41 32:2 (Alu Comm.).

muttatu A muttatu A

- 1. half a) referring to hair: marsum ina murșišu mu-ut-ta-tu-šu ibbala the sick person will lose half (his hair) during his illness CT 3 2:7 (OB oil omens), wr. mu-utta-tu- $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}u$  YOS 10 46 v 28 (OB ext.); [mut-tutu ammašid abbuttu appaširī (see mašādu mng. 5) Lambert BWL 54 line m (Ludlul III); if a man insults a priestess or the wife of another man and cannot prove his charge mahar dajānī inaddûšu u mu-ut-ta-sú(var. -as-sú) ugallabu they will flog him in the presence of the judges and shave half his hair off (as punishment) CH § 127:33; arnam *īmidušu mu-ta-su ugallibušu* they imposed punishment on him, shaving off half his hair CT 47 31:23, cf. mu-ut-ta-su ugallibu CT 45 18:14 (both OB), for other refs. see gullubu mng. la-l'.
- **b)** referring to other parts of the body: šumma izbu mut-ta-at lišānišu ša imitti ul ibašši if the malformed creature lacks the right half of its tongue Leichty Izbu XII 76, and (with left side) ibid. 77; [šumma] izbu muut-ta-at qaqqadi ša imitti šā[bulat] if half the head on the right side of the malformed animal is bald(?) Leichty Izbu X 92, also (represented by KI.MIN) ibid. 93-96, with var. mut-ta-at ibid. 94; [šumma izbu] mut(var. mu-ut)-ta-as-su šēp immeri mut-ta-[as-su ...] ibid. 97, cf. [šumma izbu] KI.MIN GÌR ŠAḤ mut-[ta-as-su ...] ibid. 98, also (in broken context) mut-ta-at [...] ibid. 100, mu-ut-taas-sú (in broken context) KUB 37 183 r. 2f. (Izbu); šumma sinništu mu-ut(var. omits)ta-at amēlūti ulid if a woman gives birth to half a human being Leichty Izbu I 76, for comm. see lex. section; šumma qerbū kalušu= numa mu-ut-ta-as-su-nu turrukat if half of all the intestines are dark RA 65 71:11 (OB ext.); obscure: 1 NA, kišādam ša mu-ut-ta-tim ša mādiš malû a necklace for the m. which is well encrusted(?) Sumer 14 73 No. 47:8 (Harmal let.), cf., wr. mu-ta-tim ibid. 31.
- c) referring to land: mu-ut-ta-at eqlim kirîm u bīšim inaddinušimma they will give her half of the land, of the orchard, and of the (other) property CH § 137:84, cf. mu-ut-ta-at eqlim ša PN VAS 8 74:7, also mu-ta-at bīt

- sībîm Scheil Sippar 100:9, cf. VAS 13 6 r. 5 (all OB); x minas of silver ana mu-ta-at [kirîšu] MDP 28 427:2; nakru mut-ta-at (var. mi-šil) mātija i-tab-bal the enemy will take away half my country Leichty Izbu XI 28, also mut-ta-at (var. mi-šil) kur kúr từm you(?) will take away half the enemy's land ibid. 29, cf. mut-ta-at mātija nakru itabbal ibid. III 34 var., cf. also (with BAR = mišlu in the prot.) KAR 429 i 17f. (SB ext.).
- d) other occs.: ina sābim ša ālāni [...] mu-ut-ta-tum ul i[lli]kunim of the men of the towns [...], half did not come ARM 3 6:9, cf. mu-ut-ta-tum kīam igabbi ARM 2 26:9; 15 i-li mu-ta-su 7,30 i-li 15 results, (take) half of it, and 7,30 results Sumer 18 pl. 2:9 (OB math.); NINDA šuātu ana mut-ta-ti tazâzma mut-ta-at ninda šuātu ina gaggad amēli šuāti tummadma you divide that bread in half, and half of that bread you place at the head of that man KAR 21 r. 16f., see TuL p. 154; [K] $I\check{s}_{A}$ .ZI  $nabt\hat{u}$  ša mut-ta-as-su ZI-át (= nashat) (for context and translat. see zázu mng. 2c) ACh Sin 3:83; (Ištar) maš-lat mut-tu-ut-tu (in broken context) OECT 6 pl. 24 K.3031 r. 7, dupl. Sm. 1719 r. 10; obscure: mu-tu-ú-tu TA libbi A.ŠA habullišu ú-sa-at-a-lam half will be paid in full(?) from (the yield) of the field which is subject to interest ADD 87:7, also, with mu-tú-u-tu KÚ ADD 88 r. 2 (case).
- e) muttatu ... muttatu: let them give to the men mu-ut-ta-tam NINDA u mu-ut-ta-tam zíd half bread and half flour ARM 1 60:14; kaspam mādam iqbû mu-ut-ta-tum an[a ...] mu-ut-ta-tum ana 2 bilātim u mu-ut-ta-tu[m] ana 10 ma.na kaspam šâtu iqabb[û] they promised a great deal of silver, some (lit. half) spoke of that silver as [x amount], some as two talents, some as ten minas ARM 6 44:7f.
- 2. half-pack (OA only): 4 mu-ta-tum 5 gú AN.NA kunukkija four half-packs (containing) five talents of tin, under my seal BIN 4 47:21; mu-ta-tám ša ANŠE ipṭurma he undid the donkey's half-pack Kültepe d/k 5:10, cited Or. NS 36 408 n. 1; 2 Gú AN.NA 6½ MA. NA.TA mu-ta-tum watra panium u 4 Gú 10

muttatu B muttiltu

MA.NA.TA mu-ta-tum watra two talents of tin with the half-packs each (containing) six and one-half minas (of tin) in addition and four talents of tin, the half-packs each (containing) ten minas in addition VAT 13521:6ff., cited Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade p. 13; 20 muta-tum ša kibšim 8 mu-ta-tum ša upqim 16 eliātum jātum twenty half-packs of kibšudonkeys, eight half-packs of upqu-donkeys, 16 top-packs of mine TCL 4 16:4f., see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade p. 2 n. 7, cf. 12 mu-tatum ša kibšim CCT 5 29a:4; 10 eliātim u 4 mu-ta-tim KT Hahn 18:18, cf. (beside eliātum) BIN 6 132:10; ina GN ištēt mu-ta-tám PN uhtalligma PN caused the loss of one halfpack in GN CCT 4 3a:12;  $20 \ \text{si-qa-tu[m]} \ 10$ mu-t[a-tum] RA 58 59 Sch. 4:4, also 1 ANŠE 1 mu-t[a]-t[um] ibid. 10, 1 mu- $\langle ta \rangle$ -tum 10 MA.NA UR[UDU] ibid. 13; 6 mu-ta-tim  $\delta[a A]N$ . NA six half-packs containing tin ATHE 46:3 and 11: 17 minas of tin i-mu-tatí-im šakin HUCA 39 8 L 29-556:16.

3. headband(?) (NB only): 1-en mut-tatum ša tabarri za.kur.ra būsu timītu one headband(?) of red-purple and blue-purple wool twined with byssos threads (for Samaš) BBSt. p. 127:15 (Nabopolassar), see VAB 4 70, cf. blue wool ana túg mu-ú-ta-tum ša Samaš 82-9-18,4098, also (tabarru and takiltu wool lubāri u mu-ut-ta-tum Nbn. 284:10; [X] GÍN ZA.GÌN.KUR.RA ana mu-ut-ta-tum ša kibsu (given to two weavers) Nbn. 349:2, also (given to the same two persons) ana muut-ta-tum ša iti.kin 82-7-14,376:3; x inzahu:  $r\bar{e}tu$  wool [KI].LÁ TÚG mu-ta-tu 82-7-14,917:2, cf. 2 MA.NA KI.LÁ TÚG mu-ut-ta-[ti] VAS 6 15:9; 2 mu-ut-ta-tum (among itemization of mihsu, q.v.) 82-7-14,739:10, and passim in NB.

There is some indication that *muttatu* was used as a standard measure of capacity or weight in OA, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 14.

Ad mng. 1: Landsberger, AfO 10 147 n. 39. Ad mng. 2: J. Lewy, Or. NS 15 396 f. n. 5; H. Lewy, RSO 39 186 f.; Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 13 f., 25 f.

muttatu B s.; fatality, dead animal; LB\*; cf. mâtu.

ana 100 ṣēn 10 mu-ut-ta-tum munna' ana ištēt mu-ut-ta-tum ištēn Kuš.ḤI.A 2½ GÍN gidāti luddakka for one hundred sheep charge against me ten dead animals, for each dead (sheep, replacing miqittu, q.v.) I will give you a hide and two and one-half shekels of sinews PBS 2/1 147:11, also ibid. 146:9, wr. mu-ta-ti BE 10 74:17, cf. ana 100 ṣēn 10 mu-ut-ta-tum PN umannaššu ana ištēt mu-ut-ta-ti ištēn Kuš.ḤI.A 2½ GÍN gidātu ... inandin BE 10 130:19f., 131:9f., cf. also ibid. 19f., PBS 2/1 144:10f., 145:9f., 19f., 146:19f., 147:20f., 148:10 and 20 (all from Nippur).

mutteklemmû adj.; angry-looking; SB\*; cf. nekelmû.

šumma mu-ut-te-ek-lem-mu if he is always angry-looking ZA 43 100 iii 6 (Sittenkanon).

muttellu see muttallu.

\*muttendu see muttetendu.

mutterītu adj. fem.; (mng. unkn.); lex.\*

giš.dúr.peš, giš.dúr.peš.gal, giš.dúr.peš.gal.gar.ra = (bursiktu) mut-te-ri-tu (var. giš.tur. peš.gal.gal = mi-ik-[x-(x)]) Hh. VII A 121ff., var. from BM 49649 (school tablet), cf. giš.dur, giš.dur.si, giš.dur.peš.peš MSL 6 159:252ff. (Forerunner to Hh. VI-VII).

The Akk. reading is preserved in one source of Hh. VII A only, and is possibly to be connected with the adj. *muttabrītu* qualifying a boat.

muttetendu adj.; joining forces, banding together; SB\*; cf. emēdu v.

On his right side he arrayed fierce fight and combat, on his left side ananta  $d\bar{a}$ 'ipat kala mut-te-ten-di the battle that overthrows all who band together En. el. IV 56 (= STT 3:56).

muttikku see muttiku.

muttīku (or muttikku) s.; fornicator; lex.\*; cf. nāku v.

[ga].an.za.za = ba-ri-r[i-tu], mu-ut-ti-k[um], mu-ut-ta-ti-k[um],  $\S u$ -u Izi V 141 ff.

muttiltu see muttilu.

muttilu mutu

muttilu (fem. muttiltu) s.; (a demon); SB; wr. KIN.GAL.UD.DA.

kin.gal.ud.da = mu-ut-ti-lu Izi H App. i 54; ama.lul.la = za-ab-ba-[tu], mu-ut-til-tu Lu III iv 54.

šumma KIN.GAL.UD.DA ina āli innamir if a m-demon is seen in a city (that city will experience evil, after omens dealing with the hallulaja-demon) CT 38 5:136; šumma KIN. GAL.UD.DA ina eqli innamir if a m.-demon is seen on the field (that field will be laid waste) ibid. 137, cf. CT 40 46:18; šumma KIN.GAL.UD. DA ina libbi ugāri innamir CT 39 33:58, cf. šumma KIN.GAL.UD.DA ina libbi āli innamir ibid. 59; šumma KIN.GAL.UD.DA ina libbi āli ištanassi if a m.-demon cries out repeatedly in the city (all followed by unfavorable predictions) ibid. 60; šumma KIN.GAL.UD.DA ištanassīšu u šû ītanappalšu ašaršu la innamir if the m.-demon cries at him repeatedly and he always answers him, but its (hiding) place is not discovered (that man will acquire so much property that he will say, "Where shall I store it?") CT 39 33:61.

For TuM 2-3 195:3 see mušēlû.

muttiš adv.; in front, before; OB, SB; cf. muttu s.

[m]u-ut-ti-i $\delta = hu$ - $\delta [u$ -x-x], mu-ut-ti-i $\delta = ana \ s[e$ -ri- $\delta u]$  Malku III 66f.

mu-ut-ti-iš ummišu [...] CT 15 5 iii 4 (OB lit.), see Römer, JAOS 86 138; mu-utti-iš-šu-un ilū nazuzzu in front of them the gods were standing RA 22 173:39 (OB hymn to Ištar); mu-ti-iš É.KUR ana sēr abišu ... let (the winds) carry (Anzû's feathers) in front of the Ekur, to his father RA 46 92:71 (OB Epic of Zu), corr. to bi-tuš Ekur ibid. 38:19 and STT 21:19 (SB [alkam]ma mut-tíš Tiāmat izizza version); come here and stand in front of Tiāmat En. el. II 75; [mu]t-ti-iš DN gitrubiš tehēma go up in front of Anšar, very close ibid. 100, cf. mu-[ut-ti]-iš Anšar abišu  $š\hat{u}$ uštardi ibid. 8, also īrubuma mut-ti-iš Anšar En. el. III 131.

muttu s.; front; OA, OB, SB; cf. muttiš.

dub.sag = qud-mu, dub.sag.gá = mu-ut-tum (in group with rēšu and maḥru) Antagal VIII 70f. [m]u-ut-tum = x-[...] (followed by muttiš, qudmu) Malku III 65; mut-ta-ka || mu-[ut-tú... sa]g || re-e-šú || sag || pa-ni Lambert BWL 75 comm. to line 69 (Theodicy Comm.).

- a) in gen.: ki ú-mi tallakam im-mu-ut-ti when(?) you come forward CT 15 4 ii 10 (OB lit.); annakam PN i-mu-tim uṣṣāma (possibly to mūtu death) RA 60 100 MAH 19604:16 (OA).
- b) with suffixes: iltēn zikra mut-ta-ka lutt[īr] let me put a word before you Lambert BWL 74:69 (Theodicy), for comm., see lex. section; im-mu-ut-ti-ša HS '175' ii 6 (OB, cited AHw. s.v.); uncert.: URUDU-kà a-mu-ti-šu-nu iddinma he gave your copper to them Kienast ATHE 40:5 (OA).

For KUB 4 14:4 see mudû mng. 2a.

muttu I (AHw. 690b) see muttatu B.

muttû (mattû) s.; pole; lex.\*

giš. $^{\text{mu-ud-la}_{BU}} = mut$ -tu-u (for context see  $makk\hat{u}$ ) Hh. VI 81;  $_{\text{GIS.BU}} = mu$ -ut-tu- $_{\text{I}}\hat{u}$ ] (var.  $_{\text{ma-tu-\'u-um}}$ ) Proto-Diri 170e.

For  $5R\ 16 \text{ r. i}\ 26f.$ , CT  $12\ 15 \text{ iv}\ 18 (= A\ III/5:174)$ , see muttû adj. See also mandû.

mutturu v.; (mng. uncert.); lex.\*; II. [x].dùg.ga = mut-tu-ru, maḥāru, našû, belû Lanu A 29ff.

Possibly var. to (w)utturu, see also the stative mu-tu-ra-ku cited  $at\bar{a}ru$  mng. 2b, cf. mut-tu-[x] Lambert BWL 72:28 (Theodicy), see ibid. p. 304.

muttutu see muttatu A.

mutu s.; 1. husband, 2. man, warrior; from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and DAM; cf. mutūtu.

dam = mu-tum Hh. I 87; dam.dam = al-ti mu-ti(vars. -te, -tu) ibid. 89; dam = mu-tum Lu III 46, [dam.dam] = [al]-ti mu-ti ibid. 55.

dam.šà.ga.a.ni hé.ni.ib.tu<sub>12</sub>.tu<sub>12</sub>: mu-ut libbišu thussu (if) a husband of her choice marries her Ai. VII iii 4; tukum.bi dam.e dam.na.ra dam.mu nu.me.en ba.an.na.an.dug<sub>4</sub>: šum=ma mu-tú ana aššatišu ul aššatī atta iqtabi if a husband declares to his wife: you are not my wife (any more) Ai. VII iv 9, cf. dam.mu nu.

mutu mutu

me.en: ul mu-ti atta ibid. 4; dam.mu gub.bu. na.mu : ana mu-ti-ia e-ru-šu (see erû v. lex. section) Lugale IX 3; emex(SAL.HÚB) dam.šè mu.ni.pà.da: šu-mu-úh-ti a-na mu-ti i-za-ka-ra Kramer Two Elegies 138 (coll.); a dam.mu a dumu.mu : ahulap mu-ti-ia ahulap mārija SBH p. 141:207f., cf. a dam.mu di.ri a dumu.mu di.[ri] : ša ua mu-ti iqabbi ša ua mārī [...] ibid. 102:30f., also dam.mu mu.ni.ib.bé : mu-ti-ma iqabbi ibid. 129 No. 85:2f., dumu.mu mu.ni.íb.bé: ma-ri-ma igabbi ibid. 4f., cf. also p. 113:24f.; dam.tur.ra.kex(KID) dam.mu mu.ni.ib.bé : ša mu-us-sa sehru mu-ti-ma igabbi 4R 28\* No. 4:47f., cf. dam.tur.ná.a.ra: ša itti mu-ti ni-[lu] SBH p. 37 r. 4f., also BRM 4 9:50f.; dam sig<sub>5</sub>.ga : mu-tú damqa SBH p. 60:7f.; [ki.sikil.líl.lá] dam nu.tuk.[a]: MIN (= ardat lilî) ša mu-ta la [išû] Sm. 207+ :4', see RA 65 154, for JTVI 26 p. 154 ii 13f. (= RA 54 126) see aššatu lex. section; munus nitá nu.tuku: sinništu ša la mu-ti Lambert BWL 229 iv 21.

mu-tum = et-lu Malku I 169; mu-tu = qar-ra-du Explicit Malku I 108, cf. LTBA 2 2:41; mu-tu = zi-ka-[ru] Explicit Malku I 65.

dGu.gal.an.na: DAMmu-us-sa.BI.NITÁ CT 25 5 r. iii 28, also CT 24 13 i 42, also DAM.NITÁmu-ut dNIN.KILIM CT 25 1 i 7 (list of gods).

- husband a) in OAkk.: the king of Akkad mu-ut dinnin husband of Ištar RA 9 34 ii 7.
- b) in OA: PN u PN<sub>2</sub> a-ša-tum ú mu-tum itezzibu PN and PN2, wife and husband, divorce each other ArOr 41 312 I 702 A 3 and B 9; PN u <sup>1</sup>PN<sub>2</sub> mu-tum u aššutum TCL 4 122:3, cf. TCL 21 214A:3; ana mu-tim šanîn (sic) TCL 4 67:17, cf. TCL 14 76:8; kīma mu-tí-a u bēlija as my husband and master Kienast ATHE 44:23; miššu ša . . . ana mu-tim tallikini why is it that you go to (live with) a husband? BIN 6 20:24; inūmi ana mu-tim PN addinakkini 5 ma.na kaspam agmur u ištu PN mu-ut-ki imūtuni nuāum ēļuzkima when I gave you to (your) husband, PN, I spent five minas of silver, and after your husband PN died, a native married you VAT 9233:6 and 9, cited ArOr 18/3 375 n. 49; *maknakam ša mu-ti-ki ē taptia* do not open (pl.) your (sg.) husband's sealed box BIN 6 17:9, cf. x silver ana abnim i-mu-tí-ša ašqul CCT 5 37a: 29, cf. also we slaughtered one sheep ana mu-ut PN CCT 1 23:32, cf. also ICK 1 19a:9 = 19b:4;unūtī ša ana nabšîm aššitī

a-mu-tí-ki šazzuztija u kuāti taddinu dinim give (fem.) me my implements which my wife gave to your husband, to my representative, and to you for deposit CCT 5 17a:6, dupl. TCL 21 266:7, cf. PN mu-sà wašab PN, her husband, was present CCT 5 17a:30 and TCL 21 266:32.

- c) in OB: mārtī ana mu-tim anaddimma I want to give my daughter to a husband (but I have nothing that I can give with her) YOS 2 9:6, also UET 5 42:8, cf. [a-na] mu-tiim i-na-ad-di-iš-ši YOS 12 469:14, cf. also (with nadānu) VAS 9 192:3, CT 2 40b:10, CT 8 49b:11, CT 47 40:15, ef. and mu-tim nadnat TIM 2 140:5; ana PN mu-ti-ša ul mu-ti atta TLB 1 229:9, cf. Meissner BAP 89:36f., PBS 8/2 252:20, etc.; ūm mu-tu-ú-um ihhazuši when a husband marries her UET 5 95:11; anumma PN mu-ti PN, attardakkum A 3521:29, cf. ana PN u PN<sub>2</sub> mu-ti-ša TCL 1 157:62; umma PN mu-us-sà-ma PBS 5 100 r. iii 6; PN seized the woman PN, ana kisim ša mu-ti-ša (see  $k\bar{i}su$  A mng. 2b) BE 6/1 26:2, cf. ibid. 8; [ana e]-mi-šu mu-ti DUMU.SAL.A.NI-šu BA 5 503 No. 33:13; ana mu-ti-i-ša warkîm kīam izkur TCL 18 153:9; GEMÉ u mu-us-sà the slave girl and her husband TCL 1 14:7; ul DAM-mi atta BRM 4 52:13, and passim wr. DAM in this text from Hana; mu-tu libbiša ihhassi CH § 137:12 and 156:16, but mu-ut libbiša ihhassi § 172A:39; ana mu-ti-ša warkîm mārī ittalad § 173:43 and § 174:51, cf. § 177:41, bîtam ša mu-ti-ša panîm ibid. 39; warkat bīt mu-ti-ša panīm § 177:36, and passim in CH; exceptional: ana DAM ahātija to my brother-in-law PBS 7 104:9.
- d) in Mari: Lú.Meš mu-tu-šî-na ... itti nakrim wašbu ARM 3 16:7; ša mu-ut-ki u at-ta ana gagîm tušēribaninni that you and your husband have made me enter the gagûm ARM 10 43:15.
- e) in Elam: attama mu-[ti] attama mārī MDP 28 399:9; IGI PN mu-ti-šà MDP 23 168 r. 9, wr. SAL.DAM-šà MDP 24 381:20; qātima PN mu-[ti-ia] share(?) of my husband, PN MDP 28 424:6.

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f) in MB: summa ana mu-tim inandinsi he may either give her to a husband (or make her a prostitute) BE 14 40:6.

- g) in Bogh.: mu-di-ša KUB 4 33:3, see Laroche, RA 43 62, Otten and Souček, StBoT 1 24 ii 5; as Akkadogram: Lú MU-DI-ŠU KBo 14 12 iv 22, see JCS 10 98, Lú MU-DI-IA KBo 5 6 iv 11, Lú MU-DU KBo 2 3 i 2.
- h) in EA: aššata ša la m[u]-ta wife without husband EA 74:18, 75:15, 81:37, 90:43; [itti] RN mu-ti-i-ka EA 26:8, and passim in this letter of Tušratta to the widow of Amenophis III, also mu-ti-šu EA 29:68; PN mu-ut-še PN is her husband EA 83:54, cf. Lú mu-ut-ši PN EA 84:43 and 85:85.
- i) in RS: she takes with her nadānša ša [itta]din Lú mu-ut-ša the gift that her husband had given her MRS 6 65 RS 16.200:21, cf. Lú mu-ut-ša ibid. 26, mim=mūšu ... ša PN rābiṣi mu-ti-šu ibid. 110 RS 16.267:14.
- j) in Nuzi: ašar libbiša ana Lú mu-ti inaddinši he gives her to the husband of her choice HSS 13 163:10, cf. Lú mu-ti-šu TCL 9 6:15, etc.; PN mu-ti šīm[ti] ištīmanni my husband has made a will in my favor JEN 333:35, cf. ibid. 58; šumma iltēn mu-ussu imtūt if her first husband dies (he gives her to another) JEN 437:8, cf. šumma 10 Lú.MEŠ mu-us-sà-šu imtūt u 11 Lú ana aššūti inandin AASOR 16 23:12; should the woman lam mu-ti-šu ittīku have intercourse before marriage JEN 433:18, cf. itti mu-ti-šu ittanajalu HSS 19 80:7.
- k) in MA: PN mu-sà u <sup>t</sup>PN<sub>2</sub> aš-ša-sú TIM 4 45:5, cf. la mu-ti-mi ibid. 14; PN mu-ut-sà u <sup>t</sup>PN<sub>2</sub> aššassu KAJ 7:10; ana mu-ú-te iddašši KAJ 2:13, cf. ana mu-ti la tuššab KAJ 9:28f.; ina bīt mu-te-ši-na us[bani] AfO 17 272:23 (harem edicts); šumma ... ana mu-te tattašab KAV 1 v 9 (Ass. Code § 36); ana mārē ša ana mu-ti-ša urkê uldutuni ibid. vi 76 (§ 45); mu-us-sa ina muāte at the death of her husband ibid. 90 (§ 46); qadiltu ša mu-tu aḥzušini a qadištu-woman whom a husband had taken in marriage ibid. v 61 (§ 40); mu-

us-sa ētezibši ibid. v 21 (§ 38), and passim in this text.

- 1) in lit.: šumma sinništakima annû lu DAM-ki (see aššatu usage p) BBR No. 49 vi 3, cf. annû lu DAM-sa annû lu hāmiru[ša] Köcher BAM 234:29; ardatu ina sūn mu-ti-šá (var. DAM-š $\acute{a}$ ) AMT 67,3:10, var. from Köcher BAM 128 iv 35; ardatu mu-sa e-zi-ib (var. ardatu iz-zi-ib KAL, i.e., etlu) the woman leaves her husband JCS 18 20 iii 14 (SB prophecies), see BiOr 28 15; [sin]-ni-šat mu-ta-át she is a woman, she is a man AfK 1 23 ii 27; a prostitute ša šāri mu-tu-šá whose husbands are countless Lambert BWL 102:72; lu šulmu ana mu-ti bēlet šamāme greetings to the husband of the Lady of the Sky STT 28:42, see Gurney, AnSt 10 110; šīhu mu-ti etel= lu šamê Or. NS 36 118:44; mu-tum warkānu the husband afterward Gilg. P. iv 34 (OB, atta lu mu-ti(var. -te)-ma anāku lu coll.); aššatka Gilg. VI 9, also EA 357:82 (Nergal and Ereškigal); aššatum u mu-us-sà Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 62 I 276, cf. ibid, 300; libbu ša annanna mu-ti-ša (referring to a pregnant woman) Craig ABRT 1 4 ii 7 (tamītu); the women ša DN mu-ta(var. -tu) īţirušināti whom Ištar has bereft of husbands Cagni Erra IV 53; kīma Etana mu-ti-ia [...] Bab. 12 pl. 9 K.8563 r. 5.
- m) in omen texts: the man's wife will commit adultery mu-sà iṣabbassima idâkši (but) her husband will catch and kill her YOS 10 14:7; the man's wife makkūr muti-i- $\delta a \ u[sappah]$ will squander her husibid. 33 iii 36 (both OB band's possessions ext.); aššat amēli . . . DAM dūkma jāši ahzanni (see  $ah\bar{a}zu$  mng. 2a-2') BRM 4 12:79 and (see dagālu dupls.; ana DAM-ia amaššal mng. la-l') ibid. 37 and dupl.; DAM LÚ DAM-sà ukaššap (see kašāpu usage b) 43 i 4 (all SB ext.), also (with ušazzaq will cause worry) CT 38 12:64 (SB Alu); DAM.MEŠ LÚ iš= šeggâma DAM.MEŠ-ši-na ina kakki inarra wives will become demented and slay their husbands CT 39 21:157 (SB Alu); DAM u DAM NU ŠE.ŠE.GA husband and wife will not Leichty Izbu I 84, etc.; DAM u DAM husband and wife will divorce TAK₄.MEŠ

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KAR 153 obv.(!) 31 (SB ext.), and passim in omen texts, also  $TAK_4$ -eb DAM u DAM CT 39 49 r. 46 (SB Alu).

- n) in NA, NB letters of ABL: her word alla ša DAM-šá dān prevails over that of her husband ABL 403:15 (NB); mu-ut-ki ina panīki lu paqid ABL 340 r. 17 (NA).
- o) in NB: mimma ša mu-ut-su išrukušu ileggēma mu-ti libbišu ihhas[su] she takes whatever her husband has given her (as a gift) and the husband of her choice may marry her SPAW 1889 p. 827 iv 34f. (NB laws), and passim in this code; mahar PN ... mutum ša PN, māhirat bīti VAS 5 96 edge, cf. PN LÚ.DAM ša 'PN2 ibid. 60:5, and passim in similar contexts; PN pūt šēpi ša PN2 DAM-šú našāt 'PN guarantees the presence of her husband, PN<sub>2</sub> 5R 67 No. 3:5; (the house, etc.) ša šî u mu-ti-šu ana kaspi išāmū Nbn. 356:33; PN ša la PN, DAM-šú ana mamma šanamma ul tataddinu 'PN will not give (any property) to anybody else without the permission of her husband, PN2 Nbk. 283:15; játu u PN mu-ti-iá I, and PN, my husband Nbn. 356:5, cf. mu-ta-a šimtu ubilma fate carried my husband off ibid. 23, also Lú. DAM-a ana šimtu ittalak YOS 6 154:6, etc.; ša ... PN mu-ti-šú arkû Cyr. 332:9, cf. lapani PN mu-ti-šú mahrû Hebraica 3 15:6; PN amat mu-tim PN, the husband's slave girl PSBA 5 104:8 and 12.
- man, warrior a) in OB:  $k\bar{\imath}ma$ mu-ti ibašši he (Enkidu) is (now) like a human being Gilg. P. iii 27; ullu eli mu-ti rēška vou are placed above all men ibid. vi 35; [i]sinnum ša mu-ti in-ni-pu-uš a festival is made for the warriors RA 45 172:19; išāt libbi mu-ti napihtum ibli the blazing wrath of the warrior abated AfO 13 47:11 (Narām-Sin legend); mu-ti aj imhur (see maḥāru mng. 3a-4') Syria 32 17 v 22 (Jahdunlim); note in personal names: Mu-tam-ra-ma CT 2 23:13; Mu-ti-el VAS 7 128:3, also Mutum-èl BE 6/2 10:2, Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 29:4, 10, and passim, Mu-tum-e-lum PBS 11/1 p. 58 No. 92, Mu-tu-me-el CT 8 31a: 25, Mu-tum-me-el CT 47 68:31; Mu-ti-ba-a $\check{s}$ -ti

Meissner BAP 5:1; for OAkk. personal names see Gelb, MAD 3 186.

- b) in EA: LÚ.MEŠ mu-te.MEŠ-šu ša GN (possibly to mudû mng. 2b) EA 55:42 (let. from Qatna).
- c) in later lit.: dāpinu mu-tu uršannu Tn.-Epic "ii" 41; mu-tu ša kakkī šitpuruma a warrior who is equipped with weapons STT 70:3, see Lambert, RA 53 132; mu-tu gaš= [ru] the mighty warrior Or. NS 36 120:89; mu-tum la kīnu an unreliable man Lambert BWL 180:14; see also the syn. lists cited in lex. section.

In BE 15 190 ii 20 read Sin-mu-TI (= muballit); in UET 6 386:6 read a-na be-[el]-ti-ia; for YOS 10 54 r. 14 and KAR 158 vii 5 see mūtu usage a.

mūtu s.; death; from OA, OB on; wr. syll. and BAD, NAM.BAD; cf. mātu.

[ú-ug] [U] $c_5 = mu$ -tum A VIII/2:47; [ú-ga] [U] $c_5 = mu$ -tum ibid. 53; ug<sub>5</sub>.ga = mu-ú-tum Lu Excerpt II 126; ug<sub>5</sub>.ga, nam.BAD = mu-u-t[ú] Igituh I 218f.

[...] [BAD] = [mu]-tum Ea II 77a; BAD<sup>mu-ù-tum</sup> Proto-Izi I 161a; [BAD] [u]š (pronunciation) = zumru, šalamtu, mu-ù-t[um] Izi Bogh. B r. 18ff.; [uš] [BE] = [mu]-tum Recip. Ea A v 14; uš BE = mu-u-tú Idu II 243; [mu-ud] [BE] = mu-ù-tum A II/3 Part 2 i 10.

[k]i.nam.ti.la = qaqqar balāţi, [k]i.nam. BAD<sup>US</sup> = MIN mu-ti Izi C i 30f.; ki.nu.ús.sa = mu-ú-tu Erimhuš IV 145.

ug<sub>5</sub>.ga.gin<sub>x</sub>(GIM) hé.ri.îb.gi<sub>4</sub>.gi<sub>4</sub>:  $k\bar{\imath}ma$  mu-ti  $lid\bar{u}kkama$  let him (the carpenter) smash you to death Lugale XII 44; [...].mèn ug<sub>5</sub>.ga mu.un. z[u]: mu-ti i-di SBH p.116 No.61:11f.; I named the  $b\bar{\imath}t$   $ak\bar{\imath}ti$  [É].ug<sub>5</sub>.ga  $\acute{\mathbf{E}}$   $k\bar{\imath}m\hat{\imath}$  mu-tim the temple which overcomes death (explanation of the Sum. name É.ug<sub>5</sub>.ga) OIP 2 140:3 (Senn., coll. W. G. Lambert).

tu.ra nam.BAD líl.lá.en.na ki.sikil.líl.lá. en.na á.sag nam.tar.hul hé.a: lu murşu mutum(var. -ta) lílû lílītu asakku namtaru lemnu CT 16 4:155f.; ki nam.BAD ba.an.kéš: itti mu-u-ti rakis CT 17 19 i 25f.; i.bí mu.un.ši. in.bar i.bí BAD.a.ke<sub>x</sub>(KID): ippalissima naplus mu-tim-ma when he looked at her, it was a look of death ASKT p. 120 r. 7f.; šu BAD.a: qāti mu-utum CT 16 10 iv 34f.

 $\acute{u}$ -gu = mu- $\acute{u}$ -tum Malku IV 79; nam-ta-ru, gaş-şu = mu-u-t $\acute{u}$  LTBA 2 3 iv 3f. and dupls. 2:264f., 1 v 54.

I.Bf.[ZA] = [mu]-ú-tu Izbu Comm. 527; usbad = mu-u-tú ibid. 554; bad Giš.tukul // mu-ut kak-

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ku AfO 24 83:18; BAD ka-mit BAD = mu-ut ka-ma-tu i-ma-ti (see kamitu B) CT 41 27 edge 3 (Alu Comm.); BA.BAD # mu-tu-mi RA 19 103:47 (EA, let. of Rib-Addi).

a) in gen.: kīma mu-ut abini PN išmeu as soon as PN heard about the death of our father CCT 2 33:15; ina mu-[tí] ummini u ahātini at the time of the death of our mother and our sister CCT 1 47b:8, cf. ina mu-úut PN BIN 6 253:6 (all OA); assurri ana GN ina erēbišu mu-ut sal.tur šâti lugal išem: it is probable that the king will learn of that girl's death when he arrives in Mari ARM 10 106:22, cf. mu- $\acute{u}$ -tu  $\check{s}a$  PN ...  $k\hat{\imath}$  ašm $\hat{\imath}$  YOS 3 117:6 (NB let.); mu-ut  $rub\hat{e}$ death of the ruler Leichty Izbu V 65, VII 74, CT 20 24 82-3-23,23 i 2, Lenormant Choix 91:2, cf. mu-ut nun šá kúr ibid. 3 (SB ext.); mu-ut awilim YOS 10 31 viii 6 (OB ext.); mu-tum murşum işabbassu YOS 10 54 r. 14 (OB physiogn.); ina URU.BI BAD sadir in that town death will be a common thing CT 39 11:46, 12:18; [ina] GN mu-[u]r-sa-nu-ma mu-tumwagar in Tuttul there have been cases of serious illness (but) a death is rare AIPHOS 14 128:8 (Mari let.), cf. mimma mu-tuum ul ibašši there has been no case of death ARM 2 30:20'; BAD irrubšumma ana UD.3. [KAM imât] death will come to him and he will die on the third day Labat TDP 64:58;  $q\bar{a}t\ il\ \bar{a}li\check{s}u\ ana\ {\tt BAD\ GAR-}\check{s}\acute{u}\ \ \ {\tt ibid.\ 86:53,\ also}$ ibid. 76:54; mu-tam ša ātanaddaru aj āmur may I not find death, of which I am in constant fear Gilg. M. ii 13 (OB), cf. taddar mutam Gilg. Y. iv 144; ina šatti šuātu ina BAD lemni uhalliqu napšassu ipqidušu ana kur. NU.GI4.A ašar la [târi] that very year they destroyed his life by a terrible death and sent him to the Land-of-No-Return Asb. 212:17, cf. to those who plan evil and enmity to Assurbanipal mu-u-tu lemnu ašarrakšunūti I will mete out a terrible Streck Asb. 32 iii 124; lamû qablu ana mu-ú-tu šūlukuma izkuru zikirka those who were exposed to death in battle called upon your name JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 3 r. 1 (SB lit.); note NAM.BAD (=  $m\bar{u}tu$ ) dannuACh Ištar 20:34, also šumma NAM.BAD šum=  $ma\ lemuttu\ DUG_4.GA-su\ (=\ qabassu)$ 

45:27; ulu ina panīki mu-tu-um litbalanni warkatam ul taprusi even if death had taken me in front of you, you would not have cared about me TCL 1 25:7; ipšu pīka ad mu-ti-ia šummeḥannima (see ipšu A mng. 5b-2') KAR 158 vii 5; ina mu-u-ti īteṭeršu KUB 3 21:8, see BoSt 9 140; send me Nergal to be my husband mu-[tú] ka-[lu(?)]-ma ul e-sik ul adâni dīni ša ilī rabûti (or else) I (Ereškigal) will not decree death at all, I will not pass judgment for the great gods STT 28 v 7 and 23, see AnSt 10 122.

- b) beside napištu or balātu "life": when the gods created mankind mu-tam iškunu ana awīlūtim balātam ina gātišunu issabtu they allotted death to mankind, but life they kept for themselves Gilg. M. iii 4 (OB), cf. ištaknu mu-ta u balāta ša mu-ti ul uddû  $\bar{u}m\bar{e}\dot{s}u$  (the gods) have determined life and death, they have not made known the time Gilg. X vi 38f.; mu-ú-ta balāţa of death nirku[s] let us (gods) assign death and life AMT 84,4 ii 10 (inc.); balāṭam ša itti mu-tim šitannu CH xliii 60; KI BAD iballut KI balāti imat (if it is in) the area of death, he will get well, (if in) the area of life, he will die BRM 4 12:26 (SB ext.); mu-tum nap-ša-tum (it is a matter of) life and death (that you furnish the chariots and soldiers at once) MRS 9 192 RS 17.289:20 (let.); note referring to death penalty: din mu-tu na-pal-tu KAJ 316:14 (MA let.); aran mu-tim ina ramanišu i-zé-er he becomes liable(?) to the death penalty Bagh. Mitt. 2 78:22 (OB).
- c) personified (demon of) death: mu-tum be-lí nišī māriašu itbal death, the ruler of men, has taken his son TCL 17 29:17 (OB let.); [ina] bīt majālija ašib mu-ú-tum u ašar [šēpēja lu]škun šū mu-tum-ma Gilg. XI 232f.; ukallanni mu-ú-tu u šapšāqu death and distress hold me fast STC 2 pl. 81:74, also, wr. BAD u šapšāq Streck Asb. 252 r. 11; kas sanni mu-ú-tu death holds me fast Tn.-Epic "iv" 28, cf. ibid. "ii" 35, cf. ha-muṭ-su mu-tú Lambert BWL 34:96 (Ludlul I); Lú šū ana qāti mu-tim paqid AfO 18 65 ii 13 (OB omens); ultu pī mu-ti īkimanni he snatched me from the claws (lit. mouth) of death Ugariti

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ca 5 162:40; mu-tum lemnu habbilu AfO 14 144:78, cf. lu mu-tum lu ekkēmu lu šaggišu lu habbilu ibid. 80 (bīt mēsiri); mu-u-tú ina(!) É.KI.NÁ-ia ihlulá hillūtu has death stolen into my bedroom? BA 2 634:20 (NA lit.); ina kibis takbusu izzaz mu-u-tum death lurks where she (the sorceress) stepped Maqlu III 93; ēn qurādī kīma ūm ṣūmi išebbû mu-ú-tu (for translat., see sūmu usage a) "ii" 44; šalummat ni-ši (var. ni-e-ši) mu-ši mu-u-tu namtar arurtu ... [ina muh]hišunu AnSt 5 102:94 (Cuthean Legend); lu mu-tu lu kibbu lu hințu AAA 22 pl. 11 i 7; di'u šiptu mu-tú Craig ABRT 1 81:13 (tamītu); note referring to figurines representing death: salam DN salam mu-ú-tu salam pūhi amēli ša tīdi ABL 977 r. 4, see Parpola LAS No. 218, cf. salam bad ša abari AMT 2,5:9; ša mu-ti ul işşiru şala[mšu] one cannot draw a likeness of death Gilg. X vi 34.

- d) in metaphoric use: ina ši-in-na-ti-šu i-za-a-ab mu-tum from his (the demon's) A 704:16 (OB inc.), cf. teeth flows death izzanun mu-ú-tu Gilg. V iii 18, cf. also šaptāša ziqziqqumma utabbaka mu-[ú-ta] 4R 58 iii 39 (Lamaštu II, coll. F. Köcher); DN muttallik mūši ša lipissu mu-tú Šulak who goes about by night, whose touch is death KAR 58:45, see Ebeling Handerhebung 38, cf. elēnītu ela:  $m\bar{a}ta$  [l]i-pit-sa mu-ú-[tu] Maqlu III 81, see AfO 21 74; pīšu dBIL.GI-ma napīssu mu-tum his (Huwawa's) mouth is fire, his breath is Gilg. Y. v 197, cf. ibid. iii 111, Gilg. II v 3, and passim in Gilg., cf. āmiršunu uštah: hatma napissunu mu-tùm-ma he who sees them (the seven gods) becomes frightened, for their very breath is death Cagni Erra I 25.
- e) qualifying something as deadly, fatal: a sore which kīma nišik mu-tim la innassahu like the fatal bite of death, cannot be removed CH xliv 63, cf. šibih mu-ú-[ti] Lambert BWL 52:16 (Ludlul III); akala ša mu-ti ukallunikkuma la takkal mē mu-ú-ti ukallunikkuma la tašatti when they offer you food of death, do not eat, when they offer you water of death, do not drink EA 356:29f. (Adapa); nišē GN u GN<sub>2</sub> ashupa imat mu-

ú-ti I covered the people of GN and GN2 (as with) the venom of death TCL 3 154, cf. ibid. 175 (Sar.), also (with asluha) Lie Sar. 413, cf. KAR 239 i 22, and passim, see imtu; kīma gišpar mu-ti la pādê tebû kakkūšu the onslaught of his weapons is like the unsparing net of death AOB 1 112:14 (Shalm. I); ina kakkim tēšûm ana marşi tēšī mu-tim imag: qutaššumma imât in battle, there will be confusion, (if the omen) concerns the sick, a fatal confusion will come upon him and he will die YOS 10 17:43 (OB ext.);  $qabal \ mu-\acute{u}-t[i] \ (vars. \ mu-t[i], \ mu-\acute{u}-t\acute{u})$ the confusion of mortal combat Lambert BWL 136:185 (hymn to Šamaš); illaku uruh  $mu-\acute{u}-t[u]$  they must go the way of death Lambert BWL 70:16 (Theodicy), cf. illika uruh mu-u-ti Winckler Sar. pl. 34:118; [x]-du-udmu-tu (var. mu-ú-[tu])  $\bar{i}$ terim  $pan\bar{i}$ ja [...] of death covered my face BWL 42:81 (Ludlul II); aššum la alappatu mê mu-tim CT 46 16 iv 8 (OB Gilg.), see von Soden, ZA 58 190, cf. Gilg. X ii 25, 27, iv 3; [iš]āt mehû išāt gablu išāt mu-ti išāt šipţu Köcher BAM 406:8, also, wr. mu-ú-tu AfO 23 40:6; SAHAR. MEŠ mu-ti malá rittāšu his (Šakkan's) hands are filled with the dust of death AMT 52,1:11, see TuL p. 27; erpēt mu-ti izannunu clouds of death rain STT 19:54 (SB Epic of Zu); ina kār mu-ti kalât elippu Köcher BAM 248 iii 58 (SB inc.); obscure: gisallu ša mu-tim ina muhhija ha-ri-is Kraus AbB 1 52:19.

with qualifications — 1' mūt šīmti natural death: šarrum mu-ut ši-im-ti-šu imat the king will die a natural death YOS 10 17:53, 41:29 (OB ext.), wr. mu-ut NAM-šú imât CT 31 44 obv.(!) i 8 (SB ext.), Wr. BAD NAM(!)-šú BAD Boissier DA 16 iv 19; LUGAL BAD NAM.TAR-šú BAD-ma ACh Šamaš 8:34, 14:55; rubû mu-ut ši-im-ti-šu [imât] 366:13 (SB omens); mu- $\acute{u}$ -ut la  $\acute{s}i$ -im-tiEpic "iv" 7, wr. mu-ut la ši-ma-ti ibid. 17; ina mu-ti šim-ti lamūt let me die at my appointed ABL 358 r. 11, see Parpola LAS No. 122, cf. lu mu-ut š[im-ti imuat] ABL 629 r. 7, see Parpola LAS No. 279; fear of the splendor of Aššur overcame him and mu-ut NAM-šú illik he died WO 2 226:152 (Shalm. III); note mūtu muțe'emu

ša ... ina ūme la šim-ti-šu mu-u-tu ú-šá-ru-u Piepkorn Asb. 58 iv 55.

2' mūt ilišu: šarrum mu-ut i-li-šu imāt the king will die a natural death (lit. death (decreed) by his god) YOS 10 56 i 16 (OB Izbu), Wr. BAD DINGIR-šú BAD-ma Leichty Izbu VIII 67, ACh Šamaš 13:25, cf. ūmam rēqam mu-ut DINGIR-šu awīlum imāt YOS 10 18:56 (OB ext.).

3' as a consequence of sin or of an illness: BAD-ut ár-nu BAD he will die because of misdeeds LBAT 1593 r. 4 (LB astrol.),  $b\bar{e}l$  É.BI BAD  $\acute{a}r$ -ni BAD CT 38 41:18 (SB Alu), CT 28 29 r. 2 (SB physiogn.), and passim in SB omens, note BAD NAM.ERÍM / BAD arni imát CT 28 29 r. 2 (SB physiogn.); mu-ut hinqi imat AfO 18 65 ii 20 (OB omens); BAD miqitti ūri imat he will die in the collapse of a roof Dream-book 328:85; for other refs. see arnu mng. 1a-6', bubūtu mng. 1c, kiṣirtu mng. 1a, kišpū usage a, hibiltu mng. 2, sētu mng. 2c, summû, sūmu, šaggaštu, uggatu; EN É.BI BAD GIŠ.TUKUL BAD the owner of that house will die in battle CT 38 15:49 (SB Alu), also Kraus Texte 2b r. 9 (SB physiogn.), BAD HUL BA.BAD KAR 395 r. ii 23.

4' other occs.: mu-ut nițil înim ana šīmtim lišīmšum may he (Enlil) decree death (as quick as) a glance of the eye CH xlii 70.

mūtu in bīt mūti s.; grave; lex.\*; cf. mātu.

é.kur.BAD = erşetu, é mu-ti, naqbaru CT 18 30 r. i 28ff., dupl. RA 16 167 iii 42f. (group voc.).

mutuatu see mutūtu.

mutuššu s.; (an elite soldier); syn. list.\*

mu-tu-u\$-[\$'u] = qar-ra-du LTBA 2 2:396, dupl. (left col. broken) CT 18 24 K.4219 r. 15.

mu-tu-us = pi-tu-su An IX 24; mu-tu-us(var. -su) = pi-tu-us(var. omits)-su LTBA 2 2:240, vars. from ibid. 1 v 32.

The refs. with explanation pi-tu-(us)-su may represent the adv. muttus as var. to muttis, explained by pittus, for which see pittu.

mutūtu (mutuatu) s.; 1. position of a husband, 2. heroism, masculinity; from OB on; cf. mutu.

nam.dam = mu-tu-tum Proto-Izi Bil. II Section B ii 10.

[nam.šul nam.ur.sa]g [šu.du<sub>7</sub>.du<sub>7</sub>.me].en : mušaklil etlūtim u mu-tu-t[im] UET 1 146 Fragm. b 4, restored from TLB 2 3:11, see Sjöberg, ZA 52

mu-tu-tum, mu-tu-a-tum = me-e[t-lu-tum] Explicit Malku I 58f.

- 1. position of a husband: for OB refs. see aššūtu usage b; PN u PN<sub>2</sub> ... mu-tu-ut-\langle ta\rangle u aš-šu-ut-ta idbubu PN and PN<sub>2</sub> arranged a marriage TIM 4 45:4 (MA).
- 2. heroism, masculinity a) heroism: see lex. section; mu-tu-ta nillik (see alāku mng. 4a-2' mutūtu) Tn.-Epic "ii" 6.
- b) masculinity:  $[m]u-t\acute{u}-su$  and ribûti  $[li\acute{s}k]un$  may she (Ištar) make his manhood disappear Weidner Tn. 7 No. 1 vi 14, cf., wr. mu-tu-su ibid. 19 No. 9:62 and 21 No. 12:75.

mutūtu see muttatu A.

muța'imu see muțe'emu.

muțappilu s.; slanderer; SB\*; cf. tapālu.

lú.šu.kará.ga = mu-ta-pi-lum OB Lu A 333; lú.šu.kará.ga = mu-ta-ap-pi-[lum] OB Lu C<sub>3</sub>:16, in MSL 12 194, cf. OB Lu D 241.

*šumma mu-ţa-pil* ZA 43 104 iv 17 (Sitten-kanon).

muțā'u see  $muț\hat{u}$ .

muțe'emu (muțe'e'u, muța'imu) s.; lawgiver, ruler; LB royal; cf. țêmu.

A great god is Ahuramazda ša ana RN šarra ibnû ištēn ina šarrāni maḥrûtu ištēn ina mu-ṭe<sub>4</sub>-'-i-me.MEŠ maḥrûtu who created King Darius, first among foremost kings, first among foremost rulers VAB 3 101 e § 1:11 (Dar. E); ša ana RN šarra ibnû ištēn ina šarrāni mādūtu ištēn ina mu-ṭe<sub>4</sub>-'-e-me mādūtu who created King Xerxes first among many kings, first among many rulers ibid. 107 § 1:5, (Xerxes Pa), wr. mu-ṭe<sub>4</sub>-'-e-'e ibid. 113 § 1:8 (Xerxes Pda), mu-ta-'-i-me-e ibid. 117 § 1:11

muţê'e'u muţû

(Xerxes E), mu-te-'-e-mu Herzfeld API 35 No. 15:5; uncert.: mu-ta-'i-mu šá NUN (citing or commenting on apod. of astrol. omen) AfO 19 pl. 33 v 10 (astrol.).

The word translates Old Pers. framātar-. Herzfeld API 151f.

muțe'e'u see muțe'emu.

muțibtu s.; (a poetic word for door); syn. list\*; cf. tâbu.

mu-ti-ib-tum = da-al-tum CT 18 3 r. ii 2.

\*muṭṭarridum (AHw. 691b) possibly to be read mu-ša(!)-ri-dum, see mušāridu.

muțțû adj.; scarce, missing; RS, Nuzi; ef. matû v.

la-u<sub>4</sub> LÁL+KAK =  $ribb\bar{a}tum$ , mu-uṭ-ṭù-u<sub>4</sub> MSL 2 p. 130 iv 1 f. (Proto-Ea); [si-la] [KUD] = mu-uṭ-ṭù-u A III/5:174; níg.kú, ša.ra.ge = mu-uṭ-ṭù-û 5R 16 iii 26f. (group voc.); pu-ù P $\dot{v}$  = [ $\dot{s}\dot{a}$ ] [P $\dot{v}$ ].DA (var. KI.MIN, i.e., [ $\dot{s}\dot{a}$  P $\dot{v}$ .I $\dot{s}$ ]) mu-ṭu-u Ea I 51 f.

[ã]takal muṭ-ṭa-a-a akala I was eating scarce bread Ugaritica 5 162:17 (lit.); x sheep sa manû balţu x udu.\text{HI.A.MEŠ} mu-\u00fa-\u00etu\_4-\u00e4 HSS 16 260:4.

## muttû see muddû.

muțû  $(muț\bar{a}'u)$  s.; underweight, deficiency, loss; OA, OB, MA, NA; pl. (Ass.)  $mut\bar{a}'\bar{u}$ ; wr. syll. and (in NA) LAL-e; cf.  $mat\hat{u}$  v.

a) in OA — 1' resulting from different weight standards: from five talents of tin lu nishātum lu mu-tá biltim u ukultum işhiru were deducted the import tax, the underweight of (each) talent, and expenses for food Kayseri No. 9:21 (unpub.), cf. tātam nishātim u mu-ţá-e iṣhiruma TCL 14 69:8; 12 GÍN mu-tá annak qātim ištu 12 ma.na annak qātim ishiru TCL 19 24:29; ištu 3 MA.NA.TA mu-tá-e 2 ma.na.ta nishātim uşah= after they deducted from me hiruninni three minas underweight and two minas for import tax (for each half-pack) Hecker Giessen 34:13, also ibid. 23, 26, 36; four half-packs containing five talents of tin under my seal have been credited to my representatives and the merchant mu-tá-e annakamma uttir the

underweight I have added (separately) here BIN 4 47:24; x ma.na mu-tá šuqlātika u annak qātika x minas underweight on your šuqlu-packs and your loose tin BIN 4 29:13, cf. BIN 6 79:31; x gín mu-tá annak gātim TCL 14 57:22; I gave him x tin ana šumi mu-ţá biltīn for (compensation for) the underweight of the two talents CCT 1 33a:5, cf. ana mu-tá biltim ibid. 9, cf. also TCL 20 165:39;  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA  $t\bar{e}subu$  x GÍN mu- $t\acute{a}$ - $\acute{u}$  onethird mina is the additional amount, two and one-half shekels the underweight RA 59 165 MAH 19611:17; x kaspam ú  $\frac{2}{3}$  MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR mu-ţá-e innikkassī iškunam when settling the accounts, he established x silver plus two-thirds mina of silver underweight TCL 21 196:11; ammakam ana gamrišu «ú» ù mu-tá-e PN ištika lizku let PN settle accounts with you there concerning his expenses and the underweight TCL 4 23:31; nishātum 4 ma.na mu-ṭá-ú (in account lists) ICK 1 58:5, cf. BIN 4 27:20, 61:17, BIN 6 231:5 and dupl. BIN 4 159:5, on two talents ten minas of tin  $2\frac{2}{3}$  ma.na 5 gín.ta mu- $t\acute{a}$ - $\acute{u}$  2 ma. NA.TA nishātum LB 1227:12, cited Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade p. 19; x GÍN amūtum mu-ṭá-ú itti rabi sikkitim CCT 2 37b:24; x tin qadum mu-tá-e ša GN KTS 55a:2; ana kaspim u mutá urdišu KBo 9 40:11; 16½ GÍN lu kibsātum lu mu-tá-ú (see kibsu mng. 3) Kienast ATHE 28:14.

- 2' resulting from refining silver: mu-tá-ú ša  $ma < s\bar{a} > im$  the deficiency due to the refining process (amounts to one-half shekel) CCT 5 34b:28, cf. ibid. 12; lu ina ṣarāpim lu ina <i>-ši-ra-tim mu-tá-e 4 Gín e-ta-x-a (see ṣarāpu A mng. la) CCT 4 4a:43, cf. (in broken context) ibid. 50a:29.
- b) in OB: x MA.NA [SÍG.HI.A] UGU PN PN<sub>2</sub> IN.TUK mu-te<sub>4</sub>-e šipātim PN owes x minas of wool to PN<sub>2</sub>, it is the underweight of (the) wool due (from previous deliveries) YOS 5 156:5; x kù.BABBAR pī kunukkišu 1 MA.NA kaspam mu-te<sub>4</sub> kaspim [h]uruş settle (the account by) deducting x minas of silver according to his sealed document (and another) one mina for the underweight of the silver ABIM 20:27.

mu'û A \*mu'uru

c) in MA: ištu MN ... adi MN<sub>2</sub> 17 ūmē NINDA u KAŠ.MEŠ mu-ţa-ú KAJ 306a:14.

d) in NA: NA4.KA *ētaļra šumma* igi<sup>II</sup>.[MEŠ] mu-te-[e] NA $_4$  IGI<sup>II</sup>.MEŠ  $[ina\ lib]bi\ l\bar{e}pu$ Šu[šumma š]antuppu m[u]-te-e NA<sub>4</sub> [š]antuppu ina libbi lēpušu šumma utru šû lurammeu I have saved obsidian, if beads are lacking(?) beads should be made of it (the obsidian), but if a šantuppu is lacking(?), a šantuppugem should be made of it, but if they are in good supply, they should leave it (the obsidian) ABL 404:19 and r. 4, see Parpola LAS No. 58; as regards the interpretation of the omen about which the king wrote to me: "What (does it mean)?" mā mu-te-e iššak: kunu what losses will occur? ABL 355:11, see Parpola LAS No. 35; LAL-e ša KÙ.BABBAR [a-ta-a] la taš-pu-ra 82-5-22,155 r. 3 (courtesy S. Parpola), cf. LAL-e ša KÙ.BABBAR ana šarri ušašme ibid. 8'; cf. also LAL-e gate Palace Archive 152:5ff.; mu-té-e-šú broken context) Iraq 36 204 No. 97:11 (let.).

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 17ff., 46ff.

mu'û A v.; to praise, to adore; Bogh., MA, SB; II.

 $\mathbf{1^{ia-a[h-x]}}_{i} = mu^{-1}-u$ , ár.i.i (var. a.rá. $\mathbf{MIN}_{[i.i]}$ ) =  $nu^{-1}-\dot{u}-du$  Erimhuš VI 15f.

[... ha.r]a.ab.i.i : [...] x li-ma-'-u-ki may they praise you (Ninlil) Lugale IX 38.

nar-bu-u, mu-'-u, nu-'-u, un-nu-bu = nu-'u-[du] Malku V 160ff.

ašar me-si-ki šuk-lu-lu li-ma-'-ú-ki ka[jāna] let them praise you constantly at the place where your rites are performed AfK 1 27 iii 46, dupl. K.14194:4; Sin-ú-ma-i He-Praised-Sin KAJ 258:1 (MA), for similar names see Saporetti Onomastica 2 137f.; alka mu-UH-HI puluhta[šu ...] come, praise(?) his fearfulness KUB 4 12 obv.(!) 24 (Gilg.); [... li]-ma-'-u (in broken context) BMS 49:17.

For i-ma-'-u-ka-ni KAV 214:31, see manû v., see von Soden GAG Ergänzungsheft 24\*\* ad § 106 s.

Saporetti Onomastica 2 137; Landsberger, RA 62 116 n. 69; von Soden, GAG Ergänzungsheft 24\*\*.

mu'û B v.; (mng. uncert.); MB, SB; II.

li.li.a.bi šu ḥa.ba.an.zi.zi Lứx ứš.bi.ne. ne zu.bí: ana lillidišunu lu nandurātama šalmātez šunu mu-'-i rage against their offspring, and .... their corpses Lugale X 12.

Ištar lišpuršuma dbarīrīta našpartaša ša uzzi urra u mūša li-ma-'-i dadmīšu kīma kalbi libta'ita ina ribīt ālišu may Ištar send against him DN, her messenger of wrath, that (DN) may destroy(?) his dwellings day and night, so that he sleep on the streets of his town like a dog BBSt. No. 7 ii 23 (kudurru of Marduknādin-aḥḥē).

A reading *lima'ida atmīšu* has been proposed for BBst. No. 7 by Landsberger, RA 62 116 n. 69.

mu'untu (ma'uttu) s.; (a type of field); NA, NB; NA ma'uttu, pl. ma'ut(t)ātu; cf. ma'uttu in rab ma'utti.

- a) in NA: a field tehhi PN tehhi harrāni tehhi ma-'u-ti adjacent to (the field of) PN, to the road and to the m.-field Iraq 25 92 BT 107:6, also ADD 418:4; x homers A.šà ma-'-ADD 755:5 and 8; e-si-di ina muhhi ma-'u-te akarrar I will assign harvesters to the m.-field Iraq 18 40 No. 24:24; ma-'u-ta-at[e] ša šarri ka-nu-šá the king's m.-s are harvested Iraq 21 162 No. 52:5, also ma-'utú ša É.GAL Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists pl. 47 ND 10009:36; šibši ša ma-u-te ša šarri taxes on the king's m-fields Postgate Taxation 405 ND 9904:4, also 402 ND 7015:4, cf. nusāhi ša ma-u-te ša šarri ibid. 403 ND 7057:4; ma-'ut-tu kabistu a measured(?) m.-field ADD 646 r. 6, see Postgate Royal Grants No. 10:39.
- b) in NB: GN... 100 zť.LUM.MA-šu u 100 zērašu mu-'-un-ti ša šarri šû... pīḥati Bābili šû GN has one hundred (measures) of date-orchard and one hundred (measures) of land which are part of the m.-field of the king, it is situated in the province of Babylon ABL 336 r. 9.

Possibly to be connected with *manu*, q.v. Deller, Or. NS 33 260 n. 1; (Postgate, Iraq 32 135 n. 6).

\*mu'uru (ma'uru) v.; (mng. unkn.); OA\*; II.

mu'uru muziqu

£-tám ma-na-ša-am [la]-áš-pu-ur ma-na-ša-am ma-e-e-er CCT 5 50e:8.

mu'uru see bu'uru mng. 1b.

muwassû see mumassû.

muwirru see mu'irru.

muwirtu see mu'irtu B.

muza'iztu s. fem.; distributor; MB, SB; ef. zdzu.

- a) in gen.: mušīmtu ša šīmāti mu-za-'-iztu ša kurummāti atti you (Ursa Major) are the one who decrees the fates, who distributes the food rations STT 73:78, restored from unpub. dupl.
- b) as personal name: Mu-za-iz-tum BE 14 89:3, 159:7 (MB).

muzannibu (or musannipu) s.; (mng. uncert.); OB lex.\*

[1ú....] = mu-za-ni-bu OB Lu A 314.

For context, see *zibbatu* in *ša zibbati*, which suggests the possibility of reading *muzannibu* from an otherwise unattested \**zunnubu*.

muzaqqipu s.; (an agricultural occupation); OB lex.\*; cf. zaqāpu A.

lú.še.dù.dù = mu-za- $qi_4$ -[pu] OB Lu A 205.

muzibbu s.; (part of the clepsydra); lex.\*; cf. zâbu.

giš.dib.dib = šv-bu, mu-zib-bu, mušihhu, mukanzibtum, maštaktum Hh. IV 6ff.

For discussion see dibdibbu.

Thureau-Dangin, RA 30 52.

muzībtu s.; drainage; NB; cf. zâbu.

Bitumen ša ana GN ana muḥḥi mu-zi-ib-tum našū which was brought to Sippar for drainage purposes Nbn. 876:11; 10 GUR abattu ina qāt PN abattu ša GI.MEŠ ana muḥḥi mu-zi-ib-bi(or -tu[m]) illūnu ten gur of limestone are at PN's disposal, the limestone for "reeds" (i.e., pipes?) will be used for drainage Nbn. 961:4.

muziqātu see muziqu.

muziqu (munziqu, mumziqu, munziqqu) s.; raisin; Bogh., MA, SB, NB; pl. muziqātu; wr. syll. and Geštin. ḤÁD(.A).

giš.geštin.haud.a = mu-zi-qu Hh. III 16c; geštin.hád.a = mun-zi-qu Hh. XXIV 236; [ha]-a ud = šá giš.geštin.ud.a [mu]-u[n-zi-qu] A III/3:109; [...] [x].x.sar = mu-zi-qa-tum Diri VI i B 29'.

- a) in gen.: x GEŠTIN.ḤÁD DÙG.GA šā GN ina UD.7.[KÁM] ana PN mār šarri tadin KAJ 290:1 (MA); x dates ana gid-di-e ša asnê GIŠ.GEŠTIN.ḤÁD.A U GIŠ.〈PÈŠ〉.ḤÁD.A TCL 12 1:5 (NB, Tigl. III), cf. GCCI 2 17:1, Wr. munziq-qu Nbn.279:13, Camb.52:3; GEŠTIN.ḤÁD.A kakkulti înēšu raisins are his eyeballs PBS 10/4 12 r. ii 1 (symbolic representation of a deity).
- b) as a part of offerings: tittu u mu-un-ziqu ištēn DUG ú-du ša karāni ana ginê DN bēlē lūšēbilunu let (my) lords send figs and raisins (and) one barrel of wine for the regular offerings of Šamaš YOS 3 82:13, cf., wr. mu-zi qu ibid. 89:10 (both NB letters); GEŠTIN. HAD.A PN ana Ebarra ittadin Nbn. 1016:2; 1 BÁN GEŠTIN.HÁD.A Ekur ana nūh libbi ili one sila of raisins (for) Ekur for the (ceremony of) quieting the hearts of the gods (beside dried figs) TuM 2-3 200:4, cf. ibid. 7; x asnê x GEŠTIN.HÁD.A ša 2 UD.È[Š.ÈŠ] ša NINDA qullupu six silas of Telmun dates and three silas of raisins for two eššešu-festivals (to make) qullupu-fruitcakes BIN 1 170:23, cf. (beside dried figs) YOS 6 39:26, 29, cited asnû mng. 2; x asnê ša [la] NA4 mun-zi-qu ša NINDA.HI.A x Telmun dates without pits and raisins for (fruit)cakes GCCI 26:2; ZÚ.LUM asnê GIŠ.PÈŠ.HÁD.A GEŠTIN.HÁD.A VAB 4 168 vii 24, also 154 iv 45, 160 vii 14 (all Nbk.), CT 46 45 v 8, see Iraq 27 7, also tittu u mun-ziq RAcc. 77:49, 1 Sìla himētu 1 sìla giš. Pèš. ḤÁ[D(!).A] 1 SÌLA GIŠ.GEŠTIN.ḤÁD.A BiOr 28 12 iv 8 (= ZA 42 81 iv 2).
- c) for magic purposes: suluppī hašhūrī ... lipāra mu-un-[zi]-iq-qi zēr huluppi iltēniš ina mê [tar]assaššunūti you soak dates, apples, lipāru, raisins, and oak seeds together in water KUB 37 55 iv 6; GIŠ.GEŠTIN.ḤĀD.A

\*muzzakru muzzirrū

GIŠ.PĖŠ Ú.ḤAR.ḤAR ina pani TA NINDA taraks kas you put in front of each (loaf of) bread raisins, figs (and) hašû-plant KAR 90:8, cf. ibid. 4, see TuL p. 117.

Thompson DAB 328f.; Zimmern Fremdw. 40.

\*muzzakru in Iraq 13 pl. 17 ND 411:5 (= Postgate Palace Archive No. 214) read probably munnarbu MU (= šumu) zakru and delete this cross ref. sub zakāru A CAD 21 (Z) p. 16.

muzzapru see mussabru.

\*muzzaztu s.; (mng. uncert.); OB\*; pl. muzzazātu; ef. uzuzzu v.

4 šemerētuša m[u]-za-za-tum ša kišādiša her four rings, the m-s of her neck(lace) TLB 1 118:7f.

muzzazu (munzizu) s.; witness, attendant; OAkk., OB; munzizu in lex.; cf. uzuzzu v.

egir.sukkal =  $\acute{a}r$ - $k\grave{a}t$  MIN (= sukkalli), mu-um-ziz ba-bi (vars.  $k \acute{a}$ , [... b]a-bi MIN, erroneous var. MIN) Lu I 108 f.

- a) witness (OAkk. only): (eight persons summed up as) mu-za-zu (attending as) witnesses (beside  $[AB \times AS bu$ -t]um (primary) witnesses iv 5) AnOr 7 372 iii 7 (= 25) (coll. from photograph, courtesy A. Westenholz), cf. mu-za-z[u(?)] (beside  $[AB \times AS]$ .  $AB \times AS$  i 10) MDP 14 82 No. 24 ii 4 (coll. I. J. Gelb).
- b) muzzaz bābi tax collector (OB, lit. one who stands at the door): anumma PN m[u]-za-[a]z KÅ ana še'im miki[s eq]lim[...]now [I send to you] PN, the tax collector, for [collecting] the barley delivery of the field(s) OECT 313:4; PN mu-uz-za-az KÁ kīam ulammidanni umma šûma PN, the tax collector, informed me as follows: (I pressed the sons of PN, for payment (and) they were handed over to me for collecting their arrears) LIH 79:5f. (both letters of the king); (lambs for divination) nēmetti PN ... nam:  $harti PN_2 mu-z[a-a]z K[A] mu-ša-ad-d[i-nim]$ delivery imposed on PN, received by PN2, the muzzaz bābi, the tax collector BE 6/1 80:11, cf. PN nāgirum ša Bābili PN, mu-za-az ba-bi-

im ša PN<sub>3</sub> máš.šu.gíd.gíd PN<sub>4</sub> aga.uš ša di. Kud Bābili (witnesses) CT 8 40a:1ff.; ša ... PN mu-uz(!)-za-az ká kar GN ušamhiru ki DN DN<sub>2</sub> PN<sub>2</sub> šu.ba.an.ti PN<sub>2</sub> received from Šamaš (and) Aja (wool of the Šamaš temple) which PN, the tax collector, had handed over to the emporium of Sippar-Jahrurum CT 6 24a:6; see also Lu I 109, in lex. section.

- c) muzzaz bīti an official (lit. attendant of the house): rations for 2 erín mu-iz-za-az é (between the groups erín šà.gud, erín ebbūtum, erín aga.uš.e.ne and nagar, lú. hun.gá) TLB 1 42:17, wr. mu-za-az é ibid. 43:14; (barley from the yield of a field) šabra<sub>x</sub>(Pa.al) PN níg.šu PN<sub>2</sub> mu-za-az é (which was given to PN<sub>3</sub> and his colleagues for collecting) ibid. 154:8 (from Lagaba).
- d) muzzaz ekalli courtier: mār girseqîm mu-za-az É.GAL u mār sekretim ul ibbaqqar the (adopted) son of an attendant at court, and the (adopted) son of a . . . . woman will not be reclaimed CH § 187:51.
- e) muzzaz rēš šarri attendant of the king: mu-za-az SAG LUGAL pirištam ušteneṣṣi an attendant of the king will repeatedly divulge secrets CT 6 2 case 2 and 4, cf. mu-za-az SAG LUGAL LÚ.KÚR ibid. case 14 (OB liver model).
- f) muzzaz abulli (mng. uncert.): PN ana PN<sub>2</sub> ana A.ŠÀ É u mu-za-az KÁ.GAL.MEŠ INIM NU.[G]Á.GÁ.A PN will not bring a claim against PN<sub>2</sub> concerning the field, the house, and (his) position at the gates(?) BE 6/1 59:14f., see also abullu in ša abulli.

In post-OB texts muzzazu seems to have been replaced by manzazu, also attested in the compounds manzaz bābi, ekalli, rēši, see manzazu. For OA refs. see muzzizū.

muzzāzu see manzāzu.

muzzirrū (munzirrū) s. pl.; enemies (lit. who hate each other); OB, SB; cf. zêru v.

mu-zi-ir-ri ir-ta-a-mu those who hate will come to love each other VAB 4 288 xi 15 (ext., Nbn.), KAR 423 iv 34 (SB ext.), also mu-un-zi-rù irtammu murtamū izzirru Labat Suse 62:15.

muzzizū muzzuzu

muzzizū s. pl.; representatives; OA; cf. uzuzzu v.

mu-zi-zu ša aḥika quātim iptanatteuma šamnam uštenebbulu the representatives of your brother always open the qû-vessels and send away the oil (but I talked to your representatives) Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 42 LB 1201:19ff. (= r. 7ff.), see J. Lewy, Or. NS 15 400 n. 7; taḥsistam ša ba'abātim ... mu-zi-zu-kà ušēsiuma your representatives removed the memorandum of outstanding payments (which you had left in your house) CCT 3 19b:5; kīma mu-zi-um(or -zu) kaspam batqam išaqqulu umma anākuma ... adi mu-zi-zu x emmuru ana mamman la taddašši since the mūṣiu (or muzzizū) will pay a poor price, I

said as follows (..., the kāru heard this and they said) "You must not sell it to anybody until the representatives see .... CCT 4 4a:12 and 17; (you forgot about the money) ina taḥsisātika ula talput mu-zi-zu iltaqqeušu you did not record (it) in your memoranda, the representatives collected it VAT 13478:7, cf. ana mu-zi-zi-kà la tašallat ibid. 22; ula mu-zi-zu taktīt bītim iddunūnim will the representatives not give me the .... of the house kt c/k 43:21, cited Balkan Letter 11.

Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 197 n. 24.

muzzuzu (or muṣṣuṣu) v.; (mng. unkn.); gramm.\*; II.

tu-ma-za-az 5R 45 K.253 iii 12.